Legal Basis	Contents				
Article 89(2)(a) of Delegated					
Regulation (EÚ) No2017/565 and Article 11(2)(a) of	Price Liste: year 2024				
Delegated Regulation (EU)	The WBAG price list is available under the following link: Contracts & documents •				
No 2017/567	<u>Vienna Stock Exchange (wienerborse.at)</u>				
Article 89(2)(b) of Delegated	The contractual partner shall be notified in writing of fee changes at least three				
Regulation (EU) No 2017/565	calendar months in advance, provided that such adjustment takes effect from the first				
and Article 11(2)(b) of Delegated Regulation (EU)	day of a quarter. If the contractual partner does not agree to the fee change, it shall				
No 2017/567	have the right to terminate the Agreement upon 30 days' notice as of the date on				
	which WBAG's notification has been served. The termination of the agreement				
	becomes effective on the date the changes to the fees take effect.				
		ne contracting party and			
	by publication of the ne	0.			
	The previous price list can also be found on the WBAG website.				
Article 89(2)(c)(i-iii) of					
Delegated Regulation (EU)	Market Data Content Information				
No 2017/565 and Article			: 01/01/2023 – 31/12/20		
11(2)(c)(i-iii) of Delegated Regulation (EU) No 2017/567	Asset Class	Number of instruments	Total turnover of instruments covered	Pre- trade/post-trade market data ratio	
1 (EG) 140 20 17/007		covered	in tsd € single	market data ratio	
			counted		
	Equity instruments	855	27,225,846,808	329.358	
	Bonds	302	222,183,259	1,361.028	
	ETFs	130	15,991,05.85	173,527.433	
	Warrants	1.146	1,910,647.44	157,141.775	
	Certificates	5.749	373,218,117.2	92,717.6433	
	SFPs				
	Securitized				
	derivatives Interest Rate				
	Derivatives				
	Credit Derivatives n.a.				
	Equity derivatives				
	FX derivatives				
	Emission allowances				
	derivatives				
	C10 derivatives Commodity				
	derivatives				
	CFDs				
	Emission allowances		,		
Article 89(2)(c)(iv) of	Information on any data		Referrence data		
Delegated Regulation (EU) No 2017/565 and Article	addition to market data		Indices Corporate Actions		
11(2)(c)(iv) of Delegated			Energy data		
Regulation (EU) No 2017/567			High Precision Timestamp data		
Article 89(2)(c)(v) of	Date of the last licence fee adaption				
Delegated Regulation (EU)	for market data provided		1 January 2024		
No 2017/565 and Article					
11(2)(c)(v) of Delegated Regulation (EU) No 2017/567					
Article 89(2)(d) of Delegated	Total Market Data Revenues (EUR)		€ 13,8 Mio		
Regulation (EU) No 2017/565	Market Data Revenues as a				
and Article 11(2)(d) of	proportion of total Reve	enues (%)	24,4%		

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Delegated Regulation (EU) No 2017/567					
Article 89(2)(e) of Delegated	Information on cost accounting methodology: year 2024				
Regulation (EU) No 2017/565	Information on how the price was set, including the cost accounting methodologies				
and Article 11(2)(e) of	used and information about the specific principles according to which direct and				
Delegated Regulation (EU)	variable joint costs are allocated and fixed joint costs are apportioned				
No 2017/567	Information on how the price was set, including the cost accounting				
	methodologies used: In principle, Wiener Börse AG sets the prices of its market data based on the costs of creating and distributing them. All processes involved are recorded across departments and credited proportionately to the market data distribution. On the one hand, this includes directly attributable costs, on the other hand also overhead costs, which are used by several lines of business. In addition, appropriate shares of the general operating costs (e.g., office infrastructure) are also recorded.				
	The cost-covering price for the entire area of market data sales was determined based on the total costs calculated this way.				
	Based on these costs, the Wiener Börse AG determined the prices per data package.				
	Please provide a summary of how the price was set, including: 1) An exhaustive list of types of costs included in setting the price, including direct and joint and common costs and examples of each cost type. 2) Allocation principles and allocation keys (%) for joint and common costs.				
	I. Direct Costs: i. Personnel expenses: Employees of operating department ii. Depreciation: Depreciation of hard- and software iii. Material Costs: Maintenance of hard – and software				
	II. Joint-Costs (33%): i. Personnel expenses: Employees of other operating departments ii. Depreciation: Depreciation of hard- and software iii. Material Costs: Maintenance of hard – and software				
	III. Common Costs (25%): i. Personnel expenses: Employees of supporting departments ii. Depreciation: Depreciation of office equipment and software iii. Material Costs: Maintenance and Licensing costs for Office equipment, rents, marketing expenses				
	3) An explanation of any margin used in setting the price and how it is ensured that such margin is reasonable.				
	Explanation: Wiener Börse AG uses a profit margin as surcharge on the costs per data package calculated as described above. The used profit margin is based on the general profit margin of the company. The reasonability of the range is defined by direct comparability with other areas within the Wiener Börse AG.				
	The profit margin is checked at least annually and actively managed by Wiener Börse AG.				