Erste Group Bank AG

Annual Financial Report 2016



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### **Imprint**

Erste Group Bank AG

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Investor Relations & Accounting Teams, Erste Group

Erste Group

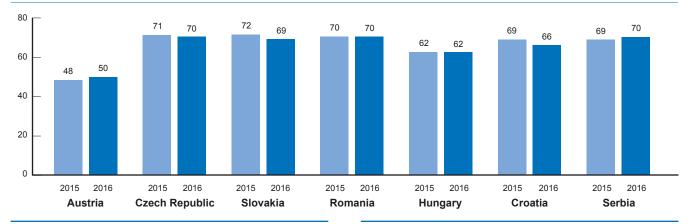
Annual Report 2016



### **Extensive presence in Central and Eastern Europe**

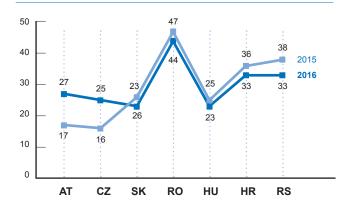


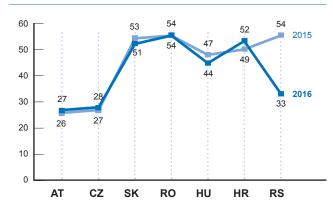
#### Share of women in total workforce (in %)



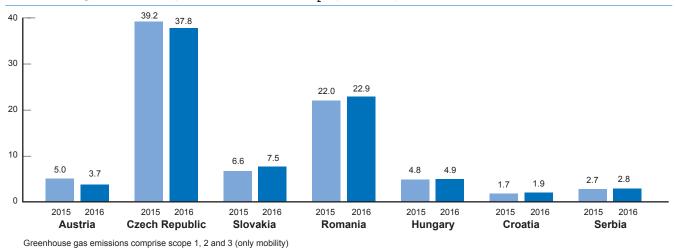
#### Share of women in executive positions (in %)

#### Share of women in all managerial positions (in %)

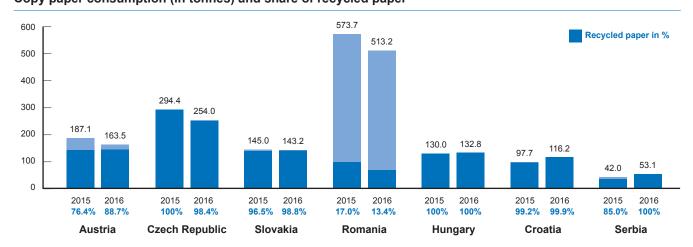




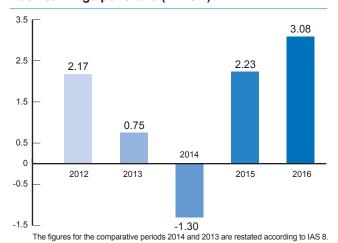
#### Greenhouse gas emissions (in thousand tonnes CO, equivalents)



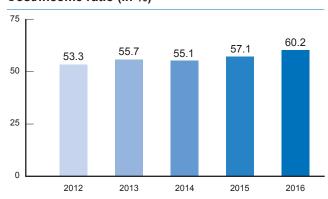
### Copy paper consumption (in tonnes) and share of recycled paper



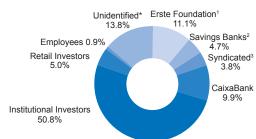
#### Cash earnings per share (in EUR)



#### Cost/income ratio (in %)



#### Shareholder structure as of 31 December 2016 by investors



- <sup>1</sup> Economic interest Erste Foundation
- <sup>2</sup> Economic interest Savings Banks
- Step parties to the shareholder agreement of Erste Foundation, Savings Banks and CaixaBank
   Unidentified institutional and retail investors

#### Ratings as of 31 March 2017



| Fitch                     |          |
|---------------------------|----------|
| Long-term                 | A-       |
| Short-term                | F1       |
| Outlook                   | Stable   |
| Moody's Investors Service |          |
| Long-term                 | Baa1     |
| Short-term                | P-2      |
| Outlook                   | Stable   |
| Standard & Poor's         |          |
| Long-term                 | A-       |
| Short-term                | A-2      |
| Outlook                   | Positive |

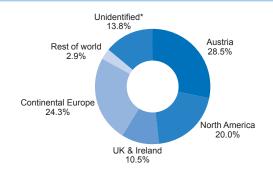
#### Cash return on equity (in %)



#### Net interest margin (in %)



#### Shareholder structure as of 31 December 2016 by regions



<sup>\*</sup> Unidentified institutional and retail investors

#### Financial calendar 2017



| Date            | Event                                     |
|-----------------|---|
| 5 May 2017      | Results for the first quarter 2017        |
| 7 May 2017      | Record date Annual General Meeting        |
| 17 May 2017     | Annual General Meeting in Vienna          |
| 23 May 2017     | Ex-dividend day                           |
| 24 May 2017     | Record date dividend                      |
| 26 May 2017     | Dividend payment                          |
| 4 August 2017   | Results for the first half-year 2017      |
| 3 November 2017 | Results for the first three quarters 2017 |

The finanical calendar is subject to change. The latest updated version is available on Erste Group's website (www.erstegroup.com/investorrelations).

# Key financial and operating data

| in EUR million (unless otherwise stated)                  | 2012                | 2013                | 2014                | 2015                | 2016                |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
|   | 2012                | 2013                | 2014                | 2015                | 2010                |
| Balance sheet   | 242 924             | 200.054             | 406 207             | 400.742             | 208,227             |
| Total assets  | 213,824             | 200,054             | 196,287             | 199,743             |                     |
| Loans and receivables to credit institutions              | 9,008               | 8,377               | 7,442               | 4,805               | 3,469               |
| Loans and receivables to customers                        | 124,353             | 119,869             | 120,834             | 125,897             | 130,654             |
| Trading, financial assets                                 | 57,932<br>2,894     | 51,269<br>2,441     | 50,131<br>1,441     | 47,542<br>1,465     | 47,586<br>1,390     |
| Intangibles   |                     |                     | ,                   | ,                   | ,                   |
| Cash & Other assets                                       | 19,637              | 18,099              | 16,439              | 20,035              | 25,127              |
| Total liabilities and equity                              | 213,824             | 200,054             | 196,287             | 199,743             | 208,227             |
| Bank deposits   | 21,822              | 17,299              | 14,803              | 14,212              | 14,631              |
| Customer deposits   | 123,053             | 122,415             | 122,583             | 127,946             | 138,013             |
| Debt securities   | 34,751              | 33,124              | 31,140              | 29,654              | 27,192              |
| Trading liabilities & Other liabilities                   | 17,860              | 12,494              | 14,319              | 13,124              | 11,789              |
| Equity attributable to non-controlling interests          | 3,483               | 3,462               | 3,605               | 3,802               | 4,142               |
| Equity attributable to owners of the parent               | 12,855              | 11,260              | 9,838               | 11,005              | 12,460              |
| Own funds pursuant to Basel 3 final                       |                     |                     |                     |                     |                     |
| Total risk exposure amount                                | 105,323             | 97,901              | 101,870             | 100,281             | 103,639             |
| Total own funds   | 16,311              | 15,994              | 15,853              | 17,284              | 18,893              |
| Common equity tier 1 capital (CET 1)                      | 11,848              | 11,199              | 10,811              | 12,045              | 13,256              |
| Tier 2 capital (T2)                                       | 3,791               | 4,206               | 5,042               | 5,239               | 5,140               |
| Total capital ratio                                       | 15.5%               | 16.3%               | 15.6%               | 17.2%               | 18.2%               |
| CET1 capital ratio  | 11.2%               | 11.4%               | 10.6%               | 12.0%               | 12.8%               |
| Income statement  |                     |                     |                     |                     |                     |
| Net interest income                                       | 5,041.5             | 4,685.0             | 4,495.2             | 4,444.7             | 4,374.5             |
| Net fee and commission income                             | 1,720.8             | 1,806.5             | 1,869.8             | 1,861.8             | 1,783.0             |
| Net trading and fair value result                         | 269.8               | 218.8               | 242.3               | 210.1               | 272.3               |
| Operating income  | 7,281.1             | 6,995.1             | 6,877.9             | 6,771.8             | 6,691.2             |
| Operating expenses  | -3,881.0            | -3,896.1<br>3,099.0 | -3,787.3<br>3,090.7 | -3,868.9<br>2,902.9 | -4,028.2<br>2,663.0 |
| Operating result  Net impairment loss on financial assets | 3,400.1<br>-2,060.1 | -1,849.9            | -2,083.7            | -729.1              | -195.7              |
| Pretax result   | -2,000.1            | 302.9               | -2,083.7<br>-727.7  | 1,639.1             | 1,950.4             |
| Net result attributable to owners of the parent           | 483.5               | 0.9                 | -1,382.6            | 968.2               | 1,950.4             |
| Operating Data  | 463.5               | 0.9                 | -1,302.0            | 900.2               | 1,204.7             |
| Number of employees                                       | 49.381              | 45,670              | 46.067              | 46,467              | 47,034              |
| Number of employees  Number of branches                   | 3,063               | 2,833               | 2,792               | 2,735               | 2,648               |
| Number of customers                                       | 17.0                | 2,833               | 16.2                | 15.8                | 15.9                |
| Share price and key ratios                                | 17.0                | 10.5                | 10.2                | 15.6                | 15.9                |
| High (EUR)  | 24.33               | 26.94               | 29.71               | 29.04               | 29.59               |
| Low (EUR)   | 11.95               | 19.34               | 17.02               | 18.97               | 18.87               |
| Closing price (EUR)                                       | 24.03               | 25.33               | 19.24               | 28.91               | 27.82               |
| Price/earnings ratio                                      | 19.6                | >100%               | na                  | 12.8                | 9.5                 |
| Dividend per share (EUR)                                  | 0.40                | 0.20                | 0.00                | 0.50                | 1.00                |
| Payout ratio  | 32.6%               | >100%               | 0.0%                | 22.2%               | 34.0%               |
| Dividend yield  | 1.7%                | 0.8%                | 0.0%                | 1.7%                | 3.6%                |
| Book value per share                                      | 27.9                | 26.2                | 22.9                | 25.6                | 27.8                |
| Price/book ratio  | 0.9                 | 1.0                 | 0.8                 | 1.1                 | 1.0                 |
| Total shareholder return (TSR)                            | 76.8%               | 7.1%                | -23.3%              | 50.3%               | -2.0%               |
| Stock market data (Vienna Stock Exchange)                 | 10.070              | 1.1/0               | -23.3/0             | 50.576              | -2.0%               |
| ,                   | 204 E60 647         | 420 900 000         | 420 900 000         | 420 900 000         | 420 000 000         |
| Shares outstanding at the end of the period               | 394,568,647         | 429,800,000         | 429,800,000         | 429,800,000         | 429,800,000         |
| Weighted average number of outstanding shares             | 391,631,603         | 411,553,048<br>10.9 | 427,533,286         | 426,726,297         | 426,668,132         |
| Market capitalisation (EUR billion)                       | 9.5                 |                     | 8.3                 | 12.4                | 12.0                |
| Trading volume (EUR billion)                              | 7.4                 | 8.3                 | 9.3                 | 10.0                | 11.4                |

The figures for the comparative periods 2014 and 2013 are restated according to IAS 8. The resulting retrospective changes in the presentation were explained in chapter B on significant accounting policies in the 2015 consolidated financial statements.

The calculation of own funds pursuant to Basel 3 is effective as of 1 January 2014. Until 31 December 2013 the calculation was effected pursuant to Basel 2.5.

Number of employees is defined as full-time equivalents as of the end of the reporting period.

The dividend pay-out ratio represents dividends paid to owners of the parent (excluding dividends paid on participation capital) for the respective year divided by net result attributable to owners of the parent. Shares outstanding include Erste Group shares held by savings banks that are members of the Haftungsverbund (cross-guarantee system).

### **Your Notes**

### **Highlights**

#### Best result in Erste Group's history

- \_ Net result of EUR 1,264.7 million
- \_ Historically low risk costs
- \_ Dividend of EUR 1.0 proposed to AGM

#### Investments in the future weigh on operating result

- \_ Revenue decline due to low interest rate environment
- \_ IT-projects drive increase in personnel and other administrative expenses
- \_ Cost/income ratio at 60.2%

#### Loan growth continues in 2016

- \_ Net loans increase to EUR 130.6 billion
- \_ Retail business as growth driver
- \_ Growth in Czech Republic, Slovakia and Austria

#### Asset quality improves substantially in all core markets

- \_ NPL ratio improved to 4.9%
- \_ NPL coverage stood at 69.1%

#### **Solid capitalisation**

- Strong organic capital generation, successful issuance of EUR 500 million additional tier 1 capital
- \_ CET 1 ratio increased to 12.8%,
- CET 1 capital rose to EUR 13.3 billion (both Basel 3 final)
- \_ Moderate increase in risk-weighted assets

#### **Excellent funding and liquidity position**

- \_ Strong deposit base is key trust indicator and competitive advantage
- Loan-to-deposit ratio at 94.7%

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### **Letter from the CEO**

#### Dear shareholders,

2016 was a remarkable year for Erste Group. At EUR 1,264.7 million, Erste Group posted the highest net profit in its corporate history despite substantial and primarily IT driven investments. This translated into a return on tangible equity (ROTE) of 12.3% and cash earnings per share of EUR 3.08. The strong organic capital generation of about EUR 1.2 billion pushed the CET 1 ratio (Basel 3 fully loaded) to 12.8%. Never before had Erste Group's asset quality improved so significantly within just one year: The volume of non-performing loans (NPLs) declined by almost EUR 2.6 billion or 28.6%; the NPL ratio dropped from 7.1% to 4.9%. The bank succeeded in accelerating the reduction of bad loans while at the same time increasing the volume of performing loans. As a percentage of total exposure, the share of loans in the best risk category has never been higher, at least not since such metrics were first released in 1999. On the back of improved asset quality across all countries, risk provisions fell to 15 basis points of average gross customer loans. On the digital front, Erste Group made significant progress as customers appreciated its innovative strength and moved in large numbers to its digital platform George, lifting registered user numbers to almost 900,000 by year-end 2016.

#### **Economic growth supports loan demand**

The operating environment did not change significantly in 2016. While economic performance in Erste Group's markets in Central and Eastern Europe continued to be positive, the political environment in Europe was marked by uncertainty. Many of the factors that were impeding income generation in the previous year remained in place in 2016: First and foremost, the zero or even negative interest rate policy pursued by the European Central Bank (ECB); secondly, various organisations' initiatives, including those of trade unions and consumer protection agencies, to call for political intervention in private-sector pricing powers; and, last but not least, increasing competition by new financial service providers that continued to operate still largely undisturbed by regulatory requirements.

The economic development in the euro zone remained moderate and divergent. Erste Group, however, benefitted from its geographical position as the CEE economies, supported by domestic demand, recorded solid economic growth ranging from 2.0% in Hungary to 4.8% in Romania. This enabled Erste Group to in-

crease net loans by 3.8%, driven primarily by robust loan demand in the Czech Republic, Slovakia, Serbia and Austria. Demand focused mainly on mortgage loans, whereas demand for consumer loans was comparatively subdued. On the deposit side, growth was even more pronounced with an advance of 7.9% in the face of an unchanged base rate of five basis points in the Czech Republic and the ECB lowering its policy rate to zero percent for the first time in March 2016. This development contradicted the assumption that a further loosening of monetary policy would stimulate household consumption. It was proven once again that, especially in Central and Eastern Europe, bank customers regard the accumulation of savings as an indispensable necessity. For many savers, investing in stocks or other securities is not a viable alternative option. For Erste Group, this resulted in a further decline in the loan-todeposit ratio to 94.7% at year-end 2016. As a result, funding requirements were moderate and Erste Group's short- and long-term liquidity position remained excellent.

#### Operating pressure offset by plummeting risk costs

The positive volume development in assets and liabilities proved insufficient, though, to entirely offset pressure on operating income from low interest rates and lower securities business income. In addition, operating income was negatively affected by a significantly lower unwinding contribution on the back of a material decline in non-performing loans. These developments expressed themselves in slight declines of 1.6% and 4.2% in net interest income and fee and commission income respectively, the two most important income streams of the bank. The former was primarily impacted by continuously eroding reinvestment yields for government bonds, which was not fully offset by solid loan growth. In addition to lower fees from securities transactions, the latter was driven down by the politically motivated introduction of limits on card fees in Europe.

Costs also contributed to operating pressure in 2016. This was a result of heavy IT-related investments to satisfy future regulatory and accounting requirements as well as to ensure the long-term digital competitiveness of Erste Group. Key projects related to the timely implementation of IFRS 9 and to building a new group-wide data warehouse. The latter will enable the bank to comply with regulatory demands, such as seamlessly supplying credit datasets to the ECB's loan database AnaCredit, but more importantly setting the foundation for improved data quality, simpli-

fication of the product portfolio and standardisation of processes across the group. All of this will be vital for providing an individualised customer experience in the digital age. In addition, the continued development of Erste Group's digital front-end, *George* remained at the centre of the bank's digital banking activities. The latter has already been rolled out successfully in Austria and is about to be introduced in the Czech Republic, Slovakia and Romania in 2017. All of these activities led to higher staff expenses on the back of a higher headcount as well as an uptick in other administrative expenses, mainly driven by higher consulting and IT expenses. The cost base was also impacted by regulatory expenses, most notably EUR 88.8 million in deposit insurance contributions as well as the rising costs of supervision. On the back of these developments the consolidated cost/income ratio slipped to 60.2%.

The lower operating result was more than compensated, though, by the lowest risk costs since 2000, i.e. a time that essentially predates Erste Group's expansion into Central and Eastern Europe. This performance was driven, in particular, by the rigorous clean-up of legacy issues conducted in recent years, proper provisioning for non-performing loans in the years prior to and including 2014 and from releases of provisions that were certainly also supported by the low-interest-rate environment. Ultimately, extremely low risk costs were a key factor paving the way to a record result for 2016 despite operational headwinds.

#### Banking taxes spiked, before coming down in 2017

While not impacting operating expenses, extraordinarily high banking levies of EUR 388.8 million in Austria, Slovakia and Hungary as well as contributions to resolution funds in the amount of EUR 65.5 million weighed on other operating result and hence net profit. This also included a one-off banking tax payment of EUR 200.9 million in Austria, which will not recur in 2017. In addition, banking levies in Austria are expected to come down by about EUR 110 million, taking the total of banking and financial transaction taxes down to approximately EUR 100 million per annum from 2017 onwards. Other material effects impacting results in 2016 broadly offset each other: The proceeds from the sale of Erste Group's VISA participation were almost balanced by the goodwill adjustment in Slovakia and the provision for Romanian consumer protection claims.

#### Record profits result in record regulatory capital ratios

On the back of record net profit, the common equity tier 1 ratio (CET 1 ratio; Basel 3 phased-in) rose to 13.4%, a level well above the regulatory minimum requirements. The CET1 ratio (Basel 3 fully loaded) improved to 12.8% and thus already exceeded the bank's target for 2019 of at least 12.75%. At the annual general meeting, management will therefore propose to pay a dividend of EUR 1.0 per share, an increase over the previous year of 100%.

In 2016, Erste Group also streamlined its capital structure, by calling legacy capital instruments and replacing them with additional tier 1 (AT1) capital. To this effect, Erste Group was the first Austrian bank to issue AT1 capital in May 2016. The EUR 500 million issue was well received by institutional investors and has since then performed very well on the secondary market.

#### Confident about the future

2016 was the first year since 2010 in which all of Erste Group's seven core markets – Austria, the Czech Republic, Slovakia, Romania, Hungary, Croatia and Serbia – posted a net profit, and we certainly aim to keep it this way. Consequently, our guidance for 2017 targets a return on tangible equity (ROTE) of at least 10%.

While the central banks' interest rate policies will continue to have major impacts on us and our customers, we have clearly stated our position: We wish to avoid negative interest rates for retail customers by all means. We are convinced that customers are willing to pay a fair price for high-quality products and services, including banking services. With our almost 200-year history as a savings bank, a consistently customer-centred business model and proven innovative capability, we are excellently positioned for doing well in the years ahead. We believe in our customers - private individuals, professionals, SMEs and larger corporates alike - and will do everything we can to retain their trust in the future as well. Our employees, who I would like to thank for another year of excellent performance, will make all of this happen. By focusing on digitalisation we ensure our future ability to offer suitable banking products at home, on the go, at service centres and at flagship branches, and to generate sustainable growth and value for customers, shareholders and the economy at large.

Andreas Treichl mp

# **Management board**



Peter Bosek, Gernot Mittendorfer, Andreas Treichl



Petr Brávek, Willibald Cernko, Jozef Síkela



# Report of the supervisory board

#### Dear shareholders.

With a 12.3% return on tangible equity (ROTE), Erste Group has met its target for 2016. Asset quality has improved further, the capital position is solid. However, low interest rates, increased cost pressure due to tightening regulation and a substantial need for investment driven by progressing digitalisation keep posing compelling challenges. The market environment and competition, including from FinTechs, are making it imperative to maintain a clear strategic position. In these efforts, the supervisory board will assist the management board in a consultative capacity. The establishment of a dedicated IT committee underlines the importance that the supervisory board attributes to the digitalisation process at Erste Group.

To continue the successful development, the supervisory board extended the management board mandates of Gernot Mittendorfer, Jozef Síkela, Peter Bosek and Petr Brávek until year end 2020. I would like to express my particular gratitude to Andreas Gottschling, who resigned from his position as a member of the management board with effect from year-end 2016. As CRO, he contributed significantly to the improvement of asset quality, including by the sale of NPL portfolios. I am pleased that by recruiting Willibald Cernko we have been able to fill the position of CRO with a highly experienced and respected successor.

The intensive dialogue between the supervisory authorities' joint supervisory team and the supervisory board was continued. As an example of the rising regulatory requirements facing the supervisory board, I wish to highlight the additional tasks assigned to the audit committee, which were discharged in conformity with the Austrian Amending Act on Statutory Audits ("Abschlussprüfungsrechts-Änderungsgesetz", APRÄG). Because of its key role, the audit committee delivers its own report on its activities. Jan Homan has assumed the chairmanship of the audit committee.

Gonzalo Gortázar, CEO of CaixaBank, resigned from his position as a member of Erste Group Bank AG's supervisory board effective 27 October 2016 following changes in his responsibilities. At the annual general meeting in May 2017, the mandate shall be reassigned to a candidate proposed by CaixaBank.

For details regarding the composition and independence of the supervisory board, the criteria for its independence, its working procedures, the number and type of committees and their decision-making powers, the meetings of the supervisory board and the main focus of its activities, please refer to the corporate governance report drawn up by the management board and reviewed by the supervisory board.

In the course of 40 supervisory board and committee meetings, the management board promptly and comprehensively informed the supervisory board. This allowed us to act in accordance with the mandate laid down by law, the articles of association and the Austrian Code of Corporate Governance, as well as to ascertain the proper conduct of business.

The financial statements (consisting of the balance sheet, income statement and notes), the management report, the consolidated financial statements and the group management report for 2016 were audited by the legally mandated auditor, Sparkassen-Prüfungsverband and by Ernst & Young Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft m.b.H., as supplementary auditor, and received an unqualified audit opinion. Ernst & Young Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft m.b.H. was also contracted to perform a discretionary audit of the 2016 corporate governance report. The audit did not give rise to any qualifications. Representatives of both auditors attended the financial statements review meetings of the audit committee and the supervisory board and presented their comments on the audits they had conducted. Based upon our own review, we endorsed the findings of these audits and agreed with the proposal for appropriation of the profits. We have approved the financial statements and these have thereby been duly endorsed in accordance with section 96 para. 4 of the Aktiengesetz (Austrian Stock Corporation Act). The management report, consolidated financial statements, group management report and corporate governance report have been reviewed and accepted.

The supervisory board thanks the management board and all employees of Erste Group for their great personal commitment in the last financial year.

For the supervisory board, Friedrich Rödler mp, Chairman of the supervisory board



# Report of the audit committee

#### Dear shareholders.

As chairman of the audit committee I am pleased to provide to you an insight into the duties of Erste Group Bank AG's audit committee and our work in the financial year 2016.

The audit committee is one of six committees established by Erste Group Bank AG's supervisory board. The audit committee's mandate is derived from the law, the rules of the Austrian Code of Corporate Governance (CCG) and its rules of procedure. The audit committee oversees in particular the accounting process, the effectiveness of the internal control system, the internal audit system and the risk management system, and the audit of the (consolidated) financial statements; it reviews and monitors the independence of the (Group) auditor, reports on the results of the audit to the supervisory board, reviews and prepares the adoption of the (consolidated) financial statements, reviews the proposal for the appropriation of profits, the (Group) management report and the (consolidated) corporate governance report, reports the findings of the review to the supervisory board and conducts the process for the selection of the (Group) auditor.

Due to legal amendments in the previous year, the audit committee's scope of duties has expanded further. The audit committee is now tasked with explaining to the supervisory board in detail how the annual audit has affected the reliability of financial reporting and the role played by the audit committee in doing so. The duties of supervising the auditor's independence, carrying out the procedure for selecting the auditor and giving a recommendation for this appointment to the supervisory board were defined in more precise terms. As a new rule in 2017, key audit matters will be covered in the auditor's report and the auditor will provide the audit committee with an additional report explaining the findings of the annual audit.

The audit committee currently comprises six shareholders' representatives and three members delegated by the employees' council. In 2016, there were a number of changes in the members of the audit committee, and the election of Jan Homan as new chairman deserves particular mention.

The audit committee met five times in 2016 and, in addition, held one informal meeting to prepare the February 2016 meeting. Those who attended the meetings included the chairman of the

management board, the management board members responsible for accounting, controlling and risk as well as the auditors' representatives. Responsible division heads were also invited to attend as permanent guests or to attend as guests discussions on specific agenda items. The chairman of the audit committee and the financial expert regularly conducted one-on-one meetings including with the auditors, members of the management board, the head of group internal audit and, if required, with division heads.

The chairman of the audit committee informed the supervisory board on the committee's activities, the subject matters of its meetings and of its discussions at the respective subsequent supervisory board meetings.

In 2016, the audit committee considered topics including the following: After receipt of the auditors' report on the (Group) (consolidated) financial statements for 2015, the audit committee held the final discussion, reviewed the (Group) (consolidated) financial statements and the (Group) status report as well as the corporate governance report and recommended to the supervisory board the approval of the financial statements. The reports of internal audit as well as the reports on the assessment of the effectiveness of the risk management system and the effectiveness of the internal control system were duly delivered. In December 2016, it was furthermore decided to recommend to the supervisory board to propose at the annual general meeting the renewal of PwC Wirtschaftsprüfung GmbH as additional (Group) auditor for the financial year 2018. In addition, in the course of a one-on-one interview with the chairmen of the audit committee and of the supervisory board, the joint supervisory team of the regulatory authorities has been informed of the scope of duties of the audit committee.

Further information on the activities of the audit committee and its composition is contained in the (consolidated) corporate governance report prepared by the management board and reviewed by the supervisory board.

For the audit committee, Jan Homan mp



# **Erste Group on the capital markets**

The political events of the year 2016 also had a substantial impact on international stock markets. Early in the year, share prices were driven by concerns over an economic downturn in China and its impact on the global economy, later on by the unexpected outcomes of the June referendum on the United Kingdom's exit from the European Union and, finally, the US presidential election. The central banks' rate policies remained at the centre of market attention. While the European Central Bank (ECB) continued its expansionary monetary policy, the US central bank (Fed) raised its key interest rate. After sustaining losses in the first half of the year, the markets covered rebounded across the board, with US markets rising at a faster pace than their European counterparts. Erste Group's share price was unable to detach itself from the volatility of European bank shares and closed the year 2016 down by 3.8%.

#### **EQUITY MARKET REVIEW**

#### Gains in the second half of the year after a weak start

In an environment of uncertainty about global economic trends, some European stock markets registered quite significant declines prior to the Brexit vote. These losses were only compensated in the second half of the year, when global markets generally improved. Exceptions were the Vienna stock market, which gained 9.2%, and the London market, with the FTSE rising 14.4%. For euro zonebased investors, the depreciation of the British pound against the euro undid most of these gains, though. The upward movement of markets in the second half of the year was driven by positive economic news flows from the US. China and the euro zone, the ECB's confirmation to continue its accommodative monetary policy and the recovery of European bank shares. At year-end 2016, the Euro Stoxx 600 Index was slightly lower at 361.42, down by 1.2%, while the Euro Stoxx 50 Index closed at 3,290.52 points, up 0.7%. The US indices widened their outperformance of the European markets in the course of the year and reached new all-time highs. The Dow Jones Industrial Average Index rose 13.4% to 19,762.60 points. The broader Standard & Poor's 500 Index increased by 9.5%% to 2,238.83 points. This development was attributable to US firms' stronger earnings momentum compared with European companies, upbeat economic forecasts and growth prospects in the wake of the US presidential elections, supported by the announcement of fiscal policies, more infrastructure spending and a deregulation of the financial industry.

#### Monetary policies in Europe and the US

In the year ended, the investors' focus was again on the ECB's and the Fed's monetary policies. The ECB continued its accommodative monetary policy by cutting its key interest rates to 0% in the first quarter and extending its bond purchasing programme until the end of 2017, albeit at a reduced monthly volume of EUR 60 billion. The US central bank pursued a different course. After the Fed's initial rate increase in late 2015 and tapering off the quantitative easing programme had marked the start of a more restrictive monetary policy, the range for the key interest rate was widened by 0.25% in December 2016, and the improved outlook for market fundamentals (growth, inflation, unemployment rate) was confirmed. These positive expectations as well as the anticipation of the economic policies of the Trump administration were also cited as factors supporting further rate increases in 2017.

#### Stronger growth prospects for the global economy

Following the concerns about the economy at the beginning of 2016, which were triggered by a slowdown in growth momentum emanating from emerging markets, most importantly China, and the feared impacts of the Brexit vote, economic indicators later on signalled an improvement in conditions both in the US and in the euro zone. According to the outlook released by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), specific public spending programmes are expected to stimulate the private sector. The expected or already implemented changes in the fiscal policies of several major economies are the main reason why global growth rates have been slightly raised to 3.3% in 2017 and 2.6% in 2018. For the US, the OECD forecasts an acceleration of economic growth to 2.3% in 2017 and 3.0% in 2018 if fiscal policies are relaxed. For the euro zone, the OECD expects economic growth of 1.6% in 2017 and 1.7% in 2018.

#### European bank shares lower after volatile year

The Dow Jones Euro Stoxx Bank Index, which is composed of the leading European bank shares, declined by almost 35% in the first half of 2016 and was among the indices losing the most. This was primarily due to the ECB's expansionary monetary policy that caused yields in Europe to fall significantly below US levels and weighed on the earnings prospects of financials. Investors also focused on the large volume of non-performing loans held by Italian banks. When international stock markets rallied, the European banking index strongly outperformed the stock indices

covered, advancing 41.3% in the second half of the year. The Dow Jones Euro Stoxx Bank Index nonetheless closed the year down by 8.0%, at 117.67 points.

### Outperformance of the Vienna Stock Exchange in Europe

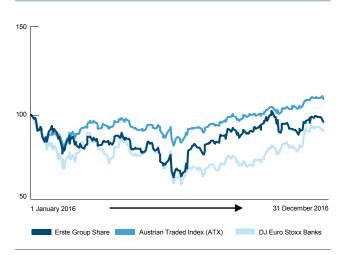
The domestic market also registered a decline in the first half of the year. The Austrian Traded Index (ATX) registered its lowest close of the year on 11 February 2016, at 1,957.05 points. When markets bounced back in the second half of the year, the index picked up momentum and, towards the end of the year, rose to its all-year highs of above 2,600. Among the positive drivers were bank shares and companies sensitive to the oil price as well as robust macroeconomic data from Eastern Europe. Closing at 2,618.43, up 9.2%, the ATX not only continued the previous year's solid development but performed significantly better than European indices like the StoxxEurope 600 (-1.2%) and the Euro Stoxx 50 (+0.7%), which ended the year more or less flat.

#### **ERSTE GROUP SHARE**

#### Share performance in line with industry trend

In the year ended, the Erste Group share could not detach from the general trend in European bank shares. Moving in tandem with the negative industry trend and the weakness of international stock markets, Erste Group shares declined in the first half of the year by 29.7% despite positive earnings, a continuous improvement in asset quality, declining risk costs and solid capitalisation. By comparison, the Euro Stoxx Bank Index dropped 34.9% over the same period.

# Performance of the Erste Group share and major indices (indexed)



The Erste Group share posted its all-year low at EUR 18.87 on 27 June 2016. After bottoming out, the share price moved in line with the trend of the European banking index, which rose by more than 41%. Advancing 37.0% in the second half of the year,

the Erste Group share offset most of the losses previously sustained. The investors' main focus was on dividend expectations, capital ratios and the return on tangible equity (ROTE) forecast for 2016, which in July was raised to more than 12%.

#### Performance of the Erste Group share versus indices

|   | Erste Group share                  | ATX                                | DJ Euro<br>Stoxx Bank<br>Index |
|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Since IPO (Dec 1997)  | 151.0%                             | 100.7%                             | -                              |
| Since SPO (Sep 2000)  | 136.8%                             | 124.1%                             | -66.5%                         |
| Since SPO (Jul 2002)  | 59.7%                              | 114.7%                             | -53.2%                         |
| Since SPO (Jan 2006)  | -38.2%                             | -32.8%                             | -68.9%                         |
| Since SPO (Nov 2009)  | -4.1%                              | 0.5%                               | -48.3%                         |
| 2015  | -3.8%                              | 9.2%                               | -8.0%                          |
| Since SPO (Sep 2000) Since SPO (Jul 2002) Since SPO (Jan 2006) Since SPO (Nov 2009) | 136.8%<br>59.7%<br>-38.2%<br>-4.1% | 124.1%<br>114.7%<br>-32.8%<br>0.5% | -5<br>-6<br>-4                 |

IPO ... initial public offering, SPO ... secondary public offering

The Erste Group share registered its all-year high at EUR 29.59 on 27 October 2016. With a closing price of EUR 27.82 at year-end 2016, the share was down 3.8% after a volatile performance in the year ended. By comparison, the Euro Stoxx Bank Index lost 8.0%. As of 31 December 2016, 18 analysts issued 11 buy recommendations and 7 neutral ratings for the Erste Group share.

### Number of shares, market capitalisation and trading volume

The number of shares of Erste Group Bank AG remained unchanged at 429,800,000. At year-end 2016, the Erste Group's market capitalisation stood at EUR 12.0 billion, 3.2% lower than at year-end 2015 (EUR 12.4 billion).

Trading volume on the three stock exchanges (Vienna, Prague, Bucharest) on which the Erste Group share is listed averaged 1,020,646 shares per day and accounted for about 33% of the total trading volume in Erste Group shares. More than half of the trading activity was executed over the counter (OTC) or through electronic trading systems.

#### **Erste Group in sustainability indices**

The Erste Group share has been included in VÖNIX, the Vienna Stock Exchange's sustainability index, since its launch in 2008. In 2011, the Erste Group share was included in the STOXX Global ESG Leaders Index, which represents the best sustainable companies on the basis of the STOXX Global 1800. In 2016, the Erste Group share was included in the FTSE4Good Index Series.

#### DIVIDEND

Since 2005, the Erste Group's dividend policy has been guided by the bank's profitability, growth outlook and capital requirements. At the annual general meeting held on 11 May 2016 it was decided to pay a dividend of EUR 0.50 per share for the financial year 2015 after no dividend payment had been made for the year 2014. In view of a return on tangible equity (ROTE) of 12.3% in 2016 and the simultaneous rise of the common equity tier 1 ratio (CET1 ratio; Basel 3 final) to 12.8%, the management board of

Erste Group will propose to the annual general meeting to double the dividend for the financial year 2016 to EUR 1.00 per share. Based on the closing price on the last day of the year, the dividend yield is 3.6%.

#### SUCCESSFUL FUNDING

In the year ended, Erste Group placed two benchmark-sized issues, including a EUR 750 million 7-year mortgage covered bond in January 2016. In addition, more than EUR 200 million in tier 2 and close to EUR 600 million in senior unsecured bonds were issued via private placements in the course of the year. In the second quarter of 2016, Erste Group Bank AG was the first Austrian issuer to place EUR 500 million in CRDIV/CRR-compliant additional tier 1 capital.

#### **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

### Open and regular communication with investors and analysts

In 2016, Erste Group's management and the investor relations team met with investors in a total of 362 one-on-one and group meetings and conducted a large number of teleconferences with analysts and investors. The presentation of the 2015 annual result in Vienna was followed by the annual analysts' dinner and a road show day with investor meetings in London. A spring road show was conducted in 2016 after the release of the first-quarter results and an autumn road show was held in Europe and in the US following the release of the third-quarter results. Erste Group presented its strategy in the current operating environment at international banking and investor conferences organised by the Vienna Stock Exchange, UBS, Kepler Cheuvreux, Morgan Stanley, HSBC, RCB, JP Morgan, Deutsche Bank, Bank of America Merrill Lynch, Autonomous, Goldman Sachs, Barclays, mBank, Danske Bank and Wood. 87 meetings were held to intensify the dialogue with bond investors. A large number of face-to-face meetings with analysts and portfolio managers were held at conferences, road shows and workshops hosted by UBS, Morgan Stanley, Bank of America Merrill Lynch, Barclays and Euromoney.

The website http://www.erstegroup.com/ir provides comprehensive information on Erste Group and the Erste Group share. Investors and the broader public can also follow the investor relations team on the social media platform Twitter at http://twitter.com/ErsteGroupIR and SlideShare on http://de.slideshare.net/Erste Group. These sites provide users with the latest news on Erste Group on the social web. As an additional service for investors and analysts, Erste Group offers a free Investor Relations app for iPhone, iPad and Android devices. This app enables users to access and download Erste Group Bank AG share price information, the latest investor news, multimedia files, financial reports and presentations as well as an interactive financial calendar and contact details for the investor relations team. More details on the Investor Relations app, social media channels, the news/reports subscription and reminder services are available at https://www.erstegroup.com/en/investors/ir-service.

#### **Analyst recommendations**

In 2016, 22 analysts regularly released research reports about Erste Group, including one initial coverage analysis. The Erste Group Bank AG share was covered by financial analysts at the following national and international firms: Autonomous, Bank of America Merrill Lynch, Barclays, Berenberg, Citigroup, Commerzbank, Concorde, Deutsche Bank, Exane BNP Paribas, Goldman Sachs, HSBC, JP Morgan, KBW, Kepler Cheuvreux, mBank, Mediobanca, Natixis, RCB, SocGen, UBS, VTB Capital and Wood.

As of year-end, eleven analysts had issued buy recommendations, seven had rated the Erste Group share neutral. The average year-end target price was EUR 30.28. The latest updates on analysts' estimates for the Erste Group share are posted at https://www.erstegroup.com/en/investors/share/analyst-estimates.



# **Strategy**

Erste Group aims to be the leading retail and corporate bank in the eastern part of the European Union, including Austria. To achieve this goal, Erste Group aims to lend responsibly, provide a safe harbour for deposits and in general support all its customers with superior financial advice and solutions in achieving their financial goals, be they retail, corporate or public-sector customers. In this respect, digital innovations are playing an increasingly important role.

As a result of the financial and economic crisis, banks today operate in a new and substantially tougher regulatory framework. At the same time, Erste Group is confronted with a very difficult environment: with persistently low interest rates and no political support for the task of promoting economic growth in the bank's region.

In all of its core markets in the eastern part of the European Union, Erste Group pursues a balanced business model focused on providing the best banking services to each of its customers. Sustainability is reflected in the bank's ability to fund customer loans entirely by customer deposits, with most customer deposits being stable retail deposits. Sustainability of the bank's strategy is also reflected in long-term client trust, which underpins strong market shares in almost all of Erste Group's core markets. However, market leadership is not an end in itself. Market leadership only creates value when it goes hand in hand with positive economies of scale and contributes to the long-term success of the company. The banking business, however, should not only be run profitably but also reflect its corporate responsibility towards all material stakeholders, in particular customers, employees, society and the environment. Therefore, Erste Group pursues banking business in a socially responsible manner and aims to earn a premium on the cost of capital.

#### Long-standing tradition in customer banking

Erste Group has been active in the retail business since 1819. This is where the largest part of Erste Group's capital is tied up, where Erste Group generates most of its income and where it funds the overwhelming part of its core activities by drawing on its customers' deposits. The retail business represents Erste Group's strength and its top priority when developing products such as modern digital banking that enable the bank to meet its customers' expectations more effectively.

Offering understandable products and services that meet the individual needs and objectives of the bank customers at sustainably attractive terms is important to building and maintaining strong long-term customer relationships. Today, Erste Group serves a total of about 16 million retail customers in its core markets. The bank's core activities also include advisory services and support for its corporate customers with regard to financing, investment, hedging activities and access to international capital markets. Public sector funding through investing parts of the bank's liquidity in infrastructure projects as well as through acquiring sovereign bonds issued in its region are also part of the business. To meet the short-term liquidity management needs of the customer business, Erste Group also operates in the interbank market.

#### Core markets in the eastern part of the European Union

When Erste Group went public as an Austrian savings bank with no meaningful foreign presence in 1997, it defined its target region as consisting of Austria and the part of Central and Eastern Europe that had realistic prospects of joining the European Union. The aim was to benefit from the attractive growth prospects in these countries. Against the backdrop of emerging European integration and limited potential for growth in Austria, Erste Group acquired savings banks and financial institutions in countries adjacent to Austria from the late 1990s onwards. While the financial and economic crisis has slowed the economic catching-up process across the countries of Central and Eastern Europe, the underlying convergence trend continues unabated. This part of Europe offered and still offers the best structural and therefore long-term growth prospects.

Today, Erste Group has an extensive presence in its core markets of Austria, the Czech Republic, Slovakia, Romania, Hungary and Croatia – all of which are members of the European Union. Following significant investments in its subsidiaries, Erste Group holds considerable market positions in these countries. In Serbia, which has been assigned European Union candidate status, Erste Group maintains a minor market presence but one that may be expanded through acquisitions or organic growth as the country makes progress towards European Union integration. In addition to its core markets, Erste Group also holds direct and indirect majority and minority banking participations in Slovenia, Montenegro, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Macedonia and Moldova.

#### Growing importance of innovation and digitalisation

The pace of digital transformation has accelerated considerably as a result of technological changes, demographic developments and also regulatory interventions in recent years. As a result, customer behaviour and customer expectations – and not merely that of technically oriented customers – towards financial products have changed significantly. Erste Group is convinced that the digital banking business will continue to gain in importance and will be essential for the economic success in the long term. To this end, Erste Group has been focusing on digital innovation since 2012. Intra-group, interdisciplinary teams develop innovative solutions.

Erste Group's digital strategy is based on its own digital ecosystem. It aims at providing customers access to personalised products from Erste Group and also third-party suppliers through application programming interfaces (APIs) in the secure IT environment of a financial platform. APIs allow a wide range of cooperations, whether with FinTechs or across industries, and can therefore help open up new markets.

The digital platform *George* was implemented in Austria in 2015. The successive introduction in all core countries will start with the launch in the Czech Republic, Slovakia and Romania in 2017. *George* is supplemented by the mobile application *George Go*. The range of digitally available products and services is constantly being expanded. Customers can activate applications of Erste Group or third parties via plug-ins and use them to manage their finances.

The omni-channel approach of Erste Group integrates the various sales and communication channels. Customers decide on how, when and where they do their banking business. The newly established contact centers serve as interfaces between digital banking and traditional branch business. The contact centers offer advice and sales, thus going far beyond the traditional help desk function.

#### Focus on sustainability and profitability

Earning a premium on the cost of capital in a socially responsible manner and for the benefit of all stakeholders is a key prerequisite for the long-term survival of any company or bank. For only a sustainably operating and profitable bank can achieve the following: provide products and services to customers that support them in achieving their long-term financial goals; deliver the foundation for share price appreciation as well as dividend and coupon payments to investors; create a stable and rewarding work environment for employees; and be a reliable contributor of tax revenues to society at large.

The management board adopted a statement of purpose to reaffirm and state in more detail the purpose of Erste Group to promote and secure prosperity across the region. Building on this statement of purpose, a code of conduct defines binding rules of the day-to-day business for the employees and the members of both the management and supervisory board. At the same time, the code of conduct underlines that in pursuing its business activities, Erste Group values responsibility, respect and sustainability. The code of conduct is an important tool to preserve the reputation of Erste Group and to strengthen stakeholder confidence. Sustainability in this context means to operate the core business both in a socially and environmentally responsible manner and economically successfully.

Through a combination of stable revenues, low loan loss provisions, and cost efficiency profits can be achieved in the long term. This is helped by a strong retail-based funding profile. When growth opportunities are elusive, as they will be from time to time, or the market environment is less favourable as a result of factors including high taxation, increased regulation or low interest rates, there will be a stronger focus on cost cutting. When the operating environment improves, more time will be devoted to capturing growth in a responsible way. Irrespective of the environment, Erste Group should benefit materially from operating in the region of Europe that offers the best structural growth opportunities for some time to come.

#### **Erste Group's strategy**

### **Customer banking in Central and Eastern Europe**

### Eastern part of the EU

### Focus on CEE, limited exposure to other Europe

#### Retail banking

Focus on local currency mortgage and consumer loans funded by local deposits

FX loans (in Euro) only where funded by local FX deposits (Croatia and Serbia)

Savings products, asset management and pension products

#### SME/Corporate banking

SME and local corporate banking

Advisory services, with focus on providing access to capital markets and corporate finance

Real estate business that goes beyond financing

#### **Capital markets**

Focus on customer business, incl. customer-based trading activities

In addition to core markets, presences in Poland, Germany and London with institutional client focus and selected product mix

Building debt and equity capital markets in CEE

#### **Public sector**

Financing sovereigns and municipalities with focus on infrastructure development in core markets

Any sovereign holdings are held for marketmaking, liquidity or balance sheet management reasons

#### Interbank business

Focus on banks that operate in the core markets

Any bank exposure is only held for liquidity or balance sheet management reasons or to support client business

#### THE STRATEGY IN DETAIL

The basis of Erste Group's banking operations is the retail and corporate customer business in the eastern part of the European Union, including Austria. The capital markets and interbank activities as well as the public sector business are defined more broadly to be able to meet the bank's customer needs as effectively as possible.

#### **Retail business**

Erste Group's key business is the retail business, covering the entire spectrum from lending, deposit and investment products to current accounts and credit cards. Erste Group's core competence in retail banking has historical roots. In 1819, wealthy Viennese citizens donated funds to establish Erste Group's predecessor, the first savings bank in Central Europe. It was their aim to bring basic banking services such as safe savings accounts and mortgage loans to wide sections of the population. Today, the bank serves a total of almost 16 million retail customers in its markets and operates more than 2,600 branches. Wealthy private clients, trusts and foundations are served by the bank's private banking staff and benefit from services that are tailored to the needs of this target group.

In addition, the bank uses and promotes digital distribution channels such as Internet and mobile banking as Erste Group is convinced that the importance of digital banking will further increase and will substantially change the future of retail business. This has already become visible through the activities of FinTech companies, which offer financial services online and typically operate without a banking licence. George, Erste Group's new

digital platform, was launched in Austria in 2015 and will be rolled out across the group. The implementation in the Czech Republic, Slovakia and Romania is scheduled for 2017.

Retail banking is attractive to Erste Group for a number of reasons: It offers a compelling business case that is built on market leadership, an attractive risk-reward profile and the principle of self-funding. In addition, it benefits from a comprehensive range of products that are simple and easy to understand and provide substantial cross-selling potential. Erste Group meets these prerequisites in all of its core markets and to make the best use of its resulting position of strength, it pursues an omni-channel strategy. In addition to the expansion of digital sales channels, the branch network remains an important component of the business strategy. Only a retail bank with an extensive distribution network is able to fund loans in local currency mainly from deposits made in the same currency. In short, Erste Group's retail banking model supports sustainable and deposit-funded growth even in economically more challenging times. Another positive factor is the diversification of the retail business across countries that are at different stages of economic development, such as Austria, the Czech Republic, Romania, Slovakia, Hungary, Croatia and Serbia.

#### **Corporate business**

The second main business line, which also contributes significantly to Erste Group's earnings, is the business with small and medium-sized enterprises, regional and multi-national groups, and real estate companies. Erste Group's goal is to enhance the relationships with its clients beyond pure lending business. Specifically, the bank's goal is for SMEs and large corporate customers to choose Erste Group as their principal bank and also

route their payment transfers through the Group's banking entities and, in fact, regard Erste Group as their first point of contact for any kind of banking service.

Catering to their different requirements, Erste Group serves small and medium-sized enterprises locally in branches or separate commercial centres, while multinational groups are serviced by the Group Corporates' units. This approach permits Erste Group to combine industry-specific and product expertise with an understanding of regional needs and the experience of the bank's local customer relationship managers.

In view of the regulatory interventions, advising and supporting the bank's corporate customers in capital market transactions is becoming increasingly important.

#### Capital markets business

Client-driven capital markets activities is also part of the comprehensive portfolio of products and services that Erste Group offers to its retail and corporate customers. The strategic significance of the bank's centrally governed and locally rooted capital markets operations consists in supporting all other business areas in their dealings with the capital markets and, hence, in providing the bank's customers with professional access to the financial markets. Erste Group, therefore, views its capital markets business as a link between the financial markets and the customers. As a key capital markets player in the region, Erste Group also performs important functions such as market-making, capital market research and product structuring.

The capital markets business serves the needs of Erste Group's retail and corporate customers as well as of government entities and financial institutions. Due to Erste Group's strong network in the eastern part of the European Union, the bank has a thorough understanding of local markets and customer needs. In Erste Group's capital markets business, too, the bank concentrates on core markets of the retail, SME and large corporate business: Austria, the Czech Republic, Slovakia, Romania, Hungary, Croatia and Serbia. For institutional customers, specialised teams have been established in Germany and Poland as well as in London, Hong Kong and New York that offer these customers a tailor-made range of products.

In many countries where Erste Group operates, the local capital markets are not yet as highly developed as in Western Europe or in the United States of America. That means Erste Group's banking subsidiaries are pioneers in some of these markets. Therefore, building more efficient capital markets in the region is another strategic objective of Erste Group's capital markets activities.

#### **Public sector business**

Solid deposit business is one of the key pillars of Erste Group's business model. Accordingly, customer deposits surpass lending volume in many of its geographic markets. Erste Group's banking entities make a significant part of this liquidity available as financ-

ing to the region's public-sector entities. In this way, the bank facilitates essential public-sector investment. Erste Group's public-sector customers are primarily municipalities, regional entities and sovereigns that the bank additionally supports and advises in capital market issuance, infrastructure financing and project financing. Furthermore, Erste Group cooperates with supranational institutions. In terms of sovereign bond investments, Erste Group is equally focusing on Central and Eastern Europe.

Adequate transport and energy infrastructure and municipal services are absolute key prerequisites for sustainable economic growth in the long term. Therefore, Erste Group views infrastructure finance and all associated financial services to be of extreme importance. Between 2014 and 2020, the European Union has earmarked about EUR 90 billion from structural and investment funds for the Czech Republic, Slovakia, Croatia, Hungary and Romania: This is one quarter of the total allocation under the European Union's cohesion policy. In this context, Erste Group's commitment to infrastructure development in Romania is to be highlighted. The Romanian subsidiary Banca Comercială Română supports investment in essential infrastructure by funding key companies in all sectors.

#### Interbank business

The interbank business is an integral part of Erste Group's business model that performs the strategic function to ensure that the liquidity needs of the bank's customer business are met. This involves, in particular, short-term borrowing and lending of liquid funds in the interbank market.

#### **REGULATORY CHANGES IN BANKING**

In the wake of the financial crisis, regulatory requirements for banks were tightened substantially to further strengthen the resilience of banks. The aim of these reforms has been to absorb any adverse impacts that may result in the event of financial or economic distress in the banking sector. A banking union has been established as a regulatory framework consisting of a European banking supervision mechanism, a banking resolution mechanism and common standards for deposit insurance. Implementing the requirements defined by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision, the European Commission released in November 2016 a proposal for a comprehensive review to the Capital Requirements Directive (CRD IV) and the Capital Requirements Regulation (CRR) as well as of the EU's Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive (BRRD) and the Single Resolution Mechanism (SRM) Regulation.

In addition, negotiations were continued in 2016 on the harmonisation of the third pillar of the banking union, i.e. a European Deposit Insurance Scheme (EDIS). In a separate move, a uniform deposit guarantee scheme will be established, and hence a new organisational structure will be created in Austria in 2019. Institutional protection schemes (IPS) that meet specified requirements may be recognised as deposit guarantee schemes and

continue to exist parallel to and separate from the uniform deposit guarantee scheme.

The European Single Resolution Board (SRB) started operating at the beginning of 2016 and has since been working on the development of resolution plans and the definition of resolution strategies for significant institutions. A specific MRL (minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities) target was not defined yet in 2016.

The revised Payment Services Directive (PSD 2) has further improved consumer protection in the context of payment services and increased security for users of mobile or online payments. In addition, bank customers may use third-party providers in the future for payment transactions, which also allows Erste Group to offer its products to customers who have their accounts with other banks.

In July 2016, the EU's Market Abuse Regulation (MAR) took effect. It is designed to prevent market abuse, such as insider trading, and strengthen the public's confidence in the European financial market. In addition, the Market Abuse Directive on criminal sanctions for market manipulation was implemented.

To strengthen the Austrian banking industry, the Financial Markets Authority (FMA) introduced a systemic risk buffer for a series of Austrian credit institutions by way of ordinance (capital buffer ordinance). For the Holding, it amounts to 0.50% of risk-weighted assets as of 1 January 2017 and will be gradually increased to 2% until 1 January 2019.

As of year-end 2016, Erste Group reported a fully loaded Basel 3 CET1 (common equity tier 1) ratio of 12.8% and a total capital ratio of 18.3%. Despite increasing regulatory pressure in general and additional burdens on the capacity of retaining earnings as a result of bank levies in Austria, Hungary and Slovakia as well as contributions into national deposit insurance and resolutions funds, Erste Group remained well-capitalised and benefits from an excellent liquidity position, enabling it to proactively serve customers' needs.

### LONG-TERM GROWTH TRENDS IN CENTRAL AND EASTERN EUROPE

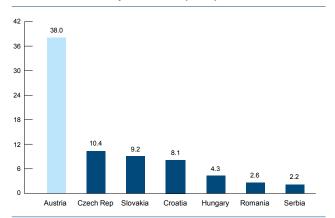
While the financial and economic crisis has temporarily slowed the economic catching-up process across the countries of Central and Eastern Europe, the underlying convergence trend continues. This is on the one hand due to the fact that the region has to make up for almost half a century of communist mismanagement of the economy and on the other hand due to the fact that banking activities were largely non-existent during that time.

With the exception of deposit-taking, modern banking services were largely unknown in these countries after the fall of communism in Eastern Europe. On the lending side, this was due to high nominal and real interest rates and also to disposable incomes that did not support household credit growth. In addition, a healthy competitive environment was lacking due to extensive state ownership. All this has changed. In most of the countries, interest rates are in a process of convergence or have already converged to euro levels. Disposable incomes have risen strongly on the back of growing gross domestic products. Most formerly state-owned banks have been sold to strategic investors that have fostered product innovation and competition. Economic growth, which declined substantially in some countries in CEE following the economic and financial crisis, recovered recently. Despite such economic slowdowns and potential temporary negative impacts on the banking markets in Central and Eastern Europe, these factors will remain the driving force behind future development.

In addition, most countries of Central and Eastern Europe have human resources that are at least equivalent to those of Western European countries but do not need to struggle with the unaffordable costs in the long term of the western welfare states and have labour markets that are considerably more flexible. These advantages are complemented by — on average — highly competitive export industries that benefit from wage costs that are low relative to workforce productivity and from investor-friendly tax and welfare systems.

A comparison of per capita debt levels in Central and Eastern Europe with those of advanced economies reveals that even today an enormous gap exists between these markets. Countries such as the Czech Republic and Slovakia, but also Croatia and Hungary, are many years away from reaching Austrian or Western European levels of loans per capita; also in relative terms, these countries differ substantially regarding debt levels common in the West. The contrast to Serbia or Romania is even more pronounced: Private debt levels, and particularly household debt, are substantially lower than in the advanced economies. Even though the developments of very recent years will probably lead to a reassessment of what constitutes acceptable debt levels and to only a gradual rise in lending in Central and Eastern Europe, Erste Group still firmly believes that credit expansion accompanied by economic growth in this region will prove to be a lasting trend rather than a short-term process that has already peaked.

#### Customer loans/capita in CEE (2016) in EUR thousand



Source: Local central banks, Erste Group

Over the upcoming 15 to 20 years, on average, the countries of the eastern part of the European Union are therefore expected to experience higher growth rates than the countries of Western Europe, even though periods of expansion may alternate with times of economic stagnation or even setbacks on this long-term path of sustainable growth.



# **Management report**

#### **ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT**

In 2016, the global macroeconomic environment was characterised in particular by unexpected political events and elevated geopolitical uncertainty. Among these events, the new administration in the United States, the United Kingdom's decision to leave the European Union, increasing tension between the US and Russia and the continued migration into Europe were the most significant ones. Despite their weakening indicators, emerging markets and developing economies continued to outgrow the advanced markets, mainly due to high growth in China and India. Russia and Brazil, however, remained in recession, particularly impacted by low commodity prices and relatively weaker global trade. Among advanced economies, economic growth was less diverged. The United States and the euro area were supported by increasing consumption, favourable labour market developments and low inflation but were not affected by the Brexit referendum. Inflation remained low mainly driven by bottoming commodity prices, notably the oil price, which after several years of decline hit a ten-year low in the beginning of 2016. The British pound depreciated significantly following the vote in favour of the Brexit. The euro remained broadly unchanged against the US dollar, while the Japanese yen appreciated in an environment of elevated political risk. Diverging monetary policies of the European Central Bank (ECB) and the US Federal Reserve (Fed) were also pivotal elements in shaping global macroeconomic developments. The ECB continued its expansionary monetary policy, while the Fed started to increase the base rate. Overall, global economic growth slowed down slightly from 3.2% in 2015 to 3.1% in 2016.<sup>1</sup>

The United States' economy showed gradual improvement throughout 2016 with a relatively slow start followed by increased activity later in the year. Although household consumption growth slowed down compared to the previous year, it still was one of the major drivers of economic growth. Consumption benefitted significantly from rising disposable income, low inflation and favourable trends in the labour market. On the other hand, exports developed softer and investment activity was weaker. The United States' labour market proved to be resilient and the unemployment rate remained below 5% at the end of the year. Consequently, the Fed showed increasing optimism about the US economy and signalled interest rates would rise at a faster pace than previously projected, as it increased the base rate in December 2016. The central bank

1 Source: IWF: http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/weo/2017/update/01/pdf/0117.pdf (downloaded at 21 February 2017), page 7

raised the federal-funds target rate by a quarter percentage point, to between 0.50% and 0.75% pointing to a strengthening labour market and inflation moving more rapidly toward targeted levels. Altogether, the US economy grew by 1.6% in 2016.<sup>1</sup>

The euro zone economy maintained its moderate growth. Economic performance again differed by country with Germany and Spain clearly outperforming Italy and France. Growth was mainly driven by investments and private consumption, which benefitted from a rise in real disposable income, improvement in employment and low inflation. Despite the Brexit vote in June 2016, consumer confidence in the euro zone continued to improve. Exports were impacted by a weaker global trade but remained relatively resilient within the euro zone, but they contributed to a lesser extent to economic growth. The euro zone economies showed increasing employment rates throughout the year. Unemployment, however, varied substantially among the member states, with southern countries having significantly higher rates than those in the north. Inflation in the euro area was very low in the first half of 2016 driven by falling energy prices, but it started to pick up gradually in the second half of the year. The ECB continued its expansionary monetary policy by cutting the base rate to zero and extending its bond purchase programme. Overall, real GDP growth in the euro zone economy was 1.7% in 2016.

The Austrian economy continued to perform satisfactorily. With EUR 39,700 GDP per capita<sup>2</sup>, the country remained one of the most prosperous economies in the euro zone characterised by its well-educated workforce, stable institutional frame-work and strong international competitiveness. Political stability prevailed, and Austria's traditionally strong SME sector achieved again a solid performance. Economic growth was to a large extent driven by increasing private consumption. Mainly low energy prices contributed to inflation remaining at low levels. Overall, tourism and the service industry showed a strong performance, and Austria's real GDP grew by 1.5%<sup>3</sup> in 2016.

CEE economies continued to perform well. Growth was mainly driven by consumption which significantly benefitted from increasing real wages, declining unemployment rates (the Czech Republic

<sup>2</sup> Source: Statistik Austria: http://www.statistik.at/web\_de/statistiken/wirtschaft/volkswirtschaftliche\_gesamt rechnungen/index.html (downloaded at 21. February 2017), adjusted for economic growth and inflation for 2016 3 Source: WIFO (Österreichisches Institut für Wirtschaftsforschung): http://www.wifo.ac.at/jart/pj3/wifo/resources/person\_dokument/person\_dokument/person\_dokument/person\_dokument/promadokument/promadokument/promadokument/promadokument/promadokument/promadokument/promadokument/promadokument/promadokument/publikationsid=59271&mime\_type=application/pdf (downloaded at 21 February 2017), page 1

and Hungary were among the countries showing the lowest unemployment rates in the euro zone) and low inflation. Net exports continued to increase in most CEE countries. The car industry remained an important factor, agriculture and tourism performed well, while investments declined due to a lower European Union funds' absorption rate. Positive labour market developments and competitive economies in the region supported current account balances. Public deficits across the region remained low. The main currencies of the region remained broadly stable against the euro, and the national banks of Hungary and Serbia cut the base rate further in 2016. Overall, CEE economies grew in 2016 between 2.0% in Hungary<sup>4</sup> and 4.8% in Romania<sup>5</sup>.

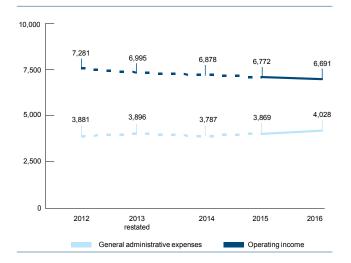
#### **PERFORMANCE IN 2016**

Acquisitions and disposals in Erste Group in 2016 did not have any significant impact and therefore had no effect on the rates of changes stated below. Details are provided in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Overview

**Net interest income** declined to EUR 4,374.5 million (EUR 4,444.7 million), mainly due to a market environment of persistently low interest rates and large-scale NPL reductions. This development was not fully offset by lending growth. **Net fee and commission income** decreased to EUR 1,783.0 (EUR 1,861.8 million reflecting a decline in income from lending business and payment services as well as lower income from the securities business. **Net trading and fair value result** rose to EUR 272.3 million (EUR 210.1 million). Consequently, **operating income** declined to EUR 6,691.2 million (EUR 6,771.8 million).

### Operating income and operating expenses in EUR million



<sup>4</sup> Source: Hungarian Central Statistical Office: http://www.ksh.hu/gyorstajekoztatok/#/en/document/gde1612 (downloaded at 21. February 2017), page 1

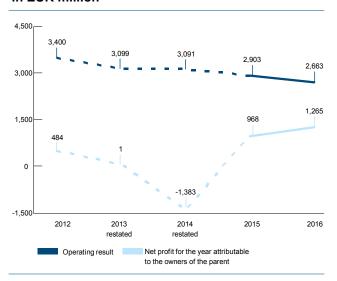
**General administrative expenses** increased to EUR 4,028.2 million (EUR 3,868.9 million), driven mainly by higher IT and consultancy costs as well as a rise in personnel expenses to EUR 2,339.3 million (EUR 2,244.6 million). This resulted in a decline of the **operating result** to EUR 2,663.0 million (EUR 2,902.9 million). The **cost/income ratio** stood at 60.2% (57.1%).

**Net impairment loss on financial assets** declined substantially to EUR 195.7 million or 15 basis points of average gross customer loans (EUR 729.1 million or 56 basis points), on the back of a significant decline of non-performing loans and higher income from the recovery of loans already written off in Romania and Hungary. The **NPL ratio** (see glossary for definition) improved significantly to 4.9% (7.1%). The **NPL coverage ratio** (see glossary for definition) increased markedly to 69.1% (64.5%).

Other operating result amounted to EUR -665.0 million (EUR -635.6 million). This includes expenses for the annual contributions to resolution funds in the amount of EUR 65.6 million (EUR 51.3 million). Banking and financial transaction taxes amounted to EUR 388.8 million (EUR 236.2 million). This rise was attributable to a one-off payment of banking tax pursuant to the Austrian Bank Tax Act (Stabilitätsabgabegesetz) in the amount of EUR 200.9 million preceding a significant reduction of future annual banking tax payments in Austria. Overall, banking levies in Austria amounted EUR 306.7 million (EUR 128.6 million). In Hungary, banking levies declined significantly to EUR 57.0 million (EUR 84.0 million) and in Slovakia amounted to EUR 25.1 million (EUR 23.6 million).

As the earnings contributions of savings banks covered by the cross-guarantee system slightly declined from historically very high levels, the minority charge decreased to EUR 272.0 million (EUR 307.0 million). The **net result attributable to owners of the parent** rose to EUR 1,264.7 million (EUR 968.2 million).

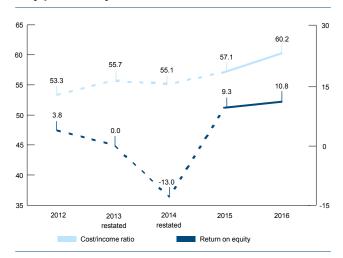
# Operating result and net profit/loss for the year attributable to owners of the parent in EUR million



<sup>5</sup> Source: National Institute of Statistics of Romania: http://www.insse.ro/cms/sites/default/files/com\_presa/com\_pdf.pib\_trim4e2016\_0.pdf (downloaded at 21. February 2017), page 1

**Cash return on equity** (see glossary for definition), i.e. return on equity adjusted for non-cash expenses such as goodwill impairment and straight-line amortisation of customer relationships, stood at 11.4% (reported ROE: 10.8%) in 2016 versus 9.1% (reported ROE: 9.3%) in 2015.

#### Key profitability ratios in %



**Cash earnings per share** (see glossary for definition) for the financial year 2016 amounted to EUR 3.08 (reported EPS: EUR 2.93) versus EUR 2.23 (reported EPS: 2.27) in 2015.

**Total assets** increased to EUR 208.2 billion (EUR 199.7 billion), driven mainly by an increase in **cash and cash balances**, including in particular cash balances at central banks, to EUR 18.4 billion (EUR 12.4 billion). **Loans and receivables to customers (net)** rose to EUR 130.7 billion (EUR 125.9 billion). Securities held for trading declined to EUR 8.0 billion (EUR 8.7 billion). On the liabilities side, **customer deposits** grew substantially – particularly in the Czech Republic, Austria and Romania – to EUR 138.0 billion (EUR 127.9 billion). **Deposits** from banks were higher at EUR 14.6 billion (EUR 14.2 billion). **Debt securities in issue,** mainly bonds and mortgage covered bonds, declined to EUR 27.2 billion (EUR 29.7 billion). The **loan-to-deposit ratio** stood at 94.7% (98.4%).

The **common equity tier 1 ratio** (CET 1, Basel 3 phased-in, see glossary for definition) stood at 13.4% (12.3%), the **total capital ratio** (Basel 3 phased-in, see glossary for definition) at 18.5% (17.9%).

#### Dividend

A dividend distribution amounting to EUR 1.00 per share will be proposed at the annual general meeting (2015: EUR 0.50 per share).

#### **Outlook**

Erste Group expects a return on tangible equity (ROTE) of more than 10% in 2017. The anticipated solid macro-economic devel-

opment in the core markets Czech Republic, Slovakia, Hungary, Romania, Croatia, Serbia and Austria, the unchanged very positive assessment of the bank's risk profile and the significant reduction of banking tax in Austria should be supportive factors to achieve this target. On the other hand, the persistent low interest rate environment, the non-recurrence of one-off effects such as the sale of VISA shares and potential – and as yet unquantifiable – political risks might jeopardise it.

In 2017, the positive development of the economy should be reflected in growth rates (real GDP growth) between 1.5% and 4.5% in Erste Group's CEE core markets. All other economic parameters are currently expected to develop likewise robustly. Unemployment rates should decline further – in the Czech Republic and in Hungary, they are already among the lowest in the EU. Inflation is forecast to remain low and strong competitive positions should again lead to current account surpluses. The fiscal situation and public debt levels are also projected to remain sound. In Austria, by contrast, growth is forecast to be less dynamic, at a rate of 1.5%. Unemployment is expected to stabilise in 2017 after rising in 2016. Overall, growth continues to be driven by domestic demand across all economies, even though exports are expected to make a positive contribution to growth in most countries.

Against this backdrop, Erste Group expects mid-single digit net loan growth which is required to offset margin pressure resulting from sovereign bond reinvestments in the ongoing low interest rate environment. The strong improvement in asset quality also has an adverse impact on net interest income. With every further reduction of the NPL portfolio – driven, on the one hand, by NPL sales but also by the improved portfolio quality – net interest income will decline on the back of the lower unwinding effect. Overall, Erste Group expects that, at best, it will be able to keep net interest income stable in 2017. If the interest rate environment remains unchanged, a slight decline might also be possible, though.

The second key income component, net fee and commission income, is expected to remain at about the same level in 2017 as in the previous year. Some positive momentum should come from the anticipated rising loan demand and the dynamic economic environment. After a weak year in 2016, the securities business should also pick up again. The other income components are expected to remain flat, by and large, despite the volatility of the net trading and fair value result. Operating income should hence remain stable in 2017 or decline marginally in the case of lower-than-expected loan growth.

Operating expenses are expected to rise by 1% to 2% in 2017. This cost inflation will be mainly driven by IT investments necessary to secure Erste Group's future competitiveness and measures induced by regulatory requirements. Further investments in product simplification, process standardisation or the group-wide implementation of the digital platform *George* underline the

digital strategy. After its rollout in Austria, George will be launched in the Czech Republic, Slovakia and Romania in 2017. Additional cost drivers are regulatory expenses related for example to the implementation of IFRS 9 from the beginning of 2018 or to preparations for Anacredit, a Europe-wide bank loans dataset overseen by the ECB. The operating result is therefore projected to slightly decline in 2017.

Risk costs should again support net profit in 2017. While the low interest rate environment has a negative impact on net interest income, it does have a positive effect on risk costs which, unlike net interest income, benefit additionally from the reduction of NPLs. Erste Group, however, does not expect a recurrence of the historically low risk cost level of 2016 of just 15 basis points of average customer loans. While precise forecasts are difficult in the current environment, Erste Group projects for 2017 risk costs of about 30 basis points of average customer loans.

Other result is anticipated to develop positively. Even though the one-off effects of the sale of VISA shares will not recur, banking tax in Austria is set to decrease significantly after the one-off payment of EUR 200.9 million to the Innovation Fund in 2016. As a result, this line item will improve barring the occurrence of any unforeseen events.

Assuming a similar tax rate as in 2016 and a similar level of minority charges, Erste Group aims to achieve a return on tangible equity (ROTE) of more than 10%.

Potential risks to the guidance are the impact from expansionary monetary central bank policies including negative interest rates, political risks such as those related to various elections in key EU economies, geopolitical risks and global economic risks or consumer protection initiatives.

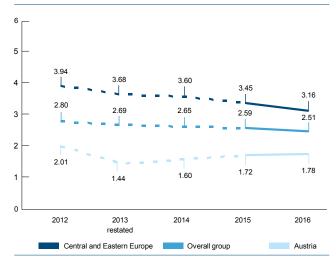
#### **ANALYSIS OF PERFORMANCE**

January-December 2016 compared with January-December 2015

#### Net interest income

Net interest income declined to EUR 4,374.5 million (EUR 4,444.7 million), mainly due to the impacts of the continuing low interest rate environment, which could not be fully offset by lending growth. Lower net interest income was registered in particular in Hungary and Romania due to the sale of non-performing loans and narrowing net interest margins. The net interest margin (net interest income as a percentage of average interest-bearing assets) declined from 2.59% to 2.51%.

#### Net interest margin in %



Since 2013 the calculation method for the net interest margin has been based on segment figures. For the calculation of the average interest-bearing assets five quarterly figures are now used instead of the four in the past.

#### Net fee and commission income

Net fee and commission income decreased to EUR 1,783.0 million (EUR 1,861.8 million). This was mainly attributable to declining income from the securities business in Austria and lower income from payment services and lending in the Czech Republic. In the other segments, net fee and commission income was largely stable.

### Net fee and commission income, structure and trend in EUR million



#### Net trading and fair value result

The net trading and fair value result rose to EUR 272.3 million (EUR 210.1 million). Income from securities and derivatives trading, which improved despite the non-recurrence of extraordinary valuation gains in the Czech Republic, more than offset the negative impact of the valuation of financial liabilities – at fair value through profit or loss.

#### **General administrative expenses**

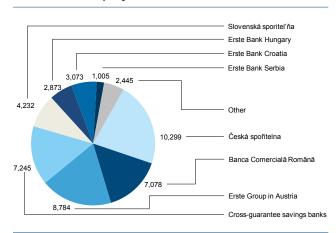
General administrative expenses rose to EUR 4,028.2 million (EUR 3,868.9 million).

### General administrative expenses, structure and trend, in EUR million



**Personnel expenses** increased to EUR 2,339.3 (EUR 2,244.6 million) partly due to elevated staffing requirements, mostly IT related and in projects linked to increased regulatory requirements. **Other administrative expenses** rose to EUR 1,235.8 million (EUR 1,179.3 million). IT expenditure was higher at EUR 339.3 million (EUR 286.5 million), deposit insurance contributions amounted to EUR 88.8 million (EUR 99.6 million). Thereof, EUR 43.5 million (EUR 21.5 million) were for contributions payable in Austria, where the first payments of this kind had to be made in the second half of 2015. In the Czech Republic, contributions declined to EUR 7.4 million (EUR 37.1 million). **Depreciation and amortisation** increased to EUR 453.1 million (EUR 445.0 million).

#### Number of employees as of 31 December 2016



The number of employees is based on full-time equivalents. The data regarding subsidiaries in Central and Eastern Europe refer to partial groups.

The average headcount increased marginally by 1.0% to 46,955 (46,496).

#### **Operating result**

Operating income declined to EUR 6,691.2 million (EUR 6,771.8 million), primarily due to the decrease in net interest income and lower net fee and commission income. General administrative expenses rose to EUR 4,028.2 million (EUR 3,868.9 million), driven by an increase in IT and consultancy costs and higher personnel expenses. This led to an operating result of EUR 2,663.0 million (EUR 2,902.9 million). The cost/income ratio stood at 60.2% (57.1%).

# Gains/losses from financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss (net)

Gains from financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss (net) rose significantly to EUR 148.0 million (EUR 100.9 million). This includes a gain from the sale of shares in VISA Europe in the amount of EUR 138.7 million shown in income from financial assets – available for sale.

#### Net impairment loss on financial assets

Net impairment loss on financial assets declined significantly to EUR 195.7 million (EUR 729.1 million). This development was mostly attributable to the decline in the balance of the allocation and release of provisions for the lending business together with the costs of direct loan write-offs offset by income received from the recovery of loans already written off to EUR 184.2 million (EUR 666.5 million). The main drivers were declining risk costs in all core markets, substantial recoveries of receivables previously written off in Romania and the improvement of portfolio quality after the conversion of foreign-currency loans in Hungary. Net impairment loss on financial assets, based on the average volume of gross customer loans, thus improved to 15 basis points (56 basis points). In addition, this line item included a net impairment loss on financial assets – held-to-maturity and financial assets – available-for-sale in the amount of EUR 11.4 million (EUR 62.6 million).

#### Other operating result

Other operating result amounted to EUR -665.0 million (EUR -635.6 million).

Levies on banking activities rose to EUR 388.8 million (EUR 236.2 million). Banking tax in Austria increased to EUR 306.7 million (EUR 128.6 million) due to the recognition as an expense of the one-off payment made pursuant to the Austrian Bank Tax Act (Stabilitätsabgabengesetz) in the amount of EUR 200.9 million. The reduction of banking tax in Hungary had a positive impact. Due to a lower tax rate and an adjustment of the assessment base, the tax charge declined to EUR 19.4 million (EUR 46.2 million). Together with the financial transaction tax of EUR 37.6 million (EUR 37.8 million), levies in Hungary thus totalled EUR 57.0 million (EUR 84.0 million). In Slovakia, banking levies rose slightly to EUR 25.1 million (EUR 23.6 million).

Allocation/release of other provisions, including for commitments and guarantees given, decreased significantly to EUR 125.9 million (EUR 306.0 million). This includes an allocation to provisions for potential risks relating to consumer protection claims in Romania in the amount of EUR 62.3 million (EUR 101.6 million). In addition, the comparative figure also included an allocation to provisions in the amount of EUR 129.5 million for expected losses resulting from legislation requiring the conversion of customer loans (Swiss francs to euros) in Croatia. Other operating result also includes a partial goodwill impairment in the amount of EUR 61.3 million of Slovenská sporitel'ňa as well as the annual contributions to resolution funds in the amount of EUR 65.6 million (EUR 51.3 million) shown in the line item result from other operating expenses/income.

#### Profit/loss for the year

The pre-tax result from continuing operations amounted to EUR 1,950.4 million (EUR 1,639.1 million). This rise was mainly due to substantially lower risk costs resulting from the improved quality of the loan portfolio. Because of the weaker results of the savings banks, the minority charge declined to EUR 272.0 million (EUR 307.0 million). The net result attributable to owners of the parent rose to EUR 1,264.7 million (EUR 968.2 million). The lower tax rate was mainly attributable to lower income tax charges in Hungary and Romania.

#### Tax situation

Pursuant to section 9 of the Austrian Corporate Tax Act ("KStG"), Erste Group Bank AG and its main domestic subsidiaries constitute a tax group. Due to the high proportion of tax-exempt income – particularly income from participating interests – and tax payments for the permanent establishments abroad, no Austrian corporate income tax was payable in financial year 2016. The current tax loss carried forward increased in 2016. Taxes on income are made up of current taxes on income calculated in each of the Group companies based on the results reported for tax purposes, corrections to taxes on income for previous years, and the change in deferred taxes. In 2016, the reported total income tax expense amounted to EUR 413.6 million (EUR 363.9 million).

#### **Balance sheet development**

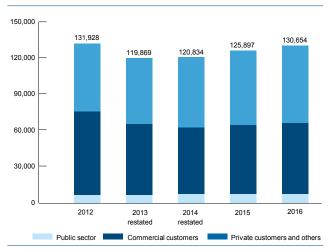
The rise in **cash and cash balances** to EUR 18.4 billion (EUR 12.4 billion) was primarily due to larger cash balances held at central banks.

**Trading and investment securities** held in various categories of financial assets were almost unchanged at EUR 47.6 billion (EUR 47.5 billion).

Loans and receivables to credit institutions (net) including demand deposits other than overnight deposits, declined significantly to EUR 3.5 billion (EUR 4.8 billion).

**Loans and receivables to customers (net)** increased – primarily in Austria and in the Czech Republic – to EUR 130.7 billion (EUR 125.9 billion).

### Loans and advances to customers, structure and trend, in EUR million



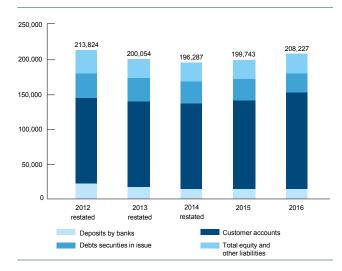
The loans and advances as of 2012 are gross figures (i.e. no deduction of allowances), pursuant to the applicable standards at that time.

Allowances for loans and receivables to customers declined to EUR 4.6 billion (EUR 6.0 billion), mostly on the back of the improvement in asset quality and the sale of non-performing loans.

**Intangible assets** amounted to EUR 1.4 billion (EUR 1.5 billion). **Miscellaneous assets** declined to EUR 6.8 billion (EUR 7.7 billion).

**Financial liabilities – held for trading** decreased to EUR 4.8 billion (EUR 5.9 billion), partly as a result of a decrease in the line item derivatives

### Balance sheet structure/liabilities and total equity in EUR million



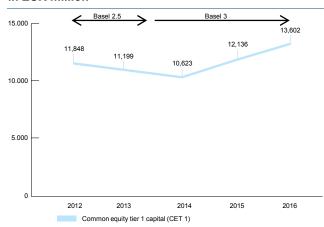
Deposits from banks were higher at EUR 14.6 billion (EUR 14.2 billion). Deposits from customers rose due to increased savings

and overnight deposits mainly in Austria and in the Czech Republic to EUR 138.0 billion (EUR 127.9 billion).

The **loan-to-deposit ratio** stood at 94.7% (98.4%). **Debt securities in issue**, mainly bonds, declined to EUR 27.2 billion (EUR 29.7 billion). **Miscellaneous liabilities** were lower at EUR 7.0 billion (EUR 7.3 billion).

Erste Group's **total equity** increased to EUR 16.6 billion (EUR 14.8 billion). Since June 2016, this includes AT1-instruments in the amount of EUR 497 million. After regulatory deductions and filtering according to the CRR **common equity tier 1 capital** (CET 1, Basel 3 phased-in) rose to EUR 13.6 billion (EUR 12.1 billion), **total own funds** (Basel 3 phased-in) to EUR 18.8 billion (EUR 17.6 billion). **Total risk** (**risk-weighted assets** including credit, market and operational risk, Basel 3 phased-in) increased to EUR 101.8 billion (EUR 98.3 billion). **Total assets** increased to EUR 208.2 billion (EUR 199.7 billion),

### Common equity tier 1 capital (CET 1) according to CRR in EUR million



In Basel 2.5: Core tier-1 capital excluding hybrid capital pursuant to section 23 (4a and 4b) of the Austrian Banking Act

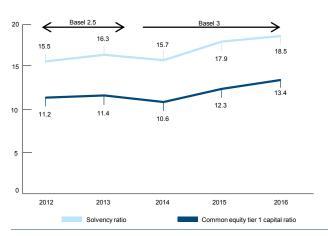
Basel 3 values are based on CRR transitional rules.

Consolidated regulatory capital is calculated in accordance with the capital requirements regulation (CRR) taking into consideration transitional provisions as defined in the Austrian CRR Supplementary Regulation and the regulation of the European Central Bank on the exercise of options and discretions. These transitional provisions define the percentages applicable to eligible capital instruments and regulatory deduction items as well as filters. The **total capital ratio** (Basel 3 phased-in, see glossary for definition) in relation to the total risk (total eligible qualifying capital in relation to total risk pursuant to CRR) was 18.5% (17.9%), well above the legal minimum requirement.

The **tier 1 ratio** (Basel 3 phased in, see glossary for definition) in relation to total risk stood at 13.4% (12.3%).

The **common equity tier 1 ratio** (Basel 3 phased in, see glossary for definition) amounted also to 13.4% (12.3%).

#### Solvency ratio and common equity tier 1 capital ratio in %



In Basel 2.5: Core tier-1 capital excluding hybrid capital pursuant to section 23 (4a and 4b) of the Austrian Banking Act

Basel 3 values are based on CRR transitional rules

#### **EVENTS AFTER BALANCE SHEET DATE**

There were no significant events after the balance sheet date.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

With respect to the explanations on substantial financial and nonfinancial risks at Erste Group as well as the goals and methods of risk management, we would like to draw the reader's attention to the information in Notes 44, 45 and 50 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Erste Group does not engage in any research activities pursuant to section 243 (3) no. 3 UGB, but in 2016 development costs in the amount of EUR 45 million (EUR 87 million) were capitalised in connection with software developed in-house.

In order to drive improvements for retail customers and in the ongoing services, Erste Group Bank AG launched the Innovation Hub in 2012. Its purpose is to initiate and coordinate across-the-board initiatives with a strong focus on "real customer experiences". As a multidisciplinary team consisting of marketing, product and IT as well as design experts, the Innovation Hub is tasked with creating innovations and managing new programme initiatives.

#### **CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY**

As one of the leading banks in Austria and the eastern part of the European Union, Erste Group has committed itself to strict ethical standards for all its activities it carries out in its markets. The

very founding concept of Erste österreichische Spar-Casse already embraced the idea of contributing to the common good 200 years ago. For Erste Group, this approach is still an obligation and a mandate today. Erste Group has therefore implemented a large number of measures in recognition of its corporate responsibility towards its customers, employees, investors, local communities and national economies.

All information provided in this Annual Report on Erste Group's reporting on non-financial aspects (sustainability reporting) is in compliance with GRI G4 criteria (Global Reporting Initiative – Version 4). At the beginning of 2016, Erste Group established the Group Sustainability Office combining activities and responsibilities relating to ecological sustainability, diversity, corporate volunteering and corporate social responsibility.

For Erste Group, sponsoring is the voluntary promotion and support of institutions, initiatives and projects relating to culture, social welfare and education. Erste Group's *Mehr*WERT (*Extra*VALUE) programme shows Erste Group's commitment to its social responsibility and the values that Erste Group considers worthy of support.

#### **Society**

#### Social activities

Erste Group's long-standing tradition of cooperation with established local and international organisations reflects its commitment to the promotion of social welfare. The focus is on providing practical and swift assistance to people in difficult life situations. Erste Bank Oesterreich has been a partner of *Caritas Österreich* for many years, assisting it in its efforts to fight poverty in Austria. Since 2003, Erste Bank Oesterreich, the savings banks and s Bausparkasse have also been sponsoring *Hilfswerk*, one of the largest non-profit providers of health care, social and family services in Austria. In addition, Erste Bank Oesterreich has been supporting the aid organisation *lobby.16*, which works to protect the right to education of unaccompanied young refugees and give them access to education, employment and participation in social life.

Banca Comercială Română operates www.BursaBinelui.ro, a freeof-charge platform for donations on which some 300 NGOs are listed and which ensures that donations are routed directly to the NGOs. Erste Bank Serbia continued the *SupErste.net* programme, which helps young people aged 16 to 35 in implementing social projects. Slovenská sporiteľňa continued its support for the organisation *Inklúzia*, which works to create new jobs for people with special needs. In addition, it sponsors *Vagus*, an organisation promoting the integration of homeless people, and the initiative *Through education to success*, which provides scholarships to pupils and students who grew up in children's homes.

#### Art and culture

Deepening the understanding and appreciation of art and culture is of particular importance to Erste Group. The focus of its activities is on offering young and socially disadvantaged people access to music, the performing and the fine arts. Promoting promising young talents is another priority of Erste Group's art and culture sponsorship programmes. These activities have been brought together in the *ExtraVALUE* programme.

Erste Bank Oesterreich is the principal sponsor of the *Viennale* film festival and of *Jeunesse*, which supports young artists and the development of new concepts for sharing music. Česká spořitelna is one of the most dedicated long-term promoters of music in the Czech Republic. Amongst other events, its portfolio includes *Colours of Ostrava*, a multi-genre festival. In Croatia, the *Erste fragmenti 12* project continued the promotion of young art. In Serbia, Romania and Hungary, the programmes promoting youth music and literature were likewise continued and expanded.

#### Financial literacy

A good understanding of money and finance is of the utmost importance as it enables individuals and households to improve and secure their economic situation. Financial ignorance limits social, economic and cultural life options. Erste Group believes that knowledgeable and financially educated customers are more likely to make sound financial decisions. Financially secure individuals and families contribute positively to their communities and foster economic growth and development. Therefore, Erste Group has been engaged in financial education activities for many years.

In October 2016, the *Financial Life Park (FLiP)* was opened at Erste Campus in Vienna, the Erste Group's new headquarters complex. *FLiP* is a museum and a learning trail focusing on personal finance and basic economics. Its main target group are school classes starting from primary school. For young people, Erste Group offers workshops in financial literacy and debt prevention. The platform www.geldundso.at, which was jointly developed with young people, offers a large variety of teaching and practice materials for downloading. The local banks in the Czech Republic, Hungary and Slovakia support similar education projects.

#### Corporate volunteering

Erste Group encourages its employees to show social commitment through various initiatives. Thus, the number of participants in the *Time Bank* initiative, which was launched in Austria in 2012 and under which employees dedicate some of their free time to social projects, has been growing steadily. A broad range of social projects, such as the renovation of social institutions and support for homeless people, are supported across the group. Employees of Česká spořitelna are granted two days paid leave per year for the support of social projects as part of the bank's *Charity Days*. The other local banks of Erste Group also promote similar initiatives by giving employees time off for an increased engagement in social activities.

A special project of Erste Group is Zweite Sparkasse in Austria, which celebrated its tenth anniversary in 2016 and provides free-

of-charge services to people in financial need. Since 2006, almost 400 active and retired employees have been serving close to 15,000 customers facing challenging financial circumstances.

#### **Customers**

Erste Group puts customers and their interests at the centre of its business activities. Only banks that understand the financial needs of their customers can offer the right solutions at the right time. Special attention is devoted to the quality of products and advisory services as these are key factors for customer satisfaction and, therefore, for building up and maintaining long-term customer relations.

Erste Group is striving to position itself as an omni-channel bank and believes that, despite technological progress, personal contact with customers remains important in banking. Customers of Erste Group who require complex long-term financial services expect sound advice. This is why the modern branch network of Erste Group remains a key pillar of its banking business. The combination of digital channels, which are set to gain further importance in the future, with traditional sales approaches enables customer relationship managers to explore customer needs even more effectively.

Most importantly, product information must be readily accessible, transparent and easy to understand. High levels of customer satisfaction and thus customer loyalty secure the bank's long-term success. Customer satisfaction is evaluated by means of extensive and representative surveys conducted across all markets of Erste Group. On this basis, the *Customer Experience Index* (CXI) is calculated, which is also used as a criterion for management board bonuses.

In asset management, Erste Group observes the Principles of Responsible Investment for its customers. All funds managed by Erste Asset Management are therefore barred from speculation in food markets and from investing in companies engaged in any controversial weapons business.

#### **Suppliers**

To ensure compliance with the principles of sustainability, the suppliers of Erste Group also have to meet strict standards. Erste Group Procurement, Erste Group's sourcing and procurement company, covers the entire supply chain. Its basic objective is to ensure transparent and fair sourcing and procurement processes and contracts. One of its key resources is the code of conduct for suppliers. In 2016, Erste Group Procurement received the CIPS Ethics Mark, a certification awarded by the Chartered Institute of Procurement and Supply (CIPS). This distinction is presented to companies that are committed to maintaining high procurement standards and ensure this by offering appropriate training to their employees.

#### **Employees**

Retaining experienced and engaged employees is fundamental to the long-term success of any company. Erste Group – as one of the largest employers in the region – therefore aims to maintain its position as an employer of choice in Central and Eastern Europe. To secure the various aspects of diversity among its workforce, the position of a Group Diversity Manager was established within the Group Sustainability Office.

The obligations under the *Nestor Gold Charta* on generation management signed in 2015 have been implemented by means of an extensive programme and were formally recognised by an award presented by the Austrian Minister for Social Affairs. The Anti-Discrimination Officer likewise had a successful first year of service in which she was able to develop and implement awareness-raising and preventative action.

Erste Group regards supporting the development of its employees' professional and social skills as a top priority to ensure that employees are well prepared to perform their duties professionally and in a socially responsible manner. The Erste Leadership Evolution Centre structures group-wide leadership development offerings. Erste Group also offers university graduates a very attractive career start with its Group Graduate Programme.

The focus of the remuneration policy is on an appropriate balance in rewarding the performance, competence and level of responsibility of employees and keeping a sustainable personnel cost base. Erste Group's remuneration system is consistent, competitive and transparent. The remuneration schemes comply with respective international and national regulations.

Erste Group actively seeks to help its employees in identifying and managing health risks. A multi-professional team of occupational physicians, industrial psychologists and physiotherapists assists employees in all matters of health and wellbeing.

Erste Group is pursuing the target of having 35% of positions on supervisory boards and in top management filled by women by

In 2016, Erste Group had 47,034 employees (full-time equivalents), thereof 65.4% women. At Erste Group Bank AG and at the local banks in CEE, the percentage of women in management board positions and at board minus one level stood at about 29.7%.

#### **Environment**

To improve its ecological footprint, Erste Group introduced farreaching measures to reduce its consumption of electric energy, heating energy and copy paper as well as CO<sub>2</sub> emissions. Energy saving measures have been implemented by all local banking subsidiaries. In addition, group-wide criteria have been defined for choosing providers of heating and electric energy based on their use of renewable energy.

The move to the Erste Campus took place between year-end 2015 and mid-2016. This building provides space for about 4,500 innovative workplaces and was designed with a strong focus on ecological criteria. It relies on district heating/cooling, geothermal energy and rainwater for flushing toilets and uses exclusively

energy-efficient LED systems. The Erste Campus is currently one of Vienna's most sustainable office complexes and has been awarded the DGNB platinum certificate by ÖGNI (Österreichische Gesellschaft für Nachhaltige Immobilienwirtschaft).

For a further detailed description of the non-financial environmental indicators, please refer to the chapter on the environment in the Annual Report. Paper consumption and greenhouse gas emissions are described in this section.

#### Corporate governance

The Corporate governance report is part of the annual report of Erste Group (www.erstegroup.com/investorrelations).

### CAPITAL, SHARE, VOTING AND CONTROL RIGHTS

### Disclosures pursuant to section 243a (1) UGB (Austrian Commercial Code)

With regard to the statutory disclosure requirements related to the composition of the capital as well as the class of shares, special reference is made to note 36 in the consolidated financial statements.

As of 31 December 2016, DIE ERSTE oesterreichische Spar-Casse Privatstiftung (Privatstiftung), a foundation, controls together with its partners to shareholder agreements approximately 29.46% of the shares in Erste Group Bank AG and is with 15.37% the controlling shareholder: The Privatstiftung holds 6.63% of the shares directly, the indirect participation of the Privatstiftung amounts to 8.74% of the shares held by Sparkassen Beteiligungs GmbH & Co KG, which is an affiliated undertaking of the Privatstiftung. 1.09% are held directly by Austrian savings banks respectively saving banks foundations acting together with the Privatstiftung and affiliated with Erste Group Bank AG through the Haftungsverbund. 9.92% of the subscribed capital is controlled by the Privatstiftung on the basis of a shareholder agreement with Caixabank S.A. 3.08% are held by other partners to other shareholder agreements.

Furthermore, it should be noted that Erste Group Bank AG – just as nearly all Austrian savings banks – is a member of the Haftungsverbund of Sparkassengruppe. Sparkassengruppe sees itself as an association of independent, regionally established savings banks that strives to bolster its market position by strengthening common product development, harmonising its market presence and advertising concepts, pursuing a common risk policy, engaging in co-ordinated liquidity management and applying common controlling standards.

In addition, the purpose of this scheme is:

\_ to identify any business issues of its member banks at an early stage and to provide effective assistance to its members in the resolution of business issues – this can range from offering technical assistance or giving guarantees to providing borrowed or qualifying capital and

\_ to provide customers with a deposit guarantee system that goes beyond the legal deposit guarantee requirement (section 93 et seq. of the Austrian Banking Act (BWG), which only guarantees certain types of customer deposits, by creating a suitable obligation to service the liabilities of other participating savings banks if the need arises.

Haftungsverbund GmbH is responsible for implementing such measures and analysing the business situation of every member bank of the Haftungsverbund. Overall, the participating savings banks hold a maximum stake of 49% (assuming all savings banks participate) in Haftungsverbund GmbH and Erste Group Bank AG always holds a minimum stake of 51%.

As required by the BWG, individual members of the Haftungsverbund may need to provide assistance to other members (by giving liquidity assistance, granting loans or guarantees and providing equity capital, for instance) and, in any other protection case (insolvency), to service the guaranteed customer deposits of a Haftungsverbund member. The scope of the individual services to be provided by individual Haftungsverbund members where needed is subject to an individual and general maximum limit. Any contributions made by Haftungsverbund members under the statutory deposit guarantee system pursuant to section 93 et seq. BWG are likewise counted in. The corresponding amounts are determined by Haftungsgesellschaft and communicated to members liable for contributions.

In 2013, collaboration with savings banks was further strengthened by way of an additional agreement. The purpose of the agreement concluded in 2013 and effective as of 1 January 2014 is not only to broaden the regulatory options available to Erste Group Bank AG but also to ensure compliance with point 127 of Article 4 (1) CRR and Article 113 (7) CRR with a view to allowing recognition of minority interests at consolidated level in acc. with Article 84 (6) CRR. Savings banks that are party to the agreement concluded in 2013 also include Allgemeine Sparkasse Oberösterreich, which forms an institutional protection scheme as defined under Article 113 (7) CRR with the other members of the Haftungsverbund. Owing to the new legal and supervisory requirements, the maximum limits for support mechanisms of the individual members were raised and an ex ante fund was set up. Payments to the ex-ante fund are made on a quarterly basis over a period of 10 years. In the financial statements, the payments by the individual members are recognised as participations in IPS GesbR - which has been charged with managing the ex-ante fund. There was a shift in retained earnings from untied reserves to tied reserves. On the basis of the contractual provisions, these retained earnings represent a tied reserve. These tied retained earnings may be released only if the ex-ante fund is used due to a contingency. Internally, this reserve may therefore not be used to cover a loss and, at member level, it does not qualify as capital under the definition of CRR; on a consolidated level, however, the ex-ante fund qualifies as capital.

### Additional disclosures pursuant to section 243a (1) UGB

All restrictions on voting rights or the transfer of shares, even if they are included in agreements between shareholders, insofar as they are known to the management board pursuant to section 243a (1) no. 2 UGB:

In shareholder agreements, the Privatstiftung agreed with its partners the following: Concerning the appointment of the members of the supervisory board, the partners are obliged to vote as required by the Privatstiftung. The partners can dispose of shares according to a predefined sale procedure and can purchase shares only within the quotas agreed with the Privatstiftung (of in total a maximum of 2% within 12 months); with this regulation an unwanted creeping-in according to the Takeover Act shall be prevented. In addition, the partners have committed themselves not to make a hostile takeover bid, nor to participate in a hostile takeover bid, nor to act together with a hostile bidder in any other way.

Under article 15.1 of the articles of association, for the duration of its assumption of liability for all current and future debts in the event of their default on payment, the Privatstiftung is entitled, pursuant to section 92 (9) of the Austrian Banking Act, to delegate up to one-third of the supervisory board members to be elected at the annual general meeting. Until now, the Privatstiftung has not exercised this right.

Art. 15.4 of the Articles of Association concerning the appointment and dismissal of members of the management board and the supervisory board is not directly prescribed by statutory law: A three-quarter majority of valid votes cast and a three-quarter majority of the subscribed capital represented at the meeting considering the proposal are required to pass a motion for removal of supervisory board members. The Articles of Association contain no restrictions in respect of voting rights or the transfer of shares. Art. 19.9 of the Articles of Association concerning amendments to the Articles of Association contains a provision that is not prescribed directly by statutory law: Amendments to the Articles of Association, in so far as they do not alter the business purpose, may be passed by a simple majority of votes cast and a simple majority of the subscribed capital represented at the meeting considering the amendment. Where higher majority votes are required by individual provisions of the Articles of Association, these provisions can only be amended with the same higher majority vote. Moreover, amendments to Art. 19.9 require a three-quarter majority of the votes cast and a three-quarter majority of the subscribed capital represented at the meeting considering the proposal.

### Additional disclosures pursuant to section 243a (1) no. 7 UGB

Pursuant to the following provisions, members of the management board have the right to repurchase shares, where such a right is not prescribed by statutory law.

As per decision of the annual general meeting of 12 May 2015:

- The management board is entitled to purchase up to 10% of the subscribed capital in treasury shares for trading purposes according to section 65 (1) no. 7 Austrian Stock Corporation Act (AktG). However, the trading portfolio of these shares must not exceed 5% of the subscribed capital at the end of any calendar day. The consideration for the shares to be purchased must not be less than 50% of the closing price at the Vienna Stock Exchange on the last trading day prior to the purchase and must not exceed 20% of the closing price at the Vienna Stock Exchange on the last trading day prior to the purchase. This authorisation is valid for a period of 30 months, i.e. until 11 November 2017.
- \_ The management board is entitled, pursuant to section 65 (1) no. 8 as well as (1a) and (1b) Stock Exchange Act and for a period of 30 months from the date of the resolution, i.e. until 11 November 2017, to acquire own shares of up to 10% of the subscribed capital, subject to approval by the supervisory board, with the option of making repeated use of the 10% limit, either at the stock exchange or over the counter, likewise to the exclusion of the shareholders' right to tender proportional payment. The authorisation may be exercised in whole or in part or in several instalments and in pursuit of one or more purposes. The market price per share must not be below EUR 2.00 or above EUR 120.00. Pursuant to section 65 (1b) in conjunction with sec. 171 Stock Corporation Act, the management board is authorised, from the date of the resolution, i.e. until 11 May 2020, on approval by the supervisory board, to sell or use the company's own shares, also by means other than the stock exchange or a public offering for any purpose allowed by the law, particularly as consideration for the acquisition and financing of the acquisition of companies, businesses, business divisions or shares in one or more businesses in Austria or abroad to the exclusion of the shareholders' proportional purchase option. The authorisation may be exercised in whole or in part or in several instalments and in pursuit of one or more purposes. The management board is authorised to redeem own shares subject to the supervisory board's approval without requiring the annual general meeting to adopt any further resolution.

The management board is authorised until 28 June 2017, with the consent of the supervisory board, to issue convertible bonds, which have the conversion or subscription right for shares of the Company, observing or excluding the subscription rights of the shareholders. The terms and conditions may, in addition or instead of a conversion or subscription right, also provide for the mandatory conversion at the end of the term or at any other time. The issuance of the convertible bonds is limited to the extent that all conversion or subscription rights and, in the case of a mandatory conversion stipulated in terms and conditions, the mandatory conversion, are covered by conditional capital. The issue amount, the terms and conditions of the issue of the convertible bonds and the exclusion of the subscription rights for the shareholders will be determined by the management board with the consent of the supervisory board.

Concerning the authorised and conditional capital we are referring to the information given in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements. All sales and purchases were carried out as authorised at the annual general meeting.

### Significant agreements pursuant to section 243 a (1) no. 8 UGB

The following paragraphs list important agreements to which the company is party and which become effective, are amended or are rendered ineffective when there is a change in the control of the company as a result of a takeover bid, as well as their effects:

#### Haftungsverbund

The agreement in principle of the Haftungsverbund provides for the possibility of early cancellation for good cause. Good cause allowing the respective other contracting parties to cancel the agreement is deemed to exist if

- one contracting party harms grossly the duties resulting from present agreement
- \_ the ownership structure of a party to the contract changes in such a way – particularly by transfer or capital increase – that one or more third parties from outside the savings banks sector directly and/or indirectly gain a majority of the equity capital or voting rights in the contracting party or
- \_ one contracting party resigns from the savings banks sector irrespective of the reason.

The Haftungsverbund agreement in principle and supplementary agreement expire if and as soon as any entity that is not a member of the savings bank sector association acquires more than 25% of the voting power or equity capital of Erste Group Bank AG in any manner whatsoever and a member savings bank notifies the Haftungsverbund steering company and Erste Group Bank AG by registered letter within 12 weeks from the change of control that it intends to withdraw from the Haftungsverbund.

#### Directors and officers insurance

Changes in controlling interests

In the event that any of the following transactions or processes occur during the term of the insurance policy (each constituting a "change of control") in respect of the insured party:

- \_ the insured party ceases to exist as a result of merger or consolidation, unless the merger or consolidation occurs between two insured parties, or
- another company, person or group of companies or persons acting in concert who are not insured parties, acquire more than 50% of the insured party's outstanding equity or more than 50% of its voting power (giving rise to the right to control the voting power represented by the shares, and the right to appoint the management board members of the insured party), then the insurance cover under this policy remains in full force and effect for claims relating to unlawful acts committed or alleged to have been committed before this change in control took effect. However, no insurance cover is provided for claims relating to unlawful acts committed or allegedly committed after that time (unless the insured party and insur-

er agree otherwise). The premium for this insurance cover is deemed to be completely earned.

In the event that a subsidiary ceases to be a subsidiary during the insurance period, the insurance cover under this policy shall remain in full force and effect for that entity for the remainder of the insurance period or (if applicable) until the end of the extended discovery period but only in respect of claims brought against an insured party in relation to unlawful acts committed or alleged to have been committed by the insured party during the existence of this entity as a subsidiary. No insurance cover is provided for claims brought against an insured party in relation to unlawful acts committed or allegedly committed after this entity ceased to exist.

### Cooperation between Erste Group Bank AG and Vienna Insurance Group ("VIG")

Erste Group Bank AG and Vienna Insurance Group AG Wiener Versicherung Gruppe (VIG) are parties to a General Distribution Agreement concerning the framework of the cooperation of Erste Group and VIG in Austria and CEE with respect to bank and insurance products. In the event of a change of control of Erste Group Bank AG, VIG has the right to terminate the General Distribution Agreement and, in the event of a change of control of VIG, Erste Group Bank AG has a reciprocal right. A change of control is defined, with respect to Erste Group Bank AG, as the acquisition of Erste Group Bank AG by any entity other than DIE ERSTE österreichische Spar-Casse Privatstiftung or Austrian savings banks of 50% plus one share of Erste Group Bank AG's voting shares and, with respect to VIG, as the acquisition of VIG by any entity other than Wiener Städtische Wechselseitiger Versicherungsverein-Vermögensverwaltung-Vienna Insurance Group of 50% plus one share of VIG's voting shares. If VIG elects to terminate the General Distribution Agreement after a change of control of Erste Group Bank AG has occurred, it may choose to ask for a reduction of the original purchase price that it and its group companies have paid for the shares in the CEE insurance companies of Erste Group. The rebate corresponds to the difference between the purchase price and the embedded value and is reduced to zero on a linear scale from 26 March 2013 to 16 March 2018.

Erste Group Bank AG and VIG are furthermore parties to an Asset Management Agreement, pursuant to which Erste Group undertakes to manage certain parts of VIG's and its group companies' securities assets. In the event of a change of control (as defined above), each party has a termination right. If Erste Group Bank AG elects to terminate the Asset Management Agreement following such a change of control of VIG because the new controlling shareholders of VIG no longer support the Agreement, it may choose to ask for a full refund of the purchase price that it has paid for 95% of Ringturm Kapitalanlagegesellschaft m.b.H., the asset management company performing the services under the Asset Management Agreement. The refund decreases on a linear scale down to zero from October 2013 to October 2018.

## INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FOR THE GROUP FINANCIAL REPORTING PROCEDURES

#### **Control environment**

The management board is responsible for the establishment, structure and application of an appropriate internal control and risk management system that meets the company's needs in its group accounting procedures.

The management in each group unit is responsible for implementing group-wide instructions. Compliance with group rules is monitored as part of the audits performed by internal and local auditors.

Consolidated financial statements are prepared by the Group Consolidation department. The assignment of powers, the process description and the necessary control procedure are defined in the operating instructions.

#### Risks relating to the financial reporting procedures

The main risk in the financial reporting procedures is that errors or deliberate action (fraud) prevent facts from adequately reflecting the company's financial position and performance. This is the case whenever the data provided in the financial statements and notes is essentially inconsistent with the correct figures, i.e. whenever, alone or in aggregate, they are apt to influence the decisions made by the users of financial statements. Such a decision may incur serious damage, such as financial loss, the imposition of sanctions by the banking supervisor or reputational harm.

Furthermore, especially estimates for the determination of the fair value of financial instruments for which no reliable market value is available, estimates for the accounting of risk provisions for loans and advances and for provisions, complex measurement requirements for accounting as well as a difficult business environment bear the risk of significant financial reporting errors.

#### Controls

Group Accounting and Group Performance Management are responsible for group reporting and report to Erste Group's CFO. Erste Group issues group policies used for preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS. A summary description of the accounting process is provided in Erste Group's IFRS Accounting Manual. All transactions have to be recorded, posted and accounted for in accordance with the accounting and measurement methods set out in this manual. The management of each subsidiary is responsible for the implementation of group policies. The basic components of the internal control system (ICS) at Erste Group are:

Controlling as a permanent financial/business analysis (e.g. comparison of target and actual data between Accounting and Controlling) and control of the company and/or individual corporate divisions.

- \_ Systemic, automatic control systems and measures in the formal procedure and structure, e.g. programmed controls during data processing.
- Principles of functional separation and checks performed by a second person (the four-eye principle).
- Internal Audit as a separate organisational unit is charged with monitoring all corporate divisions in an independent yet proximate manner, particularly with regard to the effectiveness of the components of the internal control system. The Internal Audit unit is monitored and/or checked by the management board, the audit committee/supervisory board, by external parties (bank supervisor, in individual cases also by an external auditor) as well as through audit's internal quality assurance measures (self-assessments, peer reviews).

#### **Group Consolidation**

The data provided by the group entities is checked for plausibility by the Group Consolidation department. The subsequent consolidation steps are then performed using the consolidation system (TAGETIK). These include consolidation of capital, expense and income consolidation, and debt consolidation. Lastly, possible intragroup gains are eliminated. At the end of the consolidation process, the notes to the financial statements are prepared in accordance with IFRS, BWG and UGB.

The consolidated financial statements and the group management report are reviewed by the audit committee of the supervisory board and are also presented to the supervisory board for approval. They are published as part of the annual report, on Erste Group's website and in the Official Journal of Wiener Zeitung and finally filed with the Commercial Register.

#### Information and communication

Each year, the annual report shows the consolidated results in the form of a complete set of consolidated financial statements. In addition, the management summary provides verbal comments on the consolidated results in accordance with the statutory requirements. Throughout the year, the group produces consolidated monthly reports for group management. Statutory interim reports are produced that conform to the provisions of IAS 34 and are also published quarterly in accordance with the Austrian Stock Corporation Act. Before publication, the consolidated financial statements are presented to senior managers and the Chief Financial Officer for final approval and then submitted to the supervisory board's audit committee.

Reporting is almost fully automated, based on source systems and automated interfaces, and guarantees up-to-date data for controlling, segment reporting and other analyses. Accounting information is derived from the same data source and is reconciled monthly for reporting purposes. Close collaboration between accounting and controlling permits continual target/actual comparisons for control and reconciliation purposes. Monthly and quarterly reports to the management board and the supervisory

board ensure a regular flow of financial information and monitoring of the internal control system.

#### **Responsibilities of Internal Audit**

Internal Audit is in charge of auditing and evaluating all areas of the bank based on risk-oriented audit areas (according to the annual audit plan as approved by the management board and reported to the audit committee). The main focus of audit reviews is to monitor the completeness and functionality of the internal control system. Internal Audit has the duty of reporting its findings to the group's management board, supervisory board and audit committee several times within one year.

According to section 42 BWG, Internal Audit is a control body that is directly subordinate to the management board. Its sole purpose is to comprehensively verify the lawfulness, propriety and expediency of the banking business and banking operation on an on-going basis. The mandate of Internal Audit is therefore to support the management board in its efforts to secure the bank's assets and promote economic and operational performance and thus in the management board's pursuit of its business and operating policy. The activities of Internal Audit are governed in particular by the currently applicable Rules of Procedure, which were drawn up under the authority of all management board members and approved as well as implemented by them. The Rules of Procedure are reviewed on a regular basis and whenever required and adapted should the need arise.

#### **Audit activities of Internal Audit**

In its auditing activities, Internal Audit puts a special focus on:

- Operating and business areas of the bank;
- Operating and business processes of the bank;
- \_ Internal bank standards (policies, guidelines, operating instructions), also with regard to their compliance and up-todateness:
- \_ Audit areas stipulated by the law as they inter alia result from the rules of the Austrian Banking Act (BWG) and the Capital Requirements Regulation (CRR).

Internal Audit performs its responsibilities based on its own discretion and in compliance with the annual audit plan as approved by the management board. Once approved, the audit plan is also reported to the audit committee.

Vienna, 28 February 2017

#### Management board

| Andreas Treichl mp | Willibald Cernko mp    |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| Chairman           | Member                 |
| Peter Bosek mp     | Gernot Mittendorfer mp |
| Member             | Member                 |
| Petr Brávek mp     | Jozef Síkela mp        |
| Member             | Member                 |



## **Segments**

#### Introduction

Erste Group's segment reporting is based on IFRS 8 Operating Segments, which adopts the management approach. Accordingly, segment information is prepared on the basis of internal management reporting that is regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision-maker to assess the performance of the segments and make decisions regarding the allocation of resources. Within Erste Group, the function of the chief operating decision-maker is exercised by the management board.

Following a strategic review related to Erste Group's operating segments and the method used for capital allocation to the segments, changes were introduced in the segment reporting from 1 January 2016. To ensure comparability Erste Group has adjusted the segment reporting for all quarters of the financial year 2015. Details of the new segmentation were published on 14 April 2016 at www.erstegroup.com.

The tables and information in this chapter provide a brief overview and focus on selected and summarised items. For more details, please see Note 37. Additional information is available in Excel format at www.erstegroup.com/en/investors/reports/financial\_reports.

Operating income consists of net interest income, net fee and commission income, net trading and fair value result as well as dividend income, net result from equity method investments and rental income from investment properties & other operating leases. The latter three listed items are not separately disclosed in the tables below. Operating expenses equal the position general administrative expenses. Operating result is the net amount of operating income and operating expenses. Risk provisions for loans and receivables are included in the position net impairment loss on financial assets. Other result summarises the positions other operating result and gains/losses from financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss. Cost/income ratio is calculated as operating expenses in relation to operating income. The return on allocated equity is defined as the net result after tax/before minorities in relation to the average allocated equity.

## **Business segments**

Retail

# Corporates Group Markets Asset/Liability Management & Local Corporate Center Savings Banks Group Corporate Center Intragroup Elimination

The **Retail** segment comprises the business with private individuals, micros and free professionals within the responsibility of account managers in the retail network. This business is operated by the local banks in cooperation with their subsidiaries such as leasing and asset management companies with a focus on simple products ranging from mortgage and consumer loans, investment products, current accounts, savings products to credit cards and cross selling products such as leasing, insurance and building society products.

The **Corporates** segment comprises business activities with corporate customers of different turnover size (small and medium-sized enterprises, Local Large Corporate and Group Large Corporate customers) as well as commercial real estate and public sector business. Small and medium-sized enterprises are customers within the responsibility of the local corporate commercial center network, in general companies with an annual turnover ranging from EUR 0.7 million - EUR 3 million to EUR 25 million - EUR 75 million, the thresholds vary by country. Local

Large Corporate customers are local corporates with a consolidated annual turnover exceeding a defined threshold between EUR 25 million to EUR 75 million, depending on the country, which are not defined as Group Large Corporate customers. Group Large Corporate customers are corporate customers/client groups with substantial operations in core markets of Erste Group with a consolidated annual turnover of generally at least EUR 500 million. Commercial Real Estate (CRE) covers business with real estate investors generating income from the rental of individual properties or portfolios of properties, project developers generating capital gains through sale, asset management services, construction services (applicable only for EGI) and own development for business purpose. Public Sector comprises business activities with three types of customers: public sector, public corporations and the non-profit sector.

The **Group Markets (GM)** segment comprises trading and markets services as well as customer business with financial institutions. It includes all activities related to the trading books of Erste Group, including the execution of trade, market making and short-term liquidity management. In addition, it comprises business connected with servicing financial institutions as clients including custody, depository services, commercial business (loans, cash management, trade & export finance).

The Asset/Liability Management & Local Corporate Center (ALM & LCC) segment includes all asset/liability management functions – local and of Erste Group Bank AG (Holding) – as well as the local corporate centers which comprise internal service

providers that operate on a non-profit basis and reconciliation items to local entity results. The corporate center of Erste Group Bank AG is included in the Group Corporate Center segment.

The **Savings Banks** segment includes those savings banks which are members of the Haftungsverbund (cross-guarantee system) of the Austrian savings banks sector and in which Erste Group does not hold a majority stake but which are fully controlled according to IFRS 10. The fully or majority owned Erste Bank Oesterreich, Tiroler Sparkasse, Salzburger Sparkasse and Sparkasse Hainburg are not part of the Savings Banks segment.

The **Group Corporate Center (GCC)** segment covers mainly centrally managed activities and items that are not directly allocated to other segments. It comprises the corporate center of Erste Group Bank AG (and thus dividends and the refinancing costs from participations, general administrative expenses), non-profit internal service providers (facility management, IT, procurement), the banking tax of Erste Group Bank AG as well as free capital of Erste Group (defined as the difference of the total average IFRS equity and the average economical equity allocated to the segments).

**Intragroup Elimination (IC)** is not defined as a segment but is the reconciliation to the consolidated accounting result. It includes all intragroup eliminations between participations of Erste Group (e.g. intragroup funding, internal cost charges). Intragroup eliminations within partial groups are disclosed in the respective segments.

#### **RETAIL**

#### **Financial review**

| in EUR million                                  | 2015     | 2016     | Change |
|---|----------|----------|--------|
| Net interest income                             | 2,211.5  | 2,198.2  | -0.6%  |
| Net fee and commission income                   | 1,012.8  | 958.4    | -5.4%  |
| Net trading and fair value result               | 82.6     | 98.5     | 19.2%  |
| Operating income                                | 3,341.3  | 3,286.3  | -1.6%  |
| Operating expenses                              | -1,859.5 | -1,892.8 | 1.8%   |
| Operating result                                | 1,481.7  | 1,393.5  | -6.0%  |
| Cost/income ratio                               | 55.7%    | 57.6%    |        |
| Net impairment loss on financial assets         | -291.9   | -19.1    | -93.5% |
| Other result                                    | -278.3   | -110.8   | -60.2% |
| Net result attributable to owners of the parent | 719.6    | 964.6    | 34.1%  |
| Return on allocated capital                     | 29.3%    | 42.0%    |        |

The net interest income remained almost stable despite a negative impact of the consumer loan law in Hungary as well as lower margins from lending business and unwinding in Romania. These developments were mitigated by higher loan volumes in Slovakia and the Czech Republic as well as an increased contribution from Austria and the deposit business in Croatia. Net fee and commission income decreased primarily due to lower card and current account maintenance fees in the Czech Republic, lower securities fees in Austria as well as lower fees from card business in Slovakia. Net trading and fair value result went up as the negative impact of the Swiss franc exchange rate fixing for retail loans

required by legislation in Croatia in 2015 did not recur. In addition, net trading and fair value result improved in the Czech Republic. Operating expenses increased primarily due to higher deposit insurance contributions in Austria and Hungary as well as higher IT and personnel expenses. Operating result thus declined, the cost/income ratio went up. The significant improvement of net impairment loss on financial assets was driven by lower risk costs in Hungary, Croatia and Romania due to portfolio quality improvement. Risk costs also decreased markedly in the Czech Republic. Other result improved significantly due to the non-recurrence of last year provisions for Swiss franc loan conversion

in the amount of EUR 129.5 million in Croatia. This line item also included selling gains on property in Austria. Overall, the net result attributable to the owners of the parent went up.

#### **Credit risk**

Credit risk exposure in the Retail segment rose strongly to EUR 54.0 billion (+4.5%). The customer loan portfolio increased to EUR 48.5 billion (+EUR 2.0 billion). The share of the retail business in Erste Group's total customer loans increased to 35.8% (35.2%). The collateralisation ratio, which reflects the ratio of

collateral to loan volume, was significantly higher at 63.7% (61.4%). The quality of the retail customer loan portfolio improved again substantially. Non-performing loans as a percentage of total retail customer loans decreased to 4.0% (5.6%) at yearend. In terms of the NPL ratio, this segment continued to feature the highest quality of all business segments with a significant loan portfolio. In addition to a major migration to better risk classes of performing loans, non-performing loans declined by EUR 667 million. The share of low-risk loans as a percentage of total retail customer loans rose to 84.6% (81.7%).

#### **CORPORATES**

#### **Financial review**

| 2015    | 2016  | Change   |
|---------|---|--|
| 1,004.4 | 1,015.6   | 1.1%   |
| 262.9   | 259.1   | -1.4%  |
| 79.3    | 91.7  | 15.7%  |
| 1,457.4 | 1,504.7   | 3.3%   |
| -552.4  | -562.4  | 1.8%   |
| 905.0   | 942.4   | 4.1%   |
| 37.9%   | 37.4%   |  |
| -321.1  | -61.9   | -80.7%   |
| -22.7   | -10.2   | -55.3%   |
| 417.0   | 653.0   | 56.6%  |
| 13.3%   | 22.3%   |  |
|         | 1,004.4<br>262.9<br>79.3<br>1,457.4<br>905.0<br>37.9%<br>-321.1<br>-22.7<br>417.0 | 1,004.4 1,015.6 262.9 259.1 79.3 91.7 1,457.4 1,504.7 -552.4 -562.4 905.0 942.4 37.9% 37.4% -321.1 -61.9 -22.7 -10.2 417.0 653.0 |

Net interest income increased primarily due to the positive business development in Austria. Net fee and commission income declined due to the non-recurrence of several one-off effects in the Large Corporate business of the Holding. The improved net trading and fair value result was attributable to derivative valuation effects in the Czech Republic. Although operating expenses increased due to higher project costs and the first time consolidation of a real estate developer entity in Austria, the cost/income ratio went down. The net impairment loss on financial assets declined substantially on the back of significantly lower risk provisions in the Holding and Croatia. The other result improved due to lower provisions for contingent credit risk liabilities. The banking tax increased to EUR 7.6 million (3.9 million) due to a one-off payment in the amount of EUR 4.6 million in Austria. Consequently, the net result attributable to the owners of the parent improved notably.

#### **Credit risk**

Credit risk exposure in the Corporates segment rose by EUR 1.0 billion to EUR 61.4 billion (+1.7%) at year-end. Loans to customers, by contrast, slightly declined to EUR 44.7 billion (-EUR 282 million). As a percentage of Erste Group's total loans to customers, they decreased to 33.1% (34.1%). The difference between credit risk exposure and the customer loan portfolio in the Corporates segment is primarily due to a large volume of guarantees and unused loan commitments. Active management of non-performing loans by restructuring, write-downs and sales resulted in a significant improvement of loan quality in the Corporates segment. The NPL ratio dropped to 6.1% (9.9%). The share of low risk loans rose substantially to 84.3% (78.4%).

#### **GROUP MARKETS**

#### Financial review

| 2015   | 2016  | Change   |
|--------|---|--|
| 221.8  | 212.1   | -4.4%  |
| 198.6  | 203.7   | 2.6%   |
| 65.9   | 96.9  | 47.0%  |
| 488.2  | 515.1   | 5.5%   |
| -225.6 | -223.4  | -1.0%  |
| 262.5  | 291.7   | 11.1%  |
| 46.2%  | 43.4%   |  |
| 13.1   | 11.4  | -12.4%   |
| -5.1   | 4.9   | n/a  |
| 209.3  | 235.6   | 12.5%  |
| 30.5%  | 37.6%   |  |
|        | 221.8 198.6 65.9 488.2 -225.6 262.5 46.2% 13.1 -5.1 209.3 | 221.8     212.1       198.6     203.7       65.9     96.9       488.2     515.1       -225.6     -223.4       262.5     291.7       46.2%     43.4%       13.1     11.4       -5.1     4.9       209.3     235.6 |

Net interest income decreased primarily due to the generally low interest rate environment and lower margins on loans granted to financial institutions. Net fee and commission income increased on the back of higher investment funds related fees. The increase in net trading and fair value result was attributable to positive market developments affecting fixed income, money market and

credit trading products. Therefore, operating income increased. As operating expenses decreased, this led to an improvement in operating result and the cost/income ratio. Other result improved due to the resolution of a claim. Overall, net result attributable to the owners of the parent increased.

#### ASSET/LIABILITY MANAGEMENT & LOCAL CORPORATE CENTER

#### Financial review

| in EUR million                                  | 2015   | 2016   | Change |
|---|--------|--------|--------|
| Net interest income                             | 34.3   | -93.7  | n/a    |
| Net fee and commission income                   | -44.4  | -64.4  | 45.0%  |
| Net trading and fair value result               | -62.1  | -22.5  | -63.7% |
| Operating income                                | -35.4  | -135.2 | 281.7% |
| Operating expenses                              | -86.1  | -117.3 | 36.3%  |
| Operating result                                | -121.5 | -252.5 | 107.8% |
| Cost/income ratio                               | >100%  | -86.8% |        |
| Net impairment loss on financial assets         | -5.3   | -9.6   | 82.6%  |
| Other result                                    | -144.8 | -28.2  | -80.5% |
| Net result attributable to owners of the parent | -216.7 | -214.4 | -1.0%  |
| Return on allocated capital                     | -9.8%  | -9.6%  |        |

Net interest income declined considerably mainly due to lower ALM contribution on the back of an unfavourable yield curve development. The decrease in net fee and commission income was primarily related to lower fee income in Erste Bank Oesterreich. Net trading and fair value result improved mainly due to valuation effects of derivatives. The increase in operating expenses was attributable to higher IT costs in Slovakia and the first-time depreciation of the new headquarters in Vienna. Overall, operating

result deteriorated. Other result improved as the selling gain of the shares in VISA Europe (EUR 138.7 million) and the reduction of the banking tax in Hungary offset the temporarily higher Austrian banking tax due to a one-off payment in the amount of EUR 25.4 million preceding a significant reduction of future annual banking tax payments. The net result attributable to the owners of the parent was almost unchanged.

#### **SAVINGS BANKS**

#### Financial review

| 2015<br>929.7<br>439.3<br>3.1 | 2016<br>955.8<br>429.7                                      | 2.8%<br>-2.2%   |
|-------------------------------|---|---|
| 439.3                         | 429.7   |   |
|                               |   | -2.2%   |
| 3.1                           | F 0   |   |
|                               | 5.3   | 68.9%   |
| 1,435.3                       | 1,446.0   | 0.7%  |
| -966.0                        | -1,021.8  | 5.8%  |
| 469.3                         | 424.2   | -9.6%   |
| 67.3%                         | 70.7%   |   |
| -83.6                         | -54.2   | -35.1%  |
| 6.3                           | -56.8   | n/a   |
| 41.6                          | 34.1  | -18.2%  |
| 14.3%                         | 9.3%  |   |
|                               | 1,435.3<br>-966.0<br>469.3<br>67.3%<br>-83.6<br>6.3<br>41.6 | 1,435.3 1,446.0 -966.0 -1,021.8 469.3 424.2 67.3% 70.7% -83.6 -54.2 6.3 -56.8 41.6 34.1 |

The increase in net interest income was attributable to loan growth and the repricing of deposits due to the persistent low interest rate environment. Net fee and commission income declined mainly due to lower fees from securities and insurance business. Net trading and fair value result improved on the back of positive derivatives valuation. Operating expenses went up due to the contribution to the deposit insurance fund of EUR 24.2 million (EUR 12.2 million – in 2015, the first payment was due only in the second half of the year) as well as higher personnel and IT expenses. Therefore, operating result decreased, the cost/income ratio went up. Net impairment loss on financial

assets decreased. Other result deteriorated due to valuation effects and due to the selling gain on AfS securities in 2015. Banking tax increased to EUR 47.0 million (EUR 15.0 million) on the back of a one-off payment of EUR 32.6 million preceding a significant reduction of future annual banking tax payments The payment into the resolution fund increased to EUR 8.5 million (EUR 8.0 million). Overall, the net result attributable to owners of the parent decreased.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk exposure in the Savings Banks segment increased to EUR 56.1 billion (55.1 billion) while loans to customers advanced to EUR 40.6 billion (+3.3%; EUR 39.3 billion). Their share in total customer loans amounted to 30.0% (29.8%) at year-end. Robust growth was particularly registered in lending to private households (+5.2%). Their share in the Savings Banks' total customer loan portfolio increased to 38.3% (37.6%). Lending to freelance professionals, other self-employed persons and small businesses declined by 1.7%. At 16.2% of total loans, the share of this customer seg-

ment was again significantly larger than at Erste Group's subsidiaries in Central and Eastern Europe. This reflects the structure of Austria's economy with a very high share of small and medium-sized enterprises compared with other countries. Swiss franc denominated foreign-currency loans declined further to EUR 3.0 billion (-EUR 543 million). The trend towards higher collateralisation of loans continued. The quality of the loan portfolio was again very solid. Non-performing loans as a percentage of total loans to customers decreased by 0.7 percentage points to 4.9%. The development was especially positive among corporate customers.

#### **GROUP CORPORATE CENTER**

#### **Financial review**

| 2015    | 2016   | Change  |
|---------|--|---|
| 66.2    | 77.4   | 16.9%   |
| 18.3    | 6.4  | -64.9%  |
| 12.4    | 2.0  | -84.0%  |
| 129.3   | 112.0  | -13.4%  |
| -689.5  | -871.5   | 26.4%   |
| -560.2  | -759.4   | 35.6%   |
| >100.0% | >100.0%  |   |
| -40.4   | -62.2  | 54.2%   |
| 375.8   | 307.3  | -18.2%  |
| -202.7  | -408.1   | >100.0%   |
| -5.0%   | -7.2%  |   |
|         | 66.2<br>18.3<br>12.4<br>129.3<br>-689.5<br>-560.2<br>>100.0%<br>-40.4<br>375.8 | 66.2     77.4       18.3     6.4       12.4     2.0       129.3     112.0       -689.5     -871.5       -560.2     -759.4       >100.0%     >100.0%       -40.4     -62.2       375.8     307.3       -202.7     -408.1 |

The increase in net interest income almost fully offset lower net fee and commission income. Net trading and fair value result decreased due to valuation effects. The increase in operating expenses was mainly due to higher IT expenses and costs related to the move into the new headquarters in Vienna. Other result declined significantly due to the higher Austrian banking tax. The one-off payment of

EUR 138.3 million precedes a significant reduction of future annual banking tax payments in Austria. This line item also included a partial impairment of the goodwill in Slovenská sporiteľňa in the amount of EUR 61.3 million. Consequently, the net result attributable to the owners of the parent declined.

### **Geographical segments**

For the purpose of segment reporting by geographical areas, the information is presented based on the location of the booking entity (not the country of risk). In the case of information regarding a partial group, the allocation is based on the location of the respective parent entity according to the local management responsibility.

Geographical areas are defined according to the country markets in which Erste Group operates. Based on the locations of the banking and other financial institution participations, the geographical areas consist of two core markets, Austria and Central and Eastern Europe and a residual segment Other that comprises the remaining business activities of Erste Group outside its core markets as well as the reconciliation to the consolidated accounting result.



The geographical area **Austria** consists of the following three segments:

- The **Erste Bank Oesterreich & Subsidiaries** (EBOe & Subsidiaries) segment comprises Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG (Erste Bank Oesterreich) and its main subsidiaries (e.g. sBausparkasse, Salzburger Sparkasse, Tiroler Sparkasse, Sparkasse Hainburg).
- \_ The Savings Banks segment is identical to the business segment Savings Banks.
- \_ The Other Austria segment comprises Erste Group Bank AG (Holding) with its Corporates and Group Markets business, Erste Group Immorent AG and Erste Asset Management GmbH.

The geographical area **Central and Eastern Europe (CEE)** consists of six segments covering Erste Group's banking subsidiaries located in the respective CEE countries:

- \_ Czech Republic (comprising Česká spořitelna Group)
- \_ **Slovakia** (comprising Slovenská sporiteľňa Group)
- Romania (comprising Banca Comercială Română Group)
- \_ **Hungary** (comprising Erste Bank Hungary Group)
- \_ Croatia (comprising Erste Bank Croatia Group) and
- \_ **Serbia** (comprising Erste Bank Serbia Group)

The residual segment **Other** covers mainly centrally managed activities and items that are not directly allocated to other segments. It comprises the corporate center of Erste Group Bank AG (and thus dividends and the refinancing costs from participations, general administrative expenses), internal non-profit service providers (facility management, IT, procurement), the banking tax of Erste Group Bank AG as well as free capital of Erste Group (defined as the difference of the total average IFRS equity and the average economical equity allocated to the segments). Asset/Liability Management of Erste Group Bank AG as well as the reconciliation to the consolidated accounting result (e.g. intercompany eliminations, dividend eliminations) are also part of the segment Other.

#### **Austria**

#### **Economic review**

The developed and open economy of Austria is well diversified across sectors, benefitting from a high value adding industrial base, well educated workforce, and a strong service sector. In terms of GDP per capita of 40,000, the country remained one of the richest countries in the euro zone. Economic growth in 2016 was mainly driven by domestic demand, which benefitted from higher consumer confidence, low inflation and an increase in disposable income. The income tax reform came into force in the beginning of 2016 and contributed to an increase in private consumption. Imports increased on the back of stronger demand for investment goods, while net exports declined. Although the unemployment rate increased further, reaching 6.0%, it was still low compared to the euro zone average. Overall, real GDP grew by 1.5%.

Political stability prevailed throughout the year, irrespective of changes in the government and presidential elections. In May, the chancellor resigned and the Social Democrats nominated the successor. Presidential elections were held in December. Austria kept its general government deficit at a relatively low level of 1.4% in 2016. Revenues were positively impacted by strong increase in tax revenues, while expenditures increased only moderately. Public debt as a percentage of GDP decreased and stood at 83.2%, still high compared to most of the CEE countries. Despite these improvements, in June 2016 Moody's downgraded Austria's long-term credit rating to Aa1 from Aaa, while the outlook was changed from negative to stable. Standard & Poor's and Fitch kept their ratings at AA+ with a stable outlook.

Although inflation was higher than the average in the euro zone, it remained well under control throughout the year. Inflation was impacted by an increase of the household's disposable income following the tax reform. The price increase in the service sector was most pronounced in tourism. Property prices continued to

rise moderately, mainly driven by high demand in real estate and construction. Overall, average consumer prices increased by 1.0. After keeping the base rate at 0.05% throughout 2015, the Euro-

pean Central Bank cut the main interest rate to zero in March 2016 as part of its effort to boost growth in the euro zone.

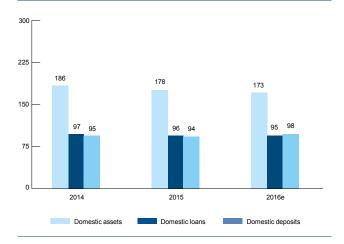
| 2013  | 2014  | 2015  | 2016e  |
|-------|---|---|--|
| 8.5   | 8.5   | 8.6   | 8.7  |
| 322.6 | 330.4   | 339.9   | 348.4  |
| 38.2  | 38.8  | 39.6  | 40.1   |
| 0.1   | 0.6   | 1.0   | 1.5  |
| 0.1   | 0.0   | 0.0   | 1.5  |
| 39.0  | 39.5  | 40.1  | 40.2   |
| 40.5  | 40.7  | 41.2  | 41.7   |
| 5.4   | 5.6   | 5.7   | 6.0  |
| 2.1   | 1.5   | 0.8   | 1.0  |
| 0.3   | 0.1   | 0.0   | -0.3   |
| 1.0   | 1.0   | 1.0   | 1.0  |
| 1.0   | 1.0   | 1.0   | 1.0  |
| 2.0   | 2.4   | 1.8   | 2.4  |
| -1.3  | -2.7  | -1.0  | -1.4   |
|       | 8.5<br>322.6<br>38.2<br>0.1<br>0.1<br>39.0<br>40.5<br>5.4<br>2.1<br>0.3<br>1.0<br>1.0 | 8.5     8.5       322.6     330.4       38.2     38.8       0.1     0.6       0.1     0.0       39.0     39.5       40.5     40.7       5.4     5.6       2.1     1.5       0.3     0.1       1.0     1.0       1.0     1.0       2.0     2.4 | 8.5     8.5     8.6       322.6     330.4     339.9       38.2     38.8     39.6       0.1     0.6     1.0       0.1     0.0     0.0       39.0     39.5     40.1       40.5     40.7     41.2       5.4     5.6     5.7       2.1     1.5     0.8       0.3     0.1     0.0       1.0     1.0     1.0       1.0     1.0     1.0       2.0     2.4     1.8 |

Source: Erste Group

#### **Market review**

The Austrian banking market, with total assets of 239% of GDP in 2016, is a highly competitive and developed banking market and remained among the most fragmented ones in Europe. The market continued to be characterised by significantly lower margins than in CEE but benefitted from its traditionally low risk costs. Challenges to profitability persisted in the form of relatively high costs compared to banking markets in CEE and the one-off banking tax payment in the fourth quarter of 2016. Growth rates remained low throughout the year, customer loans expanded by 1.8% and deposits increased by 6.4%. The banking system's loan-to deposit-ratio ratio stood at 97.2%.

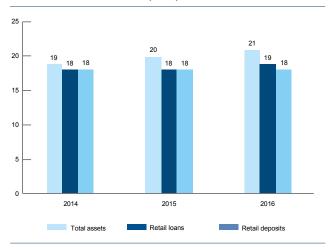
#### Financial intermediation - Austria (in % of GDP)



Source: Oesterreichische Nationalbank, Erste Group

The annual banking tax remained unchanged at a high level. In December 2016, the parliament approved the government's pro posal to lower the banking levy to around one fifth from 2017 onwards. As part of an agreement with the government, the banks agreed to pay an additional one-time contribution of approximately EUR 1 billion banking levy, which the state plans to spend on education, research and infrastructure.

#### Market shares - Austria (in %)



Source: Oesterreichische Nationalbank (data as of Q3 2016), Erste Group

Erste Bank Oesterreich and the savings banks have a very strong market position in the Austrian market. The three largest banks of the Austrian market continued to have a combined market share of approximately 60% in customer loans and deposits. The market share of Erste Bank Oesterreich and the savings banks in terms of total assets stood at 21% at the end of the year. Based on their balanced business models, Erste Bank Oesterreich and the savings banks maintained their market shares between 18% and 20% in both retail and corporate segments.

## ERSTE BANK OESTERREICH & SUBSIDIARIES

#### **Business review - Highlights**

**Innovation in banking.** By launching its online platform *George*, Erste Bank Oesterreich affirmed its leading position as innovation leader in the market. While core functions such as the personalised design of user profiles and payment transfers in just a few steps are available to every user, individual extensions can be added by installing plug-ins. A subscription to *George*, the so-called *George* Abo, gives customers a choice of predefined plug-in packages.

The bank's digital offering also includes simple consumer loans, and, in January 2017, Erste was the first bank in the country to enable customers to open bank accounts using video identification.

**Continued growth.** Despite the persistent low interest rate environment, demand for secure savings products remained high. Overall, Erste Bank Oesterreich reported an increase in deposits by nearly 5%. The bank also posted robust lending growth. The volume of new loans increased by around 10%, particularly in the retail business.

Attractive offerings with fixed interest rates – also for longer maturities – allow Erste Bank Oesterreich's customers to benefit from and lock in low interest rates. As in the previous year, sig-

nificantly more than half of all housing loans were granted at fixed interest rates.

Attractive branch concept. The rollout of the new branch concept was continued. As a basic service, cash dispensers are provided across the country. Simple business is dealt with quickly at newly designed service centres situated at high-frequency locations along people's daily routes. For more complex customer needs, Erste Bank Oesterreich offers a wide range of products and services at its large advisory branches. For customers, this means clearly designed and welcoming branches, rooms for discreet meetings, faster handling of their requests and proactive support in the foyers.

After the transformation, customer satisfaction increased at all newly opened advisory branches. The refurbishment also had a positive impact on the Erste Bank brand. The new branches are perceived as modern and inviting places. The information desk is clearly identifiable and customers appreciate that they immediately have a contact person to talk to.

**International recognition.** Erste Group won the prestigious *Best Private Bank in CEE* award conferred by the financial magazine *The Banker* for the third time in a row and was also recognised for *Best Private Banking* in Austria for the third time within four years. The jury of experts drawn from the private banking and asset management industry compared more than 120 banks from 60 countries.

#### Financial review

| in EUR million                                  | 2015    | 2016    | Change |
|---|---------|---------|--------|
| Net interest income                             | 639.5   | 660.5   | 3.3%   |
| Net fee and commission income                   | 370.8   | 334.6   | -9.8%  |
| Net trading and fair value result               | -0.6    | 16.2    | n/a    |
| Operating income                                | 1,040.0 | 1,057.5 | 1.7%   |
| Operating expenses                              | -640.3  | -666.9  | 4.2%   |
| Operating result                                | 399.7   | 390.6   | -2.3%  |
| Cost/income ratio                               | 61.6%   | 63.1%   |        |
| Net impairment loss on financial assets         | -59.0   | -29.3   | -50.4% |
| Other result                                    | -25.6   | -18.5   | -27.5% |
| Net result attributable to owners of the parent | 231.1   | 228.4   | -1.2%  |
| Return on allocated capital                     | 18.9%   | 19.3%   |        |

Net interest income increased as higher loan volumes and repricing of deposits offset the negative effect from the low interest rate environment. While the net fee and commission income declined mainly due to lower securities fees, the net trading and fair value result increased primarily due to valuation effects of derivatives. Operating income further increased due to the first time consolidation of a real estate developer in Austria. Operating expenses increased due to deposit insurance contributions in the amount of EUR 19.2 million (EUR 9.2 million – in 2015, the first payment was due only in the second half of the year), higher IT costs and the first time consolidation of a real estate developer entity in Austria. Therefore, operating result decreased and the cost/income ratio went up. Net impairment loss on financial assets decreased substantially on the back of lower risk provi-

sions in the corporate business. The improvement of other result was driven by releases of provisions for contingent credit risk liabilities, selling gains for buildings and the selling gain of the shares in VISA Europe in the amount of EUR 12.2 million. Banking tax increased to EUR 44.4 million (EUR 14.9 million), because of the one-off payment in the amount of EUR 30.0 million preceding a significant reduction of future annual banking tax payments in Austria. Payment into recovery and resolution fund increased to EUR 7.2 million (EUR 4.7 million). Overall, the net result attributable to owners of the parent went down marginally.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk exposure in the Erste Bank Oesterreich and Subsidiaries segment rose to EUR 39.0 billion (+2.8%). The volume of

customer loans increased to EUR 31.0 billion (+3.2%). The share of this segment in Erste Group's total loan portfolio grew by 0.2 percentage points to 23.0%. The share of retail customers in total loan volume was almost unchanged at 40.0% (40.1%). The share of corporates, including self-employed individuals and small businesses, was likewise almost constant at 53.8% (53.9%). Loans to freelance professionals, the self-employed and small businesses are less significant than they are for the savings banks and amounted to 9.8% (9.9%) of total loans to customers. Lending to the public sector increased visibly to EUR 1.9 billion (+5.8%). Owing to the continued campaign to promote the conversion of foreign currency loans to euros, the share of Swiss franc loans in the total loan portfolio decreased further to 6.7% (7.9%). The quality of the loan portfolio improved. While lowrisk loans increased above-average, non-performing loans as a percentage of total loans to customers declined by 0.4 percentage points to 2.5%. The development was positive across all customer segments but most visible among medium-sized and larger enterprises. The continued improvement of loan quality among the self-employed and small businesses was also notable. Default rates were lowest in the public sector and private households customer segments.

#### **SAVINGS BANKS**

The geographical segment Savings Banks is identical to the business segment Savings Banks (see page 34).

#### **Business review - Highlights**

**Growth in a challenging environment.** Like Erste Bank Oesterreich, the savings banks also achieved significant growth in deposits and loans. Loans grew by around 4%, while the increase in deposits was more pronounced at over 5%. These growth rates were backed by intensive customer support and high service quality but also by the successful positioning as an innovative provider of banking services and the positive image that resulted from it.

**Reducing complexity.** Like Erste Bank Oesterreich, the savings banks also achieved significant growth in deposits and loans. Loans grew by around 4%, while the increase in deposits was more pronounced at over 5%. These growth rates were backed by intensive customer support and high service quality but also by the successful positioning as an innovative provider of banking services and the positive image that resulted from it.

**Innovation in banking.** For the savings banks innovation is key to creating more value for customers and raising customer satisfaction. With *George,* Erste Bank Oesterreich and the savings banks have developed a modern platform that already boasts a large number of active users. Online consumer loans were recently launched, and Erste Bank Oesterreich and the savings banks were the first financial institutions in the country to allow video identification when customers open bank accounts.

#### **OTHER AUSTRIA**

#### **Business review - Highlights**

Strong performance of Erste Asset Management. Erste Asset Management (EAM) continued to expand its business volume despite difficult market conditions. In terms of assets under management EAM is market leader in Austria, Romania and since 2016 also in the Czech Republic. Assets under management rose to EUR 57.2 billion (+2.3%). While *YOU INVEST* remained the main investment products for retail clients, *ERSTE BOND COPRORATE PLUS* was successfully issued in December and invests mainly in subordinated and hybrid bonds of international investment grade companies.

The performance of EAM was recognised by multiple awards. At the Austrian fund of funds awards, EAM ranked first in five categories. EAM was also awarded the FNG label for nine of its sustainable funds. Created by Forum Nachhaltige Geldanlagen e.V. (FNG), the FNG label is the quality standard for sustainable financial investment in German-speaking countries.

Success with syndicated loans and debt financing. Erste Group again demonstrated its syndicated loan capabilities, one example was the co-ordinated financing a EUR 615 million revolving credit facility for the Hungarian Oil & Gas group MOL, one of the largest syndicated loans in the CEE region in 2016. The facility was arranged as a club-deal with a group of ten relationship banks of MOL Group with Erste Group acting also as facility agent.

Erste Group also acted as M&A and debt advisor to Allianz Capital Partners in the acquisition of a minority stake in Gas Connect Austria GmbH from OMV Group. Erste Group, in co-operation with other advisors, assisted the bidders' consortium in securing binding non-recourse financing commitments up to EUR 310 million from a consortium of four international banks in which Erste Group played a substantial role as Mandated Lead Arranger and Agent. In addition, Erste Group supported a number of corporations and private equity fund customers in the domestic and international acquisition and project development activities, in particular with long term financings in the industrial and healthcare sectors.

**Group Markets business.** Group Markets activities comprise not only trading and markets services but also the entire financial institutions customer business. Despite negative interest rates and adverse effects on risk-weighted assets in Group Markets trading, Group Markets showed a strong performance, particularly in financial institutions and trading. Several efficiency measures were implemented and significant progress was made in numerous regulatory driven projects.

**Real estate business.** Thanks to a strong new business generation the portfolio volume remained stable. The robust risk profile of the supported the continued improvement of the overall portfolio quality and diversification. More than half of the new business volume was attributable to Austria and the Czech Republic. Erste

Group Immorent completed the development of the Enterprise Office building in Prague, which is considered a landmark office development and was sold with a significant profit. While the commercial real estate business was almost equally distributed between the asset classes logistics, office and retail, the share of financing of commercial development declined.

**Group Research.** In addition to its research publications, Erste Group organised institutional investor conferences in London, New York and Stegersbach/Austria. More than 80 stock-listed companies of Erste Group's core markets in CEE attended the conference in Stegersbach.

#### **Financial review**

| in EUR million                                  | 2015   | 2016   | Change  |
|---|--------|--------|---------|
| Net interest income                             | 414.5  | 401.6  | -3.1%   |
| Net fee and commission income                   | 202.3  | 197.8  | -2.2%   |
| Net trading and fair value result               | 6.5    | 20.5   | >100.0% |
| Operating income                                | 667.3  | 681.7  | 2.2%    |
| Operating expenses                              | -344.6 | -355.5 | 3.2%    |
| Operating result                                | 322.8  | 326.2  | 1.1%    |
| Cost/income ratio                               | 51.6%  | 52.2%  |         |
| Net impairment loss on financial assets         | -78.7  | -23.5  | -70.1%  |
| Other result                                    | -8.4   | 25.6   | n/a     |
| Net result attributable to owners of the parent | 170.6  | 248.1  | 45.4%   |
| Return on allocated capital                     | 10.6%  | 16.6%  |         |

Net interest income decreased primarily due to the non-recurrence of one-off income in the real estate business in Austria and a lower contribution of business with financial institutions. Net fee and commission income declined due to lower asset management volumes and lower fees from lending business. The increase of net trading and the fair value result was predominantly attributable to the positive impact of mark-to-market valuations and better performance of credit trading products. Overall operating income improved. Despite an increase in general administrative expenses driven by higher project related costs, operating result went up. The cost/income ratio worsened. Net impairment loss on financial assets improved significantly on the back of lower provisioning requirements in the corporate business of the Holding. Other result improved significantly due to releases of provisions for contingent credit risk liabilities. This line item also included a resolution fund contribution of EUR 3.1 million (EUR 3.8 million). The net result attributable to the owners of the parent increased significantly.

#### **Credit risk**

Credit risk exposure in the Other Austria segment, which is almost completely made up of the Holding and Erste Group Immorent, declined further to EUR 29.1 billion (EUR 30.4 billion) or 13.6% (14.3%) of Erste Group's credit risk exposure. A large share of the business in this segment was accounted for by securities and investments with banks. Consequently, the share of loans to customers as a percentage of Erste Group's total loan portfolio was significantly lower than the contribution to credit risk exposure. It decreased to 9.3% (9.7%) at year-end 2016. The decline in loans to customers to EUR 12.5 billion (-EUR 258 million) was primarily attributable to the commercial real estate business. As a result of portfolio clean-ups, lending to this segment declined significantly to EUR 3.6 billion (-EUR 645 million). Lending to medium-sized enterprises and the public sector increased. Non-performing loans declined by almost a half. Their share in the total loan portfolio fell to 5.5% (10.5%). This was largely attributable to sales of atrisk loans. Within the category of performing loans, there was a clear migration to better risk categories.

#### **Central and Eastern Europe**

#### **CZECH REPUBLIC**

#### **Economic review**

The Czech Republic remained one of the most stable and developed economies in Central Europe. Although the country is among the most open economies in the region, growth in 2016 was also supported by household consumption. Consumption was positively impacted by higher consumer confidence, lower unemployment, and accelerating growth of real wages. Investments, on the other hand, decreased visibly in 2016 due to a lower level of the absorption rate related to European Union funds. Foreign demand also supported economic growth, mainly driven by the country's largest export partner Germany. Industrial production benefitted significantly from the strong performance of the automotive industry. Overall, real GDP expanded by 2.3% in 2016, while GDP per capita stood at EUR 16,000. Reflecting the strong economic performance, the unemployment rate decreased further to 4.1%, the lowest in the European Union.

Since the coalition government of the Social Democrats, the centrist ANO movement and centre-right Christian Democrats took over in early 2013, the political situation in the Czech Republic has remained stable. This stability supported the positive macroeconomic developments in 2016. The Czech Republic achieved a budget surplus of 0.5%. State revenues were positively impacted by growing contributions from personal income tax and higher tobacco excise tax. Public expenditure was driven by rising wages in state administration and higher expenses for education. Public debt as a percentage of GDP was again one of the lowest in Central and Eastern Europe and declined further to 37.2%. Standard &

Poor's had the country's long-term rating at AA-, Moody's at A1 and Fitch at A+, with each giving a stable outlook.

Inflation was low and hovered around zero in the first three quarters of 2016. Prices, however, started to rise in autumn, mainly driven by rising domestic demand, higher wages and fading of

the negative fuel price contributions from 2015. Overall, the average consumer price index stood at 0.7%. The Czech koruna remained stable in 2016, supported by the country's strong fundamentals and the National Bank's commitment to keep the Czech crown at 27 against the euro. The National Bank kept its main policy interest rate unchanged at 0.05% throughout the year.

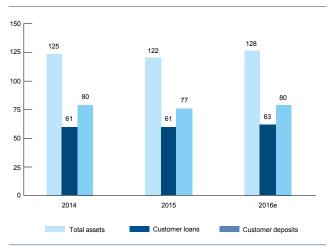
| Key economic indicators – Czech Republic    | 2013  | 2014  | 2015  | 2016e |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Population (ave, million)                   | 10.5  | 10.5  | 10.5  | 10.5  |
| GDP (nominal, EUR billion)                  | 157.6 | 156.5 | 167.0 | 174.7 |
| GDP/capita (in EUR thousand)                | 15.0  | 14.9  | 15.9  | 16.6  |
| Real GDP growth                             | -0.5  | 2.7   | 4.6   | 2.3   |
| Private consumption growth                  | 0.5   | 1.8   | 3.1   | 2.7   |
| Exports (share of GDP)                      | 68.0  | 73.1  | 76.7  | 76.4  |
| Imports (share of GDP)                      | 65.4  | 69.5  | 71.5  | 70.7  |
| Unemployment (Eurostat definition)          | 6.8   | 5.9   | 5.1   | 4.1   |
| Consumer price inflation (ave)              | 1.4   | 0.3   | 0.3   | 0.7   |
| Short term interest rate (3 months average) | 0.5   | 0.4   | 0.3   | 0.3   |
| EUR FX rate (ave)                           | 26.0  | 27.6  | 27.3  | 27.0  |
| EUR FX rate (eop)                           | 27.5  | 27.9  | 27.1  | 27.0  |
| Current account balance (share of GDP)      | -0.5  | 0.2   | 0.9   | 2.1   |
| General government balance (share of GDP)   | -1.3  | -1.9  | -0.4  | 0.5   |
|   |       |       |       |       |

Source: Erste Group

#### **Market review**

The Czech banking market benefitted from the sound macroeconomic environment and was characterised by high demand for banking products.

## Financial intermediation – Czech Republic (in % of GDP)



Source: Czech National Bank, Erste Group

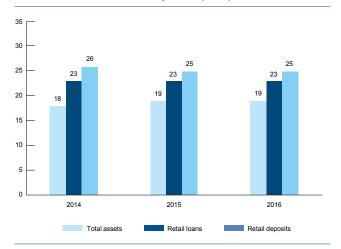
Supported by increased household consumption and a further improvement in consumer confidence level, customer loans grew by 6.0%. Growth of the lending market was balanced between the corporate and retail business with the latter mainly driven by higher demand for mortgage loans. Customer deposits increased significantly by 7.0%, despite the very low interest rates. The

three largest banks continued to have a combined market share of approximately 60% in customer loans and deposits. The Czech banking market remained one of the most liquid and well-capitalised markets in the region. The solid fundamentals are demonstrated by a system-wide loan-to-deposit ratio of 78% and a capital adequacy ratio of 18%.

Despite the very low interest rate environment, margin pressure and declining fee and commission income, the Czech banking market achieved its most profitable year. Positive asset quality trends continued and non-performing loans were below 5%, one of the lowest in the European Union. Foreign-currency lending remained insignificant. The sale of VISA stakes also contributed to the profitability of the sector. The strength of the sector was demonstrated by the return on equity of 15.3%. Regulatory topics, such as higher capital requirements and consumer protection initiatives like new rules on early repayment of mortgage loans and loan to value cap of 95% on new mortgage loans also influenced the development of the Czech banking market.

Česká spořitelna maintained its market leadership positions across all product categories. Its retail market shares ranged from 23% to 26%, while its market shares in the corporate segment remained at around 20%. Česká spořitelna increased its market shares both in retail and corporate lending. Overall, its market share in terms of total assets stood at 18.9%. The company retained its top position in consumer lending including the credit card business with a market share of 29%. Česká spořitelna defended its strong position in asset management products, with a market share of approximately 25%, the highest in the country.

#### Market shares - Czech Republic (in %)



Source: Czech National Bank, Erste Group

#### **Business review - Highlights**

Innovation and focus on customer relationships. Česká spořitelna puts a strong emphasis on the development of digital banking, on serving clients through the distribution channels that suit them the most, and on offering customised products and services in places where they are actually needed. *My Healthy Finances* was rolled out across the entire branch network. This innovative service is based on the principle of new products and in particular personal advisory services, which help clients to monitor and manage their family incomes and expenditure. The advisors at Česká spořitelna offer clients the best solution for their current financial needs. With *My Healthy Finances* the bank further improved client satisfaction.

The emphasis on personal advisory services is also projected in the concept for a new type of branch – centres of healthy finances. New branches are exceptional in that they now offer a different type of service. Advisors do not have a fixed position, they do not wait until clients come to them, but actively contact clients themselves. Via videoconference, they are even able to redirect a client to a loan specialist who can prepare a loan offer within a few minutes. This type of branch is suitable in locations with the highest concentration of people such as shopping centres, transport hubs or busy shopping streets in cities.

**Success in mortgage and consumer lending.** Česká spořitelna's continued its strong performance in mortgage lending. The volume of newly provided mortgages achieved a record level and with a year-on-year growth of 12%, the bank defended its number one position on the Czech market.

The auspicious economic situation and offerings of Česká spořitelna are also reflected in the consumer loan portfolio, so that the bank could reverse the rather weak trend of the past years Česká spořitelna confirmed its number one position on the consumer loan market.

Solid performance in corporate business. Over the years, the bank has developed specialised programmes for individual industrial sectors focusing on smaller and medium-sized customers, such as *TOP Innovation*, with an emphasis on the financing of innovative projects and development activities of companies. The specialised solutions of the bank cover the whole company lifecycle. For the start-up stage, Česká spořitelna is the only bank in the Czech Republic to offer the unique *INOSTART* programme with a guarantee by the Czech-Moravian Guarantee and Development Bank, which this year also achieved significant growth. The portfolio of guaranteed loans which the bank is able to offer its clients ranging from start-up, right through to large companies, is unique. Česká spořitelna achieved a double-digit growth in corporate loan volumes.

In 2016, Česká spořitelna was able to achieve a great result in distribution of mutual funds and took the top spot in the Czech Republic with a market share in excess of a quarter of the market. The stars of the funds for example include the share-based TOP Stock or the property-based ČS nemovitostní fond, which are the largest funds on the Czech market in their categories. The market for open-ended mutual funds grew by 8% from the start of 2016, whereas Česká spořitelna grew by 13%.

**International and local recognition.** Česká spořitelna defended the *Most Trustworthy Bank* title in the prestigious competition Bank of the Year by Fincentrum for the fourteenth time in a row. It also defended the first position in the category *Bank without Barriers*.

#### **Financial review**

| in EUR million   | 2015    | 2016    | Change |
|--|---------|---------|--------|
| Net interest income  | 923.0   | 914.3   | -0.9%  |
| Net fee and commission income  | 375.8   | 344.3   | -8.4%  |
| Net trading and fair value result  | 103.5   | 105.5   | 2.0%   |
| Operating income   | 1,431.7 | 1,384.5 | -3.3%  |
| Operating expenses   | -681.2  | -671.2  | -1.5%  |
| Operating result   | 750.5   | 713.3   | -5.0%  |
| Cost/income ratio  | 47.6%   | 48.5%   |        |
| Net impairment loss on financial assets  | -97.1   | -70.5   | -27.4% |
| Other result   | -20.9   | 27.7    | n/a    |
| Net result attributable to owners of the parent  | 498.3   | 542.0   | 8.8%   |
| Return on allocated capital  | 29.5%   | 31.1%   |        |
| and the second section of the section o |         |         |        |

Net interest income in the Czech Republic segment (comprising Česká spořitelna Group) declined primarily because of the maturing of high yielding government bonds. Net fee and commission income declined mostly due to lower private current account fees and the implementation of debit and credit card fee caps as of the third quarter of 2015. Net trading and fair value result increased slightly on the back of higher result from derivatives and foreign exchange. The lower deposit insurance contribution of EUR 7.4 million (EUR 37.1 million) led to a decline in operating expenses although personnel costs increased. Operating result thus decreased, the cost/income ratio went up. The decline of net impairment loss on financial assets was attributable to an improvement in retail portfolio quality. Other result improved on the back of the selling gains of the shares in VISA Europe in the amount of EUR 52.6 million. The resolution fund contribution amounted to EUR 14.7 million (no payment in 2015). Overall, these developments led to an increase in the net result attributable to the owners of the parent.

#### **Credit risk**

Credit risk exposure in the Czech Republic segment rose to EUR 36.5 billion (+7.8%). Loans to customers rose at the same pace to EUR 21.9 billion (20.3 billion) at year-end, with most of the growth posted in the retail business. Customer loan volume in this segment as a percentage of Erste Group's total loans to customers increased to 16.2% (15.4%). In terms of business volume, the Czech Republic is thus still by far the second most important market for Erste Group after Austria. The quality of customer loans was significantly better than in Erste Group's other core markets in Central and Eastern Europe. Due to proactive and effective credit risk management, non-performing loans as a percentage of the total customer loan portfolio decreased to 3.2% (4.1%), which continued the positive development of recent years. Improvements were seen in all customer segments but most notably among retail customers and small enterprises. Default rates were again lowest in the retail segment. Provisioning for non-performing loans through loan loss provisions increased substantially to 82.8% (72.4%).

#### **SLOVAKIA**

#### **Economic review**

The Slovak economy – one of the most open economies in the CEE region – achieved again a strong performance in 2016. Although economic growth was to a significant degree driven by robust household consumption, exports also contributed to the country's favourable performance. Consumption benefitted from further improvement in the labour market, growing real wages and declining price levels. The unemployment rate decreased below 10% for the first time since 2008 and stood at 9.6% at year-end, still high compared to most of the countries in the region. Exports were supported by the country's car industry as Slovakia remained the world's top car producer per capita. Economic growth, however, was restrained by the visible slowdown of the withdrawal of European Union funds. Overall, real GDP grew by 3.3%, while GDP per capita amounted to EUR 14,800 at the end of the year.

The fiscal stance of Slovakia continued to improve. Tax revenues increased significantly and were supported by robust corporate income tax reflecting rising profitability and by growing personal income tax and social contributions. The fiscal deficit stood at 2.2%. The country's public debt as a percentage of GDP remained low at 52.4%. Parliamentary elections were held in March 2016, political stability prevailed for the rest of the year. Slovakia lead the presidency of the European Union between July and December.

Slovakia experienced mild deflation as consumer prices declined for the third consecutive year. Inflation was negatively impacted by falling energy and food prices, while prices in the service industry continued to rise moderately throughout the year. Overall, average consumer prices declined by 0.5%. Having adopted the euro in 2009, Slovakia continued to benefit from low euro zone interest rates. Standard & Poor's and Fitch had the country's long-term rating at A+ and Moody's at A2, with each giving a stable outlook.

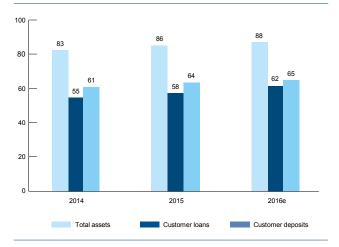
| Key economic indicators – Slovakia          | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016e |
|---|------|------|------|-------|
| Population (ave, million)                   | 5.4  | 5.4  | 5.4  | 5.5   |
| GDP (nominal, EUR billion)                  | 74.2 | 75.9 | 78.4 | 80.9  |
| GDP/capita (in EUR thousand)                | 13.7 | 14.0 | 14.5 | 14.8  |
| Real GDP growth                             | 1.5  | 2.6  | 3.8  | 3.3   |
| Private consumption growth                  | -0.8 | 1.4  | 2.2  | 2.8   |
| Exports (share of GDP)                      | 83.8 | 82.4 | 84.0 | 83.9  |
| Imports (share of GDP)                      | 79.7 | 78.6 | 81.7 | 80.3  |
| Unemployment (Eurostat definition)          | 14.2 | 13.2 | 11.5 | 9.6   |
| Consumer price inflation (ave)              | 1.4  | -0.1 | -0.3 | -0.5  |
| Short term interest rate (3 months average) | 0.2  | 0.2  | 0.0  | -0.2  |
| Current account balance (share of GDP)      | 2.0  | 0.1  | -1.3 | 1.3   |
| General government balance (share of GDP)   | -2.7 | -2.7 | -2.7 | -2.2  |

Source: Erste Group

#### **Market review**

The positive macroeconomic environment continued to favourably impact the country's banking market which maintained its growth at a sustainable pace in 2016. Customer loans increased by 10.2%, with the retail business growing by 13.5% and corporate loans by 6.9%. Foreign-currency lending remained insignificant. Customer deposits, mainly driven by retail business, rose by 4.7% which led to a loan-to-deposit ratio of 95%. The three largest banks continued to have a combined market share of approximately 60% in customer loans and deposits. The banking sector remained well capitalised with a capital adequacy ratio of 17.3% and a tier 1 ratio of 15.7%.

#### Financial intermediation - Slovakia (in % of GDP)

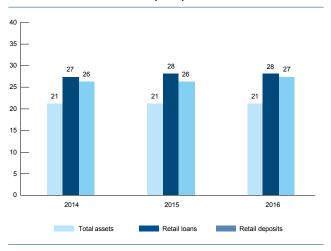


Source: National Bank of Slovakia, Erste Group

Despite the very low interest rate environment, banking tax and regulatory changes limiting fees at 1% in case of early repayment of housing loans, Slovakia's banking sector continued to be profitable. The sector's return of equity reached 10.0% at the end of 2016. Low interest rates led to declining net interest income but also supported the positive asset quality trends throughout the year. Non-performing loans decreased further to 4.5%. Banks continued to pay banking tax at 0.2% of total liabilities excluding equity and subordinated debt. Profitability of the sector was also impacted by deposit insurance and resolution fund contribu-

tions, which was offset by the one-off gain from the sale of VISA stakes.

#### Market shares - Slovakia (in %)



Source: National Bank of Slovakia, Erste Group

Slovenská sporiteľňa successfully retained its leading market positions. The bank continued to control one fifth of the country's banking market in term of total assets and led the market in retail loans and deposits. In the retail loan business, the bank's market share amounted to 27.5%. At 12.3%, its market share in corporate deposits was significantly lower than in retail deposits, which stood at 27.1%. Slovenská sporiteľňa remained its strong position in asset management products with a market share of approximately 25%.

#### **Business review - Highlights**

New branch and advisory concept. With 287 branches and 795 ATM machines, Slovenská sporiteľňa has the widest banking distribution network in Slovakia. The bank continued to focus on customer experience and launched a new branch concept along with a new customer service standard. This should result in shorter waiting time for the customers, easier navigation in branches and more comfortable premises, offering new waiting zone and more privacy. Following the successful pilot in 2016, the improvements should be applied in a wider branch network in 2017.

Slovenská sporiteľňa also significantly improved the quality of client advisory with a rollout of tablets to all the advisors. Customers can be conveniently informed about their products and their needs financial needs can easily be discussed. In addition, the usage of tablets simplifies the sales process. Two new savings products are now offered through tablets with a paperless signature at the end of the process.

Sales performance through digital channels. Slovenská sporiteľňa significantly increased the sales of consumer loans and overdrafts in internet banking. The total volume of digital sales (i.e. paperless, branchless sales of loans, originated in one of the digital channels and finished there, partially with the assistance of the call centre) tripled to almost EUR 50 million in 2016. Digital sales focus on personalised offers, risk-based pricing equal to the branch offer and multichannel processing. Apart from that, customers with unfinished applications are contacted and supported by the call centre.

To further grasp the potential of active campaigns, the headcount of call centre agents was increased. The call centre focuses on servicing customers in the digital environment and to support them in purchasing products without visiting a branch.

Banking for corporate customers. In the corporate segment, the most important novelty of last year was the upgrade of the electronic banking *Business 24*. Customers can actively manage their current and term deposits, standing orders, payments (e.g. including mandate database, payment cancellation and revocation, allocation of the individual exchange rate) and check their loan statements. In addition to the customisable website, *Business 24* now allows the secure exchange of financial statements, claims and other documents between the customers and the bank.

International and local recognition. Slovenská sporiteľňa has again been awarded with multiple prizes. For the fifth time in a row, the bank received the prestigious award *TOP Bank of the Year* awarded by the local economic weekly journal *TREND* for its exceptional business results, winning by a wide margin. Amongst others, Slovenská sporiteľňa was also awarded the prize *Bank without Barriers*, selected by members of the Slovak Paralympic Committee.

#### **Financial review**

| in EUR million                                  | 2015   | 2016   | Change |
|---|--------|--------|--------|
| Net interest income                             | 458.0  | 453.0  | -1.1%  |
| Net fee and commission income                   | 121.4  | 121.7  | 0.2%   |
| Net trading and fair value result               | 8.8    | 12.6   | 42.8%  |
| Operating income                                | 600.1  | 595.4  | -0.8%  |
| Operating expenses                              | -266.1 | -275.1 | 3.4%   |
| Operating result                                | 334.0  | 320.4  | -4.1%  |
| Cost/income ratio                               | 44.3%  | 46.2%  |        |
| Net impairment loss on financial assets         | -58.0  | -48.2  | -16.9% |
| Other result                                    | -32.5  | 11.0   | n/a    |
| Net result attributable to owners of the parent | 184.8  | 213.3  | 15.4%  |
| Return on allocated capital                     | 28.7%  | 33.7%  |        |

Net interest income in the Slovakia segment (comprising Slovenská sporiteľňa Group) decreased slightly mainly due to a lower asset/liability management contribution in the low interest rate environment that was not fully compensated by higher loan volumes, particularly in housing and consumer loans. Net fee and commission income remained stable as lower fee expenses for card transactions and higher loan prepayment fees were offset by lower card and deposit account maintenance fees. The increase in the net trading and fair value result was driven by the valuation of derivatives. Operating expenses increased mainly due to higher personnel expenses. The booking of deposit insurance contributions amounted to EUR 2.5 million (EUR 2.4 million). Consequently, operating result decreased, the cost/income ratio went up. Net impairment loss on financial assets decreased due to lower provisioning requirements in corporate business. The selling gains of the shares in VISA Europe (EUR 26.8 million) impacted the other result positively, the payment into the resolution fund decreased to EUR 4.0 million (EUR 7.3 million). Banking tax increased to EUR 25.1 million (EUR 23.6 million). Overall, the net result attributable to the owners of the parent improved.

#### **Credit risk**

Credit risk exposure in the Slovakia segment rose to EUR 15.7 billion (+7.4%). Loans to customers increased to EUR 10.6 billion (+9.1%) at year-end. Slovakia was thus one of the most dynamic segments of Erste Group. Its share of Erste Group's total loan portfolio rose by 0.5 percentage points to 7.8%. The breakdown of the portfolio by customer segment showed a further shift towards retail loans. The share of loans to private households rose to 73.3% (71.0%) of total customer loans and was significantly larger than in the other geographical segments. The share of loans to corporates and the public sector in the total portfolio decreased to 26.7%. This customer mix also explains the large share of secured business of almost 63.6% of the entire loan portfolio. After a temporary rise of the NPL-ratio to 5.6% following a modified definition of NPLs in 2015, non-performing loans declined by EUR 65 million and the NPL ratio by 1.1 percentage points to 4.5% in 2016. Loan quality improved across all customer segments. The NPL coverage ratio based on loan loss provisions increased to 72%. Risk provisions together with collateral exceeded non-performing loan volume by almost one quarter.

#### **ROMANIA**

#### **Economic review**

The Romanian economy continued to perform well with GDP growth being one of the fastest in the European Union in 2016. The impressive growth was mainly driven by household consumption, which rose significantly on the back of wage increases, VAT reduction, and the low interest rate environment. Investments contributed to a lesser extent, mainly due to a further slow-down in EU-funds absorption. Although the Romanian car producers had another excellent year, exports did not contribute to economic growth. Chemical industry and raw materials continued to drag on exports. Agriculture, with its relatively high share in the overall economy, performed only moderately, due to a harsh drought and floods in some parts of the country throughout the summer. Altogether, real GDP grew by an impressive 4.8% in 2016, while GDP per capita amounted to EUR 8,500. The unemployment rate declined further and stood at 6.0%.

The Romanian political situation was rather volatile in 2016 and had an impact on the country's fiscal developments. After the resignation of the Social-Democratic government in November

2015, a technocratic caretaker government was elected. Due to broad fiscal easing and higher wages in the public sector, the budget deficit increased to 2.8% of GDP in 2016. In December, general parliamentary elections were held with the Social-Democrats winning by a wide margin. The public debt as a percentage of GDP decreased to 37.9%, low compared to some of the other countries in the CEE region. Despite the fiscal developments, Standard & Poor's and Fitch affirmed the country's long-term rating at BBB- with a stable outlook, while Moody's kept the rating at Baa3 with a positive outlook.

Inflation remained very low throughout the year and reached a new historical low in May. The cut of the VAT rate on food prices and non-alcoholic beverages to 9% in June 2015 hampered inflation in the first half of 2016, while the cut of the standard VAT rate to 20% in January 2016 also impacted price developments. Although inflation picked up slightly in the second half of the year, average consumer prices in Romania still decreased by 1.5%. The Romanian leu did not change significantly against the euro and stood in the range of 4.4 and 4.5. The National Bank kept its policy rate at 1.75% throughout the year.

| Key economic indicators – Romania           | 2013  | 2014  | 2015  | 2016e |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Population (ave, million)                   | 20.0  | 19.9  | 19.9  | 19.8  |
| GDP (nominal, EUR billion)                  | 144.3 | 150.3 | 160.0 | 169.1 |
| GDP/capita (in EUR thousand)                | 7.2   | 7.5   | 8.0   | 8.5   |
| Real GDP growth                             | 3.5   | 3.1   | 3.9   | 4.8   |
| Private consumption growth                  | -2.4  | 4.2   | 5.9   | 7.4   |
| Exports (share of GDP)                      | 34.4  | 34.9  | 34.1  | 33.9  |
| Imports (share of GDP)                      | 38.3  | 38.9  | 39.4  | 39.8  |
| Unemployment (Eurostat definition)          | 7.1   | 6.8   | 6.8   | 6.0   |
| Consumer price inflation (ave)              | 4.0   | 1.1   | -0.6  | -1.5  |
| Short term interest rate (3 months average) | 4.2   | 2.5   | 1.3   | 0.8   |
| EUR FX rate (ave)                           | 4.4   | 4.4   | 4.4   | 4.5   |
| EUR FX rate (eop)                           | 4.5   | 4.5   | 4.5   | 4.4   |
| Current account balance (share of GDP)      | -0.8  | -0.5  | -1.2  | -2.4  |
| General government balance (share of GDP)   | -2.1  | -0.8  | -0.8  | -2.8  |
|   |       |       |       |       |

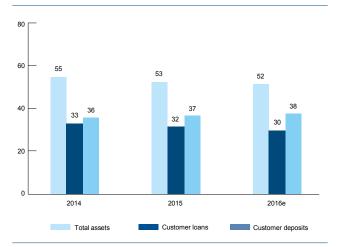
Source: Erste Group

#### **Market review**

Although the Romanian banking market benefitted from positive macroeconomic developments, demand for lending products remained low. At 1.4%, customer loans grew insignificantly, as retails loans increased, while corporate loans declined. The latter was substantially influenced by the sale of non-performing loans throughout the year. Retail loans rose by 4.7%, mainly driven by local-currency mortgage loans. Customer deposits increased by 9.7%, with higher growth of retail than corporate products. The banking system's loan-to-deposit ratio dropped further and stood at 81%. The Romanian banking sector continued to be strongly

capitalised with a solvency ratio of 18.3% at the end of the year. Despite pressure on revenues, which stemmed mainly from low interest rates coupled with limited loan growth, the Romanian banking sector was again profitable in 2016. The country's banking market continued to implement efficiency measures, including further workforce reductions and network optimisation. Lower risk provisions contributed significantly to the higher profitability. Asset quality improved again visibly, mainly driven by the continued resolution of non-performing loans as well as macroeconomic developments such as the low interest rate environment and declining unemployment rate.

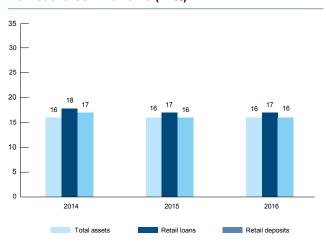
#### Financial intermediation - Romania (in % of GDP)



Source: National Bank of Romania, Erste Group

The banking market was also characterised by changes in the regulatory environment throughout the year. In April 2016, the Romanian Parliament approved a law allowing debtors to hand over to the bank the ownership of the mortgaged assets against a release from the outstanding debt. In September, the EU Mortgage Credit Directive was transposed into national law, which the Constitutional Court later declared unconstitutional. Nonetheless, these issues had only a limited direct impact on the country's banking sector. Prima Casa, a government guaranteed mortgage programme continued to be only available in local currency.

#### Market shares - Romania (in %)



Source: National Bank of Romania, Erste Group

Banca Comercială Română maintained its leadership positions in almost all major product categories, despite losing some market shares on the lending side. The bank's net result improved as a result of higher net provision releases. By the end of 2016, the bank was ranked number one by total assets, customer loans, customer deposits and asset management. The bank defended its

market leader position in Prima Casa, with a share of approximately 25%. Banca Comercială Română's customer loan market share, however, was impacted by the significant reduction of nonperforming loans, most visibly in the corporate sector in which the market share decreased to 13.5%. Customer deposit market share increased to 15.7%. In terms of total assets, Banca Comercială Română had a market share of 16.3%.

#### **Business review - Highlights**

Continued improvements in asset quality. After the extensive portfolio clean-up of the past two years, the measures to resolve the non-performing loan legacy continued through sell-offs, write-offs and higher cash recoveries. As a result, non-performing loans declined substantially to EUR 928 million (-46.8%), the NPL ratio to 11.8% (20.2%). At the same time, the NPL-coverage improved to 85.3% (77.4%). Banca Comercială Română implemented further measures for streamlining risk assessment, the underwriting process and collateral management.

Customer satisfaction and new branch concept. Banca Comercială Română focused on increasing customer satisfaction and service excellence. The bank has started to implement a new bank office concept, the Financial Dialogue Centre, developed as a result of customers' suggestions and recommendations. The branches are featured by a modern and open architecture, the latest generation of banking devices and a wide range of financial education tools. About one thousand employees are prepared to become dedicated trainers in schools, universities and companies to support the development of financial literacy.

Focus on data excellence. The bank continued its business intelligence programme. It aims at creating the framework for integrated reporting, improved data quality management and efficient information flow within the bank. The focus is on a higher level of data quality and governance to support business management and compliance with regulators' requirements and to facilitate internal reporting transformation towards a more dynamic analysis and advanced risk management methodologies, tools and processes. The programme will contribute to improved data sharing across the entire organisation and will allow the bank to respond more effectively to regulatory requirements and customer needs, thus creating value for the customers and gaining a competitive advantage on the banking market.

International and local recognition. Banca Comercială Română was named the Best Bank in Online Banking by the Romanian Association of Credit Brokers, ranked second for the new company website at Mobile Awards Romania and received an excellence award for launching biometric authentication in mobile banking application, a premiere for Romania. Following the publication of the financial results of the third quarter, then bank was awarded the Bank of the year by Finmedia. Banca Comercială Română also won the first prize of the Romanian CSR Awards for its Good Deeds Bakery project that promotes corporate volunteering and community involvement.

#### **Financial review**

| in EUR million                                  | 2015   | 2016   | Change  |
|---|--------|--------|---------|
| Net interest income                             | 436.5  | 374.9  | -14.1%  |
| Net fee and commission income                   | 163.2  | 157.9  | -3.2%   |
| Net trading and fair value result               | 69.4   | 70.0   | 0.9%    |
| Operating income                                | 680.0  | 615.7  | -9.5%   |
| Operating expenses                              | -340.5 | -349.8 | 2.7%    |
| Operating result                                | 339.5  | 266.0  | -21.7%  |
| Cost/income ratio                               | 50.1%  | 56.8%  |         |
| Net impairment loss on financial assets         | 16.4   | 62.4   | >100.0% |
| Other result                                    | -140.0 | -90.7  | -35.2%  |
| Net result attributable to owners of the parent | 184.8  | 199.5  | 7.9%    |
| Return on allocated capital                     | 17.9%  | 21.6%  |         |

Net interest income in the Romania segment (comprising Banca Comercială Română Group) decreased mainly due to an adapted loan pricing, a mortgage loan re-financing campaign and a lower unwinding contribution. Net fee and commission income decreased on the back of lower building society and asset management fees in the retail business. The slight increase in net trading and fair value result was mostly attributable to the revaluation of some foreign currency denominated participations. Operating expenses increased as the lower deposit insurance fund contribution of EUR 14.5 million (EUR 21.2 million) did not fully offset higher legal, consultancy and IT expenses. Consequently, operating result declined and the cost/income ratio went up. Successful insurance claims, lower provisioning requirements and the sale of non-performing portfolio led to net provision releases (net impairment loss on financial assets). Other result improved due to lower provisions for litigations and the selling gains of the shares in VISA Europe in the amount of EUR 24.3 million. Overall, the net result attributable to the owners of the parent improved.

#### **Credit risk**

Credit risk exposure was almost stable at EUR 14.1 billion (+1.2%) while loans to customers declined by EUR 591 million to EUR 7.9 billion (-7.0%). This represented a share of 5.8% (6.4%) of Erste Group's total loans to customers. The decline in the loan portfolio was mainly attributable to extensive writedowns and sales of non-performing loans. The loan portfolio of the Romania segment was made up of 56.4% (47.6%) secured and 43.6% (52.4%) unsecured loans. The degree of collateralisation was therefore significantly up year on year. The share of foreign-currency loans decreased by approximately 5.7 percentage points to 49.1% and was almost completely denominated in euro. Due to the clean-up of the portfolio by write-downs and sales, the NPL-ratio fell substantially to 11.8% (20.2%), with non-performing corporate loans down even more sharply. The breakdown by customer segment shows that loan quality was again the highest in loans to private households. The NPL coverage ratio based on risk provisions and collateral rose to 120.8% (110.1%).

#### **HUNGARY**

#### **Economic review**

The Hungarian economy performed again well in 2016. Although the country has one of the most open economies in the region, growth was mainly driven by household consumption, which benefitted significantly from higher consumer confidence, increasing real wages, and continuing positive trends in the labour market. Exports also contributed to economic growth, although to a much lesser extent. Car manufacturers performed well again, and so did agriculture. Construction, however, declined mainly due to the deceleration of European Union funds absorption. Overall, the Hungarian economy grew by 2.0% in 2016, while GDP per capita stood at EUR 11,300. The unemployment rate declined further and stood at a multi-year low of 5.1%, among the lowest in the European Union. Employment benefitted significantly from the maintenance of the government's Public Work Scheme.

Political stability prevailed in Hungary with conservative centreright parties Fidesz and Christian Democrats maintaining its majority in the Parliament. The fiscal stance benefitted from increasing tax revenues, declining interest payments and gains from the sale of state-owned lands. Public debt as a percentage of GDP decreased further to 74.3%. Rating agencies acknowledged the performance of the Hungarian economy with all three major agencies rating the country at investment grade by the end of the year due to improved debt metrics, sustainable GDP growth, lower external vulnerability and credible commitment of the government towards a strict budget balance. Standard & Poor's and Fitch had the country's long-term rating at BBB- and Moody's at Baa3, with each giving a stable outlook.

Inflation was moderate mainly due to low energy prices, while the effect of regulated price cuts that were carried out in previous years already faded. The increase in consumer prices in the last quarter of the year was mainly due to higher energy prices. Services price inflation remained benign throughout the year. Overall, average consumer prices in Hungary increased by 0.4% in 2016. The Hungarian forint was relatively stable against the euro, trading between 304 and 318 throughout the year. The National Bank continued its loose monetary policy and cut the base rate three times from 1.35% to 0.90%.

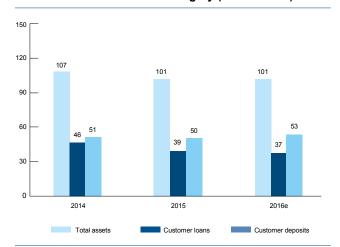
| 2013  | 2014  | 2015  | 2016e   |
|-------|---|---|---|
| 9.9   | 9.9   | 9.9   | 9.9   |
| 101.5 | 105.0   | 109.7   | 112.4   |
| 10.2  | 10.6  | 11.1  | 11.3  |
| 2.1   | 4.0   | 3.1   | 2.0   |
| 0.5   | 2.1   | 3.1   | 4.2   |
| 86.0  | 88.7  | 90.7  | 92.9  |
| 79.0  | 81.7  | 81.9  | 82.8  |
| 10.2  | 7.7   | 6.8   | 5.1   |
| 1.7   | -0.2  | -0.1  | 0.4   |
| 4.3   | 2.4   | 1.5   | 0.9   |
| 296.9 | 308.7   | 309.9   | 311.5   |
| 296.9 | 314.9   | 313.1   | 311.0   |
| 3.8   | 2.1   | 3.4   | 4.4   |
| -2.6  | -2.3  | -2.0  | -2.2  |
|       | 9.9 101.5 10.2 2.1 0.5 86.0 79.0 10.2 1.7 4.3 296.9 296.9 3.8 | 9.9     9.9       101.5     105.0       10.2     10.6       2.1     4.0       0.5     2.1       86.0     88.7       79.0     81.7       10.2     7.7       1.7     -0.2       4.3     2.4       296.9     308.7       296.9     314.9       3.8     2.1 | 9.9         9.9         9.9           101.5         105.0         109.7           10.2         10.6         11.1           2.1         4.0         3.1           0.5         2.1         3.1           86.0         88.7         90.7           79.0         81.7         81.9           10.2         7.7         6.8           1.7         -0.2         -0.1           4.3         2.4         1.5           296.9         308.7         309.9           296.9         314.9         313.1           3.8         2.1         3.4 |

Source: Erste Group

#### **Market review**

Hungary's banking sector benefitted from the positive macroeconomic environment and the significant improvement of the business sentiment. Following Erste Group's agreement with the government of Hungary and EBRD regarding the sale of 30% of Erste Bank Hungary, the banking tax was reduced significantly and is expected to decline further until 2019 to strengthen the country's financial sector. The tax rate was reduced from 53 basis points to 24 basis points with its base remaining total assets of 2009. In 2017, the banking tax is to be lowered to 21 basis points and calculated on the basis of total assets of 2015. The government also expressed its commitment to create a framework to ensure the long-term sustainability of a stable and predictable economic policy. The Hungarian banking sector continued to be well capitalised with a capital adequacy ratio of more than 20%.

#### Financial intermediation - Hungary (in % of GDP)

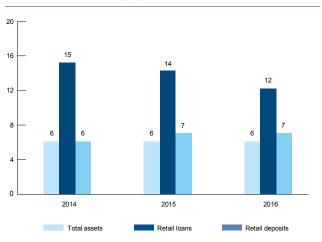


Source: National Bank of Hungary, Erste Group

Customer loans picked up in 2016, of which retail loans were mainly driven by housing loans supported by the Home Purchase Subsidy Scheme for families, while consumer lending benefitted from growing consumption. In the corporate sector, lending to SMEs was supported by National Bank programmes, such as the

Funding for Growth scheme. As part of the agreement with the government and to support the Hungarian economy, Erste Bank Hungary introduced several loan programmes with preferential interest rates. Despite higher demand for loans, customer lending volumes declined due to the sale of non-performing loans and substantial amounts of early repayments. Overall, customer loans declined by 3.2% and customer deposits increased by 10.8%. The banking system's loan-to-deposit ratio decreased to 70% by the end of the year.

#### Market shares - Hungary (in %)



Source: National Bank of Hungary, Erste Group

The profitability of the Hungarian banking sector improved significantly. Revenues, however, continued to be impacted by the very low interest rate environment and limited demand for lending products throughout the year. The country's banking market kept costs under control which partly compensated declining revenues. Risk provisions declined substantially on the back of net provision releases and favourable macroeconomic indicators. The significant reduction of the banking tax also contributed to the sector's profitability. Overall, the banking sector's return on equity rose to 14.1% in 2016.

Erste Bank Hungary continued to be a major market player in the country. As part of its strategy, Erste Bank Hungary continued to focus on local-currency lending from locally sourced liquidity. The bank's market share for customer loans declined to 9.0% with the retail sector remaining at a much higher share than the corporate sector. Following net provision releases, the bank returned to profitability. Customer deposit market shares increased to 6.8%. Overall, Erste Bank Hungary's total asset market share increased to 5.8%.

#### **Business review - Highlights**

**Return to profitability.** After loss-making years due to forced conversion programmes of FX-based loans at non-market rates and substantial banking levies, the business environment recovered substantially in 2016. The banking levy was significantly reduced and market sentiment improved on the back of a rise in retail consumption. Despite a decline in operating performance, Erste Bank Hungary achieved a double-digit return on equity.

Completion of the Citibank transaction. Erste Bank Hungary completed the acquisition of Citibank Europe's consumer banking business. The transaction included Citibank's retail banking and investment business as well as consumer loans and card business. As a result of the transaction, Erste Bank Hungary became the country's second largest retail bank and largest bank in terms of issued credit cards.

Growth in retail and corporate lending. Increasing household consumption and decreasing interest rates supported consumer lending growth. At Erste Bank Hungary personal loans doubled, and new disbursements in mortgages increased by 60% in a year-on-year comparison. The increase in new lending was due to an expansion in the housing market. Government subsidies, such as the Home Purchase Subsidy Scheme for families (HPS), continue to support the real estate market.

In the corporate business, Erse Bank Hungary was particularly strong in the SME business, partly due to the Funding for Growth Scheme and the Market-based Lending Scheme.

**Strengthened digital channels.** Digitalisation is a key element of the bank's efficiency improvement and also a key element for customer satisfaction. Erste Bank Hungary launched a new mobile banking application, *MobilBank*, for iOS and Android devices. It is an addition to the already existing mobile ecosystem (including *MobilePay*, *ErsteMarket* and the *Mobile Queuing* app).

**International and local recognition.** Erste Bank Hungary was named *Real Estate Financing Bank of the Year* at the Construction & Investment Journal (CIJ) Awards Hungary. This award is one of the most prestigious professional recognitions in the commercial real estate market in CEE. Handed out for the first time this year, the *Bank Team of the Year* award was also granted to Erste Bank Hungary.

#### **Financial review**

| in EUR million                                  | 2015   | 2016   | Change |
|---|--------|--------|--------|
| Net interest income                             | 198.5  | 173.4  | -12.6% |
| Net fee and commission income                   | 137.5  | 141.8  | 3.1%   |
| Net trading and fair value result               | -0.5   | 21.1   | n/a    |
| Operating income                                | 336.6  | 340.3  | 1.1%   |
| Operating expenses                              | -179.9 | -195.6 | 8.7%   |
| Operating result                                | 156.7  | 144.8  | -7.6%  |
| Cost/income ratio                               | 53.5%  | 57.5%  |        |
| Net impairment loss on financial assets         | -105.8 | 91.7   | n/a    |
| Other result                                    | -111.6 | -93.4  | -16.2% |
| Net result attributable to owners of the parent | -71.3  | 133.6  | n/a    |
| Return on allocated capital                     | -14.0% | 27.1%  |        |

Net interest income in the Hungary segment (comprising Erste Bank Hungary Group) declined considerably mainly due to lower market interest rates and the impact of the consumer loan law. Net fee and commission income increased on the back of higher fees from securities business. Net trading and fair value result improved mainly due to the non-recurrence of the negative impact of the loan conversion booked in 2015. Operating expenses increased due to the higher deposit insurance fund contribution amounting to EUR 7.4 million (EUR 4.3 million) as well as higher personnel and IT costs. Consequently, operating result deteriorated, the cost/income ratio went up. The net release of risk provisions (net impairment loss on financial assets) was largely driven by the retail business partly on the back of NPL sales. Other result improved, although the positive impact of the reduced banking tax of EUR 19.4 million (EUR 46.2 million) was largely offset by higher

provisions for contingent credit risk liabilities. This line item was positively impacted by a gain related to the sale of shares in VISA Europe in the amount of EUR 12.8 million; it also included the contribution to the resolution fund of EUR 1.8 million (EUR 2.1 million). Overall, the net result attributable to the owners of the parent improved substantially.

#### **Credit risk**

Credit risk exposure in the Hungary segment experienced a trend reversal. After contracting for several years, it rose significantly to EUR 6.7 billion (+9.1%). The customer loan portfolio by contrast declined further, albeit only marginally, by EUR 20 million. At year-end 2016, total loans to customers stood at EUR 3.5 billion. The share of the Hungary segment in Erste Group's total loans to customers decreased slightly to 2.6%

(2.7%). While loans to private households declined to EUR 2.2 billion (-5.6%), commercial loans to corporates increased to EUR 1.3 billion (+16.2%). After a fundamental change resulting from the government-mandated conversion of foreign-currency loans in 2015, the currency composition of the customer loans portfolio remained almost unchanged in 2016. The share of loans denominated in Hungarian forint amounted to 79.5%. The quality of loans improved again substantially. Non-performing loans as a percentage of total loans to customers declined to 9.7% (18.7%). This development was significantly supported by sales of non-performing loans — both retail and corporate loans. Coverage of non-performing loans by risk provisions and collateral rose to 127.4% (111.5%).

**CROATIA** 

#### **Economic review**

The Croatian economy continued to perform well in 2016. After exiting a six-year recession in 2015, real GDP grew by 2.9% and GDP per capita increased to EUR 10,600. The main driver of the economy was private consumption on the back of higher consumer confidence and favourable trends in the labour market. Unlike many other countries in the region growth was also supported by strong investment activity. In addition, the country's well-developed tourism had a record summer season in 2016. Exports, however, contributed to a much lesser extent to econom-

ic growth. The unemployment rate declined further to 12.8%, still high compared to other countries in CEE.

Following political uncertainty in the first eight months, general parliamentary elections were held in September 2016, resulting in the conservative Croatian Democratic Union (HDZ) gaining majority in the parliament. Croatia's fiscal situation improved further, mainly as a result of the consolidation efforts of the prior year. Revenues were positively impacted by strong inflow of corporate income taxes and VAT, while expenses were kept under control. As a result, the general government deficit stood at 1.6. Public debt as a percentage of GDP improved to 84.2%, still high compared to other countries in the region. Standard & Poor's upgraded the outlook on Croatia in December 2016 to stable, keeping the rating unchanged at BB. At the beginning of 2017, both Fitch and Moody's upgraded their outlook to stable, keeping the ratings at BB and Ba2, respectively.

Inflation remained below zero throughout the year, mainly driven by falling energy and food prices. Deflationary pressure was more pronounced in the first half of the year, overall, average consumer prices declined by 1.1%. Given the country's very high use of the euro, the Croatian National Bank's main objective remained to preserve the nominal exchange rate stability. As a result, the Kuna traded in the narrow range of 7.5 and 7.7 against the euro. The National bank kept its liquidity conditions and left the key policy rate unchanged at 3.0%.

| Key economic indicators – Croatia           | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016e |
|---|------|------|------|-------|
| Population (ave, million)                   | 4.3  | 4.3  | 4.3  | 4.3   |
| GDP (nominal, EUR billion)                  | 43.5 | 43.0 | 43.9 | 45.6  |
| GDP/capita (in EUR thousand)                | 10.1 | 10.0 | 10.2 | 10.6  |
| Real GDP growth                             | -1.1 | -0.5 | 1.6  | 2.9   |
| Private consumption growth                  | -1.9 | -1.6 | 1.2  | 3.4   |
| Exports (share of GDP)                      | 20.5 | 22.7 | 24.4 | 24.7  |
| Imports (share of GDP)                      | 35.6 | 37.8 | 39.9 | 40.6  |
| Unemployment (Eurostat definition)          | 17.3 | 17.3 | 16.3 | 12.8  |
| Consumer price inflation (ave)              | 2.2  | -0.2 | -0.5 | -1.1  |
| Short term interest rate (3 months average) | 1.2  | 0.7  | 1.0  | 0.6   |
| EUR FX rate (ave)                           | 7.6  | 7.6  | 7.6  | 7.5   |
| EUR FX rate (eop)                           | 7.6  | 7.7  | 7.6  | 7.6   |
| Current account balance (share of GDP)      | 1.0  | 2.1  | 5.1  | 2.9   |
| General government balance (share of GDP)   | -5.3 | -5.5 | -3.2 | -1.6  |

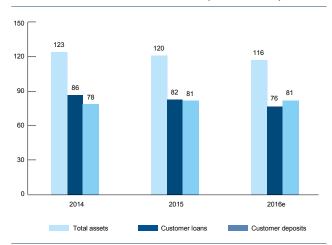
Source: Erste Group

#### **Market review**

Croatia's banking market was characterised by a weak demand for lending products, while customer deposits grew by 3.3%. On the lending side, both retail and corporate loans declined. Tourism and export-related lending, however, increased visibly. Customer deposits increased in both retail and corporate businesses.

The system's loan-to-deposit ratio stood at 94% at the end of the year. With total banking assets at 116% of GDP, Croatia's level of financial intermediation as well as the capital adequacy of the Croatian banking system at above 20% remained among the highest in the region.

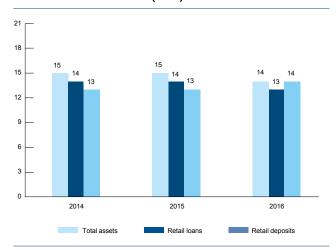
#### Financial intermediation - Croatia (in % of GDP)



Source: National Bank of Croatia, Erste Group

Despite pressure on revenues and limited demand for banking related products, Croatia's banking sector had one of its most profitable years, mainly due to sharply declining risk provisions. The banking sector's asset quality benefitted from the improvement in macroeconomic developments, such as the low interest rates and falling unemployment. Non-performing loans declined to 13.8%. The sale of non-performing loans intensified in 2016 on the back of an improved regulatory framework. The significantly improved profitability in a year-on-year comparison was mainly a result of the expenses in 2015 related to the conversion of Swiss franc-based loans into euros. Overall, the country's banking sector achieved a return on equity of 12.3% in 2016.

#### Market shares - Croatia (in %)



Source: National Bank of Croatia, Erste Group

Erste Bank Croatia remained among the top three players in the market with a total asset market share of 14.1%. The bank performed broadly in line with the market with customer loans declining and customer deposits increasing. The bank's loan-to-deposit ratio stood at 101% at the end of the year. In line with the market, Erste Bank Croatia's profitability was impacted by declining risk provisions in 2016.

#### **Business review - Highlights**

Innovations in digital banking. The bank has continued its strong emphasis on digital banking. Erste Bank Croatia now offers more online and mobile channels, such as online account pre-openings and online loan applications. Online cash loans already account for one half of total cash loans, and also online current account sales play a dominant role. In addition, corporate customers can use a new web application for online transactional account openings, thus speeding up the entire process significantly. To foster further digital innovations in the future additional resources were dedicated to specialised teams.

The bank also intensified its contact centre activities to introduce a new remote advisory concept for mass affluent customers. The focus was on providing advisory, customer support and sales services.

**Addressing SME customers.** To become the bank of first choice for SME customers, Erste Bank Croatia started a new transformation project. It aims at further improving customer satisfaction, increasing market share and operational income as well as reaching a still higher level of internal efficiency.

The bank defined key organisational prerequisites and local growth initiatives. The majority of these initiatives will be implemented in 2017 and 2018.

**Strength in card business.** The bank Through its subsidiary Erste Card Club, Erste Bank Croatia plays a dominant role in the card business in Croatia and its adjacent countries. More than 500,000 credit card cards were issued in in Croatia, Slovenia and Bosnia and Herzegovina. In November Erste Card Club has signed the agreement to buy the 100% share of the Diners Club companies in Serbia, Montenegro and Macedonia. The transaction represents a major step of the company's strategy to become the regional credit card market leader.

International and local recognition. The bank's main strengths compared to its competitors are innovation, a wide range of products and a special emphasis on customer care. For its cash loan online campaign, Erste Bank Croatia received the *Silver Croatia Effie award* and for its Erste Maestro Plus service the *Ideja X award*, the Croatian national marketing award for extraordinary advertising ideas. The bank's contact center was named best contact center in the country by the Contact Center Academy.

#### **Financial review**

| 2015   | 2016   | Change  |
|--------|--|---|
| 270.6  | 264.9  | -2.1%   |
| 84.8   | 88.0   | 3.8%  |
| 15.9   | 29.5   | 85.9%   |
| 401.6  | 407.4  | 1.4%  |
| -187.0 | -194.3   | 3.9%  |
| 214.7  | 213.1  | -0.7%   |
| 46.6%  | 47.7%  |   |
| -167.3 | -48.4  | -71.1%  |
| -134.9 | -5.2   | -96.1%  |
| -43.7  | 83.7   | n/a   |
| -11.6% | 22.2%  |   |
|        | 270.6<br>84.8<br>15.9<br>401.6<br>-187.0<br>214.7<br>46.6%<br>-167.3<br>-134.9 | 270.6     264.9       84.8     88.0       15.9     29.5       401.6     407.4       -187.0     -194.3       214.7     213.1       46.6%     47.7%       -167.3     -48.4       -134.9     -5.2       -43.7     83.7 |

Net interest income in the Croatia segment (comprising Erste Bank Croatia Group) declined mainly due to lower asset margins in the corporate business and a reduction in the loan portfolio. Net fee and commission income went up due to higher fees from payment transfers. The net trading and fair value result improved significantly as the negative impact from Swiss franc exchange rate fixing for retail loans required by legislation as well as negative foreign exchange differences on the open position in Swiss francs did not recur. Operating expenses increased due to consolidation of an IT service entity and higher personnel costs. Overall, the operating result declined marginally, the cost/income ratio went up. The decrease in net impairment loss on financial assets was driven by lower provisioning requirements in the corporate as well as retail businesses. Other result improved significantly due to the non-recurrence of last year's provision for Swiss franc loan conversion in the amount of EUR 129.5 million. Other result included a gain related to the sale of shares in VISA Europe in the amount of EUR 10.0 million as well as the contribution to the resolution fund of EUR 5.2 million (EUR 4.2 million). Consequently, the net result attributable to the owners of the parent improved considerably.

#### **Credit risk**

In the Croatia segment, credit risk exposure declined to EUR 9.0 billion (-4.2%). Loans to customers were down at EUR 6.3 billion (-6.6%). The share of this segment in Erste Group's total loans to customers also decreased to 4.6% (5.1%). The composition of the loan portfolio by customer segment changed only moderately, with private households accounting for 39.0% (39.1%), corporates for 40.1% (41.2%) and the public sector for 20.9% (19.7%) of the total loan portfolio. Swiss franc denominated loans were largely converted to Croatian kuna or euros following the corresponding legislation. After amounting to the equivalent of EUR 512 million at the beginning of the year, Swiss currency loans to customers were down to EUR 82 million or 1.3% of the customer loan portfolio at year-end. 70.1% (65.6%) of total loans to customers were denominated in euros. The large share of foreign currency loans is mostly due to the widespread use of the euro in Croatia. Euro loans are usually matched by a corresponding income or deposits in euros. Asset quality improved again significantly, with non-performing loans declining to EUR 704 million (-31.7%) and the NPL ratio down to 11.2% (15.3%). This very positive development was primarily driven by sales of non-performing retail and corporate loans.

Provisioning for non-performing loans by loan loss provisions increased to 72.4% (67.4%).

#### **SERBIA**

#### **Economic review**

In 2016, the Serbian economy showed impressive performance with both GDP growth and fiscal consolidation better than expected. Economic growth was supported by all components with a strong rebound of private consumption, acceleration of investment activity, stable growth of government spending and double-digit growth of exports. Agricultural performed well again. Private consumption benefitted from growing real wages, increasing consumer confidence and further improvement in the labour market. The unemployment rate declined to 16.0%, although still high compared to other CEE countries. Overall, real GDP grew by 2.8%, while GDP per capita stood at EUR 4,600.

Fiscal consolidation in Serbia also improved significantly benefitting from the stable political situation after the general elections in April 2016. Although the consolidation was partly driven by one-off effects, such as dividends from state-owned companies and sale of land, rising economic activity and efforts to reduce the grey economy led to significantly higher revenues. Growth in public expenditure, however, remained subdued due to only moderately increasing wages and pensions. Public debt as a percentage of GDP improved and reached 70.7% by year-end. Strong fiscal consolidation brought a turnaround in government debt dynamics with the budget deficit standing at 1.4%. Rating agencies acknowledged these developments: Fitch upgraded the country's long-term rating from B+ to BB- with a stable outlook, Standard & Poor's assigned a BB- rating with a positive outlook. In March 2017, Moody's followed with an upgrade of the country's long-term rating from B1 to Baa3 with a stable outlook. Inflation remained under control and well below the National Bank's target of 1.5% and 4.5%. Consumer prices, however, increased in the second half of the year driven by stronger domestic demand, gradual stabilisation of commodity prices and an administrative electricity price hike in the last quarter. Overall, average consumer prices increased by 1.1%. The Serbian dinar traded relatively stable throughout the year and remained in the range of 121 and 124 against the euro. The Serbian National Bank cut the base rate by 50 basis points to 4% in 2016.

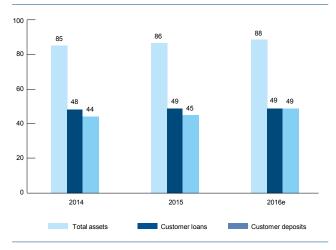
| Key economic indicators – Serbia            | 2013  | 2014  | 2015  | 2016e |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Population (ave, million)                   | 7.2   | 7.2   | 7.2   | 7.2   |
| GDP (nominal, EUR billion)                  | 34.1  | 33.1  | 32.9  | 33.0  |
| GDP/capita (in EUR thousand)                | 4.7   | 4.6   | 4.6   | 4.6   |
| Real GDP growth                             | 2.6   | -1.8  | 0.8   | 2.8   |
| Private consumption growth                  | -0.3  | -1.3  | -0.6  | 1.1   |
| Exports (share of GDP)                      | 32.1  | 33.6  | 35.5  | 38.8  |
| Imports (share of GDP)                      | 45.1  | 46.4  | 47.3  | 49.8  |
| Unemployment (Eurostat definition)          | 22.1  | 19.2  | 17.7  | 16.0  |
| Consumer price inflation (ave)              | 7.9   | 2.1   | 1.4   | 1.1   |
| Short term interest rate (3 months average) | 10.0  | 8.3   | 6.1   | 3.4   |
| EUR FX rate (ave)                           | 113.8 | 117.3 | 120.7 | 123.1 |
| EUR FX rate (eop)                           | 114.6 | 121.0 | 121.5 | 123.5 |
| Current account balance (share of GDP)      | -6.1  | -6.0  | -4.8  | -4.2  |
| General government balance (share of GDP)   | -5.0  | -6.6  | -3.8  | -1.4  |

Source: Erste Group

#### **Market review**

The continuation of macroeconomic recovery was also reflected in Serbia's banking market development. Growth was clearly driven by retail loans which increased by 10.7%, while corporate loans fell by 2.1%. Housing and agricultural-related loans played a pronounced role in the increase of customer loans. Customer deposits, which were driven by the corporate business, grew by 10.9%. The banking sector's loan-to-deposit ratio stood at 100% at the end of 2016. Regulatory topics also played a significant role in the development of the Serbian banking market. Several laws regulating reliability and security of the banking business were adopted, while new rules on the resolution of nonperforming loans were approved. The consolidation of the sector continued throughout the year with acquisitions and mergers of and between smaller banks. Serbia's banking sector remained well capitalised with the capital adequacy ratio of 21.2% significantly exceeding the legal requirement of 12% the end of 2016.

#### Financial intermediation - Serbia (in % of GDP)



Source: National Bank of Serbia, Erste Group

The profitability of the country's banking sector improved significantly. The declining interest rate environment, however, resulted in margin pressure and lower net interest income. Although non-performing loans declined to 17%, they remained fairly high compared to other CEE countries. At 9.3%, non-performing loans in the retail segment continued to be significantly lower than in the corporate segment. Asset quality improved mainly on the back of positive macroeconomic developments, the low interest rate environment and the amendments in the legal framework regarding sale of non-performing loans. Lower risk costs also contributed to the sector's profitability, which stood at 4.3% of return on equity.

Erste Bank Serbia maintained its position among the country's top 15 banks. Its market share of customer loans increased further to 4.9%, retail and corporate market shares stood at 4.4% and 5.3%, respectively. On the deposit side, Erste Bank Serbia's activities in foreign- exchange and local-currency savings continued. As a result, the bank's deposit base remained fairly divided between euro and dinar deposits. Overall, the bank's market share for customer deposits stood at 3.8% at the end of 2016.

#### **Business review - Highlights**

**Most successful year.** In terms of profitability, the year 2016 was the most successful one since Erste Bank Serbia launched its operations. The net result doubled and rose to EUR 12.8 million, the cost/income-ratio improved to 65.2%. In addition, the continued inflow of retail deposits reaffirmed customers' trust and the bank's position as a stable financial institution. Erste Bank Serbia is highly rated by its customers by all parameters of quality: trust, recommendation, satisfaction and ease of doing business with the bank.

**Focus on innovation.** To meet the financial needs of its customers through different channels, the bank continued its digitalisation projects. Erste Bank Serbia introduced a simpler authentication method for online banking users to further improve customer experience. In addition, online consumer loans were introduced for existing and potential clients. Customers only need to visit the branch to sign the documents. The simplified process resulted in an increase of customer satisfaction and a higher number of customers.

**Growing retail business.** Retail loans denominated in Serbian dinars increased substantially in 2016. Thanks to efficient marketing campaigns, Erste Bank Serbia could take advantage of this development despite the competitive situation on the market. Overall, net customer loans rose by a double-digit margin. At the same time customer deposits increased by almost 9% affirming the high level of trust the bank has built over time.

International and local recognition. The bank's performance was also confirmed by various awards. For its *Superste* programme Erste Bank Serbia received the *Best Communicator of the Year* award by the European association of communications directors as well as the *Silver Award* by the Association of Marketing Communications in Belgrade.

#### **Financial review**

| in EUR million                                  | 2015  | 2016  | Change  |
|---|-------|-------|---------|
| Net interest income                             | 42.1  | 46.8  | 11.3%   |
| Net fee and commission income                   | 12.6  | 11.1  | -11.6%  |
| Net trading and fair value result               | 3.2   | 3.3   | 3.8%    |
| Operating income                                | 58.4  | 61.7  | 5.8%    |
| Operating expenses                              | -39.0 | -40.2 | 3.0%    |
| Operating result                                | 19.3  | 21.5  | 11.3%   |
| Cost/income ratio                               | 66.9% | 65.2% |         |
| Net impairment loss on financial assets         | -10.8 | -4.1  | -61.6%  |
| Other result                                    | -0.6  | -0.6  | 3.1%    |
| Net result attributable to owners of the parent | 6.3   | 12.8  | >100.0% |
| Return on allocated capital                     | 7.9%  | 13.6% |         |
|   |       |       |         |

Net interest income in the Serbia segment (comprising Erste Bank Serbia Group) increased mainly due to higher loan and deposit volumes despite decreasing margins. Net fee and commission income declined mostly due to lower fees from lending business. The increase in operating expenses was driven by higher project related costs. Net impairment loss on financial assets declined on the back of a better loan portfolio. Overall, the net result attributable to the owners of the parent improved.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk exposure in the Serbia segment rose substantially to EUR 1.2 billion (+19.0%). The customer loan portfolio also increased significantly. Loans to customers increased by EUR 113 million to EUR 832 million (+15.7%; EUR 719 million). With a share of 0.6% in total customer loans, this segment was still only of relatively minor significance for Erste Group.

The dynamic development was attributable in particular to expanding business with medium-sized business and larger enterprises. The share of foreign-currency loans – denominated almost exclusively in euros – in the total loan portfolio stood at 79.3% (78.8%). This very large share is mainly due to the wide-spread use of the euro in Serbia as a result of the weakness of the local currency. Euro loans are usually matched by a corresponding income or deposits in euros. The clean-up of the loan portfolio by write-downs and sales and a decline in NPL inflows resulted in another visible improvement in asset quality. Non-performing loans as a percentage of the total loan portfolio declined by 3.7 percentage points to 6.8%. This positive trend was seen in all customer segments and was particularly pronounced in corporate loans. NPL coverage by loan loss provisions excluding collateral stood at 99.1% (88.4%).

#### **OTHER**

#### **Financial review**

| in EUR million                                  | 2015    | 2016    | Change  |
|---|---------|---------|---------|
| Net interest income                             | 132.1   | 129.3   | -2.1%   |
| Net fee and commission income                   | -45.9   | -43.9   | -4.3%   |
| Net trading and fair value result               | 0.8     | -11.6   | n/a     |
| Operating income                                | 120.7   | 100.9   | -16.4%  |
| Operating expenses                              | -224.4  | -257.9  | 14.9%   |
| Operating result                                | -103.6  | -157.0  | 51.5%   |
| Cost/income ratio                               | >100.0% | >100.0% |         |
| Net impairment loss on financial assets         | -85.1   | -71.5   | -16.1%  |
| Other result                                    | -66.5   | -315.9  | >100.0% |
| Net result attributable to owners of the parent | -234.4  | -430.7  | 83.8%   |
| Return on allocated capital                     | -4.6%   | -6.4%   |         |

The lower net interest income was largely offset by the improved net fee and commission income. Net trading and fair value result decreased due to valuation effects. Operating expenses increased on the back of IT expenses and costs related to the move to the new headquarters in Vienna. Consequently, operating result declined. Other result decreased primarily because of a one-off banking tax payment in the amount of EUR 138.3 million that

precedes a significant reduction of the future annual banking tax in Austria as well as due to higher provisions for contingent credit risk liabilities. This line item also included a partial impairment of the goodwill in Slovenská sporiteľňa in the amount of EUR 61.3 million. Net result attributable to the owners of the parent thus decreased.



## **Commitment to society**

Almost 200 years ago, the very founding concept of Erste österreichische Spar-Casse, Erste Group's predecessor, already embraced the idea of contributing to the common good. Erste Group has expanded its core activities from those of a traditional savings bank focused on retail lending and deposit-taking to include those of an international bank providing financial services to all sectors of the economy in its core markets. Unlike the operations of investment banks or many other financial institutions, Erste Group's business has always been firmly embedded in the real economy. Customer savings deposits fund the loans for housing construction or purchases or investments by companies. This is how Erste Group creates sustainable value for society. In conducting its business, bearing corporate responsibility towards its customers, employees, investors, local communities and national economies is a defining feature of the bank. As one of the leading providers of financial services in the Eastern part of the European Union, Erste Group is also an important employer, a customer of - mostly local - suppliers and a tax payer.

Because of the multitude of projects being pursued in business and financial education, community affairs, sponsoring and corporate volunteering in all of Erste Group's core markets only a few selected projects can be highlighted here. More detailed information on various Erste Group initiatives is available at www.erstegroup.com/en/about-us/responsibility and at websites of Erste Group's subsidiaries in the respective local language and in some cases also in English.

#### SUSTAINABILITY AT ERSTE GROUP

While several generations of savings bankers have been committed to doing business responsibly, the establishment of the Group Sustainability Office at the beginning of 2016 underpins the increasing strategic importance of non-financial aspects. Covering the topics environment, diversity, corporate volunteering and corporate social responsibility (CSR), the team is primarily responsible for the development and implementation of appropriate group-wide policies and the group-wide code of conduct. Following the increased demand for information on sustainability and non-financial aspects by stakeholders such as customers or investors, Erste Group started several years ago to report according to the Global Reporting Initiative. This fosters

awareness of the importance of all aspects of sustainability in providing banking services to our customers. Community affairs and sponsoring activities are combined group-wide under the umbrella of the *Extra*VALUE programme. Regional focus, crossthematic initiatives and cooperation within related fields characterise the programme.

#### THE EXTRAVALUE PROGRAMME

The *Extra*VALUE programme of Erste Group is based on the bank's commitment to social responsibility and, moreover, to values that the bank deems worthy of support and promotion. These values go beyond the enterprise's business activities. These are intangible values – humane, social, cultural – that the enterprise is committed to. Values not created by the bank but valuable to us. This extra value is passed on to the people by supporting and promoting institutions, initiatives and projects, and it eventually benefits the individual and their social and cultural needs.

Erste Group's *ExtraVALUE* programme underpins the bank's commitment to its responsibility toward society and the individual. Further information is available on the internet: www.erstegroup.com/en/sponsoring/extravalue-programme.

#### **Financial literacy**

Financial literacy is important for creating equal opportunities, social inclusion and economic well-being. Financial ignorance limits social, economic and cultural life. Financially secure individuals and families will contribute positively to communities and foster economic growth and development. This in turn supports sustainable economic development in the region and has a positive effect on market stability.

Therefore, Erste Group is engaged in a wide variety of financial education activities. The main objectives of Erste Group's financial education activities are to enable people of all ages to gain adequate skills and competencies to make informed and appropriate financial decisions. In addition, they assure that employees of Erste Group have up-to-date knowledge about bank products and services as well as a comprehensive understanding of financial concepts and recent economic developments. Erste Group's employees have to be able to understand the bigger picture to advise customers to choose the appropriate financial products.

Erste Group is committed to ensuring that the financial products and services offered are transparent and easy to understand and meet the customers' short- and long-term financial needs.

In line with a recommendation of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) that financial education should start as early as possible, Erste Group puts a particular emphasis on financial education projects for children and young people. Erste Group wants to empower young people to participate in economic life and to understand finance as a system.

Erste Group developed a social banking programme named *Step-by-step*. This programme is set up as a framework to provide education in financial literacy and to offer banking products and services with favourable conditions tailor-made for the specific needs of underbanked groups of society. *Step-by-step* will be rolled out by all local banks by 2019. Slovenská sporiteľňa started piloting the new social banking programme back in 2015 focusing on starting entrepreneurs and social organisations. In 2016, Česká spořítelna, Erste Bank Croatia and Erste Bank Serbia followed with local initiatives.

Another popular Erste Group project within the *Extra*VALUE programme is the interactive exhibition *ABC of Money*. It deals with the basics of the money system, explains how and why money originated and how it is produced. Although designed for children over eight it is an enjoyable and effective way to learn for all age groups. More than 150,000 children and adults already visited the exhibition in Graz, Bratislava, Bucharest, Prague and Belgrade. Under the title *Abeceda novca* the exhibition will run until April 2017 in Zagreb.

In all core markets Erste Group cooperates with schools to promote financial literacy. Employees of Erste Bank Croatia visit schools and teach young children the basics of finance focusing on facts about money, internet shopping, savings and banks. Slovenská sporiteľňa systematically supports educational projects at Slovak schools and universities; one example is a joint project with the Foundation of Children of Slovakia called *Get to Know Your Money* in more than 200 high schools. Slovenská sporiteľňa has developed an interactive e-learning tool, *The Training Bank*, which offers the opportunity to learn online about bank products. Erste Bank Serbia cooperates with the Ministry of Youth and Sport, nine faculties of economics, mathematics and science and seven economics and business schools and offers mentoring and internships. In 2016, the bank hosted around 200 interns.

Erste Group's most ambitious financial literacy project is the newly opened Financial Life Park (FLiP) at Campus in Vienna (http://www.financiallifepark.at). FLiP offers innovative financial education and a unique visitor experience through a combination of state-of-the-art digital media technology and trained guides. By promoting know-how in money matters, FLiP helps visitors to acquire the skills to manage personal financial affairs responsibly and independently. Depending on the visitors' age and back-

ground, three different guided tours are available, each with its own approach, didactics, thematic layout and depth of content. Since the soft launch in May 2016, more than 3,000 schoolchildren and approximately 800 employees have already taken part in a FLiP tour. While children are the main target group, FLiP proved to be interesting for visitors of all age groups.

#### Social and education activities

Erste Group's long tradition of cooperation with established local and international organisations reflects its commitment to the promotion of social welfare and education. The focus of social activities is on providing practical and swift assistance to people in difficult life situations and on support for initiatives creating new opportunities for disadvantaged people. In all core countries, Erste Group supports diverse educational initiatives.

Erste Bank Oesterreich has been a partner of Caritas for many years supporting the annual domestic aid campaigns, the initiative for children, the *youngCaritas* and other joint projects. Erste Bank Oesterreich has also been sponsoring Hilfswerk Österreich, one of the largest non-profit providers of health care, social and family services in Austria for many years. Additionally, support is provided for a variety of smaller NGO's: One example is lobby.16 whose focus is to give unaccompanied young refugees access to education, employment and participation in social life.

Banca Comercială Română operates *Bursa Binelui*, a crowd funding platform for NGOs. The bank is a partner of *Teach for Romania*, an initiative to improve the educational system in Romania by recruiting and training top graduates from universities, who would normally not consider a teaching career, to become teachers in disadvantaged communities. The bank supports the training of some teachers and provides space for conferences and training courses. Their online and offline programme for students and young professionals *Laboratorul de Cariere* facilitates labour market integration through developing soft skills. In addition, BCR is a strategic partner for the most important five universities in Romania (University of Bucharest, Alexandru Ioan Cuza University Iasi, Babe Bolyai University Cluj, West University Timisoara and Economic Studies Academy in Bucharest).

Slovenská sporiteľňa supports disadvantaged people and raises awareness about them with the help of various partners: Civic Association Inklúzia (inclusion of handicapped people), Vagus (resocialisation of homeless people), People in need (building houses for underprivileged Roma families) or Association of the friends of children from children's homes (scholarship programme for young people from children's homes). Furthermore, Slovenská sporiteľňa systematically supports educational projects at Slovak high schools and universities.

Superste is a Serbian online hub where people from 16 to 35 can find support in securing funds and gain access to mentoring knowledge and a network of contacts of NGOs and leaders for their social responsible projects in the fields of arts, culture and

education. The bank continued to supports two science festivals in Belgrade and Novi Sad, which are well known for making science fun, inspiring and motivating not only for kids but the elderly as well.

Erste Group has been supporting amateur and professional sporting events in Austria and Central Europe for many decades. Projects are carried out in a spirit of close partnership with the organisers and hosts of these events. Running, ice hockey and tennis are given particular emphasis, as is the promotion of activities for young athletes.

In 2016, Erste Group sponsored a large number of running events, including many in support of social projects such as the *erste bank vienna night run* in Austria, the Košice Peace Marathon – the oldest European marathon – in Slovakia, the *Color run* in Romania and the *Homo si Tec Marathon* in Croatia. *Erste Bank Sparkasse Running* 2016 comprised more than 200 running events and more than 150,000 participants dashing some million kilometres through Austria.

Česká spořitelna is the main partner of the Czech Athletics Federation and supports athletes of all performance levels – from the national teams to young talents. Owing to the athletic youth programmes, more than ten thousand children have been trained by licensed instructors and coaches.

For 40 years, Erste Bank Oesterreich and the savings banks have supported the school leagues in soccer and volleyball. This commitment represents the longest-standing sponsorship of young athletes in Austrian sports. With more than 1,000 schools participating every year, these are the largest youth competitions in Austria.

#### **Corporate volunteering**

Erste Group facilitates, supports and encourages employees to actively contribute and volunteer. Donating money is not the only way of supporting people, communities or non-profit organisations. Employees and managers of Erste Group prove their commitment by providing time and experience.

Erste Group's Austrian initiative *Time Bank* matches employees who want to donate their spare time and skills with currently 46 partner organisations. Volunteers organised for instance the collection of furniture and office materials that were no longer required and left behind in old office buildings due to the move to Erste Campus. Employees of the Holding, Erste Bank Oesterreich and their subsidiaries as well as of many regional savings banks across Austria volunteer their time in their local communities.

Zweite Sparkasse celebrated its 10th anniversary in 2016. In close co-operation with partners such as Caritas or debt-counselling centres, Zweite Sparkasse offers people with no access to banking services the possibility to open an account without an overdraft facility. Roughly 400 active and retired employees of Erste Bank

Oesterreich and the savings banks work on a voluntary basis at this very unique fully licensed bank in Austria. Since its foundation, more than 15,000 people have been clients and 3,000 of them have found their way back to a regular bank account. The underlying aim of Zweite Sparkasse reflects the origins of Erste oesterreichische Spar-Casse, as Erste Bank Oesterreich was originally called. Its founders were convinced that the most effective way to fight poverty is to help people to help themselves.

Volunteering employees are encouraged to be guides at the *Financial Life Park (FLiP)* during regular working hours.

Several of Erste Group's local banks foster volunteering as teambuilding activities with great success. Česká spořitelna contributes to the development of the Czech non-profit sector by actively supporting the publicly beneficial volunteer work of its employees. Since 2007, employees have been granted two working days off each year to volunteer as part of Česká spořitelna's Charity Days programme. The bank supports a special volunteering programme for managers, which allows them to spend up to a week offering their skills to NGOs and charity organisations. Erste Bank Croatia signed the Charter on recognition of competencies acquired through volunteering, which means that as a bank, it recognises the importance of competencies gained through volunteering and that these competencies are considered during the recruiting process and career progression. For example, they organised volunteering in children's shelters and helping in other socially sensitive areas.

Around 300 employees of Erste Bank Serbia organised volunteering activities. They spent more than 1,100 hours cleaning and refurbishing a children playground of a kindergarten, helping to repair a primary school yard and building a ramp for disabled children, working in a garden of a home for elderly people and revitalising a nature park.

Slovenská sporiteľňa continued its grant project Euro to Euro and supported sports, educational and cultural activities in local home communities of the bank's employees.

#### Art and culture

Erste Group supports and promotes partnerships between cultural and social institutions with the aim of jointly developing ideas and strategies for deepening the understanding and appreciation of art. Under the *Extra*VALUE sponsoring programme Erste Bank Oesterreich is the principal sponsor of *Jeunesse*, which offers a broad concert programme covering classical, jazz, world and new music as well as children's concerts. The focus is on the promotion of young artists by giving them opportunities to perform professionally on stage as well as on the development of new concepts for teaching music appreciation. A further goal of the cooperation is to give socially disadvantaged persons a chance to experience music. Erste Group also supports a wide variety of institutions such as Klangforum Wien, the Gustav Mahler Youth Orchestra, Wien Modern, Jazz at Konzerthaus,

Secession, Tanzquartier Wien, the ZOOM Childrens' Museum, Wiener Festwochen, the International Childrens' Film Festival or the promotion Hunger auf Kunst und Kultur (Hunger for Art and Culture).

Erste Bank Oesterreich also has a long standing partnership with *Viennale*, Austria's largest international film festival. Annually, the bank awards the *Extra*VALUE Film Prize as well as the *Extra*VALUE Design Prize as part of the Vienna Design Week with a focus on social design.

Slovenská sporiteľňa is most visibly associated with the *Bratislava Jazz Days* and the music festival *Viva musica* and supports the modern art museum *Danubiana* as well as five regional theatres in Bratislava, Martin, Nitra, Prešov and Košice. Česká spořitelna is a sponsor of several international festivals like *Pražské jaro*, *Kefir* as well as general partner of *Colours of Ostrava*, Česká

filharmonie, Smetanova Litomyšl and Bohemia Jazz Fest.

Erste Bank Croatia organises a well-known annual competition for emerging artists and art students, called *Erste fragments. Fragmentologija* are urban gallery spaces, including 24-hour pop-up exhibitions of works purchased in previous editions of *Erste fragments*, combined with an introduction of works by a young new artist chosen by a curator. *Organ vida* is an international festival of photography gathering photographers from Croatia and abroad in a series of exhibitions, workshops and lectures in venues across Zagreb. Banca Comercială Română supports *ArtSafari*, an annual and innovative art exhibition focusing on the developments of contemporary art. Romanian and international art galleries and museums are invited to shape the new directions in the Romanian contemporary art and museums' collections exhibitions. The bank is also a sponsor of *Festivalul Shakespeare* and *Premiile Gopo*, the Romanian film festival.



## **Customers**

#### **FOCUS ON CUSTOMER RELATIONS**

Erste Group puts customers and their interests at the centre of its business activities. Only banks that understand the financial needs of their customers can offer the right solutions at the right time. Special attention is devoted to the quality of products and advisory services as these are key factors for customer satisfaction and, therefore, for building up and maintaining long-term customer relations. Erste Group strives to offer its customers appropriate and understandable products and advisory services.

Through offering financial advice that is based on the customers' interests, needs and financial literacy and by increasing the accessibility, Erste Group puts its customers in control of their financial life. The high standard of quality in advisory services is guaranteed by the continuous training of Erste Group's employees. The focus of Erste Group is clearly on the relationship with the customer, not on the transaction.

#### **Advisory concept**

Erste Group's retail business reflects its approach of thinking from the customers' perspective. Only a bank that understands the clients' needs and the individual motives forming those needs is able to develop specific solutions. Customer behaviour is changing: online and digital channels are growing in importance. That frees up branch advisors' resources to fully focus on high quality advice. The sales incentive scheme of Erste Group reflects this development by abandoning purely product-driven targets and shifting the attention towards quality-driven criteria like the quality of customer relationship.

To meet the increasing customer expectations, it is essential to adapt the education and learning approach of both the customers and advisors. The focus is devoted to customer behaviour and the sales channels customers most frequently use for their daily and long-term banking activities. Factors such as experience, financial literacy, financial position and the risk appetite of the individual customer are taken into account. The education programme of Erste Bank Oesterreich and Slovenská sporiteľňa already reflect this new approach.

#### **Products and processes**

Product development is driven by customers' needs and the ways customers handle their banking activities. Product features and services reflect flexibility, life-cycle changes, simplicity, security and transparency. Identifying and satisfying the customers' needs leads to higher customer retention and stronger sales and cross-selling potential. In this respect, Erste Group focuses on simplifying the current product portfolios and aims at developing new products and services within the omni-channel approach to open new business opportunities.

To this end, Erste Group continued its initiatives to reduce the complexity of its product portfolio in Austria. Based on this experience, similar adaptions of the product portfolios in CEE will follow.

#### **OMNI-CHANNEL APPROACH**

As an omni-channel bank, Erste Group enables its customers to choose between new and traditional sales and communication channels. Customers decide how, when and where they do their banking. The aim is to integrate all areas of retail banking business, the brick-and-mortar branch network, advisory tools, ATMs, internet and mobile banking and the contact center.

#### **Branches**

Direct contact with customers through branches is and will remain a substantial asset, as confidence and trust in the highly-qualified advisor build the basis for successful business relations. The interior and infrastructure of the branches also have to meet the increased expectations of the customers. Customers expect to handle their banking business in the branches not only more easily and quickly but also more memorably and conveniently. Cash desk areas are replaced by an appealing reception area as the most important part in the centre of the branches.

The implementation of the new branch concept has started in Erste Bank Oesterreich, more than 20 branches have been refurbished or newly opened. A similar concept has been developed for Česká spořitelna, and the first new branches were opened in November 2016. Banca Comercială Română opened the first pilot branch in Bucharest in October 2016.

#### **Digital banking**

Not only internet-savvy but also traditional customers increasingly expect modern digital banking services. The websites of the local banks of Erste Group are constantly enhanced, focusing on accessibility, usability and simple and easy-to-understand content. The range of digitally available products and services is continually being extended.

Erste Group focuses on innovation and has developed its own digital ecosystem. The new digital value proposition for existing and potential customers consists on one hand of the new generation web portal and internet banking *George* and on the other hand on the new mobile core app *George Go*.

George and George Go are the main digital interfaces and enable customers to activate and use additional applications of the bank or third parties in a secure IT environment to help them in their financial lives. Following the successful implementation in Austria, George will soon become available in three more core markets: Slovenská sporiteľňa, Česká spořitelna and Banca Comercială Română plan to launch George in 2017. The other local banks of Erste Group started the preparations for a later roll-out.

Erste Group has launched digital consumer loan offerings in Austria, the Czech Republic and Slovakia. At Slovenská sporiteľňa, digital sales contributed significantly to the new business development in 2016. Erste Bank Oesterreich started as the first bank in the country to offer a fully online account opening process including video legitimation, which is compliant with all legal and security requirements.

#### **Contact Center**

Customers expect easy service interactions when they need assistance with digital banking. The first point of contact is Erste Group's contact center. Qualified employees of the contact center assist with information on questions regarding products and services or self-service terminals. Additionally, the contact center agents support the customers with navigating through the digital sales process. A further role is the handling of customer complaints and emergencies, like requests to block credit and debit cards.

The contact center is the bridge between the traditional physical banking and the digital world, the interface between digital banking and the service in branches. The contact center is developing from a help desk role to a more relevant support in advisory as well as selling products and services. They are an essential part of the omni-channel strategy of Erste Group and will be further expanded in the core markets. Banca Comerciala Română, for instance, has significantly increased the size of its contact center team. The capacities of Slovenská sporiteľňa's call center have also been increased by 60%, and it is effectively supporting digital customer service. Erste Bank Croatia was named the best contact center in its category in the contest of the local Contact Center Akademija.

#### THE IMPORTANCE OF THE BRAND

Brands have an important identification and differentiation function, which in turn determines whether a customer prefers one brand to the other. Several studies have shown that, across all industries, more than 40% of customers already have a clear brand preference before making a purchase decision.

The high degree of brand awareness and the trustworthiness of Erste Group and its subsidiary banks in Central and Eastern Europe is an additional significant competitive advantage in the banking business, which already manifested in the past by increases in deposits in times of economic uncertainty. This applies to Erste Bank and Sparkassen in Austria as well as for instance Česká spořitelna or Slovenská sporiteľňa.

In addition to typical values, such as trust, competence, popularity or accessibility, positioning itself as an innovative bank to meet the changing needs of customers and the expectations towards digital offers was just as important for Erste Group. With the implementation of the cutting-edge internet banking *George* and its mobile counterpart, the x*George Go* app, as well as the new web portal, which allows online sales, Erste Bank Oesterreich has already succeeded in positioning itself as an innovative bank. This should also be achieved with the introduction of *George* in the other core countries of Erste Group. In 2017, the implementation is planned in the Czech Republic, Slovakia and Romania.

To illustrate the economic importance and potential of the Central and Eastern Europe region to a broader public, Erste Group has been running a TV and online campaign in leading international media since 2009. The image campaign in 2016 portrayed selected SMEs in the region that were able to realise their business ideas due to Erste Group's support.

Erste Group is represented in numerous social media to communicate directly with its stakeholders. Up-to-date information is published through Twitter, YouTube, Flickr and SlideShare. In addition, all subsidiary banks are accessible on local Facebook pages.

#### **Sports**

In addition to the numerous activities oriented towards amateur and professional sporting events described in the chapter "Commitment to society", since 2013 Erste Group has been the namegiving main sponsor of the national ice hockey league, sponsor of the Austrian national ice hockey team and the local Vienna Capitals team. The Erste Bank Ice Hockey league grew beyond borders; teams from the Czech Republic, Hungary, Slovenia and Italy are now also participating. To support young Austrian ice hockey players, two youth series – Erste Bank Young Stars League and Erste Bank Juniors League – were introduced.

The activities comprise tennis as well and range from amateur initiatives such as the BCR Tennis Partner Circuit in Romania to

professional tennis events such as the Erste Bank Open in Vienna, the most important tennis event in Austria. The Erste Bank Open, sponsored again by Erste Bank Oesterreich in 2016, was upgraded in 2015 to the level of an ATP World Tour 500 tournament.

#### **ACCESSIBILITY**

Hand in hand with the implementation of the new retail branch concept, Erste Group has focused on barrier-free access. It is planned to have all branches barrier-free within the next years.

In co-operation with the Prague wheelchair users' organisation, Česká spořitelna tested its branches for barrier-free access, and more than a third of Česká spořitelna's branches are already entirely barrier-free. At Erste Bank Oesterreich, all new or refurbished branches are fully barrier-free, and Erste Bank Hungary has already remodelled two thirds of its branches so that at year-end 82 are classified as barrier-free. Access is likewise barrier-free at all new or remodelled branches of Erste Bank Serbia.

In addition to past achievements in terms of barrier-free access for blind and visually impaired persons (e.g. bank cards printed in braille or cash dispensers equipped to provide audio instructions), Erste Group now offers mobile banking for the blind through its digital platform, the *George Go* app. The possibility of barrier-free use of the app is based on the accessibility features of the two large smart phone operating systems iOS and Android. A variety of functions are available: zoom, contrast adjustment, very large fonts and speech output. The barrier-free functions were developed together with blind persons and persons with a wide variety of visual impairments. According to the Austrian Federation of the Blind and Partially Sighted, 300,000 visually impaired people are living in Austria.

#### **CUSTOMER SATISFACTION**

The quality of customer relations ultimately depends on the customers' experiences in their day-to-day dealings with the bank. As high levels of customer satisfaction and thus customer loyalty secure the bank's long-term success, it is essential to intensify the relations between the bank and the customers and to increase client satisfaction by improving the quality of the offer and solving requests in a timely manner.

To this end, the Customer Experience Index is established. It focuses on the loyalty of Erste Group's customers, combining five relevant dimensions. It is used to determine the positioning as well as the strengths and weaknesses of the local banks of Erste Group relative to the top three competitors in each country. It is also a bonus criterion for board members of Erste Group and the local banks.

In 2016, Erste Group improved in customer experience aspects across its markets, the positive development being especially visible in the private individuals and SME customer segments.

These results are proof of the local banks putting their focus on customer experience as a cornerstone of a successful development of the Group. Česká spořitelna and Banca Comercială Română were particularly successful in improving customer satisfaction in the private customers' segment, while Erste Bank Croatia achieved the highest improvement in the SME customers' segment.

#### SUSTAINABLE INVESTMENT

Erste Asset Management was an early mover in anticipating the growing needs of investors to increasingly emphasise environmental and socio-ethical aspects in their investment decisions. Over the past decade, Erste Group has seized this opportunity and developed the most diverse portfolio of sustainable funds in Austria. Since 2012, all asset management entities of Erste Group have been operating under the umbrella of Erste Asset Management UN PRI Signatories and have thus committed themselves to complying with the UN Principles of Responsible Investment (PRI). The decision not to allow any actively managed mutual fund to invest in companies engaged in controversial weapons, such as land mines, nuclear weapons or cluster bombs, had already been taken in 2011. By signing the Bangladesh Memorandum in 2013, Erste Asset Management agreed to refrain from investments in companies and subcontractors of such companies that commit violations of labour laws or human rights in their countries' textile industry. Furthermore, funds are not allowed to engage in food speculation. In November 2016, a further step was taken to support global climate goals. Erste Asset Management has excluded companies that earn more than 30% of total revenues from coal mining, trade in thermal coal and from the production of coal-based fuels from all public funds. The respective guidelines are available at the website of Erste Asset Management.

Erste Asset Management is an acknowledged and leading provider of sustainable investment funds in Austria and in the CEE region. In 2016, Erste Asset Management managed assets worth EUR 57.2 billion. Actively managed funds amounted to EUR 24.7 billion. The total volume of assets managed by sustainable investment funds reached EUR 4.5 billion in 2016, up 10.4% versus 2015.

In 2015, sustainable investment remained one of the core competencies of Erste Asset Management. Sustainability experts of Erste Asset Management managed 28 investment funds in the categories public funds and special funds/externally mandated portfolios. The managed public funds comprised seven bond funds, four regional stock funds, one micro-finance fund of funds, one theme funds for climate protection and the environment (the latter two funds were managed jointly with WWF Austria, and as of 2016 this co-operation has been active for 10 years) as well as one asset allocation fund of funds. 2016 was again characterised by strong investor demand for funds that invest in emerging market corporate bonds globally, in conformity with sustainability rules. There was strong interest in the theme of micro-finance.

The micro-finance fund of funds doubled its volume and won several awards in 2016.

In 2016, Erste Asset Management was awarded the FNG label – introduced in 2015 – for nine of its sustainable funds (2015: four). Created by Forum Nachhaltige Geldanlagen e.V. (FNG), the FNG label is the quality standard for sustainable financial investment in German-speaking countries. To qualify for the FNG label, the minimum requirements are transparency and process criteria, the exclusion of weapons and nuclear energy and meeting standards in four UN Global Compact categories: human rights, labour law, environmental protection and the fight against corruption and bribery. Moreover, four of the sustainable funds have had the Austrian environmental certificate for sustainable financial products for ten years.

As regards engagement and interaction with investees, business partners and clients, global companies were contacted on various subject matters, with the key topics being solutions for climate change/alternative energy, water supply and energy. Debates were held with external sustainability experts and analysts, and questions on sustainability were addressed to key representatives of relevant industries. Co-operation with international asset managers organised by the PRI Association was continued in 2016 to approach companies from a position of greater strength. In this context, activities in the oil sector were intensified. Furthermore, discussions with companies were initiated on the use of black coal to power utilities and support was given to the common efforts to assume responsibility for environmental damage in mining.

Apart from engaging in dialogue with companies on controversial topics in the areas of sustainability and environmental protection, Erste Asset Management represented the interests of its customers at numerous annual general meetings in 2016. For more than 200 of the largest equity positions in the public funds of Erste Asset Management voting rights were exercised at annual general meetings and numerous shareholder motions to move companies to manage their businesses in a more sustainable and transparent manner were supported.

In 2016, the ESG Letter, a quarterly research publication on various sustainability themes was published on the topics of chocolate, coal, patent remedies and toys. Apart from the main publication of the Responsible Investment Team at Erste Asset Management, various short profiles are published monthly on the investment universe and the sustainability funds to inform customers of the selection criteria and their influence on the ESG key indicators (such as the  $\rm CO_2$  footprint of the fund).

In 2015, Erste Asset Management was the first Austrian asset management company to sign the *Montréal Carbon Pledge*. Under this scheme, capital market participants agree to have the CO<sub>2</sub> emissions of their stock holdings measured and to annually disclose their CO<sub>2</sub> footprint. Also in 2016, Erste Asset Management calculated and published the CO<sub>2</sub> emissions of their equity

investments. With the divestment of CO<sub>2</sub>-intensive companies from the sectors of coal mining and coal trade, the CO<sub>2</sub> footprint of company-wide investments was reduced further.

The Erste Responsible Advisory Board met twice in 2016 and made valuable contributions to the further development of Erste Asset Management's sustainable investments. Active membership in *Forum Nachhaltige Geldanlagen* (Forum for Sustainable Financial Investments), Eurosif and *Verein zur Förderung von Ethik und Nachhaltigkeit bei der Geldanlage* (Corporate Responsibility Interface Center, CRIC) was continued.

Despite the persistent low interest-rate environment, Erste Group continued to strengthen its market position in private banking and asset management in Central and Eastern Europe. In Hungary, this development was supported by the acquisition of the Hungarian Citibank subsidiary. Across the group, the focus of the services offered was on long-term wealth accumulation, estate planning, asset management and foundation management. In addition, new products featuring direct investments in real estate, gold and diamonds were developed. Erste Private Banking focuses on offering its customers advisory excellence and transparency. To meet these high quality requirements, a group-wide training programme has been set up

In 2016, Erste Private Banking was named *Best Private Bank in CEE* for the third consecutive year and again *Best Private Bank in Austria*. In addition, Erste Group was named *Best Bank for Wealth Management in Central and Eastern Europe* by Euromoney.

#### **FINANCIAL INCLUSION**

Offering simple banking services to the otherwise unbanked part of the population was among the main reasons behind the foundation of Erste österreichische Spar-Casse in 1819. For a variety of reasons, even today some segments of the population do not have access to financial services of commercial banks.

Erste Group has launched the *Step-by-step* social banking programme, aiming to address directly the needs of traditionally unbanked groups in CEE and Austria. Erste Group's social banking programme fosters the financial inclusion of low-income individuals, first-time entrepreneurs and social organisations, offering them fair access to basic financial products, sound money advice and business mentoring.

The *Step-by-step* programme will be rolled out through Erste Group's network of local banks and in partnership with other organisations and NGOs. It builds on individual programmes that Erste Group's subsidiaries in the CEE region have already launched and works together with existing local social banking projects, such as Zweite Sparkasse in Austria and good.bee Credit in Romania, with the target of creating a unique infrastructure for financial inclusion across the region.

In addition, Erste Group continued its social enterprise financing activities. Social entrepreneurship means initiatives of private individuals, organisations or networks that pursue charitable purposes through entrepreneurial activities. Besides the areas of work, health and education, social entrepreneurship also includes the environment and culture. These initiatives offer products and services as well as employment opportunities that satisfy fundamental needs in society or offer alternative approaches that are socially and ecologically more agreeable.

All local banks of Erste Group offer micro-financing schemes customised for their markets. Following the guarantee agreements between the European Investment Fund (EIF) and Erste Bank Oesterreich, more micro-loans can be granted to start-ups and small companies in the framework of an initiative of the Federal Ministry of Labour, Social Affairs and Consumer Protection in Austria. Together with the savings banks, more than 500 start-ups have received funding under this programme.

good.bee Credit offers micro-financing to small entrepreneurs, mainly farmers, in rural areas of Romania. By year-end 2016, good.bee Credit had financed more than 5,300 customers through 8,000 loans with a total volume of EUR 56 million. In 2016, it introduced as the country's first financial institution an innovative product, the APIA loan, that bridges the cash-flow needs until public subsidies are transferred.

Česká spořitelna continued its social banking activities and financed entrepreneurs and NGOs that have a social impact with EUR 8 million. In addition, Česká spořitelna offers several programmes that provide support to these social entrepreneurs and NGOs with business development, testing the viability of business cases or strengthening the social impact. Slovenská sporiteľňa engaged in similar activities and financed social entrepreneurs with a total volume of EUR 3.5 million. In addition, a set of financial and advisory services was developed and several social projects with a total value of EUR 2 million were financed. Together with municipalities, the bank developed a programme to enable societal minority groups to finance self-constructed homes.

Erste Bank Hungary has become an acknowledged financial partner for local NGOs and social enterprises. In 2016, the bank launched its three-year programme SEEDS to support social organisations in strengthening their financial independence. Erste Bank Croatia launched its new micro-finance programme that supports unemployed persons who intend to become entrepreneurs. This programme is unique on the Croatian market and aims to encourage self-employment and entrepreneurial development. Erste Bank Serbia followed a similar approach. Its new micro-finance programme is designed for start-up entrepreneurs, unemployed persons, small-scale social enterprises and micro-businesses in the first two years of operations. Furthermore, Erste Bank Serbia also offers business monitoring as part of a new guarantee agreement in cooperation with the European Investment Fund.



### **Suppliers**

Erste Group views suppliers as partners in shaping its business to be more sustainable. Therefore, procurement decisions include assessments of the suppliers' social and environmental impact.

Covering the entire supply chain, Erste Group Procurement is the sourcing and procurement company of Erste Group. Its basic objective is to ensure clear and fair sourcing and procurement activities and contracts. Meeting all the needs of Erste Group entities for goods and services in time and in accordance with their particular quality requirements, at the best possible terms (e.g. price, terms of payment, guarantees and liability), purchased locally or across borders, therefore represents a key element. Erste Group's suppliers are obliged to meet defined standards in the areas of business ethics, environmental protection and human rights.

In the course of fulfilling their contractual obligations, suppliers of materials, equipment and services, selected as group partners, are expected to:

- \_ comply with national or local laws, decrees and regulations
- fulfil all their legal obligations regarding the health and safety of their employees and their contractors
- \_ comply resolutely with environmental legislation
- \_ respect and implement the following basic principles of corporate social responsibility:
  - \_ protection of fundamental human and labour rights
  - \_ protection of the environment
  - \_ promotion of health & safety
  - \_ commitment to fighting against corruption

This is also expressed in the supplier code of conduct that is publicly available on the website of Erste Group Procurement.

Erste Group Procurement holds the CIPS Ethics Mark, a certification awarded by the Chartered Institute of Procurement and Supply (CIPS). This certificate distinguishes institutions that have committed to adhere to high standards in procurement and have set up relevant further education courses within the company. Currently, 66% of all employees of Erste Group Procurement have obtained individual certification on ethical behaviour in procurement.

#### **SUPPLY CHAIN**

Erste Group's supply chain comprises mainly indirect expenses that support the group's core business. In 2016, the total amount paid to companies outside Erste Group was slightly above EUR 1 billion, and the majority of it is linked to services, operations and marketing (amounting to 41.9% of the total amount spent), followed by IT (39.9%) and facility management (18.2%). Out of a total of approximately 26,000 suppliers on group level, 80% of the total procurement expenses relate to 642 suppliers. 98.9% of the suppliers (reflecting 98.8% of the expenses) were located in the European Union, highlighting Erste Group's focus on its markets in CEE. An additional 0.5% of the suppliers were located in North America, 0.4% in other European countries and the rest (0.2%) were based in other continents.

Only 14.7% of Erste Group's purchases were made across borders. This focus on local procurement strengthens the local economies of the countries where Erste Group operates and underlines the commitment to support these regions.

#### SUPPLIER SELECTION PROCESS

Compliance with sustainability criteria in selecting suppliers is guaranteed at both the strategic and the operational levels. Strategies have been developed for selected groups of goods to serve as guidance for supplier selection. Apart from group standards on social responsibility, these standards also include defined technical specifications. Since 2016, sustainability criteria have been a mandatory element in these documents drafted together with the Sustainability Office of Erste Group.

To ensure that Erste Group's suppliers meet the group's corporate responsibility standards at an operational level, audit questionnaires are requested for any purchase of more than EUR 100,000, and regular supplier business reviews are performed.

The supplier audit questionnaire is processed through a special IT tool and is an integral part of Erste Group Procurement's supply chain. This operational tool ensures full transparency and allows a timely assessment and risk identification before entering into contracts with suppliers. The results of the audits form the basis for the supplier evaluation in procurement.

To ensure correct procedures, all of the relevant steps have been integrated into the electronic tendering system. The IT application blocks the entry of further data, and thus collaboration with the supplier, if there is not enough information or no explicit release has been given for suppliers classified as critical. Any noncompliance with the supplier code of conduct is brought forward to compliance delegates, which decide – if required – upon further measures. In addition to the initial evaluation, regular supplier business reviews are performed, covering the most important or most risk-associated suppliers.

#### **Environmental aspects**

Based on Erste Group's efforts towards environmental protection, environmental aspects are part of EGP's supplier selection process. The supplier audit questionnaire comprises specific topics such as the

- \_ existence of an environmental management system
- participation in the Carbon Disclosure Project
- existence of a written environmental policy
- method of measuring CO<sub>2</sub> emissions
- existence of environmental targets
- \_ information on fines or charges for environmental infringements
- \_ description of the supply chain of the supplier

For the procuring of goods, the audit questionnaire is extended by questions on potentially hazardous chemicals, recycling capabilities of the product, the return policy at the end of the product's useful life and *ENERGY STAR* or similar standards.

Some 20% of the suppliers of new and renewed contracts were audited according to environmental standards in 2016. No supplier was subject to a specific environmental impact assessment beyond the standard audit questionnaire nor was any supplier identified as having had significant actual and potentially negative environmental impacts. No actual and potentially negative environmental impacts were identified in the supply chain. Finally, no supplier contract had to be terminated as a result of significant actual and potentially negative environmental impacts.

#### Social aspects

As the supplier selection process includes social aspects as well, the supplier audit questionnaire also comprises specific topics such as the

- effective abolition of child labour
- \_ elimination of all forms of forced and compulsory labour
- elimination of discrimination in respect of employment
- freedom of association and the right to collective bargaining
- reasonable working hours and fair remuneration
- health protection
- occupational health and safety
- \_ job restructuring
- \_ remuneration
- \_ fair working conditions
- \_ other social criteria in the supply chain

Some 20% of the suppliers of new and renewed contracts were audited according to both labour practice standards and human rights criteria in 2016. No supplier was subject to specific labour practice or human rights impact assessments beyond the standard audit questionnaire nor was any supplier identified as having had significant actual or potentially negative labour practice or human rights impacts. There were no actual and potentially negative labour practice or human rights impacts identified in the supply chain, and no supplier contract had to be terminated as a result of significant actual and potentially negative labour practice or human rights impacts.

Further to that, no supplier was found to violate or put at risk the right to exercise freedom of association and collective bargaining, nor was any supplier found to have significant risk of child labour or young workers exposed to hazardous work, nor was found to have had a significant risk for incidents of forced or compulsory labour.



### **Employees**

Retaining talented, engaged and experienced employees is fundamental to the long-term success of every company. Erste Group – as one of the largest employers in the region – therefore aims to maintain its position as an employer of choice in Central and Eastern Europe and encourages the employees to continually strive for professional and personal development and offers equal opportunities to everyone in the organisation. Competence building and developing performance-oriented teams as well as organisational effectiveness and competitiveness through customer centricity, cost-effective organisation design and process excellence are cornerstones of the strategy.

Erste Group focuses on operational excellence, marketcompetitive reward and recognition as well as attracting, developing and retaining the best people. The leadership culture is engaging and empowering and fosters a high-performing and inclusive work environment where every employee has equal opportunities to develop and advance.

Erste Group's people management strategy reflects the changing demands of the business environment. It is based on three key pillars:

- \_ competence
- \_ culture
- \_ competitiveness

In addition, Erste Group places a strong emphasis on ensuring that its employees are provided with a safe and healthy work environment. As an employer of choice, Erste Group recognises that a satisfying work-life balance enhances a stable work environment. Employees are also encouraged to volunteer their time and share their knowledge and expertise to give back to the society and communities in which the bank operates.

#### **DIVERSITY AND INCLUSION**

A diverse and inclusive workforce is essential for business success. Companies that are committed to diversity and inclusion benefit from more engaged employees, a better brand image and higher customer satisfaction. Erste Group sees diversity and inclusion as a vital part of its human resources strategy and key to attracting and retaining talented employees.

Erste Group's diversity and inclusion principles are reflected both in its statement of purpose and code of conduct, which emphasise a work environment free of discrimination and harassment and values the work and worth of each and every person regardless of gender, age, disability, marital status, sexual orientation, skin colour, religious or political affiliation, ethnic background, nationality or any other aspect unrelated to their employment.

In 2016, Erste Group focused on the following diversity priorities:

- \_ establish a group-wide diversity policy framework
- \_ implement diversity and anti-discrimination training courses for managers
- \_ implement specific generation management measures
- increase the number of women in top management
- \_ continue to encourage local diversity initiatives across the group

Amongst others, various diversity and anti-discrimination workshops were offered, and a systemic evaluation and audit regarding generation management resulted in several recommendations to be put into practice by the end of 2018. Some of these measures refer to training that takes employees' life phases into account or anti-discrimination training for management, raising awareness of generation management and benchmarking with corporate best practice. In December 2016, the management board approved the group-wide diversity policy framework. It provides the formal structures and processes for diversity management across the group and will be adopted in the local banking subsidiaries in 2017.

Erste Group set a group-wide internal target of having 35% of positions in top management and on supervisory boards filled by women by 2019. This target applies to the local banks (excluding other subsidiaries or the savings banks in Austria). At year-end 2016, 29% of positions in top management were filled by women (2015: 28%), and the share of female supervisory board members stood at 34% (24%).

Erste Bank Oesterreich has set a corresponding internal target of 40% by 2017. In 2016, Česká spořitelna's first female management board member since its privatisation in 2000 was appointed.

To increase the number of women in senior management positions, Erste Group aims for a greater gender and age balance in itstalent pools. The international talent pool is made up of 40% women and 35% of the group's key positions pool is female.

In addition, Erste Group implemented a variety of initiatives to support the development of female leadership. In Austria, the Erste Women's Hub employee resource group continued key initiatives such as the WoMentoring programme, financial education for women, networking events for female employees and clients, and launched a new network initiative for employees on maternity/parental leave. Through its Diversitas programme, which is also the general partner of TEDx Women Prague 2016, Česká spořitelna offered internal and external mentoring opportunities to 54 high-potential women and launched the dialogue platform Rainbow Talks, which addresses inclusion issues regarding the workplace and society. In addition to its established programmes, Slovenská sporiteľňa piloted a mentoring programme for female managers. Erste Bank Croatia offered six of their female managers the participation at the Future leaders – development of women leadership potential conference, one of them won the Future leaders 2016 - Women in Adria award for the finance industry.

Erste Group believes that diverse teams are more creative and flexible in reacting to changing demands. Valuing and understanding cultural diversity fosters inclusion and integration as well as better teamwork and co-operation.

The diversity priorities for 2017 are the following:

- \_ adopt and implement the group diversity policy framework in the local banks of Erste Group
- \_ develop and encourage more initiatives in the area of generation management and inclusion
- \_ encourage more men to use paternity leave options
- increase the number of women in top management by at least
   3 percentage points and develop more group-wide initiatives
   to support female leadership
- \_ continue to encourage local diversity initiatives
- \_ continue monitoring the gender pay gap and identify measures for closing it

#### LEARNING, TALENT MANAGEMENT, LEADERSHIP AND COMPETENCY DEVELOPMENT

Erste Group is committed to developing its employees' professional and interpersonal skills to ensure that the employees are well prepared to act professionally and in a socially responsible manner. Erste Group continuously develops and aligns group-wide training programmes for senior experts and managers. In 2016, the main focus was on implementing the group-wide talent management landscape, improving leadership development and implementing the concept of functional competency management.

Erste School of Banking and Finance, the group's platform for professional and leadership training, offers customised executive training and personal development training courses as well as programmes for specific business areas. In 2016, Erste Group started co-operation with the renowned IESE Business School. This co-operation focuses on the Group Leadership Development Programme and will be expanded in 2017 to include further development opportunities for senior executives in the field of strategy.

In addition, Erste Group continued to expand the offer in the Finance College, where training is offered in four key areas: controlling, asset/liability management, accounting, and business data excellence. The training options of the Risk Management College have been expanded. New courses reflect the regulatory changes and contribute to bridging functional competency gaps of employees. The Corporates & Markets College also continued to offer its learning initiatives, covering topics such as specific product knowledge or corporate sales abilities.

The Erste Leadership Evolution Centre structures group-wide leadership development offerings. Erste Group's Talent Management offers three gender-balanced talent pools. The International Talent Pool targets high-performing junior professionals up to board minus 3 management levels. As of year-end 2016, about 40% of the International Talent Pool were women. The next level, the Group Key Positions Pool, aims at preparing managerial talents for roles at division head level. This pool comprises 35% women. The Executive Pool, which identifies and develops top executive level talent, comprises 33% women.

Erste Group also offers an annual Graduate Programme for university graduates. The aim of the programme is to attract top graduates and provide fundamental banking and risk management knowledge.

In 2016, each employee of Erste Group had on average 4 training days for professional development. The total group-wide training budget amounted to EUR 19.8 million (i.e. approximately EUR 500 on average per employee).

The focus for 2017 is the mobilisation of identified talents within the group and to further develop the digital learning offering.

### REMUNERATION AND PEOPLE PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT

Erste Group continued to focus the remuneration policy on an appropriate balance in rewarding the performance, competence and level of responsibility of the employees. Minor adaptions in the retail sales incentive schemes made the link between company performance and retail sales incentive payments more transparent. Erste Group's reward system is consistent, competitive and transparent. The remuneration policy aims to

- \_ create an environment where employees can perform, develop and be engaged
- \_ reward at the right level to attract and retain employees with the required competence and skills
- \_ be cost-competitive and cost-flexible for a sustainable business
- \_ support leadership and employee behaviour that creates an engaging and unique customer experience and effective risk management practices

As a signatory of the Austrian *Diversity Charter*, Erste Group committed itself to the principles of equal opportunity and transparency, especially in remuneration. One of the key strategic priorities is to ensure that total reward schemes are more transparent, market-driven and linked to performance and personal development. Erste Group offers competitive but not market-leading compensation packages. The local banks' remuneration practices remain well balanced with the business line needs and local country pay practices. The remuneration schemes are designed according to all EU and national regulatory requirements on remuneration.

The fixed remuneration is the core component of any employee's remuneration and is based on the job complexity, individual contributions and local market conditions. The fixed salary represents a sufficiently high proportion of the total remuneration to allow the operation of a flexible and variable remuneration policy. The total remuneration is balanced in such a way that it does not promote excessive risk-taking. The variable remuneration component may be offered to all employees. Awarding a variable salary is based on company, business line and individual performance and also reflects local country practices. On all these levels, Erste Group uses a balance between financial, business growth, risk, customer and cost indicators. The overall performance evaluation also includes the employee's behaviour and competence. Retail sales incentive schemes are offered to selected employees working in the retail business line and are based on company, business line and individual performance.

Benefits are provided as a means to stimulate well-being in the work environment and to support an appropriate work-life balance. Examples of benefits are flexible working time, study leave, parental leave and the health centre expertise. Pension and insurance schemes aim at ensuring that employees have an appropriate standard of living after retirement. Pension and insurance provisions are according to local law, regulation and market practice.

The supervisory board annually reviews group and local remuneration policies and practices. The respective group and local remuneration policies and execution are annually evaluated to ensure that remuneration practices comply with respective international and national regulations. The evaluation comprises the entire remuneration process from determining bonus budget pools, to target setting and performance evaluation, to awarding

bonuses in relation to performance and fixed salary, to the actual pay-out of bonuses.

#### **HEALTH, SAFETY & WORK-LIFE BALANCE**

The workplace offers an ideal setting and infrastructure to support and promote health issues to large groups of people, thus making occupational health an important contributor to public health.

The areas of activity for health promotion in Erste Group include lifestyle habits, work-life balance, mental health and stress prevention and nutrition consultation. Erste Group is committed to a proactive approach towards helping its employees to identify and manage health risks. A multi-professional team of occupational physicians, industrial psychologists and physiotherapists assists Erste Group's employees in any matters of health and well-being.

At Erste Group's headquarters in Vienna, the health centre offers 38 courses covering a wide range of measures such as relaxation techniques and physical activity. The courses include yoga, circuit training, pilates, preventive back pain training, etc. In addition, the health centre continued to focus on health risk factors (in particular the prevention of heart disease and stroke) and on changing personal health practices and behavioural patterns (e.g. smoking and diet). Chronic diseases do not have a major impact only on the quality of life and life expectancy but also on the labour market as chronic illness affects job fluctuation and wages. Erste Group implemented a wide variety of measures to prevent or at least limit the impact of chronic diseases. These measures include preventive medical examinations.

The workplace directly influences the physical, mental, economic and social well-being of employees and affects the health of their families, communities and society. Consequently, the health centre continued to also focus on strengthening its effectiveness on maintaining mental health of the employees in 2016. Erste Group is still one of very few companies having a company agreement on stepwise reintegration after a long sickness. The company agreement is appreciated as a very good example of bridging health and labour issues, and it was discussed at the Austrian medical association and various medical congresses in 2016.

Respecting and promoting work-life balance among its employees has been a long-standing priority of Erste Group, and it offers a wide variety of family-friendly measures and evaluates them on a regular basis to ensure that they truly meet the employees' needs. These measures differ from country to country and include flexible work arrangements, short sabbaticals, and regular meetings for employees on maternity/parental leave.

As an additional offer, Erste Group opened its MiniCampus company kindergarten at Erste Group's headquarters in Vienna.

#### **Staff indicators**

|                | Share of fe | Share of female staff |       | Share of part-time staff |       | Share of female part-<br>time staff in total part-<br>time workforce |      | Share of male part-<br>time staff in total male<br>workforce |      | Share of executive positions |  |
|----------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|--|------|--|------|------------------------------|--|
|                | 2016        | 2015                  | 2016  | 2015                     | 2016  | 2015   | 2016 | 2015   | 2016 | 2015                         |  |
| Austria        | 50.0%       | 47.9%                 | 25.8% | 24.5%                    | 81.1% | 83.0%  | 9.8% | 4.2%   | 2.9% | 1.6%                         |  |
| Czech Republic | 69.7%       | 70.9%                 | 7.6%  | 7.9%                     | 89.4% | 92.6%  | 2.7% | 0.6%   | 1.2% | 0.9%                         |  |
| Slovakia       | 68.7%       | 71.9%                 | 1.2%  | 0.5%                     | 83.3% | 87.0%  | 0.6% | 0.1%   | 1.1% | 0.9%                         |  |
| Romania        | 70.3%       | 70.2%                 | 5.8%  | 5.6%                     | 80.1% | 79.0%  | 3.9% | 1.2%   | 1.7% | 1.1%                         |  |
| Hungary        | 62.5%       | 62.4%                 | 3.4%  | 2.6%                     | 74.0% | 81.1%  | 2.4% | 0.5%   | 2.4% | 2.1%                         |  |
| Croatia        | 66.4%       | 69.2%                 | 1.5%  | 0.9%                     | 80.0% | 96.6%  | 0.9% | 0.0%   | 2.7% | 2.7%                         |  |
| Serbia         | 69.9%       | 69.1%                 | 0.1%  | 0.1%                     | 0.0%  | 0.0%   | 0.3% | 0.1%   | 2.8% | 2.2%                         |  |

|                | Other managerial positions |       | Share of women in executive positions |       | Share of women in<br>other managerial<br>positions |       | Average number of<br>sick leave days per<br>employee |      | Number of employees with health disability |      |
|----------------|----------------------------|-------|---------------------------------------|-------|--|-------|--|------|--|------|
|                | 2016                       | 2015  | 2016                                  | 2015  | 2016   | 2015  | 2016   | 2015 | 2016                                       | 2015 |
| Austria        | 6.9%                       | 8.9%  | 26.5%                                 | 17.0% | 27.8%  | 27.0% | 7.3  | 7.7  | 138  | 110  |
| Czech Republic | 4.2%                       | 4.8%  | 25.4%                                 | 16.5% | 44.3%  | 39.6% | 8.3  | 7.2  | 109  | 130  |
| Slovakia       | 8.8%                       | 8.5%  | 23.1%                                 | 25.6% | 54.6%  | 55.7% | 12.0   | 7.1  | 102  | 100  |
| Romania        | 6.3%                       | 6.5%  | 44.0%                                 | 46.8% | 56.0%  | 57.4% | 7.9  | 8.2  | 27   | 20   |
| Hungary        | 12.2%                      | 12.2% | 22.9%                                 | 25.0% | 51.4%  | 53.0% | 7.6  | 7.7  | 8  | 6    |
| Croatia        | 5.5%                       | 9.5%  | 32.6%                                 | 36.5% | 55.9%  | 61.5% | 9.4  | 10.2 | 9  | 9    |
| Serbia         | 14.4%                      | 13.9% | 33.3%                                 | 37.5% | 56.2%  | 55.0% | 6.7  | 4.8  | 1  | 2    |

Executive positions cover all the board and board-1 positions. Other managerial positions cover all the board-2 and board-3 positions.

In 2016, the scope of consolidation was extended to 103 entities (additional 93 FTEs were employed in entities that were not included in this scope of consolidation; that is 0.25% of the total FTEs of the staff indicators). The 2016 data is therefore not comparable to 2015.

#### **Turnover rate**

| 2016           | То      | Total |         | <30 years |         | 31-40 years |         | years | >50 years |       |
|----------------|---------|-------|---------|-----------|---------|-------------|---------|-------|-----------|-------|
|                | Females | Males | Females | Males     | Females | Males       | Females | Males | Females   | Males |
| Austria        | 3.2%    | 4.1%  | 5.3%    | 5.6%      | 2.8%    | 4.5%        | 1.6%    | 2.3%  | 2.9%      | 4.2%  |
| Czech Republic | 12.4%   | 5.3%  | 18.7%   | 8.9%      | 11.6%   | 6.3%        | 7.5%    | 3.1%  | 11.6%     | 3.1%  |
| Slovakia       | 12.8%   | 5.0%  | 18.7%   | 8.3%      | 11.8%   | 6.9%        | 8.2%    | 2.6%  | 12.3%     | 2.3%  |
| Romania        | 11.5%   | 6.3%  | 21.6%   | 10.0%     | 12.3%   | 6.2%        | 6.3%    | 3.7%  | 5.8%      | 5.2%  |
| Hungary        | 13.8%   | 8.1%  | 17.1%   | 12.6%     | 12.1%   | 8.0%        | 10.8%   | 6.4%  | 15.0%     | 5.5%  |
| Croatia        | 4.6%    | 2.7%  | 10.5%   | 4.6%      | 2.7%    | 1.7%        | 2.0%    | 2.2%  | 3.2%      | 2.2%  |
| Serbia         | 6.3%    | 5.7%  | 12.2%   | 14.5%     | 4.7%    | 5.1%        | 1.9%    | 1.4%  | 6.5%      | 1.7%  |

The presentation of the turnover data was amended pursuant to GRI. The calculation of the turnover rate comprises employees that left Erste Group (including retirees); employees on parental leave, internal moves within Erste Group and the departure of trainees or interns were excluded from the calculation.

As a result of the changed presentation, the table is not directly comparable with the data presented in the annual report 2015.

#### Return to work after parental leave

| 2016    | Austria | Czech Rep. | Slovakia | Romania | Hungary | Croatia | Serbia |
|---------|---------|------------|----------|---------|---------|---------|--------|
| Females | 94.5%   | 42.3%      | 43.4%    | 42.1%   | 68.5%   | 98.6%   | 27.5%  |
| Males   | 100.0%  | 100.0%     | n.a.     | 100.0%  | 0.0%    | 100.0%  | n.a.   |



### **Environment**

Environmental issues affect everyone's life, and the time when only environmental activists paid attention is long gone. In 2016, the Paris Agreement went into force when more than 55 countries, contributing together more than 55% of the global greenhouse gas emissions (GHG), had signed. After more than two decades of discussions, all signatories now have the obligation to reduce their GHG emissions to keep the global temperature rise below 2 degrees Celsius above the pre-industrial level. To cap global warming at the agreed level, from now on a maximum of 20% of the known global reserves of fossil fuel (especially coal) shall be burned to avoid the more severe and widespread consequences on all continents due to the rising sea levels and other increasing climate-related hazards.

Although the direct impact of banks on the environment may be very limited, Erste Group has been committed to reducing the consumption of natural resources, notably heating and electric energy, for years. It had implemented plans to cut its direct CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by 30% in 2012. The most significant impact is achieved through increased energy efficiency and the usage of electric energy from renewable resources.

Erste Group recognises its indirect responsibility and also takes into account potential environmental risks related to lending and investment. Erste Asset Management, one of the first investment fund companies that signed the *Montréal Carbon Pledge*, announced in October 2016 to exclude companies that derive more than 30% of sales from coal mining. Erste Group will follow in 2017 with an updated policy for responsible financing. In addition to already existing restrictions on financing of nuclear power plants the financing of coal mines and fossil fuel fired power plants will be limited to exceptional cases. Balancing financial and ecological interests will remain one of the main challenges in the upcoming years.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL STRATEGY**

Erste Group's environmental strategy is built on four pillars:

- \_ implementation of an environmental management system
- \_ implementation of a supply chain management system for all products and services needed to run the banking business
- integration of environmental criteria into banking products and services (especially financing products)

\_ cooperation with environmental NGOs

An Environmental Steering Committee consisting of the CEO and COO of Erste Group and the Head of Group Sustainability Office was established to monitor the group-wide implementation of the environmental strategy. Within each local banking subsidiary, environmental teams under the direct responsibility of one Board Member are installed. Over the next few years, it will become common practice to integrate environmental aspects into day-to-day banking business wherever appropriate. The Supply Chain Management System ensures that ecological and commercial considerations are equally taken into account in purchasing decisions.

#### **Medium-term priorities**

In line with the environmental strategy, the following key priorities were confirmed:

- \_ climate protection and sustainable use of natural resources: increased use of energy from renewable sources, improvement of energy efficiency at all office locations and branches across Erste Group, improving the energy efficiency of data centres, reduction in the number of business trips supported by increased use of telephone and video conferences
- \_ ecological impact of procured products and services: further development and implementation of ecological procurement criteria
- \_ sustainable banking products: definition of criteria for sustainable financing and investments, align with international environmental agreements like the *UN Global Compact* where Erste Group has been a signatory since the end of 2015 to support the *UN Sustainable Development Goals*

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL TARGETS**

To improve the environmental footprint of the business activities, Erste Group defined the following measurable group-wide reduction targets by 2016 compared to 2012 data:

- Electricity consumption by -10%
- Heating energy by -10%
- \_ Copy paper consumption by -20%
- \_ Greenhouse gas (CO2eq, scope 1 and 2) emissions by -30%

The targets – with the exemption of greenhouse gas emissions – were met. The reduction of  $CO_2$ eq-emissions stood at 28%, slightly below the envisaged 30%. Including the conversion to electric energy from renewable sources, which happened already in 2011 in Austria, the  $CO_2$ eq emissions declined by 40%.

### Development of the environmental footprint in 2016 versus 2012

Electric energy: -13% to 160.9 GWh
 Heating energy: -18% to 132.8 GWh
 Copy paper: -20% to 1,376 t
 CO<sub>2</sub>eq emissions (scope 1 and 2): -28% to 77,008 t

#### **GROUP-WIDE ACTIVITIES**

In 2016, several thousand of Erste Group employees moved into the new headquarters Erste Campus, one of the most energy efficient and sustainable office buildings in Vienna. In April 2016, the complex was certified with the platinum award of DGNB/ÖGNI (Österreichische Gesellschaft für Nachhaltige Immobilienwirtschaft). The architectonical landmark building offers more than 165,000 m² of total space for up to 4,500 employees which were scattered in more than 20 office buildings throughout Vienna prior to the move. There is no heating/cooling system in place using fossil fuel. Heating and cooling is provided by district heating, district cooling and using geothermal energy by heating pumps. Furthermore, 100% of the electric energy is CO<sub>2</sub> free from renewable sources. State-of-the-art LED systems reduce the annual consumption of electric energy by close to 1,000 MWh compared with old-fashioned lighting systems.

Based on a desk sharing concept a variety of different types of work spaces are provided. Employees can choose on a daily basis to work in focus zones, at regular desks or in team desks to get the work at hand done. Flexible working practices are supported by a secure Wi-Fi system allowing mobile notebook usage anywhere at the campus – even at the roof gardens. Compared to the traditional system of assigned desks, low occupancy and accompanying waste of resources are avoided. The new working environment does not only save space and energy, it also facilitates the communication and cooperation between employees and teams. Furthermore, in combination with a limitation of the individual storage place for documents, it resulted in a reduced consumption of office copy paper by 24t or 14% compared with last year.

Outside the Erste Campus, improving energy efficiency remained on the agenda within the programme of modernising and renovating branches, for example by installing LED lights and efficient heating systems.

In Austria, Erste Group continued its cooperation with a nonprofit organisation employing handicapped and long-term unemployed people which is specialised in re-cycling and reselling old IT equipment of companies. Slovenská sporiteľňa is the first local bank meeting Erste Group's target of implementing an environmental management system and passed the certification at the end of 2015 according to EN ISO 14001:2004. Internal auditors audited more than eighty premises and external auditors audited ten premises to verify compliance with the obligations under this ecological regulation. No short-comings were identified. In line with the bank's focus on lower energy consumption and related carbon dioxide emissions, energetic inspections were performed at more than forty premises. Checks were done on settings of correct operating times for individual technologies or correct temperature parameters. Based on the findings, measures for energy consumption optimisation were adopted. One of the main criteria for the selection of new servers in the bank's data centre in Bratislava was low electric energy consumption.

To increase awareness of employees for environmental protection, all new employees of Slovenská sporiteľňa are trained in environmental targets and measures. All employees are obliged to complete an e-learning course about environmental protection, and even an eco-driving training for employees is now offered.

Following the example of Erste Group in Vienna, bee hives were placed on the rooftop of the banks headquarters building at Bratislava

The main focus at Česká spořitelna is also on efficient energy consumption. All branches participate in an energy reduction programme called *Energetická liga*. On a quarterly basis, energy consumption of each branch is compared with other locations similar in size and functionality and with the previous period.

Remote monitoring of heating, ventilation and air conditioning technologies has already been implemented in one hundred forty-six buildings. The data collected – ranging from temperature, settings of electronic valves to energy consumption – is used to optimise the total energy consumption. In cooperation with the Czech Technical University in Prague, analytical methods and sophisticated algorithms are developed to improve energy efficiency. To quantify, organisational environmental performance and position environmental audits are performed on the building portfolio, 34 audits were completed in 2016 (30 audits in 2015 and 19 in 2014).

At one of the buildings of Česká spořitelna's headquarters, an *ECO DAY* was introduced. Employees were encouraged to collect worn-out and obsolete electrical and electronic equipment to ensure environmentally friendly waste management and recycling. Similar to the desk sharing concept of Erste Group in Vienna, the bank is also testing this concept at one of its main buildings with the aim to save space and thus energy and other resources.

Erste Bank Serbia continued its energy efficiency initiatives, besides the ongoing renovation of its branches a new head office is under construction – the business complex Sirius Offices. Of course, high environmental standards are a given, and the bank strives for a top certification of BREEAM (Building Research Establishment Environmental Assessment Method for buildings). Energy-efficient lighting remains on the top of the agenda; to reduce the energy consumption in the branches, neon lights are replaced by LED and advertising signs are turned off at midnight.

Like in all core countries of Erste Group, the bank encourages a healthy and sustainable lifestyle by providing space for bikes wherever possible to motivate employees and customers alike to use bikes.

Raising employees' awareness and keeping people informed about the ecological consequences of their activities supported the programmes to save resources at the workplace. Erste Bank Serbia continued to be the leading Serbian institutions in financing renewable energy projects. For three years, Erste Bank Serbia has been a partner of the competition *Green ideas*, which rewards the best innovative entrepreneurial ecoprojects. The aim is to encourage the development of entrepreneurial ideas with a social, environmental and economic impact in the community.

Erste Bank Croatia is – apart from the Austrian operations of Erste Group – the only core market consuming electric energy from almost 100% renewable sources. In 2016, the contract was extended to keep the CO<sub>2</sub> emissions at the very low level. No appropriate local energy providers selling country-wide CO<sub>2</sub>-free electricity are operating in the other core markets yet.

Various programmes to improve the energy efficiency have been prolonged in Croatia as well. One example is that electric boilers in toilets and kitchenettes are now equipped with timers to distribute the energy consumption more evenly throughout the day to avoid expensive peak demand. To reduce energy consumption for cooling, a special foil was applied on large glass surface at five premises and the headquarters at Rijeka to protect against UV and heat radiation.

Office paper consumption was reduced by switching to work with scanned (with OCR recognition) electronic versions of the credit application documentation, while storage at the new central archives in Bjelovar will be limited to one copy.

Special banking products with positive environmental impact have also been implemented in 2016. Retail introduced consumer EKO loans for private investments increasing energy efficiency. Correspondingly, the Corporate Division launched a special investment loan for the financing of energy efficiency projects in buildings. In cooperation with international financial institutions (EIB and EBRD), special credit lines are offered for financing energy efficiency projects and the production of energy from renewable sources. An ongoing task was and is to create awareness about environmental issues with employees and other stakeholders.

#### Measures to reduce office paper consumption

Without a doubt, besides measures relating to energy, one of the greatest direct contributions that a financial institution can make to protect the environment is cutting paper consumption.

To minimise the environmental impact of the group-wide paper consumption Erste Group continuously runs paper-saving initiatives. In addition, group-wide sourcing rules for paper are in place:

- \_ When purchasing paper, environmental criteria are as important as other business criteria such as price, availability, product quality and regulatory requirements.
- \_ Wherever technically possible, only 100% recycled paper is to be used, especially in the case of copy paper and all paper used for internal purposes.
- \_ If recycled paper cannot be used, only paper certified by the FSC (Forest Stewardship Council) or PEFC (Programme for the Endorsement of Forest Certification Schemes) is to be chosen to prevent the use of paper from illegally harvested wood sources.

Erste Group is already close to reaching the target of 100% recycling paper for copy machines. The next step will be to switch to recycled paper also for business cards, envelopes and other kinds of office paper. With this measure, Erste Group shows its commitment to protecting natural resources. In Slovakia, the Czech Republic, Hungary, Serbia and Croatia, the targeted level of 100% recycled copy paper has been almost reached. In Austria, the share reached 88.7%. Only Romania is lagging behind with a copy-paper share of 13%. At Banca Comercială Română, it is planned to switch to recycled copy paper in 2017. Excluding the savings banks, total consumption of copy paper was reduced by additional 94 tonnes to 1,376 tonnes. Since 2012, the total volume declined by 337 tonnes or about 20%. To complete the environmental cycle local banking subsidiaries increased their efforts to collect waste paper.

Erste Group's advanced electronic banking solutions including different apps for mobile phones and other mobile electronic devices enable customers to carry out basic banking transactions wherever and whenever they want. Erste Bank Oesterreich confirmed its innovation leadership by further developing its digital platform called *George*. Digital banking also helps the environment as it saves paper – e-statements replace printed statements, and the handling of payment forms is reduced.

#### Other environmental initiatives

One element of Erste Group's environmental strategy is the cooperation with NGOs. Independent environmental NGOs offer access to their local and international know-how and provide valuable assistance in Erste Group's efforts to become an even more environmentally sustainable company. Erste Group cooperates with the WWF Climate Group. The aim of the initiative is to mobilise companies to cut global carbon dioxide emissions. Further information is available at www.climategroup.at.

#### **Public recognition**

In Austria, Erste Group was again awarded by the City of Vienna within the framework of  $\ddot{O}koBusinessPlan$  Wien 2016 for the ongoing commitment to environmental protection. Česká spořitelna was awarded for the second time with the Green Bank Award (GEEN Zelená banka) for its commitment in areas like paper consumption reduction, green energy purchase, recycling and environmentally friendly means of transport.

#### Impact of procured products and services

Erste Group Procurement (EGP) continued its efforts to include environmental criteria in its purchasing activities. Since 2014, the Ethical and Environmental Code of Conduct for Suppliers of Goods and Services of EGP is used across the group. The supply audit evaluation includes more than just sustainability and environmental aspects. For further details, please refer to the Customers and Suppliers chapter.

#### **Environmental data**

Environmental data are collected with a software tool called *cr360*. This system uses emission factors from the UK Department for Environment, Food & Rural Affairs (DEFRA) and the International Energy Agency (IEA).

#### **Environmental indicators 2016**

| Tonnes CO₂eq-emissions  | Total  | Austria | Croatia | Czech Rep | Hungary | Romania | Serbia | Slovakia |
|-------------------------|--------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|--------|----------|
| Cooling agents          | 1,246  | 14      | 268     | 399       | 148     | 159     | 81     | 176      |
| Mobility                | 7,642  | 949     | 724     | 2,964     | 680     | 1,333   | 273    | 720      |
| Heating/ warm water     | 13,742 | 994     | 585     | 807       | 449     | 7,863   | 150    | 2,895    |
| Σ Scope 1               | 22,630 | 1,957   | 1,577   | 4,169     | 1,277   | 9,355   | 504    | 3,792    |
| District heating        | 11,076 | 144     | 293     | 9,208     | 436     | 490     | 236    | 269      |
| Electricity             | 43,302 | 109     | 14      | 22,365    | 3,137   | 12,283  | 2,002  | 3,391    |
| Σ Scope 2               | 54,377 | 253     | 307     | 31,573    | 3,573   | 12,773  | 2,237  | 3,661    |
| Scope 3 (only mobility) | 4,476  | 1,478   | 48      | 2,043     | 24      | 728     | 71     | 84       |
| Total                   | 81,484 | 3,688   | 1,933   | 37,785    | 4,874   | 22,856  | 2,812  | 7,537    |

| Relative values per FTE or m² | Heating<br>kWh/m² | Electricity<br>kWh/m² | Copy paper<br>kg/FTE | CO₂eq Scope 1<br>t/FTE | CO₂eq Scope 2<br>t/FTE | CO₂eq Scope 3<br>t/FTE |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Austria                       | 92.0              | 186.7                 | 20.0                 | 0.24                   | 0.03                   | 0.18                   |
| Croatia                       | 76.7              | 193.1                 | 37.3                 | 0.51                   | 0.10                   | 0.02                   |
| Czech Republic                | 96.1              | 90.4                  | 24.4                 | 0.40                   | 3.04                   | 0.20                   |
| Hungary                       | 63.5              | 158.0                 | 45.4                 | 0.44                   | 1.22                   | 0.01                   |
| Romania                       | 107.2             | 91.2                  | 72.2                 | 1.29                   | 1.80                   | 0.10                   |
| Serbia                        | 69.0              | 98.8                  | 52.8                 | 0.50                   | 2.23                   | 0.07                   |
| Slovakia                      | 84.4              | 107.0                 | 33.0                 | 0.87                   | 0.84                   | 0.02                   |

FTE (full-time equivalent) is defined as an employee times his/her employment factor CO<sub>2</sub>eq = CO<sub>2</sub> equivalents

#### **Environmental indicators 2015**

| Tonnes CO <sub>2</sub> eq-emissions | Total  | Austria | Croatia | Czech Rep | Hungary | Romania | Serbia | Slovakia |
|-------------------------------------|--------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|--------|----------|
| Cooling agents                      | 1,341  | 130     | 97      | 525       | 23      | 448     | 118    | 0        |
| Mobility                            | 7,786  | 1,235   | 635     | 2,730     | 789     | 1,364   | 297    | 735      |
| Heating/ warm water                 | 16,366 | 1,012   | 574     | 3,640     | 369     | 8,389   | 163    | 2,218    |
| Σ Scope 1                           | 25,493 | 2,377   | 1,307   | 6,895     | 1,181   | 10,201  | 579    | 2,953    |
| District heating                    | 8,899  | 833     | 230     | 5,865     | 618     | 987     | 208    | 159      |
| Electricity                         | 43,276 | 1       | 35      | 24,528    | 2,944   | 10,499  | 1,880  | 3,389    |
| Σ Scope 2                           | 52,175 | 834     | 264     | 30,393    | 3,562   | 11,486  | 2,088  | 3,548    |
| Scope 3 (only mobility)             | 4,332  | 1,808   | 107     | 1,900     | 19      | 336     | 51     | 111      |
| Total                               | 82,000 | 5,019   | 1,678   | 39,188    | 4,762   | 22,023  | 2,718  | 6,612    |

CO<sub>2</sub>eq = CO<sub>2</sub> equivalents

| Relative values           | Heating | Electricity | Copy paper | CO₂eq Scope 1 | CO₂eq Scope 2 | CO₂eq Scope 3 |
|---------------------------|---------|-------------|------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| per FTE or m <sup>2</sup> | kWh/m²  | kWh/m²      | kg/FTE     | t/FTE         | t/FTE         | t/FTE         |
| Austria                   | 68.1    | 200.6       | 28.6       | 0.36          | 0.13          | 0.28          |
| Croatia                   | 71.1    | 169.2       | 35.8       | 0.48          | 0.10          | 0.04          |
| Czech Republic            | 89.0    | 95.6        | 26.9       | 0.63          | 2.78          | 0.17          |
| Hungary                   | 70.3    | 147.8       | 43.7       | 0.40          | 1.20          | 0.01          |
| Romania                   | 121.6   | 79.2        | 96.2       | 1.71          | 1.93          | 0.06          |
| Serbia                    | 65.0    | 90.7        | 43.5       | 0.60          | 2.16          | 0.05          |
| Slovakia                  | 61.5    | 103.1       | 34.0       | 0.69          | 0.83          | 0.03          |

Following a retrospective change of the emission factors by DEFRA and IEA, the environmental data 2015 are only partially comparable to the data presented in the annual report 2015. FTE (full-time equivalent) is defined as an employee times his/her employment factor CO<sub>2</sub>eq = CO<sub>2</sub> equivalents

#### Copy paper

|                |              | 2015     |              | 2016         |          |                   |  |
|----------------|--------------|----------|--------------|--------------|----------|-------------------|--|
|                | Total weight | Recycled | Not recycled | Total weight | Recycled | Not recycled<br>% |  |
|                | (tonnes)     | %        | %            | (tonnes)     | %        | 70                |  |
| Austria        | 187.1        | 76.4     | 23.6         | 163.5        | 88.7     | 11.3              |  |
| Croatia        | 97.7         | 99.2     | 0.8          | 116.2        | 99.9     | 0.1               |  |
| Czech Republic | 294.4        | 100.0    | 0.0          | 254.0        | 98.4     | 1.6               |  |
| Hungary        | 130.0        | 100.0    | 0.0          | 132.8        | 100.0    | 0.0               |  |
| Romania        | 573.7        | 17.0     | 83.0         | 513.2        | 13.4     | 86.6              |  |
| Serbia         | 42.0         | 85.0     | 15.0         | 53.1         | 100.0    | 0.0               |  |
| Slovakia       | 145.0        | 96.5     | 3.5          | 143.2        | 98.8     | 1.2               |  |



### Corporate governance

## (Consolidated) corporate governance report

In 2003, Erste Group Bank AG declared its commitment to comply with the rules of the Austrian Code of Corporate Governance (Austrian CCG - see www.corporate-governance.at) with the objective of ensuring responsible and transparent corporate governance. In addition, the management board adopted a Statement of Purpose in 2015. This statement reaffirms and states in more detail the purpose of Erste Group Bank AG to promote and secure prosperity throughout the region, in which Erste Group is active. Building on this Statement of Purpose, a Code of Conduct defines binding rules for the day-to-day business. Erste Group values responsibility, respect and sustainability in pursuing its business activities. The Code of Conduct hence helps to protect the reputation of Erste Group and to strengthen stakeholder confidence. The (consolidated) corporate governance report has been prepared in accordance with sections 243c and 267b of the Austrian Commercial Code and Rules 60 et seq. of the Austrian CCG and also complies with sustainability reporting guidelines (www.globalreporting.org).

The Austrian CCG is a set of self-regulation rules for Austrian listed companies supplementing Austrian laws on stock markets and capital markets. The aim is to establish responsible corporate management and control to create long-term value. Application of the Austrian CCG guarantees a high degree of transparency for all stakeholders including investors, customers and employees. The Code contains the following sets of rules: L-Rules (Legal Requirements – mandatory legal norms), C-Rules (Comply-or-Explain – deviations are permitted but must be explained) and R-Rules (Recommendations – these rules are more similar to recommendations; non-compliance does not need to be disclosed or explained).

In the financial year 2016, Erste Group Bank AG complied with all L-Rules and R-Rules as well as – with two exceptions – all C-Rules of the Austrian CCG. The two deviations are described and explained below: Pursuant to C-Rule 2 of the Austrian CCG, shares are to be construed in accordance with the principle of one share – one vote, i.e. investors have one vote per share and no right to nominate members to the supervisory board. Under Erste

Group Bank AG's articles of association (Art. 15.1), DIE ERSTE österreichische Spar-Casse Privatstiftung is, however, granted the right to nominate up to one third of the members of the supervisory board to be elected by the shareholder meeting as long as it is liable for all present and future liabilities of Erste Group Bank AG in case of its insolvency according to section 92 para. 9 of the Austrian Banking Act. The Privatstiftung has not exercised this right to date. Pursuant to C-Rule 52a of the Austrian CCG, the number of supervisory board members (without employees' representatives) shall be ten at most. At present, though, Erste Group Bank AG's supervisory board consists of eleven shareholder representatives elected by the annual general meeting. The deviation from C-Rule 52a of the Austrian CCG is due to the size of Erste Group and its market position in seven core markets in Central and Eastern Europe as well as to the fact that Erste Group is subject to a multitude of financial market and prudential regulations, which have increased in recent years and will continue to increase in the future. In addition, the supervisory board has to meet a rising number of additional review and control requirements under current laws and regulations.

### Working methods of the management board and the supervisory board

Erste Group Bank AG is a stock corporation established according to Austrian law with a management board and a supervisory board as management bodies (two-tier system). The management board is responsible for managing the company as required for the benefit of the company taking into account the interests of the shareholders and the employees as well as public interest. The management board develops the strategic orientation of the company and aligns it with the supervisory board. It ensures effective risk management and risk control. The management board takes its decisions in compliance with all relevant legal provisions, the articles of association and its internal rules of procedure. The supervisory board appoints the members of the management board, decides on the remuneration of the management board and monitors and evaluates on a yearly basis its activity. The supervisory board advises the management board on the determination of the business strategy. It takes part in making decisions as provided for by law, the articles of association and its internal rules of procedure.

### Selection and assessment of members of management bodies

The qualification requirements for members of the management bodies (management board and supervisory board) of Erste Group Bank AG are governed by the internal guidelines for the selection and assessment of members of the management and supervisory boards. These guidelines define, in accordance with applicable legal provisions, the internal framework for the selection and assessment of members of the management bodies. The assessment of proposed and appointed members of management bodies is based on the following criteria: personal reputation, professional qualifications

and experience as well as governance criteria (potential conflicts of interest, independence, time availability, overall composition of the management or supervisory board and diversity).

#### **Training and development**

To maintain an appropriate level of professional qualification of members of the management bodies, Erste Group regularly organises events and seminars for members of the management board and supervisory board, management and staff. Speakers at these events are in-house and outside experts.

#### MANAGEMENT BOARD

| ·             | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·        |   |
|---------------|--|---|
| Year of birth | Date of initial appointment                  | End of current period of office   |
| 1952          | 1 October 1994                               | 30 June 2020  |
| 1968          | 1 January 2015                               | 31 December 2020  |
| 1961          | 1 April 2015                                 | 31 December 2020  |
| 1956          | 1 January 2017                               | 31 December 2020  |
| 1967          | 1 September 2013                             | 31 December 2016  |
| 1964          | 1 January 2011                               | 31 December 2020  |
| 1967          | 1 January 2015                               | 31 December 2020  |
|               | 1952<br>1968<br>1961<br>1956<br>1967<br>1964 | Year of birth         appointment           1952         1 October 1994           1968         1 January 2015           1961         1 April 2015           1956         1 January 2017           1967         1 September 2013           1964         1 January 2011 |

In the financial year 2016, the management board consisted of six members. Andreas Gottschling resigned as of 31 December 2016. The supervisory board appointed Willibald Cernko as new member of the management board effective 1 January 2017.

As of 1 January 2017, the allocation of duties among the members of the management board is as follows:

| Management board member       | Areas of responsibility   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Andreas Treichl<br>(Chairman) | Group Strategy, Group Secretariat, Group Communications, Group Investor Relations, Group Human Resources, Human Resources Group Audit, Social Banking Development |
| Peter Bosek                   | Erste Hub, Digital Sales, Group Retail Strategy   |
| Petr Brávek                   | Holding IT, Holding Banking Operations, Group COO Governance, Group Architecture and Portfolio Management   |
| Willibald Cernko              | Liquidity and Market Risk Management, Enterprise wide Risk Management, Risk Methods and Models, Non Financial Risk, Group Workout, Group Credit Risk Management   |
| Gernot Mittendorfer           | Group ALM, Group Data Management and Reporting, Group Accounting and Controlling, Group Services  |
| Jozef Síkela                  | Group Corporates, Group Commercial Real Estate, Group Markets, Operating Office C and M. Group Research   |

### Supervisory board mandates and similar functions, management roles in subsidiaries

As of 31 December 2016, the management board members held the following supervisory board mandates or similar functions in domestic or foreign companies or material subsidiaries of Erste Group Bank AG (the latter are marked with \*). No management board member holds a management position in a material subsidiary of Erste Group Bank AG.

#### Andreas Treichl

Sparkassen Versicherung AG Vienna Insurance Group (Chair), Leoganger Bergbahnen Gesellschaft m.b.H. (Member), Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG\* (Member), Banca Comercială Română S.A.\* (Vice Chair), Česká spořitelna, a.s.\* (Vice Chair)

#### Peter Bosek

Wiener Städtische Versicherung AG Vienna Insurance Group (2nd Vice Chair), Sparkassen Versicherung AG Vienna Insurance Group (Member), Česká spořitelna, a.s.\* (Member)

#### Petr Brávek

Česká spořitelna, a.s.\* (Member), s IT Solutions AT Spardat GmbH\* (Vice Chair), Erste Group IT International GmbH\* (Chair)

#### **Andreas Gottschling**

Erste Group Immorent AG\* (Vice Chair), Erste & Steiermärkische Bank d.d.\* (Erste Bank Croatia) (Chair)

#### Gernot Mittendorfer

Banca Comercială Română S.A.\* (Member), Erste Bank Hungary Zrt.\* (Member), Erste Bank a.d. Novi Sad\* (Chair), Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG\* (Member), Slovenská sporiteľňa, a.s.\* (Chair), Erste Group IT International GmbH\* (Vice Chair)

#### Jozef Síkela

Oesterreichische Kontrollbank Aktiengesellschaft (Member), Erste Group Immorent AG\* (Chair), Prvá stavebná sporiteľňa, a.s.\* (Member) Andreas Gottschling resigned from the supervisory boards of Erste Group Immorent AG\* und Erste & Steiermärkische Bank d.d.\* as of 31 December 2016. Willibald Cernko was elected to the supervisory board of Erste Group Immorent AG\* (Vice Chair) in February 2017 and holds a supervisory board mandate in Mobilux Acquisition SAS.

#### SUPERVISORY BOARD

In the financial year 2016, the following persons were members of the supervisory board.

| Position              | Name                           | Year of birth | Occupation                         | Date of initial appointment | End of the current period of office |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Chairman              | Friedrich Rödler               | 1950          | Auditor and tax advisor            | 4 May 2004                  | AGM 2019                            |
| 1st Vice Chairman     | Jan Homan                      | 1947          | General Manager, ret.              | 4 May 2004                  | AGM 2019                            |
| 2nd Vice Chairwoman   | Bettina Breiteneder            | 1970          | Entrepreneur                       | 4 May 2004                  | AGM 2019                            |
| Member                | Elisabeth Bleyleben-Koren      | 1948          | General Manager, ret.              | 21 May 2014                 | AGM 2019                            |
| Member                | Gonzalo Gortázar Rotaeche      | 1965          | CEO, CaixaBank                     | 12 May 2015                 | 27 October 2016                     |
| Member                | Gunter Griss                   | 1945          | Lawyer                             | 21 May 2014                 | AGM 2019                            |
| Member                | Maximilian Hardegg             | 1966          | Entrepreneur                       | 12 May 2015                 | AGM 2020                            |
| Member                | Elisabeth Krainer Senger-Weiss | 1972          | Lawyer                             | 21 May 2014                 | AGM 2019                            |
| Member                | Antonio Massanell Lavilla      | 1954          | Deputy Chairman, CaixaBank         | 12 May 2015                 | AGM 2020                            |
| Member                | Brian D. O'Neill               | 1953          | Senior Advisor, Lazard Frères & Co | 31 May 2007                 | AGM 2017                            |
| Member                | Wilhelm Rasinger               | 1948          | Consultant                         | 11 May 2005                 | AGM 2020                            |
| Member                | John James Stack               | 1946          | CEO, ret.                          | 31 May 2007                 | AGM 2017                            |
| Delegated by the empl | oyees' council                 |               |                                    |                             |                                     |
| Member                | Markus Haag                    | 1980          |                                    | 21 November 2011            | until further notice                |
| Member                | Regina Haberhauer              | 1965          |                                    | 12 May 2015                 | until further notice                |
| Member                | Andreas Lachs                  | 1964          |                                    | 9 August 2008               | until further notice                |
| Member                | Barbara Pichler                | 1969          |                                    | 9 August 2008               | until further notice                |
| Member                | Jozef Pinter                   | 1974          |                                    | 25 June 2015                | until further notice                |
| Member                | Karin Zeisel                   | 1961          |                                    | 9 August 2008               | until further notice                |

Changes in the supervisory board in the financial year 2016: Regina Habenauer's delegation to the supervisory board was temporarily revoked by the employees' council as of 14 March 2016. As of 1 November 2016 she was delegated to the supervisory board again.

Gonzalo Gortázar Rotaeche resigned as member of the supervisory board with effect from 27 October 2016.

#### Membership in supervisory board committees

Committee membership as of 31 December 2016:

| Name                                | Executive committee | Nomination committee | Audit<br>committee | Risk<br>committee | Remuneration committee | IT<br>committee |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| Friedrich Rödler                    | Chairman            | Chairman             | Member*            | Chairman          | Chairman**             | Vice Chairman   |
| Jan Homan                           | Vice Chairman       | Vice Chairman        | Chairman           | Vice Chairman     | Vice Chairman          | Substitute      |
| Bettina Breiteneder                 | Member              | Member               | -                  | Member            | -                      | Chairwoman      |
| Elisabeth Bleyleben-Koren           | -                   | -                    | Member             | Member            | -                      | -               |
| Gonzalo Gortázar Rotaeche           | -                   | -                    | -                  | -                 | -                      | -               |
| Gunter Griss                        | -                   | -                    | -                  | -                 | Member                 | -               |
| Maximilian Hardegg                  | Member              | Member               | Vice Chairman      | Member            | Substitute             | Member          |
| Elisabeth Krainer Senger-Weiss      | -                   | -                    | -                  | Substitute        | -                      | Member          |
| Antonio Massanell Lavilla           | -                   | -                    | Member             | -                 | -                      | Member          |
| Brian D. O'Neill                    | -                   | -                    | -                  | -                 | Member                 | -               |
| Wilhelm Rasinger                    | Substitute          | -                    | Member             | Member            | -                      | -               |
| John James Stack                    | -                   | -                    | -                  | -                 | Member                 | -               |
| Delegated by the employees' council |                     |                      |                    |                   |                        |                 |
| Markus Haag                         | -                   | -                    | -                  | Member            | Substitute             | Substitute      |
| Regina Haberhauer                   | -                   | -                    | Member             | Substitute        | -                      | -               |
| Andreas Lachs                       | Substitute          | Substitute           | Substitute         | Member            | Member                 | Member          |
| Barbara Pichler                     | Member              | Member               | Member             | -                 | Member                 | Member          |
| Jozef Pinter                        | Substitute          | Substitute           | Member             | Substitute        | Substitute             | Substitute      |
| Karin Zeisel                        | Member              | Member               | Substitute         | Member            | Member                 | Member          |
|                                     |                     |                      |                    |                   |                        |                 |

<sup>\*</sup>Financial expert, \*\*Remuneration expert

#### Mandates on supervisory boards or similar functions

As of 31 December 2016, the supervisory board members held the following additional supervisory board mandates or similar functions in domestic or foreign companies. Material subsidiaries of Erste Group Bank AG are marked with \*, listed companies are marked with \*\*.

#### Friedrich Rödler

Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG\*, Erste Bank Hungary Zrt.\*, Sparkassen-Prüfungsverband (Chair), Abschlussprüferaufsichtsbehörde (Austrian authority responsible for the supervision of statutory auditors and audit firms)

#### Jan Homan

Billerud Korsnäs AB\*\*, Constantia Flexibles Holding GmbH, Frapag Beteiligungsholding AG (Chair), Slovenská sporiteľňa, a.s.\* Bettina Breiteneder

Generali Holding Vienna AG, ZS Einkaufszentren Errichtungsund Vermietungs-Aktiengesellschaft, Best in Parking – Holding AG

#### Gonzalo Gortázar Rotaeche

VidaCaixa, S.S. Seguros y Reaseguros (Chair), Repsol S.A.\*\*(1st Vice Chair)

#### **Gunter Griss**

AVL List GmbH (Chair), Bankhaus Krentschker & Co. Aktiengesellschaft\* (2nd Vice Chair), Steiermärkische Bank und Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft\* (Chair)

#### Maximilian Hardegg

DIE ERSTE österreichische Spar-Casse Privatstiftung, Česká spořitelna, a.s.\*

#### Antonio Massanell Lavilla

Repsol S.A.\*\*, SAREB, S.A., Telefónica, S.A.\*, Cecabank, S.A. (Chair)

#### Brian D. O'Neill

Emigrant Bank, Banca Comercială Română S.A.\*, Aqua Venture Holdings, LLC

#### Wilhelm Rasinger

Friedrichshof Wohnungsgenossenschaft reg. Gen. mbH (Chair), Gebrüder Ulmer Holding GmbH, Haberkorn Holding AG, Haberkorn GmbH, S IMMO AG\*\*, Wienerberger AG\*\*

#### John James Stack

Ally Bank, Ally Financial Inc.\*\*, Česká spořitelna, a.s.\* (Chair), Mutual of America Capital Management

Elisabeth Bleyleben-Koren and Elisabeth Krainer Senger-Weiss did not hold any mandates on supervisory boards or similar functions in domestic or foreign companies as of 31 December 2016.

Delegated by the employees' council:

#### Regina Haberhauer

ERSTE-SPARINVEST Kapitalanlagegesellschaft m.b.H.\*, Erste Asset Management GmbH\* (from January 2017)

#### Barbara Pichler

DIE ERSTE österreichische Spar-Casse Privatstiftung

#### Andreas Lachs

VBV-Pensionskasse Aktiengesellschaft

Markus Haag, Jozef Pinter and Karin Zeisel did not hold any mandates on supervisory boards or similar functions in domestic or foreign companies.

### Mechanism for shareholders and employees to provide recommendations and direction to the supervisory board

In accordance with the law and the articles of association, the Employees' Council has the right to delegate one member from among its ranks for every two members appointed by the annual general meeting (statutory one-third parity rule). If the number of shareholder representatives is an odd number, then one more member is appointed as an employee representative.

#### Measures to avoid conflicts of interest

The members of the supervisory board are annually obligated to consider the regulations of the Austrian CCG regarding conflicts of interest. Furthermore, new members of the supervisory board receive comprehensive information regarding the avoidance of conflicts of interest when taking up their supervisory board functions.

#### Independence of the supervisory board

Pursuant to C-Rule 53 of the Austrian CCG, the majority of the members of the supervisory board elected by the annual general meeting or delegated by shareholders in accordance with the articles of association shall be independent of the company and its management board. A member of the supervisory board is deemed to be independent if such person does not have any business or personal relations with the company or its management that would constitute a material conflict of interest and, therefore, might influence the member's conduct. The supervisory board adheres to the independence criteria guidelines as set out in Annex I of the Austrian CCG.

- \_ The supervisory board member shall not have been a member of the management board or a managing employee of the company or of a subsidiary of the company in the past five years.
- \_ The supervisory board member shall not have or not have had in the past year any business relations with the company or a subsidiary of the company to an extent of significance for the supervisory board member. This shall also apply to business relations with companies in which the supervisory board member has a significant economic interest but not to positions held in the Group's managing bodies. The approval of individual transactions by the supervisory board pursuant to L-Rule 48 does not automatically qualify the respective supervisory board member as not being independent.
- \_ The supervisory board member shall not have served as auditor for the company or been involved in an audit or worked as an employee of the audit firm that audited the company in the past three years.

- \_ The supervisory board member shall not serve as a management board member at another company in which a member of the company's management board is a supervisory board member.
- The supervisory board member shall not serve on the supervisory board for more than 15 years. This shall not apply to members of the supervisory board that hold investments with a business interest or that represent the interests of such a shareholder.
- The supervisory board member shall not be a close family member (child, spouse, life partner, parent, uncle, aunt, sibling, niece, nephew) of a member of the management board or of persons holding one of the positions described in the points above.

Based on the above criteria, all members of the supervisory board have declared their independence.

No member of the supervisory board holds directly or indirectly more than 10% of the shares of Erste Group Bank AG. In 2016, two members of the supervisory board (Maximilian Hardegg and Barbara Pichler) served on a management body of a company holding more than 10% of the shares of Erste Group Bank AG. One member (Wilhelm Rasinger) represented in particular the interests of retail shareholders.

#### Attendance of supervisory board meetings

In 2016, all members of the supervisory board attended more than half of the supervisory board meetings that took place after their election or delegation to the supervisory board.

#### Self-evaluation of the supervisory board

The supervisory board performed a self-evaluation of its activity pursuant to C-Rule 36 of the Austrian CCG. In the supervisory board meeting of 15 December 2016, it considered the efficiency of its activity, including in particular its organisation and methods of work.

# Contracts subject to approval pursuant to section 95 para. 5 no 12 Austrian Stock Corporation Act (C-Rule 49 Austrian CCG)

In 2016, the firm Griss & Partner Rechtsanwälte, in which Gunter Griss is a senior partner, invoiced companies of Erste Group for legal representation and consulting services in the total amount of EUR 1,601.68.

### SUPERVISORY BOARD COMMITTEES AND THEIR DECISION-MAKING POWERS

The supervisory board has set up six committees: the risk committee, the executive committee, the audit committee, the nomination committee, the remuneration committee and the IT committee.

#### Risk committee

The risk committee advises the management board with regard to the bank's current and future risk appetite and risk strategy and monitors the implementation of this risk strategy. The committee also reviews whether the services and products offered are adequately priced in accordance with the bank's business model and risk strategy. Without prejudice to the duties of the remuneration committee, the risk committee is also responsible for reviewing whether the incentives offered by the internal remuneration system adequately take into account risk, capital, liquidity and the probability and timing of profit realisation. The risk committee is responsible for granting approval in all those cases in which loans and exposures or large exposures reach an amount exceeding the approval authority of the management board defined in the approval authority regulation. The approval of the risk committee is required for any exposure or large exposure as defined in section 28a of the Austrian Banking Act if the carrying value of such an investment exceeds 10% of the company's eligible own funds or of the banking group's eligible consolidated own funds. In addition, it may grant advance approvals to the extent permitted by law. The risk committee is responsible for monitoring the risk management of Erste Group Bank AG. A report providing key information about the organisation, structure and operation of the risk management system in place for the company and major subsidiaries has to be submitted to the committee at least once a year. The supervisory board has delegated to the risk committee the right to approve the establishment and closure of branches and to grant special statutory power of attorney (Prokura) or commercial power (Handlungsvollmacht) for all business operations. The committee is responsible for monitoring the Group's portfolio of participations except in cases where this is the responsibility of the audit committee. The tasks of the risk committee include the acknowledgement of reports on legal disputes and on the risk impact and costs of major IT projects as well as of reports on important audits of subsidiaries conducted by regulatory authorities.

#### **Executive committee**

The executive committee meets on an ad hoc basis at the supervisory board's request for the purpose of preparing specific topics for meetings or for resolutions to be taken by circular. The committee may also be assigned the power to take final decisions. In case of imminent danger and to prevent severe damage, the executive committee may be convened by its chairperson in order to take action in the interest of the company even without a specific mandate from the supervisory board.

#### **Audit committee**

The audit committee is responsible for overseeing the accounting process; monitoring the effectiveness of the company's internal control system, internal audit system and risk management system; overseeing the annual audit of single-entity and consolidated financial statements; reviewing and supervising the independence of the auditor (Group auditor), in particular with respect to the additional services rendered to the audited company and the group companies; submitting a report on the results of the annual audit to the supervisory board and explaining how the annual audit has affected the reliability of financial reporting and the role of the audit committee in doing so; reviewing the annual financial state-

ments and preparing its approval; reviewing the proposal for the allocation of profits, the management report and the (consolidated) corporate governance report and submitting a report on the results of the review to the supervisory board; reviewing the consolidated financial statements of the group and the group management report and submitting the report on the results of the review to the supervisory board; carrying out the procedure for the selection of the auditor (group auditor), taking into account the appropriateness of the fees and recommending the appointment of the auditor (group auditor) to the supervisory board; recommending the renewal of the auditor's (group auditor's) mandate to the supervisory board; acknowledging the additional report of the auditor and deliberating on this report; acknowledging timely information on the focal points of the audit and submitting proposals for additional focal points of the audit; taking note of the annual financial statements of material subsidiaries and of the participations report; acknowledging the audit plan of the company's internal audit function; acknowledging information on current matters relevant for the internal audit of the Group and on the efficiency and effectiveness of the internal audit; acknowledging the internal auditors' report on the audit areas and material audit findings and the activity report pursuant to section 20 in connection with section 21 (2) of the Austrian Securities Supervisory Act (Wertpapieraufsichtsgesetz); acknowledging immediate information on material findings of the auditor, the internal audit function or an audit conducted by a regulatory authority; acknowledging immediate information on loss events that could exceed 5% of consolidated equity or 10% of the budgeted net result; acknowledging reports of the management board on current developments and compliance regarding corporate governance and anti-money laundering rules; acknowledging the compliance activity report pursuant to section 18 in connection with section 21 (2) of the Austrian Securities Supervisory Act.

#### Nomination committee

Meetings of the nomination committee are held as needed (beginning with 1 January 2014 at least once a year) or when a member of the committee or of the management board requests a meeting. The nomination committee submits proposals to the supervisory board for filling management board mandates that become vacant and deals with issues of succession planning. The committee decides on the employment contracts for members of the management board. It deals with and decides on relationships between the company and the members of the management board except for resolutions to appoint members to the management board or revoke such appointments and on the granting of company stock options. Furthermore, the nomination committee supports the supervisory board in making proposals to the annual general meeting for filling supervisory board mandates that have become vacant. In filling vacant management board and supervisory board mandates, the focus is in particular on the members' personal and professional qualifications, a wellbalanced board composition in terms of expertise, a well-balanced and broad range of knowledge, skills and experience of the members on each body and on aspects of diversity. The nomination committee also defines a target quota for the underrepresented gender and

develops a strategy to achieve this target. Furthermore, the nomination committee has to ensure that the management board's and the supervisory board's decision-making processes are not dominated by one single person or a small group of persons. The nomination committee periodically assesses the management board's and the supervisory board's structure, size, composition and performance and submits proposals for changes to the supervisory board, if necessary. In addition, the nomination committee has to conduct periodic assessments of the expertise, skills and experience of both the management board members and the individual members of the supervisory board as well as of each body in its entirety and to report its findings to the supervisory board. As regards the selection for senior management positions, the nomination committee has to review the course of action adopted by the management board and supports the supervisory board in making recommendations to the management board.

#### **Remuneration committee**

The remuneration committee prepares resolutions on remuneration matters, including resolutions that have an impact on the bank's risk and risk management and have to be passed by the supervisory board. The remuneration committee approves the general principles of remuneration policy, reviews them regularly and is also responsible for their implementation. The committee monitors remuneration policy, remuneration practices and remunerationlinked incentive programmes in relation to the control, monitoring and containment of risks, the capital base and liquidity, with due regard to the long-term interests of the bank's shareholders, investors and employees as well as the national interest in a wellfunctioning banking system and financial market stability. The committee monitors the payment of variable remuneration to members of the management board and to the company's second management level as well as to management board members of major subsidiaries. Furthermore, the remuneration of senior managers in risk management and in compliance functions is reviewed directly by the remuneration committee. Once a year, the committee is presented with a comprehensive report on the remuneration system including key performance indicators as well as a report on the situation regarding personnel and management in the Group.

#### IT committee

The IT committee monitors and supervises IT-related issues and IT strategy in general. In addition, the IT committee is also responsible for taking note of IT reports, of reports on the IT outsourcing strategy and on the outsourcing of IT-related functions; taking note of the Group IT budget; of reports on the status of the IT support function and on the development of key IT initiatives and projects; monitoring the capacity and performance of systems, operating continuity and crisis management, data security, computer and network security and taking note of critical changes in the organisational structure and responsibilities of the IT department. The IT committee is also responsible for rendering advice to the management board and for the preparation of resolutions of the supervisory board relating to Erste Campus.

### MEETINGS OF THE SUPERVISORY BOARD AND REPORT ON PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

Six meetings of the supervisory board were held in the financial year 2016.

At each ordinary meeting of the supervisory board, with the exception of the meeting of 11 May 2016, the monthly developments of the balance sheet and the income statement were presented and reports were given on individual risk types and the bank's total risk; the status of individual banking subsidiaries in Central and Eastern Europe was discussed and quarterly reports were delivered on the areas audited and on the internal audit department's material audit findings according to section 42 para. 3 of the Austrian Banking Act. The chairpersons of the committees reported on the main topics dealt with by the committees since the last supervisory board meeting. A recurring topic at the supervisory board meetings in the financial year 2016 was reports on current regulatory developments in the banking environment and their impacts on Erste Group, including in particular the status of the banking supervisory regime at the European level and in Austria. The management board regularly presented proposals to the supervisory board that require its approval under the law, the articles of association and the internal rules.

On 15 March 2016, the financial statements and the management report 2015, the consolidated financial statements and consolidated management report 2015 as well as the corporate governance report 2015 were reviewed; the auditors' reports were discussed and the financial statements 2015 were adopted in accordance with the recommendation of the audit committee. Furthermore, the resolutions proposed for the annual general meeting were discussed and approved. It was also decided to propose PwC Wirtschaftsprüfung GmbH to the annual general meeting on 11 May 2016 as an additional auditor of the (consolidated) financial statements for the financial year 2017. In addition, a report was delivered on current developments at Erste Bank Hungary Zrt., the supervisory board's report to the annual general meeting, the re-organisation of Group Retail and of Group Risk Strategy were each approved and the annual report of the supervisory board on loans to board members pursuant to section 28 para. 4 of the Austrian Banking Act was taken note of.

At the meeting of 21 April 2016, a report was delivered on the current status and the development of the business of Erste & Steiermärkische Bank d. d. (Erste Bank Croatia). In addition, a capital measure concerning Erste Bank Hungary Zrt. was approved and the annual report on OpRisk, Compliance and Security was discussed.

At the meeting of 11 May 2016 held after the annual general meeting, Friedrich Rödler informed those present that he was resigning from his position as chairman of the audit committee. Bettina Breiteneder resigned as member of the audit committee at her own request. Jan Homan was elected vice chairman of the audit commit-

tee. In addition, the distribution key for the remuneration of supervisory board members approved by the annual general meeting was adopted for 2015.

At the meeting of 23 June 2016, which was also attended by staff members of the European Central Bank (ECB) and the Austrian Financial Market Authority (FMA), who gave presentations and answered questions raised by supervisory board members, matters of strategy relating to retail and corporate business, IT and risk were discussed and the management board's report in this regard was taken note of. A report was delivered on the current status of the 2016 EBA stress test. The meeting discussed the participations report for 2015 and the first quarter of 2016, the report on the development of risk and credit risk, the report on AT1 issuance, the report on legal changes relating to directors' dealings and the report on current developments at Erste Bank Hungary Zrt. In addition, the framework plan for the issuance of certificates and warrants was adopted.

At the meeting of 15 September 2016, Gernot Mittendorfer, Jozef Síkela, Peter Bosek and Petr Brávek were each reappointed early as members of the management board for a term ending 31 December 2020. The chairman informed of the resignation of Andreas Gottschling from the management board effective 31 December 2016. Willibald Cernko was appointed as a member of the management board with effect from 1 January 2017 until 31 December 2020. Reports were delivered on the savings banks and Haftungsverbund GmbH, on current developments at Slovenská sporiteľňa, a.s., on the current status of the Group Recovery Plan 2016 and on the development of risk. Changes to the audit committee's rules of procedure were also approved.

At the meeting of 15 December 2016, the strategy of Group Retail was approved and the reports on the rights and duties of the supervisory board, on large exposures pursuant to section 28b of the Austrian Banking Act, on committee activities and the annual plan for the financial year 2017 were discussed and taken note of. The findings of the supervisory board's self-evaluation were discussed; the re-organisation of Holding Org/IT and Risk, the allocation of duties as well as the rules of replacements from 1 January 2017 were approved and an anticipatory resolution was taken pursuant to section 95 para. 5 no. 12 of the Austrian Stock Corporation Act.

### MEETINGS OF THE COMMITTEES AND REPORT ON ACTIVITIES

The risk committee held seventeen meetings in 2016, at which it regularly took decisions on exposures and loans exceeding the powers of the management board and was briefed on loans granted within the scope of authorisation of the management board. The committee was regularly informed of the individual risk types, risk-bearing capacity and large exposures. Furthermore, reports were given on the situation of specific sectors and industries and resulting effects on the risk strategy, on the audits con-

ducted by supervisory authorities, on various legal disputes and on risk development in certain countries and subsidiaries. In 2016, reports were delivered repeatedly on recent developments in ongoing IT projects. Among the matters discussed and reported on were the impacts of Brexit and cyber security. Regulatory developments at the European level and in Austria were also considered.

The executive committee did not meet in 2016.

The audit committee met five times in 2016. Among other things, the auditors reported on the audit of the single-entity and consolidated financial statements for 2015, and the audit committee subsequently conducted the final discussion. The financial statements and the management report, the consolidated financial statements and the consolidated management report as well as the corporate governance report were audited and recommended to the supervisory board the approval of the financial statements. The head of the internal audit department reported on the audit subjects and material audit findings for the year 2015 as well as the current matters relevant for the internal audit of the Group and explained the audit plan for 2016. The internal audit department presented its reports pursuant to section 42 para. 3 of the Austrian Banking Act. In addition a report was delivered on the assessment of the functionality of the risk management system pursuant to Rule 83 of the Austrian CCG and on the effectiveness of the internal control system and a report on Erste Campus was discussed. The audit committee also discussed its work plan for 2017 and defined agenda topics for the meetings. It was decided to propose to the supervisory board to renew the audit mandate of PwC Wirtschaftsprüfung GmbH as additional auditor of the (consolidated) financial statements for the financial year 2018. The auditors provided information about the preliminary audit of the single-entity and consolidated financial statements for 2016. Besides, discussions were held on the reports on the development of participations, on the half year review as of 30 June 2016, on current legal developments impacting audit committee activities, on reviews conducted by the European Central Bank, on the processes for preparing the taxation data for the annual financial statements and on the 2015 management letter. Furthermore, the audit committee did a self-evaluation in one of its meetings and regularly approved permissible non-audit services rendered by the (group) auditor.

The nomination committee met four times in 2016 and dealt with various personnel matters relating to the management board. The nomination committee assessed the qualifications of Gernot Mittendorfer, Jozef Síkela, Peter Bosek and Petr Brávek for their early re-appointment to the management board and recommended that the supervisory board approve their respective appointments. The nomination committee also assessed the qualifications of a candidate nominated for a first-time appointment to the management board and recommended that the supervisory board appoint Willibald Cernko as an additional member of the management board. In addition, the nomination committee reviewed the evalua-

tion pursuant to C-Rule 36 of the Austrian CCG and evaluation of the management board and the supervisory board pursuant to section 39 no. 6 and 7 of the Austrian Banking Act.

The remuneration committee met four times in 2016 and discussed various remuneration topics relating to Erste Group Bank AG and its subsidiaries including the structure of key performance indicators, the bonus policy concerning the requirements for the payment of variable remuneration components and the remuneration rules for Material Risk Takers. In addition, the remuneration of members of the supervisory board was discussed, and decisions regarding the remuneration of management board members were made. Information was provided about regulatory developments concerning remuneration and their implementation by Erste Group.

The IT committee met four times in 2016. Its main topics were an IT project portfolio for Erste Group, risk management relating to IT and an IT audit plan, which was discussed on an ongoing basis. Reports were delivered on the final phase of the Erste Campus project, on IT security, on the strategic direction on data transmission and digitalisation, on the current status of various infrastructure projects and on IT strategy. In addition, the IT budget was discussed and organisational changes in the Holding Org/IT division were presented.

### REMUNERATION OF THE MANAGEMENT BOARD AND THE SUPERVISORY BOARD

#### Principles governing the remuneration policy

The principles governing the remuneration of the management boards of Erste Group Bank AG and of material subsidiaries are specified in the remuneration policy of Erste Group Bank AG at Group level, including in particular the definition and evaluation of performance criteria. The contractual maximum value of performance-linked payments to management board members shall not exceed 100% of the fixed salaries.

The method for determining whether the performance criteria have been met by the board members of Erste Group Bank AG is defined at the beginning of the year by the supervisory board of Erste Group Bank AG following a proposal of the responsible organisational units (Group Performance Management, Group Risk Management and Group Human Resources). Management board members have to achieve defined performance criteria at both company level and individual level. The first criterion is Erste Group's overall performance. For the year 2016, this criterion is measured by reference to three indicators: operating result minus risk cost, return on equity and cost optimisation. The second performance criterion is the achievement of individual objectives. These are, for example, operating result, return on tangible equity, risk costs to customer loans, customer satisfaction index, data quality, NPL coverage ratio and the NPL ratio.

The method for determining whether the performance criteria have been met by the board members of material subsidiaries is defined at the beginning of the year by the relevant supervisory boards or councils following a proposal of the responsible organisational units (Group Performance Management, Group Risk Management and Group Human Resources). Management board members have to achieve defined performance criteria at both company level and individual level.

Since the financial year 2010, the variable part of the management board's remuneration, including both cash payments and share equivalents, is distributed over five years in accordance with legal requirements and is paid out only under certain conditions. Share equivalents are not exchange-traded shares but phantom shares that are paid out in cash after a one-year vesting period based on defined criteria.

#### Remuneration of management board members

#### Remuneration in 2016

|                     |                |                    | Performance-linked remuneration |                    |         |
|---------------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|---------|
| in EUR thousand     | Fixed salaries | Other remuneration | for 2015                        | for previous years | Total   |
| Andreas Treichl     | 1,475.0        | 1,132.4            | 218.7                           | 156.8              | 2,982.9 |
| Peter Bosek         | 700.0          | 132.4              | 96.8                            | 0.0                | 929.2   |
| Petr Brávek         | 700.0          | 132.7              | 111.6                           | 0.0                | 944.3   |
| Andreas Gottschling | 700.0          | 164.2              | 118.4                           | 4.0                | 986.6   |
| Gernot Mittendorfer | 700.0          | 133.8              | 120.0                           | 27.2               | 981.0   |
| Jozef Síkela        | 700.0          | 152.9              | 102.0                           | 0.0                | 954.9   |
| Total               | 4,975.0        | 1,848.3            | 767.5                           | 188.0              | 7,778.9 |

Until 31 January 2016, Peter Bosek was a management board member of Erste Group Bank AG as well as of Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG. Therefore, the remuneration was split equally between both entities for that period.

The item "Other remuneration" comprises pension fund contributions, contributions to employee provision funds (for new-type severance payments) and remuneration in kind. In 2016, performance-linked remuneration and share equivalents were paid out or vested for previous years. No performance-linked remuneration was paid to members of the management board for the financial years 2014 and 2011.

#### Non-cash performance-linked remuneration in 2016

| Share equivalents (in units) | for 2015 | for previous<br>years |
|------------------------------|----------|-----------------------|
| Andreas Treichl              | 10,505   | 6,953                 |
| Peter Bosek                  | 4,775    | 0                     |
| Petr Brávek                  | 4,775    | 0                     |
| Andreas Gottschling          | 5,094    | 168                   |
| Gernot Mittendorfer          | 4,775    | 1,424                 |
| Jozef Síkela                 | 4,775    | 0                     |
| Total                        | 34,699   | 8,545                 |

Pay-outs will be made in 2017 after the one-year vesting period. Share equivalents are valued at the average weighted daily share price of Erste Group Bank AG in 2016 in the amount of EUR 24.57 per share.

In 2016, EUR 2,892.9 thousand was paid in cash and 8,390 share-equivalents were assigned to former members of management bodies and their dependants.

### Principles governing the pension scheme for management board members

Members of the management board participate in the defined contribution pension plan of Erste Group on the basis of the same principles as employees. For one member of the management board, compensatory payments have to be made to the pension fund in case the management board member's tenure ends before the member reaches the age of 65 by no fault of the member.

# Principles governing vested benefits and entitlements of management board members in case of termination of the position

Regarding vested benefits and entitlements of management board members in the event of termination of their position, the standard legal severance benefit provisions of section 23 of the Austrian Salaried Employees Act (Angestelltengesetz) still apply to one member of the management board.

The remuneration granted to the management board members complies with the banking rules on management remuneration.

#### Remuneration of members of the supervisory board

|                                | Supervisory board |              |       |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|-------|
|                                | Meeting fees      | compensation |       |
| in EUR thousand                | for 2016          | for 2015     | Total |
| Friedrich Rödler               | 41.0              | 100.0        | 141.0 |
| Georg Winckler                 | 0.0               | 27.3         | 27.3  |
| Jan Homan                      | 29.0              | 75.0         | 104.0 |
| Bettina Breiteneder            | 21.0              | 66.1         | 87.1  |
| Elisabeth Bleyleben-Koren      | 27.0              | 50.0         | 77.0  |
| Gonzalo Gortázar Rotaeche      | 5.0               | 32.0         | 37.0  |
| Gunter Griss                   | 11.0              | 50.0         | 61.0  |
| Maximilian Hardegg             | 33.0              | 32.0         | 65.0  |
| Elisabeth Krainer Senger-Weiss | 17.0              | 50.0         | 67.0  |
| Antonio Massanell Lavilla      | 11.0              | 32.0         | 43.0  |
| Brian D.O'Neill                | 10.0              | 50.0         | 60.0  |
| Wilhelm Rasinger               | 28.0              | 50.0         | 78.0  |
| John James Stack               | 10.0              | 50.0         | 60.0  |
| Markus Haag                    | 0.0               | 0.0          | 0.0   |
| Regina Haberhauer              | 0.0               | 0.0          | 0.0   |
| Andreas Lachs                  | 0.0               | 0.0          | 0.0   |
| Barbara Pichler                | 0.0               | 0.0          | 0.0   |
| Jozef Pinter                   | 0.0               | 0.0          | 0.0   |
| Karin Zeisel                   | 0.0               | 0.0          | 0.0   |
| Total                          | 243.0             | 664.4        | 907.4 |

The 2016 annual general meeting granted the members of the supervisory board remuneration totalling EUR 664,400 for the financial year 2015. The distribution of this remuneration is at the supervisory board's discretion and was approved at the meeting of the supervisory board on 11 May 2015. In addition, attendance fees paid to the members of the supervisory board were set at EUR 1,000 per meeting of the supervisory board or one of its committees.

#### Directors' and officers' liability insurance

Erste Group Bank AG has directors' and officers' liability insurance. The insurance policy covers former, current and future members of the management board or managing directors, of the supervisory board, of the administrative board and of the advisory board as well as senior management, holders of statutory powers of attorney (Prokuristen) and management staff of Erste Group Bank AG and the subsidiaries in which Erste Group Bank AG holds more than 50% of the shares or voting rights either directly or indirectly through one or more subsidiaries. The costs are borne by the company.

#### MEASURES TAKEN TO PROMOTE WOMEN ON MANAGEMENT BOARDS, SUPERVISORY BOARDS AND IN MANAGING POSITIONS

Erste Group's diversity and inclusion principles are reflected both in its statement of purpose and in its code of conduct, which emphasise a work environment free of discrimination and harassment and value the work and worth of each and every person regardless of gender, age, disability, marital status, sexual orientation, skin colour, religious or political affiliation, ethnic background, nationality or any other aspect unrelated to their employment.

In December 2016, the management board approved the groupwide diversity policy framework. It provides the formal structures and processes for diversity management across the group and will be adopted by the local banking subsidiaries in 2017.

At the beginning of 2014, Erste Group set a group-wide internal target of having 35% of positions in top management and on supervisory boards filled by women by 2019. This target applies to the local banking subsidiaries (excluding the savings banks in Austria). At the end of 2016, 29% of positions in top management were filled by women, up one percentage point versus 2015. The share of female supervisory board members went up by 10 percentage points to 34% in 2016. To increase the number of women in senior management positions, Erste Group aims for a greater gender and age balance in its talent pools.

The Erste Women Hub focuses on female customers, the advancement of women's careers and a work environment that supports diversity and inclusion. Among the initiatives launched in Austria are WoMentoring, Women Financial Lifetime and Securities Dialogue for Women, were launched. Česká spořitelna continued its comprehensive diversity and inclusion programme Diversitas. The programme is focused on all aspects of diversity management, such as supporting the career advancement of women through mentoring, coaching, leadership development and networking, offering flexible work arrangements and a parental support programme as well as age management and an intergenerational dialogue. Slovenská sporiteľňa, Banca Comercială Română and Erste Bank Croatia implemented initiatives to foster diversity with a special focus on woman.

#### **EXTERNAL EVALUATION**

Erste Group Bank AG commissioned an external evaluation of compliance with the Austrian Code of Corporate Governance in accordance with C-Rule 62 of the Austrian CCG at least every three years, most recently in 2015, for the respective preceding

business years. All evaluations reached the conclusion that Erste Group Bank AG had met all requirements of the Code. The deviations of C-Rules were described and explained. Summary reports on these evaluations are available at the website of Erste Group Bank AG. An external evaluation for 2017 is scheduled for spring 2018. A summary report of this evaluation will also be available at the website.

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Erste Group Bank AG has no rights arising from its own shares. Neither a subsidiary nor a third party holding shares on behalf of Erste Group Bank AG or of a subsidiary may exercise its voting rights and its rights for subscription of these shares.

#### **Voting rights**

Each share of Erste Group Bank AG entitles its holder to one vote at the annual general meeting. In general, shareholders may pass resolutions at an annual general meeting by a simple majority of the votes cast or, in the event that the majority of the share capital present is required to approve a measure, by a simple majority of the share capital present, unless Austrian law or the articles of association require a qualified majority vote. The articles of association differ from the statutory majority requirements in three cases: First, the appointment of supervisory board members can be revoked before the end of their respective term by a resolution of the annual general meeting that requires a majority of 75% of the votes cast and a majority of 75% of the share capital present at such meeting. Second, the articles of association may be amended by a resolution of the annual general meeting. Provided that such amendment does not concern the business purpose, this requires a simple majority of the votes cast and a simple majority of the share capital present at such meeting. Third, any provision regulating increased majority requirements can only be amended with the same increased majority.

#### **Dividend rights**

Each shareholder is entitled to receive dividends if and to the extent the distribution of dividends is resolved by the annual general meeting.

#### Liquidation proceeds

In case of dissolution of Erste Group Bank AG, the assets remaining after the discharge of liabilities and repayment of supplementary capital as well as additional tier 1 capital will be distributed pro rata to the shareholders. The dissolution of Erste Group Bank AG requires a majority of at least 75% of the share capital present at an annual general meeting.

#### **Subscription rights**

All holders of shares have subscription rights allowing them to subscribe to any newly issued shares to maintain their existing share in the share capital of Erste Group Bank AG. Such subscription rights are in proportion to the number of shares held by such shareholders prior to the issue of the new shares. The said subscrip-

tion rights do not apply if the respective shareholder does not exercise these subscription rights or subscription rights are excluded in certain cases by a resolution of the annual general meeting or by a resolution of the management board and the supervisory board.

The Austrian Stock Corporation Act contains provisions that protect the rights of individual shareholders. In particular, all shareholders must be treated equally under equal circumstances unless the shareholders affected have consented to unequal treatment. Furthermore, measures affecting shareholders' rights, such as capital increases and the exclusion of subscription rights, generally require a shareholders' resolution.

The articles of association of Erste Group Bank AG do not contain any provisions regarding a change in the share capital, the rights associated with the shares or the exercise of the shareholders' rights that differ from statutory requirements.

Stock corporations like Erste Group Bank AG must hold at least one annual general meeting (ordinary shareholders' meeting) per year, which must be held within the first eight months of any financial year and cover at least the following items:

- Presentation of certain documents
- \_ Appropriation of profit
- Discharge of the members of the management board and the supervisory board for the financial year ended.

At annual general meetings, shareholders may ask for information about the company's affairs to the extent that this is required for the proper assessment of an agenda item.

Vienna, 28 February 2017

#### Management board

| Andreas Treichl mp | Willibald Cernko mp    |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| Chairman           | Member                 |
| Peter Bosek mp     | Gernot Mittendorfer mp |
| Member             | Member                 |
| Petr Brávek mp     | Jozef Síkela mp        |
| Member             | Member                 |

### ADDITIONAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES

Erste Group is committed to the highest standards of corporate governance and responsible behaviour by individuals and conducts its business in compliance with the applicable laws and regulations. In addition, Erste Group has introduced various policies and guidelines defining rules and principles for its employees.

#### Non Financial Risk

Reflecting Erste Group's integrated view of Compliance, Operational Risk and Security, non-financial risk decisions were taken in the respective committees, adjusting the Corporate Governance Principles towards this holistic view instead of silo views. The integrated approach offers great potential for improvement regarding completeness, effectiveness and efficiency.

Closely associated with this approach is the constant pursuance of a clear assignment of roles and responsibilities to first, second and third line of defense (accountability of business and supporting units, independent challenge and audit).

#### Compliance

The responsibility for all compliance issues at Erste Group rests with the Compliance department, one of the non financial risk units. In organisational terms, it is assigned to the Chief Risk Officer but reports directly to the management board. The compliance rules of Erste Group are based on the relevant legislation, such as the Austrian Stock Exchange Act and the Securities Supervision Act; on the Standard Compliance Code of the Austrian banking industry as well as on international practices and standards. Conflicts of interest between customers, Erste Group and employees are covered by clear rules such as Chinese walls, provisions on employee transactions, research disclaimer or gift policy. Further key topics are procedures and measures to prevent money laundering and terrorist financing and to monitor sanctions and embargoes, as well as the establishment and coordination of measures to prevent financial crimes within Erste Group.

Based on international anti-corruption/anti-bribery initiatives (e.g. the OECD Anti-Bribery Convention, the United Nations Convention against Corruption) local national authorities in many countries have approved laws and regulations that generally prohibit the acceptance of benefits by public officials for the purpose of obtaining or retaining business, or otherwise securing an improper advantage. All of Erste Group's businesses are subject to the laws and regulations in the countries in which the bank operates. Most laws and regulations cover bribery in both the private and public sector, partly with a global scope.

Public officials are subject to the respective domestic laws and regulations relating to gifts, hospitality and entertainment. Laws may differ from country to country and are to some extent extremely restrictive. Improper payments or other inducements for the benefit of a public official, even if made indirectly through an

intermediary, are prohibited. Erste Group under no circumstances offers anything of value to a public official nor to members of a public official's family or any charitable organisation suggested by a public official for the purpose of influencing the recipient to take or refrain from taking any official action or to induce the recipient to conduct business with Erste Group. This also includes facilitating payments.

In 2016, Erste Group did not discover or record any incident of corruption. To ensure compliance with all laws and regulations group-wide standards, policies and procedures are evaluated and refined continuously.

The mandatory compliance training for all new employees includes awareness training and an introduction to the prevention of corruption. For employees in selected business areas regular compliance training courses are mandatory.

#### Activities in 2016

- Further improvement of the group-wide concept for Non-Financial Risk management, by embedding the established methodology (Risk Return Decision Procedure) into core business processes and developing a committee structure with Group, Regional and Local Operational Conduct Committees and by optimising roles and responsibilities as well as the corresponding communication between all stakeholders.
- \_ Review of policies including the group-wide Sanctions & Embargoes Policy, Securities Compliance Manual, Anti-Corruption and Conflicts of Interest Policy
- \_ Implementation and update of the reporting tool for monitoring employees' securities transactions, black- and white-lists and secondary employment activities as well as various employee trainings and preparation of group reports
- \_ Regular anti-corruption training
- \_ Further roll-out of Erste Group's whistleblowing tool in various entities to ensure an international state-of-the-art process for potential whistleblowing cases and their documentation. Since 2016, employees throughout Erste Group have been able to report severe cases of potential misconduct not only locally in their respective entities but also directly to Holding. The rollout into the savings banks sector in Austria has also reached a penetration rate of nearly two thirds of the institutes.

#### Activities started in 2016 with rollout planned for 2017

- Optimisation of the Group Risk Return Decision Procedure and its rollout to all local banks.
- \_ Analysing the implementation of the requirements of EU-Directive 2014/95/EU on the disclosure of non-financial and diversity information by certain large undertakings and groups (Non-Financial Reporting) which includes the reporting obligation for anti-corruption and bribery issues
- Projects related to the following regulations: the Markets in Financial Instruments Directive (MiFID II), consisting of the directive and of a regulation (MiFIR), related Commission Delegated Directive and Commission Delegated Regulations, regu-

latory and implementing technical standards developed by the European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA). MiFID II will be applicable from 3 January 2018; the connected Packaged Retail and Insurance-based Investment Products (PRIIPs); the Market Abuse Regulation (MAR) setting out a new standardised pan-EU regime dealing with market abuse, market manipulation and insider dealing (applicable since July 2016). In addition, the Finanzmarkt - Geldwäschegesetz (financial market money laundering act) entered into force in Austria, making Austria the first EU member state to implement the 4th EU Anti-Money Laundering Directive but for the provisions on the registration of beneficial owners which is scheduled to be implemented in a separate legal act scheduled to be issued and enter into force in the course of 2017.

#### **Risk management**

Erste Group's approach to risk management seeks to achieve the best balance between risk and return for earning a sustainable return on equity. A detailed report on risk policy, risk management strategy and organisation, as well as a thorough discussion of the individual risk categories, is included in the Notes beginning on page 180. In addition, credit risk is analysed in detail in a separate section starting on page 31, in the "Segments" section of this report.

#### **Directors' dealings**

In accordance with the Austrian Stock Exchange Act and the Issuer Compliance Regulation of the Austrian Financial Market Authority (FMA), individual trades by members of the management board and supervisory board in Erste Group shares are published on the websites of Erste Group (www.erstegroup.com/investorrelations) and the FMA.

#### **Transparency**

Transparent operations and reporting play a crucial part in establishing and upholding investor confidence. Accordingly, it is one of the main goals of Erste Group to provide accurate, timely and comprehensible information about the business development and financial performance. Erste Group's financial disclosure adheres to applicable legal and regulatory requirements and is prepared in line with best practice.

### G4 index pursuant to the guidelines of the Global Reporting Initiative

Pursuant to the criteria of the Global Reporting Initiative ("Core"), the general standard disclosures and the specific standard disclosures for all aspects of relevance according to the materiality analysis are described in this report on the basis of the G4 indicators. Moreover, additional indicators are described.

The index lists the G4 indicators, a short description of the respective indicators and a reference, where the information is to be found.

| GENER              | AL STANDARD DISCLOSURES   |  |
|--------------------|---|--|
| Strategy           | y und analysis  |  |
| G4 1               | Statement from the most senior decision-maker of the organisation   | Annual Report 2016 strategy p. 11 et seq.  |
| G4 2               | Description of key impacts, risks and opportunities   | Annual Report 2016 strategy p. 11 et seqq.   |
| Organis            | ational profile   |  |
| G4 3               | Name of the organisation  | Erste Group Bank AG  |
| G4 4               | Primary brands, products and services   | Annual Report 2016 strategy p. 13  |
| G4 5               | Location of the organisation's headquarters   | Vienna   |
| G4 6               | Number of countries where the organisation operates, and names of countries where either the organisation has significant operations or that are specifically relevant to the sustainability topics covered in the report | Annual Report 2016 cover, strategy p. 13, 16   |
| G4 7               | Nature of ownership and legal form  | Annual Report 2016 cover (shareholder structure, imprint)  |
| G4 8               | Markets served (including geographic breakdown, sectors served, and types of customers and beneficiaries)   | Annual Report 2016 cover, strategy p. 13, group consolidated financial statements, segment reporting (note 37) p. 163 et seqq.   |
| G4 9               | Scale of the organisation   | Annual Report 2016 cover (employees, branches), group consolidated financial statements, segment reporting (note 37) p. 163 et seqq.   |
| G4 10              | Total number of employees by employment contract and gender   | Based on the scope of consolidation for the determination of staff indicators, 37,879 FTEs were employed in 103 entities at the end of the reporting period, thereof 65.4% women and 34.6% men.  Annual Report 2016 employees p. 71. It is differentiated between region and gender.   |
| G4 11              | Percentage of total employees covered by collective bargaining agreements   | 100%, as collective bargaining agreements at all locations   |
| G4 12              | Description of the organisation's supply chain  | Annual Report 2016 suppliers p. 66   |
| G4 13              | Significant changes during the reporting period regarding the organisation's size, structure, ownership, or its supply chain  | No significant changes   |
| G4 14              | Report whether and how the precautionary approach or principle is addressed by the organisation   | Annual Report 2016 strategy p. 11 The management board of Erste Group adopted a statement of purpose and code of conduct that take the precautionary approach into account. Annual Report 2016 environment p. 72   |
| G4 15              | Externally developed economic, environmental and social charters, principles, or other initiatives to which the organisation subscribes or which it endorses  | Carbon Disclosure Project since 2010, UN PRI since 2012, GRI guidelines since 2012, diversity charter since 2014, UN Global Compact and Nestor Gol Charta since 2015, Bangladesh Memorandum since 2015, Montréal Carbon Pledge since 2015  |
| G4 16              | Memberships of associations (such as industry associations) and national or international advocacy organisations  | There are the following significant memberships for Erste Group Bank AG: WSBI (World Savings Banks Institute), ESBG (European Savings Banks Group), Österreichischer Sparkassenverband, WKÖ (Austrian Economic Chambers, Industry Sector: Banking and Insurance), OEVFA (Österreichische Vereinigung für Finanzanalyse und Asset Management), BWG (Bankwissenschaftliche Gesellschaft Österreich), WIFO (Wirtschaftsforschungsinstitut Österreich), Österreichische Industriellenvereinigung, RESPACT (Austrian Business Council for Sustainable Development), WWF Climate Group   |
| dentifie           | d material aspects and boundaries   |  |
| Identifie<br>G4 17 | All entities included in the organisation's consolidated financial statements or equivalent documents. Report whether any entity included in the organisation's   | The basis for all the data are the consolidated entities of Erste Group pursuan to IFRS.   |
|                    | consolidated financial statements or equivalent documents is not covered by the report  | For the calculation of HR ratios in the chapter employees, the respective HR data of the savings banks consolidated under the Haftungsverbund agreemer are not included in the scope of consolidation. In addition to the above-mentioned restriction, the respective data of Salzburger Sparkasse, Tiroler Sparkasse and Sparkasse Hainburg-Bruck-Neusiedl are not included in the environmental data. Furthermore, no environmental data are from following organisational units who are part of Erste Group and whose data are included in the financials statements of Erste Goup: all locations outside Austria, the Czech Republic, Slovakia, Hungary, Croatia, Serbia, Romania (this means in particular the offices in London and New York). The respective data gathering processes have not been implemented at these locations.  It is planned to align these data to the scope of consolidation pursuant to IFRS |
| G4 18              | Process for defining the report content and the aspect boundaries   | Annual Report 2016 materiality analysis p. 94  |
| G4 19              | List of material aspects  | Economic performance, indirect economic impacts, materials, emissions, supplier environmental assessment, employment, diversity and equal opportunity, non-discrimination, local communities, anti-corruption, compliance product and service labelling, active ownership approach, product portfolio  |
| G4 20              | For each material aspect, report the aspect boundary within the organisation  | Annual Report 2016 materiality analysis p. 94 All material KPIs are within the organisation.   |
| C4 21              | For each material aspect, report the aspect houndary outside the organisation   | There are no material aspects outside the organisation   |

For each material aspect, report the aspect boundary outside the organisation There are no material aspects outside the organisation.

| G4 22          | Effect of any restatements of information provided in previous reports, and the reasons for such restatements   | Compared to 2015 the scope of consolidation was extended (see G4 17). As a result, some HR ratios are not comparable to 2015 data. This also has an impact on the environmental data. In addition, the presentation of turnover ratios was amended pursuant to GRI. 2016 emission factors were updated in accordance with DEFRA and IEA, this lead to a partial adaption of the 2015 data. |
|----------------|---|--|
| G4 23          | Significant changes from previous reporting periods in the scope and aspect boundaries  | See G4 17  |
| Stakeholo      | der engagement  |  |
| G4 24          | List of stakeholder groups engaged by the organisation  | Customers, employees, investors, society, environment, suppliers   |
| G4 25          | Basis for identification and selection of stakeholders  | Topics were selected on internal discussions with the involvement of managers and employees in the relevant business divisions.  |
| G4 26          | The organisation's approach to stakeholder engagement, including frequency of engagement by type and by stakeholder group   | Annual Report 2016 materiality analysis p. 94  |
| G4 27          | Key topics and concerns that have been raised through stakeholder engagement and how the organisation has responded to those key topics and concerns  | Annual Report 2016 materiality analysis p. 94  |
| Report pr      | rofile  |  |
| G4 28          | Reporting period (such as fiscal or calendar year) for information provided   | Fiscal year 2016   |
| G4 29          | Date of most recent previous report   | Fiscal year 2015   |
| 34 30          | Reporting cycle (such as annual, biennial)  | Annual   |
| G4 31<br>G4 32 | Contact point for questions regarding the report or its content  GRI Content Index  | http://www.erstegroup.com/en/investors/ir-contacts In accordance with "CORE", Annual Report 2016 p. 90 and http://www.erstegroup.com/en/investors/reports  |
| G4 33          | Independent assurance report  | Annual Report 2016 p. 96   |
| Governar       | nce   |  |
| G4 34 -41      | Governance structure and composition  | Annual Report 2016 corporate governance (corporate governance report)  |
| G4 42          | Highest governance body's role in setting purpose, values and strategy  | p. 77 et seq.  Annual Report 2016 corporate governance (corporate governance report) p. 77 et seqq.  |
| G4 43 -44      | Highest governance body's competencies and performance evaluation   | Annual Report 2016 corporate governance (corporate governance report) p. 77 et seqq.   |
| G4 45 -47      | Highest governance body's role in risk management   | Annual Report 2016 corporate governance (corporate governance report) p. 81 et seq.  |
| G4 48          | Highest governance body's role in sustainable reporting   | The members of the management board of Erste Group evaluate the sustainability content of the annual report  |
| G4 49-50       | Highest governance body's role in evaluating economic, environmental and social performance   | Annual Report 2016 corporate governance (corporate governance report) p. 77 et seqq.   |
| G4 51          | Remuneration policies for the highest governance body and senior executives   | Annual Report 2016 corporate governance (corporate governance report) p. 82, 85 et seq.  |
| G4 52          | Process for determining remuneration  | Annual Report 2016 corporate governance (corporate governance report) p. 84 et seqq.   |
| G4 53          | How stakeholders' views are sought and taken into account regarding remuneration  | Annual Report 2016 corporate governance (corporate governance report) p. 83 et seqq.   |
| G4 54          | The ratio of the annual total compensation for the organisation's highest-paid individual in each country of significant operations to the median annual total compensation for all employees (excluding the highest-paid individual) in the same country   | Not reported because of reasons for confidentiality  |
| G4 55          | The ratio of percentage increase in annual total compensation for the organisation's highest-paid individual in each country of significant operations to the median percentage increase in annual total compensation for all employees (excluding the highest-paid individual) in the same country | Not reported because of reasons for confidentiality  |
| Ethics an      | d integrity   |  |
| G4 56          | Organisation's values, principles, standards and norms of behaviour such as codes of conduct and codes of ethics  | Annual Report 2016 strategy p. 11 et seq. The management board of Erste Group adopted a statement of purpose and,  |
| G4 57          | Internal and external mechanisms for seeking advice on ethical and lawful behaviour, and matters related to organisational integrity, such as helplines or advice lines   | building on this statement of purpose, a code of conduct.  Annual Report 2016 corporate governance (corporate governance report) p. 88 et seq.   |
| G4 58          | Internal and external mechanisms for reporting concerns about unethical or unlawful behaviour, and matters related to organisational integrity, such as escalation through line management, whistleblowing mechanisms or hotlines   | Annual Report 2016 corporate governance (corporate governance report) p. 88 et seq.  |
| SPECIFIC       | STANDARD DISCLOSURES  |  |
| Managem        | nent approach (DMA)   |  |
| DMA EC         | Economic EC   |  |
| -              | Overview  | Annual Report 2016 commitment to society p. 57 et seqq. and suppliers p. 66 et seq.  |
| DMA EN         | Environmental EN  | Assert December 2010   |
|                | Overview  | Annual Report 2016 environment p. 72 et seqq. and suppliers p. 66 et seq. internal guidelines like e.g. the environmental policy   |

| DMALA           | I show weather and december 1 A  |  |
|-----------------|--|--|
| DMA LA          | Labour practices and decent work LA  | Appual Papart 2016 ampleyage n. 69 at seasy and symplican n. 66 at seasy   |
|                 | Overview   | Annual Report 2016 employees p. 68 et seqq. and suppliers p. 66 et seq. internal guidelines like e.g. the diversity policy               |
| DMA HR          | Human rights HR  |  |
|                 | Overview   | Annual Report 2016 suppliers p. 66 et seq. and employees p. 68 et seqq.  |
| DMA SO          | Society SO   |  |
|                 | Overview   | Annual Report 2016 orporate governance (corporate governance report) compliance p. 88 et seq.  |
| DMA PR          | Product responsibility PR  |  |
|                 | Overview   | Annual Report 2016 customers p. 61 et seqq., responsible finance policy, ESG guidelines and voting policy of Erste Asset Management      |
| Economi         | С  |  |
| Economi         | c performance  |  |
| EC1             | Direct economic value generated and distributed  | Annual Report 2016 group financial statements, group statement of comprehensive income and country by country reporting (Note 54) p. 264 |
| EC3             | Coverage of the organisation's defined benefit plan obligations  | Annual Report 2016 group consolidated financial statements, provisions (Note 34) p. 156 et seqq.   |
| EC4             | Financial assistance received from government  | There is no financial assistance from the government towards Erste Group.  |
|                 | economic impacts   | A 15 10010 " 11 15 15 1  |
| EC8             | Significant indirect economic impacts, including the extent of impacts   | Annual Report 2016 commitment to society p. 57 et seqq. and customers (financial inclusion) p. 64 et seq.                                |
| Environr        | nental   |  |
| Materials       |  |  |
| EN1             | Materials used by weight or volume   | Annual Report 2016 environment p. 75 et seq.   |
| Energy          |  |  |
| EN3             | Energy consumption within the organisation   | Annual Report 2016 environment p. 75 et seq.   |
| EN5             | Energy intensity   | Annual Report 2016 environment p. 75 et seq.   |
| EN6             | Reduction of energy consumption  | Annual Report 2016 environment p. 73, 75 et seq.   |
| Emission        |  |  |
| EN15            | Direct greenhouse gas (ghg) emissions (scope 1)  | Annual Report 2016 environment p. 75 et seq.   |
| EN16            | Energy indirect greenhouse gas (ghg) emissions (scope 2)   | Annual Report 2016 environment p. 75 et seq.   |
| EN18            | Greenhouse gas (ghg) emissions intensity   | Annual Report 2016 environment p. 75 et seq.   |
| EN19            | Reduction of greenhouse gas (ghg) emissions  | Annual Report 2016 environment p. 75 et seq.   |
| Supplier        | environmental assessment   |  |
| EN32            | Percentage of new suppliers that were screened using environmental criteria  | Annual Report 2016 suppliers p. 67   |
| EN33            | Significant actual and potential negative environmental impacts in the supply chain and actions taken  | Annual Report 2016 suppliers p. 66 et seq. No negative impacts and therefore no actions taken  |
| Social          |  |  |
| Labour p        | ractices and decent work   |  |
| Employn         |  |  |
| LA1             | Total number and rates of new employee hires and employee turnover by age group, gender and region   | Annual Report 2016 employees p. 71   |
| LA2             | Benefits provided to full-time employees that are not provided to temporary or part-time employees, by significant locations of operation  | Full-time and part-time employees get the same benefits  |
| LA3             | Return to work and retention rates after parental leave, by gender   | Annual Report 2016 employees p. 71   |
|                 | ional health and safety  | 7 minda i ropor 20 to simployees p. 1 1  |
| LA6             | Type of injury and rates of injury, occupational diseases, lost days, and  | Annual Report 2016 employees p. 71   |
|                 | absenteeism, and total number of work-related fatalities, by region and by   | The number of employees that were affected by occupational injuries or   |
|                 | gender   | diseases (incl. burnout) and resulted in lost days and absenteeism was 122 for   |
|                 |  | Erste Group (thereof AT: 32, CZ: 28, SK: 4, RO: 6, HU: 11, HR:26, RS: 5)   |
| Training<br>LA9 | and education  Average hours of training per year per employee by gender, and by employee  | Annual Report 2016 employees p. 69   |
|                 | category   | No distinction by gender or employee category  |
| LA10            | Programmes for skills management and lifelong learning that support the continued employability of employees and assist them in managing career endings                              | Annual Report 2016 employees p. 69   |
| LA11            | Percentage of employees receiving regular performance and career   | Scheduled for 100%   |
|                 | development reviews, by gender and by employee category  |  |
|                 | and equal opportunity  |  |
| LA12            | Composition of governance bodies and breakdown of employees per<br>employee category according to gender, age group, minority group<br>membership, and other indicators of diversity | Annual Report 2016 employees p. 71 and corporate governance (corporate governance report) p. 79  |
| Equal re        | nuneration for women and men   |  |
| LA13            | Ratio of basic salary and remuneration of women to men by employee   | There is no differentiation by gender in the collective bargaining agreement. It   |
|                 | category, by significant locations of operation  | is the aim to balance potential differences in total remuneration.   |
| Supplier        | assessment for labour practices  |  |
| LA14            | Percentage of new suppliers that were screened using labour practices criteria   | Annual Report 2016 suppliers p. 67   |
| LA15            | Significant actual and potential negative impacts for labour practices in the  | Annual Report 2016 suppliers p. 67   |
|                 | supply chain and actions taken   | No negative impacts and therefore no actions taken   |

|                | rights   |   |
|----------------|--|---|
| Non-disc       | crimination  |   |
| HR3            | Total number of incidents of discrimination and corrective actions taken   | As a preventive measure, an anti-discrimination officer was appointed in 2015 to foster an environment of mutaual respect for all employees. In 2016, no significant incidents were brought forward to the anti-discrimination officer in Austria or the other countries. In the other countriesThere is no standardised data management in the other countries. For the other countries (i.e. except Austria), the local HR departments are in charge in this matter.  |
| Freedom        | n of association and collective bargaining   |   |
| HR4            | Operations and suppliers identified in which the right to exercise freedom of<br>association and collective bargaining may be violated or at significant risk, and<br>measures taken to support these rights                                 | No measures necessary, neither for own operations nor for suppliers   |
| Child lab      |  |   |
| HR5            | Operations and suppliers identified as having significant risk for incidents of child<br>labour, and measures taken to contribute to the effective abolition of child labour   | No measures necessary, neither for own operations nor for suppliers   |
|                | or compulsory labour   | Nie was a san a   |
| HR6            | Operations and suppliers identified as having significant risk for incidents of<br>forced or compulsory labor, and measures to contribute to the elimination of all<br>forms of forced or compulsory labour                                  | No measures necessary for own operations nor for suppliers  |
|                | human rights assessment  |   |
| HR10<br>HR11   | Percentage of new suppliers that were screened using human rights criteria  Significant actual and potential negative human rights impacts in the supply chain and actions taken   | Annual Report 2016 suppliers p. 67  Annual Report 2016 suppliers p. 67  No negative impacts and therefore no actions taken  |
| Society        |  |   |
| Local co       | ommunities   |   |
| FS14           | Initiatives to improve access to financial services for disadvantaged people   | Annual Report 2016 commitment to society p. 57 et seqq. and customers p. 63, 64 et seq.   |
| Anti-cor       | ruption  |   |
| SO3            | Total number and percentage of operations assessed for risks related to corruption and the significant risks identified  | Annual Report 2016 Corporate governance (corporate governance report) p. 88 et seq.<br>Erste Group regularly assesses risk (operational risk and compliance risk assessments) and effectiveness of controls. The most potential risks related to anti-corruption are originated by Credit Risk and Procurement activities. In 201 no such incidents were reported in Erste Group. A reporting system for the quantitative data recording of the audited divisions is being implemented. It is planned to have the implementation finalised by 2018. |
| SO4            | Communication and training on anti-corruption policies and procedures  | Annual Report 2016 corporate governance (corporate governance report) p. 88 et seq.   |
| SO5            | Confirmed incidents of corruption and actions taken  | Annual Report 2016 corporate governance (corporate governance report) p. 88 et seq. In the reporting period, no incidents of corruption were reported.  |
| Complia        | nce  |   |
| SO8            | Monetary value of significant fines and total number of non-monetary sanctions for non-compliance with laws and regulations  | Annual Report 2016 corporate governance (corporate governance report) p. 88 et seq. In the reporting period, no significant fines were reported.  |
| Supplier       | assessment for impacts on society  |   |
| SO9            | Percentage of new suppliers that were screened using criteria for impacts on society   | Annual Report 2016 suppliers p. 67  |
| SO10           | Significant actual and potential negative impacts on society in the supply chain and actions taken   | Annual Report 2016 suppliers p. 67<br>No negative impacts and therefore no actions taken  |
| Product        | responsibility   |   |
| PR4            | and service labelling  Total number of incidents of non-compliance with regulations and voluntary codes concerning product and service information and labelling, by type of outcomes  | No such incidents in the reporting period   |
| PR5            | Results of surveys measuring customer satisfaction   | Annual Report 2016 customers p. 63  |
| former         | Policies for the fair design and sale of financial products and services   | Annual Report 2016 strategy p. 11 et seq. and customers and suppliers   |
| FS15           | rolloco for the fall design and scale of linearious procedure and services   | Focus on products and services that are easy to understand and improved accessibility (barrier-free initiatives, digital banking)   |
| former<br>FS16 | Initiatives to enhance financial literacy by type of beneficiary   | Annual Report 2016 commitment to society p. 57 et seqq. A number of initiatives are offered and supported. In 2016, the <i>Financial Life Park</i> (FLIP) started its operation. It is the aim to improve the know-how and understanding of financial topics for all age groups, in particular for children and teenager.   |
| Product        | responsibility   |   |
| FS7            | Monetary value of products and services designed to deliver a specific social benefit for each business line broken down by purpose  | Annual Report 2016 commitment to society (financial literacy) p. 57 et seq. and customers (financial inclusion) p. 64 et seq.   |
| FS8            | Monetary value of products and services designed to deliver a specific environmental benefit for each business line broken down by purpose   | Annual Report 2016 environment (other environmental initiatives) p. 74  |
|                | wnership approach  |   |
| Active o       |  |   |
| FS10           | Percentage and number of companies held in the institution's portfolio with which the reporting organisation has interacted on environmental or social issues  Percentage of assets subject to positive and negative environmental or social | Erste Asset Management deals with this topic within the scope of its sustainable investment funds  Assets under management of sustainable investments funds reached 18.2%   |

### **Materiality analysis**

In its sustainability reporting, Erste Group has taken into account those topics of high relevance which are related to company values, strategy and opportunities and risks for the company and which reflect the interests and expectations of the main stakeholders. In addition to basic information, the focus is on current developments.

The content is defined in particular on the following principles:

- Materiality
- \_ Involvement/inclusion of stakeholder groups
- Integration of sustainability topics into the business model and reporting

Sustainability in this context means for Erste Group to operate the core business both in a socially and environmentally responsible manner and economically successfully. For the materiality analysis, therefore, social and ecological aspects along the value chain had to be identified first.

#### Inclusion of stakeholders

To identify the material sustainability topics for Erste Group, a stakeholder analysis was carried out as a first step. The following relevant stakeholder groups were defined: customers, employees, investors, society, environment, suppliers.

Erste Group aims not only to inform stakeholders about corporate activities but also to consider their concerns in the discussion and decision-making processes of the company. Through the participation of employees in relevant business and interface areas, such

as account and relationship managers or the investor relations team, and their constant dialogue with stakeholders, feedback of various stakeholder groups is gathered and evaluated. It is, therefore, ensured that the expectations and requirements of these stakeholder groups are evaluated.

### Selection of topics in accordance with GRI G4 guidelines (reporting guidelines)

In its sustainability reporting, Erste Group focuses on the set of topics of the GRI multi-stakeholder dialogues as incorporated in the reporting principles and standard disclosure guidelines.

#### **Determination of material topics**

The material topics for the sustainability reporting and their relevance for the main stakeholder groups of Erste Group were identified on the basis of the content determined in institutionalised planning and strategy processes. In January 2017, all employees of Erste Group were for the first time invited to participate in an online survey to rate the material topics on their relevance for Erste Group and society. More than 2,100 employees of the group participated in the survey. It is planned to repeat the survey on an annual basis. Overall, the employees considered topics related to products and services (data security, easily understandable and accessible products) more relevant than traditional sustainability topics (social engagement of employees, social banking or products with environmental or social relevance). The following table shows the result of the survey, ranking the respective topics according to their relevance (from "1" for highly relevant to "15" for less relevant):

|   | Releva      | nce for | _  |   |
|---|-------------|---------|--|---|
| Material topics                                     | Erste Group | Society | GRI aspects  | Material KPI                                      |
| Data security                                       | 1           | 1       | n.a.   | -   |
| Compliance  | 2           | 5       | Anti-corruption, Compliance  | SO3, SO8  |
| Easily understandable products                      | 3           | 2       | Product and service labelling  | PR5, (FS15,FS16)                                  |
| Easy access to products                             | 4           | 3       | Active ownership approach, Product responsibility                                  | FS7, FS11   |
| Work/life balance                                   | 5           | 6       | n.a.   | -   |
| Digital banking/digital innovation                  | 6           | 9       | n.a.   | -   |
| Transparent pricing of products                     | 7           | 4       | n.a.   | -   |
| Financial literacy                                  | 8           | 8       | Active ownership approach  | FS14  |
| Equal opportunity/diversity                         | 9           | 7       | Employment, Diversity and equal opportunity, Non-discrimination                    | LA1, LA12, HR3                                    |
| Fair competition in the banking market              | 10          | 10      | n.a.   | -   |
| Transparent information about financial performance | 11          | 12      | Economic (Economic performance)  | EC1   |
| Social banking                                      | 12          | 11      | n.a.   | -   |
| Ecological impact of the banking operation          | 13          | 13      | Environmental (Materials, Energy, Emissions),<br>Supplier environmental assessment | EN1, EN3, EN5-6, EN15-19<br>EN32, LA14, HR10, SO9 |
| Social engagement of the bank                       | 14          | 14      | Indirect economic impacts  | EC8   |
| social engagement of the employees                  | 15          | 15      | n.a.   | -   |

The material topics for the sustainability reporting were identified in teams and on the basis of the online survey. Team members were employees in regular contact with the respective stakeholders. In addition to the potential impact of the material topics, sector-specific aspects according to G4 (Financial services) were included:

\_ Significance of economic, ecological and social impacts

- \_ Likelihood and intensity of an impact
- \_ Possibility of turning impacts into opportunities for Erste Group

Finally, the material topics were presented to and approved by the management board. A special focus was on the alignment with corporate objectives. Sustainability is hence an integral component of the Erste Group's corporate strategy.

#### **Materiality table**

| Stakeholders | Divisions                          | Communication tools and activities | Topics for Erste Group                  | Material aspects according to GRI       |
|--------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|
| Customers    | _ Retail Strategic Projects        | _ Customer Experience Index        | _ (Digital) innovation                  | _ Product and service labelling         |
|              | _ Social Banking Development       | Survey                             | _ Information and data security         | _ Active ownership approach             |
|              | _ Brands                           | _ Mystery shopping                 | _ Customer satisfaction                 | _ Product responsibility                |
|              | _ Erste Hub                        | _ s Lab online portal              | _ Financial literacy, financial         |   |
|              | _ Ombudspersons                    | _ Talks with customers             | inclusion                               |   |
|              | _ Sales / branches                 |                                    | _ Easily understandable products        |   |
|              |                                    |                                    | _ Easy access to banking products       |   |
|              |                                    |                                    | _ Fair competition                      |   |
|              |                                    |                                    | _ Social banking                        |   |
| Employees    | _ Human Resources                  | _ Employee Engagement Survey       | _ Diversity and inclusion               | _ Employment                            |
|              | _ Employees' Council               | (every two years)                  | _ Health promotion and work-life        | _ Diversity and equal opportunity       |
|              | _ Health Centre                    | _ Performance reviews              |   | _ Equal remuneration for women          |
|              | s Akademie                         | _ 360 degree feedback              | _ Employee development                  | and men                                 |
|              | _ Erste School                     | _ Erste Women's Hub                |   | _ Non-discrimination                    |
|              | _                                  | Mentoring                          | discrimination                          | _                                       |
|              |                                    | Job Grading                        | _ Talent promotion and planning         |   |
|              |                                    | Career Model                       | _ Leadership competency develop-        |   |
|              |                                    | _ Core & Leadership Competencies   | ment                                    |   |
|              |                                    |                                    | _ Employee engagement                   |   |
|              |                                    |                                    | Fair competition                        |   |
| nvestors     | _ Investor Relations               | _ Road shows                       | _ Transparency                          | Economic performance                    |
|              |                                    | <del>-</del>                       | _ Financial markets communication       |   |
|              |                                    | _ Annual general meeting           | _ Disclosure obligation                 |   |
| Society      | _ Community affairs and sponsoring |                                    |   | _ Indirect economic impacts             |
|              | _ Erste Hub                        | _ NGOs (e.g. Caritas)              | _ Partnerships in social and cultural   | _ Anti-corruption                       |
|              | _ Compliance                       | _ Governmental organisations       | affairs                                 | _ Compliance                            |
|              | _ Good.bee                         | _ Cultural organisations           | _ Fight against poverty                 |   |
|              |                                    | _ Supervisory authorities          | _ Compliance, Anti-corruption and       |   |
|              |                                    |                                    | anti-bribery                            |   |
|              |                                    |                                    | _ Indirect economic impacts             |   |
|              |                                    |                                    | Social engagement of the bank           |   |
|              |                                    |                                    | and the employees                       |   |
| Environment  | Environmental management           | Direct contacts with NGOs          |   | Materials                               |
|              | Procurement                        | (e.g. WWF, Greenpeace)             |   | _<br>_ Energy                           |
|              | Product development                | Participation in WWF Climate       | •                                       | _ Emissions                             |
|              |                                    | Group                              | _ Ecological footprint                  | _                                       |
|              |                                    | •                                  | Sustainable products & services         |   |
|              |                                    | (e.g. Ecoprofit Bratislava,        | _ Resource-efficient business           |   |
|              |                                    | ÖkoBusiness Plan Wien)             | management                              |   |
| Suppliers    | Procurement                        | _ Supplier audit questionnaire     | _ Sustainability criteria in the supply | Supplier environmental assess           |
|              | _ 1 1000101110111                  | Business review                    | _ Sustainability Criteria in the supply | _ Supplier environmental assess<br>ment |
|              |                                    | Supplier scorecard                 | Local rather than cross-border          | ment                                    |
|              |                                    |                                    | _                                       |   |
|              |                                    | _ Product group strategy           | procurement                             |   |
|              |                                    |                                    | _ Co-operation with suppliers           |   |

#### To the Board of Erste Group Bank AG

#### **Independent Assurance Report**

Independent assurance over the 2016 sustainability disclosures and data of Erste Group Bank AG

Attention: This letter has been translated from German to English for referencing purposes only. Please refer to the officially legally binding version as written and signed in German. Only the German version is the legally binding version.

#### Engagement

We were requested to perform a limited assurance engagement over the 2016 sustainability disclosures and data (hereafter "Reporting") in accordance with the GRI G4 COMPREHENSIVE Option of Erste Group Bank AG.

The assurance engagement covers the Reporting as follows:

"Annual Report 2016" in pdf-format concerning information in and references linked from the GRI-Index to sustainability disclosures and data.

Our assurance engagement solely covers references directly specified in the GRI-Index. It does not cover any further web references, nor references made directly in the Reporting.

Our procedures have been designed to obtain a limited level of assurance on which to base our conclusions. The extent of evidence gathering procedures performed is less than for that of a reasonable assurance engagement (such as a financial audit) and therefore a lower level of assurance is provided.

#### **Limitations to our Review**

The basis for all the data are the consolidated entities of Erste Group pursuant to IFRS. For the calculation of HR ratios in the chapter employees of the reporting, the respective HR data of the savings banks consolidated under the Haftungsverbund agreement are not included in the scope of consolidation.

In addition to the above-mentioned restriction, the respective data of Salzburger Sparkasse, Tiroler Sparkasse and Sparkasse Hainburg-Bruck-Neusiedl are not included in the environmental data of the reporting. Furthermore, no environmental data are from following organisational units who are part of Erste Group and whose data are included in the financials statements of Erste Goup: all locations outside Austria, the Czech Republic, Slovakia, Hungary, Croatia, Serbia, Romania (this means in particular the offices in London and New York). The respective data gathering processes have not been implemented at these locations.

It is planned to align these data to the scope of consolidation pursuant to IFRS.

- The scope of our review procedures at operational level was limited to the following site visits: Vienna and Belgrade.
- We did not test data derived from external surveys, we only verified that relevant disclosures and data are correctly quoted in the Reporting.
- The objective of our engagement was neither a financial audit nor a financial audit review. We did not perform any further assurance procedures on data, which were subject of the annual financial audit, the corporate governance report or the risk reporting. We merely checked that data was presented in accordance with the GRI Guidelines.
- Limited assurance over prospective information was not subject to our engagement.
- Neither the detection and investigation of criminal offenses, such as embezzlement or other fraudulent actions, nor the assessment of effectiveness and efficiency of management were subject to our engagement.

#### Criteria

The information included in the Reporting was based on the criteria applicable in the year 2016 ("The Criteria"), consisting of:

GRI Sustainability Reporting Guidelines G4<sup>1</sup>

We believe that these criteria are suitable for our assurance engagement.

#### Management responsibilities

Erste Group Bank AG's management is responsible for the Reporting and that the information therein is in accordance with the criteria mentioned above. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal controls. These are essential for the elimination of material misstatements in the Reporting.

#### Our responsibilities

It is our responsibility to express a conclusion on the information included in the Reporting on the basis of the limited assurance engagement.

Our assurance engagement has been planned and performed in accordance with the International Federation of Accountants' ISAE3000<sup>2</sup> and the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, issued by the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC), which includes requirements in relation to our independence.

The objective of our engagement is not to account for the interests of any third parties. Our work solely serves the client and his purpose. Our engagement is thus not destined to be used as a basis of decision-making for third parties.

The "General Conditions of Contract for the Public Accounting Professions"<sup>3</sup>, are binding for this engagement. According to that, our liability is limited and an accountant is only liable for violating intentionally or by gross negligence the contractual duties and obligations entered into. In cases of gross negligence the maximum liability towards Erste Group Bank AG and any third party together is EUR 726,730 in the aggregate.

#### What we did to form our conclusion

We have performed all the procedures deemed necessary to obtain the evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our conclusions. The assurance engagement was conducted at Erste Group Bank AG's head quarter in Vienna and in Belgrade. Our main procedures were:

 Obtained an overview over the industry as well as the characteristics and governance of the organisation;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>https://www.globalreporting.org/information/g4/Pages/default.aspx <sup>2</sup>International Federation of Accountants' International Standard for Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or reviews of Historical Financial Information (ISAE3000) Revised, effective for assurance statements dated on or after December 15, 2015.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>version of February 21th 2011 (AAB 2011) issued by the Chamber of Public Accountants and Tax Advisors, section 8 http://www.kwt.or.at/de/PortalData/2/Resources/downloads/downloadcent er/AAB\_2011\_englische\_Fassung.pdf

- Interviewed a selection of Group and functional senior managers and executives to understand key expectations identify systems, processes and internal control processes to support them;
- Reviewed Group level, Board and Executive documents to assess awareness and priority and to understand how progress is tracked;
- Examined risk management and governance processes related to sustainability and critical evaluation of the representation in the Reporting;
- Performed analytical procedures at Group level;
- Performed site visits in Belgrade to review progress and obtain evidence of performance. In addition we reviewed data samples at site level for completeness, reliability, accuracy and timeliness;
- Reviewed data and processes on a sample basis to test whether they had been collected, consolidated and reported appropriately at Group level. This included reviewing data samples to test whether the data had been reported in an accurate, reliable and complete manner;
- Reviewed the coverage of material issues against the key issues raised in the stakeholder dialogues, areas of performance covered in external media reports and the environmental and social reports of Erste Group Bank AG's peers;
- Challenged a sample of statements and claims in the Reporting against our work steps and the GRI G4 principles and
- Reviewed whether the GRI G4 Guidelines were consistently applied for the CORE Option.

#### **Our Conclusion**

Based on the scope of our review nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the disclosures and data in the Reporting were not prepared, in accordance with the criteria identified above.

#### Recommendation

Without restriction the above stated conclusion, we express the following recommendations to improve your sustainability management and reporting process:

- Expansion of report boundaries to all consolidated entities to ensure consistent reporting and
- Inclusion of all entities in a consistent and integrated management and reporting system.

Vienna, March 22<sup>nd</sup> 2017

ERNST & YOUNG Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft m.b.H

**Brigitte Frey** 

ppa. Christine Jasch

### **Your Notes**

# **Group Consolidated Financial Statements 2016 (IFRS)**

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# I. Group statement of comprehensive income of Erste Group for the year ended 31 December 2016

| Income | statement |
|--------|-----------|

| in EUR thousand   | Notes | 1-12 15    | 1-12 16    |
|---|-------|------------|------------|
| Net interest income   | 1     | 4,444,657  | 4,374,518  |
| Net fee and commission income   | 2     | 1,861,768  | 1,782,963  |
| Dividend income   | 3     | 49,901     | 45,181     |
| Net trading and fair value result   | 4     | 210,135    | 272,275    |
| Net result from equity method investments   |       | 17,510     | 9,010      |
| Rental income from investment properties & other operating leases   | 5     | 187,865    | 207,234    |
| Personnel expenses  | 6     | -2,244,611 | -2,339,292 |
| Other administrative expenses   | 6     | -1,179,329 | -1,235,771 |
| Depreciation and amortisation   | 6     | -444,999   | -453,110   |
| Gains/losses from financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss, net | 7     | 100,911    | 148,001    |
| Net impairment loss on financial assets   | 8     | -729,099   | -195,672   |
| Other operating result  | 9     | -635,646   | -664,953   |
| Levies on banking activities  | 9     | -236,222   | -388,794   |
| Pre-tax result from continuing operations   |       | 1,639,064  | 1,950,385  |
| Taxes on income   | 10    | -363,926   | -413,627   |
| Net result for the period   |       | 1,275,138  | 1,536,757  |
| Net result attributable to non-controlling interests  |       | 306,974    | 272,030    |
| Net result attributable to owners of the parent   |       | 968,164    | 1,264,728  |
| Statement of comprehensive income   |       |            |            |
| in EUR thousand   |       | 1-12 15    | 1-12 16    |
| Net result for the period   | •     | 1,275,138  | 1,536,757  |

| in EUR thousand  | 1-12 15   | 1-12 16   |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Net result for the period  | 1,275,138 | 1,536,757 |
|  |           |           |
| Other comprehensive income   |           |           |
| Items that may not be reclassified to profit or loss                         |           |           |
| Remeasurement of net liability of defined pension plans                      | 100,995   | -36,130   |
| Deferred taxes relating to items that may not be reclassified                | -33,607   | -9,098    |
| Total  | 67,388    | -45,227   |
|  |           |           |
| Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss                             |           |           |
| Available for sale reserve   | -31,580   | -4,603    |
| Gain/loss during the period  | -10,077   | 142,807   |
| Reclassification adjustments   | -21,502   | -147,411  |
| Cash flow hedge reserve  | -27,413   | -13,341   |
| Gain/loss during the period  | 11,354    | 18,235    |
| Reclassification adjustments   | -38,766   | -31,576   |
| Currency translation   | 90,987    | 28,848    |
| Gain/loss during the period  | 90,987    | 28,848    |
| Reclassification adjustments   | 0         | 0         |
| Deferred taxes relating to items that may be reclassified                    | 35,869    | 8,791     |
| Gain/loss during the period  | 6,349     | -33,446   |
| Reclassification adjustments   | 29,520    | 42,236    |
| Total  | 67,864    | 19,694    |
| Total other comprehensive income   | 135,252   | -25,533   |
|  |           |           |
| Total comprehensive income   | 1,410,389 | 1,511,224 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests 229,740 |           | 307,847   |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the parent 1,180,650    |           | 1,203,377 |

## Earnings per share

Earnings per share constitute net profit/loss for the year attributable to owners of the parent divided by the average number of ordinary shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share represent the maximum potential dilution (through an increase in the average number of shares) that would occur if all subscription and conversion rights granted were exercised (also see Note 36 Total equity).

|   |                 | 1-12 15     | 1-12 16     |
|---|-----------------|-------------|-------------|
| Net result attributable to owners of the parent   | in EUR thousand | 968,164     | 1,264,728   |
| Paid dividend on AT1 capital  | in EUR thousand | 0           | -16,368     |
| Net result for the period attributable to owners of the parent after deduction of the paid AT1 capital dividend | in EUR thousand | 968,164     | 1,248,360   |
| Weighted average number of outstanding shares   |                 | 426,726,297 | 426,668,132 |
| Earnings per share  | in EUR          | 2.27        | 2.93        |
| Weighted average diluted number of outstanding shares   |                 | 426,726,297 | 426,668,132 |
| Diluted earnings per share  | in EUR          | 2.27        | 2.93        |

# II. Group balance sheet of Erste Group as of 31 December 2016

| in EUR thousand  | Notes | Dec 15      | Dec 16      |
|--|-------|-------------|-------------|
| Assets   |       |             |             |
| Cash and cash balances                                       | 12    | 12,350,003  | 18,352,596  |
| Financial assets - held for trading                          |       | 8,719,244   | 7,950,401   |
| Derivatives  | 13    | 5,303,001   | 4,474,783   |
| Other trading assets   | 14.18 | 3,416,243   | 3,475,618   |
| Financial assets - at fair value through profit or loss      | 15.18 | 358,959     | 479,512     |
| Financial assets - available for sale                        | 16.18 | 20,762,661  | 19,885,535  |
| Financial assets - held to maturity                          | 17.18 | 17,700,886  | 19,270,184  |
| Loans and receivables to credit institutions                 | 19    | 4,805,222   | 3,469,440   |
| Loans and receivables to customers                           | 20    | 125,896,650 | 130,654,451 |
| Derivatives - hedge accounting                               | 22    | 2,191,175   | 1,424,452   |
| Property and equipment                                       | 26    | 2,401,868   | 2,476,913   |
| Investment properties  | 26    | 753,243     | 1,022,704   |
| Intangible assets  | 27    | 1,464,529   | 1,390,245   |
| Investments in associates and joint ventures                 | 23    | 166,541     | 193,277     |
| Current tax assets   | 28    | 118,786     | 124,224     |
| Deferred tax assets  | 28    | 310,370     | 233,773     |
| Assets held for sale   | 29    | 526,451     | 279,447     |
| Other assets   | 30    | 1,216,785   | 1,019,916   |
| Total assets   |       | 199,743,371 | 208,227,070 |
| Liabilities and equity                                       |       |             |             |
| Financial liabilities - held for trading                     |       | 5,867,450   | 4,761,782   |
| Derivatives  | 13    | 5,433,865   | 4,184,508   |
| Other trading liabilities                                    | 31    | 433,586     | 577,273     |
| Financial liabilities - at fair value through profit or loss |       | 1,906,766   | 1,763,043   |
| Deposits from banks  | 32    | 0           | 0           |
| Deposits from customers                                      | 32    | 148,731     | 73,917      |
| Debt securities issued                                       | 32    | 1,758,035   | 1,689,126   |
| Other financial liabilities                                  |       | 0           | 0           |
| Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost             |       | 170,786,703 | 178,908,933 |
| Deposits from banks  | 33    | 14,212,032  | 14,631,353  |
| Deposits from customers                                      | 33    | 127,797,081 | 137,938,808 |
| Debt securities issued                                       | 33    | 27,895,975  | 25,502,621  |
| Other financial liabilities                                  |       | 881,616     | 836,150     |
| Derivatives - hedge accounting                               | 22    | 592,891     | 472,675     |
| Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged items              |       | 965,583     | 942,028     |
| Provisions   | 34    | 1,736,367   | 1,702,354   |
| Current tax liabilities                                      | 28    | 89,956      | 65,859      |
| Deferred tax liabilities                                     | 28    | 95,787      | 67,542      |
| Liabilities associated with assets held for sale             |       | 577,953     | 4,637       |
| Other liabilities  | 35    | 2,316,601   | 2,936,220   |
| Total equity   |       | 14,807,313  | 16,601,996  |
| Equity attributable to non-controlling interests             |       | 3,801,997   | 4,142,054   |
| Equity attributable to owners of the parent                  |       | 11,005,316  | 12,459,942  |
| Total liabilities and equity                                 |       | 199,743,371 | 208,227,070 |

## III. Group statement of changes in total equity

| in EUR million                          | Subscribed capital | Capital reserves | Retained earnings | Cash flow<br>hedge<br>reserve | Available for sale reserve | Currency<br>translation | Remeasurement<br>of net liability of<br>defined pension<br>plans | Deferred tax | Equity attributable to owners of the parent | Additional components of equity | Equity attributable to non-controlling interests | Total equity |
|---|--------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--|--------------|---|---------------------------------|--|--------------|
| As of 1 January 2016                    | 860                | 1,478            | 9,071             | 115                           | 688                        | -759                    | -334   | -112         | 11,005                                      | 0                               | 3,802  | 14,808       |
| Changes in treasury shares              | 0                  | 0                | -14               | 0                             | 0                          | 0                       | 0  | 0            | -14   | 0                               | 0  | -14          |
| Dividends paid                          | 0                  | 0                | -222              | 0                             | 0                          | 0                       | 0  | 0            | -222  | 0                               | -60  | -281         |
| Capital increases                       | 0                  | 0                | 0                 | 0                             | 0                          | 0                       | 0  | 0            | 0   | 497                             | 2  | 499          |
| Participation capital                   | 0                  | 0                | 0                 | 0                             | 0                          | 0                       | 0  | 0            | 0   | 0                               | 0  | 0            |
| Changes in the scope of consolidation   | 0                  | 0                | 0                 | 0                             | 0                          | 0                       | 0  | 0            | 0   | 0                               | 89   | 89           |
| Other changes                           | 0                  | 0                | 0                 | 0                             | 0                          | 0                       | 0  | 0            | 0   | 0                               | 0  | 0            |
| Acquisition of non-controlling interest | 0                  | 0                | -10               | 0                             | 0                          | 0                       | 0  | 0            | -10   | 0                               | 0  | -10          |
| Total comprehensive income              | 0                  | 0                | 1,265             | -8                            | -56                        | 25                      | -23  | -1           | 1,203                                       | 0                               | 308  | 1,511        |
| Net result for the period               | 0                  | 0                | 1,265             | 0                             | 0                          | 0                       | 0  | 0            | 1,265                                       | 0                               | 272  | 1,537        |
| Other comprehensive income              | 0                  | 0                | 0                 | -8                            | -56                        | 25                      | -23  | -1           | -61   | 0                               | 36   | -26          |
| As of 31 December 2016                  | 860                | 1,478            | 10,090            | 107                           | 632                        | -734                    | -357   | -112         | 11,963                                      | 497                             | 4,142  | 16,602       |
| As of 1 January 2015                    | 860                | 1,478            | 8,116             | 140                           | 580                        | -849                    | -394   | -92          | 9,838                                       | 0                               | 3,605  | 13,444       |
| Changes in treasury shares              | 0                  | 0                | 2                 | 0                             | 0                          | 0                       | 0  | 0            | 2   | 0                               | 0  | 2            |
| Dividends paid                          | 0                  | 0                | 0                 | 0                             | 0                          | 0                       | 0  | 0            | 0   | 0                               | -40  | -40          |
| Capital increases                       | 0                  | 0                | 0                 | 0                             | 0                          | 0                       | 0  | 0            | 0   | 0                               | 1  | 1            |
| Participation capital                   | 0                  | 0                | 0                 | 0                             | 0                          | 0                       | 0  | 0            | 0   | 0                               | 0  | 0            |
| Changes in the scope of consolidation   | 0                  | 0                | -15               | 0                             | 0                          | 0                       | 0  | 0            | -15   | 0                               | 6  | -10          |
| Other changes                           | 0                  | 0                | 0                 | 0                             | 0                          | 0                       | 0  | 0            | 0   | 0                               | 0  | 0            |
| Acquisition of non-controlling interest | 0                  | 0                | 0                 | 0                             | 0                          | 0                       | 0  | 0            | 0   | 0                               | 0  | 0            |
| Total comprehensive income              | 0                  | 0                | 968               | -25                           | 107                        | 90                      | 60   | -20          | 1,181                                       | 0                               | 230  | 1,410        |
| Net result for the period               | 0                  | 0                | 968               | 0                             | 0                          | 0                       | 0  | 0            | 968   | 0                               | 307  | 1,275        |
| Other comprehensive income              | 0                  | 0                | 0                 | -25                           | 107                        | 90                      | 60   | -20          | 212   | 0                               | -77  | 135          |
| As of 31 December 2015                  | 860                | 1,478            | 9,071             | 115                           | 688                        | -759                    | -334   | -112         | 11,005                                      | 0                               | 3,802  | 14,808       |

In June 2016 Erste Group increased its capital by issuing Additional Tier 1 bonds with a nominal value of EUR 500 million. After deduction of costs directly attributable to the capital increase, the net increase in capital amounted to EUR 497 million. The costs of the capital increase reduced the capital by EUR 3 million.

Additional Tier 1 bonds are unsecured and subordinated bonds of Erste Group Bank AG which are classified as equity under IFRS and are reported under the additional components of equity.

For further details, see Note 36 Total equity.

## IV. Group cash flow statement

| Net result for the period  Non-cash adjustments for items in net profit/loss for the year  Depreciation, amortisation, impairment and reversal of impairment, revaluation of assets | 1,275  |        |
|---|--------|--------|
| Non-cash adjustments for items in net profit/loss for the year  Depreciation, amortisation, impairment and reversal of impairment, revaluation of assets                            |        | 1,537  |
| Depreciation, amortisation, impairment and reversal of impairment, revaluation of assets  |        | .,     |
|   | 567    | 622    |
| Allocation to and release of provisions (including risk provisions)   | 972    | 721    |
| Gains/(losses) from the sale of assets  | -297   | -462   |
| Other adjustments   | -43    | 327    |
| Changes in assets and liabilities from operating activities after adjustment for non-cash components  | 10     | OZ.    |
| Financial assets - held for trading   | 1,886  | 738    |
| Financial assets - at fair value through profit or loss   | 23     | -123   |
| Financial assets - available for sale: debt instruments   | 1,862  | 781    |
| Financial assets - held to maturity   | -822   | -1,566 |
| Loans and receivables to credit institutions  | 1,971  | 1,323  |
| Loans and receivables to customers  | -5,065 | -5,341 |
| Derivatives - hedge accounting  | -5,005 | 759    |
| • •   | 506    | 352    |
| Other assets from operating activities  |        |        |
| Financial liabilities - held for trading  | -1,879 | -915   |
| Financial liabilities - at fair value through profit or loss  | -166   | -153   |
| Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost  | 504    | 440    |
| Deposits from banks   | -591   | 419    |
| Deposits from customers   | 5,534  | 10,142 |
| Debt securities issued  | -1,478 | -2,406 |
| Other financial liabilities   | 412    | -45    |
| Derivatives - hedge accounting  | -133   | -120   |
| Other liabilities from operating activities   | 138    | -414   |
| Cash flow from operating activities   | 5,329  | 6,176  |
| Financial assets - available for sale: equity instruments   | -221   | 188    |
| Proceeds of disposal  |        |        |
| Associated companies  | 46     | -18    |
| Property and equipment, intangible assets and investment properties   | 133    | 254    |
| Acquisition of  |        |        |
| Associated companies  | 0      | 0      |
| Property and equipment, intangible assets and investment properties   | -773   | -807   |
| Acquisition of subsidiaries (net of cash and cash equivalents acquired)   | 0      | 0      |
| Disposal of subsidiaries  | 0      | 0      |
| Cash flow from investing activities   | -815   | -383   |
| Capital increases   | 1      | 499    |
| Capital decrease  | 0      | 0      |
| Acquisition of non-controlling interest   | 0      | -10    |
| Dividends paid to equity holders of the parent  | 0      | -222   |
| Dividends paid to non-controlling interests   | -40    | -60    |
| Other financing activities  | 0      | 0      |
| Cash flow from financing activities   | -39    | 208    |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period  | 7,835  | 12,350 |
| Cash flow from operating activities   | 5,329  | 6,176  |
| Cash flow from investing activities   | -815   | -383   |
| Cash flow from financing activities   | -39    | 208    |
| Effect of currency translation  | 39     | 1      |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period  | 12,350 | 18,353 |
|   |        |        |
| Cash flows related to taxes, interest and dividends   | 4,034  | 4,119  |
| Payments for taxes on income (included in cash flow from operating activities)  | -355   | -408   |
| Interest received   | 6,733  | 6,114  |
| Dividends received  | 50     | 45     |
| Interest paid   | -2,394 | -1,632 |

Cash and cash equivalents are equal to cash in hand, balances held with central banks and other demand deposits.

For details related to the retrospective change of comparative figures due to the restatement please refer to chapter 'B. Significant accounting policies'.

## V. Notes to the group financial statements of Erste Group

## A. GENERAL INFORMATION

Erste Group Bank AG is Austria's oldest savings bank and listed on the Vienna Stock Exchange. It is also quoted on the Prague Stock Exchange (since October 2002) and on the Bucharest Stock Exchange (since February 2008). The registered office of Erste Group Bank AG is located at Am Belvedere 1, 1100 Vienna, (formerly: Graben 21, 1010 Vienna), Austria.

Erste Group offers a complete range of banking and other financial services, such as savings accounts, asset management (including investment funds), consumer credit and mortgage lending, investment banking, securities and derivatives trading, portfolio management, project finance, foreign trade financing, corporate finance, capital market and money market services, foreign exchange trading, leasing and factoring.

It is planned for the management (following a presentation to the supervisory board) to approve the consolidated financial statements for publication on 28 February 2017.

Erste Group is subject to the regulatory requirements of Austrian and European supervisory bodies (National Bank, Financial Market Authority, Single Supervisory Mechanism). These regulations include those pertaining to minimum capital adequacy requirements, categorisation of exposures and off-balance sheet commitments, credit risk connected with clients of the Group, liquidity and interest rate risk, items denominated in foreign currencies and operating risk.

In addition to the banking entities, some Group companies are subject to regulatory requirements, specifically in relation to asset management.

## **B. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

## a) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of Erste Group for the financial year ending on 31 December 2016 and the related comparative information were prepared in compliance with applicable International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union on the basis of IAS Regulation (EC) No. 1606/2002. This satisfies the requirements of Section 59a of the Austrian Banking Act and Section 245a of the Austrian Commercial Code.

In accordance with the applicable measurement models prescribed or permitted under IFRS, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a cost (or amortised cost) basis, except for financial assets - available for sale, financial assets and liabilities held for trading (including derivatives), instruments subject to hedge accounting and financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss, all of which have been measured at fair value.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Except for regulatory restrictions on capital distributions stemming from the EU-wide capital requirements regulations applicable to all financial institutions based in Austria and Central and Eastern Europe, Erste Group does not have any other significant restrictions on its ability to access or use the assets and settle the liabilities of the Group. Also, the owners of non-controlling interests in Group subsidiaries do not have rights that can restrict the Group's ability to access or use the assets and settle the liabilities of the Group.

Except as otherwise indicated, all amounts are stated in millions of euro. The tables in this report may contain rounding differences.

The consolidated financial statements have not been accepted by the supervisory board and the financial statements of Erste Group Bank AG have not been approved by the supervisory board yet.

## b) Basis of consolidation

#### Subsidiaries

All entities directly or indirectly controlled by Erste Group Bank AG are consolidated in the Group financial statements on the basis of their annual accounts as of 31 December 2016, and for the year then ended.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date when control is obtained until the date when control is lost. Control is achieved when Erste Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the investee. Relevant activities are those which most significantly affect the variable returns of an entity.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the date of acquisition or up to the date of disposal. The financial statements of the bank's subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting year as that of Erste Group Bank AG and using consistent accounting policies. All intra-Group balances, transactions, income and expenses as well as unrealised gains and losses and dividends are eliminated.

Non-controlling interests represent those portions of total comprehensive income and net assets that are not attributable directly or indirectly to the owners of Erste Group Bank AG. Non-controlling interests are presented separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and within equity on the consolidated balance sheet. Acquisitions of non-controlling interests as well as disposals of non-controlling interests that do not lead to a change of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby the difference between the consideration transferred and the share in the carrying amount of the net assets acquired is recognised as equity.

#### Investments in associates and joint ventures

Investments in associates and joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, an interest in an associate or joint venture is recognised on the balance sheet at cost plus post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of the net assets of the entity. The Group's share of the associate's or joint venture's result is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Entities accounted for using the equity method are recognised on the basis of annual financial statements as of 31 December 2016 and for the year then ended.

Associates are entities over which Erste Group exercises significant influence ('associates'). Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control of those policies. As a general rule, significant influence is presumed to mean an ownership interest of between 20% and 50%.

Joint ventures are joint arrangements over which Erste Group exercises control jointly with one or more other venturers, with the venturers having rights to the net assets of the arrangement, rather than to the assets and liabilities relating to the arrangement. Joint control exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. Erste Group is not involved in joint operations.

#### Scope of consolidation

As at 31 December 2016, Erste Group Bank AG, as parent entity of Erste Group, includes in its IFRS scope of consolidation a total of 448 subsidiaries (31 December 2015: 496). This includes a total of 47 local savings banks which, alongside Erste Group Bank AG and Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG, are members of the Haftungsverbund (cross-guarantee system) of the Austrian savings bank sector (please refer to 'd) Significant accounting judgements, assumptions and estimates' for further details).

In 2014, following the implementation of the new agreements of the cross-guarantee system (please refer to chapter 'd) Significant accounting judgements, assumptions and estimates') and the related financial support of the members, an ex-ante funds was established. The fund is managed by a civil law company named IPS GesbR. The assets of the fund – the members of the cross-guarantee system are required to pay into the fund over a period of ten years - are bound and can be used solely for the purpose to cover loss events of members of the cross-guarantee system. The company IPS GesbR was included in the scope of consolidation in year 2014.

Further details regarding the scope of consolidation please refer to Note 55 Details of the companies wholly or partly owned by Erste Group as of 31 December 2016.

#### Additions in 2016

The following table shows the additions of fully consolidated entities in 2016 with names and country of residence. These additions had no material impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

#### Additions of fully consolidated entities

| Country of residence |
|----------------------|
| Austria              |
| Croatia              |
| Austria              |
| Malta                |
| Czech Republic       |
| Hungary              |
| Austria              |
| Austria              |
| Austria              |
| Ireland              |
|                      |

Österreichisches Volkswohnungswerk Gemeinnützige Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung has been included in the scope of consolidation for the first time and is fully consolidated. Because this correction has no material impact on the financial position as at January 1, 2016 (0.6% increase of total equity, 0.1% increase of total assets) nor on the financial performance of Erste Group if the 2015 numbers would be prepared on a consolidated basis (0.5% increase of net income), prior year figures have not been adjusted.

#### Disposals in 2016

The following table shows the disposals of fully consolidated entities in 2016 with names and country of residence. These disposals had no material impact on the financial position and performance of the Group.

## Disposals of fully consolidated entities

| Entity  | Country of residence |
|---|----------------------|
| Erste Private Equity Limited  | Great Britain        |
| Innovationspark Graz-Puchstraße GmbH  | Austria              |
| SVD-Sparkassen-Versicherungsdienst Versicherungsbörse Nachfolge GmbH & Co. KG     | Austria              |
| HEKET Immobilien GmbH (previously HBF Drei Gamma Projektentwicklungs GmbH)        | Austria              |
| IR-PRIAMOS Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.                                    | Austria              |
| ISATIS-Immorent Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.                               | Austria              |
| CS Investment Limited   | Guernsey             |
| Erste Leasing Berlet Szolgaltato Kft. (previously Erste Leasing Szolgaltato Kft.) | Hungary              |
| Immorent Objekttechnik Haustechnikplanungsgesellschaft m.b.H.                     | Austria              |
| Mayer Property Gama doo (previously IMMORENT GAMA, leasing druzba, d.o.o.)        | Slovenia             |
| Sparkasse (Holdings) Malta Ltd.   | Malta                |
| Sparkasse Bank Malta Public Limited Company                                       | Malta                |
| IMMORENT STROY EOOD   | Bulgaria             |
| IMMORENT Pizen s.r.o.   | Czech Republic       |
| IR-Sparkasse Wels Leasinggesellschaft m.b.H.                                      | Austria              |
| Financiara SA   | Romania              |
| s IT Solutions SK, spol. s r.o.   | Slovakia             |
| Augarten - Hotel - Errichtungsgesellschaft m.b.H.                                 | Austria              |
| IMMORENT ETA, leasing druzba, d.o.o.  | Slovenia             |
| S-IMMORENT nepremicnine d.o.o.  | Slovenia             |
| Immorent Orange Ostrava s.r.o.  | Czech Republic       |
| Grand Hotel Marienbad s.r.o.  | Czech Republic       |
| Immorent Hotel- und Resortvermietung Katschberg GmbH & Co OG                      | Austria              |
| Campus Park a.s.  | Czech Republic       |
| Nove Butovice Development s.r.o.  | Czech Republic       |
| BECON s.r.o.  | Czech Republic       |
| Gallery MYSAK a.s.  | Czech Republic       |
| IMMORENT Jilska s.r.o.  | Czech Republic       |
| IPS Fonds   | Austria              |
| Immorent razvoj projektov d.o.o.  | Slovenia             |
| Immorent Severna vrata d.o.o.   | Slovenia             |
| LAMBDA IMMORENT s.r.o.  | Czech Republic       |
| Erste GCIB Finance I B.V.   | Holland              |
|   |                      |

#### Sale of shares to EBRD and Corvinus

As of 11 August 2016, Erste Group Bank AG has sold respectively 15% of the shares held in Erste Bank Hungary Zrt. (EBHU) to the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) and to Corvinus Nemzetközi Befektetési Zrt. (Corvinus) - a related party to the Hungarian state. Erste Group Bank AG received EUR 250 million for the sale of the shares. At the same time, call-put option agreements were concluded between Erste Group Bank AG and EBRD and Corvinus for the acquisition of 30% of the shares. In the consolidated financial statements of Erste Group Bank AG, the option agreements are accounted for as a liability in the amount of the present value of the expected exercise price. Due to the structure of the option agreements, for the 30% no share in non-controlling interest is recognized.

#### c) Accounting and measurement methods

#### Cash flow statement restatement

In 2016 Erste Group reviewed the cash flow disclosure regarding the business model of the underlying financial instruments. The result of the review led to a change in the cash flow disclosure of Financial assets - available for-sale equity instruments and Financial assets - held to maturity.

Based on the reassessment, cash flows from equity instruments, which are shown on the balance sheet item 'Financial assets – available for sale', are now presented as cash flows from investing activities and not as cash flows from operating activities. In addition, cash flows from 'Financial assets – held to maturity' are shown as cash flow from operating activities (previously cash flow from investing activities), as they are held with the intention to generate interest income.

The restatement was made in order to provide more relevant and reliable cash flow information of Erste Group.

The effects on the items of the consolidated cash flow statement are presented below:

| in EUR million   | 1-12 15<br>Published | Restatement | 1-12 15 restated |
|--|----------------------|-------------|------------------|
| Net result for the period                                    | 1,275                | 0           | 1,275            |
| Financial assets - available for sale                        | 1,641                | -1,641      | 0                |
| Financial assets - available for sale: debt instruments      |                      | 1,862       | 1,862            |
| Financial assets - held to maturity                          |                      | -822        | -822             |
| Not restated items   | 3,014                | 0           | 3,014            |
| Cash flow from operating activities                          | 5,930                | -601        | 5,329            |
| Financial assets - available for sale: equity instruments    |                      | -221        | -221             |
| Proceeds of disposal/redemption                              |                      |             |                  |
| Financial assets - held to maturity and associated companies | 2,385                | -2,339      | 46               |
| Acquisition of   |                      |             |                  |
| Financial assets - held to maturity and associated companies | -3,161               | 3,161       | 0                |
| Not restated items   | -640                 |             | -640             |
| Cash flow from investing activities                          | -1,416               | 601         | -815             |
| Cash flow from financing activities                          | -39                  | 0           | -39              |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period             | 7,835                | 0           | 7,835            |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period                   | 12,350               | 0           | 12,350           |

#### Foreign currency translation

The consolidated financial statements are presented in euro, which is the functional currency of Erste Group Bank AG. The functional currency is the currency of the primary business environment in which an entity operates. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency.

For foreign currency translation, exchange rates quoted by the central banks in each country are used. For Group entities with the euro as functional currency, these are the European Central Bank reference rates.

## i. Transactions and balances in foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency exchange rate effective as of the date of the transaction. Subsequently, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency exchange rate as of the balance sheet date. All resulting exchange differences that arise are recognised in the income statement under the line item 'Net trading and fair value result'. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates as of the dates of the initial transactions.

#### ii. Translation of the statements of Group companies

Assets and liabilities of foreign operations (foreign subsidiaries and branches) are translated into Erste Group's presentation currency, the euro, at the rate of exchange as of the balance sheet date (closing rate). Their statements of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates calculated on the basis of daily rates. Goodwill, intangible assets recognised on acquisition of foreign subsidiaries (i.e. customer relationships and brand) and fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities on the acquisition are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign subsidiaries and are translated at the closing rate. Exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in other comprehensive income. On disposal of a foreign subsidiary, the cumulative amount of translation differences recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in the income statement under the line item 'Other operating result'.

#### Financial instruments - recognition and measurement

A financial instrument is any contract giving rise to a financial asset of one party and a financial liability or equity instrument of another party. In accordance with IAS 39, all financial assets and liabilities – which also include derivative financial instruments – have to be recognised on the balance sheet and measured in accordance with their assigned categories.

Erste Group uses the following categories of financial instruments:

- financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
- available-for-sale financial assets
- held-to-maturity investments
- \_ loans and receivables
- \_ financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

The line items as presented on the balance sheet are not necessarily corresponding with the IAS 39 categories of financial instruments. The correspondence between the balance sheet line items and categories of financial instruments is described in the table at point (xi).

#### i. Initial recognition

Financial instruments are initially recognised when Erste Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way (spot) purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised at the settlement date, which is the date that an asset is delivered. The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on their characteristics as well as the purpose and management's intention for which the financial instruments were acquired.

## ii. Initial measurement of financial instruments

Financial instruments are measured initially at their fair value including transaction costs. In the case of financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss, however, transaction costs are not included but are recognised directly in profit or loss. Subsequent measurement is described in the chapters below.

#### iii. Cash and cash balances

Cash balances include only claims (deposits) against central banks and credit institutions that are repayable on demand. Repayable on demand means that they may be withdrawn at any time or with a term of notice of only one business day or 24 hours. Mandatory minimum reserves are also shown under this item.

#### iv. Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are used by Erste Group to manage exposures to interest rate, foreign currency and other market price risks. Derivatives used by Erste Group include mainly interest rate swaps, futures, forward rate agreements, interest rate options, currency swaps and currency options as well as credit default swaps.

For presentation purposes derivatives are split into

- Derivatives held for trading; and
- \_ Derivatives hedge accounting

Derivative financial instruments are carried at fair value (dirty price) on the Consolidated Balance Sheet - regardless of whether they are held for trading or hedge accounting purposes. Derivatives are carried as assets if their fair value is positive and as liabilities if their fair value is negative.

Derivatives – held for trading are those which are not designated as hedging instruments for hedge accounting. They are presented in the line item 'Derivatives' under the heading 'Financial assets / financial liabilities – held for trading'. All kinds of non-hedging derivatives without regard to their internal classification, i.e. both derivatives held in the trading book and banking book are presented in this line item.

Changes in the fair value (clean price) of derivatives held for trading are reported in the income statement in the line item 'Net trading and fair value result'. Interest income/expense related to derivatives – held for trading is recognised in the income statement under the line item 'Net interest income' if held in the banking book or under the line item 'Net trading and fair value result' if held in the trading book.

Derivatives – hedge accounting are those which are designated as hedging instruments in hedge accounting relationships fulfilling the conditions of IAS 39 (please refer to Hedge Accounting). In the balance sheet, they are presented in the line item 'Derivatives - hedge accounting' on asset or liability side.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives (clean price) in fair value hedges are recognised in the income statement in the line item 'Net trading and fair value result'. Interest income/expense related to derivatives in fair value hedges is reported in the income statement in the line item 'Net interest income'.

The effective part of changes in the fair value (clean price) of derivatives in cash flow hedges is reported in other comprehensive income in the line item 'Cash flow hedge reserve'. The ineffective part of changes in the fair value (clean price) of derivatives in cash flow hedges is recognised in profit or loss under the line item 'Net trading and fair value result'. Interest income/expense from hedging derivatives in cash flow hedges is disclosed in the income statement in the line item 'Net interest income'.

#### v. Financial assets and financial liabilities - held for trading

Financial assets and financial liabilities – held for trading comprise derivatives and other trading assets and liabilities. Treatment of derivatives – held for trading is discussed above in (iv).

Other trading assets and liabilities are non-derivative instruments. They include debt securities as well as equity instruments acquired or issued principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. In the balance sheet, they are presented as 'Other trading assets' or 'Other trading liabilities' under the heading 'Financial assets / financial liabilities – held for trading'.

Changes in fair value (clean price for debt instruments) resulting from other trading assets and liabilities are reported in the income statement under the line item 'Net trading and fair value result'. Interest income and expenses are reported in the income statement under the line item 'Net interest income'. Dividend income is shown under the line item 'Dividend income'.

If securities purchased under agreement to resell or borrowed through securities lending transactions are subsequently sold to third parties, the obligation to return the securities is recorded as a short sale within 'Other trading liabilities'.

## vi. Financial assets or financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets or financial liabilities classified in this category are those that have been designated by management on initial recognition (fair value option).

Erste Group uses the fair value option in the case of financial assets managed on a fair value basis. In accordance with a documented investment strategy, the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and regularly reported to the management board. The portfolio contains mostly items of Asset Backed Securities (predominantly Mortgage Backed Securities), Funds, Financials and Sovereigns.

Financial assets - designated at fair value through profit or loss are recorded on the balance sheet at fair value under the line item 'Financial assets - designated at fair value through profit or loss', with changes in fair value recognised in the income statement under the line item 'Net trading and fair value result'. Interest earned on debt instruments is reported under the line item 'Net interest income'. Dividend income on equity instruments is shown under the line item 'Dividend income'.

Furthermore, Erste Group uses the fair value option in the case of some hybrid financial liabilities. This is relevant when:

- \_ such classification eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch between the financial liability otherwise measured at amortised cost and the related derivative measured at fair value; or
- the entire hybrid contract is designated at fair value through profit or loss due to the existence of an embedded derivative.

The amount of fair value change attributable to changes in own credit risk for financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss is calculated by the method described by IFRS 7. This amount is the difference between the present value of the liability and the observed market price of the liability at the end of the period. The rate used for discounting the liability is the sum of the observed (benchmark) interest rate at the end of the period and the instrument-specific component of the internal rate of return determined at the start of the period.

Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss are reported on the balance sheet under the line item 'Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss' further broken down into 'Deposits from customers' and 'Debt securities issued'. Changes in fair value are recognised in the income statement under the line item 'Net trading and fair value result'. Interest incurred is reported under the line item 'Net interest income'.

#### vii. Financial assets - available for sale

Available-for-sale financial assets include debt and equity securities as well as other interests in entities with lower than significant influence. Equity investments classified as available for sale are those that are neither classified as held for trading nor designated at fair value through profit or loss. Debt securities in this category are those that are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time and that may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or in response to changes in market conditions.

Available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. On the balance sheet, available-for-sale financial assets are disclosed under the line item 'Financial assets – available for sale'.

Unrealised gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and reported in the 'Available for sale reserve' until the financial asset is disposed of or impaired. If available-for-sale assets are disposed of or impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss and reported in the line item 'Gains/losses on financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss, net' in the case of sale or in the line item 'Net impairment loss on financial assets' in the case of impairment.

Interest income on available-for-sale financial assets is reported under the line item 'Net interest income'. Dividend income is reported under the line item 'Dividend income'.

If the fair value of investments in non-quoted equity instruments cannot be measured reliably, they are recorded at cost less impairment. This is the case when the range of reasonable fair value estimates as calculated by valuation models is significant and the probabilities of the various estimates cannot be reasonably assessed. There is no market for such investments.

#### viii. Financial assets - held to maturity

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities are classified as held-to-maturity and reported on the balance sheet as 'Financial assets – held to maturity' if Erste Group has the intention and ability to hold them until maturity. After initial recognition, held-to-maturity financial assets are measured at amortised cost. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount, premium and/or transaction costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

Interest earned on financial assets held to maturity is reported in the income statement under the line item 'Net interest income'. Losses arising from impairment of such financial assets are presented as 'Net impairment loss on financial assets'. Occasional realised gains or losses from selling are recognised in the income statement under the line item 'Gains/losses on financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss, net'.

#### ix. Loans and receivables

The balance sheet line items 'Loans and receivables to credit institutions' includes financial instruments which are allocated to financial instrument category loans and receivables with a contractual maturity of more than 24 hours. The balance sheet line items 'Loans and receivables to customers' includes financial instruments which are allocated to financial instrument category loans and receivables regardless of their contractual maturity. Furthermore, finance lease receivables that are accounted for using IAS 17 are presented under these balance sheet line items.

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets (including debt securities) with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market, other than:

\_ those that Erste Group intends to sell immediately or in the near term and those that Erste Group upon initial recognition designates as at fair value through profit or loss;

- \_ those that Erste Group, upon initial recognition, designates as available for sale; or
- \_ those for which Erste Group may not recover substantially all of its initial investment, other than because of credit deterioration.

After initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost. Finance lease receivables are subsequently measured as specified in the chapter 'Leasing'. Interest income earned is included under the line item 'Net interest income' in the income statement.

Impairment losses arising from loans and receivables are recognised in the income statement under the line item 'Net impairment loss on financial assets'.

#### x. Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, unless they are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

For presentation on the balance sheet, the line item 'Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost' is used. The liabilities are further broken down by 'Deposits from banks', 'Deposits from customers', 'Debt securities issued' and 'Other financial liabilities'.

Interest expenses incurred are reported in the line item 'Net interest income' in the income statement. Gains and losses from derecognition (mainly repurchase) of financial liabilities at amortised cost are reported under the line item 'Gains/losses from financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss, net'.

#### xi. Relationships between balance sheet items, measurement methods and categories of financial instruments

|  | Me         | easurement princ | iple          | Financial instrument category                               |
|--|------------|------------------|---------------|---|
| Balance sheet position                                       | Fair value | Fair value       | Other         |   |
| ASSETS   |            |                  |               |   |
| Cash and cash balances                                       |            | х                | Nominal value | n/a / Loans and receivables                                 |
| Financial assets - held for trading                          |            |                  |               |   |
| Derivatives  | х          |                  |               | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss       |
| Other trading assets   | х          |                  |               | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss       |
| Financial assets - at fair value through profit or loss      | х          |                  |               | Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss       |
| Financial assets - available for sale                        | х          |                  |               | Available for sale financial assets                         |
| Financial assets - held to maturity                          |            | х                |               | Held to maturity investments                                |
| oans and receivables to credit institutions                  |            | х                |               | Loans and receivables                                       |
| thereof Finance lease  |            |                  | IAS 17        | n/a   |
| Loans and receivables to customers                           |            | х                |               | Loans and receivables                                       |
| thereof Finance lease  |            |                  | IAS 17        | n/a   |
| Derivatives - hedge accounting                               | Х          |                  |               | n/a   |
| LIABILITIES AND EQUITY                                       |            |                  |               |   |
| Financial liabilities - held for trading                     |            |                  |               |   |
| Derivatives  | х          |                  |               | Financial liabilities - at fair value through profit or los |
| Other trading liabilities                                    | х          |                  |               | Financial liabilities - at fair value through profit or los |
| Financial liabilities - at fair value through profit or loss | х          |                  |               | Financial liabilities - at fair value through profit or los |
| Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost             |            | х                |               | Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost            |
| Derivatives - hedge accounting                               | Х          |                  |               | n/a   |

Furthermore, two additional classes of financial instruments which are not presented in the table above are part of IFRS 7 disclosures. These are financial guarantees and irrevocable credit commitments.

#### Embedded derivatives

Erste Group is involved in business with debt instruments containing structured features. Structured features mean that a derivative is embedded in the host instruments. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host debt instruments if

- \_ the economic characteristics of the derivatives are not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host debt instruments;
- \_ the embedded derivative meets the IAS 39 definition of derivative; and
- \_ the hybrid instrument is not a financial asset or liability held for trading or designated at fair value through profit or loss.

Embedded derivatives that are separated are accounted for as stand-alone derivatives and presented on the balance sheet under the line item 'Derivatives' in financial assets – held for trading and financial liabilities – held for trading.

At Erste Group, derivatives that are not closely related and are separated are predominantly embedded in issued host debt instruments recognised as liabilities. The most typical cases are issues of bonds and deposits that contain interest caps, floors or collars in the money,

CMS bonds without appropriate cap, contractual features linking payments to non-interest variables such as FX rates, equity and commodity prices and indices, or third-party credit risk.

Starting from December 2014 some important benchmark interest rates have become negative. In the financial year 2015 and 2016, Erste Group issued floating rate loans (especially interest rates based on EURIBOR and LIBOR benchmarks) with a zero percent interest rate floor in the area of customer business; hence these contracts were analyzed in greater detail. The further investigation revealed that a separation of embedded derivatives from the underlying transaction is not needed.

#### Reclassifications of financial assets

IAS 39 provides various possibilities to reclassify financial assets between categories of financial instruments. It also places restrictions on some reclassifications. Erste Group makes use of reclassification alternatives only in the case of held-to-maturity financial assets. If a significant credit deterioration in a held-to-maturity financial asset results in a change in the intention and ability to hold the asset until maturity, the asset is reclassified into the available-for-sale financial assets category. Furthermore, reclassifications are done in case of sales, which are performed close to the maturity date. Such reclassifications are not included in the limit that triggers automatic reclassification of the entire held-to-maturity portfolio.

#### Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset (or where applicable part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- Erste Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement;

and either:

- it has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards connected with the ownership of the asset, or
- has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards connected with the ownership of the asset but has transferred control of the asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires.

## Repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements

Transactions where securities are sold under an agreement to repurchase at a specified future date are also known as 'repos' or 'sale and repurchase agreements'. Securities sold are not derecognised from the balance sheet, as Erste Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership because the securities are repurchased at a fixed price when the repo transaction ends. Furthermore, Erste Group is the beneficiary of all the coupons and other income payments received on the transferred assets over the period of the repo transactions. These payments are remitted to Erste Group or are reflected in the repurchase price.

The corresponding cash received is recognised on the balance sheet with a corresponding obligation to return it as a liability under the line item 'Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost', sub-items 'Deposits from banks' or 'Deposits from customers' reflecting the transaction's economic substance as a loan to Erste Group. The difference between the sale and repurchase prices is treated as interest expense and recorded in the income statement under the line item 'Net interest income' and is accrued over the life of the agreement. Financial assets transferred out by Erste Group under repurchase agreements remain on the Group's balance sheet and are measured according to the rules applicable to the respective balance sheet item.

Conversely, securities purchased under agreements to resell at a specified future date are not recognised on the balance sheet. Such transactions are also known as 'reverse repos'. The consideration paid is recorded on the balance sheet under the respective line items 'Loans and receivables to credit institutions' or 'Loans and receivables to customers', reflecting the transaction's economic substance as a loan by Erste Group. The difference between the purchase and resale prices is treated as interest income and is accrued over the life of the agreement and recorded in the income statement under the line item 'Net interest income'.

## Securities lending and borrowing

In securities lending transactions, the lender transfers ownership of securities to the borrower on the condition that the borrower will retransfer, at the end of the agreed loan term, ownership of instruments of the same type, quality and quantity and will pay a fee determined by the duration of the lending. The transfer of the securities to counterparties via securities lending does not result in derecognition. Substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by Erste Group as a lender because the securities are received at the end

of the securities lending transaction. Furthermore, Erste Group is the beneficiary of all the coupons and other income payments received on the transferred assets over the period of the securities lendings.

Securities borrowed are not recognised on the balance sheet unless they are then sold to third parties. In this case, the obligation to return the securities is recorded as a short sale within 'Other trading liability'.

## Impairment of financial assets and credit risk losses of contingent liabilities

Erste Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that have occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

Erste Group uses the CRR definition of default as a primary indicator of loss events. Default, as a loss event, occurs when

- \_ the obligor is more than 90 days past due on any material credit obligation;
- \_ as a result of specific information or an event, the obligor is unlikely to fulfil its credit obligations in full, without recourse to actions such as realising security;
- \_ the obligor is subject to distressed restructuring, i.e. a change in contract terms, for clients in financial difficulties, resulting in a material loss;
- \_ the obligor is subject to bankruptcy or similar protection proceedings.

In order to maximise collection opportunities and minimise the number of defaults, Erste Group renegotiates loans to customers in financial difficulties (referred to as forbearance cases). Both retail and corporate loans can be subject to forbearance. Under the Erste Group's forbearance policy, loan forbearance can be granted if the debtor is currently in default or if there is a high risk of default, there is evidence that the debtor made all efforts to pay according to the original contractual terms and it is expected that the debtor is able to meet the revised terms. Revised terms could be extended maturity, instalment reduction, changing the timing of the interest payments, interest reduction or forgiveness, revolving exposure change to instalments.

Loans subject to forbearance are generally not derecognised and are considered for impairment based on renegotiated conditions. However, in certain cases (like for FX loan conversions) when the renegotiation is qualitatively assessed as a substantial extinguishment of the rights to collect the cash flows due to material changes in the timing and amount of the cash flows, the loan is derecognised and the renegotiated loan is recognised as a new loan initially measured at fair value.

For assessment at portfolio level, Erste Group uses the incurred but not reported losses concept. It identifies the time period between the moment of the loss event causing future problems and actual detection of the problems by the bank at the moment of default.

Credit risk losses resulting from contingent liabilities are recognised if it is probable that there will be an outflow of resources to settle a credit risk bearing contingent liability that will result in a loss.

For more detailed information see Note 44.4.

#### i. Financial assets carried at amortised cost

Erste Group first assesses individually for significant loans and held-to-maturity securities whether objective evidence of impairment exists. If no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, Erste Group includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. The calculation of the present value of the estimated future cash flows of a collateralised financial asset also reflects the cash flows that may result from foreclosure less costs for obtaining and selling the collateral.

Impairment losses on financial assets carried at amortised cost are recognised as loss allowance. On the balance sheet, loss allowances decrease the value of the assets. I.e. the net carrying amount of the financial asset presented on the balance sheet is the difference between

the gross carrying amount and the cumulative loss allowance. This treatment holds for loss allowances for loans and receivables and for incurred but not reported losses (i.e. portfolio allowances) on held-to-maturity financial assets. Reconciliation of changes in these loss allowance accounts is disclosed in the notes. However, individual loss allowances for held to maturity financial assets are treated as direct reduction of the asset carrying amount and therefore reconciliation of changes is not disclosed in the notes.

In the income statement, impairment losses and their reversals are presented in the line item 'Net impairment loss on financial assets'. Loans together with the associated allowance are removed from the balance sheet when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collaterals have been realised by Erste Group.

If, in a subsequent year, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the loss allowance.

#### ii. Available-for-sale financial assets

In cases of debt instruments classified as available for sale, Erste Group assesses individually whether there is objective evidence of impairment based on the same criteria as used for financial assets carried at amortised cost. However, the amount recorded for impairment is the cumulative loss measured as the difference between the amortised cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that asset previously recognised in the income statement. On recognising impairment, any loss retained in the other comprehensive income item 'Available for sale reserve' is reclassified to the income statement and shown as an impairment loss under the line item 'Net impairment loss on financial assets'.

If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of a debt instrument increases, which can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, impairment loss is reversed thorugh the income statement under the line item 'Net impairment loss on financial assets' Impairment losses and their reversals are recognised directly against the assets on the balance sheet.

In cases of equity investments classified as available for sale, objective evidence also includes a 'significant' or 'prolonged' decline in the fair value of the investment below its cost. For this purpose at Erste Group, 'significant' decline means a market price below 80% of the acquisition cost and 'prolonged' decline refers to a market price that is permanently below the acquisition cost for a period of nine months up to the reporting date.

Where there is evidence of impairment on equity investments, the cumulative loss measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognised in the income statement, is shown as an impairment loss in the income statement under the line item 'Net impairment loss on financial assets'. Any loss previously recognised under the other comprehensive income item 'Available for sale reserve' has to be reclassified to the income statement as part of an impairment loss under the line item 'Net impairment loss on financial assets'.

Impairment losses on equity investments are not reversed through the income statement; increases in the fair value after impairment are recognised directly in other comprehensive income. Impairment losses and their reversals are recognised directly against the assets on the balance sheet.

For investment in unquoted equity instruments carried at cost because their fair value cannot be determined reliably, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment losses shall not be reversed.

#### iii. Contingent liabilities

Provisions for credit losses of contingent liabilities (particularly financial guarantees as well as credit commitments) are included under the balance sheet line item 'Provisions'. The related expense or its reversal is reported in the income statement under the line item 'Other operating result'.

#### Hedge accounting

Erste Group makes use of derivative instruments to manage exposures to interest rate risk and foreign currency risk. At inception of a hedge relationship, the bank formally documents the relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument, including the nature of the risk, the objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge and the method that will be used to assess the effectiveness of the hedging relationship. A hedge is expected to be highly effective if the changes in fair value or cash flows attributable to the hedged risk during the period for which the hedge is designated are expected to offset the fair value changes of the hedging instrument in a range of

80% to 125%. Hedge effectiveness is assessed at inception and throughout the term of each hedging relationship. Exact conditions for particular types of hedges and for testing the hedge effectiveness by Erste Group are specified internally in the hedge accounting policy.

#### i. Fair value hedges

Fair value hedges are employed to reduce market risk. For qualifying and designated fair value hedges, the change in the fair value (clean price) of a hedging instrument is recognised in the income statement under the line item 'Net trading and fair value result'. Interest income and expenses on hedging derivatives are reported under the line item 'Net interest income'. The change in the fair value of the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk is also recognised in the income statement under the line item 'Net trading and fair value result' and adjusts the carrying amount of the hedged item.

Erste Group also uses portfolio fair value hedges of interest rate risk as regulated by IAS 39.AG114-AG132. Currently only interest rate risk from issued bonds is being hedged (i.e. no assets are included as hedged items). The change in the fair value of the hedged items attributable to the hedged interest risk is presented on the balance sheet under the line item 'Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged items'. Erste Group does not make use of the relaxation of hedge accounting requirements provided for portfolio fair value hedges by the EU carve-out.

If the hedging instrument expires, is sold, is terminated or is exercised, or when the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, the hedge relationship is terminated. In this case, the fair value adjustment of the hedged item is amortised to the income statement under the line item 'Net interest income' until maturity of the financial instrument.

#### ii. Cash flow hedges

Cash flow hedges are used to eliminate uncertainty in the future cash flows in order to stabilise net interest income. For designated and qualifying cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised in other comprehensive income and reported under the 'Cash flow hedge reserve'. The ineffective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised in the income statement under the line item 'Net trading and fair value result'. For determination of the effective and ineffective portions, the derivative is considered at its clean price, i.e. excluding the interest component. If the hedged cash flow affects the income statement, the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is reclassified from other comprehensive income on the corresponding income or expense line item in the income statement (mainly 'Net interest income'). As far as accounting for hedged items in cash flow hedges is concerned there is no change compared to the situation when no hedging is applied.

When a hedging instrument expires, is sold, is terminated, is exercised, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, the hedge relationship is terminated. In this case, the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument that has been recognised in other comprehensive income remains in 'Cash flow hedge reserve' until the transaction occurs.

## Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported on the balance sheet if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Since second quarter of 2015, Erste Group undertakes interest rate derivative transactions via London Clearing House by fulfilling all offsetting requirements according IAS 32. The offsetted amounts are disclosed in Note 13 Derivatives – held for trading and Note 22 Derivatives – hedge accounting as well as in Note 43 Offsetting financial instruments.

#### Determination of fair value

Fair value is the price that would be received if an asset were sold or paid, if a liability were transferred in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date.

Details on valuation techniques applied for fair value measurement and on the fair value hierarchy are disclosed in Note 46 Fair value of assets and liabilities.

#### Leasing

A lease is an agreement whereby the lessor conveys to the lessee the right to use an asset for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or series of payments. A finance lease at Erste Group is a lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset. All other lease agreements at Erste Group are classified as operating leases.

#### Erste Group as a lessor

The lessor in the case of a finance lease reports a receivable from the lessee under the line item 'Loans and receivables to customers' or 'Loans and receivables to credit institutions'. The receivable is equal to the present value of the contractually agreed payments taking into account any residual value. Interest income on the receivable is reported in the income statement under the line item 'Net interest income'.

In the case of operating leases, the leased asset is reported by the lessor in 'Property and equipment' or in 'Investment properties' and is depreciated in accordance with the principles applicable to the assets involved. Lease income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term in the income statement under the line item 'Rental income from investment properties & other operating leases'.

Lease agreements in which Erste Group is the lessor almost exclusively comprise finance leases.

#### Erste Group as a lessee

As a lessee, Erste Group has not entered into any leases meeting the conditions of finance leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the income statement on the line item 'Other administrative expenses' on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### Business combinations and goodwill

#### i. Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. Goodwill represents the future economic benefits resulting from the business combination, arising from assets that are not individually identified and separately recognised. Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests and the fair value of the previously held equity interest over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired as well as the liabilities assumed. At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are generally recognised at their fair values.

If, after reassessment of all components described above, the calculation results in a negative amount, it is recognised as a bargain purchase gain and reported in the income statement under the line item 'Other operating result' in the year of acquisition.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests in the acquiree are measured at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another IFRS. Acquisition costs incurred are expensed and included under the income statement line item 'Other operating result'.

#### ii. Goodwill and goodwill impairment testing

Goodwill arising on acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established as of the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually in November, or whenever there is an indication of possible impairment during the year, with any impairment determined recognised in profit or loss. The impairment test is carried out for each cash-generating unit (CGU) to which goodwill has been allocated. A CGU is the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Goodwill is tested for impairment by comparing the recoverable amount of each CGU to which goodwill has been allocated with its carrying amount. The carrying amount of a CGU is based on the amount of net asset value allocated to the CGU taking into account any goodwill and unamortised intangible assets recognised for the CGU at the time of business combination.

The recoverable amount is the higher of a CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Where available, the fair value less costs of disposal is determined based on recent transactions, market quotations or appraisals. The value in use is determined using a discounted cash flow model (DCF model), which incorporates the specifics of the banking business and its regulatory environment. In determining value in use, the present value of future earnings distributable to shareholders is calculated.

The estimation of future earnings distributable to shareholders is based on financial plans for the CGUs as agreed by the management while taking into account the fulfilment of the respective regulatory capital requirements. The planning period is five years. Any forecasted earnings beyond the planning period are derived on the basis of the last year of the planning period and a long-term growth rate. The present value of such perpetual earnings growing at a stable rate (referred to as terminal value) takes into consideration macroeconomic parameters and economically sustainable cash flows for each CGU. Values for the long-term growth rates are disclosed in Note 27 Intangible assets in the subsection 'Development of goodwill'.

The cash flows are determined by subtracting the annual capital requirement generated by a change in the amount of risk-weighted assets from the net profit. The capital requirement was defined through the target tier 1 ratio in light of the expected future minimum regulatory capital requirements.

The value in use is determined by discounting the cash flows at a rate that takes into account present market rates and the specific risks of the CGU. The discount rates have been determined based on the capital asset pricing model (CAPM). According to the CAPM, the discount rate comprises a risk-free interest rate together with a market risk premium that itself is multiplied by a factor that represents the systematic market risk (beta factor). Furthermore, a country-risk premium component is considered in calculation of the discount rate. The values used to establish the discount rates are determined using external sources of information. Discount rates applied to determine the value in use are disclosed in Note 27 Intangible assets in the subsection 'Development of goodwill'.

Where the recoverable amount of a CGU is less than its carrying amount, the difference is recognised as an impairment loss in the income statement under the line item 'Other operating result'. The impairment loss is allocated first to write down the CGU's goodwill. Any remaining impairment loss reduces the carrying amount of the CGU's other assets, though not to an amount lower than their fair value less costs of disposal. No impairment loss is recognised if the recoverable amount of the CGU is higher than or equal to its carrying amount. Impairment losses relating to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods.

The goodwill included in the acquisition cost of investments in associates and joint ventures is not tested separately by performing the recurring impairment assessments applicable to goodwill. Instead, the entire carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of fair value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount (after application of the equity method) whenever relevant objective evidence of impairment is identified. Such evidence includes information about significant changes with an adverse effect that have taken place in the technological, market, economic or legal environments in which associates and joint ventures operate, indicating that the cost of the investment may not be recovered.

#### Property and equipment

Property and equipment is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment. Borrowing costs for qualifying assets are capitalised into the costs of property and equipment.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to write down the cost of property and equipment to their residual values over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation is recognised in the income statement on the line item 'Depreciation and amortisation' and impairment under the line item 'Other operating result'.

## The estimated useful lives are as follows:

|                                | Useful life in years |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| Buildings                      | 15-50                |
| Office furniture and equipment | 4-10                 |
| Passenger cars                 | 4-8                  |
| Computer hardware              | 4-6                  |

#### Land is not depreciated.

Property and equipment is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising on disposal of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is recognised in the income statement under the line item 'Other operating result'.

#### Investment properties

Investment property is property (land and buildings or part of a building or both) held for the purpose of earning rental income or for capital appreciation. In the case of partial own use, the property is investment property only if the owner-occupied portion is insignificant. Investments in land and buildings under construction, where the future use is expected to be the same as for investment property, are treated as investment property.

Investment property is measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Investment property is presented on the balance sheet in the line item 'Investment properties'.

Rental income is recognised in the line item 'Rental income from investment properties and other operating leases'. Depreciation is presented in the income statement in the line item 'Depreciation and amortisation' using the straight-line method over an estimated useful life. The useful lives of investment properties are in the range of 15-100 years. Any impairment losses, as well as their reversals, are recognised under the income statement line item 'Other operating result'.

#### Property Held for Sale (Inventory)

The Group also invests in property that is held for sale in the ordinary course of business or property in the process of construction or development for such sale. This property is presented as 'Other assets' and is measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value in accordance with IAS 2 Inventories.

The cost of acquiring inventory includes not only the purchase price but also all other directly attributable expenses, such as transportation costs, customs duties, other taxes and costs of conversion of inventories, etc. Borrowing costs are capitalised to the extent to which they directly relate to the acquisition of real estate.

Sales of these assets/apartments are recognised as revenues under the income statement line item 'Other operating result', together with costs of sales and other costs incurred in selling the assets.

#### Intangible assets

In addition to goodwill, Erste Group's intangible assets include computer software and customer relationships, the brand, the distribution network and other intangible assets. An intangible asset is recognised only when its cost can be measured reliably and it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to it will flow to the bank.

Costs of internally generated software are capitalised if Erste Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility and intention of completing the software, the ability to use it, how it will generate probable economic benefits, the availability of resources and the ability to measure the expenditures reliably. Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value as of the date of acquisition. In the case of Erste Group, these are brands, customer relationships and distribution networks, and they are capitalised on acquisition if they can be measured with sufficient reliability.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over their useful economic lives using the straight-line method. The amortisation period and method are reviewed at least at each financial year-end and adjusted if necessary. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the income statement under the line item 'Depreciation and amortisation'.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

|                        | Useful life in years |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| Computer software      | 4-8                  |
| Customer relationships | 10-20                |

Brands are not amortised as they are assumed to have an indefinite useful life. An intangible asset has an indefinite useful life, if there are no legal, contractual, regulatory or other factors limiting that useful life. Brands are tested for impairment annually within the cash-generating unit to which they belong, and impairment is recognised if appropriate. Furthermore, each period brands are reviewed as to whether current circumstances continue to support the conclusion as to indefinite life. In the event of impairment, impairment losses are recognised in the income statement under the line item 'Other operating result'.

#### Impairment of non-financial assets (property and equipment, investment properties, intangible assets)

The bank assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that a non-financial asset may be impaired. Testing for impairment is done at individual asset level if the asset generates cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets. The typical case is investment property. Otherwise the impairment test is carried out at the level of the cash-generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. A CGU is the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For specific rules related to impairment of goodwill and impairment allocation rules for CGUs please see the chapter 'Business combinations and goodwill', part (ii) Goodwill and goodwill impairment testing.

If any indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the bank estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. If the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In measuring value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

At each reporting date an assessment is made as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the bank estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. The previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount or does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

Impairments and their reversals are recognised in the income statement under the line item 'Other operating result'.

#### Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if they can be sold in their present condition and the sale is highly probable within 12 months of classification as held for sale. If assets are to be sold as part of a group that may also contain liabilities (e.g. a subsidiary) they are referred to as disposal group held for sale.

Assets classified as held for sale and assets belonging to disposal groups held for sale are reported under the balance sheet line item 'Assets held for sale'. Liabilities belonging to the disposal groups held for sale are presented on the balance sheet under the line item 'Liabilities associated with assets held for sale'.

Non-current assets and disposal groups that are classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Should the impairment loss in a disposal group exceed the carrying amount of the assets that are within the scope of IFRS 5 measurement requirements, there is no specific guidance on how to treat such a difference. Erste Group recognises this difference as a provision under the balance sheet line item 'Provisions'.

## Financial guarantees

In the ordinary course of business, Erste Group provides financial guarantees, consisting of various types of letters of credit and guarantees. According to IAS 39, a financial guarantee is a contract that requires the guarantor to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs in case a specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument.

If Erste Group is in a position of being a guarantee holder, the financial guarantee is not recorded on the balance sheet but is taken into consideration as collateral when determining impairment of the guaranteed asset.

Erste Group as a guarantor recognises financial guarantees as soon as it becomes a contracting party (i.e. when the guarantee offer is accepted). Financial guarantees are initially measured at fair value. Generally, the initial measurement is the premium received for a guarantee. If no premium is received at contract inception, the fair value of a financial guarantee is nil, as this is the price that would be paid to transfer the liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. Subsequent to initial recognition, the financial guarantee contract is reviewed for the possibility that provisioning will be required under IAS 37. Such provisions are presented on the balance sheet under the line 'Provisions'.

The premium received is recognised in the income statement under the line item 'Net fee and commission income' on a straight-line basis over the life of the guarantee.

#### Defined employee benefit plans

Defined employee benefit plans operated by Erste Group are for pensions, severance and jubilee benefits. From IAS 19 categorisation perspective pension and severance benefits qualify as post-employment defined benefits plans whereas jubilee benefits are other long-term employee benefits.

The defined benefit pension plans relate only to retired employees. The pension obligations for current employees were transferred to external pension funds in previous years. Remaining with Erste Group is a defined-benefit obligation for entitlements of former employ-

ees who were already retired as of 31 December 1998 before the pension reform took effect, and for those former employees who retired only in 1999 but remained entitled to a direct pension from Erste Group under individual agreements. Also included are entitlements to resulting survivor pensions.

Severance benefit obligations exist in relation to Austrian employees who entered the Group's employment before 1 January 2003. The severance benefit is one-time remuneration to which employees are entitled when their employment relationship ends. The entitlement to this severance payment arises after three years of employment.

Defined-benefit plans include jubilee benefits. Jubilee payments (payments for long service and/or loyal service) are remuneration tied to the length of an employee's service to the employer. The entitlement to jubilee benefits is established by collective agreement, which defines both the conditions and amount of the entitlement.

Obligations ensuing from defined employee benefit plans are determined using the projected unit credit method. Future obligations are determined based on actuarial expert opinions. The calculation takes into account not only those salaries, pensions and vested rights to future pension payments known as of the balance sheet date but also anticipated future rates of increase in salaries and pensions.

The liability recognised under a defined-benefit plan represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of the plan assets available for the direct settlement of obligations. For all plans, the present value of the obligation exceeds the fair value of the plan assets. The resulting defined benefit liability is reported on the balance sheet under the line item 'Provisions'. At Erste Group, the plan assets consist of qualifying insurance policies purchased to back severance and jubilee benefit provisions.

Remeasurements consist of actuarial gains and losses on the defined benefit obligations and the return on plan assets. Remeasurements of pension and severance defined-benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income. Remeasurements of jubilee defined-benefit plans are recognised in the income statement under the line item 'Personnel expenses'.

#### Erste Group board members bonus program

Every year Erste Group grants to its board members a bonus program. It relates to the services rendered by the Board Members in this year (i.e. 'service year'). The actual payments are conditional on Erste Group performance in the service year and following 5 years. In this respect, they are split into a first tranche and five deferred tranches. Fifty percent of the bonuses are paid out in cash and meet the definition other long-term employee benefits in IAS 19. Remaining fifty percent depend on changes in the average share price of Erste Group Bank, AG and thus meet the conditions of cash-settled share-based payment in IFRS 2.

For both parts of the program, the full bonus is recognised as an expense against a liability in the estimated amount in the service year. The liability is presented in the balance sheet under 'Other liabilites'. The expenses including any subsequent adjustments to the liability reflecting the decisions about the actual amount of the bonuses, fulfillment of performance conditions and share price changes are presented in the income statement under 'Personnel expenses'.

Further details about the bonus program and relevant disclosures about can be found in Note 40 Related party transaction and principal share-holders, section 'Performance-linked remuneration'.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. On the balance sheet, provisions are reported under the line item 'Provisions'. They include credit risk loss provisions for contingent liabilities (particularly financial guarantees and loan commitments) as well as provisions for litigation and restructuring. Expenses or income related to provisions are reported under the line item 'Other operating result'.

#### Levies

Erste Group recognises a liability or a provision for the levy when the activity that triggers payment, as identified by the relevant legislation, occurs.

#### **Taxes**

## i. Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior years are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amounts are those enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### ii. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised for temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts as of the balance sheet date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carry forward of unused tax losses can be utilised. Deferred taxes are not recognised on temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of goodwill.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the temporary difference is reversed or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted as at balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the temporary differences are reversed. For the subsidiaries, local tax environments apply.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income and not in the income statement.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right to offset exists and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxation authority.

#### Treasury shares and contracts on treasury shares

Equity instruments of Erste Group that it or any of its subsidiaries acquire (referred to as treasury shares) are deducted from equity. Consideration paid or received on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of Erste Group's own equity instruments, including transaction costs, is recognised directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of its own equity instruments.

#### Fiduciary assets

The Group provides trust and other fiduciary services that result in the holding or investing of assets on behalf of its clients. Assets held in a fiduciary capacity are not reported in the financial statements, as they are not the assets of Erste Group.

## Dividends on ordinary shares

Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised as a liability and deducted from equity when they are approved by Erste Group's shareholders.

## Recognition of income and expenses

Revenue is recognised to the extent that the economic benefits will flow to the entity and the revenue can be reliably measured. The description and revenue recognition criteria of the line items reported in the income statement are as follows:

#### i. Net interest income

Interest income and interest expense is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. The calculation includes origination fees resulting from the lending business as well as transaction costs that are directly attributable to the instrument and are an integral part of the EIR (apart from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss), but no future credit losses. Interest income from individually impaired loans and receivables and held-to-maturity financial assets is calculated by applying the original effective interest rate used to discount the estimated cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

Interest income includes interest income on loans and receivables to credit institutions and customers, on cash balances and on bonds and other interest-bearing securities in all financial assets categories. Interest expenses include interest paid on deposits from customers, deposits from banks, debt securities issued and other financial liabilities in all financial liabilities categories. Net interest income also includes interest on derivative financial instruments held in the banking book. In addition, net interest cost on severance payment, pension and jubilee obligations is presented here.

Furthermore negative interest from financial liabilities and financial assets are presented in 'Net interest income'.

#### ii. Net fee and commission income

Erste Group earns fee and commission income from a diverse range of services that it provides to its customers.

Fees earned for the provision of services over a period of time are accrued over that period. These fees include lending fees, guarantee fees, commission income from asset management, custody and other management and advisory fees as well as fees from insurance brokerage, building society brokerage and foreign exchange transactions.

Fee income earned from providing transaction services, such as arranging the acquisition of shares or other securities or the purchase or sale of businesses, is recognised upon completion of the underlying transaction.

#### iii. Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the payment is established.

This line item includes dividend from shares and other equity-related securities in all portfolios as well as income from other investments in companies categorised as available for sale.

#### iv. Net trading and fair value result

Results arising from trading activities include all gains and losses from changes in the fair value (clean price) of financial assets and financial liabilities classified as held for trading, including all derivatives not designated as hedging instruments. In addition, for derivative financial instruments held in the trading book, the net trading result also contains interest income or expense. However, interest income or expenses related to non-derivative trading assets and liabilities and to derivatives held in the banking book are not part of the net trading result as they are reported as 'Net interest income'. The net trading result also includes any ineffective portions recorded in fair value and cash flow hedge transactions as well as foreign exchange gains and losses.

The fair value result relates to changes in the clean price of assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss.

#### v. Net result from equity method investments

The line item contains result from associates and joint ventures recorded by applying the equity method (measured as the investor's share of profit or loss in the associates and joint ventures).

However, impairment losses, reversal of impairment losses and realised gains and losses on investments in associates or joint ventures accounted for using the equity method are reported under the line item 'Other operating result'.

## vi. Rental income from investment properties & other operating leases

Rental income from investment properties and other operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

## vii. Personnel expenses

Personnel expenses include wages and salaries, bonuses, statutory and voluntary social security contributions, staff-related taxes and levies. They also include service cost for severance payment, pension and jubilee obligations and remeasurements of jubilee obligations. Furthermore, restructuring provisions expenses may be part of personnel expenses.

#### viii. Other administrative expenses

Other administrative expenses include information technology expenses, expenses for office space, office operating expenses, advertising and marketing, expenditures for legal and other consultants as well as sundry other administrative expenses. Furthermore the line item contains deposit insurance contributions expenses. Restructuring provisions expenses may also be presented in other other administrative expenses.

## ix. Depreciation and amortisation

This line item comprises depreciation of property and equipment, depreciation of investment property and amortisation of intangible assets.

## x. Gains/losses on financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss, net

This line item includes selling and other derecognition gains or losses on available-for-sale and held-to-maturity financial assets, loans and receivables and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost. However, if such gains/losses relate to individually impaired financial assets they are included as part of net impairment loss.

#### xi. Net impairment loss on financial assets

Net impairment losses on financial assets comprise impairment losses and reversals of impairment on loans and receivables, held-to-maturity and available-for-sale financial assets. Net impairment losses relate to allowances recognised both at individual and portfolio (incurred but not reported) level. Direct write-offs are considered as part of impairment losses. This line item also includes recoveries on written-off loans removed from the balance sheet.

#### xii. Other operating result

The other operating result reflects all other income and expenses not directly attributable to Erste Group's ordinary activities. Furthermore, levies on banking activities are considered as part of the other operating result.

The other operating result includes impairment losses or any reversal of impairment losses as well as results on the sale of property and equipment and intangible assets. Also included here are any impairment losses on goodwill.

In addition, the other operating result encompasses the following: expenses for other taxes; income from the release of and expenses for allocations to provisions; impairment losses (and their reversal if any) as well as selling gains and losses on equity investments accounted for using the equity method; and gains or losses from derecognition of subsidiaries.

#### d) Significant accounting judgements, assumptions and estimates

The consolidated financial statements contain amounts that have been determined on the basis of judgements and by the use of estimates and assumptions. The estimates and assumptions used are based on historical experience and other factors, such as planning as well as expectations and forecasts of future events that are currently deemed to be reasonable. As a consequence of the uncertainty associated with these assumptions and estimates, actual results could in future periods lead to adjustments in the carrying amounts of the related assets or liabilities. The most significant uses of judgements, assumptions and estimates are as follows:

#### Control

IFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements' defines the investor's control over an investee in terms of the investor having all of the following:

- \_ power to direct the relevant activities of the investee, i.e. activities that significantly affect the investee's returns;
- \_ exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- \_ the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns.

Hence, assessing the existence of control under this definition may require considerable accounting judgements, assumptions and estimates, notably in non-standard situations such as:

- \_ power stemming both from voting rights and from contractual arrangements (or mostly from the latter);
- \_ exposure stemming both from on-balance investments and from off-balance commitments or guarantees (or mostly from the latter); or
- \_ variable returns stemming both from readily identifiable income streams (e.g. dividends, interest, fees) and from cost savings, economies of scale and/or operational synergies (or mostly from the latter).

In the case of Erste Group, such accounting judgements, assumptions and estimates have been primarily relevant for the assessment of the following cases:

## i. The savings bank members of the Austrian cross-guarantee system (Haftungsverbund)

Erste Group Bank AG is a member of the Haftungsverbund (cross-guarantee system) of the Austrian savings bank sector. As of the balance sheet date, all of Austria's savings banks, in addition to Erste Group Bank AG and Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG, formed part of this cross-guarantee system. The provisions of the agreement governing the Haftungsverbund are implemented by the steering company Haftungsverbund GmbH. Erste Group Bank AG always holds directly and indirectly at least 51% of the voting rights of the steering company, through Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG and through savings banks in which the Group holds the majority of voting rights.

For all savings banks in which Erste Group holds less than 50% of the voting rights, an assessment of whether control is achieved through the provisions of the Haftungsverbund agreement has been performed.

Based on the contractual agreement, Haftungsverbund GmbH as the steering company is vested with the following substantive rights related to the savings banks:

- participation in the appointment of board members
- approval of budgets including capital decisions
- \_ provision of binding guidelines in the areas of risk and liquidity management as well as internal audit
- determination of thresholds for capital requirement including the payout of dividends

Furthermore, taking into account the magnitude of Erste Group's involvement with the member banks - whether in the form of synergies, investments, commitments, guarantees, or access to common resources - the Group has significant exposure to each of the member banks' variable returns. As Haftungsverbund GmbH is able to affect the variable returns through its power, it has been assessed that Haftungsverbund GmbH has control over the savings banks.

As Erste Group Bank AG controls the steering company, it exercises control over the members of the cross-guarantee system.

#### ii. Investment funds under own management

The Group has assessed whether the investment funds it manages through its asset management subsidiaries are controlled and hence shall be consolidated. This assessment has been made on the basis that power over such investment funds is generally conferred based on the contractual arrangements appointing an Erste Group subsidiary as fund manager, without any substantive removal rights the by fund's investors. Furthermore, Erste Group made the conclusive judgement that its exposure to such own-managed funds' variable returns is basically considered as significant if, additionally to the exposure through management fees, the Group is also exposed in the form of at least 20% investment in the fund. Furthermore, in its capacity as fund manager, Erste Group is also able to affect the returns of the funds through its power. Following this assessment, investment funds under own management in which the Group – directly or through its subsidiaries – has significant unit holdings are deemed to be controlled and included in the scope of consolidation

#### iii. Pension funds under own management

The Group has assessed whether the contractual arrangements appointing an Erste Group subsidiary as pension fund manager (with no substantive removal rights by the fund's participants) are generally expected to confer power over such funds, followed by an assessment of the Group's exposure/rights to the pension fund's variable returns. The relevant legal requirements regulating the activities of such pension funds in their respective jurisdictions were also considered, notably in assessing the significance of the rights to variable returns from management fees, as well as of the exposure to losses from any guarantees that the fund manager may be legally bound to. As a result of this review, the Czech pension fund 'Transformovaný fond penzijního připojištění se státním příspěvkem Česká spořitelna – penzijní společnost, a.s' (the 'Transformed pension fund') is not consolidated.

## Joint control and classification of joint arrangements

IFRS 11 'Joint Arrangements' defines joint control as a contractual sharing of control whereby decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. Furthermore, IFRS 11 distinguishes between joint operations and joint ventures. Joint operations are defined as joint arrangements whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities relating to the arrangement. Joint ventures are joint arrangements whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

Hence, assessing either the existence of joint control or the type of joint arrangement (or both) under these definitions may require considerable accounting judgements, assumptions and estimates.

In the case of Erste Group, such accounting judgements, assumptions and estimates have been primarily relevant for the assessment of the Group's involvement in partnerships and ventures in the commercial real estate sector (development, management, leasing), notably through Erste Group Immorent AG.

As a result of such assessment, only one company has been identified as a joint arrangement in force as at 31 December 2015. This company is structured as a separate vehicle qualifying for treatment as a joint venture under the terms of the aforementioned definitions, and it has an immaterial carrying amount (below EUR 10 million). For the ensuing IFRS 12-driven disclosure requirements, please refer to Note 23 Equity method investments.

## Significant influence

IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures' defines significant influence as the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee without having control or joint control of those policies. Furthermore, IAS 28 indicates that if an

entity holds, directly or indirectly 20% or more of the voting power of the investee, it is presumed that the entity has significant influence, unless it can be clearly demonstrated that this is not the case.

In the case of Erste Group, all equity method investments are direct or indirect investments in associates and joint ventures over which the Group exercises significant influence or joint control stemming from voting power higher than 20% up to 50%.

#### Interests in structured entities

IFRS 12 'Interests in Other Entities' defines structured entities as entities that have been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, such as when any voting rights relate to the administrative tasks only and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements. IFRS 12 defines the interests as contractual and non-contractual involvements exposing an entity to the variability of returns from the performance of the other entity.

Hence, assessing which entities are structured entities, and which involvements in such entities are interests, may require considerable accounting judgements, assumptions and estimates.

In the case of Erste Group, such accounting judgements, assumptions and estimates have been primarily relevant for assessing involvements with securitisation vehicles and investment funds. In respect to securitisation vehicles, Erste Group assessed that on-balance or off-balance exposures to entities involved in securitisation activities meet the definition of interests in structured entities.

For investment funds, Erste Group concluded that such investment funds would typically satisfy the characteristics of a structured entity-irrespective of whether they are own-managed funds or third party managed funds. Moreover, the Group reached the conclusion that direct Group investments higher than 0% aswell as management fees varying in relation to the assets under management which are not distributed full to third parties would typically indicate an interest in these structured entities. In alignment with the accounting judgement described under the paragraph 'Investment funds under own management' above, interests below 20% are not consolidated due to lack of control.

All on-balance or off-balance exposures to investment funds managed by third parties -mostly in the form of units held in such funds-were considered as being interests in structured entities.

For the ensuing IFRS 12-driven disclosures applicable to structured entities, please refer to Note 24 Unconsolidated structured entities.

#### Fair value of financial instruments

Where the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded on the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of mathematical models. The inputs to these models are derived from observable market data where possible, but where observable market data is not available judgement is required to establish fair values. Disclosures for valuation models, the fair value hierarchy and fair values of financial instruments can be found in Note 46 Fair value of assets and liabilities. Based on an analysis performed in 2016 it was decided that for the valuation of OTC derivatives no Funding Value Adjustment (FVA) would be considered.

#### Impairment of financial assets

Erste Group reviews its financial assets not measured at fair value through profit or loss at each balance sheet date to assess whether an impairment loss should be recorded in the income statement. In particular, it is required to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of a loss event occurring after initial recognition and to estimate the amount and timing of future cash flows when determining an impairment loss.

Disclosures concerning impairment are provided in Note 44 Risk management in the 'Credit risk' subsection entitled – 'Non-performing credit risk exposure, risk provisions and collateral'. The development of loan loss provisions is described in Note 21 Impairment loss for financial instruments.

## Impairment of non-financial assets

Erste Group reviews its non-financial assets at each balance sheet date to assess whether there is an indication of impairment loss that should be recorded in the income statement. Furthermore, cash-generating units to which goodwill is allocated are tested for impairment on a yearly basis. Judgement and estimates are required to determine the value in use and fair value less costs of disposal by estimating the timing and amount of future expected cash flows and the discount rates. Assumptions and estimates used for impairment on non-financial asset calculations are described in the parts 'Business combinations and goodwill' and 'Impairment of non-financial assets

(property and equipment, investment property, intangible assets)' in the Accounting Policies. Inputs used for goodwill impairment testing and their sensitivities can be found in Note 27 Intangible assets in the section 'Development of goodwill'.

#### Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised in respect of tax losses and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits, together with future tax planning strategies. For this purpose a planning period of 5 years is used. Disclosures concerning deferred taxes are in Note 28 Tax assets and liabilities.

#### Defined benefit obligation plans

The cost of the defined benefit pension plan is determined using an actuarial valuation. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates, expected rates of return on assets, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Assumptions, estimates and sensitivities used for the defined benefit obligation calculations as well as related amounts are disclosed in Note 34 a Long-term employee provisions.

#### **Provisions**

Recognition of provisions requires judgement with respect to whether Erste Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event and whether it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Furthermore, estimates are necessary with respect to the amount and timing of future cash flows when determining the amount of provisions. Provisions are disclosed in Note 34 Provisions and further details on provisions for contingent credit liabilities in Note 44.5 Credit risk. Legal proceedings that do not meet the criteria for recognition of provisions are described in Note 49 Contingent liabilities.

#### Leases

From Erste Group's perspective as a lessor, judgement is required to distinguish whether a given lease is a finance or operating lease based on the transfer of substantially all the risk and rewards from the lessor to the lessee. Disclosures concerning leases are in Note 39 Leases.

## e) Application of amended and new IFRS/IAS

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those used in the previous financial year except for standards and interpretations that became effective for financial years beginning after 1 January 2016. As regards new standards and interpretations and their amendments, only those that are relevant for the business of Erste Group are listed below.

## Effective standards and interpretations

The following standards and their amendments have become mandatory for our financial year 2016, endorsed by the EU:

- \_ Amendments to IAS 1: Disclosure Initiative
- \_ Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38: Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation
- \_ Amendments to IAS 19: Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions
- Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2010-2012 CycleAnnual Improvements to IFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle
- \_ Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28: Investment entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception
- Amendments to IFRS 11: Accounting for Interests in Joint Operations

The previous financial statements Erste Group included a description of all the effective amendments. Erste Group has revised the approach and decided to focus only on the effects the amendments have on the accounting policies. Application of the above mentioned amendments did not have a significant impact on Erste Group's financial statements.

#### Standards and interpretations not yet effective

The standards, amendments and interpretations shown below were issued by the IASB but are not yet effective.

Following standards, amendments and interpretations are not yet endorsed by the EU:

- \_ IFRS 16: Leases
- \_ Clarifications to IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers
- Amendments to IAS 12: Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses
- \_ Amendments to IAS 7: Disclosure Initiative
- Amendments to IFRS 2: Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions
- \_ Amendments to IAS 40: Transfers of Investmenty Property

- Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle
- \_ IFRIC 22: Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration

Following standards, amendments and interpretations are already endorsed by the EU:

- IFRS 9: Financial Instruments
- IFRS 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers including Amendments to IFRS 15: Effective date of IFRS 15

**IFRS 9: Financial Instruments (IASB Effective Date: 1 January 2018).** IFRS 9 was issued in July 2014 and is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. IFRS 9 addresses three main areas of accounting for financial instruments: classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting.

IFRS 9 introduces two classification criteria for financial assets: 1) an entity's business model for managing the financial assets, and 2) the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. As a result, a financial asset is measured at amortised cost only if both of the following conditions are met: a) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal outstanding and b) the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows. Measurement of a fair value through other comprehensive income is applicable to financial assets that meet condition a) but the business model applied to them is focused both on holding the assets to collect contractual cash flows and selling the assets. All other financial assets are measured at fair value with changes recognised in profit or loss. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, an entity may make an irrevocable election at initial recognition to measure them at fair value with changes recognised in other comprehensive income. Erste Group intends to use this election for some of its investments in equity instruments which are of a long-term nature and do not have quoted market price.

IFRS 9 does not change classification and measurement principles for financial liabilities compared to IAS 39. The only change is related to financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss (fair value option). The fair value changes related to the credit risk of such liabilities will be generally presented in other comprehensive income. IFRS 9 provides an option to apply this requirement early, however Erste Group does not intend to make use of this option.

The standard provides a uniform impairment model applied to both financial assets and off-balance sheet credit risk bearing exposures (loan commitments and financial guarantees). At initial recognition of financial instruments loss allowance to reflect credit loss is recognised in the form of 12-month expected credit losses. Lifetime expected credit losses are to be recognised for all instrument whose credit risk increases subsequently after initial recognition. Furthermore the standard brings new rules for accounting for losses resulting from modification of contractual conditions of financial assets.

The objective of the new hedge accounting model is to reflect in accounting actual risk management practices of entities hedging risks. For Erste Group, the following areas are expected to be relevant to achieve this objective: only the prospective effectiveness test is required and the retrospective effectiveness test with the 80%-125% corridor was abandoned; when options are used as hedging instruments, the volatility of the time value is recognised through OCI rather than profit or loss; the possibility of hedging synthetic items containing derivatives.

IFRS 9 provides an accounting policy choice in the area of hedge accounting. Thus, upon adoption of IFRS 9, entities can either (a) start with full application of the hedge accounting requirements of IFRS 9, (b) start with limited application of the hedge accounting requirements of IFRS 9 by continuing to apply IAS 39 to the specific case of fair value hedges of interest rate exposure of a portfolio of financial assets or financial liabilities, or (c) continue with full application of the hedge accounting requirements of IAS 39. Erste Group plans to implement the third choice. However, some actions are expected to be necessary in order to address additional disclosures that will be required based on IFRS 7 after adoption of IFRS 9.

Based on the accounting policy choice embedded into the transition requirements of IFRS 9, Erste Group will not restate comparative information upon initial application of IFRS 9. Instead, the one-off impact from initial application of IFRS 9 will be reflected in the opening equity as of 1 January 2018.

During the year 2016, Erste Group has completed the development of business requirements documentation addressing the changes in group-level policies, procedures, processes and systems, assessed as necessary in preparation for transition to IFRS 9 on 1 January 2018. On this basis, Group's entities (notably: the parent banks of Group's sub-groups) started the localization of the group-level requirements, both in terms of local implementation of new group-wide solutions (e.g. in respect of fair valuation of non-SPPI non-trading debt instrument assets, allocation of financial assets to business models, or in respect of calculation of expected credit losses), and in terms of adapt-

ing existing local solutions to the group-level requirements. As part of this effort, iterative financial impact studies (notably with regards to classification/measurement and impairment of financial assets but gradually also with regards to regulatory capital and ratios) continued across the Group. Starting with the second half of 2017 a fully-fledged parallel run of the 'as is' IAS 39 and the 'to be' IFRS 9 driven processes for classification, measurement, impairment and disclosure/reporting for financial instruments is planned. The above mentioned financial impact assessments and the simulated IFRS 9-driven outputs throughout the parallel run will bear an inherent degree of approximation, that is expected to reduce along with different IFRS 9-driven functionalities being implemented, tested and transferred from testing to the bank's operating systems, at the level of each affected group entity before the first application in 2018. Reliable quantitative estimates of the IFRS 9 impacts are expected to be available throughout 2017 and will be disclosed accordingly.

On this basis, Erste Group upholds its previous expectations that this standard will have a significant effect on balance sheet items and measurement methods for financial instruments.

In the area of classification and measurement, Erste Group concluded that part of its loan portfolio will have to be measured at fair value through profit or loss, due to the contractual cash flow characteristics. Thus, mitigation activities have been undertaken across the relevant entities of the Group in respect of the affected lending products in order to reduce this portfolio. As a result of these activities it is currenty expected that such measurement would finally be mostly limited to loans bearing interest rates featuring imperfections (e.g. rates linked to secondary market rates for bonds) that might not pass quantitative testing required by the standard. On the other hand, some debt securities currently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income may be measured at amortised cost due to the 'held-to-collect contractual cash flows' business model applied to them. Otherwise no significant changes are expected based on the business model criterion. This is because financial assets held-for-trading will continue to be measured at fair value through profit or loss and SPPI-compliant loans will part of the business model of holding assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and will continue to be measured at amortised cost.

In the area of expected credit loss modelling and ensuing impairment loss, the Group believes that one of the key drivers of the expected impact from adopting the new impairment model required by IFRS 9 is the assessment of significant increase in credit risk for exposures that are not identified as credit-impaired. In this respect, across portfolios and product types, quantitative indicators defined for assessing significant increase in credit risk will include adverse change in lifetime probability of default and days-past-due status. Qualitative indicators will include specific early-warning-system risk- or forbearance-type flag or work-out transfer flag being assigned. Some of the qualitative indicators (assignments of some specific flag types) will inherently rely on experienced credit risk judgment being exercised adequately and timely. The related group-wide and entity-level credit risk controlling policies and procedures (most of them already in place, some of them in progress of being adapted in preparation for IFRS 9) will ensure the necessary governance framework. Besides the qualitative indicators defined on client level, it is planned to use and perform the assessment of significant increase in credit risk on portfolio level if the increase in credit risk on individual instrument or client level is only available with a certain time lag. The portfolio triggers should cover the increase in credit risk on portfolio level. However, the exact definition of such portfolio triggers has yet to be stabilized. Also, the Group believes that another significant driver of the expected impact from adopting the IFRS 9 impairment model required by IFRS 9 is incorporation of forward-looking macro-economic information. In this respect, the Group has developed a methodology for lifetime probabilities of default calculation that requires the application of a macroeconomic overlay. That is, the probabilities of default are modified by using a macroeconomic function as estimated for stress testing purposes (i.e. function linking selected macroeconomic variables with probabilities of default). In consideration of these methodological requirements, credit loss allowances are expected to increase significantly for non-defaulted exposures.

Also, the Group expects that the structure of the financial statements (both main components and explanatory notes) will be have to be adapted, notably in the light of the new reporting and disclosure requirements of IFRS 7, as triggered by IFRS 9. Such adaptions would also consider any new regulatory reporting requirements (notably FINREP related) which EU or national regulators may contemplate as part of preparing for initial application of IFRS 9 at the level of the wider European and national banking sector.

**IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (IASB Effective Date: 1 January 2018).** IFRS 15 was issued in May 2014 and is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. Clarifications to IFRS 15 were issued in April 2016. IFRS 15 specifies how and when an entity recognises revenue from contracts with customers. It also requires such entities to provide users of financial statements with more informative and more relevant disclosures. The standard provides a single, principles based five-step model to be applied to all contracts with customers. Also in the areas of variable considerations and capitalisation of cost IFRS 15 provides modified regulations. The standard is not focused on recognition of revenues from financial instruments. Hence, on the basis of a first assessment, application of this standard is not expected to have a significant impact on Erste Group's financial statements. The analysis will be resumed in 2017.

Amendments to IAS 7: Disclosure Initiative (IASB effective date: 1 January 2017). Amendments to IAS 7 were issued in January 2016 and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017. The amendments require disclosure of information enabling users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes.

Application of these amendments is not expected to result in new disclosures since financing activities in the cash flow statement of Erste Group relate only to equity and not to financial liabilities.

**IFRS 16 Leases (IASB Effective Date: 1 January 2019).** In January 2016, the IASB issued IFRS 16 being effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. IFRS 16 specifies the depiction of lease arrangements in the financial statements. Compared to the previous standard IAS 17, there is a fundamental alteration in respect of the recognition of operating leasing arrangements for the lessee. As defined in IFRS 16, the standard requires the lessee to recognize a right of use asset on the debit side of the balance sheet as well as a corresponding lease liability on the credit side of the balance sheet except for immateriality in cases of short term leasing arrangements and small ticket leasing arrangements for low-value assets. By contrast, accounting changes for the lessor are only minor compared to IAS 17. Compared to IAS 17 the notes will be much more comprehensive under IFRS 16.

In the fourth quarter of 2016 Erste Group launched a project to analyse existing systems and their adaption to the IFRS 16 requirements. The requirements will be implemented throughout 2017 and 2018. First estimates of the impact on Erste Group's financial statements are expected to be available in 2017.

Amendments to IAS 12: Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses (IASB effective date: 1 January 2017). Amendments to IAS 12 were issued in January 2016 and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017. The amendments clarify that unrealised losses on debt instruments measured at fair value in the financial statements but at cost for tax purposes can lead to deductible temporary differences. The amendments also clarify that not the carrying amount but the tax base of an asset is the relevant base for the estimate of future taxable profits and that the carrying amount is not the ceiling to be used for the calculation. When comparing deductible temporary differences with future taxable profits, the future taxable profits exclude tax deductions resulting from the reversal of those deductible temporary differences. Application of these amendments is not expected to have a significant impact on Erste Group's financial statements.

Amendments to IFRS 2: Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions (IASB effective date: 1 January 2018). Amendments to IFRS 2 were issued in June 2016 and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. The amendments clarify treatment for the effects of vesting conditions on a cash-settled share-based payment transaction, the classification of a share-based payment with net settlement features for withholding tax obligations and the accounting for modifications of share-based payment transactions from cash-settled to equity-settled. Application of these amendments is not expected to have a significant impact on Erste Group's financial statements.

Amendments to IAS 40: Transfers of Investmenty Property (IASB effective date: 1 January 2018). Amendments to IAS 40 were issued in December 2016 and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. The amendments reinforce the principle for transfers into, or out of, investment property in IAS 40 and specify that such a transfer should only be made when there has been a change in use of the property. Application of these amendments is not expected to have a significant impact on Erste Group's financial statements.

Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle (IASB effective date: 1 January 2017 and 1 January 2018). In December 2016, the IASB issued a set of amendments to various standards. The amendments to IFRS 1 and IAS 28 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, the amendment to IFRS 12 for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017. Application of these amendments is not expected to have a significant impact on Erste Group's financial statements.

**IFRIC 22: Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration (IASB effective date: 1 January 2018).** IFRIC 22 was issued in December 2016 and is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018. The interpretation relates to considerations denominated in a foreign currency received or paid in advance of the recognition of the related asset, expense or income. It clarifies, that the date of the transaction, for the purpose of determining the exchange rate, is the date of initial recognition of the non-monetary prepayment asset or deferred income liability in such cases. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, a date of transaction is established for each payment or receipt. Application of the interpretation is not expected to have a significant impact on Erste Group's financial statements.

# C. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AND THE BALANCE SHEET OF ERSTE GROUP

## 1. Net interest income

| in EUR million   | 1-12 15  | 1-12 16  |
|--|----------|----------|
| Interest income  |          |          |
| Financial assets - held for trading                          | 817.5    | 701.6    |
| Financial assets - at fair value through profit or loss      | 2.9      | 9.1      |
| Financial assets - available for sale                        | 469.6    | 423.9    |
| Financial assets - held to maturity                          | 580.2    | 552.0    |
| Loans and receivables  | 4,447.8  | 4,177.0  |
| Derivatives - hedge accounting, interest rate risk           | 86.7     | -5.9     |
| Other assets   | 21.0     | 27.7     |
| Total interest income  | 6,425.7  | 5,885.3  |
| Interest expenses  |          |          |
| Financial liabilities - held for trading                     | -604.1   | -433.2   |
| Financial liabilities - at fair value through profit or loss | -43.9    | -55.4    |
| Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost             | -1,676.1 | -1,369.1 |
| Derivatives - hedge accounting, interest rate risk           | 359.9    | 393.2    |
| Other liabilities  | -25.7    | -29.4    |
| Total interest expense                                       | -1,989.9 | -1,493.9 |
| Negative interest from financial liabilities                 | 21.9     | 24.9     |
| Negative interest from financial assets                      | -13.1    | -41.7    |
| Net interest income  | 4,444.7  | 4,374.5  |

For financial assets or liabilities that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss, the total interest income amounted to EUR 5,180.5 million (2015: EUR 5,518.6 million) and the total interest expense to EUR 1,398.5 million (2015: EUR 1,701.8 million). Net interest income for these items is therefore EUR 3,782.0 million (2015: EUR 3,816.8 million).

Since December 2014, important benchmark interest rates – particularly Euribor – became negative. Since Euro is the functional currency for Erste Group, this development affected interest income and interes expense of the Group. Negative interest from financial liabilities and financial assets are shown in a separate line. The amounts relate to the interbank business only.

## 2. Net fee and commission income

| in EUR million                                    | 1-12 15 | 1-12 16 |
|---|---------|---------|
| Securities  | 187.8   | 164.4   |
| Own issues  | 22.4    | 22.5    |
| Transfer orders                                   | 159.1   | 132.6   |
| Other   | 6.2     | 9.2     |
| Clearing and settlement                           | 0.0     | 6.5     |
| Asset management                                  | 251.2   | 256.4   |
| Custody   | 80.5    | 78.2    |
| Fiduciary transactions                            | 2.2     | 2.8     |
| Payment services                                  | 887.7   | 867.5   |
| Card business                                     | 216.9   | 187.7   |
| Other   | 670.8   | 679.8   |
| Customer resources distributed but not managed    | 168.7   | 159.4   |
| Collective investment                             | 16.3    | 15.5    |
| Insurance products                                | 111.5   | 103.8   |
| Building society brokerage                        | 17.7    | 17.1    |
| Foreign exchange transactions                     | 20.3    | 22.7    |
| Other   | 2.9     | 0.2     |
| Structured finance                                | 0.0     | 0.0     |
| Servicing fees from securitization activities     | 0.0     | 0.0     |
| Lending business                                  | 198.2   | 176.5   |
| Guarantees given, guarantees received             | 62.8    | 59.8    |
| Loan commitments given, loan commitments received | 32.6    | 25.0    |
| Other lending business                            | 102.8   | 91.7    |
| Other   | 85.6    | 71.2    |
| Net fee and commission income                     | 1,861.8 | 1,783.0 |
| Fee and commission income                         | 2,341.1 | 2,225.6 |
| Fee and commission expenses                       | -479.3  | -442.6  |

## 3. Dividend income

| in EUR million 1-12 15                                      | 1-12 16 |
|---|---------|
| Financial assets - held for trading 0.5                     | 0.6     |
| Financial assets - at fair value through profit or loss 4.2 | 4.7     |
| Financial assets - available for sale 38.3                  | 34.6    |
| Dividend income from equity investments 6.9                 | 5.4     |
| Dividend income 49.9  | 45.2    |

## 4. Net trading and fair value result

| in EUR million  | 1-12 15 | 1-12 16 |
|---|---------|---------|
| Net trading result  | 178.2   | 283.8   |
| Securities and derivatives trading  | -82.4   | 37.2    |
| Foreign exchange transactions   | 266.9   | 233.8   |
| Result from hedge accounting  | -6.4    | 12.8    |
| Result from financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss          | 31.9    | -11.5   |
| Result from measurement/sale of financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss      | 0.3     | -2.5    |
| Result from measurement/sale of financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss | 31.7    | -9.0    |
| Net trading and fair value result   | 210.1   | 272.3   |

The amounts of the fair value changes that are attributable to changes in own credit risk is presented in Note 32 Financial liabilities – at fair value through profit and loss. Additional information to hedge relationships are described in detail in Note 45 Hedge accounting.

## 5. Rental income from investment properties & other operating leases

| in EUR million  | 1-12 15 | 1-12 16 |
|---|---------|---------|
| Investment properties   | 80.0    | 93.0    |
| Other operating leases  | 107.9   | 114.3   |
| Rental income from investment properties & other operating leases | 187.9   | 207.2   |

#### 6. General administrative expenses

| in EUR million   | 1-12 15  | 1-12 16  |
|--|----------|----------|
| Personnel expenses   | -2,244.6 | -2,339.3 |
| Wages and salaries   | -1,687.3 | -1,748.7 |
| Compulsory social security                                       | -433.1   | -456.3   |
| Long-term employee provisions                                    | -19.0    | -18.0    |
| Other personnel expenses   | -105.2   | -116.3   |
| Other administrative expenses                                    | -1,179.3 | -1,235.8 |
| Deposit insurance contribution                                   | -99.6    | -88.8    |
| IT expenses  | -286.5   | -339.3   |
| Expenses for office space  | -237.7   | -242.4   |
| Office operating expenses  | -114.6   | -111.5   |
| Advertising/marketing  | -167.4   | -162.4   |
| Legal and consulting costs                                       | -130.8   | -151.7   |
| Sundry administrative expenses                                   | -142.7   | -139.6   |
| Depreciation and amortisation                                    | -445.0   | -453.1   |
| Software and other intangible assets                             | -163.2   | -166.1   |
| Owner occupied real estate                                       | -74.4    | -82.0    |
| Investment properties  | -105.9   | -106.7   |
| Customer relationships   | -6.2     | -5.1     |
| Office furniture and equipment and sundry property and equipment | -95.4    | -93.2    |
| General administrative expenses                                  | -3,868.9 | -4,028.2 |

Personnel expenses include expenses of EUR 48.1 million (2015: EUR 48.9 million) for defined contribution plans, of which EUR 1.7 million (2015: EUR 1.8 million) relate to members of the management board.

## Average number of employees during the financial year (weighted according to the level of employment)

|   | 1-12 15 | 1-12 16 |
|---|---------|---------|
| Domestic                                      | 15,579  | 15,833  |
| Erste Group, EB Oesterreich and subsidiaries  | 8,381   | 8,595   |
| Haftungsverbund savings banks                 | 7,199   | 7,238   |
| Abroad  | 30,917  | 31,122  |
| Česká spořitelna Group                        | 10,536  | 10,371  |
| Banca Comercială Română Group                 | 7,071   | 7,120   |
| Slovenská sporiteľňa Group                    | 4,232   | 4,247   |
| Erste Bank Hungary Group                      | 2,900   | 2,902   |
| Erste Bank Croatia Group                      | 2,840   | 2,935   |
| Erste Bank Serbia Group                       | 978     | 992     |
| Savings banks subsidiaries                    | 1,202   | 1,251   |
| Other subsidiaries and foreign branch offices | 1,158   | 1,305   |
| Total   | 46,496  | 46,955  |

## 7. Gains/losses from financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss, net

|   | <del></del> |         |
|---|-------------|---------|
| in EUR million  | 1-12 15     | 1-12 16 |
| From sale of financial assets available for sale  | 84.3        | 157.2   |
| From sale of financial assets held to maturity  | 1.7         | 3.4     |
| From sale of loans and receivables  | -2.0        | -0.1    |
| From repurchase of liabilities measured at amortised cost   | 17.0        | -12.5   |
| Gains/losses from disposal of financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss, net | 100.9       | 148.0   |

The carrying amount of investments in equity instruments measured at cost that were sold during the period was EUR 0.9 million (2015: EUR 0.4 million). The resulting gain on sale was EUR 3.3 million (2015: EUR 0.2 million).

In June 2016 Erste Group sold its shares in VISA Europe Ltd. which resulted in a gain related to the sale of shares of EUR 138.7 million included in the line item 'Gains/losses from sale of financial assets available for sale'.

In the line item 'From sale of financial assets available for sale' an income from 2015 in the amount of EUR 13.6 million (reclassification of the available for sale reserve from other comprehensive income) is shown, which was realized due to the sale of shares in a foreign private equity fund.

#### 8. Net impairment loss on financial assets

| in EUR million                                       | 1-12 15  | 1-12 16  |
|--|----------|----------|
| Financial assets - available for sale                | -62.2    | -10.0    |
| Loans and receivables                                | -666.5   | -184.2   |
| Allocation to risk provisions                        | -2,620.1 | -2,089.9 |
| Release of risk provisions                           | 1,839.0  | 1,720.8  |
| Direct write-offs                                    | -167.0   | -226.2   |
| Recoveries recorded directly to the income statement | 281.7    | 411.1    |
| Financial assets - held to maturity                  | -0.4     | -1.4     |
| Net impairment loss on financial assets              | -729.1   | -195.7   |
|  |          |          |

In 2015, in the line item 'Financial assets - available for sale' an impairment of an equity holding was shown, in amount of EUR 30.0 million.

#### 9. Other operating result

| in EUR million  | 1-12 15 | 1-12 16 |
|---|---------|---------|
| Result from properties/movables/other intangible assets other than goodwill | -33.0   | -54.5   |
| Allocation to/release of other provisions                                   | -243.0  | -97.8   |
| Allocation to/release of provisions for commitments and guarantees given    | -63.0   | -28.1   |
| Levies on banking activities  | -236.2  | -388.8  |
| Banking tax   | -198.4  | -351.2  |
| Financial transaction tax   | -37.8   | -37.6   |
| Other taxes   | -27.6   | -19.8   |
| Impairment of goodwill  | 0.0     | -61.3   |
| Result from other operating expenses/income                                 | -32.8   | -14.7   |
| Other operating result  | -635.6  | -665.0  |

Operating expenses (including repair and maintenance) for 'Investment properties' not held for rental income totalled to EUR 1.0 million (2015: EUR 1.3 million). Operating expenses (including repair and maintenance) for 'Investment properties' held for rental income totalled to EUR 13.6 million (2015: EUR 10.9 million).

The amount of impairment loss on assets held for sale recognised in the result from other operating expenses/income is EUR 29.5 million (2015: EUR 3.8 million).

In result of properties/moveables/other intangible assets, the impairment losses of property plant and equipment, investment properties, intangible assets and foreclosed assets are included.

The main classes of assets affected by impairment losses can be summarized as:

- \_ the intention to sell fixed assets and accordingly their re-measurement before reclassifying them based on IFRS 5,
- \_ not fully occupied buildings that triggered a lower recoverable amount
- recurring measurement for foreclosed assets at the balance sheet date and
- \_ recurring measurement for internally used items of property at the balance sheet date and
- \_ concessions and other intangibles for which measurable economic benefits are no longer expected in the future

## Recovery and Resolution Fund

In the line 'Result from other operating expenses/income' contributions to the national resolution funds payable in 2015 for the first time in the amount of EUR 65.6 million (2015: EUR 51.3 million) are disclosed. The contributions are based on the European Recovery and Resolution Directive, which, inter alia, establishes a financing mechanism for the resolution of credit institutions. As a consequence, banks are required to contribute annually to a resolution fund, which in a first step is installed on a national level. According to these regulations, until 31 December 2024 the available financial means of the resolution funds shall reach at least 1% of the amount of covered deposits of all the credit institutions authorized within the European Union. Therefore the resolution funds have to be built over a period of 10 years, during which the contributions shall be spread out as even as possible unil the target level is reached. The application of the Directive in the European member state requires the transposition into national law. In Czech Republic the Recovery and Resolution Directive was implemented into national law in 2016, therefore subsidiaries in Czech Republic paid for the first time contributions to resolution funds in 2016. All the remaining subsidiaries have already paid the corresponding contributions in 2015.

#### One-time payment according to Stability Tax Act in Austria

In December 2016, an amendment of the Stability Tax Act, which regulates banking levies in Austria, was approved. According to the legislative amendment, the amount of the current banking levies ('banking tax') was reduced, and furthermore a single one-time payment was prescribed. In this respect, the one-time payment is to be fully paid in 2017, or 25% per year from 2017 until 2020. However according to IFRIC 21, the obligating event for the recognition of a liability to pay the one-time payment already existed in 2016. As a consequence Erste Group recognised an expense of EUR 200.9 million which is disclosed in the line item 'Levies on banking activities'.

#### Impairment of goodwill

In Slovakia, the increase of regulatory charges – banking tax was not decreased due to an update of the related law during the year 2016 – leads to higher future expenses. Further to this, a new law limiting the early repayment fee to be charged by banks led to a massive repricing of the housing loan portfolio. In addition to the lasting low interest rate environment and the strong competition, this led to a decrease of the budgeted results and further to the a partial impairment of the goodwill for Slovenská sporitel'ňa a.s. ('SLSP') in 2016.

#### Provision for litigations in Romania

In addition, an allocation of provision is shown in the balance sheet item 'additions / reversals - Other provisions' for risks related to Romanian consumer protection claims Act amounting to EUR 62.3 million. In 2015: EUR 101.6 million were allocated.

#### Foreign currency denominated loans in Croatia

In September 2015 the Croatian Parliament adopted changes in the legislation that allows debtors of Swiss franc loans to convert their loans into euro loans at an exchange rate, which corresponds to the exchange rate at the time of origination of the loans. The purpose of these legislative changes is, that the debtors of Swiss franc loans are placed by their banks in the same position that they would have been in had their loans, from inception, been denominated in euros. The amendments came into force as of 30 September 2015. Due to the amendments, a provision was built to cover the related expected losses amounting to EUR 129.5 million and is shown in the line 'Allocation to/release of other provisions'. In 2016, the provision was almost used.

#### 10. Taxes on income

Taxes on income are made up of current taxes on income calculated in each of the Group companies based on the results reported for tax purposes, corrections to taxes on income for previous years and the change in deferred taxes.

| in EUR million                | 1-12 15 | 1-12 16 |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Current tax expense / income  | -367.8  | -363.4  |
| current period                | -354.4  | -338.3  |
| prior period                  | -13.4   | -25.1   |
| Deferred tax expense / income | 3.8     | -50.2   |
| current period                | 4.9     | -39.8   |
| prior period                  | -1.1    | -10.4   |
| Total                         | -363.9  | -413.6  |

The following table reconciles the income taxes reported in the income statement to the pre-tax profit/loss multiplied by the nominal Austrian tax rate.

| in EUR million   | 1-12 15 | 1-12 16 |
|--|---------|---------|
| Pre-tax profit/loss  | 1,639.1 | 1,950.4 |
| Income tax expense for the financial year at the domestic statutory tax rate (25%)   | -409.8  | -487.6  |
| Impact of different foreign tax rates or imposition of new taxes   | 62.2    | 98.4    |
| Impact of tax-exempt earnings of investments and other tax-exempt income   | 108.1   | 108.2   |
| Tax increases due to non-deductible expenses, additional business tax and similar elements   | -121.1  | -88.0   |
| Impact of the goodwill impairment recognized on Group level  | 0.0     | -15.3   |
| Impact from taxable participation impairment / reversal eliminated upon consolidation (before related valuation assessment) and        |         |         |
| outside basis differences  | -25.8   | -105.7  |
| Tax loss carry-forward non-recoverable at the end of the prior period, reducing the current tax expense for the current period         | 9.6     | 17.1    |
| Current period's impairment of deferred tax assets previously recognized through profit or loss in connection with temporary           |         |         |
| deductible differences   | -24.0   | -1.6    |
| Current period's impairment of deferred tax assets previously recognized in connection with tax loss carry-forward not yet expired     | -3.9    | -2.5    |
| Current period's impairment of deferred tax assets previously recognized in connection with tax loss carry-forward, due to expiring of |         |         |
| the legally available carry-forward period   | -0.4    | -0.1    |
| Current period's recognition/reversal of impairment through profit or loss of deferred tax assets in connection with temporary         |         |         |
| deductible differences non-recoverable at the end of the prior period  | 117.7   | 116.3   |
| Current period's recognition/reversal of impairment of deferred tax assets in connection with not yet used/not expired tax loss carry- |         |         |
| forward non-recoverable at the end of the prior period   | 33.1    | 29.0    |
| Impact of current non-recoverable fiscal losses and temporary differences for the year   | -95.1   | -40.8   |
| Tax income/(expense) not attributable to the reporting period  | -14.5   | -35.5   |
| Tax income/(expense) out of changes of the tax rate  | 0.0     | -5.5    |
| Total  | -363.9  | -413.6  |

The following table shows the tax effects relating to each component of other comprehensive income:

|   | 1-12 15           |             |                      | 1-12 16           |             |                   |
|---|-------------------|-------------|----------------------|-------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| in EUR million  | Before-tax amount | Tax benefit | Net-of-tax<br>amount | Before-tax amount | Tax benefit | Net-of-tax amount |
| Available for sale-reserve                              | -31.6             | 27.7        | -3.9                 | -4.6              | 4.4         | -0.2              |
| Cash flow hedge-reserve                                 | -27.4             | 8.2         | -19.2                | -13.3             | 4.4         | -8.9              |
| Remeasurement of net liability of defined pension plans | 101.0             | -33.6       | 67.4                 | -36.1             | -9.1        | -45.2             |
| Currency translation                                    | 91.0              | 0.0         | 91.0                 | 28.8              | 0.0         | 28.8              |
| Other comprehensive income                              | 133.0             | 2.3         | 135.3                | -25.2             | -0.3        | -25.5             |

Taxes on income within other comprehensive income referring to the positions net liability of defined pension plans and to available for sale-reserve are influenced by the consideration of impairment effects. Besides, the change of deferred taxes on the available for sale-reserve is influenced by differences of tax rates applicable on contrary changes within the available for sale-reserve.

## 11. Appropriation of profit

For the year 2016, Erste Group Bank AG posted a post-tax profit of EUR 1,111.5 million under the Austrian accounting regulations, which increased its distributable capital accordingly (2015: EUR 872.7 million post-tax profit).

Consequently, a dividend distribution amounting to EUR 1.0 per share will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of Erste Group Bank AG (2015: EUR 0.5 per share dividend distribution).

## 12. Cash and cash balances

| in EUR million                 | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
|--------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Cash on hand                   | 2,794  | 3,738  |
| Cash balances at central banks | 7,328  | 13,333 |
| Other demand deposits          | 2,228  | 1,282  |
| Cash and cash balances         | 12,350 | 18,353 |

A portion of 'Balances with central banks' represents mandatory reserve deposits amounting to EUR 2,552.6 million (2015: EUR 1,382.4 million). These are not available for use in the day-to-day operations of Erste Group.

#### 13. Derivatives - held for trading

|                                      | D              | ec 15 restated      |                     | Dec 16         |                     |                     |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| in EUR million                       | Notional value | Positive fair value | Negative fair value | Notional value | Positive fair value | Negative fair value |  |  |
| Derivatives held in the trading book | 165,591        | 4,673               | 4,360               | 160,050        | 4,364               | 3,754               |  |  |
| Interest rate                        | 125,615        | 4,139               | 4,109               | 119,263        | 3,940               | 3,503               |  |  |
| Equity                               | 820            | 21                  | 6                   | 685            | 25                  | 8                   |  |  |
| Foreign exchange                     | 38,256         | 476                 | 205                 | 39,538         | 386                 | 225                 |  |  |
| Credit                               | 532            | 3                   | 6                   | 324            | 1                   | 5                   |  |  |
| Commodity                            | 368            | 35                  | 35                  | 240            | 13                  | 12                  |  |  |
| Other                                | 0              | 0                   | 0                   | 0              | 0                   | 0                   |  |  |
| Derivatives held in the banking book | 37,620         | 1,008               | 1,524               | 32,436         | 916                 | 1,407               |  |  |
| Interest rate                        | 17,657         | 737                 | 908                 | 16,347         | 675                 | 902                 |  |  |
| Equity                               | 2,632          | 106                 | 68                  | 2,820          | 113                 | 76                  |  |  |
| Foreign exchange                     | 16,179         | 121                 | 534                 | 12,328         | 87                  | 418                 |  |  |
| Credit                               | 542            | 13                  | 11                  | 460            | 11                  | 10                  |  |  |
| Commodity                            | 67             | 1                   | 0                   | 1              | 0                   | 0                   |  |  |
| Other                                | 543            | 30                  | 2                   | 480            | 31                  | 1                   |  |  |
| Total gross amounts                  | 203,211        | 5,682               | 5,884               | 192,486        | 5,281               | 5,161               |  |  |
| Offset                               |                | -379                | -450                |                | -806                | -977                |  |  |
| Total                                |                | 5,303               | 5,434               |                | 4,475               | 4,185               |  |  |

Due to improvements in systems nominal values for options (mainly caps) with a fair value of zero are included in the table for the first time. The amounts of the comparative period 2015 have been adjusted accordingly.

Erste Group undertakes a part of interest rate derivative transactions via London Clearing House. Consequently, those derivatives are shown net of the respective cash collaterals in the balance sheet in accordance with the criteria described in Chapter 'B. Significant accounting policies'.

## 14. Other trading assets

| in EUR million               | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Equity instruments           | 253    | 80     |
| Debt securities              | 3,159  | 3,128  |
| General governments          | 2,393  | 2,322  |
| Credit institutions          | 393    | 496    |
| Other financial corporations | 120    | 141    |
| Non-financial corporations   | 254    | 169    |
| Loans and advances           | 4      | 268    |
| Other trading assets         | 3,416  | 3,476  |

## 15. Financial assets - at fair value through profit or loss

| in EUR million  | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
|---|--------|--------|
| Equity instruments                                      | 183    | 144    |
| Debt securities   | 176    | 333    |
| General governments                                     | 5      | 31     |
| Credit institutions                                     | 159    | 298    |
| Other financial corporations                            | 12     | 5      |
| Non-financial corporations                              | 0      | 0      |
| Loans and advances                                      | 0      | 3      |
| Financial assets - at fair value through profit or loss | 359    | 480    |

#### 16. Financial assets - available for sale

| in EUR million                        | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Equity instruments                    | 1,456  | 1,364  |
| Debt securities                       | 19,307 | 18,522 |
| General governments                   | 13,169 | 12,778 |
| Credit institutions                   | 2,779  | 2,478  |
| Other financial corporations          | 796    | 742    |
| Non-financial corporations            | 2,564  | 2,524  |
| Financial assets - available for sale | 20,763 | 19,886 |

The carrying amount of investments in equity instruments measured at cost is EUR 36 million (2015: EUR 71 million). Of this, Erste Group intends to dispose of investments in carrying amount of EUR 4 million (2015: EUR 6 million) through direct sales.

#### 17. Financial assets – held to maturity

| in EUR million               | Gross carry | ring amount | Collective a | allowances | Net carryi | Net carrying amount |  |  |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|------------|------------|---------------------|--|--|
|                              | Dec 15      | Dec 16      | Dec 15       | Dec 16     | Dec 15     | Dec 16              |  |  |
| General governments          | 16,050      | 17,700      | -1           | -2         | 16,049     | 17,699              |  |  |
| Credit institutions          | 1,010       | 1,022       | -1           | -1         | 1,009      | 1,021               |  |  |
| Other financial corporations | 194         | 177         | 0            | 0          | 194        | 177                 |  |  |
| Non-financial corporations   | 449         | 375         | -1           | -1         | 448        | 374                 |  |  |
| Total                        | 17,703      | 19,274      | -2           | -4         | 17,701     | 19,270              |  |  |

#### 18. Securities

|                           |   |                | Dec 15   |                    |                  | Dec 16  |                |  |                    |                  |  |
|---------------------------|---|----------------|--|--------------------|------------------|---|----------------|--|--------------------|------------------|--|
|                           |   |                | Fi   | nancial asset      | s                |   |                | Financial assets                                 |                    |                  |  |
| in EUR million            | Loans and advances to customers and credit institutions | Trading assets | At fair<br>value<br>through<br>profit or<br>loss | Available for sale | Held to maturity | Loans and advances to customers and credit institutions | Trading assets | At fair<br>value<br>through<br>profit or<br>loss | Available for sale | Held to maturity |  |
| Bonds and other interest- |   |                |  |                    |                  |   |                | •  |                    |                  |  |
| bearing securities        | 434   | 3,159          | 176  | 19,307             | 17,701           | 289   | 3,128          | 333  | 18,522             | 19,270           |  |
| Listed                    | 0   | 2,866          | 141  | 18,209             | 16,875           | 0   | 2,630          | 303  | 17,230             | 18,464           |  |
| Unlisted                  | 434   | 293            | 35   | 1,098              | 826              | 289   | 498            | 31   | 1,292              | 806              |  |
| Equity-related securities | 0   | 253            | 183  | 1,385              | 0                | 0   | 80             | 144  | 1,328              | 0                |  |
| Listed                    | 0   | 235            | 34   | 683                | 0                | 0   | 57             | 15   | 771                | 0                |  |
| Unlisted                  | 0   | 18             | 149  | 702                | 0                | 0   | 22             | 129  | 557                | 0                |  |
| Equity holdings at cost   | 0   | 0              | 0  | 71                 | 0                | 0   | 0              | 0  | 36                 | 0                |  |
| Total                     | 434   | 3,413          | 359  | 20,763             | 17,701           | 289   | 3,208          | 477  | 19,886             | 19,270           |  |

Investment funds are disclosed within equity-related securities.

Held-to-maturity financial assets include bonds and other interest-bearing securities that are quoted in active markets and are intended to be held to maturity. Securities lending and repurchase transactions are disclosed in Note 42 Transfers of financial assets – repurchase transactions and securities lending.

During the financial year 2016, bond investments with a carrying amount of EUR 390.8 million (2015: EUR 349.6 million) were reclassified from the category Financial assets – held to maturity to Financial assets – available for sale, of which EUR 389.6 million (2015: EUR 334.5 million) was sold up to year-end. Reclassifications (and subsequent sales) in the amount of EUR 150.4 million (2015: EUR 320.0 million) were made considering that the related securities were maturing within 3 months from the sale dates

Consequently, a total net effect of EUR 3.2 million (2015: EUR 4.2 million) was recognised in the income statement for the year, whilst a further effect of EUR 0.1 million (2015: EUR 0.2 million) was reflected in other comprehensive income in respect of reclassified bonds not yet sold at year-end.

## 19. Loans and receivables to credit institutions

#### Loans and receivables to credit institutions

| in EUR million         | Gross carrying amount | Specific allowances | Collective allowances | Net carrying amount |
|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| As of 31 December 2016 |                       | •                   |                       |                     |
| Debt securities        | 199                   | 0                   | -1                    | 198                 |
| Central banks          | 0                     | 0                   | 0                     | 0                   |
| Credit institutions    | 199                   | 0                   | -1                    | 198                 |
| Loans and advances     | 3,279                 | -2                  | -5                    | 3,272               |
| Central banks          | 666                   | 0                   | 0                     | 665                 |
| Credit institutions    | 2,614                 | -2                  | -5                    | 2,606               |
| Total                  | 3,478                 | -2                  | -6                    | 3,469               |
| As of 31 December 2015 |                       |                     |                       |                     |
| Debt securities        | 268                   | 0                   | -1                    | 267                 |
| Central banks          | 0                     | 0                   | 0                     | 0                   |
| Credit institutions    | 268                   | 0                   | -1                    | 267                 |
| Loans and advances     | 4,551                 | -9                  | -4                    | 4,538               |
| Central banks          | 1,260                 | 0                   | 0                     | 1,260               |
| Credit institutions    | 3,290                 | -9                  | -3                    | 3,278               |
| Total                  | 4,819                 | -9                  | -5                    | 4,805               |

In the balance sheet, loans and receivables to credit institutions are disclosed with the carrying amount net of any impairments.

## Allowances for loans and receivables to credit institutions

| in EUR million        | As of<br>Dec 15 | Allocations | Use | Releases | Interest<br>income from<br>impaired<br>loans | Exchange rate and other changes (+/-) | As of<br>Dec 16 | Amounts written off | Recoveries<br>of amounts<br>previously<br>written off |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----|----------|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---|
| Specific allowances   | -8              | 0           | 7   | 0        | 0  | -1                                    | -2              | -12                 | 5   |
| Debt securities       | 0               | 0           | 0   | 0        | 0  | 0                                     | 0               | 0                   | 0   |
| Central banks         | 0               | 0           | 0   | 0        | 0  | 0                                     | 0               | 0                   | 0   |
| Credit institutions   | 0               | 0           | 0   | 0        | 0  | 0                                     | 0               | 0                   | 0   |
| Loans and advances    | -8              | 0           | 7   | 0        | 0  | -1                                    | -2              | -12                 | 5   |
| Central banks         | 0               | 0           | 0   | 0        | 0  | 0                                     | 0               | 0                   | 0   |
| Credit institutions   | -8              | 0           | 7   | 0        | 0  | -1                                    | -2              | -12                 | 5   |
| Collective allowances | -5              | -7          | 0   | 6        | 0  | 0                                     | -5              | 0                   | 0   |
| Debt securities       | -2              | 0           | 0   | 1        | 0  | 0                                     | -1              | 0                   | 0   |
| Central banks         | 0               | 0           | 0   | 0        | 0  | 0                                     | 0               | 0                   | 0   |
| Credit institutions   | -2              | 0           | 0   | 1        | 0  | 0                                     | -1              | 0                   | 0   |
| Loans and advances    | -3              | -7          | 0   | 6        | 0  | 0                                     | -5              | 0                   | 0   |
| Central banks         | 0               | 0           | 0   | 0        | 0  | 0                                     | 0               | 0                   | 0   |
| Credit institutions   | -4              | -7          | 0   | 6        | 0  | 0                                     | -5              | 0                   | 0   |
| Total                 | -13             | -8          | 7   | 7        | 0  | -1                                    | -7              | -12                 | 5   |
|                       |                 |             |     |          |  |                                       |                 |                     |   |
|                       | As of           | •           | •   |          | *  | •                                     | As of           |                     |   |
|                       | Dec 14          |             |     |          |  |                                       | Dec 15          |                     |   |
| Specific allowances   | -15             | 0           | 5   | 1        | 0  | 0                                     | -8              | -8                  | 7   |
| Debt securities       | 0               | 0           | 0   | 0        | 0  | 0                                     | 0               | 0                   | 0   |
| Central banks         | 0               | 0           | 0   | 0        | 0  | 0                                     | 0               | 0                   | 0   |
| Credit institutions   | 0               | 0           | 0   | 0        | 0  | 0                                     | 0               | 0                   | 0   |
| Loans and advances    | -15             | 0           | 5   | 1        | 0  | 0                                     | -8              | -8                  | 7   |
| Central banks         | 0               | 0           | 0   | 0        | 0  | 0                                     | 0               | 0                   | 0   |
| Credit institutions   | -15             | 0           | 5   | 1        | 0  | 0                                     | -8              | -8                  | 7   |
| Collective allowances | -3              | -12         | 0   | 13       | 0  | -2                                    | -5              | 0                   | 0   |
| Debt securities       | -1              | 0           | 0   | 0        | 0  | 0                                     | -2              | 0                   | 0   |
| Central banks         | 0               | 0           | 0   | 0        | 0  | 0                                     | 0               | 0                   | 0   |
| Credit institutions   | -1              | 0           | 0   | 0        | 0  | 0                                     | -2              | 0                   | 0   |
| Loans and advances    | -2              | -12         | 0   | 13       | 0  | -2                                    | -3              | 0                   | 0   |
| Central banks         | 0               | -2          | 0   | 2        | 0  | 0                                     | 0               | 0                   | 0   |
| Credit institutions   | -2              | -10         | 0   | 10       | 0  | -2                                    | -4              | 0                   | 0   |
| Total                 | -17             | -12         | 5   | 14       | 0  | -2                                    | -13             | -8                  | 7   |

## 20. Loans and receivables to customers

## Loans and receivables to customers

| in EUR million                  | Gross carrying amount | Specific allowances | Collective allowances | Net carrying<br>amount |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| As of 31 December 2016          |                       |                     |                       |                        |
| Debt securities with customers  | 92                    | 0                   | -1                    | 91                     |
| General governments             | 58                    | 0                   | 0                     | 58                     |
| Other financial corporations    | 0                     | 0                   | 0                     | 0                      |
| Non-financial corporations      | 34                    | 0                   | -1                    | 33                     |
| Loans and advances to customers | 135,175               | -3,887              | -725                  | 130,564                |
| General governments             | 7,350                 | -6                  | -13                   | 7,332                  |
| Other financial corporations    | 3,643                 | -94                 | -23                   | 3,526                  |
| Non-financial corporations      | 58,273                | -2,207              | -401                  | 55,664                 |
| Households                      | 65,909                | -1,580              | -288                  | 64,042                 |
| Total                           | 135,267               | -3,887              | -726                  | 130,654                |
| As of 31 December 2015          |                       |                     |                       |                        |
| Debt securities with customers  | 183                   | -14                 | -2                    | 167                    |
| General governments             | 67                    | 0                   | -1                    | 66                     |
| Other financial corporations    | 0                     | 0                   | 0                     | 0                      |
| Non-financial corporations      | 116                   | -14                 | -1                    | 102                    |
| Loans and advances to customers | 131,723               | -5,262              | -731                  | 125,729                |
| General governments             | 7,433                 | -6                  | -14                   | 7,412                  |
| Other financial corporations    | 5,030                 | -154                | -26                   | 4,849                  |
| Non-financial corporations      | 56,112                | -3,194              | -424                  | 52,495                 |
| Households                      | 63,148                | -1,907              | -268                  | 60,973                 |
| Total                           | 131,906               | -5,276              | -733                  | 125,897                |

In the balance sheet, loans and receivables to customers are disclosed with the carrying amount net of any impairments.

## Allowances for loans and receivables to customers

| in EUR million                  | As of<br>Dec 15 | Allocations | Use   | Releases | Interest<br>income from<br>impaired<br>loans | Exchange<br>rate and<br>other<br>changes (+/-) | As of<br>Dec 16 | Amounts written off | Recoveries<br>of amounts<br>previously<br>written off |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|-------|----------|--|--|-----------------|---------------------|---|
| Specific allowances             | -5,276          | -1,596      | 1,671 | 1,222    | 106  | -14  | -3,887          | -215                | 406   |
| Debt securities with customers  | -14             | 0           | 12    | 2        | 0  | 0  | 0               | 0                   | 0   |
| General governments             | 0               | 0           | 0     | 0        | 0  | 0  | 0               | 0                   | 0   |
| Other financial corporations    | 0               | 0           | 0     | 0        | 0  | 0  | 0               | 0                   | 0   |
| Non-financial corporations      | -14             | 0           | 12    | 2        | 0  | 0  | 0               | 0                   | 0   |
| Loans and advances to customers | -5,262          | -1,596      | 1,660 | 1,220    | 106  | -14  | -3,887          | -215                | 406   |
| General governments             | -7              | -1          | 0     | 3        | 0  | -1   | -6              | 0                   | 0   |
| Other financial corporations    | -154            | -31         | 57    | 21       | 3  | 10   | -94             | 0                   | 0   |
| Non-financial corporations      | -3,195          | -907        | 1,159 | 672      | 50   | 14   | -2,207          | -148                | 233   |
| Households                      | -1,907          | -657        | 444   | 525      | 53   | -38  | -1,580          | -67                 | 172   |
| Collective allowances           | -733            | -486        | 0     | 492      | 0  | 2  | -726            | 0                   | 0   |
| Debt securities with customers  | -2              | -3          | 0     | 4        | 0  | 0  | -1              | 0                   | 0   |
| General governments             | -2              | 0           | 0     | 1        | 0  | 0  | 0               | 0                   | 0   |
| Other financial corporations    | 0               | 0           | 0     | 0        | 0  | 0  | 0               | 0                   | 0   |
| Non-financial corporations      | 0               | -3          | 0     | 3        | 0  | 0  | -1              | 0                   | 0   |
| Loans and advances to customers | -731            | -483        | 0     | 488      | 0  | 2  | -725            | 0                   | 0   |
| General governments             | -14             | -11         | 0     | 13       | 0  | -1   | -13             | 0                   | 0   |
| Other financial corporations    | -26             | -19         | 0     | 21       | 0  | 1  | -23             | 0                   | 0   |
| Non-financial corporations      | -424            | -214        | 0     | 231      | 0  | 5  | -401            | 0                   | 0   |
| Households                      | -268            | -239        | 0     | 223      | 0  | -4   | -288            | 0                   | 0   |
| Total                           | -6,009          | -2,082      | 1,671 | 1,714    | 106  | -12  | -4,613          | -215                | 406   |
|                                 | •               | ·           | •     |          |  |  | ·               |                     |   |
|                                 | As of<br>Dec 14 |             | •     |          | •  |  | As of<br>Dec 15 |                     |   |
| Specific allowances             | -6,723          | -2,168      | 2,222 | 1,347    | 162  | -116   | -5,276          | -159                | 274   |
| Debt securities with customers  | -13             | -1          | 0     | 1        | 0  | -1   | -14             | 0                   | 0   |
| General governments             | 0               | 0           | 0     | 0        | 0  | 0  | 0               | 0                   | 0   |
| Other financial corporations    | 0               | 0           | 0     | 0        | 0  | 0  | 0               | 0                   | 0   |
| Non-financial corporations      | -13             | -1          | 0     | 1        | 0  | 0  | -14             | 0                   | 0   |
| Loans and advances to customers | -6,710          | -2,168      | 2,222 | 1,346    | 162  | -115   | -5,262          | -159                | 274   |
| General governments             | -6              | -3          | 2     | 2        | 0  | -1   | -7              | 0                   | 0   |
| Other financial corporations    | -142            | -47         | 22    | 27       | 4  | -18  | -154            | -3                  | 2   |
| Non-financial corporations      | -4,134          | -1,272      | 1,295 | 897      | 81   | -61  | -3,195          | -123                | 179   |
| Households                      | -2,428          | -846        | 904   | 421      | 77   | -35  | -1,907          | -34                 | 93  |
| Collective allowances           | -768            | -439        | 0     | 480      | 0  | -6   | -733            | 0                   | 0   |
| Debt securities with customers  | -2              | 0           | 0     | 0        | 0  | 0  | -2              | 0                   | 0   |
| General governments             | -1              | 0           | 0     | 0        | 0  | 0  | -2              | 0                   | 0   |
| Other financial corporations    | 0               | 0           | 0     | 0        | 0  | 0  | 0               | 0                   | 0   |
| Non-financial corporations      | -1              | 0           | 0     | 0        | 0  | 0  | 0               | 0                   | 0   |
| Loans and advances to customers | -766            | -439        | 0     | 480      | 0  | -6   | -731            | 0                   | 0   |
| General governments             | -14             | -8          | 0     | 8        | 0  | 0  | -14             | 0                   | 0   |
| Other financial corporations    | -25             | -16         | 0     | 18       | 0  | -3   | -26             | 0                   | 0   |
| Non-financial corporations      | -440            | -213        | 0     | 221      | 0  | 9  | -424            | 0                   | 0   |
| Households                      | -287            | -201        | 0     | 233      | 0  | -12  | -268            | 0                   | 0   |
| Total                           | -7,491          | -2,608      | 2,222 | 1,827    | 162  | -121   | -6,009          | -159                | 274   |
|                                 | ,               | ,           | , -   | 7        |  |  | -,              |                     |   |

## 21. Impairment loss for financial instruments

The following table shows impairment losses according to the respective financial instruments. The disclosed amounts comprise allocations of risk provisions and provisions as well as direct write off expenses. However, releases of risk provisions and provisions together with recoveries on written-off loans are not included.

| In EUR million  | Dec 15 | Dec 16 | Position in statement of comprehensive income |
|---|--------|--------|---|
| Allocations to risk provisions  | 2,620  | 2,090  | Net impairment loss on financial assets       |
| Direct write offs   | 167    | 226    | Net impairment loss on financial assets       |
| Impairment of loans and advances to credit institutions and customers | 2,787  | 2,316  | Net impairment loss on financial assets       |
| Financial assets - available for sale                                 | 63     | 10     | Net impairment loss on financial assets       |
| Financial assets - held to maturity                                   | 1      | 2      | Net impairment loss on financial assets       |
| Contingent credit risk liabilities                                    | 299    | 185    | Other operating result (Note 9)               |
| Total   | 3,150  | 2,514  |   |

## 22. Derivatives - hedge accounting

|                     | D              | ec 15 restated      |                     | Dec 16         |                     |                     |  |
|---------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| in EUR million      | Notional value | Positive fair value | Negative fair value | Notional value | Positive fair value | Negative fair value |  |
| Fair value hedges   | 25,457         | 2,108               | 601                 | 22,378         | 1,980               | 586                 |  |
| Interest rate       | 25,457         | 2,108               | 601                 | 22,378         | 1,980               | 586                 |  |
| Equity              | 0              | 0                   | 0                   | 0              | 0                   | 0                   |  |
| Foreign exchange    | 0              | 0                   | 0                   | 0              | 0                   | 0                   |  |
| Credit              | 0              | 0                   | 0                   | 0              | 0                   | 0                   |  |
| Commodity           | 0              | 0                   | 0                   | 0              | 0                   | 0                   |  |
| Other               | 0              | 0                   | 0                   | 0              | 0                   | 0                   |  |
| Cash flow hedges    | 4,547          | 161                 | 12                  | 987            | 14                  | 3                   |  |
| Interest rate       | 4,000          | 160                 | 10                  | 987            | 14                  | 3                   |  |
| Equity              | 0              | 0                   | 0                   | 0              | 0                   | 0                   |  |
| Foreign exchange    | 547            | 0                   | 2                   | 0              | 0                   | 0                   |  |
| Credit              | 0              | 0                   | 0                   | 0              | 0                   | 0                   |  |
| Commodity           | 0              | 0                   | 0                   | 0              | 0                   | 0                   |  |
| Other               | 0              | 0                   | 0                   | 0              | 0                   | 0                   |  |
| Total gross amounts | 30,004         | 2,269               | 614                 | 23,365         | 1,994               | 589                 |  |
| Offset              |                | -77                 | -21                 |                | -570                | -116                |  |
| Total               |                | 2,192               | 593                 |                | 1,424               | 473                 |  |

Due to improvements in systems nominal values for options (mainly caps) with a fair value of zero are included in the table for the first time. The amounts of the comparative period 2015 have been adjusted accordingly.

Erste Group undertakes a part of interest rate derivative transactions via London Clearing House. Consequently, those derivatives are shown net of the respective cash collaterals in the balance sheet in accordance with the criteria described in chapter 'B. Significant accounting policies'.

#### 23. Equity method investments

| in EUR million          | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
|-------------------------|--------|--------|
| Credit institutions     | 87     | 84     |
| Financial institutions  | 40     | 73     |
| Non-credit institutions | 39     | 36     |
| Total                   | 167    | 193    |

The table below shows the aggregated financial information of companies accounted for using the equity method:

| in EUR million    | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
|-------------------|--------|--------|
| Total assets      | 4,249  | 4,569  |
| Total liabilities | 3,761  | 4,042  |
| Income            | 176    | 224    |
| Profit/loss       | 42     | 30     |

None of Erste Group's investments accounted for using the equity method published price quotations.

## Significant equity method investments where the Erste Group has strategic interest

|   |                      | Dec 15          |                    |                  | Dec 16         |                    |
|---|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| in EUR million  | Davé stavalna é      | Let's Print     | VBV - Betriebliche | Davi stavelni    | Global         | VBV - Betriebliche |
|   | Prvá stavebná        | Holding AG      | Altersvorsorge AG  | Prvá stavebná    |                | Altersvorsorge AG  |
| Country of Incorporation                              | Slovakia             | Austria         | Austria            | Slovakia         | Czech Republic | Austria            |
| Place of business                                     | Slovakia             | Austria         | Austria            | Slovakia         | Czech Republic | Austria            |
| ***   | Financing            | D: " O"         |                    | Financing        | Payment        |                    |
| Main business activity                                | building society     | Printing Office | Insurance          | building society | services       | Insurance          |
| Ownership% held                                       | 35%                  | 42%             | 30%                | 35%              | 49%            | 30%                |
| Voting rights held%                                   | 35%                  | 42%             | 27%                | 35%              | 49%            | 27%                |
| IFRS Classification (JV/A)                            | Associate            | Associate       | Associate          | Associate        | Associate      | Associate          |
| Reporting currency                                    | Euro                 | Euro            | Euro               | Euro             | Czech crowns   | Euro               |
| Dividend income received                              | 0                    | 0               | 7                  | 0                | 0              | 6                  |
| Impairment loss recognized (cumulative basis)         | 0                    | 0               | 0                  | 0                | 0              | 0                  |
| Impairment loss recognized (for the reporting year)   | 0                    | 0               | 0                  | 0                | 0              | 0                  |
| Loan commitments, financial guarantees and other      |                      |                 |                    |                  |                |                    |
| commitments given                                     | 0                    | 0               | 0                  | 0                | 0              | 0                  |
|   |                      |                 |                    |                  |                |                    |
| Investee's financial information for the reporting ye |                      |                 |                    |                  |                |                    |
| Cash and cash balances                                | 0                    | 6               | 8                  | 0                | 2              | 9                  |
| Other current assets                                  | 367                  | 34              | 9                  | 602              | 51             | 8                  |
| Non-current assets                                    | 2,327                | 88              | 40                 | 2,178            | 60             | 40                 |
| Current liabilities                                   | 635                  | 26              | 0                  | 732              | 54             | 0                  |
| Non-current liabilities                               | 1,815                | 68              | 2                  | 1,815            | 0              | 2                  |
| Operating Income                                      | 76                   | 231             | 2                  | 69               | 14             | 2                  |
| Post-tax result from continuing operations            | 25                   | 5               | 7                  | 17               | 1              | 6                  |
| Post-tax result from discontinued operations          | 0                    | 0               | 0                  | 0                | 0              | 0                  |
| Other comprehensive income                            | 6                    | 0               | 0                  | 3                | 0              | 0                  |
| Total comprehensive income                            | 31                   | 5               | 7                  | 19               | 1              | 6                  |
| Depreciation and amortization                         | -4                   | -9              | 0                  | -4               | -4             | 0                  |
| Interest income                                       | 109                  | 0               | 0                  | 105              | 0              | 0                  |
| Interest expense                                      | -49                  | -2              | 0                  | -50              | 0              | 0                  |
| Tax expense/income                                    | -7                   | 0               | 0                  | -6               | -1             | 0                  |
|   |                      |                 |                    |                  |                |                    |
| Reconciliation of investee's net assets against equ   | ity investment's car | rying amount    |                    |                  |                |                    |
| Net assets attributable to Erste Group                | 85                   | 14              | 16                 | 81               | 28             | 16                 |
| Carrying goodwill included in the cost of investment  | 0                    | 2               | 0                  | 0                | 0              | 0                  |
| Impairments (cumulative basis)                        | 0                    | 0               | 0                  | 0                | 0              | 0                  |
| Carrying amount                                       | 85                   | 16              | 16                 | 81               | 28             | 16                 |

In 2015, the carrying amount of the equity investment Let's Print Holding AG in the amount of EUR 16 million was disclosed in the balance sheet under item 'Assets held for sale' (please see also Note 29 Assets held for sale and liabilities associated with assets held for sale). The investments of Let's Print Holding were sold in 2016. The resulting gain on sale was EUR 2.3 million.

#### Insignificant equity method investments

|  | Dec        | 15                | Dec 16     |                   |
|--|------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|
| in EUR million   | Associates | Joint<br>Ventures | Associates | Joint<br>Ventures |
| Investees' aggregated key financial information                    |            |                   |            |                   |
| Post-tax result from continuing operations                         | 6          | 0                 | 8          | 0                 |
| Post-tax result from discontinued operations                       | 0          | 0                 | 0          | 0                 |
| Other comprehensive income   | 0          | 0                 | 0          | 0                 |
| Total comprehensive income   | 7          | 0                 | 8          | 0                 |
| Loan commitments, financial guarantees and other commitments given | 0          | 0                 | 0          | 0                 |
| Carrying amount  | 58         | 7                 | 60         | 7                 |

#### 24. Unconsolidated structured entities

Erste Group uses structured entities in the course of its business activity. The definition of structured entities as well as of interests in structured entities is outlined in chapter 'B. Significant Accounting Policies'.

#### Investment funds

Direct investments in own-managed and third-party-managed investment funds as well as management fees earned for the management of investment funds by subsidiaries of Erste Group are classified as interests unconsolidated structured entities, if they are not consolidated.

**Direct investments in investment funds.** Erste Group is invested in several mutual funds as well as in private investment funds which are registered in Austria, Central- and Eastern Europe or other countries. The majority of those funds is managed by subsidiaries of Erste Group, the smaller part of the funds being managed by independent third parties. The investments in funds held by Erste Group do not constitute material investments (basically below 20%) and mostly take the form of redeemable fund unit investments. They are measured at fair value on the Group's balance sheet, and are disclosed as equity instruments either under line item 'Financial assets - available for sale' or 'Financial assets - held for trading'.

**Management Fees.** Moreover, Erste Group earnes management fees for providing investment management services as fund manager (by subsidiaries of Erste Group); meaning for making the investment decision for the funds under management of the relevant investment fund.

The magnitude of the Group's equity interests in unconsolidated investment funds may vary in the future depending on the future performance of their respective underlying assets, relevant market circumstances and opportunities, or regulatory requirements.

In the normal course of business activity, the Group is involved in trading derivative transactions with own-managed unconsolidated funds. Also, for shorter or longer periods, some of the own-managed unconsolidated funds may make placements in debt securities issued by Erste Group entities or in bank deposits held with Erste Group banks. In limited instances, Erste Group Bank AG provides capital performance guarantees to unconsolidated own-managed funds.

#### Securitization vehicles

Erste Group is also involved as an investor in a number of unconsolidated securitisation vehicles sponsored and managed by unrelated third parties in foreign jurisdictions. The interests of the Group in these entities mostly take the form of bond investments, the majority of which are classified as available for sale and therefore measured at fair value on the Group's balance sheet. Almost 99% of the exposure on unconsolidated securitisations relates to bond investments maturing beyond 1 year. At year end the remaining, weighted average maturity of those debt securities is slightly more than 8.5 years. The interests in securitization vehicles include Collateralized Debt Obligations (CDO), Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (CMO) and different kind of Asset Backed Securities (ABS).

#### Others

To a lesser extent, Erste Group is also exposed (notably as lender) to unconsolidated structured entities having other business activities, primarily real estate project-based.

#### Maximum exposure to unconsolidated structured entities

Erste Group's maximum exposure to losses from its interests in unconsolidated structured entities is equal to the total fair value of its fund units, bond investments, trading derivative assets, provided loans and off-balance sheet commitments and guarantees as of the respective balance sheet date.

The table below summarises the Group's business relations to unconsolidated structured entities per balance sheet line item, business activity and business location. The summary includes the assets identified as impaired at year-end, as well as related net impairment losses/gains incurred during the year. The carrying amounts of the exposures summarized below are mostly referring to assets already measured at fair value in the balance sheet of the Group. The carrying amounts of the remaining exposures (notably held to maturity investments) are materially similar to their fair values.

| Dec 16  | In              | vestment Fund       | ls    | Sec             | Securitization vehicles |       |       |       |
|---|-----------------|---------------------|-------|-----------------|-------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| in EUR million                                      | Own-<br>managed | Third-party managed | Total | Own-<br>managed | Third-party managed     | Total | Other | Total |
| Assets  |                 |                     |       |                 |                         |       |       |       |
| Equity instruments, thereof:                        | 698             | 114                 | 812   | 0               | 0                       | 0     | 0     | 812   |
| Available for sale                                  | 549             | 103                 | 652   | 0               | 0                       | 0     | 0     | 652   |
| Fair value through profit or loss                   | 149             | 11                  | 160   | 0               | 0                       | 0     | 0     | 160   |
| Debt securities, thereof:                           | 0               | 0                   | 0     | 0               | 340                     | 340   | 0     | 340   |
| Available for sale                                  | 0               | 0                   | 0     | 0               | 0                       | 0     | 0     | 0     |
| Fair value through profit or loss                   | 0               | 0                   | 0     | 0               | 0                       | 0     | 0     | 0     |
| Held to maturity                                    | 0               | 0                   | 0     | 0               | 0                       | 0     | 0     | 0     |
| Loans and receivables                               | 26              | 0                   | 26    | 0               | 0                       | 0     | 81    | 108   |
| Trading derivatives                                 | 69              | 0                   | 69    | 0               | 0                       | 0     | 2     | 72    |
| Total assets  | 793             | 114                 | 907   | 0               | 340                     | 340   | 84    | 1,331 |
| thereof impaired                                    | 9               | 5                   | 14    | 0               | 0                       | 0     | 0     | 14    |
| Net Impairment (losses)/gains for the year          | 0               | 0                   | 0     | 0               | 0                       | 0     | 0     | 0     |
| On-balance sheet exposure analysis per jurisdiction |                 |                     |       |                 |                         |       |       |       |
| Austria   | 739             | 24                  | 763   | 0               | 0                       | 0     | 84    | 847   |
| Central and Eastern Europe                          | 53              | 16                  | 69    | 0               | 0                       | 0     | 0     | 69    |
| Other jurisdictions                                 | 0               | 74                  | 74    | 0               | 340                     | 340   | 0     | 414   |
|   | 793             | 114                 | 907   | 0               | 340                     | 340   | 84    | 1,331 |
| Liabilities   |                 |                     |       |                 |                         |       |       |       |
| Equity Instruments                                  | 145             | 0                   | 145   | 0               | 0                       | 0     | 0     | 145   |
| Debt securities issued                              | 299             | 0                   | 299   | 0               | 0                       | 0     | 3     | 302   |
| Deposits  | 1,015           | 0                   | 1,015 | 0               | 0                       | 0     | 15    | 1,030 |
| Trading derivatives                                 | 14              | 0                   | 14    | 0               | 0                       | 0     | 0     | 14    |
| Total liabilities                                   | 1,472           | 0                   | 1,472 | 0               | 0                       | 0     | 19    | 1,491 |
| Off balance-sheet commitments                       | 0               | 0                   | 0     | 0               | 0                       | 0     | 5     | 5     |

The investments in unconsolidated securitization vehicles will presumably be sold in the next years.

| Dec 15  | Investment Funds |                     |       | Sec             | uritization vehicles | S     |       |       |
|---|------------------|---------------------|-------|-----------------|----------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| in EUR million                                      | Own-<br>managed  | Third-party managed | Total | Own-<br>managed | Third-party managed  | Total | Other | Total |
| Assets  |                  |                     |       |                 |                      |       |       |       |
| Equity instruments, thereof:                        | 579              | 289                 | 868   | 0               | 1                    | 1     | 0     | 868   |
| Available for sale                                  | 499              | 188                 | 687   | 0               | 1                    | 1     | 0     | 688   |
| Fair value through profit or loss                   | 80               | 100                 | 180   | 0               | 0                    | 0     | 0     | 180   |
| Debt securities, thereof:                           | 1                | 0                   | 1     | 0               | 639                  | 639   | 0     | 640   |
| Available for sale                                  | 0                | 0                   | 0     | 0               | 0                    | 0     | 0     | 0     |
| Fair value through profit or loss                   | 0                | 0                   | 0     | 0               | 0                    | 0     | 0     | 0     |
| Held to maturity                                    | 0                | 0                   | 0     | 0               | 0                    | 0     | 0     | 0     |
| Loans and receivables                               | 30               | 0                   | 30    | 0               | 0                    | 0     | 87    | 117   |
| Trading derivatives                                 | 13               | 0                   | 13    | 0               | 0                    | 0     | 3     | 16    |
| Non-current equities held for sale                  | 0                | 0                   | 0     | 0               | 0                    | 0     | 0     | 0     |
| Total assets  | 622              | 289                 | 911   | 0               | 639                  | 639   | 90    | 1,641 |
| thereof impaired                                    | 0                | 0                   | 0     | 0               | 1                    | 1     | 0     | 1     |
| Net Impairment (losses)/gains for the year          | 0                | -4                  | -4    | 0               | 0                    | 0     | 0     | -4    |
| On-balance sheet exposure analysis per jurisdiction |                  |                     |       |                 |                      |       |       |       |
| Austria   | 579              | 199                 | 777   | 0               | 7                    | 7     | 0     | 784   |
| Central and Eastern Europe                          | 43               | 21                  | 65    | 0               | 50                   | 50    | 90    | 205   |
| Other jurisdictions                                 | 0                | 69                  | 69    | 0               | 583                  | 583   | 0     | 652   |
|   | 622              | 289                 | 911   | 0               | 639                  | 639   | 90    | 1,641 |
| Liabilities   |                  |                     |       |                 |                      |       |       |       |
| Equity Instruments                                  | 1                | 0                   | 1     | 0               | 0                    | 0     | 0     | 1     |
| Debt securities issued                              | 117              | 0                   | 117   | 0               | 0                    | 0     | 3     | 120   |
| Deposits  | 1,104            | 0                   | 1,104 | 0               | 0                    | 0     | 14    | 1,118 |
| Trading derivatives                                 | 26               | 0                   | 26    | 0               | 0                    | 0     | 0     | 26    |
| Total liabilities                                   | 1,248            | 0                   | 1,248 | 0               | 0                    | 0     | 17    | 1,265 |
| Off balance-sheet commitments                       | 126              | 0                   | 126   | 0               | 0                    | 0     | 6     | 131   |

## 25. Non controlling interest

| Dec 16   |            | HV Sa                       | vings Banks, there      | of:                  |
|--|------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| in EUR million   | Total      | Sparkasse<br>Oberösterreich | Sparkasse<br>Steiermark | Sparkasse<br>Kärnten |
| Country of Incorporation                               | Austria    | Austria                     | Austria                 | Austria              |
| Place of business                                      | Austria    | Austria                     | Austria                 | Austria              |
| Main business activity                                 | Banking    | Banking                     | Banking                 | Banking              |
| Ownership% held by NCI                                 | 50.1%-100% | 60%                         | 75%                     | 75%                  |
| Reporting currency                                     | Euro       | Euro                        | Euro                    | Euro                 |
| Dividends paid to equity holders of the parent         | 46         | 4                           | 4                       | 1                    |
| Net result attributable to non-controlling interests   | 180        | 15                          | 51                      | 8                    |
| Accumulated NCI  | 3,691      | 462                         | 824                     | 205                  |
| Subsidiary-level stand-alone key financial information |            |                             |                         |                      |
| Current assets   | 14,446     | 4,119                       | 2,192                   | 563                  |
| Non-current assets                                     | 46,158     | 7,930                       | 10,334                  | 3,334                |
| Current liabilities                                    | 37,145     | 8,364                       | 6,328                   | 1,756                |
| Non-current liabilities                                | 18,136     | 2,819                       | 5,056                   | 1,847                |
| Operating income                                       | 1,525      | 283                         | 311                     | 108                  |
| Profit or loss from continuing operations              | 254        | 27                          | 76                      | 18                   |
| Total comprehensive income                             | 298        | 24                          | 73                      | 21                   |

| Dec 15   |            | HV Sa                       | vings Banks, there      | of:                  |
|--|------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| in EUR million   | Total      | Sparkasse<br>Oberösterreich | Sparkasse<br>Steiermark | Sparkasse<br>Kärnten |
| Country of Incorporation                               | Austria    | Austria                     | Austria                 | Austria              |
| Place of business                                      | Austria    | Austria                     | Austria                 | Austria              |
| Main business activity                                 | Banking    | Banking                     | Banking                 | Banking              |
| Ownership% held by NCI                                 | 50.1%-100% | 60%                         | 75%                     | 75%                  |
| Reporting currency                                     | Euro       | Euro                        | Euro                    | Euro                 |
| Dividends paid to equity holders of the parent         | 22         | 5                           | 4                       | 1                    |
| Net result attributable to non-controlling interests   | 282        | 33                          | 63                      | 15                   |
| Accumulated NCI  | 3,562      | 454                         | 776                     | 190                  |
| Subsidiary-level stand-alone key financial information |            |                             |                         |                      |
| Current assets   | 13,643     | 4,071                       | 1,936                   | 475                  |
| Non-current assets                                     | 46,378     | 7,982                       | 10,854                  | 3,309                |
| Current liabilities                                    | 35,973     | 8,104                       | 6,447                   | 1,692                |
| Non-current liabilities                                | 18,913     | 3,101                       | 5,275                   | 1,818                |
| Operating income                                       | 1,534      | 283                         | 312                     | 99                   |
| Profit or loss from continuing operations              | 382        | 65                          | 96                      | 21                   |
| Total comprehensive income                             | 424        | 84                          | 100                     | 28                   |

## 26. Property, equipment and Investment properties

## a) At cost

|                                 | P                                      | Property and equipme                                  | nt - Acquisition a      | nd production cos      | s                      |                       |
|---------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| in EUR million                  | Land and buildings (used by the Group) | Office and plant<br>equipment /<br>other fixed assets | IT assets<br>(hardware) | Movable other property | Property and equipment | Investment properties |
| Balance as of 1 January 2015    | 2,704                                  | 982   | 632                     | 532                    | 4,849                  | 1,432                 |
| Additions in current year (+)   | 133                                    | 128   | 66                      | 165                    | 493                    | 67                    |
| Disposals (-)                   | -73                                    | -59   | -73                     | -124                   | -328                   | -95                   |
| Acquisition of subsidiaries (+) | 15                                     | 0   | 0                       | 0                      | 15                     | 18                    |
| Disposal of subsidiaries (-)    | -1                                     | -2  | -1                      | 0                      | -3                     | -116                  |
| Reclassification (+/-)          | 9                                      | -1  | -2                      | -2                     | 3                      | 0                     |
| Assets held for sale (-)        | -14                                    | 0   | 0                       | -4                     | -18                    | -131                  |
| Currency translation (+/-)      | 18                                     | 4   | 1                       | 15                     | 37                     | 8                     |
| Balance as of 31 December 2015  | 2,791                                  | 1,052   | 624                     | 581                    | 5,049                  | 1,183                 |
| Additions (+)                   | 85                                     | 117   | 61                      | 174                    | 437                    | 164                   |
| Disposals (-)                   | -114                                   | -117  | -88                     | -110                   | -429                   | -186                  |
| Acquisition of subsidiaries (+) | -1                                     | 1   | 0                       | 0                      | 0                      | 416                   |
| Disposal of subsidiaries (-)    | 0                                      | 0   | 0                       | -8                     | -8                     | -170                  |
| Reclassification (+/-)          | -7                                     | 7   | 1                       | -7                     | -6                     | 8                     |
| Assets held for sale (-)        | 62                                     | 0   | 0                       | 0                      | 62                     | -34                   |
| Currency translation (+/-)      | 1                                      | 0   | -1                      | 7                      | 6                      | 1                     |
| Balance as of 31 December 2016  | 2,817                                  | 1,061   | 597                     | 638                    | 5,112                  | 1,383                 |

## b) Accumulated depreciation

|                                   |  | Property and equip                                    | oment - Accumula        | ated depreciation      |                        |                       |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| in EUR million                    | Land and<br>buildings (used<br>by the Group) | Office and plant<br>equipment /<br>other fixed assets | IT assets<br>(hardware) | Movable other property | Property and equipment | Investment properties |
| Balance as of 1 January 2015      | -1,065                                       | -779  | -530                    | -211                   | -2,585                 | -481                  |
| Amortisation and depreciation (-) | -73  | -51   | -46                     | -68                    | -238                   | -26                   |
| Disposals (+)                     | 48   | 29  | 66                      | 64                     | 206                    | 37                    |
| Acquisition of subsidiaries (-)   | 0  | 0   | 0                       | 0                      | 0                      | 0                     |
| Disposal of subsidiaries (+)      | 0  | 1   | 0                       | 0                      | 2                      | 37                    |
| Impairment (-)                    | -30  | -1  | 0                       | -4                     | -34                    | -9                    |
| Reversal of impairment (+)        | 3  | 0   | 0                       | 2                      | 5                      | 0                     |
| Reclassification (+/-)            | -5   | 0   | 2                       | 2                      | -1                     | -2                    |
| Assets held for sale (+)          | 6  | 0   | 0                       | 9                      | 15                     | 18                    |
| Currency translation (+/-)        | -8   | -2  | -1                      | -6                     | -18                    | -4                    |
| Balance as of 31 December 2015    | -1,123                                       | -802  | -510                    | -212                   | -2,647                 | -429                  |
| Amortisation and depreciation (-) | -81  | -50   | -45                     | -71                    | -247                   | -23                   |
| Disposals (+)                     | 77   | 74  | 84                      | 70                     | 305                    | 46                    |
| Acquisition of subsidiaries (-)   | 0  | -1  | 0                       | 0                      | -1                     | -42                   |
| Disposal of subsidiaries (+)      | 0  | 0   | 0                       | 0                      | 0                      | 71                    |
| Impairment (-)                    | -53  | 0   | 0                       | 0                      | -53                    | -3                    |
| Reversal of impairment (+)        | 2  | 0   | 0                       | 0                      | 2                      | 7                     |
| Reclassification (+/-)            | 0  | 1   | 1                       | 5                      | 7                      | -6                    |
| Assets held for sale (+)          | 0  | 0   | 0                       | 0                      | 0                      | 20                    |
| Currency translation (+/-)        | 0  | 0   | 2                       | -3                     | -2                     | 0                     |
| Balance as of 31 December 2016    | -1,179                                       | -778  | -468                    | -211                   | -2,636                 | -360                  |

## c) Carrying amounts

|                                |  | Property and equipment - carrying amounts |                         |                        |                        |                       |  |  |
|--------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| in EUR million                 | Land and<br>buildings (used<br>by the Group) |   | IT assets<br>(hardware) | Movable other property | Property and equipment | Investment properties |  |  |
| Balance as of 31 December 2015 | 1,668  | 250                                       | 114                     | 369                    | 2,402                  | 753                   |  |  |
| Balance as of 31 December 2016 | 1,638  | 283                                       | 129                     | 427                    | 2,477                  | 1,023                 |  |  |

The carrying amount of investment properties includes investment properties under operating leases in the amount of EUR 178 million (2015: EUR 159 million).

In the reporting period, borrowing costs of EUR 1.3 million (2015: EUR 6.3 million) were capitalised. The related interest rate was 0.1% (2015: from 0.5% to 3.1%).

The carrying amount of expenditures recognised in the items fixed assets and investment properties during their construction are EUR 26.4 million (2015: EUR 51.5 million). The contractual commitments for purchase of fixed assets are EUR 11.5 million (2015: EUR 81.4 million).

In 2015, the new headquarter of Erste Group Austria has been completed. As a result, EUR 72.5 million in land and buildings and EUR 38 million in office and plant equipment as well as other fixed assets are recorded as acquisitions during the reporting period. Further acquisitions in office and plant equipment and other fixed assets are related to the new equipment of branches of Erste Bank Oesterreich in the amount of EUR 11.8 million.

In 2016 land and buildings were impaired in the amount of EUR 51 million (2015: EUR 22 million) in Ceská spořitelna a.s.. As of 31 December 2015, the recoverable amount of these impaired assets amounted to EUR 10.7 million.

#### 27. Intangible assets

#### a) At cost

|                                 |          | Intangible a           | assets - Acquisitio | n and production  | on costs                                   | ,                                      |       |
|---------------------------------|----------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|--|-------|
| in EUR million                  | Goodwill | Customer relationships | Brand               | Software acquired | Self-constructed software within the Group | Others<br>(licenses,<br>patents, etc.) | Total |
| Balance as of 1 January 2015    | 3,932    | 774                    | 291                 | 1,268             | 419  | 408                                    | 7,092 |
| Additions in current year (+)   | 0        | 1                      | 0                   | 119               | 87   | 6                                      | 213   |
| Disposals (-)                   | 0        | 0                      | 0                   | -33               | -12  | -23                                    | -69   |
| Acquisition of subsidiaries (+) | 0        | 0                      | 0                   | 1                 | 0  | 1                                      | 2     |
| Disposal of subsidiaries (-)    | 0        | 0                      | 0                   | -1                | -1   | 0                                      | -2    |
| Reclassification (+/-)          | 0        | 0                      | 0                   | -6                | 4  | -1                                     | -3    |
| Assets held for sale (-)        | 0        | 0                      | 0                   | 0                 | 0  | -1                                     | -1    |
| Currency translation (+/-)      | -20      | -6                     | -3                  | 9                 | 0  | 6                                      | -13   |
| Balance as of 31 December 2015  | 3,912    | 769                    | 288                 | 1,356             | 498  | 396                                    | 7,219 |
| Additions (+)                   | 0        | 0                      | 0                   | 136               | 45   | 9                                      | 190   |
| Disposals (-)                   | 0        | -24                    | -2                  | -48               | -54  | -15                                    | -142  |
| Acquisition of subsidiaries (+) | 0        | 0                      | 0                   | 0                 | 0  | 0                                      | 0     |
| Disposal of subsidiaries (-)    | 0        | 0                      | 0                   | 0                 | 5  | 0                                      | 5     |
| Reclassification (+/-)          | 0        | 0                      | 0                   | -20               | 33   | -16                                    | -2    |
| Assets held for sale (-)        | 0        | 0                      | 0                   | 0                 | 0  | 0                                      | 0     |
| Exchange-rate changes (+/-)     | -6       | -1                     | -1                  | 2                 | 0  | 0                                      | -7    |
| Balance as of 31 December 2016  | 3,905    | 744                    | 285                 | 1,427             | 527  | 375                                    | 7,263 |

## b) Accumulated depreciation

|                                   |          | Intar                  | ngible assets - Acc | umulated deprecia | ation                                      |  |        |
|-----------------------------------|----------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|--|--------|
| in EUR million                    | Goodwill | Customer relationships | Brand               | Software acquired | Self-constructed software within the Group | Others<br>(licenses,<br>patents, etc.) | Total  |
| Balance as of 1 January 2015      | -3,161   | -712                   | -291                | -904              | -306                                       | -276                                   | -5,650 |
| Amortisation and depreciation (-) | 0        | -6                     | 0                   | -112              | -37  | -18                                    | -173   |
| Disposals (+)                     | 0        | 0                      | 0                   | 21                | 12   | 21                                     | 53     |
| Acquisition of subsidiaries (-)   | 0        | 0                      | 0                   | 0                 | 0  | 0                                      | 0      |
| Disposal of subsidiaries (+)      | 0        | 0                      | 0                   | 1                 | 0  | 0                                      | 1      |
| Impairment (-)                    | 0        | 0                      | 0                   | -1                | -4   | 0                                      | -5     |
| Reversal of impairment (+)        | 0        | 0                      | 0                   | 0                 | 0  | 0                                      | 0      |
| Reclassification (+/-)            | 0        | 0                      | 0                   | 7                 | -3   | -1                                     | 3      |
| Assets held for sale (+)          | 0        | 0                      | 0                   | 0                 | 0  | 0                                      | 1      |
| Currency translation (+/-)        | 20       | 6                      | 3                   | -6                | 0  | -6                                     | 17     |
| Balance as of 31 December 2015    | -3,142   | -712                   | -288                | -994              | -338                                       | -280                                   | -5,753 |
| Amortisation and depreciation (-) | 0        | -5                     | 0                   | -102              | -48  | -19                                    | -174   |
| Disposals (+)                     | 0        | 24                     | 2                   | 48                | 41   | 12                                     | 127    |
| Acquisition of subsidiaries (-)   | 0        | 0                      | 0                   | -3                | 0  | 0                                      | -3     |
| Disposal of subsidiaries (+)      | 0        | 0                      | 0                   | 5                 | -5   | 0                                      | 0      |
| Impairment (-)                    | -61      | 0                      | 0                   | -4                | -9   | 0                                      | -74    |
| Reversal of impairment (+)        | 0        | 0                      | 0                   | 0                 | 0  | 0                                      | 0      |
| Reclassification (+/-)            | 0        | 0                      | 0                   | -5                | -19  | 24                                     | -1     |
| Assets held for sale (+)          | 0        | 0                      | 0                   | 0                 | 0  | 0                                      | 0      |
| Currency translation (+/-)        | 6        | 2                      | 1                   | -1                | 0  | 0                                      | 8      |
| Balance as of 31 December 2016    | -3,197   | -692                   | -285                | -1,057            | -378                                       | -263                                   | -5,872 |

#### c) Carrying amounts

|                                |          | Ir                     | ntangible assets - | carrying amounts  | 3  |  |       |
|--------------------------------|----------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|--|-------|
| in EUR million                 | Goodwill | Customer relationships | Brand              | Software acquired | Self-constructed software within the Group | Others<br>(licenses,<br>patents, etc.) | Total |
| Balance as of 31 December 2015 | 771      | 57                     | 0                  | 362               | 159  | 116                                    | 1,464 |
| Balance as of 31 December 2016 | 710      | 51                     | 0                  | 369               | 148  | 112                                    | 1,390 |

The contractual commitments for the purchase of intangible assets amount to EUR 3.7 million (2015: EUR 18.4 million).

As of 31 December 2016 the customer relationship Ringturm Kapitalanlagegesellschaft m.b.H. amounted to EUR 49 million (2015: EUR 53 million). The remaining amortization period of the customer relationship in Ringturm Kapitalanlagegesellschaft m.b.H. is 11.8 years.

In 2015 the customer relationship and distribution network of Erste Card Club d.o. o.Croatia was fully amortized.

#### Development of goodwill

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill, as well as gross amounts and accumulated impairment losses of goodwill, for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 are shown below by country of subsidiary:

| in EUR million                 | Romania | Czech<br>Republic | Slovakia | Hungary | Croatia | Austria | Other countries | Total  |
|--------------------------------|---------|-------------------|----------|---------|---------|---------|-----------------|--------|
| Balance as of 1 January 2015   | 0       | 545               | 226      | 0       | 0       | 0       | 0               | 771    |
| Acquisitions                   | 0       | 0                 | 0        | 0       | 0       | 0       | 0               | 0      |
| Disposals                      | 0       | 0                 | 0        | 0       | 0       | 0       | 0               | 0      |
| Impairment losses              | 0       | 0                 | 0        | 0       | 0       | 0       | 0               | 0      |
| Exchange rate changes          | 0       | -1                | 0        | 0       | 0       | 0       | 0               | -1     |
| Balance as of 31 December 2015 | 0       | 544               | 226      | 0       | 0       | 0       | 0               | 771    |
| Gross amount of goodwill       | 2,251   | 544               | 226      | 313     | 114     | 363     | 120             | 3,931  |
| Cumulative impairment          | -2,251  | 0                 | 0        | -313    | -114    | -363    | -120            | -3,161 |
| Balance as of 1 January 2016   | 0       | 545               | 226      | 0       | 0       | 0       | 0               | 771    |
| Acquisitions                   | 0       | 0                 | 0        | 0       | 0       | 0       | 0               | 0      |
| Disposals                      | 0       | 0                 | 0        | 0       | 0       | 0       | 0               | 0      |
| Impairment losses              | 0       | 0                 | -61      | 0       | 0       | 0       | 0               | -61    |
| Exchange rate changes          | 0       | 0                 | 0        | 0       | 0       | 0       | 0               | 0      |
| Balance as of 31 December 2016 | 0       | 544               | 165      | 0       | 0       | 0       | 0               | 710    |
| Gross amount of goodwill       | 2,251   | 544               | 226      | 313     | 114     | 363     | 120             | 3,931  |
| Cumulative impairment          | -2,251  | 0                 | -61      | -313    | -114    | -363    | -120            | -3,222 |

In the goodwill development summary presented above, all relevant entities (cash generating units) are grouped by country of domicile of the relevant subsidiaries.

The gross amounts of the goodwill elements presented above are the amounts as determined at the time of the related acquisitions, less accumulated impairments until 31 December 2016, including the effects of exchange rate changes.

The goodwill elements having a non-nil carrying amounts as of 31 December 2015 have been assessed for objective evidence of impairment on a quarterly basis throughout the year 2016. Due to the lack of objective evidence, the goodwill impairment assessment for the year 2016 addressed the following subsidiaries (cash generating units):

- \_ Česká spořitelna a.s. ('CSAS')
- \_ Slovenská sporiteľňa a.s. ('SLSP')

The analysis per subsidiary (cash generating unit) of both the carrying goodwill as at 31 December 2016 and of the impairment losses recognized for the year 2016 is presented in the table below. The table also summarizes the key elements of the approach taken in designing and performing the goodwill impairment test as at the end of 2016.

|   | CSAS   | SLSP                  |  |  |
|---|--|-----------------------|--|--|
| Carrying amount of goodwill as of 1 January 2016                                  | 545  | 226                   |  |  |
| Effect of exchange rate changes for the year 2016                                 | 0  | 0                     |  |  |
| Basis upon which recoverable amount has been determined                           | Value in Use (discounted cash flow model based)  |                       |  |  |
| Key input parameters into the discounted cash flow model                          | Risk Free Rate, Terminal Growth Rate, β Factor, Market Risk Premium  |                       |  |  |
| Description of approach to determining value assigned to risk free rate           | Risk Free Rate has been set at 0,90% p.a. throughout relevant Group's CGUs based on relevant financial statistics published by Deutsche Bundesbank as at the reference date 31 October 2016  |                       |  |  |
| Description of approach to determining values assigned to terminal growth rate    | For non-Austrian (CEE) CGUs: Terminal Growth Rate has been equated to 3.00%, recommended cap level for the Terminal Growh Rate, as per the report ESMA/2013/. Review of Impairment of Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets in the IFRS Financial the European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA). | 2 "European Enforcers |  |  |
| Description of approach to determining values assigned to β factor                | Set as the median value of a group of levered β factors attributable to a sample of 'peer banks' representative of the tested banks (CGUs), as published by Capital IQ as of the reference date 31 October 2016.   |                       |  |  |
| Description of approach to determining values assigned to market risk premium     | Set at 7.0% throughout relevant Group's CGUs based on publicly available evaluatio Chamber of Commerce (Kammer der Wirtschaftstreuhänder).   | ns by the Austrian    |  |  |
| Period of cash flow projection (years)  | 5 years (2017 - 2021); extrapolation to perpetuity based on Terminal Growth Rate   |                       |  |  |
| Discount rate applied to cash flow projections (pre-tax)                          | 12.6%  | 12.9%                 |  |  |
| The value assigned to β Factor  | 1.16   | 1.16                  |  |  |
| Amount of goodwill impairment loss recognised in profit or loss for the year 2016 | 0  | -61                   |  |  |
| Post-impairment carrying amount of goodwill as of 31 December 2016                | 544  | 165                   |  |  |

In respect of the assessed cash generating units located outside the euro-zone, an inflation differential has been considered in the determination of the discount rates applicable to the related 2017-2021 cash flow projections.

The comparative summary at subsidiary-level as of 31 December 2015 is presented below:

|  | CSAS   | SLSP                      |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Carrying amount of goodwill as of 1 January 2015   | 545  | 226                       |  |  |  |  |
| Effect of exchange rate changes for the year 2015  | 0  | 0                         |  |  |  |  |
| Basis upon which recoverable amount has been determined  | led Value in Use (discounted cash flow model based)  |                           |  |  |  |  |
| Key input parameters into the discounted cash flow model   | Risk Free Rate, Terminal Growth Rate, β Factor, Market Risk Premium  |                           |  |  |  |  |
| Description of approach to determining value  Risk Free Rate has been set at 1.29% p.a. throughout relevant Group's CGUs based on relevant fine assigned to risk free rate  Risk Free Rate has been set at 1.29% p.a. throughout relevant Group's CGUs based on relevant fine assigned to risk free rate |  |                           |  |  |  |  |
| Description of approach to determining values assigned to terminal growth rate   | For non-Austrian (CEE) CGUs: Terminal Growth Rate has been equated to 3.00%, representing the recommended cap level for the Terminal Growh Rate, as per the report ESMA/2013/2 "European Enforcers Review of Impairment of Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets in the IFRS Financial Statements" published by t European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA). |                           |  |  |  |  |
| Description of approach to determining values assigned to β factor   | Set as the median value of a group of levered β factors attributable to a sample of 'peer banks' representative of the tested banks (CGUs), as published by Capital IQ as of the reference date 31 October 2015.   |                           |  |  |  |  |
| Description of approach to determining values assigned to market risk premium  | Set at 6.5% throughout relevant Group's CGUs based on publicly available evan Chamber of Commerce (Kammer der Wirtschaftstreuhänder).  | aluations by the Austrian |  |  |  |  |
| Period of cash flow projection (years)   | 5 years (2016 - 2020); extrapolation to perpetuity based on Terminal Growth R  | ate                       |  |  |  |  |
| Discount rate applied to cash flow projections (pre-tax)   | 12.45%   | 12.90%                    |  |  |  |  |
| The value assigned to β Factor   | 1.182  | 1.182                     |  |  |  |  |
| Amount of goodwill impairment loss recognised in profit or loss for the year 2015  | -1   | 0                         |  |  |  |  |
| Post-impairment carrying amount of goodwill as of 31 December 2015   | 544  | 226                       |  |  |  |  |

In connection with those tested cash-generating units for which no goodwill impairment loss was determined as of 31 December 2016, the table below summarizes the outcome of the sensitivity analysis performed to determine by how much the key input parameters into the applied discounted cash flow models would need to vary in order to cause the unit's calculated recoverable amount to equal its related carrying amount:

| Growth rates  | CSAS   |
|---|--------|
| Amount by which recoverable amount exceeds carrying amount  | 1,435  |
| Risk free rate increase that would cause recoverable amount to equal carrying amount (basis points)       | 2,29%  |
| Terminal growth rate decrease that would cause recoverable amount to equal carrying amount (basis points) | -7,94% |
| β factor increase that would cause recoverable amount to equal carrying amount (coefficient value)        | 0.327  |
| Market risk premium increase that would cause recoverable amount to equal carrying amount (basis points)  | 1,97%  |

As of 31 December 2015, the comparative sensitivity analysis figures were as follows:

| Growth rates  | CSAS    | SLSP    |
|---|---------|---------|
| Amount by which recoverable amount exceeds carrying amount  | 2,568   | 668     |
| Risk free rate increase that would cause recoverable amount to equal carrying amount (basis points)       | 4.52%   | 3.05%   |
| Terminal growth rate decrease that would cause recoverable amount to equal carrying amount (basis points) | -19.23% | -13.27% |
| β factor increase that would cause recoverable amount to equal carrying amount (coefficient value)        | 0.695   | 0.469   |
| Market risk premium increase that would cause recoverable amount to equal carrying amount (basis points)  | 3.82%   | 2.58%   |

#### 28. Tax assets and liabilities

|  |                    |                    |                            |                            | Net variance 2016 |                        |  |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|--|
| in EUR million   | Tax assets<br>2016 | Tax assets<br>2015 | Tax<br>liabilities<br>2016 | Tax<br>liabilities<br>2015 | Total             | Through profit or loss | Through<br>other<br>compre-<br>hensive<br>income |
| Temporary differences relate to the following items:                                   |                    |                    |                            |                            |                   |                        |  |
| Loans and advances to credit institutions and customers                                | 197                | 238                | -48                        | -38                        | -51               | -51                    | 0  |
| Financial assets - available for sale  | 19                 | 12                 | -300                       | -245                       | -47               | -52                    | 4  |
| Property and equipment (useful life in tax law different)                              | 29                 | 31                 | -20                        | -27                        | 5                 | 5                      | 0  |
| Amortisation of investments in subsidiaries (tax-effective in subsequent years)        | 53                 | 47                 | 0                          | -9                         | 15                | 15                     | 0  |
| Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost (deposits and debt securities issued) | 81                 | 172                | -18                        | 0                          | -110              | -110                   | 0  |
| Long-term employee provisions (tax valuation different)                                | 116                | 94                 | -3                         | -3                         | 21                | 31                     | -9   |
| Other provisions (tax valuation different)   | 77                 | 56                 | -6                         | -8                         | 23                | 23                     | 0  |
| Tax loss carry-forward   | 77                 | 101                | 0                          | 0                          | -19               | -19                    | 0  |
| Customer relationships, brands and other intangibles                                   | 5                  | 0                  | -37                        | -15                        | -17               | -17                    | 0  |
| Other  | 731                | 629                | -787                       | -822                       | 132               | 124                    | 4  |
| Effect of netting gross deferred tax position  | -1,152             | -1,071             | 1,152                      | 1,071                      | 0                 | 0                      | 0  |
| Total deferred taxes   | 234                | 310                | -68                        | -96                        | -48               | -50                    | 0  |
| Current taxes  | 124                | 119                | -66                        | -90                        | 30                | -363                   | 0  |
| Total taxes  | 358                | 429                | -133                       | -186                       | -19               | -414                   | 0  |

The deferred tax positions presented above at the granularity level of their respective underlying sources (these are: temporary differences between the IFRS-accounting and the tax values of assets and liabilities, and accumulated tax losses) are measured prior to subsidiary-level balance-sheet netting of attributable gross deferred tax assets and gross deferred tax liabilities and before consideration of consolidation effects. Also, except for the deferred tax assets attributable to tax loss carry-forward and to amortisation of investments in subsidiaries (tax-effective in subsequent years), that the impacts of the impairment recordings of the afore-described recoverability assessments could be distinctly allocated to, the amounts presented above are before those impacts of impairment recordings on the respective potential deferred tax asset positions, that are calculated at entity level.

The remaining effects of impairment, that could not be distinctly allocated to the issue-related deferred tax positions in the table above and also the consolidation effects, are included in the row 'Other' together with the other deferred tax positions not being shown separately in the table above.

Out of the total net amount of EUR 48 million (2015: EUR 12 million) representing the year-on-year variance in the Group's consolidated net deferred tax position, an amount of EUR 50 million (2015: EUR 4 million) is reflected as net deferred tax expense in the Group's income statement for the year 2016, whilst an amount of EUR 0.3 million (2015: EUR 2 million) represents the impact in the Group's other comprehensive income for the year. The remaining EUR 2 million (2015: EUR 6 million) is attributable to other categories of variances in the consolidated net deferred tax position notably due to foreign exchange differences and changes in the scope of consolidation.

The Group's consolidated deferred tax asset position in amount of EUR 234 million as at 31 December 2016 (2015: EUR 310 million) is expected to be recoverable in the foreseeable future. In spite of losses in the current or prior period for the components of the group af-

fected this recoverability is also expected to be the case for their amounts of deferred tax assets which are exceeding their deferred tax liabilities by an amount of EUR 16 million as at 31 December 2016 (2015: EUR 218 million). These expectations result from year-end recoverability assessments undertaken by the Group's entities, either at individual level, or at relevant tax group level. Such assessments are comparing net temporary deductible differences and available fiscal losses at year-end – after offsetting with deferred tax liabilities at individual level or at relevant tax group level - with fiscal profit forecasts for a group-wide unified and unchanged time horizon of a maximum 5 years depending on the fiscal jurisdiction and applicable facts and circumstances. If the result of these assessments is negative, the deferred tax asset positions are correspondingly not recorded and the already existing deferred tax asset positions are correspondingly depreciated.

In 2016 for the Group as a whole there was a decrease in the net deferred tax assets in comparison to 2015. The effect mainly results from substantial tax loss consumption in Croatia and Romania. In addition, in Slovakia, Croatia and Hungary due to change of tax rate the total deferred tax assets decreased by EUR 5.5 million. Further information on total tax expense is provided in Note 10.

In accordance with IAS 12.39, no deferred tax liabilities were recognized for temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries with an amount of EUR 1,134 million (31 December 2015: EUR 1,517 million), as they are not expected to reverse in the foreseeable future. As at 31 December 2016, no deferred tax assets were recognized for tax loss carry-forward and deductible temporary differences with a total amount of EUR 5,290 million, of which EUR 2,163 million relates to tax loss carry-forward (31 December 2015: EUR 5,960 million, of which EUR 3,361 million relates to tax loss carry-forward), as they are not expected to be realized in the foreseeable future. The figure comprises an amount of EUR 1,511 million (31 December 2015: EUR 241 million) representing temporary differences in connection with investments in subsidiaries no deferred tax assets have been recognized for in accordance with IAS 12.44.

From the total of the not recorded deferred tax assets related to tax loss carry-forward in the following period EUR 1 million will expire (31 December 2015: EUR 1 million) and in later periods EUR 76 million (31 December 2015: EUR 148 million), EUR 341 million (31 December 2015: EUR 620 million) will not expire.

#### 29. Assets held for sale and liabilities associated with assets held for sale

| in EUR million                                   | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
|--|--------|--------|
| Assets held for sale                             | 526    | 279    |
| Liabilities associated with assets held for sale | 578    | 5      |

As of the end of 2016, 'Assets held for sale' include mainly land and buildings in amount of EUR 163 million (2015: EUR 381 million).

For the assets which have been classified under IFRS 5 since the year 2015, the twelve-month deadline had been exceeded. Despite of intense sales negotiations and the related sales intentions, circumstances that had been outside the control of Erste Group occurred, and had prevented the sale of the assets until the end of the twelve-month period. The sales process could not be completed in 2016. For this reason, the classification in accordance with IFRS 5 has been reversed in accordance with the applicable requirements. The assets concerned, in amount of EUR 73, were reclassified to the original balance sheet items. The effect of the adjustment of the carrying amount of the assets upon the reclassification was a loss of EUR 1.1 million included in the other operating result.

Having met the qualifying criteria of IFRS 5, Sparkasse Bank Malta plc is presented in Erste Group consolidated financial statement for the financial year ending 31 December 2015 as a disposal group held for sale. The assets and liabilities of Sparkasse Bank Malta plc are disclosed under the balance sheet line items 'Assets held for sale' and 'Liabilities associated with assets held for sale'. In compliance with the disclosure requirements of IFRS 5, the assets and liabilities of Sparkasse Bank Malta plc were not reclassified in the statements of financial positions of previous periods. Prior to the reclassification as a disposal group held for sale in the consolidated balance sheet of Erste Group, an impairment test of the non-financial assets of Sparkasse Bank Malta plc according to IAS 36 was performed. According to this impairment test, no impairment was recognized for the non-financial assets of the disposal group. The gain resulted from this transaction was EUR 2.9 million and was shown in position 'Other operating income'.

#### 30. Other assets

| in EUR million                 | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
|--------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Prepayments and accrued income | 197    | 177    |
| Inventories                    | 270    | 253    |
| Sundry assets                  | 750    | 590    |
| Other assets                   | 1,217  | 1,020  |

'Sundry assets' consist mainly of clearing items from the settlement of securities and payment transactions as well as advanced payments for assets under construction. Project development companies are shown in positon inventories.

The amount of any write-down of inventories recognised as an expense in the period amounted to EUR 12 million (2015: EUR 3 million).

#### 31. Other trading liabilities

| in EUR million             | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
|----------------------------|--------|--------|
| Short positions            | 382    | 366    |
| Equity instruments         | 191    | 240    |
| Debt securities            | 191    | 126    |
| Debt securities issued     | 51     | 59     |
| Sundry trading liabilities | 0      | 152    |
| Other trading liabilities  | 434    | 577    |

The decrease in other trading liabilities concerns deposits which were classified as financial liabilities held for trading.

## 32. Financial liabilities - at fair value through profit and loss

|   | Carrying amount |        | Amount | Amount repayable |        | Delta between carrying amount and amount repayable |  |
|---|-----------------|--------|--------|------------------|--------|--|--|
| in EUR million  | Dec 15          | Dec 16 | Dec 15 | Dec 16           | Dec 15 | Dec 16   |  |
| Financial liabilities - at fair value through profit or |                 |        |        |                  |        |  |  |
| loss  | 1,907           | 1,763  | 1,880  | 1,720            | 26     | 43   |  |
| Deposits from banks                                     | 0               | 0      | 0      | 0                | 0      | 0  |  |
| Deposits from customers                                 | 149             | 74     | 150    | 74               | (1)    | (0)  |  |
| Debt securities issued                                  | 1,758           | 1,689  | 1,731  | 1,646            | 27     | 43   |  |
| Other financial liabilities                             | 0               | 0      | 0      | 0                | 0      | 0  |  |

## Fair value changes that are attributable to changes in own credit risk

|  | For report | Cumulativ | Cumulative amount |        |
|--|------------|-----------|-------------------|--------|
| in EUR million   | 1-12 15    | 1-12 16   | Dec 15            | Dec 16 |
| Financial liabilities - at fair value through profit or loss | -8.7       | 18.0      | 40.5              | 57.1   |
| Deposits from banks  | 0.0        | 0.0       | 0.0               | 0.0    |
| Deposits from customers                                      | -0.9       | -0.1      | 0.3               | 0.1    |
| Debt securities issued                                       | -7.8       | 18.2      | 40.3              | 57.0   |
| Other financial liabilities                                  | 0.0        | 0.0       | 0.0               | 0.0    |

In 2016 the fair value of 'financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' increased due to changes in own credit risk in the amount of EUR 18.0 million (2015: decrease of EUR 8.7 million). The cumulative increase due to the change of own credit risk amounts to EUR 57.1 million as of 31 December 2016 (31 December 2015: EUR 40.5 million).

## **Debt securities issued**

| In EUR million Dec                  | 15 | Dec 16 |
|-------------------------------------|----|--------|
| Subordinated liabilities 4          | 23 | 556    |
| Subordinated issues and deposits 4  | 23 | 556    |
| Hybrid issues                       | 0  | 0      |
| Other debt securities issued 1,3    | 35 | 1,133  |
| Bonds 9                             | 53 | 763    |
| Certificates of deposit             | 0  | 0      |
| Registered bonds/other certificates | 74 | 69     |
| Mortgage covered bonds 3            | 08 | 302    |
| Public sector covered bonds         | 0  | 0      |
| Other                               | 0  | 0      |
| Debt securities issued 1,7          | 58 | 1,689  |

#### 33. Financial liabilities measured at amortised costs

## **Deposits from banks**

| in EUR million        | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
|-----------------------|--------|--------|
| Overnight deposits    | 3,272  | 3,557  |
| Term deposits         | 9,665  | 9,540  |
| Repurchase agreements | 1,275  | 1,534  |
| Deposits from banks   | 14,212 | 14,631 |

## **Deposits from customers**

| Overright deposits         73,716         85,707           Savings deposits         19,066         21,873           General governments         0         0           Other financial corporations         191         267           Non-financial corporations         11,154         1,344           Households         17,721         20,202           Non-savings deposits         54,651         63,834           General governments         3,398         4,637           Other financial corporations         4,402         4,774           Non-financial corporations         16,625         19,288           Households         30,225         35,135           Term deposits         53,671         52,076           Deposits with agreed maturity         48,842         46,925           Savings deposits         9,414         23,091           General governments         0         0           Other financial corporations         1,686         75,776           Non-savings deposits         1,686         76,77           Non-savings deposits         1,764         1,740           Other financial corporations         1,764         1,740           Non-savings deposits         1,764   | in EUR million                | Dec 15  | Dec 16  |
|---|-------------------------------|---------|---------|
| General governments         0         0           Other financial corporations         191         267           Non-financial corporations         11,154         1,344           Households         11,721         20,262           Non-savings deposits         54,851         63,834           General governments         3,398         4,637           Other financial corporations         4,402         4,774           Non-financial corporations         16,625         19,288           Households         30,225         35,135           Torm deposits         53,671         52,076           Deposits with agreed maturity         48,842         46,925           Savings deposits         34,142         32,091           General governments         0         0           Other financial corporations         1,060         757           Non-financial corporations         1,447         1,333           Households         31,635         30,0001           Non-savings deposits         14,700         14,834           General governments         2,153         2,460           Non-financial corporations         3,006         3,214           Households         3,006         3,214   | Overnight deposits            | 73,716  | 85,707  |
| Other financial corporations         191         267           Non-financial corporations         1,154         1,344           Households         17,721         20,262           Non-savings deposits         54,651         63,834           General governments         3,398         4,637           Other financial corporations         4,402         4,774           Non-financial corporations         4,402         4,774           Non-financial corporations         16,625         19,288           Households         30,225         35,135           Term deposits         53,671         52,076           Deposits with agreed maturity         48,842         46,925           Savings deposits         34,142         32,091           General governments         0         0           Other financial corporations         1,060         757           Non-financial corporations         1,447         1,333           Households         31,855         30,001           Non-financial corporations         1,764         1,740           Non-financial corporations         2,153         2,460           Non-financial corporations         3,006         3,214           Households         7,77  | Savings deposits              | 19,066  | 21,873  |
| Non-financial corporations         1,154         1,344           Households         17,721         2,0262           Non-savings deposits         54,651         63,834           General governments         3,398         4,637           Other financial corporations         4,402         4,774           Non-financial corporations         16,625         19,288           Households         30,225         35,135           Term deposits         53,671         52,076           Deposits with agreed maturity         48,842         46,925           Savings deposits         3,4142         32,991           General governments         0         0           Other financial corporations         1,467         1,333           Households         31,635         30,001           Non-savings deposits         14,700         14,834           General governments         1,764         1,740           Other financial corporations         2,153         2,460           Non-financial corporations         2,153         2,460           Non-financial corporations         2,153         2,460           Non-financial corporations         69         70           Non-financial corporations <td< td=""><td>General governments</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></td<>  | General governments           | 0       | 0       |
| Households         17,721         20,282           Non-savings deposits         54,651         63,834           General governments         4,002         4,774           Non-financial corporations         4,002         4,774           Non-financial corporations         16,625         19,288           Households         30,225         35,135           Term deposits         53,671         52,076           Deposits with agreed maturity         48,842         46,925           Savings deposits         9,0         0           General governments         0         0           Other financial corporations         1,060         757           Non-financial corporations         1,447         1,333           Households         31,635         30,001           Non-avings deposits         14,700         14,834           General governments         1,764         1,740           Other financial corporations         2,153         2,460           Non-financial corporations         3,006         3,214           Households         7,776         7,420           Deposits redeemable at notice         4,829         5,151           General governments         0         1   | Other financial corporations  | 191     | 267     |
| Non-savings deposits         54,651         63,834           General governments         3,388         4,637           Other financial corporations         16,625         19,288           Households         30,225         35,135           Term deposits         53,671         52,076           Deposits with agreed maturity         48,842         46,925           Savings deposits         34,142         32,091           General governments         0         0           Other financial corporations         1,060         757           Non-financial corporations         1,477         1,333           Households         31,635         30,001           Non-savings deposits         14,700         14,834           General governments         1,764         1,774           Other financial corporations         2,153         2,460           Non-financial corporations         2,153         2,460           Non-financial corporations         3,006         3,214           Households         7,776         7,200           Deposits redeemable at notice         4,292         5,151           General governments         0         1           Other financial corporations         69   | Non-financial corporations    | 1,154   | 1,344   |
| General governments         3,398         4,637           Other financial corporations         4,402         4,774           Non-financial corporations         16,625         19,288           Households         30,225         35,135           Term deposits         53,671         52,076           Deposits with agreed maturity         48,842         46,925           Savings deposits         34,142         32,091           General governments         0         0           Other financial corporations         1,1600         757           Non-financial corporations         1,447         1,333           Households         31,635         30,001           Non-savings deposits         14,700         14,834           General governments         1,764         1,740           Other financial corporations         2,153         2,460           Non-financial corporations         3,006         3,214           Households         7,776         7,420           Deposits redeemable at notice         4,829         5,151           General governments         0         1           Other financial corporations         69         70           Non-financial corporations         4,597 <td>Households</td> <td>17,721</td> <td>20,262</td>   | Households                    | 17,721  | 20,262  |
| Other financial corporations         4,402         4,774           Non-financial corporations         16,625         19,288           Households         30,225         35,135           Term deposits         53,671         52,076           Deposits with agreed maturity         48,842         46,925           Savings deposits         34,142         32,091           General governments         0         0           Other financial corporations         1,060         757           Non-financial corporations         1,447         1,333           Households         31,635         30,001           Non-savings deposits         14,700         14,834           General governments         1,764         1,740           Other financial corporations         2,153         2,460           Non-financial corporations         3,006         3,214           Households         7,776         7,420           Deposits redeemable at notice         4,829         5,151           General governments         0         1           Other financial corporations         69         70           Non-financial corporations         69         70           Non-financial corporations         4,527 <td>Non-savings deposits</td> <td>54,651</td> <td>63,834</td>   | Non-savings deposits          | 54,651  | 63,834  |
| Non-financial corporations         16,625         19,288           Households         30,225         35,135         55,671         52,076           Deposits with agreed maturity         48,842         46,925         Savings deposits         34,142         32,091         32,091         34,142         32,091         32,091         32,091         32,091         32,091         32,091         32,091         32,091         32,091         32,091         32,091         32,091         32,001 </td <td>General governments</td> <td>3,398</td> <td>4,637</td> | General governments           | 3,398   | 4,637   |
| Households         30,225         35,135           Term deposits         53,671         52,076           Deposits with agreed maturity         48,842         46,925           Savings deposits         34,142         32,091           General governments         0         0         0           Other financial corporations         1,060         757           Non-financial corporations         1,447         1,333           Households         31,635         30,001           Non-savings deposits         14,700         14,834           General governments         1,764         1,744           Other financial corporations         2,153         2,460           Non-financial corporations         3,006         3,214           Households         7,776         7,420           Deposits redeemable at notice         4,829         5,151           General governments         0         1           Other financial corporations         69         70           Non-financial corporations         69         70           Non-financial corporations         4,597         5,011           Repurchase agreements         410         156           General governments         95  | Other financial corporations  | 4,402   | 4,774   |
| Term deposits         53,671         52,076           Deposits with agreed maturity         48,842         46,925           Savings deposits         34,142         32,091           General governments         0         0           Other financial corporations         1,060         757           Non-financial corporations         1,447         1,333           Households         31,635         30,001           Non-savings deposits         14,700         14,834           General governments         1,764         1,740           Other financial corporations         2,153         2,460           Non-financial corporations         3,006         3,214           Households         7,776         7,420           Deposits redeemable at notice         4,829         5,151           General governments         0         1           Other financial corporations         69         70           Non-financial corporations         69         70           Non-financial corporations         163         69           Households         4,597         5,011           Repurchase agreements         410         156           General governments         304         52 </td <td>Non-financial corporations</td> <td>16,625</td> <td>19,288</td>  | Non-financial corporations    | 16,625  | 19,288  |
| Deposits with agreed maturity         48,842         46,925           Savings deposits         34,142         32,091           General governments         0         0           Other financial corporations         1,060         757           Non-financial corporations         1,447         1,333           Households         31,635         30,001           Non-savings deposits         14,700         14,834           General governments         1,764         1,740           Other financial corporations         2,153         2,460           Non-financial corporations         3,006         3,214           Households         7,776         7,420           Deposits redeemable at notice         4,829         5,151           General governments         0         1           Other financial corporations         69         70           Non-financial corporations         163         69           Households         4,597         5,011           Repurchase agreements         110         156           General governments         304         52           Other financial corporations         11         0           Non-financial corporations         95         104  | Households                    | 30,225  | 35,135  |
| Savings deposits         34,142         32,091           General governments         0         0           Other financial corporations         1,060         757           Non-financial corporations         1,447         1,333           Households         31,635         30,001           Non-savings deposits         14,700         14,834           General governments         1,764         1,740           Other financial corporations         2,153         2,460           Non-financial corporations         3,006         3,214           Households         7,776         7,420           Deposits redeemable at notice         4,829         5,151           General governments         0         1           Other financial corporations         69         70           Non-financial corporations         69         70           Non-financial corporations         4,597         5,011           Repurchase agreements         410         156           General governments         304         52           Other financial corporations         95         104           Households         0         0           Deposits from customers         127,97         137,939 </td <td>Term deposits</td> <td>53,671</td> <td>52,076</td>   | Term deposits                 | 53,671  | 52,076  |
| General governments         0         0           Other financial corporations         1,060         757           Non-financial corporations         1,447         1,333           Households         31,635         30,001           Non-savings deposits         14,700         14,834           General governments         1,764         1,740           Other financial corporations         2,153         2,460           Non-financial corporations         3,006         3,214           Households         7,776         7,420           Deposits redeemable at notice         4,829         5,151           General governments         0         1           Other financial corporations         69         70           Non-financial corporations         69         70           Repurchase agreements         410         156           General governments         304         52           Other financial corporations         95         104           Households         95         104           Households         0         0           Cother financial corporations         95         104           Households         0         0           Deposits from  | Deposits with agreed maturity | 48,842  | 46,925  |
| Other financial corporations         1,060         757           Non-financial corporations         1,447         1,333           Households         31,635         30,001           Non-savings deposits         14,700         14,834           General governments         1,764         1,740           Other financial corporations         2,153         2,460           Non-financial corporations         3,006         3,214           Households         7,776         7,420           Deposits redeemable at notice         4,829         5,151           General governments         0         1           Other financial corporations         69         70           Non-financial corporations         163         69           Households         4,597         5,011           Repurchase agreements         410         156           General governments         304         52           Other financial corporations         95         104           Households         0         0           Deposits from customers         127,797         137,939           General governments         5,466         6,429           Other financial corporations         7,886         8,227   | Savings deposits              | 34,142  | 32,091  |
| Non-financial corporations         1,447         1,333           Households         31,635         30,001           Non-savings deposits         14,700         14,834           General governments         1,764         1,764           Other financial corporations         2,153         2,460           Non-financial corporations         3,006         3,214           Households         7,776         7,420           Deposits redeemable at notice         4,829         5,151           General governments         0         1           Other financial corporations         69         70           Non-financial corporations         69         70           Households         4,597         5,011           Repurchase agreements         410         156           General governments         304         52           Other financial corporations         95         104           Households         0         0           Deposits from customers         11         0           General governments         5,466         6,429           Other financial corporations         5,466         6,429           Other financial corporations         7,886         8,327   | General governments           | 0       | 0       |
| Households       31,635       30,001         Non-savings deposits       14,700       14,834         General governments       1,764       1,740         Other financial corporations       2,153       2,460         Non-financial corporations       3,006       3,214         Households       7,776       7,420         Deposits redeemable at notice       4,829       5,151         General governments       0       1         Other financial corporations       69       70         Non-financial corporations       163       69         Households       4,597       5,011         Repurchase agreements       410       156         General governments       304       52         Other financial corporations       11       0         Non-financial corporations       95       104         Households       0       0       0         Copposits from customers       127,797       137,939         General governments       5,466       6,429         Other financial corporations       7,886       8,327         Non-financial corporations       22,490       25,353   | Other financial corporations  | 1,060   | 757     |
| Non-savings deposits         14,700         14,834           General governments         1,764         1,740           Other financial corporations         2,153         2,460           Non-financial corporations         3,006         3,214           Households         7,776         7,420           Deposits redeemable at notice         4,829         5,151           General governments         0         1           Other financial corporations         69         70           Non-financial corporations         163         69           Households         4,597         5,011           Repurchase agreements         410         156           General governments         304         52           Other financial corporations         11         0           Non-financial corporations         95         104           Households         0         0         0           Deposits from customers         127,797         137,939           General governments         5,466         6,429           Other financial corporations         7,886         8,327           Non-financial corporations         22,490         25,353   | Non-financial corporations    | 1,447   | 1,333   |
| General governments       1,764       1,740         Other financial corporations       2,153       2,460         Non-financial corporations       3,006       3,214         Households       7,776       7,420         Deposits redeemable at notice       4,829       5,151         General governments       0       1         Other financial corporations       69       70         Non-financial corporations       163       69         Households       4,597       5,011         Repurchase agreements       410       156         General governments       304       52         Other financial corporations       11       0         Non-financial corporations       95       104         Households       0       0       0         Deposits from customers       127,797       137,938         General governments       5,466       6,429         Other financial corporations       7,886       8,327         Non-financial corporations       22,490       25,353  | Households                    | 31,635  | 30,001  |
| Other financial corporations       2,153       2,460         Non-financial corporations       3,006       3,214         Households       7,776       7,420         Deposits redeemable at notice       4,829       5,151         General governments       0       1         Other financial corporations       69       70         Non-financial corporations       163       69         Households       4,597       5,011         Repurchase agreements       410       156         General governments       304       52         Other financial corporations       11       0         Non-financial corporations       95       104         Households       0       0       0         Deposits from customers       127,797       137,939         General governments       5,466       6,429         Other financial corporations       7,886       8,327         Non-financial corporations       22,490       25,353  | Non-savings deposits          | 14,700  | 14,834  |
| Non-financial corporations       3,006       3,214         Households       7,776       7,420         Deposits redeemable at notice       4,829       5,151         General governments       0       1         Other financial corporations       69       70         Non-financial corporations       163       69         Households       4,597       5,011         Repurchase agreements       410       156         General governments       304       52         Other financial corporations       11       0         Non-financial corporations       95       104         Households       0       0       0         Deposits from customers       127,797       137,939         General governments       5,466       6,429         Other financial corporations       7,886       8,327         Non-financial corporations       22,490       25,353   | General governments           | 1,764   | 1,740   |
| Households         7,776         7,420           Deposits redeemable at notice         4,829         5,151           General governments         0         1           Other financial corporations         69         70           Non-financial corporations         163         69           Households         4,597         5,011           Repurchase agreements         410         156           General governments         304         52           Other financial corporations         95         104           Households         95         104           Households         0         0           Deposits from customers         127,797         137,939           General governments         5,466         6,429           Other financial corporations         7,886         8,327           Non-financial corporations         22,490         25,353  | Other financial corporations  | 2,153   | 2,460   |
| Deposits redeemable at notice         4,829         5,151           General governments         0         1           Other financial corporations         69         70           Non-financial corporations         163         69           Households         4,597         5,011           Repurchase agreements         410         156           General governments         304         52           Other financial corporations         95         104           Households         95         104           Households         0         0           Deposits from customers         127,797         137,939           General governments         5,466         6,429           Other financial corporations         7,886         8,327           Non-financial corporations         22,490         25,353   | Non-financial corporations    | 3,006   | 3,214   |
| General governments       0       1         Other financial corporations       69       70         Non-financial corporations       163       69         Households       4,597       5,011         Repurchase agreements       410       156         General governments       304       52         Other financial corporations       11       0         Non-financial corporations       95       104         Households       0       0         Deposits from customers       127,797       137,939         General governments       5,466       6,429         Other financial corporations       7,886       8,327         Non-financial corporations       22,490       25,353   | Households                    | 7,776   | 7,420   |
| Other financial corporations         69         70           Non-financial corporations         163         69           Households         4,597         5,011           Repurchase agreements         410         156           General governments         304         52           Other financial corporations         11         0           Non-financial corporations         95         104           Households         0         0           Deposits from customers         127,797         137,939           General governments         5,466         6,429           Other financial corporations         7,886         8,327           Non-financial corporations         22,490         25,353   | Deposits redeemable at notice | 4,829   | 5,151   |
| Non-financial corporations         163         69           Households         4,597         5,011           Repurchase agreements         410         156           General governments         304         52           Other financial corporations         11         0           Non-financial corporations         95         104           Households         0         0           Deposits from customers         127,797         137,939           General governments         5,466         6,429           Other financial corporations         7,886         8,327           Non-financial corporations         22,490         25,353  | General governments           | 0       | 1       |
| Households         4,597         5,011           Repurchase agreements         410         156           General governments         304         52           Other financial corporations         11         0           Non-financial corporations         95         104           Households         0         0           Deposits from customers         127,797         137,939           General governments         5,466         6,429           Other financial corporations         7,886         8,327           Non-financial corporations         22,490         25,353  | Other financial corporations  | 69      | 70      |
| Repurchase agreements         410         156           General governments         304         52           Other financial corporations         11         0           Non-financial corporations         95         104           Households         0         0           Deposits from customers         127,797         137,939           General governments         5,466         6,429           Other financial corporations         7,886         8,327           Non-financial corporations         22,490         25,353   | Non-financial corporations    | 163     | 69      |
| General governments         304         52           Other financial corporations         11         0           Non-financial corporations         95         104           Households         0         0           Deposits from customers         127,797         137,939           General governments         5,466         6,429           Other financial corporations         7,886         8,327           Non-financial corporations         22,490         25,353   | Households                    | 4,597   | 5,011   |
| Other financial corporations         11         0           Non-financial corporations         95         104           Households         0         0           Deposits from customers         127,797         137,939           General governments         5,466         6,429           Other financial corporations         7,886         8,327           Non-financial corporations         22,490         25,353  | Repurchase agreements         | 410     | 156     |
| Non-financial corporations         95         104           Households         0         0           Deposits from customers         127,797         137,939           General governments         5,466         6,429           Other financial corporations         7,886         8,327           Non-financial corporations         22,490         25,353  | General governments           | 304     | 52      |
| Households         0         0           Deposits from customers         127,797         137,939           General governments         5,466         6,429           Other financial corporations         7,886         8,327           Non-financial corporations         22,490         25,353  | Other financial corporations  | 11      | 0       |
| Deposits from customers         127,797         137,939           General governments         5,466         6,429           Other financial corporations         7,886         8,327           Non-financial corporations         22,490         25,353   | Non-financial corporations    | 95      | 104     |
| General governments         5,466         6,429           Other financial corporations         7,886         8,327           Non-financial corporations         22,490         25,353   | Households                    | 0       | 0       |
| Other financial corporations7,8868,327Non-financial corporations22,49025,353  | Deposits from customers       | 127,797 | 137,939 |
| Other financial corporations7,8868,327Non-financial corporations22,49025,353  | General governments           | 5,466   | 6,429   |
|   |                               | 7,886   | 8,327   |
| Households 91,955 97,829  | Non-financial corporations    | 22,490  | 25,353  |
|   | Households                    | 91,955  | 97,829  |

#### **Debt securities issued**

| in EUR million                                   | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
|--|--------|--------|
| Subordinated liabilities                         | 5,815  | 5,542  |
| Subordinated issues and deposits                 | 5,461  | 5,542  |
| Hybrid issues                                    | 354    | 0      |
| Other debt securities issued                     | 22,081 | 19,960 |
| Bonds  | 11,355 | 9,762  |
| Certificates of deposit                          | 120    | 441    |
| Other certificates of deposits/name certificates | 1,138  | 847    |
| Mortgage covered bonds                           | 7,699  | 7,351  |
| Public sector covered bonds                      | 1,559  | 1,456  |
| Other  | 209    | 103    |
| Debt securities issued                           | 27,896 | 25,503 |

In 1998, Erste Group Bank AG launched a EUR 30,000,000,000 Debt Issuance Programme (DIP). The current DIP is a programme for issuing debt instruments in various currencies and maturities with a limited range of interest rate structures. In 2016, 55 DIP new bonds with a total volume of approximately EUR 1.23 billion were issued under the DIP.

In July 2014, the Credit Linked Notes Programme was implemented. In 2016, 21 new bonds with a total volume of EUR 29 million were issued. At the same time the Equity Linked Notes Programme was implemented, under which 130 new bonds with a total volume of EUR 240 million were issued.

Furthermore, secured and senior unsecured registered notes ('Namenspfandbriefe' and 'Namensschuldverschreibungen'), as well as other bonds that were not part of the above mentioned programmes were issued with a volume of EUR 17.2 million.

Starting with August 2008, the Euro Commercial Paper and Certificates of Deposit Programme has an overall volume of EUR 10 billion. In all, 16 issues amounting to EUR 384 billion were placed in 2016. Issues totalling approximately EUR 384 billion were redeemed over the same period.

Erste Group Bank AG, through its branch in NY and through its fully consolidated subsidiary Erste Finance Delaware LLC, issues commercial papers and certificates of deposit into the US money market. The Dollar Certificate of Deposit Program of the New York branch has a maximum issuance volume of EUR 4.74 billion (USD 5 billion), with a total balance as of 31 December 2016 of EUR 212 million (USD 223 million). The Dollar Commercial Paper Program of Erste Finance Delaware LLC has a maximum issuance volume of EUR 7.12 billion (USD 7.5 billion), with a total balance as of 31 December 2016 of EUR 227 million (USD 239 million).

#### 34. Provisions

| in EUR million  | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
|---|--------|--------|
| Long-term employee provisions   | 1,010  | 969    |
| Pending legal issues and tax litigation                                 | 258    | 332    |
| Commitments and guarantees given  | 297    | 339    |
| Provisions for guarantees - off balance sheet (defaulted customers)     | 179    | 208    |
| Provisions for guarantees - off balance sheet (non-defaulted customers) | 118    | 131    |
| Other provisions  | 171    | 62     |
| Provisions for onerous contracts  | 5      | 4      |
| Other   | 166    | 58     |
| Provisions  | 1,736  | 1,702  |

## a) Long-term employee provisions

| in EUR million  | Pensions | Severance payments | Jubilee payments | Total |
|---|----------|--------------------|------------------|-------|
| Present value of long-term employee benefit obligations, 31 Dec 2012    | 823      | 410                | 76               | 1,309 |
| Present value of long-term employee benefit obligations, 31 Dec 2013    | 787      | 395                | 76               | 1,258 |
| Present value of long-term employee benefit obligations, 31 Dec 2014    | 858      | 466                | 87               | 1,411 |
| Increase from acquisition of subsidiaries                               | 0        | 0                  | 0                | 0     |
| Decrease from disposal of subsidiaries                                  | 0        | 0                  | 0                | 0     |
| Settlements   | 0        | 0                  | 0                | 0     |
| Curtailments  | 0        | 0                  | 0                | 0     |
| Service cost  | 0        | 14                 | 6                | 20    |
| Interest cost   | 17       | 10                 | 2                | 29    |
| Payments  | -69      | -20                | -7               | -96   |
| Exchange rate difference  | 0        | 0                  | 0                | 0     |
| Components recognised in other comprehensive income (Remeasurements)    | -        | -                  | 0                | -     |
| Actuarial gains/losses arising from changes in financial assumptions    | -64      | -35                | 0                | -99   |
| Actuarial gains/losses arising from changes from experience assumptions | 1        | -5                 | 0                | 6     |
| Actuarial gains/losses recognised in income                             | 0        | 0                  | 0                | 0     |
| Actuarial gains/losses arising from changes in financial assumptions    | 0        | 0                  | 1                | 1     |
| Actuarial gains/losses arising from changes from experience assumptions | 0        | 0                  | -2               | -2    |
| Present value of long-term employee benefit obligations, 31 Dec 2015    | 741      | 430                | 87               | 1,258 |
| Obligations covered by plan assets                                      | 0        | 215                | 33               | 248   |
| Obligations covered by provisions                                       | 0        | 215                | 54               | 269   |
| Less fair value of plan assets  | 0        | 215                | 33               | 248   |
| Provisions as of 31 Dec 2015  | 741      | 215                | 54               | 1,010 |
| Present value of long-term employee benefit obligations, 31 Dec 2015    | 741      | 430                | 87               | 1,258 |
| Increase from acquisition of subsidiaries                               | 0        | 0                  | 0                | 0     |
| Decrease from disposal of subsidiaries                                  | 0        | 0                  | 0                | 0     |
| Settlements   | 0        | 0                  | 0                | 0     |
| Curtailments  | 0        | 0                  | 0                | 0     |
| Service cost  | 0        | 12                 | 5                | 17    |
| Interest cost   | 17       | 10                 | 2                | 29    |
| Payments  | -65      | -22                | -5               | -92   |
| Exchange rate difference  | 0        | 0                  | 0                | 0     |
| Components recognised in other comprehensive income (Remeasurements)    | 0        | 0                  | 0                | 0     |
| Actuarial gains/losses arising from changes in financial assumptions    | 17       | 19                 | 0                | 36    |
| Actuarial gains/losses arising from changes from experience assumptions | 4        | -3                 | 0                | 1     |
| Actuarial gains/losses recognised in income                             | 0        | 0                  | 0                | 0     |
| Actuarial gains/losses arising from changes in financial assumptions    | 0        | 0                  | 4                | 4     |
| Actuarial gains/losses arising from changes from experience assumptions | 0        | 0                  | -3               | -3    |
| Present value of long-term employee benefit obligations, 31 Dec 2016    | 714      | 446                | 90               | 1,250 |
| Obligations covered by plan assets                                      | 0        | 233                | 48               | 281   |
| Obligations covered by provisions                                       | 0        | 213                | 42               | 255   |
| Less fair value of plan assets  | 0        | 233                | 48               | 281   |
| Provisions as of 31 Dec 2016  | 714      | 213                | 42               | 969   |

#### Actuarial assumptions

The actuarial calculation of pension obligations is based on the following assumptions:

| in %                                     | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
|--|--------|--------|
| Interest rate                            | 2.45   | 1.80   |
| Expected increase in retirement benefits | 1.70   | 1.50   |

The expected retirement age for each employee was individually calculated on the basis of the changes set out in the Budget Implementation Act of 2003 (Austrian Federal Law Gazette Vol. I No. 71/2003) regarding the increase in the minimum retirement age. The currently applicable legislation on the gradual raising of the retirement age for men and women to 65 was taken into consideration.

The actuarial calculation of severance payment and jubilee provisions is based on the following assumptions:

| in %   | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
|--|--------|--------|
| Interest rate  | 2.45   | 1.80   |
| Average increase in salary (incl. career trend and collective agreement trend) | 2.60   | 2.40   |

Obligations were calculated in accordance with the Pagler & Pagler mortality tables entitled 'AVÖ 2008 P – Rechnungsgrundlagen für die Pensionsversicherung'.

The effects of CEE countries are insignificant compared to Austrian entities for which the data is in the table. Interest rates in the following ranges were used for these countries 0.65% (previously: 2.25%) to 4.4% (previously: 4.4%).

The movement in plan assets during the reporting period was as follows:

| in EUR million  | Severance payments | Jubilee payments | Total |
|---|--------------------|------------------|-------|
| Fair value of plan assets as of 31 December 2014  | 219                | 34               | 253   |
| Addition  | 0                  | 0                | 0     |
| Interest income on plan assets  | 4                  | 1                | 5     |
| Contributions by the employer   | 8                  | 3                | 11    |
| Benefits paid   | -13                | -5               | -18   |
| Return on plan assets recognised in other comprehensive income (excluding amounts already recognised in interest income) - remeasurements | -3                 | 0                | -3    |
| Return on plan assets recognised in P&L   | 0                  | 0                | 0     |
| Fair value of plan assets as of 31 December 2015  | 215                | 33               | 248   |
| Addition  | 16                 | 15               | 31    |
| Interest income on plan assets  | 5                  | 1                | 6     |
| Contributions by the employer   | 19                 | 3                | 22    |
| Benefits paid   | -15                | -4               | -19   |
| Return on plan assets recognised in other comprehensive income (excluding amounts already recognised in interest income) - remeasurements | -7                 | 0                | -7    |
| Return on plan assets recognised in P&L   | 0                  | 0                | 0     |
| Fair value of plan assets as of 31 December 2016  | 233                | 48               | 281   |

In 2017, the expected contributions for the severance and jubilee benefit obligations will amount to EUR 10.5 million (2016: EUR 9.8 million). The actual gain (loss) on plan assets amounted to EUR -1.2 million (2015: EUR 2.0 million).

#### Investment strategy

The primary investment strategy of Erste Group is the continuous optimization of plan assets and the effective coverage of existing entitlements. The Group works with professional fund managers for the investment of plan assets. The Investment Fund Act applies as a requirement with respect to specific investment guidelines relating to the investment of plan assets.

Additionally, the Investment Committee which is composed of senior staff in the financial sector and representatives of the s-Versicherung and Erste Asset Management meets once a year.

Erste Group's severance payments and jubilee payments are partially covered by the fair value of plan assets, while defined benefit pension plans are not financed with segregated assets. Defined benefit pension plans only exist for already retired employees. More than 90% of the pension plans are dedicated for former employees of Austrian entities of Erste Group. In total the majority of plans are not matched with dedicated assets.

For the yearly pension payments of the unfunded defined benefit plans and the unfunded part of severance payments Erste Group generally takes care within its asset-liability management strategy covering the funding plan and interest rate risk position of the Group (The payments for 2017 are expected with EUR 79.2 million for both plans.)

The average duration of these provisions are assumed to be 11.01 years for severance payments and 8.57 years for defined benefit pension plans.

#### Control and risk

The effective allocation of plan assets is determined by the administering body including the relevant existing economic and market conditions as well as considering specific risks of the individual asset classes and the risk profile. Moreover the Investment Committee is responsible for monitoring the mandate guidelines and the investment structure, the supervision, which may arise from regulatory or other legal requirements, as well as the monitoring of demographic changes. As an additional steering tool the fund management generates a report, which is transmitted on a quarterly basis to the Group. Overall, the Group tries to minimize the impact caused by market movements on the pension plans.

#### Asset allocation in the different asset classes

The following table presents the asset allocation of pension plans in the different asset classes:

|                            |                | Dec 15             |     |                 |       |                | Dec 16             |     |                 |       |
|----------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----|-----------------|-------|----------------|--------------------|-----|-----------------|-------|
| in EUR million             | Europe-<br>EMU | Europe-<br>non EMU | USA | Other countries | Total | Europe-<br>EMU | Europe-<br>non EMU | USA | Other countries | Total |
| Cash and cash equivalents  | 0              | 0                  | 0   | 0               | 23    | 0              | 0                  | 0   | 0               | 17    |
| Equity instruments         | 4              | 5                  | 7   | 11              | 27    | 3              | 2                  | 8   | 7               | 20    |
| Investment-grade bonds     |                |                    |     |                 |       |                |                    |     |                 |       |
| Government                 | 92             | 4                  | 4   | 8               | 107   | 41             | 4                  | 4   | 8               | 57    |
| Non-government bonds       | 25             | 18                 | 0   | 0               | 43    | 34             | 23                 | 14  | 3               | 74    |
| Non-investment-grade bonds |                |                    |     |                 |       |                |                    |     |                 |       |
| Government                 | 0              | 0                  | 11  | 0               | 12    | 3              | 1                  | 13  | 5               | 21    |
| Non-government bonds       | 12             | 4                  | 11  | 2               | 29    | 43             | 7                  | 19  | 7               | 77    |
| Alternatives               |                |                    |     |                 |       |                |                    |     |                 |       |
| Commodities                | 0              | 0                  | 0   | 0               | 0     | 0              | 0                  | 0   | 0               | 0     |
| Other                      | 0              | 1                  | 0   | 4               | 6     | 1              | 0                  | 0   | 5               | 6     |
| Derivatives (Market risk)  |                |                    |     |                 |       |                |                    |     |                 |       |
| Interest rate risk         | 0              | 0                  | 0   | 0               | 0     | 0              | 0                  | 0   | 0               | 0     |
| Credit risk                | 0              | 0                  | 0   | 0               | 0     | 0              | 0                  | 0   | 0               | 0     |
| Equity price risk          | 0              | 0                  | 0   | 0               | 0     | 0              | 0                  | 0   | 0               | 0     |
| Foreign exchange risk      | 0              | 0                  | 0   | 0               | 0     | 0              | 0                  | 0   | 0               | 0     |
| Other                      | 0              | 0                  | 0   | 0               | 2     | 0              | 0                  | 0   | 0               | 8     |
| Plan assets                | 0              | 0                  | 0   | 0               | 248   | 0              | 0                  | 0   | 0               | 281   |

In the table above, Investment-grade refers to BBB and above.

The following table presents profit or loss effects of defined post-employment benefit plans (pensions and severance payments).

| in EUR million | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
|----------------|--------|--------|
| Curtailments   | 0      | 0      |
| Service cost   | -20    | -17    |
| Net interest   | -24    | -23    |
| Total          | -44    | -40    |

Curtailments and service costs are included in the income statement in the line item 'General administrative expenses'. Net interest is included in the income statement in the line item 'Net interest income'. In 2016, the cumulative amount of remeasurements recognised in other comprehensive income was EUR -508.1 million (2015: EUR -471.9 million).

#### Sensitivity to key assumption

The following table presents a sensitivity analysis for each significant actuarial assumptions showing how the defined benefit obligation would have been affected by changes in the relevant actuarial assumptions that were reasonably possible at the balance sheet date.

| in EUR million                             | Change-<br>pensions | Change-<br>severance<br>payments | Total |
|--|---------------------|----------------------------------|-------|
| Change in discount rate + 1.0 %            | 652                 | 377                              | 1,029 |
| Change in discount rate -1.0 %             | 769                 | 467                              | 1,236 |
| Change in future salary increases + 0.5 %  | 706                 | 442                              | 1,148 |
| Change in future salary increases -0.5 %   | 706                 | 397                              | 1,103 |
| Change in future benefit increases + 0.5 % | 761                 | 419                              | 1,180 |
| Change in future benefit increases -0.5 %  | 655                 | 419                              | 1,074 |
| Increase in survival rate by approx. 10%   | 747                 | 0                                | 747   |

#### Impact on cash flows

The following table reflects the benefits expected to be paid by the defined benefit plans in each of the respective periods:

| in EUR million | Pensions | Severance payments | Total |
|----------------|----------|--------------------|-------|
| 2017           | 63       | 16                 | 79    |
| 2018           | 60       | 15                 | 75    |
| 2019           | 56       | 24                 | 80    |
| 2020           | 53       | 34                 | 87    |
| 2021           | 49       | 36                 | 85    |
| 2022-2026      | 197      | 187                | 384   |

#### Duration

The following table presents the weighted average duration of the defined-benefit obligations as of year-end 2016:

| in years | Pensions | Severance payments | Total |
|----------|----------|--------------------|-------|
| Duration | 8.57     | 11.01              | 9.48  |

#### b) Sundry provisions

#### **Sundry provisions 2016**

| in EUR million                                | As of<br>Dec 15 | Allocations | Use  | Releases | Unwind of discount | Exchange rate<br>and other<br>changes (+/-) | As of<br>Dec 16 |
|---|-----------------|-------------|------|----------|--------------------|---|-----------------|
| Pending legal issues and tax                  |                 |             |      |          |                    |   |                 |
| litigation                                    | 258             | 159         | -9   | -77      | 0                  | -1  | 330             |
| Commitments and guarantees                    |                 |             |      |          |                    |   |                 |
| given   | 297             | 312         | -1   | -284     | 1                  | 14  | 339             |
| Provisions for guarantees - off balance sheet |                 |             |      |          |                    |   |                 |
| (defaulted customers)                         | 179             | 185         | -1   | -169     | 1                  | 12  | 208             |
| Provisions for guarantees - off balance sheet |                 |             |      |          |                    |   |                 |
| (non-defaulted customers)                     | 118             | 127         | 0    | -116     | 0                  | 2   | 132             |
| Other provisions                              | 171             | 25          | -127 | -7       | 0                  | -2  | 60              |
| Provisions for onerous                        |                 |             |      |          |                    |   |                 |
| contracts                                     | 5               | 0           | 0    | 0        | 0                  | -1  | 5               |
| Other   | 166             | 25          | -128 | -7       | 0                  | -2  | 54              |
| Provisions                                    | 725             | 496         | -137 | -368     | 2                  | 11  | 729             |

Under position pending legal issues and tax litigations out of lending business, asset management or litigations with customer protection association, which normally occur in banking business, are disclosed. In 2016, a provision for risks related to Romanian consumer protection claims Act was allocated in amount of EUR 62.3 million (2015: EUR 101.6 million). The total amount of the provision as of 31 December 2016 was EUR 156.2 million.

In 2015, among others, provisions wer allocated for expected losses resulting from legislation requiring the conversion of customer loans (Swiss francs to euro) in Croatia and for contributions to the recovery and resolution fund. In 2016, the provision was almost fully used. For additional detail, please see Note 9 Other operating result.

The level of sundry provisions is the best possible estimate of expected outflow of economic benefits at the reporting date, while taking into account the risks and uncertainties underlying the commitment to fulfill the obligation. Risks and uncertainties are taken into account in the estimate.

#### **Sundry provisions 2015**

| in EUR million                                | As of<br>Dec 14 | Allocations | Use  | Releases | Unwind of discount | Exchange rate<br>and other<br>changes (+/-) | As of<br>Dec 15 |
|---|-----------------|-------------|------|----------|--------------------|---|-----------------|
| Pending legal issues and tax                  |                 |             |      |          |                    |   |                 |
| litigation                                    | 164             | 141         | -8   | -38      | 0                  | -1  | 258             |
| Commitments and guarantees                    |                 |             |      |          |                    |   |                 |
| given   | 240             | 299         | -6   | -236     | 1                  | -2  | 297             |
| Provisions for guarantees - off balance sheet |                 |             |      |          |                    |   |                 |
| (defaulted customers)                         | 141             | 172         | -5   | -129     | 1                  | -1  | 179             |
| Provisions for guarantees - off balance sheet |                 |             |      |          |                    |   |                 |
| (non-defaulted customers)                     | 99              | 127         | 0    | -107     | 0                  | -1  | 118             |
| Other provisions                              | 83              | 255         | -148 | -39      | 0                  | 20  | 171             |
| Provisions for onerous                        |                 |             |      |          |                    |   |                 |
| contracts                                     | 5               | 1           | 0    | 0        | 0                  | -1  | 5               |
| Other   | 77              | 255         | -148 | -39      | 0                  | 21  | 166             |
| Provisions                                    | 488             | 695         | -162 | -313     | 1                  | 16  | 725             |

#### 35. Other liabilities

| in EUR million                           | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
|--|--------|--------|
| Deferred income and accrued fee expenses | 232    | 220    |
| Sundry liabilities                       | 2,084  | 2,716  |
| Other liabilities                        | 2,317  | 2,936  |

Sundry liabilities consist mainly of clearing items from the settlement of securities and payment transactions.

## 36. Total equity

|                            |        | ,      |
|----------------------------|--------|--------|
| in EUR million             | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
| Subscribed capital         | 860    | 860    |
| Share capital              | 860    | 860    |
| Additional paid-in capital | 1,478  | 1,478  |
| Retained earnings          | 8,668  | 10,122 |
| Owners of the parent       | 11,005 | 12,460 |
| Non-controlling interests  | 3,802  | 4,142  |
| Total                      | 14,807 | 16,602 |

As of 31 December 2016, subscribed capital (also known as registered capital) consists of 429.800.000 (2015: 429.800.000) voting bearer shares (ordinary shares). The pro rata amount of registered capital, per no-par value share, was EUR 2.00. Additional paid-in capital (or share premium) represents the amount by which the issue price of the shares exceeded their par value. Retained earnings and other reserves represent accumulated net profit brought forward, as well as income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income.

#### Additional tier 1 capital (AT1)

On June 2, 2016, Erste Group Bank AG issued additional tier 1 capital (AT1 bonds) with a total nominal value of EUR 500 million. These bonds include non-cumulative coupon payments of 8.875% per annum. The interest payments are carried out twice a year on 15 April and 15 October.

#### Changes in number of shares and participation capital securities

| Shares in units  | Dec 15      | Dec 16      |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Shares outstanding as of 1 January   | 409,940,635 | 410,487,814 |
| Acquisition of treasury shares   | -9,793,323  | -6,974,500  |
| Disposal of treasury shares  | 10,340,502  | 5,984,332   |
| Capital increases due to ESOP and MSOP                                       | 0           | 0           |
| Capital increase   | 0           | 0           |
| Shares outstanding as of 31 December   | 410,487,814 | 409,497,646 |
| Treasury shares  | 19,312,186  | 20,302,354  |
| Number of shares as of 31 December   | 429,800,000 | 429,800,000 |
|  |             |             |
| Weighted average number of shares outstanding                                | 426,726,297 | 426,668,132 |
| Dilution due to MSOP/ESOP  | 0           | 0           |
| Dilution due to options  | 0           | 0           |
| Weighted average number of shares taking into account the effect of dilution | 426,726,297 | 426,668,132 |

#### Transactions and shares held by the management board and supervisory board

The shares of management- and supervisory board member, whose office term began or ended during the financial year, held as at the date of inception or termination of their term in office were recognized as additions or disposals.

Information on shares held and transactions in Erste Group Bank AG shares by members of the management board (in number of shares):

| Managing board member                        | Dec 15  | Additions | Disposals | Dec 16  |
|--|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Andreas Treichl                              | 164,640 | 0         | 0         | 164,640 |
| Peter Bosek                                  | 1,000   | 0         | 0         | 1,000   |
| Petr Brávek                                  | 0       | 0         | 0         | 0       |
| Andreas Gottschling (until 31 December 2016) | 0       | 0         | 0         | 0       |
| Gernot Mittendorfer                          | 10,000  | 0         | 0         | 10,000  |
| Jozef Síkela                                 | 6,300   | 0         | 0         | 6,300   |

Supervisory board members held the following numbers of Erste Group Bank AG shares as of the balance sheet date of 31 December 2016:

| Supervisory board member                              | Dec 15 | Additions | Disposals | Dec 16 |
|---|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|
| Friedrich Rödler                                      | 1,702  | 0         | 0         | 1,702  |
| Jan Homan   | 4,400  | 0         | 0         | 4,400  |
| Bettina Breiteneder                                   | 0      | 0         | 0         | 0      |
| Elisabeth Bleyleben Koren                             | 10,140 | 0         | 0         | 10,140 |
| Gonzalo Gortàzar Rotaeche (starting with 12 Mai 2015) | 0      | 0         | 0         | 0      |
| Gunter Griss  | 0      | 0         | 0         | 0      |
| Maximilian Hardegg (starting with 12 May 2015)        | 40     | 0         | 0         | 40     |
| Elisabeth Krainer Senger-Weiss                        | 0      | 0         | 0         | 0      |
| Antonio Massanell Lavilla (starting with 12 May 2015) | 0      | 0         | 0         | 0      |
| Brian D. O'Neill                                      | 0      | 0         | 0         | 0      |
| Wilhelm Rasinger                                      | 18,303 | 3,000     | 0         | 21,303 |
| John James Stack                                      | 32,761 | 0         | 0         | 32,761 |
| Markus Haag   | 160    | 0         | 0         | 160    |
| Regina Haberhauer (starting with 12 May 2015)         | 188    | 0         | 0         | 188    |
| Andreas Lachs   | 52     | 0         | 0         | 52     |
| Barbara Pichler                                       | 281    | 0         | 0         | 281    |
| Jozef Pinter (starting with 25 June 2015)             | 0      | 0         | 0         | 0      |
| Karin Zeisel  | 35     | 0         | 0         | 35     |

As of 31 December 2016, supervisory board members did not hold options in Erste Group Bank AG shares. Persons related to members of the management board or supervisory board held 3,366 shares (2015: 3,366 shares) of Erste Group Bank AG.

## Remaining authorised and contingent capital as of 31 December 2016

Clause 5 of the articles of association authorises the management board until 21 May 2019, to increase the registered capital of the company with the consent of the supervisory board – including in several tranches – by an amount of up to EUR 171,800,000 by issuing up to 85,900,000 voting no-par value bearer shares in return for contributions in cash and/or in kind, with the issue price and the issuing conditions being determined by the management board with the consent of the supervisory board.

Furthermore, the management board is authorized to fully or partly exclude the statutory subscription right of the shareholders with the consent of the supervisory board if the capital increase is in return for a cash contribution and the shares issued while excluding the subscription right of the shareholders, taken together, do not exceed EUR 43,000,000 and/or if the capital increase is in return for contributions in kind.

The measures in sections 5.1.1 (capital increase against cash contribution) to 5.1.2 (capital increase against contributions in kind) can also be combined. The aggregate pro rata amount of registered capital represented by shares in respect of which the shareholders' subscription rights are excluded under this authorization in section 5.1 (authorized capital) together with the pro rata amount of registered capital attributable to shares to which conversion or subscription rights or obligations relate under bonds that were issued and sold on the basis of the authorization in section 8.3, subject to an exclusion of subscription rights, on or after 21 May 2014 must not, however, exceed the amount of EUR 171,800,000.

Clause 6.3 of the articles of association states that conditional capital based on the resolutions of the management board in 2002 and 2010 with a nominal value of EUR 21,923,264 persists that can be consumed by issuing up to 10,961,632 ordinary bearer shares or ordinary registered shares (ordinary share) with an issue price of at least EUR 2.00 per share against cash contribution and by excluding the subscription rights of the current shareholders. This conditional capital is used for granting options to staff, management and members of the management board of the entity of one of its related undertakings.

Under clause 6.4 of the articles of association, the company has conditional capital of EUR 124,700,000.00 available, which may be utilized by issuing up to 62,350,000 pieces bearer shares. This conditional capital can be used for granting conversion or subscription rights to holders of convertible bonds. In case the terms and conditions of the convertible bonds provide for a mandatory conversion, it shall also serve to cover the mandatory conversion. The issue price and exchange ratio shall be determined pursuant to a recognized pricing method on the basis of accepted finance-mathematical methods and the share price of the company.

According to clause 7 of the articles of association, currently no authorized conditional capital exists.

## 37. Segment reporting

Erste Group's segment reporting is based on IFRS 8 Operating Segments, which adopts the management approach. Accordingly, segment information is prepared on the basis of internal management reporting that is regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker to assess the performance of the segments and make decisions regarding the allocation of resources. Within Erste Group the function of the chief operating decision maker is exercised by the management board.

Erste Group's segment reporting is based on the matrix organisation (business and geographical information) and provides comprehensive information to assess the performance of the business and geographical segments.

#### Structural change

Following a strategic review related to Erste Group's operating segments and the method used for capital allocation to the segments, changes were introduced in the segment reporting from 1 January 2016. To ensure comparability Erste Group has adjusted the segment reporting for all quarters of the financial year 2015.

The new segment structure is aligned with the new governance following last year's changes in the management board responsibilities. The number of business segments was reduced from nine to six, the entire corporate customer business is now shown in one segment. The geographical segmentation structure remained unchanged. All business and geographical segments were affected by the changes of the parameters used for capital allocation.

Details of the new segmentation as well as comparable figures for all the quarters of 2015 were published on 14 April 2016.

#### **Business segmentation**

The segment reporting comprises six business segments reflecting Erste Group's management structure and its internal management reporting in 2016.

# Retail Corporates Group Markets Asset/Liability Management & Local Corporate Center Savings Banks Group Corporate Center Intragroup Elimination

#### Retail

The Retail segment comprises the business with private individuals, micros and free professionals within the responsibility of account managers in the retail network. This business is operated by the local banks in cooperation with their subsidiaries such as leasing and asset management companies with a focus on simple products ranging from mortgage and consumer loans, investment products, current accounts, savings products to credit cards and cross selling products such as leasing, insurance and building society products.

#### Corporates

The Corporates segment comprises business activities with corporate customers of different turnover size (small and medium-sized enterprises, Local Large Corporate and Group Large Corporate customers) as well as commercial real estate and public sector business. Small and medium-sized enterprises are customers within the responsibility of the local corporate commercial center network, in general companies with an annual turnover ranging from EUR 0.7-3 million to EUR 25-75 million, the thresholds vary by country. Local Large Corporate customers are local corporates with a consolidated annual turnover exceeding a defined threshold between EUR 25 million to EUR 75 million, depending on the country, which are not defined as Group Large Corporate customers. Group Large Corporate customers are corporate customers/client groups with substantial operations in core markets of Erste Group with a consolidated annual turnover of generally at least EUR 500 million. Commercial Real Estate (CRE) covers business with real estate investors generating income from the rental of individual properties or portfolios of properties, project developers generating capital gains through sale, asset management services, construction services (applicable only for EGI) and own development for business purpose. Public Sector comprises business activities with three types of customers: public sector, public corporations and the non-profit sector.

#### **Group Markets**

The Group Markets (GM) segment comprises trading and markets services as well as customer business with financial institutions. It includes all activities related to the trading books of Erste Group, including the execution of trade, market making and short-term liquidity management. In addition, it comprises business connected with servicing financial institutions as clients including custody, depository services, commercial business (loans, cash management, trade & export finance).

#### Asset/Liability Management & Local Corporate Center

The Asset/Liability Management & Local Corporate Center (ALM & LCC) segment includes all asset/liability management functions – local and of Erste Group Bank AG (Holding) – as well as the local corporate centers which comprise internal service providers that operate on a non-profit basis and reconciliation items to local entity results. The corporate center of Erste Group Bank AG is included in the Group Corporate Center segment.

#### Savings Banks

The Savings Banks segment includes those savings banks which are members of the Haftungsverbund (cross-guarantee system) of the Austrian savings banks sector and in which Erste Group does not hold a majority stake but which are fully controlled according to IFRS 10. The fully or majority owned Erste Bank Oesterreich, Tiroler Sparkasse, Salzburger Sparkasse, and Sparkasse Hainburg are not part of the Savings Banks segment.

#### **Group Corporate Center**

The Group Corporate Center (GCC) segment covers mainly centrally managed activities and items that are not directly allocated to other segments. It comprises the corporate center of Erste Group Bank AG (and thus dividends and the refinancing costs from participations, general administrative expenses), non-profit internal service providers (facility management, IT, procurement), the banking tax of Erste Group Bank AG as well as free capital of Erste Group (defined as the difference of the total average IFRS equity and the average economical equity allocated to the segments).

Goodwill impairment is also included in this segment. Thus in 2016 the goodwill impairment of Slovenská sporitel'ňa amounted to EUR 61.3 million.

In 2016 the one-time payment of the banking tax to be made according to Stability Tax Act in Austria amounted to EUR 200.9 million. The following business segments were affected: segment Group Corporate Center in the amount of EUR 138.3 million, segment Savings Banks in the amount of EUR 32.6 million, segment Asset/Liability Management & Local Corporate Center in the amount of EUR 25.4 million and segment Corporates in the amount of EUR 4.6 million.

#### Intragroup Elimination

Intragroup Elimination (IC) is not defined as a segment but is the reconciliation to the consolidated accounting result. It includes all intragroup eliminations between participations of Erste Group (e.g. intragroup funding, internal cost charges). Intragroup eliminations within partial groups are disclosed in the respective segments.

#### **Geographical segmentation**

For the purpose of segment reporting by geographical areas the information is presented based on the location of the booking entity (not the country of risk). In case of information regarding a partial group, the allocation is based on the location of the respective parent entity according to the local management responsibility.

Geographical areas are defined according to the country markets in which Erste Group operates. Based on the locations of the banking and other financial institution participations, the geographical areas consist of two core markets, Austria and Central and Eastern Europe and a residual segment Other that comprises the remaining business activities of Erste Group outside its core markets as well as the reconciliation to the consolidated accounting result.



The geographical area Austria consists of the following three segments:

- The **Erste Bank Oesterreich & Subsidiaries** (EBOe & Subsidiaries) segment comprises Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG (Erste Bank Oesterreich) and its main subsidiaries (e.g. sBausparkasse, Salzburger Sparkasse, Tiroler Sparkasse, Sparkasse Hainburg).
- The **Savings Banks** segment is identical to the business segment Savings Banks.
- \_ The **Other Austria** segment comprises Erste Group Bank AG (Holding) with its Corporates and Group Markets business, Erste Group Immorent AG and Erste Asset Management GmbH.

The geographical area Central and Eastern Europe (CEE) consists of six segments covering Erste Group's banking subsidiaries located in the respective CEE countries:

- \_ Czech Republic (comprising Česká spořitelna Group)
- \_ **Slovakia** (comprising Slovenská sporitel'ňa Group)
- Romania (comprising Banca Comercială Română Group)
- **Hungary** (comprising Erste Bank Hungary Group)
- Croatia (comprising Erste Bank Croatia Group), and
- Serbia (comprising Erste Bank Serbia Group).

The residual segment **Other** covers mainly centrally managed activities and items that are not directly allocated to other segments. It comprises the corporate center of Erste Group Bank AG (and thus dividends and the refinancing costs from participations, general administrative expenses), internal non-profit service providers (facility management, IT, procurement), the banking tax of Erste Group Bank AG as well as free capital of Erste Group (defined as the difference of the total average IFRS equity and the average economical equity allocated to the segments). Asset/Liability Management of Erste Group Bank AG as well as the reconciliation to the consolidated accounting

result (e.g. intercompany eliminations, dividend eliminations) are also part of the segment Other. Goodwill impairment is also included in this segment. In 2016, the goodwill impairment of Slovenská sporitel'ňa amounted to EUR 61.3 million.

In 2016, the one-time payment of the banking tax to be made according to Stability Tax Act in Austria amounted to EUR 200.9 million. The following geographical segments were affected: segment Other in the amount of EUR 138.3 million, segment Savings Banks in the amount of EUR 32.6 million and segment Erste Bank Oesterreich & Subsidiaries in the amount of EUR 30.0 million.

#### Measurement

The profit and loss statement of the segment report is based on the measures reported to the Erste Group management board for the purpose of allocating resources to the segments and assessing their performance. Management reporting as well as the segment report of Erste Group are based on IFRS. Accounting standards and methods as well as measurements used in segment reporting are the same as for the consolidated financial statements of accounting.

Capital consumption per segment is regularly reviewed by the management of Erste Group to assess the performance of the segments. The average allocated capital is determined by the credit risk, market risk and operational risk.

According to the regular internal reporting to Erste Group management board, total assets and total liabilities as well as risk weighted assets and allocated capital are disclosed per segment. For measuring and assessing the profitability of segments within Erste Group, such key measures as return on allocated capital and cost/income ratio are used.

Return on allocated capital is defined as net result for the period before minorities in relation to the average allocated capital of the respective segment. Cost/income ratio is defined as operating expenses (general administrative expenses) in relation to operating income (total of net interest income, net fee and commission income, dividend income, net trading and fair value result, net result from equity method investments, rental income from investment properties and other operating lease).

# Business segments (1)

|  | Retail   |          | Corpo    | Corporates |          | Group Markets |          | ALM&LCC |  |
|--|----------|----------|----------|------------|----------|---------------|----------|---------|--|
| in EUR million   | 1-12 15* | 1-12 16  | 1-12 15* | 1-12 16    | 1-12 15* | 1-12 16       | 1-12 15* | 1-12 16 |  |
| Net interest income  | 2,211.5  | 2,198.2  | 1,004.4  | 1,015.6    | 221.8    | 212.1         | 34.3     | -93.7   |  |
| Net fee and commission income  | 1,012.8  | 958.4    | 262.9    | 259.1      | 198.6    | 203.7         | -44.4    | -64.4   |  |
| Dividend income  | 1.5      | 2.5      | -1.2     | 1.2        | 1.8      | 2.3           | 14.9     | 11.4    |  |
| Net trading and fair value result  | 82.6     | 98.5     | 79.3     | 91.7       | 65.9     | 96.9          | -62.1    | -22.5   |  |
| Net result from equity method investments  | 10.4     | 7.3      | 0.0      | 0.0        | 0.0      | 0.0           | 4.0      | 2.4     |  |
| Rental income from investment properties & other operating leases                            | 22.4     | 21.4     | 112.0    | 137.1      | 0.0      | 0.0           | 17.8     | 31.6    |  |
| General administrative expenses  | -1,859.5 | -1,892.8 | -552.4   | -562.4     | -225.6   | -223.4        | -86.1    | -117.3  |  |
| thereof depreciation and amortization  | -193.0   | -189.6   | -68.4    | -70.7      | -21.5    | -15.4         | -13.1    | -25.0   |  |
| Gains/losses from financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit |          |          |          |            |          |               |          |         |  |
| or loss, net   | 0.0      | 0.9      | 26.5     | 4.8        | 1.8      | 1.6           | 23.5     | 132.0   |  |
| Net impairment loss on financial assets  | -291.9   | -19.1    | -321.1   | -61.9      | 13.1     | 11.4          | -5.3     | -9.6    |  |
| Other operating result   | -278.3   | -111.7   | -49.2    | -14.9      | -6.8     | 3.4           | -168.3   | -160.2  |  |
| Levies on banking activities   | -42.6    | -43.5    | -14.6    | -19.1      | -1.8     | -1.7          | -63.5    | -62.2   |  |
| Pre-tax result from continuing operations  | 911.6    | 1,263.6  | 561.2    | 870.3      | 270.5    | 308.1         | -271.6   | -290.3  |  |
| Taxes on income  | -198.4   | -261.1   | -126.6   | -173.8     | -56.3    | -67.4         | 57.8     | 74.0    |  |
| Net result for the period  | 713.2    | 1,002.5  | 434.6    | 696.5      | 214.2    | 240.6         | -213.8   | -216.4  |  |
| Net result attributable to non-controlling interests   | -6.4     | 37.9     | 17.6     | 43.5       | 4.9      | 5.0           | 2.9      | -1.9    |  |
| Net result attributable to owners of the parent  | 719.6    | 964.6    | 417.0    | 653.0      | 209.3    | 235.6         | -216.7   | -214.4  |  |
| Operating income   | 3,341.3  | 3,286.3  | 1,457.4  | 1,504.7    | 488.2    | 515.1         | -35.4    | -135.2  |  |
| Operating expenses   | -1.859.5 | -1.892.8 | -552.4   | -562.4     | -225.6   | -223.4        | -86.1    | -117.3  |  |
| Operating result   | 1,481.7  | 1,393.5  | 905.0    | 942.4      | 262.5    | 291.7         | -121.5   | -252.5  |  |
| Operating result   | 1,401.7  | 1,000.0  | 300.0    | 342.4      | 202.0    | 201.7         | -121.0   | -202.0  |  |
| Risk-weighted assets (credit risk, eop)  | 18,074   | 17,113   | 33,962   | 34,527     | 4,371    | 4,850         | 5,448    | 4,202   |  |
| Average allocated capital  | 2,431    | 2,390    | 3,265    | 3,125      | 703      | 640           | 2,187    | 2,259   |  |
| Out the constant   | FF 70/   | F7 00/   | 07.00/   | 07.40/     | 40.00/   | 40.40/        | - 4000/  | 00.00/  |  |
| Cost/income ratio  | 55.7%    | 57.6%    | 37.9%    | 37.4%      | 46.2%    | 43.4%         | >100%    | -86.8%  |  |
| Return on allocated capital  | 29.3%    | 42.0%    | 13.3%    | 22.3%      | 30.5%    | 37.6%         | -9.8%    | -9.6%   |  |
| Total assets (eop)   | 50,869   | 53,822   | 46,325   | 47,707     | 22,500   | 28,552        | 48,259   | 49,477  |  |
| Total liabilities excluding equity (eop)   | 69,948   | 74,588   | 22,379   | 25,660     | 16,254   | 21,322        | 51,797   | 47,598  |  |
|  |          |          |          |            |          |               |          |         |  |
| Impairments and risk provisions  | -293.2   | -24.4    | -424.5   | -140.5     | 11.1     | 10.8          | -65.4    | -66.1   |  |
| Net impairment loss on loans and receivables to credit institutions/customers                | -291.9   | -19.2    | -282.7   | -61.8      | 13.1     | 11.3          | -0.7     | -7.2    |  |
| Net impairment loss on other financial assets  | 0.0      | 0.1      | -38.4    | -0.2       | 0.0      | 0.2           | -4.5     | -2.4    |  |
| Allocations/releases of provisions for contingent credit risk liabilities                    | 0.6      | -1.4     | -99.9    | -55.0      | -2.0     | -0.6          | -19.6    | 7.4     |  |
| Impairment of goodwill   | 0.0      | 0.0      | 0.0      | 0.0        | 0.0      | 0.0           | 0.0      | 0.0     |  |
| Net impairment loss on other non-financial assets  | -2.0     | -3.8     | -3.5     | -23.6      | 0.0      | 0.0           | -40.5    | -63.9   |  |

<sup>\*</sup> All 2015 figures reflect changed segment structure of Erste Group as of 1 January 2016.

## **Business segments (2)**

| _  | Savings Banks Group Corporate Center |               | orate Center   | Intragroup El  | Total Group |         |          |          |
|--|--------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|---------|----------|----------|
| in EUR million   | 1-12 15*                             | 1-12 16       | 1-12 15*       | 1-12 16        | 1-12 15*    | 1-12 16 | 1-12 15* | 1-12 16  |
| Net interest income  | 929.7                                | 955.8         | 66.2           | 77.4           | -23.3       | 9.0     | 4,444.7  | 4,374.5  |
| Net fee and commission income  | 439.3                                | 429.7         | 18.3           | 6.4            | -25.7       | -9.9    | 1,861.8  | 1,783.0  |
| Dividend income  | 23.1                                 | 16.4          | 9.9            | 11.6           | -0.3        | -0.2    | 49.9     | 45.2     |
| Net trading and fair value result  | 3.1                                  | 5.3           | 12.4           | 2.0            | 28.9        | 0.4     | 210.1    | 272.3    |
| Net result from equity method investments  | 0.0                                  | 0.0           | 3.1            | -0.6           | 0.0         | 0.0     | 17.5     | 9.0      |
| Rental income from investment properties & other operating leases  | 40.0                                 | 38.8          | 19.4           | 15.3           | -23.7       | -37.0   | 187.9    | 207.2    |
| General administrative expenses  | -966.0                               | -1,021.8      | -689.5         | -871.5         | 510.2       | 660.9   | -3,868.9 | -4,028.2 |
| thereof depreciation and amortization  | -76.3                                | -76.2         | -72.7          | -76.2          | 0.0         | 0.0     | -445.0   | -453.1   |
| Gains/losses from financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit   |                                      |               |                |                |             |         |          |          |
| or loss, net   | 45.8                                 | 8.5           | 4.7            | 1.0            | -1.4        | -0.8    | 100.9    | 148.0    |
| Net impairment loss on financial assets  | -83.6                                | -54.2         | -40.4          | -62.2          | 0.0         | 0.0     | -729.1   | -195.7   |
| Other operating result   | -39.5                                | -65.3         | 371.1          | 306.3          | -464.6      | -622.4  | -635.6   | -665.0   |
| Levies on banking activities   | -15.0                                | -47.0         | -98.8          | -215.3         | 0.0         | 0.0     | -236.2   | -388.8   |
| Pre-tax result from continuing operations  | 392.0                                | 313.1         | -224.7         | -514.4         | 0.0         | 0.0     | 1,639.1  | 1,950.4  |
| Taxes on income  | -90.2                                | -116.0        | 49.7           | 130.7          | 0.0         | 0.0     | -363.9   | -413.6   |
| Net result for the period  | 301.9                                | 197.2         | -175.0         | -383.6         | 0.0         | 0.0     | 1,275.1  | 1,536.8  |
| Net result attributable to non-controlling interests   | 260.2                                | 163.1         | 27.7           | 24.5           | 0.0         | 0.0     | 307.0    | 272.0    |
| Net result attributable to owners of the parent  | 41.6                                 | 34.1          | -202.7         | -408.1         | 0.0         | 0.0     | 968.2    | 1,264.7  |
| Operating income   | 1,435.3                              | 1,446.0       | 129.3          | 112.0          | -44.2       | -37.8   | 6,771.8  | 6,691.2  |
| Operating expenses   | -966.0                               | -1.021.8      | -689.5         | -871.5         | 510.2       | 660.9   | -3,868.9 | -4.028.2 |
| Operating result   | 469.3                                | 424.2         | -560.2         | -759.4         | 466.0       | 623.2   | 2,902.9  | 2,663.0  |
| Operating result   | 403.3                                | 424.2         | -500.2         | -739.4         | 400.0       | 023.2   | 2,902.9  | 2,003.0  |
| Risk-weighted assets (credit risk, eop)  | 21,955                               | 20,930        | 888            | 1,433          | 0           | 0       | 84,698   | 83,056   |
| Average allocated capital  | 2,106                                | 2,120         | 3,533          | 5,326          | 0           | 0       | 14,226   | 15,859   |
| Cookingsons which  | 67.3%                                | 70.70/        | > 4000/        | × 4000/        | > 4000/     | >100%   | 57.1%    | 60.00/   |
| Cost/income ratio  | 14.3%                                | 70.7%<br>9.3% | >100%<br>-5.0% | >100%<br>-7.2% | >100%       | >100%   | 9.0%     | 9.7%     |
| Return on allocated capital  | 14.3%                                | 9.3%          | -5.0%          | -1.2%          |             |         | 9.0%     | 9.7%     |
| Total assets (eop)   | 57,953                               | 58,357        | 9,575          | 3,762          | -35,738     | -33,450 | 199,743  | 208,227  |
| Total liabilities excluding equity (eop)   | 53,835                               | 54,038        | 6,522          | 1,838          | -35,799     | -33,420 | 184,936  | 191,625  |
| In the second and delice and deli | 00.0                                 | 44.0          |                | 447.0          |             |         | 054.5    | 202.4    |
| Impairments and risk provisions  | -86.9                                | -44.8         | 7.4            | -117.2         | 0.0         | 0.0     | -851.5   | -382.1   |
| Net impairment loss on loans and receivables to credit institutions/customers  | -73.9                                | -51.6         | -30.4          | -55.7          | 0.0         | 0.0     | -666.5   | -184.2   |
| Net impairment loss on other financial assets  | -9.7                                 | -2.6          | -10.0          | -6.5           | 0.0         | 0.0     | -62.6    | -11.4    |
| Allocations/releases of provisions for contingent credit risk liabilities  | -1.7                                 | 10.5          | 59.6           | 11.1           | 0.0         | 0.0     | -63.0    | -28.1    |
| Impairment of goodwill   | 0.0                                  | 0.0           | 0.0            | -61.3          | 0.0         | 0.0     | 0.0      | -61.3    |
| Net impairment loss on other non-financial assets  | -1.6                                 | -1.0          | -11.8          | -4.8           | 0.0         | 0.0     | -59.4    | -97.1    |

<sup>\*</sup> All 2015 figures reflect changed segment structure of Erste Group as of 1 January 2016.

# Geographical segmentation - overview

|  | Austria        |                | Central and Eastern Europe |                | Other    |                | Total Group   |          |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|----------------|----------|----------------|---------------|----------|
| in EUR million   | 1-12 15*       | 1-12 16        | 1-12 15*                   | 1-12 16        | 1-12 15* | 1-12 16        | 1-12 15*      | 1-12 16  |
| Net interest income  | 1,983.8        | 2,017.9        | 2,328.8                    | 2,227.3        | 132.1    | 129.3          | 4,444.7       | 4,374.5  |
| Net fee and commission income  | 1,012.4        | 962.0          | 895.3                      | 864.8          | -45.9    | -43.9          | 1,861.8       | 1,783.0  |
| Dividend income  | 35.2           | 28.6           | 5.0                        | 5.2            | 9.7      | 11.4           | 49.9          | 45.2     |
| Net trading and fair value result  | 9.1            | 42.0           | 200.2                      | 241.9          | 0.8      | -11.6          | 210.1         | 272.3    |
| Net result from equity method investments  | 1.9            | 2.2            | 12.5                       | 7.5            | 3.1      | -0.6           | 17.5          | 9.0      |
| Rental income from investment properties & other operating leases  | 100.3          | 132.4          | 66.6                       | 58.4           | 20.9     | 16.4           | 187.9         | 207.2    |
| General administrative expenses  | -1,950.8       | -2,044.1       | -1,693.8                   | -1,726.2       | -224.4   | -257.9         | -3,868.9      | -4,028.2 |
| thereof depreciation and amortization  | -154.1         | -162.5         | -216.5                     | -213.6         | -74.4    | -77.0          | -445.0        | -453.1   |
| Gains/losses from financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit   |                |                |                            |                |          |                |               |          |
| or loss, net   | 65.2           | 30.2           | 14.2                       | 122.4          | 21.5     | -4.6           | 100.9         | 148.0    |
| Net impairment loss on financial assets  | -221.3         | -107.0         | -422.6                     | -17.2          | -85.1    | -71.5          | -729.1        | -195.7   |
| Other operating result   | -92.9          | -80.0          | -454.8                     | -273.7         | -88.0    | -311.2         | -635.6        | -665.0   |
| Levies on banking activities   | -29.8          | -91.3          | -107.6                     | -82.1          | -98.8    | -215.3         | -236.2        | -388.8   |
| Pre-tax result from continuing operations  | 942.8          | 984.2          | 951.5                      | 1,510.5        | -255.2   | -544.3         | 1,639.1       | 1,950.4  |
| Taxes on income  | -219.8         | -286.6         | -192.4                     | -264.9         | 48.3     | 137.9          | -363.9        | -413.6   |
| Net result for the period  | 723.0          | 697.5          | 759.1                      | 1,245.7        | -206.9   | -406.4         | 1,275.1       | 1,536.8  |
| Net result attributable to non-controlling interests   | 279.7          | 187.0          | -0.2                       | 60.7           | 27.5     | 24.3           | 307.0         | 272.0    |
| Net result attributable to owners of the parent  | 443.3          | 510.5          | 759.2                      | 1,184.9        | -234.4   | -430.7         | 968.2         | 1,264.7  |
| Operating income   | 3.142.7        | 3,185.1        | 3,508.4                    | 3,405.2        | 120.7    | 100.9          | 6,771.8       | 6,691.2  |
| Operating expenses   | -1.950.8       | -2.044.1       | -1.693.8                   | -1.726.2       | -224.4   | -257.9         | -3,868.9      | -4.028.2 |
| Operating result   | 1,191.8        | 1,141.0        | 1,814.7                    | 1,679.0        | -103.6   | -157.0         | 2,902.9       | 2,663.0  |
| Operating result   | 1,191.0        | 1,141.0        | 1,014.7                    | 1,073.0        | -103.0   | -107.0         | 2,302.3       | 2,003.0  |
| Risk-weighted assets (credit risk, eop)  | 50,063         | 46,970         | 33,301                     | 34,061         | 1,334    | 2,025          | 84,698        | 83,056   |
| Average allocated capital  | 5,074          | 4,929          | 4,614                      | 4,538          | 4,538    | 6,392          | 14,226        | 15,859   |
| Ocal Processor and the   | 00.40/         | 04.00/         | 40.00/                     | 50.70/         | - 4000/  | - 4000/        | 57.40/        | 00.00/   |
| Cost/income ratio  | 62.1%<br>14.2% | 64.2%<br>14.2% | 48.3%<br>16.5%             | 50.7%<br>27.4% | >100%    | >100%<br>-6.4% | 57.1%<br>9.0% | 60.2%    |
| Return on allocated capital  | 14.2%          | 14.2%          | 16.5%                      | 27.4%          | -4.6%    | -6.4%          | 9.0%          | 9.7%     |
| Total assets (eop)   | 132,396        | 138,778        | 79,266                     | 85,624         | -11,919  | -16,175        | 199,743       | 208,227  |
| Total liabilities excluding equity (eop)   | 108,281        | 114,205        | 70,588                     | 75,976         | 6,066    | 1,444          | 184,936       | 191,625  |
| In a standard and state an | 204.0          | 444.0          | 400.0                      | 440.7          | 44.4     | 400.5          | 054.5         | 202.4    |
| Impairments and risk provisions  | -321.2         | -114.9         | -486.3                     | -146.7         | -44.1    | -120.5         | -851.5        | -382.1   |
| Net impairment loss on loans and receivables to credit institutions/customers  | -202.2         | -104.3         | -422.4                     | -15.0          | -41.8    | -65.0          | -666.5        | -184.2   |
| Net impairment loss on other financial assets  | -19.1          | -2.7           | -0.2                       | -2.2           | -43.3    | -6.5           | -62.6         | -11.4    |
| Allocations/releases of provisions for contingent credit risk liabilities  | -82.3          | 9.6            | -33.5                      | -55.1          | 52.9     | 17.5           | -63.0         | -28.1    |
| Impairment of goodwill   | 0.0            | 0.0            | 0.0                        | 0.0            | 0.0      | -61.3          | 0.0           | -61.3    |
| Net impairment loss on other non-financial assets  | -17.5          | -17.4          | -30.1                      | -74.4          | -11.8    | -5.3           | -59.4         | -97.1    |

<sup>\*</sup> All 2015 figures reflect changed segment structure of Erste Group as of 1 January 2016.

## Geographical area - Austria

| In EUR million   |   | EBOe & Subs | idiaries | Savings Banks |          | Other Austria |         | Austria  |          |
|--|---|-------------|----------|---------------|----------|---------------|---------|----------|----------|
| Net foe and commission income  | in EUR million  | 1-12 15*    | 1-12 16  | 1-12 15*      | 1-12 16  | 1-12 15*      | 1-12 16 | 1-12 15* | 1-12 16  |
| Dividend Income   94   80   23.1   16.4   2.7   4.2   35.2   28.6  | Net interest income   | 639.5       | 660.5    | 929.7         | 955.8    | 414.5         | 401.6   | 1,983.8  | 2,017.9  |
| Net result from equity method investments  | Net fee and commission income                                     | 370.8       | 334.6    | 439.3         | 429.7    | 202.3         | 197.8   | 1,012.4  | 962.0    |
| Net result from equily method investments  | Dividend income   | 9.4         | 8.0      | 23.1          | 16.4     | 2.7           | 4.2     | 35.2     | 28.6     |
| Rental income from investment properties & other operating leases   19.4   36.5   40.0   38.8   40.8   57.1   10.0   12.2  | Net trading and fair value result                                 | -0.6        | 16.2     | 3.1           | 5.3      | 6.5           | 20.5    | 9.1      | 42.0     |
| General administrative expenses   -440.3   -666.9   -966.0   -1,021.8   -344.6   -355.5   -1,950.8   -2,044.1  | Net result from equity method investments                         | 1.4         | 1.7      | 0.0           | 0.0      | 0.5           | 0.5     | 1.9      | 2.2      |
| thereof depreciation and amortization 40.7 44.9 -76.3 -76.2 -37.1 41.4 -154.1 -162.5 Cainar Josses from financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss, net measured at fair value through profit or loss, net may be a seried at fair value through profit or loss, net may be a seried assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss, net may be a seried assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss, net may be a seried assets asset as a seried assets as a seried as a ser | Rental income from investment properties & other operating leases | 19.4        | 36.5     | 40.0          | 38.8     | 40.8          | 57.1    | 100.3    | 132.4    |
| Cains/losses from financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss, net o   | General administrative expenses                                   | -640.3      | -666.9   | -966.0        | -1,021.8 | -344.6        | -355.5  | -1,950.8 | -2,044.1 |
| or loss, net   | thereof depreciation and amortization                             | -40.7       | -44.9    | -76.3         | -76.2    | -37.1         | -41.4   | -154.1   | -162.5   |
| Net impairment loss on financial assets  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                             |             |          |               |          |               |         |          |          |
| Other operating result         2.56         -33.8         -39.5         -65.3         -27.8         19.1         -92.9         -80.0           Levies on banking activities         -14.9         -44.4         -15.0         -47.0         0.0         0.0         -29.8         -94.3           Pre-tax result from continuing operations         315.1         342.8         392.0         313.1         235.6         328.2         942.8         942.2           Taxes on income         773.8         -95.0         -90.2         -116.0         -55.8         -75.6         -219.8         -286.6           Net result for the period         241.3         247.8         301.9         197.2         179.9         252.6         723.0         697.5           Net result attributable to non-controlling interests         10.1         19.4         260.2         163.1         9.3         4.5         279.7         187.0           Net result attributable to owners of the parent         231.1         228.4         4.6         34.1         170.6         248.1         443.3         510.5           Operating expenses         -6.40.3         -6.60.9         -96.0         -1,021.8         -344.6         -355.5         1.95.0         2.94.1           Operatin  |   |             |          |               |          |               |         |          |          |
| Levies on banking activities   | '   |             |          |               |          |               |         |          |          |
| Pre-tax result from continuing operations  315.1 342.8 392.0 313.1 235.6 328.2 942.8 984.2 Taxes on income  73.8 95.0 90.2 -116.0 -55.8 -75.6 -219.8 -286.6 Net result for the period  241.3 247.8 301.9 197.2 179.9 252.6 723.0 697.5 Net result drirbutable to non-controlling interests  10.1 19.4 280.2 163.1 9.3 4.5 279.7 187.0 Net result attributable to owners of the parent  231.1 228.4 41.6 34.1 170.6 248.1 443.3 515.0 September 1,040.0 1.057.5 1.435.3 1.446.0 667.3 681.7 3,142.7 3,185.1 Operating expenses  460.3 -666.9 -966.0 1.021.8 -344.6 -355.5 1.355.8 2,204.1 Operating result  Operating result  399.7 390.6 469.3 424.2 322.8 326.2 1,191.8 1,141.0 Operating result  Risk-weighted assets (credit risk, eop)  12,482 11,523 21,955 20,930 15,625 14,517 50,063 46,970 Average allocated capital  1,274 1,285 2,106 2,120 1,694 1,525 5,074 4,929 Cost/income ratio  61.6% 63.1% 67.3% 70.7% 51.8% 52.2% 62.1% 64.2% Return on allocated capital  1,8% 19.3% 14.3% 9.3% 10.6% 15.6% 14.2% 14.2% 14.2% 14.2% 14.3% 15.0 September 1,040.9 Septembe |   |             |          |               |          |               |         |          |          |
| Taxes on income  |   |             |          |               |          |               |         |          |          |
| Net result for the period   241.3   247.8   301.9   197.2   179.9   252.6   723.0   697.5     Net result attributable to non-controlling interests   10.1   19.4   260.2   163.1   9.3   4.5   279.7   187.0     Net result attributable to owners of the parent   231.1   228.4   41.6   34.1   170.6   248.1   443.3   510.5     Operating income   1.040.0   1.057.5   1.435.3   1.446.0   667.3   681.7   3.142.7   3.185.1     Operating expenses   640.3   666.9   966.0   -1.021.8   344.6   -355.5   -1.950.8   -2.044.1     Operating expenses   640.3   -666.9   966.0   -1.021.8   344.6   -355.5   -1.950.8   -2.044.1     Operating expenses   640.3   -666.9   966.0   -1.021.8   344.6   -355.5   -1.950.8   -2.044.1     Operating expenses   1.2482   11.523   21.955   20.930   15.625   14.517   50.063   46.970     Average allocated capital   1.274   1.285   2.106   2.120   1.694   1.525   5.074   4.929     Cost/income ratio   61.6%   63.1%   67.3%   70.7%   51.6%   52.2%   62.1%   64.2%     Return on allocated capital   18.9%   19.3%   14.3%   9.3%   10.6%   16.6%   14.2%   14.2%     Total assets (cop)   38.821   39.738   53.835   54.038   15.625   20.429   108.281   114.205     Impairments and risk provisions   -76.6   -21.2   -86.9   -44.8   -157.6   -49.0   -321.2   -114.9     Net impairment loss on loans and receivables to credit institutions/customers   49.6   -28.9   -73.9   -51.6   -78.7   -23.8   -20.2   -104.3     Net impairment loss on other financial assets   -9.4   -0.4   -9.7   -2.6   0.1   0.3   -19.1   -2.7     Impairment of goodwill   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0     Impairment of goodwill   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0     Operating interests   -11.7   10.5   -69.0   -9.7   -82.3   9.6     Impairment of goodwill   0.0     Operating interests   -24.3   -24.3   -24.3   -24.3   -24.3   -24.3   -24.3   -24.3   -24.3   -24   |   |             |          |               |          |               |         |          |          |
| Net result attributable to non-controlling interests   10.1   19.4   260.2   163.1   9.3   4.5   279.7   187.0   |   |             |          |               |          |               |         |          |          |
| Net result attributable to owners of the parent   231.1   228.4   41.6   34.1   170.6   248.1   443.3   510.5  |   |             |          |               |          |               |         |          |          |
| Coperating income  |   |             |          |               |          |               |         |          |          |
| Operating expenses         -640.3         -666.9         -966.0         -1,021.8         -344.6         -355.5         -1,950.8         -2,044.1           Operating result         399.7         390.6         469.3         424.2         322.8         326.2         1,191.8         1,141.0           Risk-weighted assets (credit risk, eop)         12,482         11,523         21,955         20,930         15,625         14,517         50,063         46,970           Average allocated capital         1,274         1,285         2,106         2,120         1,694         1,525         5,074         4,929           Cost/income ratio         61.6%         63.1%         67.3%         70.7%         51.6%         52.2%         62.1%         64.2%           Return on allocated capital         18.9%         19.3%         14.3%         9.3%         10.6%         16.6%         14.2%           Total assets (eop)         40,560         41,484         57,953         58,357         33,883         38,936         132,396         138,778           Total liabilities excluding equity (eop)         38,821         39,738         53,835         54,038         15,625         20,429         108,281         114,205           Impairments and risk provisions </td <td>Net result attributable to owners of the parent</td> <td>231.1</td> <td>228.4</td> <td>41.6</td> <td>34.1</td> <td>170.6</td> <td>248.1</td> <td>443.3</td> <td>510.5</td>   | Net result attributable to owners of the parent                   | 231.1       | 228.4    | 41.6          | 34.1     | 170.6         | 248.1   | 443.3    | 510.5    |
| Operating expenses         -640.3         -666.9         -966.0         -1,021.8         -344.6         -355.5         -1,950.8         -2,044.1           Operating result         399.7         390.6         469.3         424.2         322.8         326.2         1,191.8         1,141.0           Risk-weighted assets (credit risk, eop)         12,482         11,523         21,955         20,930         15,625         14,517         50,063         46,970           Average allocated capital         1,274         1,285         2,106         2,120         1,694         1,525         5,074         4,929           Cost/income ratio         61.6%         63.1%         67.3%         70.7%         51.6%         52.2%         62.1%         64.2%           Return on allocated capital         18.9%         19.3%         14.3%         9.3%         10.6%         16.6%         14.2%           Total assets (eop)         40,560         41,484         57,953         58,357         33,883         38,936         132,396         138,778           Total liabilities excluding equity (eop)         38,821         39,738         53,835         54,038         15,625         20,429         108,281         114,205           Impairments and risk provisions </td <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>   | -   |             |          |               |          |               |         |          |          |
| Operating result         399.7         390.6         469.3         424.2         322.8         326.2         1,191.8         1,141.0           Risk-weighted assets (credit risk, eop)         12,482         11,523         21,955         20,930         15,625         14,517         50,063         46,970           Average allocated capital         1,274         1,285         2,106         2,120         1,694         1,525         5,074         4,929           Cost/income ratio         61.6%         63.1%         67.3%         70.7%         51.6%         52.2%         62.1%         64.2%           Return on allocated capital         18.9%         19.3%         14.3%         9.3%         10.6%         16.6%         14.2%           Total assets (eop)         40,560         41,484         57,953         58,357         33,883         38,936         132,396         138,778           Total liabilities excluding equity (eop)         38,821         39,738         53,835         54,038         15,625         20,429         108,281         114,205           Impairments and risk provisions         -76.6         -21.2         -86.9         -44.8         -157.6         -49.0         -321.2         -114.9           Net impairment loss on loans an   |   |             |          |               |          |               |         |          |          |
| Risk-weighted assets (credit risk, eop)  12,482  11,523  21,955  20,930  15,625  14,517  50,063  46,970  Average allocated capital  1,274  1,285  2,106  2,120  1,694  1,525  5,074  4,929  Cost/income ratio  61.6%  63.1%  67.3%  70.7%  51.6%  52.2%  62.1%  64.2%  Return on allocated capital  18.9%  19.3%  14.3%  9.3%  10.6%  16.6%  14.2%  14.2%  Total assets (eop)  40,560  41,484  57,953  58,357  33,883  38,936  132,396  138,778  Total liabilities excluding equity (eop)  38,821  39,738  53,835  54,038  15,625  20,429  108,281  114,205  Impairments and risk provisions  -76.6  -21.2  -86.9  -44.8  -157.6  -49.0  -321.2  -114.9  Net impairment loss on loans and receivables to credit institutions/customers  -9.4  -0.4  -9.7  -2.6  0.1  0.3  -19.1  -2.7  10.5  -69.0  -9.7  -9.3  9.6  Impairment of goodwill  |   |             |          |               | ,        |               |         |          | , -      |
| Average allocated capital 1,274 1,285 2,106 2,120 1,694 1,525 5,074 4,929  Cost/income ratio 61.6% 63.1% 67.3% 70.7% 51.6% 52.2% 62.1% 64.2% Return on allocated capital 18.9% 19.3% 14.3% 9.3% 10.6% 16.6% 14.2% 14.2%  Total assets (eop) 40,560 41,484 57,953 58,357 33,883 38,936 132,396 138,778 Total liabilities excluding equity (eop) 38,821 39,738 53,835 54,038 15,625 20,429 108,281 114,205  Impairments and risk provisions -76.6 -21.2 -86.9 -44.8 -157.6 -49.0 -321.2 -114.9 Net impairment loss on loans and receivables to credit institutions/customers -9.4 -0.4 -9.7 -2.6 0.1 0.3 -19.1 -2.7 Allocations/releases of provisions for contingent credit risk liabilities -11.7 8.8 -1.7 10.5 -69.0 -9.7 -82.3 9.6 Impairment of goodwill 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0  | Operating result  | 399.7       | 390.6    | 469.3         | 424.2    | 322.8         | 326.2   | 1,191.8  | 1,141.0  |
| Cost/income ratio 61.6% 63.1% 67.3% 70.7% 51.6% 52.2% 62.1% 64.2% Return on allocated capital 18.9% 19.3% 14.3% 9.3% 10.6% 16.6% 14.2% 14.2% 14.2% 14.2% 15.0% 15. | Risk-weighted assets (credit risk, eop)                           | 12,482      | 11,523   | 21,955        | 20,930   | 15,625        | 14,517  | 50,063   | 46,970   |
| Return on allocated capital   18.9%   19.3%   14.3%   9.3%   10.6%   16.6%   14.2%     | Average allocated capital   | 1,274       | 1,285    | 2,106         | 2,120    | 1,694         | 1,525   | 5,074    | 4,929    |
| Return on allocated capital   18.9%   19.3%   14.3%   9.3%   10.6%   16.6%   14.2%     |   |             |          |               |          |               |         |          |          |
| Total assets (eop) 40,560 41,484 57,953 58,357 33,883 38,936 132,396 138,778 Total liabilities excluding equity (eop) 38,821 39,738 53,835 54,038 15,625 20,429 108,281 114,205  Impairments and risk provisions -76.6 -21.2 -86.9 -44.8 -157.6 -49.0 -321.2 -114.9  Net impairment loss on loans and receivables to credit institutions/customers -49.6 -28.9 -73.9 -51.6 -78.7 -23.8 -202.2 -104.3  Net impairment loss on other financial assets -9.4 -0.4 -9.7 -2.6 0.1 0.3 -19.1 -2.7  Allocations/releases of provisions for contingent credit risk liabilities -11.7 8.8 -1.7 10.5 -69.0 -9.7 -82.3 9.6  Impairment of goodwill -10.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0   | Cost/income ratio   | 61.6%       | 63.1%    | 67.3%         | 70.7%    | 51.6%         | 52.2%   | 62.1%    | 64.2%    |
| Total liabilities excluding equity (eop) 38,821 39,738 53,835 54,038 15,625 20,429 108,281 114,205   | Return on allocated capital                                       | 18.9%       | 19.3%    | 14.3%         | 9.3%     | 10.6%         | 16.6%   | 14.2%    | 14.2%    |
| Total liabilities excluding equity (eop) 38,821 39,738 53,835 54,038 15,625 20,429 108,281 114,205   |   |             |          |               |          |               |         |          |          |
| Impairments and risk provisions         -76.6         -21.2         -86.9         -44.8         -157.6         -49.0         -321.2         -114.9           Net impairment loss on loans and receivables to credit institutions/customers         -49.6         -28.9         -73.9         -51.6         -78.7         -23.8         -202.2         -104.3           Net impairment loss on other financial assets         -9.4         -0.4         -9.7         -2.6         0.1         0.3         -19.1         -2.7           Allocations/releases of provisions for contingent credit risk liabilities         -11.7         8.8         -1.7         10.5         -69.0         -9.7         -82.3         9.6           Impairment of goodwill         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0  | Total assets (eop)  | 40,560      | 41,484   | 57,953        | 58,357   | 33,883        | 38,936  | 132,396  | 138,778  |
| Net impairment loss on loans and receivables to credit institutions/customers         49.6         -28.9         -73.9         -51.6         -78.7         -23.8         -202.2         -104.3           Net impairment loss on other financial assets         -9.4         -0.4         -9.7         -2.6         0.1         0.3         -19.1         -2.7           Allocations/releases of provisions for contingent credit risk liabilities         -11.7         8.8         -1.7         10.5         -69.0         -9.7         -82.3         9.6           Impairment of goodwill         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0  | Total liabilities excluding equity (eop)                          | 38,821      | 39,738   | 53,835        | 54,038   | 15,625        | 20,429  | 108,281  | 114,205  |
| Net impairment loss on loans and receivables to credit institutions/customers         49.6         -28.9         -73.9         -51.6         -78.7         -23.8         -202.2         -104.3           Net impairment loss on other financial assets         -9.4         -0.4         -9.7         -2.6         0.1         0.3         -19.1         -2.7           Allocations/releases of provisions for contingent credit risk liabilities         -11.7         8.8         -1.7         10.5         -69.0         -9.7         -82.3         9.6           Impairment of goodwill         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0  | Impairments and risk provisions                                   | -76.6       | -21.2    | -86.9         | -44.8    | -157.6        | -49.0   | -321.2   | -114.9   |
| Net impairment loss on other financial assets         -9.4         -0.4         -9.7         -2.6         0.1         0.3         -19.1         -2.7           Allocations/releases of provisions for contingent credit risk liabilities         -11.7         8.8         -1.7         10.5         -69.0         -9.7         -82.3         9.6           Impairment of goodwill         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0   |   | -49.6       | -28.9    |               | -51.6    | -78.7         | -23.8   |          | -104.3   |
| Allocations/releases of provisions for contingent credit risk liabilities -11.7 8.8 -1.7 10.5 -69.0 -9.7 -82.3 9.6 Impairment of goodwill 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0  | '   |             |          |               |          |               |         |          |          |
| Impairment of goodwill 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0   | <u>'</u>  |             |          |               |          |               |         |          |          |
|  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                             |             |          |               |          |               |         |          |          |
|  | · •   | -5.9        | -0.7     |               | -1.0     | -9.9          | -15.7   | -17.5    | -17.4    |

<sup>\*</sup> All 2015 figures reflect changed segment structure of Erste Group as of 1 January 2016.

# **Geographical area - Central and Eastern Europe**

|   | Czech R  | epublic | Roma     | ania    | Slov     | akia    | Hung     | jary    | Croa     | tia     | Serb     | ia      | Central an<br>Euro |          |
|---|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|--------------------|----------|
| in EUR million  | 1-12 15* | 1-12 16 | 1-12 15* | 1-12 16 | 1-12 15* | 1-12 16 | 1-12 15* | 1-12 16 | 1-12 15* | 1-12 16 | 1-12 15* | 1-12 16 | 1-12 15*           | 1-12 16  |
| Net interest income   | 923.0    | 914.3   | 436.5    | 374.9   | 458.0    | 453.0   | 198.5    | 173.4   | 270.6    | 264.9   | 42.1     | 46.8    | 2,328.8            | 2,227.3  |
| Net fee and commission income   | 375.8    | 344.3   | 163.2    | 157.9   | 121.4    | 121.7   | 137.5    | 141.8   | 84.8     | 88.0    | 12.6     | 11.1    | 895.3              | 864.8    |
| Dividend income   | 2.5      | 3.1     | 1.3      | 0.6     | 0.9      | 1.2     | 0.2      | 0.1     | 0.2      | 0.2     | 0.0      | 0.0     | 5.0                | 5.2      |
| Net trading and fair value result   | 103.5    | 105.5   | 69.4     | 70.0    | 8.8      | 12.6    | -0.5     | 21.1    | 15.9     | 29.5    | 3.2      | 3.3     | 200.2              | 241.9    |
| Net result from equity method investments   | 0.0      | -0.4    | 0.6      | 0.4     | 9.1      | 6.1     | 0.0      | 0.0     | 2.6      | 1.2     | 0.2      | 0.2     | 12.5               | 7.5      |
| Rental income from investment properties & other operating leases                     | 26.8     | 17.7    | 9.1      | 11.9    | 1.9      | 0.9     | 0.9      | 4.0     | 27.6     | 23.7    | 0.3      | 0.3     | 66.6               | 58.4     |
| General administrative expenses   | -681.2   | -671.2  | -340.5   | -349.8  | -266.1   | -275.1  | -179.9   | -195.6  | -187.0   | -194.3  | -39.0    | -40.2   | -1,693.8           | -1,726.2 |
| thereof depreciation and amortization   | -78.9    | -78.2   | -38.6    | -37.6   | -44.6    | -43.9   | -20.7    | -20.4   | -31.5    | -31.3   | -2.2     | -2.2    | -216.5             | -213.6   |
| Gains/losses from financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through |          |         |          |         |          |         |          |         |          |         |          |         |                    |          |
| profit or loss, net   | 16.5     | 52.6    | 1.1      | 24.9    | 0.9      | 27.0    | -4.7     | 9.3     | 0.4      | 8.7     | 0.0      | 0.0     | 14.2               | 122.4    |
| Net impairment loss on financial assets   | -97.1    | -70.5   | 16.4     | 62.4    | -58.0    | -48.2   | -105.8   | 91.7    | -167.3   | -48.4   | -10.8    | -4.1    | -422.6             | -17.2    |
| Other operating result  | -37.3    | -24.8   | -141.2   | -115.6  | -33.4    | -16.1   | -106.9   | -102.7  | -135.4   | -13.9   | -0.6     | -0.6    | -454.8             | -273.7   |
| Levies on banking activities  | 0.0      | 0.0     | 0.0      | 0.0     | -23.6    | -25.1   | -84.0    | -57.0   | 0.0      | 0.0     | 0.0      | 0.0     | -107.6             | -82.1    |
| Pre-tax result from continuing operations   | 632.6    | 670.6   | 215.9    | 237.6   | 243.5    | 283.1   | -60.7    | 143.0   | -87.6    | 159.5   | 7.9      | 16.7    | 951.5              | 1,510.5  |
| Taxes on income   | -128.9   | -122.8  | -18.4    | -24.5   | -58.6    | -69.8   | -10.5    | -9.4    | 24.1     | -37.6   | -0.1     | -0.7    | -192.4             | -264.9   |
| Net result for the period   | 503.7    | 547.8   | 197.5    | 213.1   | 184.8    | 213.3   | -71.3    | 133.6   | -63.5    | 121.9   | 7.7      | 16.0    | 759.1              | 1,245.7  |
| Net result attributable to non-controlling interests                                  | 5.4      | 5.8     | 12.7     | 13.7    | 0.0      | 0.0     | 0.0      | 0.0     | -19.8    | 38.2    | 1.5      | 3.1     | -0.2               | 60.7     |
| Net result attributable to owners of the parent                                       | 498.3    | 542.0   | 184.8    | 199.5   | 184.8    | 213.3   | -71.3    | 133.6   | -43.7    | 83.7    | 6.3      | 12.8    | 759.2              | 1,184.9  |
|   |          |         |          |         |          |         |          |         |          |         |          |         |                    |          |
| Operating income  | 1,431.7  | 1,384.5 | 680.0    | 615.7   | 600.1    | 595.4   | 336.6    | 340.3   | 401.6    | 407.4   | 58.4     | 61.7    | 3,508.4            | 3,405.2  |
| Operating expenses  | -681.2   | -671.2  | -340.5   | -349.8  | -266.1   | -275.1  | -179.9   | -195.6  | -187.0   | -194.3  | -39.0    | -40.2   | -1,693.8           | -1,726.2 |
| Operating result  | 750.5    | 713.3   | 339.5    | 266.0   | 334.0    | 320.4   | 156.7    | 144.8   | 214.7    | 213.1   | 19.3     | 21.5    | 1,814.7            | 1,679.0  |
|   |          |         |          |         |          |         |          |         |          |         |          |         |                    |          |
| Risk-weighted assets (credit risk, eop)   | 14,406   | 15,285  | 5,489    | 5,369   | 4,905    | 4,737   | 3,328    | 3,470   | 4,369    | 4,256   | 803      | 943     | 33,301             | 34,061   |
| Average allocated capital   | 1,707    | 1,761   | 1,106    | 987     | 644      | 633     | 511      | 493     | 548      | 548     | 98       | 117     | 4,614              | 4,538    |
|   |          |         |          |         |          |         |          |         |          |         |          |         |                    |          |
| Cost/income ratio   | 47.6%    | 48.5%   | 50.1%    | 56.8%   | 44.3%    | 46.2%   | 53.5%    | 57.5%   | 46.6%    | 47.7%   | 66.9%    | 65.2%   | 48.3%              | 50.7%    |
| Return on allocated capital   | 29.5%    | 31.1%   | 17.9%    | 21.6%   | 28.7%    | 33.7%   | -14.0%   | 27.1%   | -11.6%   | 22.2%   | 7.9%     | 13.6%   | 16.5%              | 27.4%    |
|   |          |         |          |         |          |         |          |         |          |         |          |         |                    |          |
| Total assets (eop)  | 35,512   | 39,470  | 13,784   | 14,875  | 13,978   | 14,819  | 6,090    | 6,606   | 8,902    | 8,654   | 1,000    | 1,199   | 79,266             | 85,624   |
| Total liabilities excluding equity (eop)  | 31,211   | 34,965  | 12,486   | 13,375  | 12,441   | 13,263  | 5,582    | 5,699   | 8,002    | 7,621   | 867      | 1,051   | 70,588             | 75,976   |
|   |          |         |          |         |          |         |          |         |          |         |          |         |                    |          |
| Impairments and risk provisions   | -116.9   | -124.0  | 0.3      | 54.1    | -54.9    | -44.5   | -127.7   | 40.8    | -176.0   | -68.7   | -11.1    | -4.3    | -486.3             | -146.7   |
| Net impairment loss on loans and receivables to credit institutions/customers         | -97.1    | -70.6   | 16.7     | 62.8    | -58.1    | -48.2   | -105.8   | 92.7    | -167.3   | -47.5   | -10.8    | -4.1    | -422.4             | -15.0    |
| Net impairment loss on other financial assets   | 0.1      | 0.2     | -0.3     | -0.4    | 0.0      | 0.0     | 0.0      | -1.0    | 0.0      | -0.9    | 0.0      | 0.0     | -0.2               | -2.2     |
| Allocations/releases of provisions for contingent credit risk liabilities             | -6.1     | -11.8   | -6.5     | 4.7     | 3.0      | 4.4     | -19.1    | -45.8   | -4.8     | -6.0    | 0.0      | -0.6    | -33.5              | -55.1    |
| Impairment of goodwill  | 0.0      | 0.0     | 0.0      | 0.0     | 0.0      | 0.0     | 0.0      | 0.0     | 0.0      | 0.0     | 0.0      | 0.0     | 0.0                | 0.0      |
| Net impairment loss on other non-financial assets                                     | -13.8    | -41.8   | -9.6     | -13.0   | 0.2      | -0.7    | -2.8     | -5.1    | -3.8     | -14.3   | -0.2     | 0.4     | -30.1              | -74.4    |

<sup>\*</sup> All 2015 figures reflect changed segment structure of Erste Group as of 1 January 2016.

#### 38. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and outside Austria and return on assets

Assets and liabilities not denominated in EUR were as follows:

| in EUR million  | Dec 15  | Dec 16  |
|---|---------|---------|
| Assets  | 68,004  | 69,639  |
| Liabilities   | 54,294  | 57,598  |
| The assets and liabilities outside Austria are given below: |         |         |
| in EUR million  | Dec 15  | Dec 16  |
| Assets  | 112,229 | 114,050 |
| Liabilities   | 81,713  | 88.658  |

Return on assets (net profit for the year divided by average total assets) was 0.38% at 31 December 2016 (0.16% in 31 December 2015).

#### 39. Leases

#### Finance leases

Finance leases receivables are included under the balance sheet item 'Loans and advances to customers'. Erste Group leases both movable property and real estate to other parties under finance lease arrangements. For the finance lease receivables included in this item, the reconciliation of the gross investment in leases to the present value of the minimum lease payments is as follows:

| in EUR million                                  | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
|---|--------|--------|
| Outstanding minimum lease payments              | 3,568  | 3,394  |
| Non-guaranteed residual values                  | 751    | 1,005  |
| Gross investment                                | 4,319  | 4,399  |
| Unrealised financial income                     | 441    | 392    |
| Net investment                                  | 3,877  | 4,007  |
| Present value of non-guaranteed residual values | 701    | 713    |
| Present value of minimum lease payments         | 3,176  | 3,294  |

The maturity analysis of gross investment in leases and present values of minimum lease payments under non-cancellable leases is as follows (residual maturities):

|                | Gross in | Present value of minimum<br>lease payments |        |        |
|----------------|----------|--|--------|--------|
| in EUR million | Dec 15   | Dec 16                                     | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
| < 1 year       | 702      | 907  | 545    | 750    |
| 1 - 5 years    | 2,093    | 2,157                                      | 1,612  | 1,702  |
| > 5 years      | 1,524    | 1,336                                      | 1,019  | 842    |
| Total          | 4,319    | 4,399                                      | 3,176  | 3,294  |

In the reporting period, the total amount of accumulated allowance for uncollectable minimum lease payments, presented as risk provisions for loans and advances, was EUR 157 million (2015: EUR 126 million). The total amount of contingent rents from finance leases recognised as income in the period was EUR 32 million (2015: EUR 33 million).

#### Operating leases

Under operating leases, Erste Group leases both real estate and movable property to other parties.

## Operating leases from the view of Erste Group as lessor.

Minimum lease payments from non-cancellable operating leases were as follows:

| in EUR million | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
|----------------|--------|--------|
| < 1 year       | 51     | 64     |
| 1 - 5 years    | 141    | 175    |
| > 5 years      | 32     | 83     |
| Total          | 224    | 322    |

The total amount of contingent rents from operating leases recognised as income in the period was EUR 10 million (2015: EUR 11 million).

#### Operating leases from the view of Erste Group as lessee.

Minimum lease payments from non-cancellable operating leases were as follows:

| in EUR million  | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
|-----------------|--------|--------|
| < 1 year        | 45     | 54     |
| 1 - 5 years     | 78     | 115    |
|                 | 27     | 88     |
| > 5 years Total | 150    | 257    |

Lease payments from operating leases recognised as expense in the period amounted to EUR 75.5 million (2015: EUR 84.9 million).

## 40. Related-party transactions and principal shareholders

In addition to principal shareholders, Erste Group also defines as related parties subsidiaries that are not consolidated due to non-materiality and associates that are included in the consolidated financial statements by the equity method. Furthermore, related parties consist of management and supervisory board members of Erste Group Bank AG. Moreover, Erste Group defines close family members of management and supervisory board members of Erste Group Bank AG, as well as companies over which management and supervisory board members of Erste Group Bank AG have control or significant influence, as other related parties.

Transactions between Erste Group Bank AG and fully consolidated companies are not recognised in the consolidated financial statements as they have been eliminated.

## **Principal shareholders**

As of 31 December 2016, DIE ERSTE oesterreichische Spar-Casse Privatstiftung ('Erste Foundation'), a foundation, controlls together with its partners to shareholder agreements approximately 29.46% of the shares in Erste Group Bank AG and is with 15.37% controlling shareholder. The Erste Foundation is holding 6.63% of the shares directly, the indirect participation of the Erste Foundation amounts to 8.74% of the shares held by Sparkassen Beteiligungs GmbH & Co KG, which is an affiliated company of the Erste Foundation. 1.09% are held directly by Austrian savings banks respectively saving banks foundations acting together with the Erste Foundation and affiliated with Erste Group Bank AG through the Haftungsverbund. 9.92% of the subscribed capital is controlled by the Erste Foundation on the basis of a shareholder agreement with CaixaBank S.A. 3.08% are held by other partners to other shareholder agreements.

In 2016 (for the financial year 2015), Erste Foundation received a dividend of EUR 23.8 million (2015: no dividend) on its stake in Erste Group Bank AG. The purpose of the Erste Foundation, to be achieved notably by way of the participating interest in Erste Group Bank AG, is to support social, scientific, cultural and charitable institutions as well as to generally promote the guiding principles of the savings bank philosophy. As of 31 December 2016, Bernhard Spalt (chairman), Boris Marte and Franz Portisch were members of Erste Foundation's management board. The supervisory board of Erste Foundation had eight members at the end of 2016, two of whom are also members of the supervisory board of Erste Group Bank AG.

Under article 15.1 of the articles of association, for the duration of its assumption of liability for all current and future debts in the event of default on payment by the company, the Erste Foundation is entitled, pursuant to Section 92 (9) of the Austrian Banking Act, to delegate up to one-third of the supervisory board members to be elected at the Annual General Meeting. Until now, the Erste Foundation has not exercised this right.

As of 31 December 2016, Erste Group had in relation to the Erste Foundation accounts payable of EUR 3.0 million (2015: EUR 24.8 million) and no accounts receivable (2015: EUR 0). In addition, standard derivative transactions for hedging purposes were in place between Erste Group and the Erste Foundation as of the end of 2016, namely interest rate swaps with caps in the notional amount of EUR 103.0 million (2015: EUR 278.0 million). As of the end of 2016, the Erste Foundation held bonds issued by Erste Group Bank AG in the amount of EUR 10.2 million (2015: EUR 9.8 million), and Erste Group held debt securities issued by the Erste Foundation in the amount of EUR 0.3 million (2015: EUR 2.9 million).

In 2016, the interest income of Erste Group for the reporting period amounted to EUR 6.3 million (2015: EUR 12.2 million) while the interest expenses amounted to EUR 3.9 million (2015: EUR 8.0 million), resulting from the said accounts receivable and accounts payable as well as derivative transactions and debt securities.

As of 31 December 2016 CaixaBank S.A., which is based in Barcelona, Spain, held a total of 42,634,248 (2015: 42,634,248) Erste Group Bank AG shares, equivalent to 9.92% (2015: 9.92%) of the share capital of Erste Group Bank AG. At the end of October 2016 Gonzalo

Cortàzar Rotaeche (CEO of the CaixaBank S.A.) resigned his seat at the supervisory board of Erste Group Bank AG, since he accepted another seat at the Banco Português de Investimento in Portugal. According to the Portuguese central bank, Rotaeche would have exceeded the amount of allowed seats, if he had remained at Erste Group Bank AG's supervisory board. The subsequently available seat will be reappointed at the next annual general meeting.

In addition, the shareholders' agreement between CaixaBank S.A. and the Erste Foundation which had been in effect since 2009, was renewed on 15 December 2014 (Preferred Partnership Agreement). On the basis of this agreement, CaixaBank S.A. joined the ranks of the core shareholders, which include Erste Foundation as well as the savings banks, their foundations as well as Wiener Städtische Wechselseitige Versicherungsverein – Vermögensverwaltung – Vienna Insurance Group. As member of this syndicate, CaixaBank S.A. will abide by the recommendations of the Erste Foundation when electing new supervisory board members.

In 2016 (for the financial year 2015), CaixaBank S.A. received a dividend of EUR 21.3 million (2015: no dividend) based on its stake in Erste Group Bank AG.

Balances and off-balance exposures with related parties

|   | Dec   | : 15   | Dec 16  |   |  |
|---|---|--|---|---|--|
| in EUR million  | Investments in subsidaries - not consolidated | Investments in<br>associates and<br>Investments in<br>joint ventures | Investments in subsidaries - not consolidated | Investments in associates and Investments in joint ventures |  |
| Selected financial assets   | 293   | 538  | 141   | 531   |  |
| Equity instruments  | 31  | 8  | 24  | 5   |  |
| Debt securities   | 0   | 37   | 0   | 28  |  |
| Loans and advances  | 262   | 493  | 117   | 498   |  |
| Loans and advances with credit institutions   | 26  | 117  | 23  | 120   |  |
| Loans and advances with customers   | 235   | 376  | 95  | 378   |  |
| of which: impaired selected assets  | 3   | 0  | 3   | 0   |  |
| Selected financial liabilities  | 46  | 102  | 49  | 135   |  |
| Deposits  | 46  | 102  | 49  | 135   |  |
| Deposits from banks   | 0   | 7  | 0   | 14  |  |
| Deposits from customers   | 46  | 95   | 49  | 120   |  |
| Debt securities issued  | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0   |  |
| Loan commitments, financial guarantees and other commitments given [notional amount]                    | 55  | 184  | 27  | 154   |  |
| of which: defaulted   | 2   | 0  | 5   | 0   |  |
| Loan commitments, financial guarantees and other commitments received                                   | 0   | 2  | 0   | 0   |  |
| Derivatives [notional amount]   | 17  | 0  | 0   | 0   |  |
| Allowances and provisions for impaired debt instruments, defaulted guarantees and defaulted commitments | 9   | 3  | 3   | 0   |  |

Expenses/Income generated by transactions with related parties

|   | Dec   | : 15   | Dec   | : 16   |
|---|---|--|---|--|
| in EUR million  | Investments in subsidaries - not consolidated | Investments in<br>associates and<br>Investments in<br>joint ventures | Investments in subsidaries - not consolidated | Investments in<br>associates and<br>Investments in<br>joint ventures |
| Interest Income   | 6   | 9  | -4  | -11  |
| Fee and commission income   | 0   | 1  | -0  | -6   |
| Dividend income   | 3   | 12   | -0  | -13  |
| Realised gains on financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss                                  | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0  |
| Gains on derecognition of non-financial assets  | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0  |
| Interest expenses   | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0  |
| Fee and commission expenses   | 0   | -1   | 0   | 2  |
| Realised losses on financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss                                 | 0   | 0  | 0   | 0  |
| Losses on derecognition of non-financial assets   | -1  | 0  | 0   | 0  |
| Increase during the period in impairment and provisions for impaired debt instruments, defaulted guarantees and defaulted commitments | -11   | -1   | 7   | 1  |
| Decrease during the period in impairment and provisions for impaired debt instruments, defaulted guarantees and defaulted commitments | 29  | 1  | 0   | -1   |

Transactions with related parties are done at arm's length.

## Remuneration of management and supervisory board members

The remuneration paid to the management board in 2016 is as follows:

#### **Fixed salaries**

| in EUR thousand 1-12 15                      | 1-12 16 |
|--|---------|
| Andreas Treichl 1,335                        | 1,475   |
| Peter Bosek 633                              | 700     |
| Petr Brávek (starting with 1 April 2015) 495 | 700     |
| Andreas Gottschling 633                      | 700     |
| Gernot Mittendorfer 633                      | 700     |
| Jozef Síkela 633                             | 700     |
| Total 4,362                                  | 4,975   |

Until 31 January 2016, Peter Bosek was a management board member of the Holding as well as of Erste Bank Oesterreich. Therefore, the remuneration was split equally between both entities for that period.

Since the financial year 2010, the variable part of the management board's remuneration, including both cash payments and share-equivalents, is distributed over five years in accordance with legal requirements and is paid out only under certain conditions. Share-equivalents are not exchange-traded shares but phantom shares that are paid out in cash after a one-year vesting period based on defined criteria. In 2016, performance-linked remuneration and share-equivalents were paid out or vested for the financial year 2015 and for previous financial years.

#### Performance-linked remuneration

|                            |  | 2 15     |   | 1-1                   | 2 16   |                            |   |                       |
|----------------------------|--|----------|---|-----------------------|--|----------------------------|---|-----------------------|
|                            | First tranche of bonus for service year 2014 |          | Deferred bonus for previous service years |                       | First tranche of bonus for service year 2015 |                            | Deferred bonus for previous service years |                       |
|                            | share<br>cash equivalent                     |          | cash                                      | share-<br>equivalents | cash   | share-<br>cash equivalents | cash                                      | share-<br>equivalents |
|                            | in EUR thousand                              | in units | in EUR thousand                           | in units              | in EUR thousand                              | in units                   | in EUR thousand                           | in units              |
| Andreas Treichl            | 0  | 0        | 157                                       | 6,953                 | 0  | 0                          | 219                                       | 10,505                |
| Peter Bosek                | 0  | 0        | 0   | 0                     | 0  | 0                          | 97  | 4,775                 |
| Petr Brávek (starting with |  |          |   |                       |  |                            |   |                       |
| 1 April 2015)              | 0  | 0        | 0   | 0                     | 0  | 0                          | 112                                       | 4,775                 |
| Andreas Gottschling        | 0  | 0        | 4   | 168                   | 0  | 0                          | 118                                       | 5,094                 |
| Gernot Mittendorfer        | 0  | 0        | 27  | 1,424                 | 0  | 0                          | 120                                       | 4,775                 |
| Jozef Síkela               | 0  | 0        | 0   | 0                     | 0  | 0                          | 102                                       | 4,775                 |
| Total                      | 0  | 0        | 188                                       | 8,545                 | 0  | 0                          | 768                                       | 34,699                |

Until 31 January 2016, Peter Bosek was a management board member of the Holding as well as of Erste Bank Oesterreich. Therefore, the remuneration was split equally between both entities for that period.

Pay-outs will be made in the year 2017 after the one-year vesting period. Share equivalents are valued at the average weighted daily share price of Erste Group Bank AG of the year 2016 in the amount of EUR 24.57 (2015: EUR 25.13) per share.

Erste Group offers to its board members a bonus program in each year. It relates to the services rendered by the board members in that year (i.e. 'service year'). The actual bonus payments are divided into a first tranche in the following year and five deferred tranches in the subsequent years. The decision to pay out the first and deferred tranches to board members in a given year depends on the results and the capital ratios of Erste Group Bank AG (further 'performance conditions') in the preceding business year (i.e. 'performance year'). This decision is taken by a remuneration committee (further 'the Committee'). If in a specific year the Committee decides that the performance conditions in the performance year have not been fulfilled the tranches for the current year are cancelled.

The total amount of the bonus related to a particular service year is decided by the Committee in April of the following year. This decision also means that the first tranche will be paid out. The first tranche, depending on the bonus amount granted to a board member, accounts for 40% or 60% of the total volume. The remaining part is split into 5 deferred tranches, each covering 8% or 12%. The payout decision for the first deferred tranche is taken in April two years after the service year and it depends on the performance in the previous year (i.e. one year after the service year). The same logic applies to the remaining deferred tranches.

Both the first tranche and the deferred tranches are split into two equal parts. 50% of the bonuses are paid out in cash in May after the bonus payout decision is taken by the Committee in a specific year (the 'cash part'). 50% of the bonuses are paid with one year delay after

the payout decision and they depend on the changes in the average Erste Group Bank, AG share price between the year in which the payout decision of the tranche is taken and the service year (the 'share-equivalents part'). E.g. if the second deferred tranche is 10,000 share equivalents (the number of the share equivalents is determined based on the average share price in the service year) then the actual amount of cash paid would be EUR 10,000 times the average price of the shares in the year the payout decision is taken (e.g. share price of 30 would result in EUR 300,000 cash amount = EUR 10,000 times 30). The cash amount is paid out in the next year.

The share equivalent part meets the definition of the cash-settled share based payment in IFRS 2. Under the standard an entity shall recognise an expense and a liability in a cash-settled share-based payment transaction when the services are received. With the deferred tranches the bank remunerates sustainable decisions taken by the Board Member in the service year that impact the later business years. Thus the bank receives the full service, that is compensated with the first and the deferred tranches, and recognises the full bonus in the service year as a liability in the estimated amount which will be decided by the Committee in April of the following year. After the service year the liability is measured by using the average stock price of the performance year.

The cash part of the bonuses meets the definition of other long-term employee benefits in IAS 19. Under the standard the current service cost is attributed to the periods in which the obligation to provide benefits arises which is the period in which services are rendered by the employees. As for the share-payment part, the full amount of bonus is recognised in the service year in the estimated amount. The amount of the liability is fixed in the next year. If the effect is significant, the liability is measured at present value discounted at a market yield of high quality corporate bonds.

The outstanding amount of liability related to the service year 2016 and unpaid deferred tranches from the previous years was EUR 22.2 million (comparative figures are not available) for the share-equivalents part (IFRS 2) and EUR 20.7 million (comparative figures are not available) for the cash part (IAS 19).

## Long-Term Incentive-Programme

A long-term incentive programme (LTI) that was started on 1 January 2010 expired in 2015. The programme was based on changes in the share price of Erste Group Bank AG versus a group of peers and the Dow Jones Euro Stoxx Banks. It did not result in any payment in 2015.

## Other remuneration

| in EUR thousand                          | 1-12 15 | 1-12 16 |
|--|---------|---------|
| Andreas Treichl                          | 1,454   | 1,132   |
| Peter Bosek                              | 84      | 132     |
| Petr Brávek (starting with 1 April 2015) | 64      | 133     |
| Andreas Gottschling                      | 157     | 164     |
| Gernot Mittendorfer                      | 86      | 134     |
| Jozef Síkela                             | 82      | 153     |
| Total                                    | 1,928   | 1,848   |

The item 'other remuneration' comprises pension fund contributions, contributions to employee provision funds (for new-type severance payments) and remuneration in kind.

The remuneration of the members of the management board represented 0.3% (2015: 0.3%) of the total personnel expenses of Erste Group.

In 2016, EUR 2,892,922.18 million was paid in cash and 8,390 share-equivalents were assigned to former members of the management bodies and their dependents.

**Principles governing the pension scheme for management board members.** Members of the management board participate in the defined contribution pension plan of Erste Group on the basis of the same principles as employees. For one member of the management board, compensatory payments have to be made to the pension fund in case the management board member's tenure ends before he reaches the age of 65 by no fault of the member.

Principles governing vested benefits and entitlements of management board members in case of termination of the position. Regarding vested benefits and entitlements of management board members in the event of termination of their position, the standard legal severance benefit provisions of section 23 of the Austrian Salaried Employees Act (Angestelltengesetz) still apply to one member of the management board. All other members of the management board are not entitled to receive any severance benefits.

The remuneration granted to the management board members complies with the banking rules on management remuneration.

## Breakdown of supervisory board remuneration

| in EUR thousand                | 1-12 15 | 1-12 16 |
|--------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Supervisory board compensation | 580     | 664     |
| Meeting fees                   | 265     | 243     |
| Total                          | 845     | 907     |

In 2016, the members of the supervisory board of Erste Group Bank AG were paid EUR 907.4 thousand (2015: EUR 845.1 thousand) for their board function. The following members of the supervisory board received the following remuneration for their board function in fully consolidated subsidiaries of Erste Group Bank AG: Friedrich Rödler EUR 38,500.00, Jan Homan EUR 15,100.00, Gunter Griss EUR 55,000.00, Maximilian Hardegg EUR 50,600.00, Brian D. O'Neill EUR 45,688.00, John James Stack EUR 81,975.00.

Erste Group Bank AG did not conclude other legal transactions with its members of the supervisory board.

Pursuant to the decision at the Annual General Meeting of 11 May 2016, the supervisory board adopted in its meeting immediately held after the end of the Annual General Meeting the following remuneration structure for the financial year 2015:

| in EUR          | Number | Allowance per person | Total<br>allowance |
|-----------------|--------|----------------------|--------------------|
| President       | 1      | 100,000              | 100,000            |
| Vice Presidents | 2      | 75,000               | 150,000            |
| Members         | 9      | 50,000               | 450,000            |
| Total           | 12     |                      | 700,000            |

The supervisory board consists of at least three and a maximum of twelve members elected by the Annual General Meeting. Unless the Annual General Meeting has determined a shorter term of office for individual, several or all supervisory board members on the occasion of their appointment, the term of office of the members of the supervisory board ends at the close of the Annual General Meeting that resolves on the approvals of their actions for the fourth business year following their election; re-election is permitted. In addition, membership of the supervisory board ceases upon death, revocation, resignation or in the event of an impediment defined in the Articles of Association. Revocation requires a majority of three quarter of valid votes cast and a majority of three quarters of the registered capital represented at the time of the resolution.

# Banking transactions with key management employees and persons and companies related to key management employees

As of the end of 2016, loans and advances granted to members of the management board and supervisory board totalled EUR 2,404 thousand (2015: EUR 2,852 thousand). Deposits of members of the management board and supervisory board at Erste Group amounted to EUR 4,296 thousand (2015: EUR 4,678 thousand) in total. As of 31 December 2016, members of the management and supervisory board held bonds issued by Erste Group in the amount of EUR 366 thousand (2015: EUR 385 thousand). Loan commitments and financial guarantees, issued in favour of members of the management and supervisory board totalled EUR 4,231 thousand (2015: EUR 1,803 thousand) as of the end of 2016. From banking transactions with members of the management board and supervisory board Erste Group received interest income and fee income of EUR 53 thousand (2015: EUR 23 thousand) in total, and paid interest expense of EUR 33 thousand (2015: EUR 16 thousand).

Loans and advances to close family members of key management employees and companies over which key management employees have control or significant influence (hereinafter referred to 'other related parties') totalled EUR 15,708 thousand (2015: EUR 735 thousand) as of 31 December 2016. As of the end of 2016, deposits of other related parties at Erste Group amounted to EUR 2,755 thousand (2015: EUR 3,094 thousand) in total. As of 31 December 2016 other related parties held bonds issued by companies of Erste Group in the total amount of EUR 10,267 thousand (2015: EUR 11,599 thousand). Loan commitments and financial guarantees, issued in favour of other related parties totalled EUR 316 thousand (2015: EUR 295 thousand) as of the end of 2016. From banking transactions with other related parties Erste Group received interest income and fee income of EUR 274 thousand (2015: EUR 30 thousand) in total, and paid interest expense of EUR 47 thousand (2015: EUR 21 thousand).

The applicable interest rates and other terms (maturity dates and collateral) represent market conditions.

#### 41. Collaterals

The following assets were pledged as collateral for liabilities:

| in EUR million  | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
|---|--------|--------|
| Loans and advances to credit institutions               | 61     | 0      |
| Loans and advances to customers                         | 18,983 | 18,440 |
| Trading assets  | 93     | 53     |
| Financial assets - at fair value through profit or loss | 0      | 0      |
| Financial assets - available for sale                   | 1,721  | 1,254  |
| Financial assets - held to maturity                     | 1,237  | 1,379  |
| Total   | 22,095 | 21,126 |

The financial assets pledged as collateral consist of loan receivables, bonds and other interest-bearing securities.

Collaterals were pledged as a result of repo transactions, refinancing transactions with the European Central Bank, loans backing issued mortgage bonds and other collateral arrangements.

The fair value of collateral received which may be repledged or resold even without the security provider's default was EUR 3,654 million (2015: EUR 3,506 million). Collateral with fair value of EUR 254 million (2015: EUR 114 million) was resold. Collateral with fair value of EUR 132 million (2015: EUR 130 million) was repledged. The bank is obliged to return the resold and repledged collateral.

## 42. Transfers of financial assets - repurchase transactions and securities lending

|   | Dec  | 15   | Dec 1  | Dec 16   |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| in EUR million  | Carrying<br>amount of<br>transferred<br>assets | Carrying<br>amount of<br>associated<br>liabilities | Carrying<br>amount of<br>transferred<br>assets | Carrying<br>amount of<br>associated<br>liabilities |  |
| Repurchase agreements                                   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans and advances to credit institutions               | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |  |
| Loans and advances to customers                         | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |  |
| Trading assets  | 74   | 69   | 35   | 29   |  |
| Financial assets - at fair value through profit or loss | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |  |
| Financial assets - available for sale                   | 1,164  | 995  | 446  | 440  |  |
| Financial assets - held to maturity                     | 397  | 480  | 575  | 542  |  |
| Total - repurchase agreements                           | 1,636  | 1,544  | 1,055  | 1,011  |  |
| Securities lendings                                     |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans and advances to credit institutions               | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |  |
| Loans and advances to customers                         | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |  |
| Trading assets  | 0  | 0  | 22   | 0  |  |
| Financial assets - at fair value through profit or loss | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |  |
| Financial assets - available for sale                   | 16   | 0  | 232  | 0  |  |
| Financial assets - held to maturity                     | 0  | 0  | 339  | 0  |  |
| Total - securities lendings                             | 16   | 0  | 593  | 0  |  |
| Total   | 1,652  | 1,544  | 1,648  | 1,011  |  |

The transferred financial instruments consist of bonds and other interest-bearing securities.

The total amount EUR 1,648 million (2015: EUR 1,652 million) represents the carrying amount of financial assets in the respective balance sheet positions for which the transferee has a right to sell or repledge.

Liabilities from repo transaction in the amount of EUR 1,011 million (2015: EUR 1,544 million), which are measured at amortised cost, represent an obligation to repay the borrowed funds.

The following table shows fair values of the transferred assets and associated liabilities for repo transactions with an existing recourse right only on the transferred assets.

|   |  | Dec 15                                     |              | Dec 16                                 |  |              |  |
|---|--|--|--------------|--|--|--------------|--|
| in EUR million  | Fair value of<br>transferred<br>assets | Fair value of<br>associated<br>liabilities | Net position | Fair value of<br>transferred<br>assets | Fair value of<br>associated<br>liabilities | Net position |  |
| Loans and advances to credit institutions               | 0                                      | 0  | 0            | 0                                      | 0  | 0            |  |
| Loans and advances to customers                         | 0                                      | 0  | 0            | 0                                      | 0  | 0            |  |
| Trading assets  | 74                                     | 69   | 5            | 35                                     | 29   | 6            |  |
| Financial assets - at fair value through profit or loss | 0                                      | 0  | 0            | 0                                      | 0  | 0            |  |
| Financial assets - available for sale                   | 1,164                                  | 995  | 170          | 446                                    | 440  | 6            |  |
| Financial assets - held to maturity                     | 497                                    | 480  | 17           | 588                                    | 542  | 46           |  |
| Total   | 1,735                                  | 1,544                                      | 191          | 1,068                                  | 1,011                                      | 58           |  |

## 43. Offsetting of financial instruments

The following table shows netting effects on the balance sheet of Erste Group as well as the impacts of offsetting financial instruments which are subject to offsetting agreements.

## Financial assets subject to offsetting and potential offsetting agreements

| 2016                          |                          |                           |   | Potential e           |                          |  |   |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------|--------------------------|--|---|
| in EUR million                | Financial assets (gross) | Amounts offset<br>(gross) | Financial assets in balance sheet (net) | Financial instruments | Cash collateral received | Non-cash financial collateral received | Net amount<br>after potential<br>offsetting |
| Derivatives                   | 7,275                    | -1,376                    | 5,899                                   | 3,319                 | 1,362                    | 0                                      | 1,219                                       |
| Reverse repurchase agreements | 1,218                    | 0                         | 1,218                                   | 0                     | 0                        | 1,213                                  | 5   |
| Total                         | 8,493                    | -1,376                    | 7,117                                   | 3,319                 | 1,362                    | 1,213                                  | 1,224                                       |

## Financial liabilities subject to offsetting and potential offsetting agreements

| 2016                  |                                  |                        | _   | Potential e<br>not qualifyi |                          |  |   |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|---|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--|---|
| in EUR million        | Financial<br>liabilities (gross) | Amounts offset (gross) | Financial<br>liabilities<br>in balance sheet<br>(net) | Financial instruments       | Cash collateral provided | Non-cash<br>financial collateral<br>provided | Net amount<br>after potential<br>offsetting |
| Derivatives           | 5,750                            | -1,093                 | 4,657   | 3,319                       | 267                      | 26   | 1,045                                       |
| Repurchase agreements | 1,837                            | 0                      | 1,837   | 0                           | 0                        | 1,829  | 8   |
| Total                 | 7,587                            | -1,093                 | 6,494   | 3,319                       | 267                      | 1,855  | 1,053                                       |

## Financial assets subject to offsetting and potential offsetting agreements

| 2015                          |                          |                        |   | Potential e           |                          |  |   |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|---|-----------------------|--------------------------|--|---|
| in EUR million                | Financial assets (gross) | Amounts offset (gross) | Financial assets in balance sheet (net) | Financial instruments | Cash collateral received | Non-cash financial collateral received | Net amount<br>after potential<br>offsetting |
| Derivatives                   | 7,950                    | -456                   | 7,494                                   | 3,154                 | 1,590                    | 35                                     | 2,716                                       |
| Reverse repurchase agreements | 1,966                    | 0                      | 1,966                                   | 0                     | 0                        | 1,676                                  | 291   |
| Total                         | 9,916                    | -456                   | 9,461                                   | 3,154                 | 1,590                    | 1,711                                  | 3,006                                       |

## Financial liabilities subject to offsetting and potential offsetting agreements

| 2015                  |                                  |                        | _   | Potential e           |                          |  |   |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|---|-----------------------|--------------------------|--|---|
| in EUR million        | Financial<br>liabilities (gross) | Amounts offset (gross) | Financial<br>liabilities<br>in balance sheet<br>(net) | Financial instruments | Cash collateral provided | Non-cash<br>financial collateral<br>provided | Net amount<br>after potential<br>offsetting |
| Derivatives           | 6,497                            | -471                   | 6,026   | 3,154                 | 322                      | 23   | 2,528                                       |
| Repurchase agreements | 1,685                            | 0                      | 1,685   | 0                     | 0                        | 1,645  | 39  |
| Total                 | 8,182                            | -471                   | 7,711   | 3,154                 | 322                      | 1,668  | 2,567                                       |

Erste Group undertakes a part of interest rate derivative transactions via a London Clearing House. Consequently, those derivatives are shown net of the respective cash collaterals in the balance sheet in accordance with the criteria described in chapter 'B. Significant accounting policies'. The impact of offsetting is shown in the column 'Amounts offset'.

Erste Group employs repurchase agreements and master netting agreements as a means of reducing credit risk of derivative and financing transactions. They qualify as potential offsetting agreements. Master netting agreements are relevant for counterparties with multiple derivative contracts. They provide for the net settlement of all the contracts in the event of default of any counterparty. For derivatives transactions the values of assets and liabilities that would be set off as a result of master netting agreements are presented in the column Financial instruments. If the net position is further secured by cash collateral or non-cash financial collaterals the effects are disclosed in columns Cash collateral received/pledged and Non-cash financial collaterals received/pledged respectively.

Repurchase agreements are primarily financing transactions. They are structured as a sale and subsequent repurchase of securities at a preagreed price and time. This ensures that the securities remain in the hands of the lender as collateral in case the borrower defaults on fulfilling any of its obligations. Offsetting effects from repurchase agreements are disclosed in the column Non-cash financial collateral received / pledged respectively. Collateral is presented at the fair value of the transferred securities. However, if the fair value of collateral exceeds the carrying amount of the receivable/liability from the repo transaction the value is capped at the level of the carrying amount. Remaining position may be secured by cash collateral. Cash and non-cash financial collateral involved in these transactions is restricted from being used it by the transferor during the time of the pledge.

## 44. Risk management

#### 44.1 Risk policy and strategy

It is a core function of every bank to take risks in a conscious and selective manner and to manage such risks professionally. Erste Group's proactive risk policy and risk strategy aims at achieving balanced risk and return in order to generate a sustainable and adequate return on equity.

Erste Group uses a risk management and control system that is forward-looking and tailored to its business and risk profile. This system is based on a clear risk strategy that is consistent with the group's business strategy and focused on early identification and management of risks and trends. In addition to meeting the internal goal of effective and efficient risk management, Erste Group's risk management and control system has been developed to fulfil external and, in particular, regulatory requirements.

Based on Erste Group's business strategy, the key risks are credit risk, market risk, interest rate risk in the banking book, liquidity risk, and non-financial risk. In addition, a risk materiality assessment is undertaken on an annual basis. It is ensured that all relevant material risks are covered by Erste Group's control and risk management framework. This entails a set of different tools and governance to ensure adequate oversight of the overall risk profile and sound execution of the risk strategy, including appropriate monitoring and escalation of issues that could materially impact the risk profile of the group. The bank always seeks to enhance and complement existing methods and processes in all areas of risk management.

In 2016, the management continues to steer critical portfolios, including active management and sales of non-performing exposures, and further strengthening of the risk profile. This has been particularly demonstrated by the continuous improvement of the credit quality and the ongoing decrease of non-performing loans and risk costs. Management actions resulted in improved profitability, asset quality, lending and capital levels. In addition, like last year, emphasis was put on strengthening risk governance and ensuring compliance with regulatory requirements. A further main aspect was non-financial risk which was incorporated into the risk appetite and thus integrated into the risk strategy.

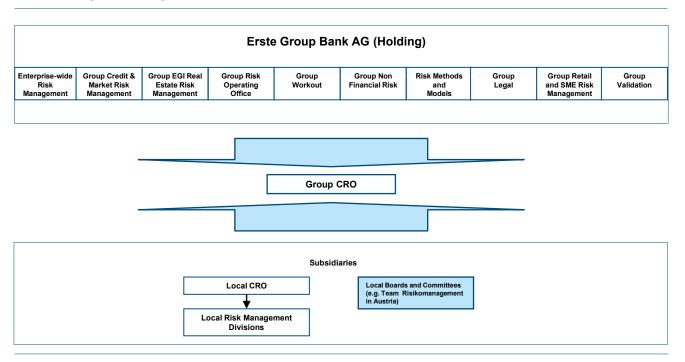
Erste Group Bank AG uses the Internet as the medium for publishing disclosures of Erste Group under Article 434 of the Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms (Capital Requirements Regulation - CRR). Details are available on the website of Erste Group at www.erstegroup.com/ir. Relevant disclosures are included in the annual report in the section 'Reports' or published as separate documents in the section 'Regulatory disclosure'.

## 44.2 Risk management organisation

Risk monitoring and control is achieved through a clear organisational structure with defined roles and responsibilities, delegated authorities and risk limits.

The following chart presents an overview of Erste Group's risk management organisation.





## Overview of risk management structure

The management board, and in particular Erste Group's Chief Risk Officer (Group CRO) perform the oversight function within Erste Group's risk management structure. Risk control and risk steering within Erste Group are performed based on the business strategy and risk appetite approved by the management board. The Group CRO, working together with the chief risk officers of the subsidiaries, is responsible for the implementation and adherence to the risk control and risk management strategies across all risk types and business lines.

The management board and, in particular, the Group CRO ensure the availability of appropriate infrastructure and staff as well as methods, standards and processes to that effect; the actual identification, measurement, assessment, approval, monitoring, steering and limit setting for the relevant risks are performed on the operating entity level within Erste Group.

At group level, the management board is supported by several divisions established to perform operating risk control functions and exercise strategic risk management responsibilities.

The following risk management functions report directly to the Group CRO:

- Enterprise-wide Risk Management;
- Group Credit & Market Risk Management;
- Group EGI Real Estate Risk Management;
- Group Risk Operating Office;
- \_ Group Workout;
- Group Non Financial Risk;
- Risk Methods and Models;
- \_ Group Legal;
- \_ Group Retail and SME Risk Management;
- \_ Group Validation;
- \_ Local Chief Risk Officers.

#### Enterprise-wide Risk Management

Enterprise-wide Risk Management (ERM) enables an increased focus on holistic risk management and ensures comprehensive, cross-risk Group-wide risk portfolio steering.

ERM drives key strategic cross-risk initiatives to establish greater cohesion between the risk strategy including the risk appetite, limit steering and operational execution. ERM works with all risk functions and key divisions to strengthen risk oversight group-wide, covering capital (RWA and ICAAP), credit, liquidity (ILAAP), market, operational and business risk. This division is responsible for the group's Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) including internal and external stress testing, and furthermore for the proper calculation of risk-weighted assets (RWA), group-wide risk portfolio steering with respect to material risks, risk planning and risk input into capital planning, risk appetite and limit management, and liquidity and market risk steering including liquidity risk reporting as well as cross-divisional coordination of regulatory requests.

## Group Credit & Market Risk Management

Group Credit & Market Risk Management is the operative risk management function for medium-sized and large customers as well as for institutional clients and counterparties. This division ensures that only credit and market risk in line with the risk appetite, risk strategy and limits set by ERM are taken on the books of Erste Group. It consists of five departments: Group EBA – Erste Business Analysis, Credit Underwriting Corporates, Credit Underwriting Financial Institutions & Sovereigns, Corporate Portfolio Monitoring & Management, and Market Risk Control & Infrastructure.

The department Group EBA – Erste Business Analysis defines group-wide standards for EBA reports, generates these reports for Erste Group Bank AG and Erste Group Immorent (EGI), and is responsible for the Group financial analysis tool SABINE. Corporate Rating Unit Desk, as part of Group EBA, acts as single point of contact for all operative issues related to corporate ratings within Group Credit and Market Risk Management. Credit Underwriting Corporates is responsible for the group-wide underwriting of credit risks associated with major corporate customers and for the management of credit applications and training activities. This is the first line risk management unit for all corporate business booked in Erste Group Bank AG and, up to a defined threshold in the guidance, the second line risk management unit for corporate business booked in Erste Group's subsidiaries and the 'Haftungsverbund'. Corporate Portfolio Monitoring & Management is responsible for corporate risk policies and procedures along with the credit process and the operative monitoring of credit risk (counterparty & country limit management, credit monitoring and early warning signal monitoring). Credit Underwriting Financial Institutions & Sovereigns is responsible for ratings, analysis, operational credit risk management (risk assessment, approval of transactions and limits, policies, watch lists and early warning systems) and workout activities related to financial institutions (banks, insurance companies and funds), regional governments, sovereigns, and structured products. Market Risk Control & Infrastructure is responsible for group-wide risk and limit monitoring of all trading book positions, the end-of-day market data process that ensures validated market data for the valuation of all capital market products, independent price verification, the market conformity check of new trades, and the maintenance and support of all tools used by Market Risk Management.

## Group EGI Real Estate Risk Management

The Group EGI Real Estate Risk Management department is responsible primarily for the real estate risk policies, in particular for Commercial Real Estate and risk operations, and for the support of the continuous development of operative real estate credit risk management in Erste Group. It supports and manages the credit application and approval process, as well as the setup and implementation of appropriate standards, and operating instructions across the group. It is the first line risk management unit for all real estate business booked in Erste Group Bank AG and in Erste Group Immorent AG. Furthermore, it is the second line risk management unit for primarily commercial real estate business booked in the subsidiaries and exceeding defined thresholds.

## Group Risk Operating Office

Group Risk Operating Office provides the infrastructure and general management across all functions within the risk organisation and is responsible for the budget and staff of the entire CRO division.

In detail, the covered business areas comprise the following units: Risk Data and Reporting, Project Hub, Group Risk Regulatory Management, and the Group Risk Administration Office.

Risk Data and Reporting is responsible for coordination of risk reports, for consistent group-wide credit risk reporting standards and definitions as well as providing credit risk relevant information for the CRO division, in particular, for internal and external regulatory reporting. This department consists of three teams, named Group Credit Risk Reporting, Analytics, Processes and Projects, and Risk Data Steering. Group Credit Risk Reporting is in charge of data extraction, consistency and plausibility checks, analysis and reporting to senior management, regulators, auditors, and rating agencies as well as coordination of complex reports (including ad-hoc requests). Further-

more, this unit is involved in development and implementation of regulatory and financial reporting requirements. The Analytics, Processes and Project team is responsible with change management process and maintenance of the standardised Group Credit Risk Reporting framework and tools. Finally, the unit Risk Data Steering is a dedicated team in the CRO Division, with the aim to develop one aligned group-wide central data management process from data origination to reporting, especially with focus on credit risk.

The Project Hub is responsible for long-term infrastructure enhancements and proper project implementations.

Group Risk Regulatory Management is a central information hub for regulatory issues within the CRO division, for upcoming and existing legislation in the field of credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk, and operational risk, for the facilitation of communication towards the supervisor, for providing regulatory interpretations, and for facilitating and supporting regulatory implementation initiatives as well as monitoring and tracking of regulatory findings and their closure.

#### **Group Workout**

The Group Workout function has group-wide responsibility for clients allocated to the business segments Large Corporates, Commercial Real Estate and Other Corporate that are rated substandard or non-performing or are specifically defined as workout clients. It undertakes the direct workout management function for corporate workout clients of Erste Group Bank AG and additionally performs the (second line) risk management function for corporate workout clients of the subsidiaries exceeding local management's authorisation level.

Based on regulatory requirements, Group Workout is responsible for generating group-wide workout policies, the design of guidelines for the preparation of local workout reports and the preparation of Erste Group Bank AG workout reports. Additionally, the division organises expert training programmes as well as workshops to ensure knowledge transfer across Erste Group entities.

Another important task of the division is its responsibility for group-wide collateral management. This includes the set-up of standards for collateral management, the framework for a group collateral catalogue, and principles for collateral evaluation and revaluation.

## Group Non Financial Risk

Group Non Financial Risk (Group NFR) is responsible for the management of reputational and operational risks including compliance risks, IT and communication technology risks, conduct risks, model risks, and legal risks as well as security issues. These tasks support and protect the first line activities with special focus on the business areas. The division consists of four departments: Group Operational Risk Management, Group Compliance, Group Security Management, and Group NFR Governance.

Group Operational Risk Management acts as the central and independent risk department for identification, measurement and steering of operational risk within Erste Group. Group Compliance is responsible for the management of risks stemming from the non-compliance with regulatory obligations, in particular concerning money laundering, terrorism financing, financial sanctions, market abuse, fraud and rules of conduct.

Group Security Management unit protects bank personnel and assets (including information assets), and preserves the safety and security of these, and is responsible for the definition of security standards, quality assurance and the monitoring and further development of security-related issues at Erste Group, e.g. Cybersecurity.

Group NFR Governance ensures the effective, integrative and holistic implementation of the NFR objectives. This comprises the steering and controlling, alignment of procedures as well as support regarding regulatory requirements and their impact on NFR. Providing a service for a robust NFR process and the identification of synergies complete the spectrum of tasks.

## Risk Methods and Models

The Risk Methods and Models division is responsible for specific aspects of the management of credit, market and liquidity risk, especially the modelling aspects. This area provides adequate risk measurement methodologies and tools as well as an appropriate framework for relevant risk policies and risk controls.

The Credit Risk Methods and Models unit, which is structured on the basis of competence centres, covers the topics of rating models, risk parameters and other credit risk methods like the policies relevant for determining provisions and risk costs.

The responsibilities covered by Market and Liquidity Risk Methods and Models are the development of risk models related to Basel 3 Pillar 1 (specifically the calculation of the regulatory capital requirements for market risk in the trading book) and Pillar 2 capital requirements as well as other internal steering purposes.

The department Risk Model Framework ensures the group wide execution of the Risk Model Governance and is owner of policies with cross segmental coverage like Default Definition or Group Rating Regulation.

## **Group Legal**

Group Legal, with its three sub-units Banking Legal, Markets Legal and Corporate Legal, acts as the central legal department of Erste Group Bank AG. This division provides legal support and counsel for the management board, the business units and the central functions, and mitigates legal risk. It also attends to legal sourcing and to dispute resolution and litigation.

Legal support for the business activities of the banking subsidiaries in the respective jurisdictions in which they operate is performed by separate locally established legal departments. While reporting to the local management, typically the local CRO, the heads of the local legal department also report to the head of Group Legal in a functional dotted line matrix responsibility.

## Group Retail and SME Risk Management

Group Retail and SME Risk Management is responsible for steering Erste Group's retail lending portfolios. It defines the group-wide retail lending and analytical framework that serves as a basis for monitoring local banks' retail lending practices and for identifying potential adverse portfolio developments early on. This department consists of three units: Group Retail Risk Policy and Collections, Group Retail Risk Analytics, and Retail and SME Risk Control.

Group Retail Risk Policy and Collections defines the policy rules for the entire retail lending cycle including underwriting, portfolio management, early and late collection. This unit ensures implementation and compliance of these policies whereby countries' local lending practices are reviewed against the group-wide policy rules and the differences - if justified - are individually approved by the Head of Group Retail and SME Risk Management and/or the Group CRO. The unit also reviews and assesses local entities' new lending products and lending criteria changes in order to ensure that these are prudent and are in line with group-wide retail lending policies. In addition, this unit ensures retail lending specific knowledge transfer across Erste Group entities offering a tailor-made, retail lending curriculum.

Group Retail Risk Analytics ensures oversight and independent management control through providing regular, operative retail risk management information. This unit defines the operative reporting requirements across the group and ensures regular monitoring of underlying retail loan portfolio dynamics and identifying risk mitigation if required. This unit also provides topical, pro-active, analyses in order to support decision making and background information related to key retail risk management developments in Erste Group.

Group Retail and SME Risk Control is a unit to ensure further strengthening of the existing group-wide operative steering and oversight of the SME loan portfolio. This unit defines, implements and operates a reporting and portfolio quality review mechanism to provide actionable management information of underlying SME loan portfolio dynamics for both business and risk management.

## **Group Validation**

The objective of Group Validation is to comply with regulatory requirements to perform validations (initial and annual) of all models and methodologies (internal or external vendor) for credit ratings, scorecards, and risk parameters as well as models and methodologies for derivatives and securities valuation, asset liability management (ALM), and pricing and internal steering in Erste Group. Group Validation consists of three units: Group Credit Risk Validation, Group Market Risk, ALM and Pricing Model Validation, and Group Steering Models and Operational Risk Validation.

Group Credit Risk Validation is responsible for the independent review of credit risk methods and models developed internally by Erste Group. This unit validates all new models prior to initiation of the internal approval process and supports the local banks by ensuring prudential validation of all models. It also performs the annual validations, ensuring that the regulatory requirements for all validations are met.

Group Market Risk, ALM and Pricing Model Validation is responsible for the independent review and validation:

- of VaR-related Market Risk methods and models;
- \_ internal or external vendor software or models for Derivatives or Securities Valuation and related functionality;
- \_ ALM related models either internally or externally developed as well as all ALM acquired software;
- \_ stress testing, back-testing and other methodologies for scenario analysis.

Group Steering Models and Operational Risk Validation is responsible for the validation of internal risk management systems that are based on (or complemented by) non-statistical techniques. This includes the integrity of processes, data quality and IRB Use Test issues. Furthermore, operational risk validation, steering models validations, steering parameters and risk adjusted pricing methodology component validations are within the scope of this unit.

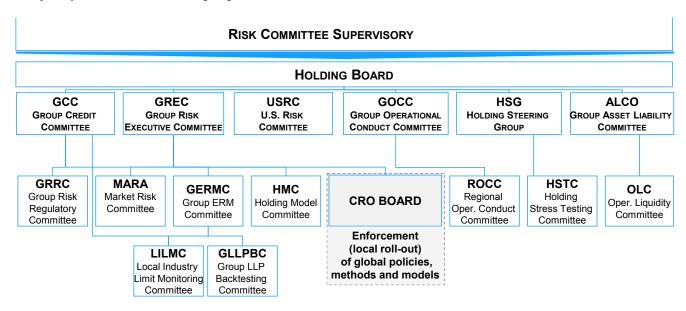
#### Local Chief Risk Officers

Each subsidiary has separate risk control and management units with responsibilities tailored to the local requirements, which are headed by the respective entity's chief risk officer.

## Group coordination of risk management activities

The management board regularly deals with risk issues of all risk types in its regular board meetings. Actions are discussed and taken when needed

Furthermore, certain cross-divisional committees were established with the purpose of carrying out risk management activities in Erste Group. They are shown in the following diagram:



The **Risk Management Committee of the Supervisory Board** is responsible for granting approval in all cases in which loans and exposures reach an amount exceeding the approval authority of the management board according to the Credit Risk Approval Authority Regulations. It is in charge of granting approval to large exposures pursuant to Article 392 CRR, if such a claim is equal to or exceeds 10% of the eligible capital of a credit institution. Within the competence assigned to it, the committee may grant advance approvals to the extent permitted by law.

In addition, it is responsible for supervising the risk management of Erste Group Bank AG. The Risk Management Committee meets regularly. As the central risk control body, the Risk Management Committee is regularly briefed on the risk status across all risk types.

The **CRO Board** is responsible for the consistent coordination and implementation of risk management activities within Erste Group, including joint liabilities. The CRO Board consists of the Group CRO and the chief risk officers of the subsidiaries within Erste Group. Chaired by the Group CRO, the CRO Board is responsible for group-wide coordination of risk management and for ensuring uniformity of risk management standards across Erste Group.

The **Group Credit Committee** (GCC) is the supreme operative decision-making body for approvals of credit risks according to the existing regulations. Based on the advice of GCC, decisions of significant exposures and extended risks are decided by the risk management board of the supervisory committee. The GCC is headed by the Group CRO and comprises the chairman of Corporates & Markets, the head of Group Credit & Market Risk Management, the head of Group Workout, and the head of the requesting business line. Each subsidiary equips their own local credit committee established by the same principles.

The **Group Risk Executive Committee** (GREC) is the central forum for all joint resolutions and acknowledgements in the Erste Group Bank CRO division across all its departments and staff units. Its purpose is the division-wide coordination of all the risk management functions of Erste Group Bank AG. It discusses and decides on key risk management issues and topics; in particular it defines the division's strategy and ensures implementation of common risk management standards (e.g. pertaining to processes, systems, reporting and governance).

The **Group Operational Conduct Committee** (GOCC) is an executive-level committee responsible for enforcement of the Code of Conduct as well as the management of non-financial risks. Moreover, the GOCC serves as an escalation and decision-making committee for the Regional Operational Conduct Committee (ROCC).

The **United States Risk Committee** (USRC) has been established to meet the requirements of the United States Federal Reserve Board (FRB) regulation, which has been in force since 1 July 2016. The objective is to involve the management board as key governance and control function for the U.S. trade portfolio which has been specified in the Combined U.S. Operations (CUSO) guidance.

The **Holding Steering Group** (HSG) is responsible for the monitoring of the group's Risk Appetite Statement (especially with regard to capital and liquidity adequacy, under both normal and stressed conditions), the review of proposed group and local capital measures and the proposal of remediation actions. Furthermore, it monitors recovery triggers and indicators and, when appropriate advises the management board to trigger recovery governance. The oversight of the implementation of the risk-return strategy and the proposal of actions to reinforce the risk-return steering also belong to the HSG's tasks and responsibilities.

The **Holding Stress Testing Committee** (HSTC) is the sole forum for all joint resolutions, decisions and acknowledgements in the stress testing area for group-wide stress testing activities.

The **Group Asset/Liability Committee** (ALCO) manages the consolidated Erste Group balance sheet, focusing on trade-offs between all affected consolidated balance sheet risks (interest rate, exchange rate and liquidity risks), and takes care of the setting of group standards and limits for the members of Erste Group. In addition, it approves policies and strategies for controlling liquidity risk as well as interest rate risk (net interest income) and examines proposals, statements and opinions of ALM, risk management, controlling and accounting functions. The approved investment strategy complies with the guidelines agreed with Risk Management.

The **Operational Liquidity Committee** (OLC) is responsible for the day-to-day management of the global liquidity position of Erste Group. It analyses the liquidity situation of Erste Group on a regular basis and reports directly to the ALCO. It also proposes measures to the ALCO within the scope of the management policies and principles laid down in the Liquidity Risk Management Rule Book. Furthermore, members of the Group OLC are points of contact for other departments or Erste Group members for liquidity-related matters. Each local bank has its own local operational liquidity committee.

The **Market Risk Committee** (MARA) is the main steering body for market risk and trading book related issues of Erste Group. The Market Risk Committee approves group-wide market risk limits and elaborates on the current market situation.

The **Group ERM Committee** (GERMC) is the sole forum for all joint decisions and acknowledgements in the Enterprise-wide Risk Management (ERM) area across all Erste Group entities and Erste Group Bank AG. Its purpose is the group-wide coordination of the ERM functions, in particular on ICAAP and economic capital, stress testing, RWA, risk appetite and limit steering, risk strategies and alignment of risk input for capital planning, liquidity and market risk steering as well as pricing/provisioning. Furthermore, the GERMC ensures alignment on key ERM topics and the group-wide implementation of common ERM standards. Group Loan Loss Provisions Back testing Committee (GLLPBC), as a subcommittee of GERMC, agrees and approves back-testing results and remedial actions. In addition the Local Industry Limit Monitoring Committee (LILMC), as a subcommittee of the GERMC, is the steering and monitoring body to ensure comprehensive control of local Industry limits and oversight of their breaches as well as any escalations to the Credit and/or Group ERM Committee.

The **Holding Model Committee** (HMC) is the steering and control body for the model development and validation process. All new models or changed models and risk parameters in the group as well as group-wide methodology standards are reviewed by the Holding Model Committee and require its approval.

The **Group Risk Regulatory Committee** (GRRC) deals with all kinds of regulatory issues in the CRO area, i.e. implementation of new regulatory requirements, proper closure of regulatory findings, information about new regulatory initiatives, reports about regulatory communication and decisions on interpretative questions.

The **Regional Operational Conduct Committee** (ROCC) decides on business applications and implements group-wide corrective measures to steer non-financial risks (NFR). This is done based on a risk-return evaluation. Furthermore, ROCC defines group-wide standards for non-financial risk topics. The ROCC is a forum for joint alignments, decisions, and escalations in non-financial risk areas across Erste Group entities and Erste Group Bank AG itself.

In addition, committees are established at local level, such as the 'Team Risikomanagement' in Austria. It is responsible for a common risk approach with the Austrian savings banks.

## 44.3 Group-wide risk and capital management

As in prior years, Erste Group's risk management framework has been continuously strengthened. In particular, Enterprise-wide Risk Management (ERM) has continued to strengthen its comprehensive framework. This includes as its fundamental pillar the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) required under Pillar 2 of the Basel framework.

The ERM framework is designed to support the bank's management in managing the risk portfolios as well as the coverage potential to ensure that the bank holds at all times adequate capital for the nature and magnitude of the bank's risk profile. ERM is tailored to the Erste Group's business and risk profile, and it reflects the strategic goal of protecting shareholders and senior debt holders while ensuring the sustainability of the organisation.

ERM is a modular and comprehensive management and steering system within Erste Group and is an essential part of the overall steering and management instruments. The ERM components necessary to ensure all aspects, in particular to fulfil regulatory requirements and to provide an internal added value that can be clustered as follows:

- \_ risk appetite statement;
- Portfolio and risk analytics including risk materiality assessment, concentration risk management, and stress testing;
- risk-bearing capacity calculation;
- \_ risk planning and forecasting including risk-weighted asset management and capital allocation;
- \_ recovery and resolution planning.

In addition to the ICAAP's ultimate goal of assuring capital adequacy and sustainability at all times, the ERM components serve to support the bank's management in pursuing its strategy.

## Risk appetite

Erste Group defines its risk strategy and Risk Appetite Statement (RAS) through the annual strategic planning process to ensure appropriate alignment of risk, capital and performance targets. The Group RAS represents a strategic statement expressing the maximum level of risk that Erste Group is prepared to accept in order to achieve its business objectives. It consists of a set of core metrics providing quantitative direction for risk steering, from which a top-down boundary for target and limit setting is derived, creating a holistic perspective on optimising capital, funding and risk-return trade-offs, and qualitative statements in the form of key risk principles that form part of the strategic guidelines for managing risks. The key objective of the RAS is to:

- \_ ensure that Erste Group has sufficient resources to support its business at any given point in time and absorb stress events;
- \_ set boundaries for the Group's risk-return target setting;
- \_ preserve and promote the market's perception of the Group's financial strength and the robustness of its systems and controls.

To foster risk-return steering and ensure proactive management of the risk profile, Erste Group sets its RAS on a forward-looking basis. External constraints such as regulatory requirements set the ceiling for the RAS and therefore the amount of risk Erste Group is willing to accept. In order to ensure that the Group remains within the targeted risk profile, a Red Amber Green system was established and assigned to the core metrics. This approach allows a timely delivery of information to the respective governance and the implementation of effective remediation measures.

- \_ RAS is green: The target risk profile is inside the specified boundaries.
- \_ RAS is amber: The undershooting or overshooting of a pre-defined threshold leads to an escalation to the designated governance and the discussion of potential remediation actions.
- \_ RAS is red: The undershooting or overshooting of a pre-defined limit initiates an immediate escalation to the designated governance and a prompt implementation of remediation actions.

Moreover, stress triggers are defined for selected core metrics and integrated into the assessment of the stress test results. They are reported as early warning signals to the management board to support proactive management of the risk and capital profile.

In addition, strategic risk limits and principles are defined by material risk type based on the Group RAS in the Group Risk Strategy. These limits and principles support implementation of the mid to long term risk strategy. Risk management governance ensures full oversight over all risk decisions and the proper execution of the risk strategies. Risk mitigating actions are undertaken as part of the regular risk management process to ensure that the group remains within its defined RAS.

In 2016, the RAS horizon was extended to 5 years to ensure a stronger interplay between the RAS and other strategic processes such as long-term planning, budgeting and stress testing. The remuneration program was also directly linked to the Group RAS to reinforce the risk culture and risk awareness within the Group. In that light, the determination of the annual bonus pool must consider if the relevant core metrics are within the Group RAS. The Group RAS 2016 was approved by both, the management board and the Risk Committee of the Supervisory Board, as a part of increased role of the Supervisory Board in RAS setting and monitoring. The Group also developed an aggregated and consolidated risk appetite dashboard (RAS Monitor) illustrating the Groups and local entities risk profile developments by comparing the risk exposure and risk limits. The RAS Monitor was regularly -presented to the Risk Committee of the Supervisory Board to support its review, oversight, and monitoring of the Group risk profile.

The Group RAS is also broken down to local entities under consideration of the approved proportionality guidelines. The local RAS is approved by the Management Board to ensure alignment with the Group RAS. The Group may also decide to include further compulsory constraints and limits (top-down limits) in the local RAS to ensure alignment with the Group RAS and Group Risk Strategy.

The Group RAS framework streamlines core capital, liquidity, and risk/earnings metrics as well as reinforces key risk principles that form part of guidelines for managing risks. In addition, the Group RAS strengthens internal governance responsible for oversight of the risk profile development, embeds RAS into strategic planning and budgeting processes as well as day-to-day management, and ensures timely management actions in case of adverse developments.

In 2016, core capital, liquidity and risk-earnings metrics developed within the tolerances defined in the Group RAS. Consistent follow-up on the Group RAS and limits with management actions implemented as part of the regular risk management and decision-making processes resulted in an improved group risk profile.

#### Portfolio and risk analytics

Erste Group uses dedicated infrastructure, systems and processes to actively identify, control and manage risks within its portfolio. Portfolio and risk analytics processes are designed to quantify, qualify and discuss risks in order to raise awareness to management in a timely manner.

## Risk materiality assessment

The risk materiality assessment is an annual process with the purpose of systematically identifying new and assessing existing material risks for Erste Group. The process uses a combination of quantitative and qualitative factors in the assessment of each risk type.

This assessment represents the starting point of the ICAAP process, as identified material risk types need to be considered either directly by dedicating economic capital or indirectly through adequate consideration within other ICAAP framework elements. Insights generated by the assessment are used to improve risk management practices and further mitigate risks within the group. The assessment also serves as an input for the design and definition of Erste Group's Risk Strategy and Risk Appetite Statement. Key outputs and recommendations of the risk materiality assessment are used in the scenario design and selection of the comprehensive and reverse stress tests.

## Risk concentration analysis

Erste Group has implemented a process to identify measure, control and manage risk concentrations. This process is essential to ensure the long-term viability of Erste Group, especially in times of an adverse business environment and stressed economic conditions.

The risk concentration analysis at Erste Group covers credit risk, market risk, operational risk, liquidity risk and inter-risk concentrations. Identified risk concentrations are considered in the scenario design of the comprehensive stress test and measured under stressed conditions. The output of the risk concentration analysis additionally contributes to the identification of material risks within the risk materiality assessment as well as to the Risk Appetite Statement and to the setting/calibration of Erste Group's limit system.

## Stress testing

Modelling sensitivities of the group's assets, liabilities and profit or loss provide management and steering impulses and help in optimising Erste Group's risk-return profile. The additional dimension of stress tests helps to factor in severe but plausible scenarios and provide further robustness to the measuring, steering and management system. Risk modelling and stress testing are vital forward-looking elements of the ICAAP. Finally, sensitivities and stress scenarios are considered within the Group's planning and budgeting process as well as in the risk-bearing capacity calculation.

Erste Group's most complex stress test is a scenario stress test that takes comprehensive account of the impact of various economic scenarios, including second-round effects on all risk types (credit, market, liquidity and operational) and in addition impacts on the associated

volumes of assets and liabilities as well as on profit and loss sensitivities. In addition to the standard stress testing exercises, reverse stress tests are used to identify a scenario or a combination of scenarios in which viability of the current business model can be questioned.

Erste Group has developed specific tools to translate macroeconomic variables (e.g. GDP and unemployment rate development) into risk parameters in order to support the stress testing process, which combines bottom-up and top-down approaches. In addition, Erste Group leverages the specific knowledge of its professionals located in the different regions to further calibrate the model-based stress parameters. Special attention is given to taking into account adequate granularity and special characteristics when defining the stress parameters (e.g. the particular developments in the respective region, industry, product type or segment).

Results from all of Erste Group's stress tests are assessed with regard to their explanatory power in order to decide on appropriate measures. Internal Comprehensive Stress Test performed in 2016 indicated no breach of stressed RAS triggers.

Additionally, Erste Group participated in the stress test executed by the European Central Bank (ECB) in cooperation with the European Banking Authority (EBA). Phase-in CET 1 ratio decreased to 8.2% in the adverse scenario (8.0% fully loaded) and increased to 13.8% in the baseline scenario (13.5% fully loaded).

## Risk-bearing capacity calculation

The risk-bearing capacity calculation (RCC) defines the capital adequacy required by the ICAAP. Within the RCC, all material risks are quantified, aggregated and compared to the coverage potential and the bank's own funds. The integral forecast, risk appetite limit and a traffic light system support management in its discussions and decision processes.

The traffic light system embedded in Erste Group's RCC helps to alert the management in case there is a need to decide on, plan and execute actions either to replenish the capital base or to take measures for reducing risk.

The management board and risk management committees are briefed on a quarterly basis in relation to the results of the capital adequacy calculation. The report includes movements in risks and available capital and coverage potential after consideration of potential losses in stress situations, the degree of the risk limit utilisation and the overall status of capital adequacy according to the traffic light system. The Group Risk Report also includes a comprehensive forecast of risk-weighted assets and capital adequacy.

Besides the Pillar 1 risk types (credit, market and operational risks), in the context of Pillar 2, interest rate risks in the banking book, foreign exchange risks arising from equity investments, credit spread risks in the banking book, risks from foreign currency loans as well as business and strategic risks are explicitly considered within the economic capital requirement via internal models. During 2016 the utilisation of the economic capital was between 54.5% and 56.8%. The methodologies that are applied for the different risk types are diverse and range from historic simulations and other value at risk approaches to the regulatory approach for residual portfolios. Moreover, calculations for portfolios under the standardised approach for credit risk are extended by risk parameters from the internal ratings-based approach in order to give a better economic view.

In addition to the risk-bearing capacity calculation, liquidity, concentration and macroeconomic risks in particular are managed by means of a proactive management framework that includes forward-looking scenarios, stress testing, trigger levels and traffic light systems.

Credit risk accounts for approximately 68% of the total economic capital requirement. Reflecting Erste Group's conservative risk management policy and strategy, the group does not offset diversification effects between these three risk types. The economic capital requirement for unexpected losses is computed on a one-year time horizon with a 99.95% confidence level, which reflects the implied default risk as well as Erste Group's conservative approach and high risk management standards.

The capital or coverage potential required to cover economic risks and unexpected losses is based on Basel 3 fully loaded regulatory own funds adjusted by held-to-maturity reserves and the year-to-date profit. The coverage potential must be sufficient to absorb unexpected losses resulting from the group's operations at any point in time.

## Risk planning and forecasting

The responsibility for risk management within the group and each subsidiary includes ensuring sound risk planning and forecasting processes. The forecasts determined by risk management are the result of close cooperation with all stakeholders in the group's overall planning process and in particular with Group Controlling, Asset Liability Management and the business lines. The risk planning and forecasting process includes both a forward- and backward-looking component, focusing on both portfolio and economic environment changes.

#### Risk-weighted asset management

As risk-weighted assets (RWA) determine the actual regulatory capital requirement of a bank and influence the capital ratio as a key performance indicator, particular emphasis is devoted to meeting targets and to the planning and forecasting capacity for this parameter. Insights from RWA analyses are used to improve the calculation infrastructure and the quality of input parameters and data as well as the most efficient application of the Basel framework.

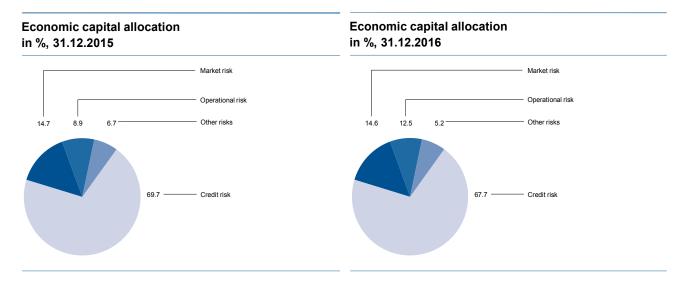
There is a process in place for tracking developments with RWA targets, forecasting their future development and thereby defining further targets. The management board is also informed about the current status, and findings are taken into account in the context of Erste Group's regular steering process. Furthermore, RWA targets are included in the Risk Appetite Statement.

## Capital allocation

An important task integral to the risk planning process is the allocation of capital to entities, business lines and segments. This is done with close cooperation between Risk Management and Controlling. All insights from the ICAAP and controlling processes are used to allocate capital with a view to risk-return considerations.

## Erste Group's aggregate capital requirement by risk type

The following diagrams present the composition of the economic capital requirement according to type of risk:



Other risks include the risk from foreign currency loans and the business and strategic risk

## Leverage ratio

The leverage ratio represents the relationship between core capital (tier 1) and leverage exposure according to Article 429 CRR. Essentially, the leverage exposure represents the sum of unweighted on- and off-balance-sheet positions considering valuation and risk adjustments as defined within the CRR.

The calculation and disclosure of the leverage ratio is based on the European Commission's delegated regulation ((EU) 2015/62 of 10 October 2014), which was published in the Official Journal of the European Union on 17 January 2015.

## Recovery and resolution plans

In compliance with the Austrian Banking Recovery and Resolution Law ('Bundesgesetz über die Sanierung und Abwicklung von Banken – BaSAG') Erste Group annually submits an updated Group Recovery Plan to ECB.

The Group Recovery Plan identifies options for restoring financial strength and viability in case Erste Group comes under severe economic stress. The plan specifies potential options for the replenishment of capital and liquidity resources of the bank in order to cope with a range of scenarios including both idiosyncratic and market-wide stress.

Erste Group collaborates with the resolution authorities in the drawing up of resolution plans as required by BaSAG and EU Regulation No 806/2014 establishing the Single Resolution Mechanism (SRM Regulation).

#### 44.4 Credit risk

#### Definition and overview

Credit risk arises in Erste Group's traditional lending and investment businesses. It involves losses incurred as a result of default by borrowers and the need to set aside allowances as a result of the deteriorating credit quality of certain borrowers as well as due to counterparty risk from trading in instruments and derivatives bearing market risk. Country risk is also recognised in the calculation of credit risk. Operative credit decisions are made by the credit risk management units in each of the banking subsidiaries locally and by Group Credit & Market Risk Management and Group EGI Real Estate Risk Management at group level. A detailed explanation o the role and responsibilities of Group Credit & Market Risk Management and Group EGI Real Estate Management is covered in the section 'Risk management organisation'.

In contrary to large corporates, banks and governments managing credit risk in retail involves dealing with a large number of relatively small exposures extended to private individuals, free professionals, entrepreneurs or to micro companies in line with the Basel definitions. Credit risk related to retail loan portfolios is managed at group and at local entity with a common interest to ensure regulatory compliant risk management practices and to provide customers with manageable loan facilities that are within their financial capacities supported by underlying profitability.

The central database used for credit risk management is the Business Intelligence Dataware House (BI-DWH). All data relevant to credit risk management, performance management and determination of risk-weighted assets and the regulatory capital requirement is regularly loaded into this database. Relevant subsidiaries not yet integrated into the Group data pool regularly deliver reporting packages.

The Risk Data and Reporting department uses mainly the BI-DWH for centralised credit risk reporting. This ensures centralised analysis and application of ratios according to unified methods and segmentation across Erste Group as a whole. Credit risk reporting comprises regular reports on Erste Group's credit portfolio for external and internal recipients and permits continuous monitoring of credit risk developments, thus enabling management to take control measures. In-house recipients of these reports include, above all, the supervisory and management boards of Erste Group Bank AG as well as the risk managers, business unit directors and internal audit staff.

The Credit Limit System organisational unit, which is part of Group Credit & Market Risk Management, is in charge of operating, supervising and continuously improving the group-wide online limit system for the control of counterparty credit risk arising from treasury transactions, as well as for the monitoring of credit risk from exposures in the asset classes Corporates, Financial Institutions and Sovereigns.

## Internal rating system

Erste Group has business and risk strategies in place that govern policies for lending and credit approval processes. These policies are reviewed and adjusted regularly, at a minimum on an annual basis. They cover the entire lending business, taking into account the nature, scope and risk level of the transactions and the counterparties involved. Credit approval considers individual information on the credit-worthiness of the customer, the type of credit, collateral, covenant package and other risk mitigation factors involved.

The assessment of counterparty default risk within Erste Group is based on the customer's probability of default (PD). For each credit exposure and lending decision, Erste Group assigns an internal rating, which is a unique measure of the counterparty default risk. The internal rating of each customer is updated at least on an annual basis (annual rating review). Ratings of workout customers are reviewed with higher frequency.

The main purpose of the internal ratings is to support the decision-making for lending and for the terms of credit facilities. Internal ratings also determine the level of credit-approval authority within Erste Group and the monitoring procedures for existing exposures. At a quantitative level, internal ratings influence the level of required risk pricing, risk allowances and risk-weighted assets under Pillar 1 or 2.

For entities of Erste Group that use the internal ratings-based (IRB) approach, internal ratings are a key input into the risk-weighted assets calculation. They are also used in the group's assessment of the economic capital requirement according to Pillar 2. For these purposes, a distinct PD value is assigned to each rating grade for its IRB portfolios within a calibration process that is performed individually for each rating method. PD values reflect a 12-month probability of default based on long-term average default rates per rating grade. The bank assigns margins of conservatism to the calculated PDs.

Internal ratings take into account all available significant information for the assessment of counterparty default risk. For non-retail borrowers, internal ratings take into account the financial strength of the counterparty, the possibility of external support, flexibility in corporate financing, general company information and external credit history information, where available. For retail clients, internal ratings are based mainly

on payment behaviour versus the bank and, where applicable, credit bureau information, supplemented with information provided by the respective client and general demographic information. Rating ceiling rules on credit quality are applied based on membership in a group of economically related entities and the country of main economic activity (applicable to cross-border financing facilities).

Internal specialist teams develop and improve internal rating models and risk parameters in cooperation with risk managers. Model development follows an internal group-wide methodological standard and utilises relevant data covering the respective market. In this way, Erste Group ensures the availability of rating models with the best possible prediction across its core regions.

All rating models and their components (scorecards), whether retail or non-retail, are regularly validated by the central validation unit based on a group-wide standard methodology. Validation uses statistical techniques to evaluate the accuracy of default prediction, rating stability, data quality, completeness and relevance and reviews the quality of documentation and degree of user acceptance. The results of this validation process are reported to the management and regulatory bodies. In addition to the validation process, the group applies a regular monitoring process on the performance of rating tools, reflecting developments in new defaults and early delinquencies.

A Holding Model Committee (HMC) is established as the primary steering and control body for the model development and validation process and is a delegated committee of the Group Risk Executive Committee (GREC). All new models, model changes and changes to risk parameters in the group as well as group-wide methodology standards are reviewed by the Holding Model Committee and require its approval. This ensures group-wide integrity and consistency of models and methodologies. Furthermore, the Holding Model Committee organises the group-wide validation process, reviews validation results and approves remedial actions. All development and validation activities are coordinated by the Risk Methods and Models division with responsibility for validation in the independent Group Validation unit.

#### Risk grades and categories

The classification of credit assets into risk grades is based on Erste Group's internal ratings. Erste Group uses two internal risk scales for risk classification of not defaulted customer:

- \_ for private clients a risk scale of eight risk grades are used, while
- \_ for all other segments a risk scale of 13 risk grades are used.

Defaulted customers are classified into a separate risk grade.

For the purpose of external reporting, internal rating grades of Erste Group are grouped into the following four risk categories:

**Low risk:** Typically regional customers with well-established and rather long-standing relationships with Erste Group or large internationally recognised customers. Very good to satisfactory financial position and low likelihood of financial difficulties relative to the respective market in which the customers operate. Retail clients having long relationships with the bank, or clients with a wide product pool use. No relevant late payments currently or in the most recent 12 months. New business is generally done with clients in this risk category.

**Management attention:** Vulnerable non-retail clients that may have overdue payments or defaults in their credit history or may encounter debt repayment difficulties in the medium term. Retail clients with possible payment problems in the past triggering early collection reminders. These clients typically have a good recent payment history.

**Substandard:** The borrower is vulnerable to short term negative financial and economic developments and shows an elevated probability of failure. In some cases, restructuring measures are possible or already in place. As a rule, such loans are managed in specialised risk management departments.

**Non-performing:** One or more of the default criteria under Article 178 of the CRR are met: among others, full repayment unlikely, interest or principal payments on a material exposure more than 90 days past due, restructuring resulting in a loss to the lender, realisation of a loan loss, or initiation of bankruptcy proceedings. As from 2015, Erste Group applies the customer view for all customer segments, including retail clients; if an obligor defaults on one deal then the customer's performing transactions are classified as non-performing as well. Furthermore, non-performing exposures also comprise non-performing forborne transactions even in cases where the client has not defaulted.

## Credit risk review and monitoring

In order to manage the credit risk for large corporates, banks, sovereigns and country risk, credit limits are established to reflect the maximum exposure that Erste Group is willing to have towards a particular customer or group of connected clients. An upper boundary for such limits is given by the entity-specific maximum lending limit (MLL), which is derived from the respective group and local Risk Appetite Statement (RAS). All credit limits and the transactions booked within the limits are reviewed at least once a year.

Credit portfolio reports for asset classes and business lines are prepared on a regular basis and a group-wide early warning system was introduced. Watch-list meetings and remedial committee meetings are held on a regular basis to monitor customers with a poor credit standing and to discuss pre-emptive measures to help a particular debtor avoid default.

For smaller enterprises (micro) and retail customers, the monitoring and credit review are based on an automated early warning system. In retail risk management the following early warning signals indicate potential adverse portfolio developments, if left unaddressed:

- \_ deterioration of new business quality;
- decreasing collections efficiency.

The early warning signals are monitored at group level by Group Retail and SME Risk Management and locally by local Retail Risk/Collections Management. Adverse developments identified during the monitoring are discussed and the need for risk mitigation is addressed jointly.

#### Credit risk exposure

Credit risk exposure relates to the sum of the following balance sheet items:

- \_ cash and cash balances other demand deposits;
- financial assets held for trading (without equity instruments);
- financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (without equity instruments);
- \_ financial assets available for sale (without equity instruments);
- financial assets held to maturity;
- loans and Receivables to credit institutions;
- loans and receivables to customers;
- positive fair value of derivatives;
- off-balance sheet credit risks (primarily financial guarantees and undrawn irrevocable credit commitments).

The credit risk exposure equates the gross carrying amount (or nominal value in the case of off-balance sheet positions) excluding:

- \_ account loan loss allowances;
- \_ provisions for guarantees;
- \_ any collateral held (including risk transfer to guarantors);
- \_ netting effects;
- \_ other credit enhancements;
- \_ credit risk mitigating transactions.

Between 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2016, the credit risk exposure increased from EUR 212.21 billion to EUR 214.94 billion. This is an increase of 1.3% or EUR 2.73 million.

# Reconciliation between the gross carrying amount and the carrying amount of the separate components of the credit risk exposure

|   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |                        |                    |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| in EUR million  | Gross carrying amount                 | Credit risk provisions | Carrying<br>amount |
| As of 31 December 2016                                  |                                       |                        |                    |
| Cash and cash balances – other demand deposits          | 1,282                                 | 0                      | 1,282              |
| Loans and receivables to credit institutions            | 3,478                                 | 8                      | 3,469              |
| Loans and receivables to customers                      | 135,267                               | 4,613                  | 130,654            |
| Financial assets - held to maturity                     | 19,274                                | 4                      | 19,270             |
| Financial assets - held for trading                     | 3,396                                 | 0                      | 3,396              |
| Financial assets - at fair value through profit or loss | 336                                   | 0                      | 336                |
| Financial assets - available for sale                   | 18,522                                | 0                      | 18,522             |
| Positive fair value of derivatives                      | 5,899                                 | 0                      | 5,899              |
| Contingent liabilities                                  | 27,484                                | 338                    | 0                  |
| Total   | 214,938                               | 4,963                  | 182,829            |
| As of 31 December 2015                                  |                                       |                        |                    |
| Cash and cash balances – other demand deposits          | 2,228                                 | 0                      | 2,228              |
| Loans and receivables to credit institutions            | 4,819                                 | 14                     | 4,805              |
| Loans and receivables to customers                      | 131,906                               | 6,009                  | 125,897            |
| Financial assets - held to maturity                     | 17,703                                | 2                      | 17,701             |
| Financial assets - held for trading                     | 3,163                                 | 0                      | 3,163              |
| Financial assets - at fair value through profit or loss | 176                                   | 0                      | 176                |
| Financial assets - available for sale                   | 19,307                                | 0                      | 19,307             |
| Positive fair value of derivatives                      | 7,494                                 | 0                      | 7,494              |
| Contingent liabilities                                  | 25,415                                | 297                    | 0                  |
| Total   | 212,211                               | 6,322                  | 180,771            |

The gross carrying amount of contingent liabilities refers to the nominal value, while credit risk provisions refer to provisions for guarantees. A carrying amount is not presented in the case of contingent liabilities.

## Breakdown of credit risk exposure

On the next pages the credit risk volume is categorized in the following way:

- Basel 3 exposure class and financial instrument;
- industry and financial instrument;
- risk category;
- \_ industry and risk category;
- region and risk category;
- business segment and risk category;
- geographical segment and risk category;
- contingent liabilities by region and risk category;
- \_ contingent liabilities by product;
- credit risk exposure to sovereigns by region and financial instrument;
- credit risk exposure to institutions by region and financial instrument;
- \_ non-performing credit risk exposure by business segment and credit risk provisions;
- non-performing credit risk exposure by geographical segment and credit risk provisions;
- composition of allowances;
- \_ credit risk exposure, forbearance exposure, and credit risk provisions;
- types of forbearance exposure, the development of forbearance exposure, and credit risk provisions;
- credit quality of forbearance exposure by geographical segments;
- \_ credit risk exposure by business segment and collateral;
- \_ credit risk exposure by geographical segment and collateral;
- \_ credit risk exposure by financial instrument and collateral;
- \_ credit risk exposure past due and not covered by specific allowances by financial instruments and collateralisation.

## Credit risk exposure by Basel 3 exposure class and financial instrument

The assignment of obligors to Basel 3 exposure classes is based on legal regulations. For reasons of clarity, individual Basel 3 exposure classes are aggregated in the table below and in other tables in section 'Credit risk'. Additionally to central governments, central banks, international organisations, and multinational development banks, the aggregated exposure class 'sovereigns' contains regional and local governments as well as public sector entities. Institutions include banks and recognised investment firms.

|                   |              |  |                                    |   | Debt s | ecurities  |  |                                    |                        |         |
|-------------------|--------------|--|------------------------------------|---|--------|--|--|------------------------------------|------------------------|---------|
|                   | balances – i | Loans and receivables to credit institutions | Loans and receivables to customers | Financial<br>assets - held<br>to maturity |        | Financial<br>assets - at fair<br>value through<br>profit or loss | Financial<br>assets -<br>available<br>for sale | Positive fair value of derivatives | Contingent liabilities |         |
| in EUR million    |              | A  | t amortised co                     | st  |        | At fair  | value  | _                                  |                        |         |
| As of 31 Dec 2016 |              |  |                                    |   |        |  |  |                                    |                        |         |
| Sovereigns        | 6            | 680  | 7,347                              | 18,459                                    | 2,549  | 42   | 14,823   | 330                                | 1,639                  | 45,876  |
| Institutions      | 1,270        | 2,080  | 149                                | 538                                       | 467    | 139  | 1,646  | 5,120                              | 251                    | 11,659  |
| Corporates        | 6            | 717  | 59,010                             | 277                                       | 380    | 155  | 2,053  | 448                                | 19,002                 | 82,048  |
| Retail            | 0            | 0  | 68,761                             | 0   | 0      | 0  | 0  | 1                                  | 6,592                  | 75,354  |
| Total             | 1,282        | 3,478  | 135,267                            | 19,274                                    | 3,396  | 336  | 18,522   | 5,899                              | 27,484                 | 214,938 |
| As of 31 Dec 2015 |              |  |                                    |   |        |  |  |                                    |                        |         |
| Sovereigns        | 11           | 1,271  | 7,414                              | 16,479                                    | 2,393  | 13   | 14,998   | 338                                | 1,231                  | 44,147  |
| Institutions      | 2,211        | 3,008  | 197                                | 820                                       | 398    | 73   | 2,151  | 6,647                              | 333                    | 15,836  |
| Corporates        | 6            | 540  | 58,727                             | 405                                       | 373    | 91   | 2,158  | 508                                | 17,738                 | 80,546  |
| Retail            | 0            | 0  | 65,569                             | 0   | 0      | 0  | 0  | 1                                  | 6,113                  | 71,682  |
| Total             | 2,228        | 4,819  | 131,906                            | 17,703                                    | 3,163  | 176  | 19,307   | 7,494                              | 25,415                 | 212,211 |

# Credit risk exposure by industry and financial instrument

|                                  | Debt securities   |  |                                    |   |   |  |  |                                    |                        |                            |
|----------------------------------|---|--|------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
|                                  | Cash and cash<br>balances –<br>other demand<br>deposits | Loans and receivables to credit institutions | Loans and receivables to customers | Financial<br>assets - held<br>to maturity | Financial<br>assets - held<br>for trading | Financial<br>assets - at fair<br>value through<br>profit or loss | Financial<br>assets -<br>available<br>for sale | Positive fair value of derivatives | Contingent liabilities | Total credit risk exposure |
| in EUR million                   |   | Α  | t amortised cost                   |   | At fair value                             |  |  |                                    |                        |                            |
| As of 31 December 2016           |   | •  | •                                  |   |   |  |  | •                                  |                        |                            |
| Agriculture and forestry         | 0   | 0  | 2,367                              | 0   | 0   | 0  | 0  | 4                                  | 268                    | 2,638                      |
| Mining                           | 0   | 0  | 435                                | 0   | 6   | 0  | 17   | 0                                  | 421                    | 880                        |
| Manufacturing                    | 0   | 0  | 10,089                             | 1   | 18  | 0  | 262  | 98                                 | 4,428                  | 14,895                     |
| Energy and water supply          | 0   | 0  | 3,032                              | 0   | 10  | 0  | 120  | 62                                 | 617                    | 3,841                      |
| Construction                     | 0   | 0  | 6,236                              | 150                                       | 1   | 0  | 283  | 8                                  | 3,323                  | 10,002                     |
| Development of building projects | 0   | 0  | 3,567                              | 0   | 0   | 0  | 8  | 3                                  | 975                    | 4,553                      |
| Trade                            | 0   | 0  | 7,912                              | 0   | 0   | 0  | 29   | 14                                 | 2,990                  | 10,945                     |
| Transport and communication      | 0   | 0  | 3,622                              | 145                                       | 55  | 0  | 1,060  | 35                                 | 1,694                  | 6,612                      |
| Hotels and restaurants           | 0   | 0  | 3,699                              | 6   | 0   | 0  | 2  | 6                                  | 481                    | 4,193                      |
| Financial and insurance services | 1,282   | 3,473  | 3,833                              | 1,187                                     | 904                                       | 305  | 3,603  | 5,254                              | 1,756                  | 21,596                     |
| Holding companies                | 0   | 0  | 1,975                              | 19  | 19  | 0  | 151  | 13                                 | 557                    | 2,734                      |
| Real estate and housing          | 0   | 0  | 21,842                             | 24  | 21  | 0  | 146  | 155                                | 2,348                  | 24,535                     |
| Services                         | 0   | 2  | 7,044                              | 46  | 50  | 0  | 311  | 50                                 | 2,468                  | 9,971                      |
| Public administration            | 0   | 0  | 6,004                              | 17,700                                    | 2,322                                     | 31   | 12,330   | 174                                | 1,375                  | 39,935                     |
| Education, health and art        | 0   | 0  | 2,704                              | 0   | 0   | 0  | 3  | 12                                 | 416                    | 3,136                      |
| Private households               | 0   | 0  | 56,415                             | 0   | 0   | 0  | 0  | 1                                  | 4,621                  | 61,037                     |
| Other                            | 0   | 3  | 33                                 | 15  | 9   | 0  | 358  | 27                                 | 278                    | 723                        |
| Total                            | 1,282   | 3,478  | 135,267                            | 19,274                                    | 3,396                                     | 336  | 18,522   | 5,899                              | 27,484                 | 214,938                    |
| As of 31 December 2015           | <u> </u>  |  |                                    |   |   |  |  |                                    |                        |                            |
| Agriculture and forestry         | 0   | 0  | 2,384                              | 0   | 0   | 0  | 0  | 4                                  | 217                    | 2,606                      |
| Mining                           | 0   | 0  | 409                                | 0   | 52  | 0  | 26   | 1                                  | 333                    | 821                        |
| Manufacturing                    | 0   | 0  | 9.607                              | 30  | 6   | 0  | 218  | 78                                 | 4,179                  | 14,120                     |
| Energy and water supply          | 0   | 0  | 3,339                              | 0   | 13  | 0  | 87   | 90                                 | 782                    | 4,311                      |
| Construction                     | 0   | 0  | 6,329                              | 153                                       | 14  | 0  | 308  | 10                                 | 3,148                  | 9,961                      |
| Development of building projects | 0   | 0  | 3,557                              | 0   | 1   | 0  | 32   | 6                                  | 938                    | 4,534                      |
| Trade                            | 0   | 0  | 7,860                              | 0   | 1   | 0  | 23   | 12                                 | 2,777                  | 10,673                     |
| Transport and communication      | 0   | 0  | 3,621                              | 206                                       | 98  | 0  | 1,066  | 43                                 | 1,751                  | 6,785                      |
| Hotels and restaurants           | 0   | 0  | 3,678                              | 7   | 0   | 0  | 2  | 6                                  | 452                    | 4,144                      |
| Financial and insurance services | 2,228   | 4,819  | 5,165                              | 1,540                                     | 511                                       | 172  | 4,372  | 6,872                              | 2,232                  | 27,912                     |
| Holding companies                | 0   | 0  | 3,288                              | 45  | 21  | 0  | 208  | 44                                 | 1,641                  | 5,247                      |
| Real estate and housing          | 0   | 0  | 21,082                             | 6   | 13  | 0  | 161  | 129                                | 2,258                  | 23,649                     |
| Services                         | 0   | 0  | 5,728                              | 40  | 29  | 0  | 163  | 35                                 | 1,438                  | 7,433                      |
| Public administration            | 0   | 0  | 6,765                              | 15,714                                    | 2,382                                     | 5  | 12,513   | 201                                | 995                    | 38,574                     |
| Education, health and art        | 0   | 0  | 2,635                              | 0   | 0   | 0  | 2  | 11                                 | 377                    | 3,026                      |
| Private households               | 0   | 0  | 53,251                             | 0   | 0   | 0  | 0  | 1                                  | 4,184                  | 57,436                     |
| Other                            | 0   | 0  | 54                                 | 8   | 42  | 0  | 366  | 2                                  | 291                    | 763                        |
| Total                            | 2,228   | 4,819  | 131,906                            | 17,703                                    | 3,163                                     | 176  | 19,307   | 7,494                              | 25,415                 | 212,211                    |

Credit risk exposure by risk category

| in EUR million                         | Low risk | Management attention | Substandard | Non-performing | Total credit risk exposure |
|--|----------|----------------------|-------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| Total exposure as of 31 December 2016  | 188,031  | 17,733               | 2,072       | 7,102          | 214,938                    |
| Share of credit risk exposure          | 87.5%    | 8.3%                 | 1.0%        | 3.3%           |                            |
| Total exposure as of 31 December 2015  | 181,644  | 18,091               | 2,663       | 9,813          | 212,211                    |
| Share of credit risk exposure          | 85.6%    | 8.5%                 | 1.3%        | 4.6%           |                            |
| Change in credit risk exposure in 2016 | 6,387    | -358                 | -591        | -2,711         | 2,727                      |
| Change                                 | 3.5%     | -2.0%                | -22.2%      | -27.6%         | 1.3%                       |

From 31 December 2015 to 31 December 2016, only the share of credit risk exposure in the low risk category increased, while in the other three categories decreased (management attention, substandard and non-performing). Non-performing claims as a percentage of total credit risk exposure (NPE ratio) decrease from 4.6% to 3.3%. At the end of year 2016, the total credit risk exposure of Erste Group was 87.5% in the low risk category and approximately 8.3% in the management attention category. Between 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2016, the combined proportion of the two weakest risk categories, substandard and non-performing, reduced by 1.6 percentage point from 5.9% to 4.3% of total credit risk exposure.

Credit risk exposure by industry and risk category

| in EUR million                   | Low risk | Management attention | Substandard  | Non-performing | Total credit risk exposure |
|----------------------------------|----------|----------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------------------|
|                                  | LOWITSK  | attention            | Substantiaru | Non-performing | exposure                   |
| As of 31 December 2016           |          |                      |              |                |                            |
| Agriculture and forestry         | 1,966    | 495                  | 28           | 149            | 2,638                      |
| Mining                           | 704      | 60                   | 4            | 112            | 880                        |
| Manufacturing                    | 12,422   | 1,389                | 190          | 895            | 14,895                     |
| Energy and water supply          | 3,352    | 351                  | 29           | 111            | 3,843                      |
| Construction                     | 7,994    | 1,251                | 100          | 657            | 10,002                     |
| Development of building projects | 3,875    | 437                  | 20           | 220            | 4,553                      |
| Trade                            | 8,524    | 1,568                | 160          | 693            | 10,945                     |
| Transport and communication      | 5,957    | 455                  | 36           | 164            | 6,612                      |
| Hotels and restaurants           | 2,787    | 852                  | 150          | 405            | 4,193                      |
| Financial and insurance services | 20,503   | 881                  | 61           | 146            | 21,592                     |
| Holding companies                | 2,453    | 126                  | 41           | 114            | 2,734                      |
| Real estate and housing          | 20,563   | 2,770                | 238          | 966            | 24,537                     |
| Services                         | 8,397    | 1,069                | 140          | 354            | 9,960                      |
| Public administration            | 39,403   | 500                  | 7            | 24             | 39,935                     |
| Education, health and art        | 2,433    | 431                  | 28           | 244            | 3,136                      |
| Private households               | 52,632   | 5,658                | 574          | 2,174          | 61,037                     |
| Other                            | 393      | 1                    | 330          | 10             | 734                        |
| Total                            | 188,031  | 17,733               | 2,072        | 7,102          | 214,938                    |
| As of 31 December 2015           |          |                      |              |                |                            |
| Agriculture and forestry         | 1,870    | 506                  | 44           | 186            | 2,606                      |
| Mining                           | 601      | 88                   | 10           | 121            | 821                        |
| Manufacturing                    | 11,193   | 1,584                | 213          | 1,129          | 14,120                     |
| Energy and water supply          | 3,616    | 477                  | 40           | 178            | 4,311                      |
| Construction                     | 7,537    | 1,090                | 195          | 1,138          | 9,961                      |
| Development of building projects | 3,609    | 411                  | 84           | 429            | 4,534                      |
| Trade                            | 7,809    | 1,662                | 177          | 1,024          | 10,673                     |
| Transport and communication      | 6,021    | 505                  | 56           | 203            | 6,785                      |
| Hotels and restaurants           | 2,370    | 994                  | 213          | 567            | 4,144                      |
| Financial and insurance services | 26.787   | 710                  | 99           | 316            | 27.912                     |
| Holding companies                | 4,853    | 100                  | 42           | 253            | 5,247                      |
| Real estate and housing          | 19,244   | 2,771                | 322          | 1,311          | 23,649                     |
| Services                         | 5,652    | 1,022                | 260          | 499            | 7,433                      |
| Public administration            | 37,929   | 602                  | 21           | 22             | 38,574                     |
| Education, health and art        | 2,242    | 414                  | 38           | 332            | 3,026                      |
| Private households               | 48,356   | 5.658                | 648          | 2,773          | 57,436                     |
| Other                            | 417      | 7                    | 325          | 14             | 763                        |
| Total                            | 181,644  | 18,091               | 2,663        | 9,813          | 212,211                    |
|                                  | 101,044  | 10,001               | 2,000        | 5,010          | 212,211                    |

## Credit risk exposure by region and risk category

The geographic analysis of credit exposure is based on the country of risk of the borrower and counterparty. It comprises obligors domiciled in other countries if the economic risk exists in the respective country of risk. The distribution by regions differs from the composition of the credit risk exposure by geographical segments of Erste Group.

| in EUR million                 | Low risk                              | Management attention | Substandard | Non-performing | Total credit risk exposure |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| As of 31 December 2016         |                                       |                      |             |                |                            |
| Core markets                   | 160,052                               | 15,679               | 1,914       | 6,409          | 184,055                    |
| Austria                        | 84,766                                | 8,035                | 1,233       | 2,400          | 96,435                     |
| Croatia                        | 7,075                                 | 1,035                | 142         | 821            | 9,073                      |
| Romania                        | 12,059                                | 1,891                | 82          | 1,058          | 15,090                     |
| Serbia                         | 865                                   | 410                  | 12          | 138            | 1,425                      |
| Slovakia                       | 16,282                                | 1,184                | 128         | 629            | 18,222                     |
| Czech Republic                 | 32,414                                | 2,441                | 177         | 910            | 35,942                     |
| Hungary                        | 6,592                                 | 683                  | 140         | 453            | 7,868                      |
| Other EU                       | 20,744                                | 1,299                | 91          | 455            | 22,590                     |
| Other industrialised countries | 4,176                                 | 167                  | 5           | 58             | 4,406                      |
| Emerging markets               | 3,059                                 | 588                  | 61          | 180            | 3,888                      |
| South-Eastern Europe/CIS       | 1,400                                 | 376                  | 54          | 156            | 1,986                      |
| Asia                           | 1,099                                 | 124                  | 4           | 0              | 1,228                      |
| Latin America                  | 61                                    | 33                   | 2           | 18             | 114                        |
| Middle East/Africa             | 499                                   | 54                   | 1           | 6              | 560                        |
| Total                          | 188,031                               | 17,733               | 2,072       | 7,102          | 214,938                    |
| As of 31 December 2015         | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |                      |             | •              | •                          |
| Core markets                   | 151,849                               | 16,353               | 2,441       | 8,767          | 179,409                    |
| Austria                        | 81,288                                | 8,499                | 1,440       | 2,865          | 94,091                     |
| Croatia                        | 7,104                                 | 1,125                | 205         | 1,237          | 9,671                      |
| Romania                        | 11,430                                | 2,022                | 219         | 1,927          | 15,599                     |
| Serbia                         | 749                                   | 366                  | 5           | 180            | 1,300                      |
| Slovakia                       | 15,898                                | 782                  | 131         | 684            | 17,495                     |
| Czech Republic                 | 29,622                                | 2,802                | 284         | 1,017          | 33,725                     |
| Hungary                        | 5,758                                 | 757                  | 157         | 856            | 7,528                      |
| Other EU                       | 23,255                                | 1,080                | 110         | 632            | 25,077                     |
| Other industrialised countries | 3,629                                 | 144                  | 12          | 79             | 3,864                      |
| Emerging markets               | 2,912                                 | 513                  | 100         | 335            | 3,860                      |
| South-Eastern Europe/CIS       | 1,328                                 | 357                  | 98          | 321            | 2,104                      |
| Asia                           | 1,054                                 | 97                   | 1           | 1              | 1,153                      |
| Latin America                  | 68                                    | 30                   | 0           | 3              | 102                        |
| Middle East/Africa             | 461                                   | 29                   | 1           | 10             | 501                        |
| Total                          | 181,644                               | 18.091               | 2.663       | 9.813          | 212,211                    |

Credit risk exposure increased by EUR 2,344 million, or 2.5% in Austria, and additionally increased by EUR 2,302 million, or almost 2.7% in the CEE core markets. In the other EU member states (EU 28 excluding core markets), the credit risk exposure declined by EUR 2,487 million, or 9.9%, from EUR 25,076 million to EUR 22,589 million between the two balance sheet dates. An increase could be observed as well in other industrialised countries (+EUR 542 million) and in emerging markets (+EUR 28 million). In total, the countries of Erste Group's core market and the EU accounted for 96.1% of credit risk exposure as of 31 December 2016. At 1.8%, the share of emerging markets remained of minor importance.

Russia and Ukraine, as part of emerging markets, are included in the region 'South-Eastern Europe/CIS'. Due to the continuing difficult economic situation the credit risk exposure was further reduced in both markets during the year 2016. In Ukraine the credit risk volume decreased from EUR 274 million in December 2015 to EUR 76 million in December 2016. Corporate customers accounted for the bulk of the exposure. At the end of 2016, the provisions for credit risks amounted to EUR 15 million (2015: EUR 97 million). Of the total credit risk exposure as of year-end 2016, Ukrainian borrowers resident in Ukraine accounted for EUR 16 million (2015: EUR 98 million) and Ukrainian debtors domiciled outside of Ukraine accounted for EUR 60 million (2015: EUR 178 million). In Russia, the credit risk exposure declined from EUR 149 million as of 31 December 2015 to EUR 110 million as of 31 December 2016. The majority of the credit risks consisted of claims on big commercial banks and corporate customers. As of year-end 2016, the provisions for credit risks amounted to EUR 7 million (2015: EUR 4 million). Out of the total credit risk exposure, Russian borrowers domiciled in Russia accounted for EUR 103 million (2015: EUR 139 million), and Russian borrowers domiciled outside Russia accounted for EUR 8 million (2015: EUR 10 million). As of year-end 2016, the credit risk exposure to Greek borrowers, including the Greek government, amounted to EUR 31 million (2015: EUR 32 million). The Greek government only accounted for EUR 18 thousand (2015: EUR 106 thousand).

## Credit risk exposure by reporting segment and risk category

The segment reporting of Erste Group is based on the matrix organisation by business segment as well as by geographical segment. The geographical segmentation follows the country markets in which Erste Group operates and the locations of the banking and other financial institutions participations. Beginning 2016, the business segments have been restructured. Therefore, all 2015 figures reflect the changed segment structure of Erste Group as of 1 January 2016. A detailed description of the new segmentation can be found in the segment reporting note.

Credit risk exposure by business segment and risk category

| <del></del> |  |  |   |   |
|-------------|--|--|---|---|
| Low risk    | Management attention   | Substandard  | Non-performing  | Total credit risk exposure  |
|             |  |  |   |   |
| 46,061      | 5,428  | 512  | 1,971   | 53,972  |
| 53,019      | 4,906  | 438  | 3,048   | 61,411  |
| 14,839      | 664  | 36   | 4   | 15,542  |
| 27,234      | 260  | 173  | 16  | 27,682  |
| 46,827      | 6,384  | 849  | 2,062   | 56,122  |
| 51          | 91   | 65   | 1   | 208   |
| 188,031     | 17,733   | 2,072  | 7,102   | 214,938   |
|             |  |  |   |   |
| 43,519      | 4,899  | 599  | 2,637   | 51,654  |
| 49,252      | 5,510  | 861  | 4,756   | 60,378  |
| 19,152      | 489  | 7  | 16  | 19,664  |
| 24,418      | 326  | 131  | 14  | 24,890  |
| 44,880      | 6,837  | 986  | 2,381   | 55,084  |
| 423         | 31   | 79   | 9   | 542   |
| 181,644     | 18,091   | 2,663  | 9,813   | 212,211   |
|             | 46,061<br>53,019<br>14,839<br>27,234<br>46,827<br>51<br>188,031<br>43,519<br>49,252<br>19,152<br>24,418<br>44,880<br>423 | Low risk         attention           46,061         5,428           53,019         4,906           14,839         664           27,234         260           46,827         6,384           51         91           188,031         17,733           43,519         4,899           49,252         5,510           19,152         489           24,418         326           44,880         6,837           423         31 | Low risk         attention         Substandard           46,061         5,428         512           53,019         4,906         438           14,839         664         36           27,234         260         173           46,827         6,384         849           51         91         65           188,031         17,733         2,072           43,519         4,899         599           49,252         5,510         861           19,152         489         7           24,418         326         131           44,880         6,837         986           423         31         79 | Low risk         attention         Substandard         Non-performing           46,061         5,428         512         1,971           53,019         4,906         438         3,048           14,839         664         36         4           27,234         260         173         16           46,827         6,384         849         2,062           51         91         65         1           188,031         17,733         2,072         7,102           43,519         4,899         599         2,637           49,252         5,510         861         4,756           19,152         489         7         16           24,418         326         131         14           44,880         6,837         986         2,381           423         31         79         9 |

Credit risk exposure by geographical segment and risk category

| in EUR million                        | Low risk | Management attention | Substandard | Non-performing | Total credit risk exposure |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------------------|-------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| As of 31 December 2016                |          | ·                    |             | •              | •                          |
| Austria                               | 109,040  | 10,272               | 1,362       | 3,616          | 124,291                    |
| Erste Bank Oesterreich & Subsidiaries | 35,090   | 2,713                | 394         | 827            | 39,025                     |
| Savings Banks                         | 46,827   | 6,384                | 849         | 2,062          | 56,122                     |
| Other Austria                         | 27,123   | 1,174                | 119         | 727            | 29,144                     |
| Central and Eastern Europe            | 71,867   | 7,364                | 645         | 3,453          | 83,329                     |
| Czech Republic                        | 33,144   | 2,509                | 146         | 747            | 36,546                     |
| Romania                               | 11,071   | 1,937                | 81          | 1,010          | 14,097                     |
| Slovakia                              | 14,032   | 1,035                | 132         | 525            | 15,723                     |
| Hungary                               | 5,660    | 544                  | 111         | 396            | 6,711                      |
| Croatia                               | 7,167    | 978                  | 164         | 717            | 9,025                      |
| Serbia                                | 794      | 362                  | 12          | 59             | 1,227                      |
| Other                                 | 7,124    | 96                   | 65          | 33             | 7,318                      |
| Total                                 | 188,031  | 17,733               | 2,072       | 7,102          | 214,938                    |
| As of 31 December 2015                |          |                      |             |                |                            |
| Austria                               | 105,975  | 11,020               | 1,706       | 4,700          | 123,401                    |
| Erste Bank Oesterreich & Subsidiaries | 33,805   | 2,839                | 401         | 913            | 37,959                     |
| Savings Banks                         | 44,880   | 6,837                | 986         | 2,381          | 55,084                     |
| Other Austria                         | 27,289   | 1,344                | 319         | 1,405          | 30,359                     |
| Central and Eastern Europe            | 66,143   | 7,024                | 857         | 5,054          | 79,078                     |
| Czech Republic                        | 30,146   | 2,687                | 222         | 856            | 33,911                     |
| Romania                               | 10,019   | 1,911                | 176         | 1,825          | 13,931                     |
| Slovakia                              | 13,341   | 604                  | 124         | 565            | 14,635                     |
| Hungary                               | 4,817    | 530                  | 116         | 685            | 6,148                      |
| Croatia                               | 7,149    | 1,013                | 215         | 1,046          | 9,423                      |
| Serbia                                | 671      | 280                  | 3           | 77             | 1,031                      |
| Other                                 | 9,527    | 46                   | 100         | 59             | 9,732                      |
| Total                                 | 181,644  | 18,091               | 2,663       | 9,813          | 212,211                    |

# Contingent liabilities by region and risk category

| in EUR million                 | Low risk     | Management attention | Substandard | Non-performing | Credit risk<br>exposure<br>(gross) |
|--------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|-------------|----------------|------------------------------------|
| As of 31 December 2016         |              |                      |             |                |                                    |
| Core markets                   | 21,413       | 1,777                | 440         | 402            | 24,033                             |
| Austria                        | 12,932       | 976                  | 378         | 155            | 14,441                             |
| Croatia                        | 874          | 80                   | 7           | 15             | 977                                |
| Romania                        | 1,373        | 279                  | 8           | 67             | 1,727                              |
| Serbia                         | 132          | 10                   | 0           | 2              | 146                                |
| Slovakia                       | 1,355        | 93                   | 20          | 50             | 1,518                              |
| Czech Republic                 | 3,943        | 317                  | 25          | 54             | 4,339                              |
| Hungary                        | 803          | 22                   | 1           | 59             | 885                                |
| Other EU                       | 2,393        | 133                  | 9           | 6              | 2,540                              |
| Other industrialised countries | 319          | 25                   | 0           | 3              | 346                                |
| Emerging markets               | 445          | 110                  | 5           | 5              | 566                                |
| South-Eastern Europe/CIS       | 203          | 66                   | 5           | 1              | 275                                |
| Asia                           | 219          | 22                   | 0           | 0              | 241                                |
| Latin America                  | 0            | 11                   | 0           | 4              | 15                                 |
| Middle East/Africa             | 24           | 11                   | 0           | 0              | 34                                 |
| Total                          | 24,569       | 2,045                | 454         | 416            | 27,484                             |
| As of 31 December 2015         | <del>,</del> | ·                    |             |                |                                    |
| Core markets                   | 19,676       | 1,792                | 502         | 382            | 22,351                             |
| Austria                        | 12,285       | 921                  | 421         | 161            | 13,787                             |
| Croatia                        | 744          | 92                   | 20          | 17             | 873                                |
| Romania                        | 1,184        | 287                  | 11          | 113            | 1,594                              |
| Serbia                         | 117          | 18                   | 0           | 19             | 155                                |
| Slovakia                       | 1,163        | 74                   | 31          | 24             | 1,292                              |
| Czech Republic                 | 3,404        | 356                  | 18          | 18             | 3,796                              |
| Hungary                        | 779          | 44                   | 0           | 31             | 855                                |
| Other EU                       | 2,167        | 92                   | 18          | 77             | 2,353                              |
| Other industrialised countries | 267          | 11                   | 0           | 3              | 281                                |
| Emerging markets               | 345          | 74                   | 8           | 1              | 428                                |
| South-Eastern Europe/CIS       | 220          | 38                   | 8           | 1              | 267                                |
| Asia                           | 86           | 24                   | 0           | 0              | 110                                |
| Latin America                  | 0            | 12                   | 0           | 0              | 13                                 |
| Middle East/Africa             | 38           | 1                    | 0           | 0              | 39                                 |
| Total                          | 22,454       | 1,970                | 527         | 464            | 25,415                             |

# **Contingent liabilities by product**

| in EUR million          | Dec 2015 | Dec 2016 |
|-------------------------|----------|----------|
| Financial guarantees    | 6,288    | 6,577    |
| Irrevocable commitments | 19,127   | 20,907   |
| Total                   | 25,415   | 27,484   |

## Credit risk exposure to sovereigns by region and financial instrument

The credit risk exposure to sovereigns is divided by region and financial instrument. The assignment of obligors to sovereigns is based on Basel 3 exposure classes.

|                                |   | Debt securities                              |                                    |   |   |  |  |                                    |  |                                    |
|--------------------------------|---|--|------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
|                                | Cash and cash<br>balances –<br>other demand<br>deposits | Loans and receivables to credit institutions | Loans and receivables to customers | Financial<br>assets - held<br>to maturity | Financial<br>assets - held<br>for trading | Financial<br>assets - at fair<br>value through<br>profit or loss | Financial<br>assets -<br>available<br>for sale | Positive fair value of derivatives | Contingent<br>credit risk<br>liabilities | Credit risk<br>exposure<br>(gross) |
| in EUR million                 |   |  | At amortised cost                  | :   |   | At fair  | value  |                                    |  |                                    |
| As of 31 December 2016         |   |  |                                    |   |   |  |  |                                    |  |                                    |
| Core markets                   | 0   | 676  | 7,014                              | 16,560                                    | 1,827                                     | 16   | 11,035   | 204                                | 1,577                                    | 38,909                             |
| Austria                        | 0   | 2  | 3,946                              | 3,178                                     | 66  | 1  | 4,580  | 50                                 | 941                                      | 12,762                             |
| Croatia                        | 0   | 419  | 1,304                              | 116                                       | 177                                       | 0  | 652  | 0                                  | 77                                       | 2,746                              |
| Romania                        | 0   | 0  | 854                                | 3,094                                     | 409                                       | 3  | 1,237  | 0                                  | 88                                       | 5,686                              |
| Serbia                         | 0   | 0  | 19                                 | 80  | 139                                       | 0  | 59   | 0                                  | 2  | 299                                |
| Slovakia                       | 0   | 0  | 196                                | 3,204                                     | 85  | 0  | 1,807  | 0                                  | 10                                       | 5,302                              |
| Czech Republic                 | 0   | 0  | 588                                | 5,494                                     | 393                                       | 12   | 2,344  | 154                                | 165                                      | 9,151                              |
| Hungary                        | 0   | 256  | 106                                | 1,395                                     | 558                                       | 0  | 356  | 0                                  | 294                                      | 2,964                              |
| Other EU                       | 6   | 0  | 66                                 | 1,199                                     | 704                                       | 0  | 3,039  | 126                                | 27                                       | 5,166                              |
| Other industrialised countries | 0   | 0  | 0                                  | 612                                       | 0   | 26   | 606  | 0                                  | 0  | 1,244                              |
| Emerging markets               | 0   | 4  | 268                                | 88  | 17  | 0  | 144  | 0                                  | 35                                       | 557                                |
| South-Eastern Europe/CIS       | 0   | 0  | 157                                | 88  | 17  | 0  | 139  | 0                                  | 22                                       | 423                                |
| Asia                           | 0   | 0  | 106                                | 0   | 0   | 0  | 1  | 0                                  | 10                                       | 116                                |
| Latin America                  | 0   | 0  | 0                                  | 0   | 0   | 0  | 2  | 0                                  | 0  | 2                                  |
| Middle East/Africa             | 0   | 4  | 6                                  | 0   | 0   | 0  | 2  | 0                                  | 4  | 16                                 |
| Total                          | 6   | 680  | 7,347                              | 18,459                                    | 2,549                                     | 42   | 14,823   | 330                                | 1,639                                    | 45,876                             |
| As of 31 December 2015         | <del>.</del>  |  |                                    |   |   |  |  | <del>.</del>                       |  |                                    |
| Core markets                   | 0   | 1,267  | 7,007                              | 14,871                                    | 2,056                                     | 13   | 11,152   | 210                                | 1,195                                    | 37,771                             |
| Austria                        | 0   | 2  | 3,767                              | 3,143                                     | 54  | 1  | 4,710  | 74                                 | 824                                      | 12,576                             |
| Croatia                        | 0   | 518  | 1,284                              | 137                                       | 266                                       | 0  | 560  | 0                                  | 59                                       | 2,824                              |
| Romania                        | 0   | 1  | 985                                | 2,269                                     | 777                                       | 0  | 1,504  | 0                                  | 3  | 5,539                              |
| Serbia                         | 0   | 4  | 11                                 | 67  | 137                                       | 0  | 31   | 0                                  | 4  | 254                                |
| Slovakia                       | 0   | 0  | 235                                | 3,437                                     | 182                                       | 0  | 1,969  | 0                                  | 4  | 5,828                              |
| Czech Republic                 | 0   | 0  | 654                                | 4,900                                     | 224                                       | 12   | 2,192  | 124                                | 10                                       | 8,118                              |
| Hungary                        | 0   | 742  | 70                                 | 918                                       | 416                                       | 0  | 185  | 11                                 | 290                                      | 2,632                              |
| Other EU                       | 11  | 0  | 66                                 | 1,136                                     | 308                                       | 0  | 3,121  | 128                                | 2  | 4,773                              |
| Other industrialised countries | 0   | 0  | 0                                  | 413                                       | 0   | 0  | 578  | 0                                  | 0  | 991                                |
| Emerging markets               | 0   | 5  | 341                                | 59  | 28  | 0  | 147  | 0                                  | 34                                       | 613                                |
| South-Eastern Europe/CIS       | 0   | 0  | 188                                | 59  | 17  | 0  | 142  | 0                                  | 29                                       | 435                                |
| Asia                           | 0   | 0  | 148                                | 0   | 0   | 0  | 1  | 0                                  | 4  | 153                                |
| Latin America                  | 0   | 0  | 0                                  | 0   | 0   | 0  | 2  | 0                                  | 0  | 2                                  |
| Middle East/Africa             | 0   | 5  | 5                                  | 0   | 11  | 0  | 4  | 0                                  | 0  | 24                                 |
| Total                          | 11  | 1,271  | 7,414                              | 16,479                                    | 2,393                                     | 13   | 14,998   | 338                                | 1,231                                    | 44,147                             |

# Credit risk exposure to institutions by region and financial instrument

The credit risk exposure to institutions is divided by region and financial instrument. The assignment of obligors to institutions is based on Basel 3 exposure classes.

|                                     |   |  |                                    |   | Debt se                                   | curities  |  |                                    |  |                                    |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| in EUR million                      | Cash and cash<br>balances –<br>other demand<br>deposits | Loans and receivables to credit institutions | Loans and receivables to customers | Financial<br>assets - held<br>to maturity | Financial<br>assets - held<br>for trading | Financial<br>assets - at fair<br>value through<br>profit or loss<br>At fair v | Financial<br>assets -<br>available<br>for sale | Positive fair value of derivatives | Contingent<br>credit risk<br>liabilities | Credit risk<br>exposure<br>(gross) |
|                                     |   |  |                                    | ·   |   | 711.14.11   |  |                                    |  |                                    |
| As of 31 December 2016 Core markets | 286   | 737  | 118                                | 152                                       | 229                                       | 19  | 622  | 473                                | 148                                      | 2,784                              |
| Austria                             | 199   | 349  | 2                                  | 10  | 228                                       | 19  | 415  | 370                                | 82                                       | 1,674                              |
| Croatia                             | 2   | 18   | 12                                 | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0  | 0                                  | 13                                       | 44                                 |
| Romania                             | 14  | 115  | 0                                  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0  | 1                                  | 13                                       | 131                                |
| Serbia                              | 0   | 0  | 0                                  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0  | 0                                  | 0  | 0                                  |
| Slovakia                            | 1   | 49   | 0                                  | 70  | 0   | 0   | 65   | 3                                  | 35                                       | 223                                |
| Czech Republic                      | 41  | 121  | 0                                  | 57  | 0   | 0   | 62   | 82                                 | 17                                       | 380                                |
| Hungary                             | 29  | 85   | 104                                | 15  | 1   | 0   | 80   | 17                                 | 0  | 332                                |
| Other EU                            | 896   | 925  | 31                                 | 164                                       | 173                                       | 26  | 851  | 4,519                              | 91                                       | 7,677                              |
| Other industrialised countries      | 73  | 148  | 0                                  | 204                                       | 41  | 30  | 157  | 127                                | 5  | 785                                |
| Emerging markets                    | 14  | 270  | 0                                  | 19  | 24  | 63  | 16   | 0                                  | 7  | 413                                |
| South-Eastern Europe/CIS            | 12  | 20   | 0                                  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0  | 0                                  | 0  | 32                                 |
| Asia                                | 0   | 201  | 0                                  | 19  | 24  | 63  | 10   | 0                                  | 6  | 323                                |
| Latin America                       | 1   | 41   | 0                                  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 4  | 0                                  | 0  | 46                                 |
| Middle East/Africa                  | 0   | 8  | 0                                  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 2  | 0                                  | 1  | 12                                 |
| Total                               | 1,270   | 2,080  | 149                                | 538                                       | 467                                       | 139   | 1,646  | 5,120                              | 251                                      | 11,659                             |
| As of 31 December 2015              | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                   |  |                                    |   |   |   |  | •                                  |  |                                    |
| Core markets                        | 502   | 849  | 180                                | 432                                       | 268                                       | 23  | 808  | 663                                | 236                                      | 3,961                              |
| Austria                             | 415   | 370  | 106                                | 45  | 251                                       | 19  | 400  | 511                                | 88                                       | 2,205                              |
| Croatia                             | 4   | 43   | 7                                  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0  | 0                                  | 13                                       | 67                                 |
| Romania                             | 43  | 55   | 2                                  | 0   | 0   | 4   | 52   | 1                                  | 25                                       | 182                                |
| Serbia                              | 0   | 1  | 0                                  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0  | 0                                  | 0  | 1                                  |
| Slovakia                            | 1   | 96   | 0                                  | 19  | 0   | 0   | 25   | 6                                  | 26                                       | 174                                |
| Czech Republic                      | 35  | 269  | 0                                  | 353                                       | 4   | 0   | 248  | 133                                | 84                                       | 1,125                              |
| Hungary                             | 4   | 16   | 65                                 | 14  | 12  | 0   | 82   | 12                                 | 0  | 206                                |
| Other EU                            | 1,578   | 1,708  | 16                                 | 325                                       | 120                                       | 7   | 1,108  | 5,815                              | 81                                       | 10,758                             |
| Other industrialised countries      | 66  | 71   | 0                                  | 44  | 10  | 9   | 223  | 167                                | 6  | 596                                |
| Emerging markets                    | 64  | 379  | 0                                  | 18  | 0   | 34  | 12   | 2                                  | 11                                       | 521                                |
| South-Eastern Europe/CIS            | 1   | 17   | 0                                  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0  | 0                                  | 0  | 18                                 |
| Asia                                | 62  | 346  | 0                                  | 18  | 0   | 34  | 9  | 2                                  | 8  | 479                                |
| Latin America                       | 2   | 4  | 0                                  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 3  | 0                                  | 0  | 9                                  |
| Middle East/Africa                  | 0   | 13   | 0                                  | 0   | 0   | 0   | 0  | 0                                  | 3  | 16                                 |
| Total                               | 2,211   | 3,008  | 197                                | 820                                       | 398                                       | 73  | 2,151  | 6,647                              | 333                                      | 15,836                             |

## Non-performing credit risk exposure and credit risk provisions

For the definition of credit risk exposure classified as non-performing, please refer to the description of risk categories in the subsection 'Internal rating system'. Credit risk provisions include specific and collective allowances and provisions for guarantees.

Credit risk allowances (specific and collective allowances) and provisions for guarantees covered 69.9% (2015: 64.4%) of the reported non-performing credit risk exposure as of 31 December 2016. For the portion of the non-performing credit risk exposure that is not covered by allowances, Erste Group assumes there are sufficient levels of collateral and expected other recoveries.

During the 12 months which ended 31 December 2016, the non-performing credit risk exposure decreased by EUR 2,711 million, or 27.6%, from EUR 9,813 million as of 31 December 2015 to EUR 7,102 million as of 31 December 2016. The substantial improvement of asset quality resulted on the one side from a strong decline of new non-performing loans, and on the other side from high recoveries and write-offs, in particular in connection with the sale of non-performing loans. The credit risk allowances for loans and advances as well as provisions for guarantees decreased by EUR 1,359 million, or 21.5%, from EUR 6,322 million as of 31 December 2015 to EUR 4,963 million as of 31 December 2016. These movements resulted in an increase, from 64.4% to 69.9%, in the coverage of the non-performing credit risk exposure by credit risk provisions.

The following tables show the coverage of the non-performing credit risk exposure across the reporting segments by credit risk provisions (without taking into consideration collateral) as of 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015. The differences in provisioning levels for the segments result from the risk situation in the respective markets, different levels of collateralisation as well as the local legal environment and regulatory requirements.

The non-performing exposure ratio (NPE ratio) is calculated as the non-performing credit risk exposure divided by total credit risk exposure while the NPE coverage ratio (excl. collateral) is computed as the credit risk provisions divided by non-performing credit risk exposure. Collateral or other recoveries are not taken into account.

Non-performing credit risk exposure by business segment and credit risk provisions

|   | Credit risk e      | exposure (gross)           |                              |                                  |  |           |   |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|-----------|---|
| in EUR million  | Non-<br>performing | Total credit risk exposure | Total credit risk provisions | Specific allowances & provisions | Collective<br>allowances &<br>provisions | NPE ratio | NPE coverage<br>ratio (excl.<br>collateral) |
| As of 31 December 2016                                |                    |                            |                              |                                  |  |           |   |
| Retail  | 1,971              | 53,972                     | 1,489                        | 1,195                            | 294                                      | 3.7%      | 75.5%                                       |
| Corporates  | 3,048              | 61,411                     | 2,201                        | 1,843                            | 358                                      | 5.0%      | 72.2%                                       |
| Group Markets   | 4                  | 15,542                     | 12                           | 2                                | 10                                       | 0.0%      | 300.0%                                      |
| Asset/Liability Management and Local Corporate Center | 16                 | 27,682                     | 33                           | 7                                | 26                                       | 0.1%      | 206.3%                                      |
| Savings Banks   | 2,062              | 56,122                     | 1,225                        | 1,033                            | 192                                      | 3.7%      | 59.4%                                       |
| Group Corporate Center                                | 1                  | 208                        | 4                            | 0                                | 4  | 0.5%      | 400.0%                                      |
| Total   | 7,102              | 214,938                    | 4,963                        | 4,080                            | 884                                      | 3.3%      | 69.9%                                       |
| As of 31 December 2015                                |                    |                            |                              |                                  |  |           |   |
| Retail  | 2,637              | 51,654                     | 1,752                        | 1,520                            | 232                                      | 5.1%      | 66.4%                                       |
| Corporates  | 4,756              | 60,379                     | 3,140                        | 2,740                            | 400                                      | 7.9%      | 66.0%                                       |
| Group Markets   | 16                 | 19,664                     | 17                           | 8                                | 9  | 0.1%      | 102.4%                                      |
| Asset/Liability Management and                        |                    |                            |                              |                                  |  |           |   |
| Local Corporate Center                                | 14                 | 24,890                     | 40                           | 16                               | 23                                       | 0.1%      | 284.9%                                      |
| Savings Banks   | 2,381              | 55,084                     | 1,366                        | 1,168                            | 197                                      | 4.3%      | 57.4%                                       |
| Group Corporate Center                                | 9                  | 542                        | 8                            | 8                                | 0  | 1.7%      | 89.4%                                       |
| Total   | 9,813              | 212,211                    | 6,322                        | 5,461                            | 861                                      | 4.6%      | 64.4%                                       |

Non-performing credit risk exposure by geographical segment and credit risk provisions

|                                       | Credit risk ex | Credit risk exposure (gross) |                              |                                  |  |           |                                       |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| in EUR million                        | Non-performing | Total credit risk exposure   | Total credit risk provisions | Specific allowances & provisions | Collective<br>allowances &<br>provisions | NPE ratio | NPE coverage ratio (excl. collateral) |
| As of 31 December 2016                |                |                              |                              |                                  |  |           |                                       |
| Austria                               | 3,616          | 124,291                      | 2,211                        | 1,854                            | 357                                      | 2.9%      | 61.1%                                 |
| Erste Bank Oesterreich & Subsidiaries | 827            | 39,025                       | 504                          | 419                              | 85                                       | 2.1%      | 60.9%                                 |
| Savings Banks                         | 2,062          | 56,122                       | 1,225                        | 1,033                            | 192                                      | 3.7%      | 59.4%                                 |
| Other Austria                         | 727            | 29,144                       | 482                          | 402                              | 80                                       | 2.5%      | 66.3%                                 |
| Central and Eastern Europe            | 3,453          | 83,329                       | 2,714                        | 2,195                            | 519                                      | 4.1%      | 78.6%                                 |
| Czech Republic                        | 747            | 36,546                       | 603                          | 482                              | 121                                      | 2.0%      | 80.7%                                 |
| Romania                               | 1,010          | 14,097                       | 844                          | 697                              | 147                                      | 7.2%      | 83.6%                                 |
| Slovakia                              | 525            | 15,723                       | 355                          | 255                              | 100                                      | 3.3%      | 67.6%                                 |
| Hungary                               | 396            | 6,711                        | 324                          | 269                              | 55                                       | 5.9%      | 81.8%                                 |
| Croatia                               | 717            | 9,025                        | 531                          | 450                              | 81                                       | 7.9%      | 74.1%                                 |
| Serbia                                | 59             | 1,227                        | 58                           | 42                               | 16                                       | 4.8%      | 98.3%                                 |
| Other                                 | 33             | 7,318                        | 39                           | 32                               | 7  | 0.5%      | 118.2%                                |
| Total                                 | 7,102          | 214,938                      | 4,963                        | 4,080                            | 884                                      | 3.3%      | 69.9%                                 |
| As of 31 December 2015                |                |                              |                              |                                  |  |           |                                       |
| Austria                               | 4,700          | 123,401                      | 2,682                        | 2,293                            | 389                                      | 3.8%      | 57.1%                                 |
| Erste Bank Oesterreich & Subsidiaries | 913            | 37,959                       | 588                          | 498                              | 90                                       | 2.4%      | 64.4%                                 |
| Savings Banks                         | 2,381          | 55,084                       | 1,366                        | 1,168                            | 197                                      | 4.3%      | 57.4%                                 |
| Other Austria                         | 1.405          | 30,359                       | 728                          | 626                              | 102                                      | 4.6%      | 51.8%                                 |
| Central and Eastern Europe            | 5,054          | 79,078                       | 3,557                        | 3,087                            | 469                                      | 6.4%      | 70.4%                                 |
| Czech Republic                        | 856            | 33,911                       | 619                          | 538                              | 82                                       | 2.5%      | 72.4%                                 |
| Romania                               | 1,825          | 13,931                       | 1,379                        | 1,227                            | 152                                      | 13.1%     | 75.5%                                 |
| Slovakia                              | 565            | 14,635                       | 371                          | 281                              | 90                                       | 3.9%      | 65.6%                                 |
| Hungary                               | 685            | 6,148                        | 409                          | 351                              | 59                                       | 11.1%     | 59.8%                                 |
| Croatia                               | 1,046          | 9,423                        | 710                          | 636                              | 74                                       | 11.1%     | 67.9%                                 |
| Serbia                                | 77             | 1,031                        | 68                           | 56                               | 13                                       | 7.5%      | 88.4%                                 |
| Other                                 | 59             | 9,732                        | 83                           | 80                               | 3  | 0.6%      | 140.2%                                |
| Total                                 | 9,813          | 212,211                      | 6,322                        | 5,461                            | 861                                      | 4.6%      | 64.4%                                 |

The general principles and standards for credit risk provisions within Erste Group are described in the internal policies. Credit risk provisions are calculated:

- $\_$  for financial assets carried at amortised cost (loans and receivables, financial assets held to maturity) in accordance with IAS 39 and
- \_ for contingent liabilities (financial guarantees, loan commitments) in accordance with IAS 37.

Credit risk provisions are created in a process performed on customer level. The process includes the identification of default and impairment and the type of assessment (individual or collective) to be applied. 'On customer level' means in this context that if one of the customer's exposures is classified as defaulted, typically all of this customer's exposures are classified as defaulted. Depending on the characteristics of the exposure and the respective expected cash flows (e.g. considering collateral), some exposures may not be impaired.

The bank distinguishes between:

- \_ specific allowances calculated for exposures to defaulted customers that are deemed to be impaired and
- \_ collective allowances (allowances for incurred but not reported losses) calculated for exposures to non-defaulted customers or defaulted customers that are not deemed to be impaired.

For the calculation of specific allowances, the discounted cash flow method is applied. This means that a difference between gross carrying amount and net present value (NPV) of the expected cash flows leads to an impairment and defines the amount of any allowance requirement. All estimated interest and redemption payments as well as estimated collateral recoveries and costs for selling and obtaining collateral are considered as expected cash flows. The effective interest rate is used as the discount rate in the calculation of the NPV of the expected cash flows.

The calculation of specific allowances is performed either on an individual basis or as a collective assessment (rule-based approach). In the case of significant customers, expected cash flows are estimated individually by workout or risk managers. A customer is considered as significant if the total exposure defined as the sum of all on- and off-balance-sheet exposures exceeds a defined materiality limit. Otherwise, the customer is considered as insignificant and a rule-based approach is used for the calculation of the specific allowance. Under

this approach, specific allowances are calculated as the product of carrying amount and loss given default (LGD), where LGD depends on relevant characteristics such as time in default or the stage of the workout process.

Collective allowances are calculated on on- and off-balance-sheet exposures to non-defaulted customers for which a default has not been detected or reported. The level of collective allowances depends on the gross carrying amount, the probability of default (PD), the loss given default (LGD), the credit conversion factors (CCF) in case of off-balance-sheet exposures, and the loss identification period (LIP). The LIP corresponds to the average period between the occurrence and the detection of the loss and ranges from four months to one year. The result of discounting future cash flows to their present values is taken into consideration in the LGD calculation.

Generally, risk parameters used in the calculation of collective allowances may be different to the Basel 3 Pillar 1 or Pillar 2 risk parameters if the properties of the respective portfolio in combination with IAS/IFRS standards necessitate this.

Collective allowances are also calculated in case of exposures to defaulted customers that are not identified as impaired. For these customers, no specific allowances are allocated. Collective allowances are calculated based on the historical loss experience for the relevant customer segment.

Erste Group regularly reviews its specific and collective allowances. These exercises comprise the parameters and methodologies used in its provision calculation. In 2016, adjustments took place in the context of specific reviews (in view of specific allowances), routine maintenance of parameters (e.g. regular calibration, change of valuation rates), and in the case of specific events (e.g. improved knowledge about recovery behaviour, back-testing results).

## Credit risk provisions divided into specific and collective allowances and provisions for guarantees

| in EUR million            | Dec 15 | Dec 16 |
|---------------------------|--------|--------|
| Specific allowances       | 5,284  | 3,889  |
| Collective allowances     | 741    | 736    |
| Provisions for guarantees | 297    | 338    |
| Total                     | 6,322  | 4,963  |

## Restructuring, renegotiation and forbearance

Restructuring means contractual modification of any of the customer's loan repayment conditions including tenor, interest rate, fees, principal amount due or a combination thereof. Restructuring can be business restructuring (in the retail segment), commercial renegotiation (in the corporate segment), or forbearance (e.g. concession due to financial difficulties) in line with EBA requirements in both segments.

## Business restructuring and renegotiation

Restructuring as business restructuring in the retail segment or as commercial renegotiation in the corporate segment is a potential and effective customer retention tool involving re-pricing or the offering of an additional loan or both in order to maintain the bank's valuable, good clientele.

#### **Forbearance**

The definition of 'forbearance' is included in Regulation (EU) 2015/227. A restructuring is considered 'forbearance' if it entails a concession towards a customer facing or about to face financial difficulties in meeting their contractual financial commitments. A borrower is in financial difficulties if any of the following conditions are met:

- the customer was more than 30 days past due in the past 3 months;
- the customer would be 30 days past due or more without receiving forbearance;
- the customer is in default;
- \_ the modified contract was classified as non-performing or would be non-performing without forbearance;
- \_ the contract modification involves total or partial cancellation by write-off of the debt on any of the customer's credit obligations while at customer level open credit exposure still remains.

Forborne exposure is assessed at loan contract level and means only the exposure to which forbearance measures have been extended and excludes any other exposure the customer may have, as long as no forbearance was extended to these.

Concession means that any of the following conditions are met:

\_ modification/refinancing of the contract would not have been granted, had the customer not been in financial difficulty;

- \_ there is a difference in favour of the customer between the modified/refinanced terms of the contract and the previous terms of the contract;
- \_ the modified/refinanced contract includes more favourable terms than other customers with a similar risk profile would have obtained from the same institution.

Forbearance can be initiated by the bank or by the customer (on account of loss of employment, illness etc.). Components of forbearance can be instalment reduction, tenor extension, interest reduction or forgiveness, principal reduction or forgiveness, revolving exposure change to instalment and/or others.

Forbearance measures are divided and reported as:

- $\underline{\quad}\text{ performing for bearance (incl. performing for bearance under probation that was upgraded from non-performing for bearance) and }\underline{\quad}$
- \_ non-performing forbearance (incl. non-performing forbearance and defaulted/impaired forbearance).

Forborne exposures are considered performing when:

- \_ the exposure did not have non-performing status at the time the extension of or application for forbearance was approved and
- granting the forbearance has not led to classifying the exposure as non-performing or default.

Performing forborne exposures become non-performing when during the monitoring period of a minimum of two years one of the following forbearance classifications is fulfilled:

- an additional forbearance measure is extended and in the past the customer was in the non-performing forbearance category;
- \_ the customer becomes more than 30 days past due on forborne exposure and in the past the customer was in the non-performing forbearance category;
- the customer meets any of the default event criteria defined in the default definition;
- \_ for corporate customers, when a final restructuring agreement cannot be concluded within 18 months after the first forbearance measure.

The performing forbearance classification can be discontinued and the account can become a non-forborne account when all of the following conditions are met:

- \_ a minimum of two years have passed from the date of classifying the exposure as performing forbearance (probation period);
- \_ under the forborne payment plan, at least 50% of the original (pre-forbearance) instalment has been regularly repaid at least during half of the probation period (in the case of retail customers);
- \_ regular repayments in a significant amount during at least half of the probation period have been made (in the case of corporate customers);
- \_ none of the exposure of the customer is more than 30 days past due at the end of the probation period.

The non-performing forbearance classification can be discontinued and reclassified as performing under probation when all of the following conditions are met:

- \_ one year has passed from the date of classifying the exposure as non-performing forbearance;
- \_ the forbearance has not led the exposure to be classified as non-performing;
- \_ retail customers: the customer has demonstrated the ability to comply with the post-forbearance conditions by either of the following:
  - the customer has never been more than 30 days past due during the last 6 months and there is no delinquent amount;
  - the customer has repaid the full past due amount or the written-off amount (if there was any).
- \_ corporate customer: analysis of the financial development, which leaves no concern about future compliance with post-forbearance terms and conditions. Furthermore, the customer has never been more than 30 days past due during the monitoring period and there is no delinquent amount.

In the corporate segment, recognition of forbearance measures typically leads to the involvement of the responsible local workout unit. The largest part of the forbearance measures are set within the responsibility of the local workout units and the affected clients are managed and monitored according to the internal regulations and standards for the workout involvement. Forbearance measures are defined as trigger events for carrying out impairment tests according to the internal regulations and standards based on the IFRS requirements.

# Credit risk exposure, forbearance exposure and credit risk provisions

|   | Cart Here pro         |                  |                                   |                        |         |
|---|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|---------|
| in EUR million  | Loans and receivables | Financial assets | Other balance-<br>sheet positions | Contingent liabilities | Total   |
| As of 31 December 2016  |                       |                  |                                   |                        |         |
| Gross exposure  | 138,745               | 41,528           | 7,181                             | 27,484                 | 214,938 |
| thereof gross forborne exposure                                     | 3,370                 | 0                | 0                                 | 123                    | 3,493   |
| Performing exposure   | 132,064               | 41,527           | 7,176                             | 27,068                 | 207,836 |
| thereof performing forborne exposure                                | 1,356                 | 0                | 0                                 | 43                     | 1,399   |
| Credit risk provisions for performing exposure                      | 703                   | 4                | 0                                 | 131                    | 838     |
| thereof credit risk provisions for performing forborne exposure     | 48                    | 0                | 0                                 | 1                      | 49      |
| Non-performing exposure   | 6,680                 | 1                | 5                                 | 416                    | 7,102   |
| thereof non-performing forborne exposure                            | 2,014                 | 0                | 0                                 | 79                     | 2,094   |
| Credit risk provisions for non-performing exposure                  | 3,918                 | 0                | 0                                 | 208                    | 4,126   |
| thereof credit risk provisions for non-performing forborne exposure | 990                   | 0                | 0                                 | 13                     | 1,003   |
| As of 31 December 2015  |                       |                  |                                   |                        |         |
| Gross exposure  | 136,725               | 40,349           | 9,722                             | 25,415                 | 212,211 |
| thereof gross forborne exposure                                     | 3,705                 | 0                | 0                                 | 105                    | 3,810   |
| Performing exposure   | 127,392               | 40,342           | 9,713                             | 24,951                 | 202,398 |
| thereof performing forborne exposure                                | 1,221                 | 0                | 0                                 | 54                     | 1,276   |
| Credit risk provisions for performing exposure                      | 700                   | 2                | 0                                 | 118                    | 820     |
| thereof credit risk provisions for performing forborne exposure     | 57                    | 0                | 0                                 | 3                      | 61      |
| Non-performing exposure   | 9,333                 | 7                | 9                                 | 464                    | 9,813   |
| thereof non-performing forborne exposure                            | 2,484                 | 0                | 0                                 | 51                     | 2,535   |
| Credit risk provisions for non-performing exposure                  | 5,323                 | 0                | 0                                 | 179                    | 5,502   |
| thereof credit risk provisions for non-performing forborne exposure | 1,203                 | 0                | 0                                 | 15                     | 1,218   |

# Types of forbearance exposure

| in EUR million         | Gross<br>forborne<br>exposure | Modification<br>in terms and<br>conditions | Refinancing |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|--|-------------|
| As of 31 December 2016 |                               |  |             |
| Loans and receivables  | 3,370                         | 3,066                                      | 304         |
| Financial assets       | 0                             | 0  | 0           |
| Contingent liabilities | 123                           | 105  | 17          |
| Total                  | 3,493                         | 3,171                                      | 322         |
| As of 31 December 2015 |                               |  |             |
| Loans and receivables  | 3,705                         | 3,493                                      | 212         |
| Financial assets       | 0                             | 0  | 0           |
| Contingent liabilities | 105                           | 89   | 15          |
| Total                  | 3,810                         | 3,583                                      | 227         |

## Credit quality of forbearance exposure by geographical segments

| in EUR million                        | Gross forborne exposure | Neither past due<br>nor impaired | Past due but not impaired | Impaired | Collateral | Credit risk provisions |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|------------|------------------------|
| As of 31 December 2016                |                         |                                  |                           |          |            |                        |
| Austria                               | 1,910                   | 880                              | 58                        | 973      | 998        | 516                    |
| Erste Bank Oesterreich & Subsidiaries | 410                     | 226                              | 13                        | 171      | 236        | 101                    |
| Savings Banks                         | 1,041                   | 521                              | 45                        | 475      | 645        | 220                    |
| Other Austria                         | 460                     | 133                              | 0                         | 327      | 117        | 195                    |
| Central and Eastern Europe            | 1,583                   | 697                              | 58                        | 828      | 701        | 536                    |
| Czech Republic                        | 224                     | 86                               | 0                         | 138      | 69         | 85                     |
| Romania                               | 657                     | 346                              | 19                        | 292      | 309        | 201                    |
| Slovakia                              | 332                     | 130                              | 15                        | 187      | 206        | 117                    |
| Hungary                               | 142                     | 76                               | 8                         | 58       | 48         | 47                     |
| Croatia                               | 205                     | 55                               | 14                        | 136      | 62         | 73                     |
| Serbia                                | 23                      | 4                                | 2                         | 17       | 6          | 12                     |
| Other                                 | 0                       | 0                                | 0                         | 0        | 0          | 0                      |
| Total                                 | 3,493                   | 1,577                            | 116                       | 1,801    | 1,699      | 1,052                  |
| As of 31 December 2015                |                         |                                  |                           |          |            |                        |
| Austria                               | 2,021                   | 897                              | 123                       | 1,000    | 950        | 552                    |
| Erste Bank Oesterreich & Subsidiaries | 376                     | 181                              | 27                        | 167      | 203        | 95                     |
| Savings Banks                         | 986                     | 497                              | 48                        | 441      | 558        | 228                    |
| Other Austria                         | 659                     | 219                              | 48                        | 392      | 189        | 230                    |
| Central and Eastern Europe            | 1,785                   | 563                              | 82                        | 1,139    | 609        | 723                    |
| Czech Republic                        | 255                     | 64                               | 6                         | 184      | 104        | 84                     |
| Romania                               | 790                     | 217                              | 25                        | 548      | 209        | 420                    |
| Slovakia                              | 239                     | 107                              | 16                        | 117      | 141        | 66                     |
| Hungary                               | 190                     | 83                               | 9                         | 98       | 34         | 62                     |
| Croatia                               | 293                     | 91                               | 25                        | 177      | 111        | 80                     |
| Serbia                                | 19                      | 2                                | 2                         | 16       | 9          | 12                     |
| Other                                 | 4                       | 0                                | 0                         | 4        | 0          | 4                      |
| Total                                 | 3,810                   | 1,461                            | 206                       | 2,144    | 1,558      | 1,279                  |

## Collateral

## Recognition of collateral

The Collateral Management department is a staff unit within the Group Workout division. The Group Collateral Management Policy defines, among other things, uniform valuation standards for credit collateral across the entire group. It ensures that the credit risk decision processes are standardised with respect to accepted collateral values.

All collateral types acceptable within the group are contained in the Group Collateral Catalogue. Locally permitted collateral is defined by the respective bank in accordance with applicable national legal provisions. The valuation and revaluation of collateral is done according to the principles defined in the Group Collateral Catalogue broken down by class and based on the internal work instructions in accordance with the individual supervisory requirements. Whether a type of security or a specific collateral asset is accepted for credit risk mitigation is decided by Enterprise-wide Risk Management after determining if the applicable regulatory requirements are met. Adherence to the standard work processes stipulated for assigning the acceptable collateral assets to the categories available is monitored by operational risk management.

#### Main types of collateral

The following types of collateral are accepted:

- \_ real estate: comprises residential and commercial real estate;
- \_ financial collateral: such as securities, cash deposits and life insurance policies;
- \_ guarantees: given by sovereigns, public sector entities, financial institutes, companies and individuals. All guarantors must have a minimum credit rating, which is reviewed annually.
- \_ movables: such as equipment, investment goods, machineries and motor vehicles;
- \_ claims and rights: such as account receivables of trade, leasehold rights and shares in a company's capital.

Protection by credit default swaps is only marginally used in the banking book.

## Collateral valuation and management

Collateral valuation is based on current market prices while taking into account an amount that can be recovered within a reasonable period. The valuation processes are defined and their IT-supported technical application is performed by Collateral Management at group

level and by authorised staff in each country with the assistance of software applications. The allocated collateral values are capped by the amount of the secured transaction; imputed excess collateral values are therefore not possible. Only independent appraisers not involved in the lending decision process are permitted to conduct real estate valuations, and the valuation methods to be applied are defined. For quality assurance purposes, the real estate evaluation mechanism and real estate valuations itself are validated on an ongoing basis.

The methods and discounts used for valuations are based on empirical data representing past experience of the workout departments and on the collected data on recoveries from realising collateral. The valuation methods are adjusted regularly – at least once a year – to reflect current recoveries. Financial collateral assets are recognised at market value.

The revaluation of collateral is done periodically and is automated as far as possible. In the case of external data sources, the appropriate interfaces are used. The maximum periods for the revaluation of individual collateral assets are predefined and compliance is monitored by risk management using software applications. Apart from periodic revaluations, collateral is assessed when information becomes available that indicates a decrease in the value of the collateral for exceptional reasons.

Concentration risks resulting from credit risk mitigation techniques may affect a single customer, but also a portfolio defined by region, industry or type of security. Erste Group is a retail bank, and, due to its customer structure and the markets in which it operates, it does not have any concentrations with respect to collateral from customers. All guarantee liabilities and loans of a corporate guarantee provider are taken into consideration in the credit application process in order to prevent possible concentrations. Guarantees provided by sovereigns, a public sector entity or financial institutions have to lie within the approved limit of the guarantor. Concerning other areas of a potentially detrimental correlation of risks, the collateral portfolios are analysed using statistical evaluations for, among other things, regional or industry-specific concentrations within the scope of portfolio monitoring. The response to those risks identified includes, above all, the adjustment of volume targets, setting of corresponding limits and modification of the staff's discretionary limits for lending.

Collateral obtained in foreclosure proceedings is made available for sale in an orderly fashion, with the proceeds used to reduce or repay the outstanding claim. Generally, Erste Group does not occupy repossessed properties for its own business use. The main part of assets taken onto its own books is commercial land and buildings. In addition, residential real estate properties and transport vehicles are taken into Erste Group's possession. As of 31 December 2016, the carrying value of these assets amounted to EUR 142 million (2015: EUR 148 million).

The following tables compare the credit risk exposure broken down by business and geographical segments to the collateral received.

Credit risk exposure by business segment and collateral

|  |                            | -                | (          | Collateralised by |        |  |
|--|----------------------------|------------------|------------|-------------------|--------|--|
| in EUR million                                 | Total credit risk exposure | Collateral total | Guarantees | Real estate       | Other  | Credit risk exposure net of collateral |
| As of 31 December 2016                         |                            |                  |            |                   |        |  |
| Retail   | 53,972                     | 31,430           | 1,180      | 28,098            | 2,152  | 22,542                                 |
| Corporates                                     | 61,411                     | 23,773           | 4,962      | 14,103            | 4,708  | 37,638                                 |
| Group Markets                                  | 15,542                     | 3,476            | 496        | 56                | 2,924  | 12,066                                 |
| Asset/Liability Management and Local Corporate |                            |                  |            |                   |        |  |
| Center   | 27,682                     | 809              | 686        | 2                 | 121    | 26,873                                 |
| Savings Banks                                  | 56,122                     | 26,222           | 1,396      | 21,361            | 3,466  | 29,900                                 |
| Group Corporate Center                         | 208                        | 19               | 0          | 2                 | 16     | 189                                    |
| Total  | 214,938                    | 85,729           | 8,720      | 63,622            | 13,387 | 129,209                                |
| As of 31 December 2015                         |                            |                  |            |                   |        |  |
| Retail   | 51,654                     | 29,033           | -          | -                 | -      | 22,621                                 |
| Corporates                                     | 60,378                     | 23,086           | -          | -                 | -      | 37,292                                 |
| Group Markets                                  | 19,664                     | 3,996            | -          | -                 | -      | 15,668                                 |
| Asset/Liability Management and Local Corporate |                            |                  |            |                   |        |  |
| Center   | 24,890                     | 1,129            | -          | -                 | -      | 23,761                                 |
| Savings Banks                                  | 55,084                     | 24,818           | -          | -                 | -      | 30,265                                 |
| Group Corporate Center                         | 542                        | 18               | -          | -                 | -      | 523                                    |
| Total  | 212,211                    | 82,081           | 7,784      | 59,850            | 14,446 | 130,131                                |

Due to the change in the segmentation of business lines which took place at the beginning of 2016 an ex post facto breakdown into types of collateral is not available as of 31 December 2015. Further details of the segmentation are described in Note 37.

# Credit risk exposure by geographical segment and collateral

|                                       |                            | ·                |              | Collateralised by |        |  |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------|--|
| in EUR million                        | Total credit risk exposure | Collateral total | Guarantees   | Real estate       | Other  | Credit risk exposure net of collateral |
| As of 31 December 2016                |                            |                  |              |                   |        |  |
| Austria                               | 124,291                    | 57,465           | 5,455        | 42,450            | 9,560  | 66,825                                 |
| Erste Bank Oesterreich & Subsidiaries | 39,025                     | 22,386           | 2,159        | 17,798            | 2,429  | 16,639                                 |
| Savings Banks                         | 56,122                     | 26,222           | 1,396        | 21,361            | 3,466  | 29,900                                 |
| Other Austria                         | 29,144                     | 8,858            | 1,900        | 3,292             | 3,665  | 20,286                                 |
| Central and Eastern Europe            | 83,329                     | 27,766           | 2,898        | 21,169            | 3,699  | 55,563                                 |
| Czech Republic                        | 36,546                     | 10,294           | 817          | 8,604             | 874    | 26,252                                 |
| Romania                               | 14,097                     | 4,949            | 989          | 2,426             | 1,533  | 9,148                                  |
| Slovakia                              | 15,723                     | 6,974            | 116          | 6,617             | 241    | 8,749                                  |
| Hungary                               | 6,711                      | 2,156            | 249          | 1,576             | 331    | 4,555                                  |
| Croatia                               | 9,025                      | 2,998            | 697          | 1,673             | 628    | 6,027                                  |
| Serbia                                | 1,227                      | 395              | 30           | 273               | 92     | 832                                    |
| Other                                 | 7,318                      | 497              | 368          | 2                 | 127    | 6,821                                  |
| Total                                 | 214,938                    | 85,729           | 8,720        | 63,622            | 13,387 | 129,209                                |
| As of 31 December 2015                | <u> </u>                   |                  | <del>.</del> | <del>.</del>      |        | •                                      |
| Austria                               | 123,401                    | 56,512           | 5,448        | 40,445            | 10,619 | 66,889                                 |
| Erste Bank Oesterreich & Subsidiaries | 37,959                     | 21,331           | 2,011        | 16,870            | 2,450  | 16,628                                 |
| Savings Banks                         | 55,084                     | 24,818           | 1,515        | 19,893            | 3,410  | 30,266                                 |
| Other Austria                         | 30,359                     | 10,363           | 1,923        | 3,682             | 4,759  | 19,996                                 |
| Central and Eastern Europe            | 79,078                     | 24,691           | 1,921        | 19,394            | 3,376  | 54,387                                 |
| Czech Republic                        | 33,911                     | 8,693            | 642          | 7,339             | 713    | 25,218                                 |
| Romania                               | 13,931                     | 4,421            | 178          | 2,660             | 1,582  | 9,510                                  |
| Slovakia                              | 14,635                     | 5,923            | 63           | 5,651             | 208    | 8,712                                  |
| Hungary                               | 6,148                      | 2,092            | 251          | 1,637             | 203    | 4,056                                  |
| Croatia                               | 9,423                      | 3,270            | 758          | 1,922             | 591    | 6,153                                  |
| Serbia                                | 1,031                      | 293              | 30           | 184               | 79     | 738                                    |
| Other                                 | 9,732                      | 877              | 415          | 11                | 452    | 8,855                                  |
| Total                                 | 212,211                    | 82,081           | 7,784        | 59,850            | 14,446 | 130,131                                |

# Credit risk exposure by financial instrument and collateral

|   |                            |                  | c                                     | collateralised by                     |        |  |                                     |                           |          |
|---|----------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|
| in EUR million  | Total credit risk exposure | Collateral total | Guarantees                            | Real estate                           | Other  | Credit risk exposure net of collateral | Neither<br>past due nor<br>impaired | Past due but not impaired | Impaired |
| As of 31 December 2016                                  |                            |                  |                                       |                                       |        |  |                                     |                           |          |
| Cash and cash balances – other demand deposits          | 1,282                      | 320              | 0                                     | 0                                     | 320    | 961                                    | 1,274                               | 7                         | 0        |
| Loans and receivables to credit institutions            | 3,478                      | 952              | 137                                   | 0                                     | 815    | 2,526                                  | 3,470                               | 5                         | 3        |
| Loans and receivables to customers                      | 135,267                    | 77,187           | 6,466                                 | 61,567                                | 9,155  | 58,080                                 | 126,141                             | 2,850                     | 6,276    |
| Financial assets - held to maturity                     | 19,274                     | 248              | 230                                   | 8                                     | 10     | 19,026                                 | 19,273                              | 1                         | 0        |
| Financial assets - held for trading                     | 3,396                      | 194              | 45                                    | 0                                     | 150    | 3,202                                  | 3,396                               | 0                         | 0        |
| Financial assets - at fair value through profit or loss | 336                        | 22               | 22                                    | 0                                     | 0      | 314                                    | 336                                 | 0                         | 0        |
| Financial assets - available for sale                   | 18,522                     | 855              | 855                                   | 0                                     | 0      | 17,667                                 | 18,521                              | 1                         | 1        |
| Positive fair value of derivatives                      | 5,899                      | 1,713            | 0                                     | 0                                     | 1,713  | 4,186                                  | 5,896                               | 0                         | 3        |
| Contingent liabilities <sup>1</sup>                     | 27,484                     | 4,237            | 966                                   | 2,047                                 | 1,224  | 23,247                                 | 27,086                              | 119                       | 279      |
| Total   | 214,938                    | 85,729           | 8,720                                 | 63,622                                | 13,387 | 129,209                                | 205,395                             | 2,982                     | 6,561    |
| As of 31 December 2015                                  | •                          |                  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |        |  | <del>.</del>                        | ·                         |          |
| Cash and cash balances – other demand deposits          | 2,228                      | 764              | 0                                     | 0                                     | 764    | 1,464                                  | 2,224                               | 4                         | 0        |
| Loans and receivables to credit institutions            | 4,819                      | 1,394            | 143                                   | 0                                     | 1,251  | 3,425                                  | 4,797                               | 4                         | 18       |
| Loans and receivables to customers                      | 131,906                    | 72,829           | 5,495                                 | 57,974                                | 9,360  | 59,078                                 | 119,982                             | 3,126                     | 8,798    |
| Financial assets - held to maturity                     | 17,703                     | 286              | 283                                   | 3                                     | 0      | 17,417                                 | 17,703                              | 1                         | 0        |
| Financial assets - held for trading                     | 3,163                      | 45               | 45                                    | 0                                     | 0      | 3,117                                  | 3,163                               | 0                         | 0        |
| Financial assets - at fair value through profit or loss | 176                        | 0                | 0                                     | 0                                     | 0      | 176                                    | 176                                 | 0                         | 0        |
| Financial assets - available for sale                   | 19,307                     | 883              | 873                                   | 0                                     | 10     | 18,425                                 | 19,300                              | 0                         | 7        |
| Positive fair value of derivatives                      | 7,494                      | 2,052            | 0                                     | 0                                     | 2,052  | 5,442                                  | 7,489                               | 0                         | 5        |
| Contingent liabilities <sup>1</sup>                     | 25,415                     | 3,829            | 945                                   | 1,873                                 | 1,010  | 21,586                                 | 25,015                              | 72                        | 327      |
| Total   | 212,211                    | 82,081           | 7,784                                 | 59,850                                | 14,446 | 130,131                                | 199,849                             | 3,207                     | 9,155    |

In the case of contingent liabilities, the impaired credit risk exposure corresponds to positions for which provisions for credit risks were created.

Credit risk exposure past due and not covered by specific allowances by financial instrument and collateralisation

|  |       |                                  | Credit risk exp                   | osure (gross)                     |                                    |  |       |                                  | Thereof co                        | lateralised                       |                                    |  |
|--|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|-------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| in EUR million                                 | Total | Thereof<br>1-30 days<br>past due | Thereof<br>31-60 days<br>past due | Thereof<br>61-90 days<br>past due | Thereof<br>91-180 days<br>past due | Thereof<br>more than<br>180 days<br>past due | Total | Thereof<br>1-30 days<br>past due | Thereof<br>31-60 days<br>past due | Thereof<br>61-90 days<br>past due | Thereof<br>91-180 days<br>past due | Thereof<br>more than<br>180 days<br>past due |
| As of 31 December 2016                         |       |                                  |                                   |                                   |                                    |  |       |                                  |                                   |                                   |                                    |  |
| Cash and cash balances - other demand deposits | 7     | 7                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  | 0     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  |
| Loans and receivables to credit institutions   | 5     | 4                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  | 0     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  |
| Loans and receivables to customers             | 2,850 | 2,096                            | 385                               | 208                               | 71                                 | 90   | 1,579 | 1,101                            | 232                               | 144                               | 42                                 | 60   |
| Financial assets - held to maturity            | 1     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 1  | 0     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  |
| Financial assets - held for trading            | 0     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  | 0     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  |
| Financial assets -                             |       |                                  |                                   |                                   |                                    |  |       |                                  |                                   |                                   |                                    |  |
| at fair value through profit or loss           | 0     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  | 0     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  |
| Financial assets - available for sale          | 1     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 1  | 0     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  |
| Positive fair value of derivatives             | 0     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  | 0     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  |
| Contingent liabilities                         | 119   | 112                              | 6                                 | 1                                 | 0                                  | 0  | 35    | 32                               | 2                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  |
| Total  | 2,982 | 2,220                            | 391                               | 209                               | 71                                 | 92   | 1,614 | 1,133                            | 234                               | 144                               | 42                                 | 60   |
| As of 31 December 2015                         |       |                                  |                                   |                                   |                                    |  |       |                                  |                                   |                                   |                                    |  |
| Cash and cash balances -                       |       |                                  |                                   |                                   |                                    |  |       |                                  |                                   |                                   |                                    |  |
| other demand deposits                          | 4     | 4                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  | 0     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  |
| Loans and receivables to credit institutions   | 4     | 3                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 1  | 0     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  |
| Loans and receivables to customers             | 3,126 | 2,145                            | 581                               | 226                               | 40                                 | 134  | 1,678 | 1,033                            | 383                               | 160                               | 24                                 | 78   |
| Financial assets - held to maturity            | 1     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 1  | 0     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  |
| Financial assets - held for trading            | 0     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  | 0     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  |
| Financial assets -                             |       |                                  |                                   |                                   |                                    |  |       |                                  |                                   |                                   |                                    |  |
| at fair value through profit or loss           | 0     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  | 0     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  |
| Financial assets - available for sale          | 0     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  | 0     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  |
| Positive fair value of derivatives             | 0     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  | 0     | 0                                | 0                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  |
| Contingent liabilities                         | 72    | 55                               | 14                                | 2                                 | 0                                  | 1  | 35    | 31                               | 3                                 | 0                                 | 0                                  | 0  |
| Total  | 3,207 | 2,207                            | 596                               | 228                               | 41                                 | 136  | 1,713 | 1,065                            | 386                               | 160                               | 24                                 | 79   |

In the case of contingent liabilities, the impaired credit risk exposure corresponds to positions for which provisions for credit risks were created.

All claims presented in the table above were classified as non-performing if they were more than 90 days past due. Allowances are, as a rule, established for assets that are more than 90 days past due. However, specific allowances are not established if the loans and other receivables are covered by adequate collateral.

#### Loans and receivables to customers

This section presents the customer loan book excluding loans to financial institutions and commitments. The results depicted in the tables below are divided by reporting segment and risk category.

# Loans and receivables to customers by business segment and risk category

| in EUR million  | Low risk     | Management attention | Substandard | Non-performing | Gross customer loans |
|---|--------------|----------------------|-------------|----------------|----------------------|
| As of 31 December 2016                                |              |                      |             |                |                      |
| Retail  | 41,013       | 5,034                | 487         | 1,946          | 48,480               |
| Corporates  | 37,692       | 3,956                | 334         | 2,738          | 44,720               |
| Group Markets   | 975          | 285                  | 5           | 0              | 1,265                |
| Asset/Liability Management and Local Corporate Center | 97           | 23                   | 38          | 13             | 171                  |
| Savings Banks   | 32,504       | 5,417                | 710         | 1,980          | 40,611               |
| Group Corporate Center                                | 15           | 1                    | 2           | 1              | 19                   |
| Total   | 112,297      | 14,715               | 1,577       | 6,678          | 135,267              |
| As of 31 December 2015                                | <del> </del> | <u>.</u>             |             |                |                      |
| Retail  | 38,818       | 4,477                | 578         | 2,613          | 46,486               |
| Corporates  | 35,263       | 4,562                | 709         | 4,469          | 45,003               |
| Group Markets   | 510          | 170                  | 0           | 0              | 680                  |
| Asset/Liability Management and Local Corporate Center | 156          | 26                   | 3           | 7              | 193                  |
| Savings Banks   | 30,451       | 5,825                | 830         | 2,219          | 39,326               |
| Group Corporate Center                                | 210          | 1                    | 2           | 6              | 219                  |
| Total   | 105,409      | 15,060               | 2,123       | 9,314          | 131,906              |

# Loans and receivables to customers by geographical segment and risk category

| in EUR million                        | Low risk | Management attention | Substandard | Non-performing | Gross customer loans |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------------------|-------------|----------------|----------------------|
| As of 31 December 2016                |          |                      |             |                |                      |
| Austria                               | 71,069   | 8,668                | 1,003       | 3,447          | 84,186               |
| Erste Bank Oesterreich & Subsidiaries | 27,705   | 2,316                | 244         | 781            | 31,046               |
| Savings Banks                         | 32,504   | 5,417                | 710         | 1,980          | 40,611               |
| Other Austria                         | 10,859   | 936                  | 48          | 686            | 12,529               |
| Central and Eastern Europe            | 41,159   | 6,047                | 572         | 3,198          | 50,975               |
| Czech Republic                        | 19,067   | 2,046                | 130         | 695            | 21,939               |
| Romania                               | 5,297    | 1,594                | 71          | 928            | 7,890                |
| Slovakia                              | 9,028    | 948                  | 102         | 475            | 10,552               |
| Hungary                               | 2,552    | 476                  | 111         | 339            | 3,478                |
| Croatia                               | 4,563    | 870                  | 147         | 704            | 6,285                |
| Serbia                                | 653      | 111                  | 12          | 56             | 832                  |
| Other                                 | 70       | 1                    | 2           | 33             | 105                  |
| Total                                 | 112,297  | 14,715               | 1,577       | 6,678          | 135,267              |
| As of 31 December 2015                |          |                      |             |                |                      |
| Austria                               | 67,075   | 9,316                | 1,339       | 4,414          | 82,144               |
| Erste Bank Oesterreich & Subsidiaries | 26,500   | 2,468                | 254         | 861            | 30,082               |
| Savings Banks                         | 30,451   | 5,825                | 830         | 2,219          | 39,326               |
| Other Austria                         | 10,124   | 1,023                | 255         | 1,334          | 12,736               |
| Central and Eastern Europe            | 38,052   | 5,744                | 761         | 4,848          | 49,404               |
| Czech Republic                        | 17,153   | 2,118                | 198         | 834            | 20,303               |
| Romania                               | 5,031    | 1,574                | 163         | 1,712          | 8,481                |
| Slovakia                              | 8,478    | 560                  | 93          | 540            | 9,671                |
| Hungary                               | 2,236    | 490                  | 116         | 655            | 3,498                |
| Croatia                               | 4,609    | 904                  | 187         | 1,032          | 6,732                |
| Serbia                                | 544      | 97                   | 3           | 75             | 719                  |
| Other                                 | 281      | 1                    | 23          | 53             | 358                  |
| Total                                 | 105,409  | 15,060               | 2,123       | 9,314          | 131,906              |

In the following tables, the non-performing loans and receivables to customers divided by reporting segment are contrasted with allowances for customer loans (specific and collective allowances) and the collateral for non-performing loans (NPL). The NPL ratio, the NPL coverage ratio (excl. collateral), and the NPL total coverage ratio are also included. The NPL total coverage ratio specifies the coverage of non-performing loans by specific and collective allowances as well as by collateral for non-performing loans.

# Non-performing loans and receivables to customers by business segment and coverage by loan loss allowances and collateral

| in EUR million  | Non-<br>performing | Gross<br>customer<br>loans | Allowances<br>for customer<br>loans | Specific allowances | Collective allowances | NPL<br>ratio | NPL coverage ratio (excl. collateral) | Collateral<br>for NPL | NPL total coverage ratio |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| As of 31 December 2016                                |                    |                            |                                     |                     |                       |              |                                       |                       |                          |
| Retail  | 1,946              | 48,480                     | 1,463                               | 1,190               | 273                   | 4.0%         | 75.2%                                 | 849                   | 118.8%                   |
| Corporates  | 2,738              | 44,721                     | 1,979                               | 1,698               | 281                   | 6.1%         | 72.3%                                 | 1,094                 | 112.2%                   |
| Group Markets   | 0                  | 1,265                      | 3                                   | 0                   | 3                     | 0.0%         | 0.0%                                  | 0                     | 0.0%                     |
| Asset/Liability Management and Local Corporate Center | 13                 | 171                        | 18                                  | 6                   | 12                    | 7.6%         | 138.5%                                | 1                     | 146.2%                   |
| Savings Banks   | 1,980              | 40,611                     | 1,150                               | 993                 | 157                   | 4.9%         | 58.1%                                 | 967                   | 106.9%                   |
| Group Corporate Center                                | 1                  | 19                         | 0                                   | 0                   | 0                     | 5.3%         | 0.0%                                  | 1                     | 100.0%                   |
| Total   | 6,678              | 135,267                    | 4,613                               | 3,887               | 726                   | 4.9%         | 69.1%                                 | 2,913                 | 112.7%                   |
| As of 31 December 2015                                | •                  | -                          |                                     |                     | <del></del>           |              |                                       |                       |                          |
| Retail  | 2,613              | 46,486                     | 1,730                               | 1,512               | 218                   | 5.6%         | 66.2%                                 | 1,081                 | 107.6%                   |
| Corporates  | 4,469              | 45,003                     | 2,966                               | 2,623               | 343                   | 9.9%         | 66.4%                                 | 1,729                 | 105.1%                   |
| Group Markets   | 0                  | 680                        | 2                                   | 1                   | 2                     | 0.0%         | 0.0%                                  | 0                     | 0.0%                     |
| Asset/Liability Management and                        |                    |                            |                                     |                     |                       |              |                                       |                       |                          |
| Local Corporate Center                                | 7                  | 193                        | 23                                  | 16                  | 7                     | 3.7%         | 314.7%                                | 0                     | 331.6%                   |
| Savings Banks   | 2,219              | 39,326                     | 1,281                               | 1,121               | 160                   | 5.6%         | 57.7%                                 | 984                   | 102.1%                   |
| Group Corporate Center                                | 6                  | 219                        | 8                                   | 4                   | 4                     | 2.6%         | 139.0%                                | 2                     | 158.3%                   |
| Total   | 9,314              | 131,906                    | 6,009                               | 5,276               | 733                   | 7.1%         | 64.5%                                 | 3,795                 | 105.3%                   |

# Non-performing loans and receivables to customers by geographical segment and coverage by loan loss allowances and collateral

| in EUR million                        | Non-<br>performing | Gross<br>customer<br>loans | Allowances<br>for customer<br>loans | Specific allowances | Collective allowances | NPL<br>ratio | NPL coverage ratio (excl. collateral) | Collateral<br>for NPL | NPL total coverage ratio |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| As of 31 December 2016                |                    |                            | •                                   |                     |                       |              |                                       |                       |                          |
| Austria                               | 3,447              | 84,186                     | 2,052                               | 1,769               | 283                   | 4.1%         | 59.5%                                 | 1,599                 | 105.9%                   |
| Erste Bank Oesterreich & Subsidiaries | 781                | 31,046                     | 463                                 | 401                 | 62                    | 2.5%         | 59.3%                                 | 366                   | 106.1%                   |
| Savings Banks                         | 1,980              | 40,611                     | 1,150                               | 993                 | 157                   | 4.9%         | 58.1%                                 | 967                   | 106.9%                   |
| Other Austria                         | 686                | 12,529                     | 438                                 | 375                 | 63                    | 5.5%         | 63.8%                                 | 266                   | 102.6%                   |
| Central and Eastern Europe            | 3,198              | 50,975                     | 2,529                               | 2,086               | 443                   | 6.3%         | 79.1%                                 | 1,281                 | 119.1%                   |
| Czech Republic                        | 695                | 21,939                     | 575                                 | 482                 | 93                    | 3.2%         | 82.7%                                 | 220                   | 114.4%                   |
| Romania                               | 928                | 7,890                      | 792                                 | 660                 | 132                   | 11.8%        | 85.3%                                 | 329                   | 120.8%                   |
| Slovakia                              | 475                | 10,552                     | 343                                 | 254                 | 89                    | 4.5%         | 72.2%                                 | 240                   | 122.7%                   |
| Hungary                               | 339                | 3,478                      | 254                                 | 203                 | 51                    | 9.7%         | 74.9%                                 | 177                   | 127.1%                   |
| Croatia                               | 704                | 6,285                      | 510                                 | 447                 | 63                    | 11.2%        | 72.4%                                 | 299                   | 114.9%                   |
| Serbia                                | 56                 | 832                        | 56                                  | 42                  | 14                    | 6.7%         | 100.0%                                | 16                    | 128.6%                   |
| Other                                 | 33                 | 105                        | 32                                  | 32                  | 0                     | 31.4%        | 97.0%                                 | 33                    | 197.0%                   |
| Total                                 | 6,678              | 135,267                    | 4,613                               | 3,887               | 726                   | 4.9%         | 69.1%                                 | 2,913                 | 112.7%                   |
| As of 31 December 2015                |                    |                            |                                     |                     |                       |              |                                       |                       |                          |
| Austria                               | 4,414              | 82,144                     | 2,492                               | 2,184               | 308                   | 5.4%         | 56.5%                                 | 1,950                 | 100.7%                   |
| Erste Bank Oesterreich &              |                    |                            |                                     |                     |                       |              |                                       | -                     |                          |
| Subsidiaries                          | 861                | 30,082                     | 539                                 | 472                 | 67                    | 2.9%         | 62.6%                                 | 328                   | 100.7%                   |
| Savings Banks                         | 2,219              | 39,326                     | 1,281                               | 1,121               | 160                   | 5.6%         | 57.7%                                 | 984                   | 102.1%                   |
| Other Austria                         | 1,334              | 12,736                     | 672                                 | 591                 | 81                    | 10.5%        | 50.4%                                 | 639                   | 98.3%                    |
| Central and Eastern Europe            | 4,848              | 49,404                     | 3,433                               | 3,012               | 421                   | 9.8%         | 70.8%                                 | 1,805                 | 108.0%                   |
| Czech Republic                        | 834                | 20,303                     | 604                                 | 530                 | 74                    | 4.1%         | 72.4%                                 | 156                   | 91.1%                    |
| Romania                               | 1,712              | 8,481                      | 1,326                               | 1,187               | 139                   | 20.2%        | 77.4%                                 | 559                   | 110.1%                   |
| Slovakia                              | 540                | 9,671                      | 355                                 | 276                 | 79                    | 5.6%         | 65.7%                                 | 279                   | 117.3%                   |
| Hungary                               | 655                | 3,498                      | 386                                 | 330                 | 56                    | 18.7%        | 59.0%                                 | 344                   | 111.5%                   |
| Croatia                               | 1,032              | 6,732                      | 695                                 | 634                 | 61                    | 15.3%        | 67.4%                                 | 444                   | 110.5%                   |
| Serbia                                | 75                 | 719                        | 66                                  | 55                  | 11                    | 10.5%        | 88.4%                                 | 24                    | 119.6%                   |
| Other                                 | 53                 | 358                        | 84                                  | 80                  | 4                     | 14.7%        | 160.6%                                | 40                    | 236.6%                   |
| Total                                 | 9,314              | 131,906                    | 6,009                               | 5,276               | 733                   | 7.1%         | 64.5%                                 | 3,795                 | 105.3%                   |
|                                       |                    |                            |                                     |                     |                       |              |                                       |                       |                          |

The NPL ratio in this section (loans and receivables to customers) is calculated by dividing non-performing loans and receivables by total loans and receivables to customers. Consequently, it differs from the NPE ratio in section 'Credit risk exposure'. Collaterals for non-performing loans mainly consist of real estates.

Loans and receivables to customers by business segment and currency

| in EUR million                                 | EUR    | CEE-local currencies | CHF   | USD   |       | Gross          |
|--|--------|----------------------|-------|-------|-------|----------------|
| III EON IIIIIIIOII                             | EUK    | currencies           |       |       |       | customer loans |
|  |        |                      |       | 030   | Other | customer loans |
| As of 31 December 2016                         |        |                      |       |       |       |                |
| Retail   | 27,227 | 19,162               | 1,858 | 20    | 213   | 48,480         |
| Corporates                                     | 33,240 | 8,050                | 501   | 2,413 | 517   | 44,721         |
| Group Markets                                  | 809    | 271                  | 6     | 176   | 3     | 1,265          |
| Asset/Liability Management and Local Corporate |        |                      |       |       |       |                |
| Center   | 137    | 31                   | 0     | 1     | 2     | 171            |
| Savings Banks                                  | 36,662 | 0                    | 2,988 | 80    | 881   | 40,611         |
| Group Corporate Center                         | 0      | 19                   | 0     | 0     | 0     | 19             |
| Total  | 98,075 | 27,533               | 5,353 | 2,690 | 1,617 | 135,267        |
| -  |        |                      |       |       |       |                |
| As of 31 December 2015                         |        |                      |       |       |       |                |
| Retail   | 25,673 | 18,135               | 2,524 | 23    | 132   | 46,486         |
| Corporates                                     | 32,756 | 8,271                | 702   | 2,550 | 723   | 45,003         |
| Group Markets                                  | 555    | 117                  | 0     | 8     | 0     | 680            |
| Asset/Liability Management and Local Corporate |        |                      |       |       |       |                |
| Center   | 126    | 65                   | 0     | 2     | 0     | 193            |
| Savings Banks                                  | 34,918 | 0                    | 3,531 | 84    | 792   | 39,326         |
| Group Corporate Center                         | 186    | 18                   | 4     | 10    | 0     | 219            |
| Total  | 94,214 | 26,606               | 6,762 | 2,678 | 1,647 | 131,906        |

Loans and receivables to customers by geographical segment and currency

| in EUR million                        | EUR    | CEE-local currencies | CHF   | USD   | Other | Gross customer loans |
|---------------------------------------|--------|----------------------|-------|-------|-------|----------------------|
| As of 31 December 2016                |        |                      |       |       |       |                      |
| Austria                               | 75,200 | 0                    | 5,205 | 2,261 | 1,521 | 84,187               |
| Erste Bank Oesterreich & Subsidiaries | 28,729 | 0                    | 2,089 | 86    | 142   | 31,046               |
| Savings Banks                         | 36,662 | 0                    | 2,988 | 80    | 881   | 40,611               |
| Other Austria                         | 9,810  | 0                    | 128   | 2,095 | 497   | 12,529               |
| Central and Eastern Europe            | 22,823 | 27,487               | 149   | 421   | 96    | 50,976               |
| Czech Republic                        | 2,846  | 18,930               | 1     | 96    | 65    | 21,939               |
| Romania                               | 3,807  | 3,875                | 0     | 208   | 0     | 7,890                |
| Slovakia                              | 10,487 | 0,070                | 0     | 42    | 23    | 10,552               |
| Hungary                               | 638    | 2,765                | 52    | 24    | 0     | 3,478                |
| Croatia                               | 4,405  | 1,744                | 82    | 45    | 8     | 6,285                |
| Serbia                                | 641    | 172                  | 14    | 5     | 0     | 832                  |
| Other                                 | 51     | 46                   | 0     | 8     | 0     | 105                  |
| Total                                 | 98,075 | 27,533               | 5,353 | 2,690 | 1,617 | 135,267              |
| Total                                 | 30,070 | 21,000               | 0,000 | 2,030 | 1,017 | 100,207              |
| As of 31 December 2015                |        | •                    |       | ,     | •     | •                    |
| Austria                               | 72,267 | 0                    | 6,071 | 2,243 | 1,562 | 82,144               |
| Erste Bank Oesterreich & Subsidiaries | 27,497 | 0                    | 2,387 | 56    | 143   | 30,082               |
| Savings Banks                         | 34,918 | 0                    | 3,531 | 84    | 792   | 39,326               |
| Other Austria                         | 9,852  | 0                    | 154   | 2,102 | 627   | 12,736               |
| Central and Eastern Europe            | 21,638 | 26,571               | 686   | 425   | 84    | 49,404               |
| Czech Republic                        | 2,095  | 18,063               | 1     | 85    | 59    | 20,303               |
| Romania                               | 4,436  | 3,832                | 0     | 213   | 0     | 8,481                |
| Slovakia                              | 9,634  | 0                    | 0     | 18    | 19    | 9,671                |
| Hungary                               | 509    | 2,807                | 157   | 25    | 0     | 3,498                |
| Croatia                               | 4,419  | 1,716                | 513   | 79    | 5     | 6,732                |
| Serbia                                | 545    | 152                  | 16    | 6     | 0     | 719                  |
| Other                                 | 309    | 35                   | 4     | 10    | 0     | 358                  |
| Total                                 | 94,214 | 26,606               | 6,762 | 2,678 | 1,647 | 131,906              |

In the geographical segment Croatia, loans and receivables denominated in Swiss francs amounting to approximately EUR 480 million as of 31 December 2015 are subject to a government-decreed currency conversion into Euros or Croatian Kunas. The settlement of this conversion at favourable rates for the borrowers took place in 2016.

# Securitisations

As of 31 December 2016, Erste Group held a limited residual portfolio of securitisations; there were no new investments undertaken and all repayments were made as scheduled in 2016.

As of year-end 2016, the carrying amount of Erste Group's securitisation portfolio totalled EUR 263 million. The portfolio amortised in 2016 by almost half through regularly repayments. Close to 99% of the securitisation portfolio was rated investment grade at the year-end 2016. EUR 167 million of the portfolio are US collateralised loan obligations (CLO). EUR 89 million consist of US student loans.

As of 6 July 2016 Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen, as an originator, executed its first synthetic securitisation transaction ('Bee SME 2016-1'). The main objective of the EUR 1.425 billion transaction was credit protection of a predominantly Austrian SME credit portfolio via an unfunded financial guarantee on the mezzanine tranches. The significant risk transfer contributed to regulatory capital relief. The transaction has a final legal maturity on 1 March 2035 and includes loans to SME, corporate and self-employed customers. There is no derecognition of the reference portfolio, it remains on the balance sheet of Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen. The transaction was not rated. For the calculation of the risk weights of the tranches, the regulatory formula approach (SFA) was used.

#### 44.5 Market risk

#### Definition and overview

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise due to adverse changes in market prices and to the parameters derived from them. These market value changes might appear in the profit and loss account, in the statement of comprehensive income or in hidden reserves. At Erste Group, market risk is divided into interest rate risk, credit spread risk, currency risk, equity risk, commodity risk and volatility risk. This concerns both trading and banking book positions.

#### Methods and instruments employed

At Erste Group, potential losses that may arise from market movements are assessed using the value at risk (VaR). The calculation is done according to the method of historic simulation with a one-sided confidence level of 99%, a holding period of one day and a simulation period of two years. The VaR describes what level of losses may be expected as a maximum at a defined probability – the confidence level – within a certain holding period of the positions under historically observed market conditions.

Back-testing is used to constantly monitor the validity of the statistical methods. This process is conducted with a one-day delay to monitor if the model projections regarding losses have actually materialised. At a confidence level of 99%, the actual loss on a single day should exceed the VaR statistically only two to three times a year (1% of around 250 workdays). This shows one of the limits of the VaR approach: on the one hand, the confidence level is limited to 99%, and on the other hand, the model takes into account only those market scenarios observed in each case within the simulation period of two years, and calculates the VaR for the current position of the bank on this basis. In order to investigate any extreme market situations beyond this, stress tests are conducted at Erste Group. These events include mainly market movements of low probability.

The stress tests are carried out according to several methods: stressed VaR is derived from the normal VaR calculation. But instead of simulating only over the two most recent years, an analysis of a much longer period is carried out in order to identify a one-year period that constitutes a relevant period of stress for the current portfolio mix. According to the legal framework, that one-year period is used to calculate a VaR with a 99% confidence level. This enables Erste Group on the one hand to hold sufficient own funds available for the trading book even in periods of elevated market volatility, while on the other hand also enabling it to incorporate these resulting effects into the management of trading positions.

In the extreme value theory, a Pareto distribution is fitted to the extreme end of the loss distribution. In this manner, a continuous function is created from which extreme confidence levels such as 99.95% can be evaluated. Furthermore, standard scenarios are calculated in which the individual market factors are exposed to extreme movements. Such scenarios are calculated at Erste Group for interest rates, stock prices, exchange rates and volatilities. Historic scenarios are a modification of the concept of standard scenarios. In this case, risk factor movements after certain events such as '9/11' or the 'Lehman bankruptcy' form the basis of the stress calculation. In order to calculate historical probabilistic scenarios, the most significant risk factors for the current portfolio are determined and their most adverse movement during the last years is applied. For the probabilistic scenarios, shifts of important market factors are determined for various quantiles of their distributions, and these values are then used to calculate stress results. These analyses are made available to the management board and the supervisory board within the scope of the monthly market risk reports.

In 2016 Erste Group finalized the implementation of the new Market Risk System. This system was approved by ECB in December 2016 as an internal market risk model to determine the own funds requirements for the trading books of Erste Group Bank AG and Ceská spořitelna, a.s. on an individual level and additionally for the trading books of Slovenská sporitel'ňa a.s., Erste Bank Hungary Zrt., and Erste Befektetési Zrt. on consolidated basis. The new infrastructure brought significant improvements with regards to flexible shift methodologies of historical scenarios, product- and market data coverage, and the reporting infrastructure.

#### Methods and instruments of risk mitigation

At Erste Group, market risks are controlled in the trading book by setting several layers of limits. The overall limit on the basis of VaR for the trading book is allocated by the management board in the Risk Appetite Statement while taking into account the risk-bearing capacity and projected earnings. A further breakdown is done by the Market Risk Committee on the basis of a proposal from the Market Risk Control & Infrastructure unit.

All market risk activities of the trading book are assigned risk limits that are statistically consistent in their entirety with the overall VaR limit. The VaR limit is assigned in a top-down procedure to the individual trading units. This is done down to the level of the individual trading groups or departments. Additionally, in a bottom-up procedure, sensitivity limits are assigned to even smaller units all the way down to the desk level. These are then aggregated and applied as a second limit layer to the VaR limits.

Limit compliance is verified at two levels: by the appropriate local decentralised risk management unit and by the Market Risk Control & Infrastructure unit. The monitoring of sensitivity limits is performed on both intraday and end of day basis. On demand, limit reports can also be triggered by individual traders or chief traders on an ad hoc basis.

The VaR is calculated every day at group level and made available to the individual trading units as well as to the superior management levels all the way up to the management board.

Banking book positions are subjected to a monthly VaR analysis. In this manner, the total VaR is determined with exactly the same methodology as for the trading book. In addition to VaR, a long-horizon risk measure is used to gauge the interest rate risk, credit spread risk of the banking book, and foreign exchange risk of equity participations. For this purpose, a historical simulation approach looking back five years and with a one-year holding period was chosen. The result of these calculations is presented in the monthly market risk report that is made available to the management and supervisory boards.

# Analysis of market risk

The following tables show the VaR amounts at the 99% confidence level using equally weighted market data and with a holding period of one day:

# Value at Risk of banking book and trading book

| Total  | Interest  | Currency   | Shares  | Commodity  | Volatility   |
|--------|---|--|---|--|--|
|        | •   | •  |   | •  |  |
| 18,460 | 18,147  | 998  | 1,358   | 287  | 344  |
| 26,470 | 26,166  | 998  | 1,358   | 287  | 344  |
| 23,080 | 23,182  | 117  | 0   | 0  | 0  |
| 3,391  | 2,984   | 880  | 1,358   | 287  | 344  |
|        |   |  |   |  |  |
| 42,507 | 43,132  | 614  | 1,101   | 128  | 466  |
| 50,297 | 50,893  | 614  | 1,101   | 128  | 466  |
| 51,729 | 51,671  | 204  | 3   | 0  | 32   |
| 2,873  | 2,142   | 572  | 1,101   | 128  | 466  |
|        | 18,460<br>26,470<br>23,080<br>3,391<br>42,507<br>50,297<br>51,729 | Total Interest  18,460 18,147 26,470 26,166 23,080 23,182 3,391 2,984  42,507 43,132 50,297 50,893 51,729 51,671 | Total Interest Currency  18,460 18,147 998 26,470 26,166 998 23,080 23,182 117 3,391 2,984 880  42,507 43,132 614 50,297 50,893 614 51,729 51,671 204 | Total         Interest         Currency         Shares           18,460         18,147         998         1,358           26,470         26,166         998         1,358           23,080         23,182         117         0           3,391         2,984         880         1,358           42,507         43,132         614         1,101           50,297         50,893         614         1,101           51,729         51,671         204         3 | Total         Interest         Currency         Shares         Commodity           18,460         18,147         998         1,358         287           26,470         26,166         998         1,358         287           23,080         23,182         117         0         0           3,391         2,984         880         1,358         287           42,507         43,132         614         1,101         128           50,297         50,893         614         1,101         128           51,729         51,671         204         3         0 |

In the above table, 'Erste Group' comprises the entire group, and 'Core Group' comprises all units that are directly or indirectly majority-owned by Erste Group Bank AG. The method used is subject to limitations that may result in the information not fully reflecting the fair value of the assets and liabilities involved. This restriction applies to the inclusion of credit spreads in the calculation of the VaR. Credit spreads are only applied to sovereign issuers. For all other positions, only the general market risk is considered.

# Interest rate risk in the banking book

Interest rate risk is the risk of an adverse change in the fair value of financial instruments caused by a movement in market interest rates. This type of risk arises when mismatches exist between assets and liabilities, including derivatives, in respect of their maturities or of the timing of interest rate adjustments.

In order to identify interest rate risk, all financial instruments, including transactions not recognised on the balance sheet, are grouped into maturity bands based on their remaining terms to maturity or terms to an interest rate adjustment. Positions without a fixed maturity (e.g. demand deposits) are included on the basis of modelled deposit rates that are determined by means of statistical methods.

The current low or even negative interest rate environment poses a challenge for the interest rate risk measurement of banks. From the first quarter of 2016 the 0% floor for interest rates was abandoned in the internal risk calculations, while according to the 'Guidelines on the management of interest rate risk arising from non-trading activities' issued by the European Banking Authority for the calculation of the regulatory interest rate risk measure is still applied.

The following tables list the open fixed-income positions held by Erste Group in the four currencies that carry a significant interest rate risk: EUR, CZK, HUF and RON. Only the open fixed-income positions that are not allocated to the trading book are presented. Positive values indicate fixed-income risks on the asset side, i.e. a surplus of asset items; negative values represent a surplus on the liability side.

# Open fixed-income positions not assigned to the trading book

| <u> </u>                            |           |           |           |            |               |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|---------------|
| in EUR million                      | 1-3 years | 3-5 years | 5-7 years | 7-10 years | Over 10 years |
| As of 31 December 2016              |           |           |           |            |               |
| Fixed-interest gap in EUR positions | -1,368.1  | -1,575.1  | -1,080.8  | 208.7      | 2,583.3       |
| Fixed-interest gap in CZK positions | 3,367.0   | -357.3    | -1,265.7  | -2,594.3   | 49.2          |
| Fixed-interest gap in HUF positions | -164.6    | 310.3     | 96.8      | -341.2     | -0.3          |
| Fixed-interest gap in RON positions | 318.0     | 596.5     | -2.4      | -99.2      | 87.0          |
| As of 31 December 2015              |           |           | •         | -          |               |
| Fixed-interest gap in EUR positions | -3,474.3  | 3,008.5   | -509.3    | 582.3      | 2,781.5       |
| Fixed-interest gap in CZK positions | 1,837.0   | 915.6     | -1,157.0  | -2,784.2   | 86.4          |
| Fixed-interest gap in HUF positions | 83.7      | 109.1     | -247.1    | -275.5     | 0.0           |
| Fixed-interest gap in RON positions | 636.4     | 263.4     | 26.1      | -228.5     | 0.9           |
|                                     |           |           |           |            |               |

#### Credit spread risk

Credit spread risk is the risk of an adverse movement in the fair value of financial instruments caused by a change in the creditworthiness of an issuer perceived by the market. Erste Group is exposed to credit spread risk with respect to its securities portfolio, both in the trading as well as in the banking book.

In order to identify credit spread risk, all securities are grouped into maturity bands based on their remaining terms to maturity or terms to an expected call date on the one hand, and assigned to risk factors reflecting the riskiness of their issuer on the other hand.

# Exchange rate risk

The bank is exposed to several types of risks related to exchange rates. These concern risks from open foreign exchange positions and others.

Risk from open foreign exchange positions is the risk related to exchange rates that derives from the mismatch between assets and liabilities, or from currency-related financial derivatives. These risks might originate from customer-related operations or proprietary trading and are monitored and managed on a daily basis. Foreign currency exposure is subject to regulatory and internal limits. The internal limits are set by the Market Risk Committee.

Erste Group separately measures and manages other types of risks relating to the group's balance sheet and earnings structure. The translation risk related to the valuation of the balance sheet items, earnings, dividends and participations/net investments in local currency or foreign exchange has an impact on consolidated earnings and consolidated capital. Erste Group is also reducing the negative impact related to volatility of foreign exchange rates on asset performance (for example as a result of foreign exchange lending in the CEE countries that was stopped for clients not having sufficient regular income in the respective loan currency).

In order to manage its multi-currency earnings structure, Erste Group regularly discusses hedging opportunities and takes decisions in the Group Asset Liability Committee (ALCO). Asset Liability Management (ALM) uses as the usual source of information the current financial results and the financial budget prepared for the upcoming period to obtain as much information as possible on the future foreign currency cash flows. The proposal, which mainly includes the volume, hedging level, hedge ratio and timeline of the hedging, is submitted by ALM to ALCO. The impact of translation on consolidated capital is monitored and reported to ALCO. The ALCO decisions are then implemented by ALM and the implementation status is reported on a monthly basis to ALCO.

The following table shows the largest open foreign currency positions of Erste Group as of 31 December 2016 and the corresponding open positions of these currencies as of 31 December 2015 (excluding foreign currency positions arising from equity participation).

Open foreign currency positions

| in EUR thousand        | Dec 15   | Dec 16   |
|------------------------|----------|----------|
| Czech Koruna (CZK)     | -141,134 | -170,654 |
| US Dollar (USD)        | -14,157  | 27,555   |
| Croatian Kuna (HRK)    | -5,694   | 10,522   |
| Swiss Franc (CHF)      | -7,874   | -9,443   |
| Serbian Dinar (RSD)    | -1,098   | 6,824    |
| Romanian Leu (RON)     | 9,753    | 6,387    |
| Hungarian Forint (HUF) | -12,865  | -4,862   |
| British Pound (GBP)    | 10,746   | 2,291    |
| Bulgarian Lev (BGN)    | 227      | 1,850    |
| Turkish Lira (TRY)     | 441      | 1,337    |

In Japanese Yen (JPY) the open position amounted to EUR 109 thousand as of 31 December 2016 (2015: EUR -3,961 thousand).

#### Hedging

Banking book market risk management consists of optimising Erste Group's risk position by finding the proper trade-off between the economic value of the balance sheet and forecasted earnings. Decisions are based on the balance sheet development, economic environment, competitive landscape, fair value of risk, effect on net interest income and appropriate liquidity position. The steering body responsible for interest rate risk management is ALCO. ALM submits proposals for actions to steer the interest rate risk to ALCO and implements ALCO's decisions.

In order to achieve the goals of risk management, hedging activities focus on the two main control variables: net interest income and market value of equity risk. In a broader sense, hedging refers to an economic activity that mitigates risk but does not necessarily qualify for hedge accounting under IFRS rules. IFRS hedge accounting is applied, if possible, to avoid accounting mismatches due to hedging activity. Within the scope of IFRS-compliant hedge accounting, cash flow hedges and fair value hedges are used. If IFRS-compliant hedge accounting is not possible, the fair value option is applied, where appropriate, for the hedging of market values. Most of the hedging within Erste Group concerns hedging of interest rate risk. The remainder is hedging of foreign exchange rate risk.

#### 44.6 Liquidity risk

#### Definition and overview

The liquidity risk is defined in Erste Group in line with the principles set out by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision and the Austrian regulators ('Kreditinstitute-Risikomanagement-Verordnung – KI-RMV'). Accordingly, a distinction is made between market liquidity risk, which is the risk that the group entities cannot easily offset or close a position at the market price because of inadequate market depth or market disruption, and funding liquidity risk, which is the risk that the banks in the group will not be able to meet efficiently both expected and unexpected current and future cash flow and collateral needs without affecting either daily operations or the financial condition of the group members.

Funding liquidity risk is further divided into insolvency risk and structural liquidity risk. The former is the short-term risk that current or future payment obligations cannot be met in full and on time in an economically justified manner, while structural liquidity risk is the long-term risk of losses due to a change in the Group's own refinancing cost or spread.

# Liquidity strategy

In 2016, client deposits remained the primary source of funding for Erste Group: the volume of client deposits increased to EUR 138.0 billion as of year-end 2016, amounting to 66% of the balance sheet total. Due to the fact that client deposits inflows surpassed the growth of loan production, the loan-to-deposit ratio was further decreasing to 95%. The increased excess liquidity was invested in central bank eligible assets (securities and central bank balances).

With regards to own issuance, Erste Group Bank AG issued EUR 2.047 billion in bonds in 2016 which in net terms (incl. EUR 219 million buybacks) was in accordance with the size of the budgeted figure. EUR 750 million was collected via a mortgage covered bond in benchmark size. EUR 578 million was collected by issuing senior unsecured bonds via private placements or the retail network. Tier 2 subordinated debt issuance was in the size of EUR 219 million. Erste Group Bank AG issued includes Austria's inaugural Additional Tier 1 (AT1) transaction (EUR 500 million benchmark) which is compliant with CRD IV (Capital Requirements Directive IV) and CRR (Capital Requirements Regulation). The average tenor of all new issues in 2016 is approximately 6.5 years.

Since 2014, the ECB supports bank lending to the non-financial sector through a series of targeted longer-term refinancing operations (TLTROs) with a maturity of up to four years and an early repayment option. At group level, Erste Group's total TLTRO participation increased slightly in 2016 to EUR 2.3 billion (2015: EUR 1.96 billion).

#### Methods and instruments employed

Short-term insolvency risk is monitored by calculating the survival period for each currency on both entity and group levels. This analysis determines the maximum period during which the entity can survive a severe combined market and idiosyncratic crisis while relying on its pool of liquid assets. The monitored worst-case scenario simulates very limited money market and capital market access and at the same time significant client deposit outflows. Furthermore, the simulation assumes increased drawdown on guarantees and loan commitments dependent on the type of customer, as well as the potential outflows from collateralised derivative transactions estimating the effect of collateral outflows in the case of adverse market movements. To reflect the reputational risk from callable own issues, the principal outflows from these liabilities are modelled to the next call date in all stress scenarios.

Since 30 September 2016 the regulatory requirements of reporting the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) is now calculated by the Delegated Act (Regulation (EU) 2015/61). Due to this new requirement, Erste Group is currently replacing the reporting of the LCR according to the Capital Requirements Regulation (CRR) by switching to a new software solution. Additionally, Erste Group is calculating the Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) according to the CRR based on the weights of the 'Basler Ausschusses für Bankenaufsicht' (BCBS) and is constantly participating and reporting the QIS monitoring according to the BCBS guidelines. Internally, these ratios are monitored on entity level as well as on group level. Since 2014 the LCR is part of the internal Risk Appetite Statement (RAS), targeting to be above the future regulatory requirement. Erste Group is reporting the NSFR according to the CRR in the quarterly Short Term Exercise to the regulator.

Legal lending limits exist in all CEE countries where Erste Group is represented. As they restrict liquidity flows between Erste Group's subsidiaries in different countries they are taken into account for the assessment of liquidity risk in the survival period model as well as in the calculation of the Liquidity Coverage Ratio at group level.

Additionally, the traditional liquidity gaps (depicting the going concern maturity mismatches) of the subsidiaries and the group as a whole are reported and monitored regularly. Concentration risks in the 'Counterbalancing Capacity' (CBS), in terms of funds and assets are regularly monitored and reported to the regulator. Erste Group's funds transfer pricing (FTP) system has also proven to be an efficient tool for structural liquidity risk management.

In 2016, Erste Group successfully implemented a new system significantly improving the data granularity and flexibility in the reporting of many aspects of the liquidity risk besides the implementation of new regulatory requirements (e.g. Additional Liquidity Monitoring Metrics, LCR according to the Delegated Act). Based on regulatory requirements, current projects focus on further improvements in the policy and reporting framework.

# Methods and instruments of risk mitigation

Short-term liquidity risk is managed by limits resulting from the survival period model, internal stress testing and by internal LCR targets at both entity and group level. Limit breaches are reported to the Group Asset Liability Committee (ALCO). Another important instrument for managing the liquidity risk within Erste Group Bank AG and in relation to its subsidiaries is the FTP system. Important information for liquidity management can be obtained by the process of planning funding needs. Therefor a detailed overview of funding needs is prepared on a quarterly basis for the planning horizon across Erste Group.

The Comprehensive Contingency Plan of the Erste Group ensures the necessary coordination of all parties involved in the liquidity management process in case of crisis and is reviewed on a regular basis. The contingency plans of the subsidiaries are coordinated as part of the plan for Erste Group Bank AG.

#### Analysis of liquidity risk

In Erste Group, the liquidity risk is analysed by the following methods.

#### Liquidity gap

The long-term liquidity position is managed using liquidity gaps on the basis of expected cash flows. This liquidity position is calculated for each material currency and based on the assumption of ordinary business activity. Fulfilment of the internal and regulatory liquidity risk requirements as well as the current and expected market environment is also taken into account.

Expected cash flows are broken down by contractual maturities in accordance with the amortisation schedule and arranged in maturity ranges. All products without contractual maturities (such as demand deposits and overdrafts) are shown in the first time bucket, irrespective of the statistically observed client behaviour.

The following table shows the liquidity gaps as of 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014:

| •              | < 1 month |         | 1-12 months |         | 1-5 y  | vears  | > 5 years |        |  |
|----------------|-----------|---------|-------------|---------|--------|--------|-----------|--------|--|
| in EUR million | Dec 15    | Dec 16  | Dec 15      | Dec 16  | Dec 15 | Dec 16 | Dec 15    | Dec 16 |  |
| Liquidity GAP  | -19,075   | -25,550 | -15,177     | -12,049 | 6,092  | 9,220  | 28,160    | 28,379 |  |

An excess of assets over liabilities is indicated by a positive value, while an excess of liabilities over assets is indicated by a negative value. The callable own issues are modelled to their next call dates. The cash inflows from liquid securities amounting to EUR 37.2 billion (2015: EUR 36.6 billion), which are accepted as collateral by the central banks to which Erste Group has access, are taken into account in the first time bucket rather than considering them at their contractual maturity.

#### Counterbalancing capacity

Erste Group regularly monitors its counterbalancing capacity, which consists of cash, excess minimum reserves at the central banks as well as unencumbered central bank eligible assets and other liquid securities, including impacts from repos, reverse repos and securities lending transactions. These assets can be mobilised in the short term to offset potential cash outflows in a crisis situation. The term structure of the group's counterbalancing capacity as of year-end 2016 and year-end 2015 are shown in the tables below:

Term structure of counterbalancing capacity

| in EUR million                     | < 1 week | 1 week-1 month | 1-3 months | 3-6 months | 6-12 months |
|------------------------------------|----------|----------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| As of 31 December 2016             |          | •              |            |            |             |
| Cash, excess reserve               | 15,370   | -119           | 0          | 0          | 0           |
| Liquid assets                      | 29,120   | 185            | -1,029     | -710       | 248         |
| Other central bank eligible assets | 5,474    | 48             | 465        | 367        | 367         |
| Thereof retained covered bonds     | 3,245    | 0              | 465        | 367        | 367         |
| Thereof credit claims              | 2,229    | 48             | 0          | 0          | 0           |
| Counterbalancing capacity          | 49,964   | 114            | -564       | -343       | 616         |
| As of 31 December 2015             |          |                |            |            |             |
| Cash, excess reserve               | 6,908    | -843           | 0          | 0          | 0           |
| Liquid assets                      | 32,743   | -180           | -530       | -89        | 344         |
| Other central bank eligible assets | 5,820    | 0              | 0          | 0          | 350         |
| Thereof retained covered bonds     | 3,546    | 0              | 0          | 0          | 0           |
| Thereof credit claims              | 2,274    | 0              | 0          | 0          | 350         |
| Counterbalancing capacity          | 45,471   | -1,023         | -530       | -89        | 694         |

The figures above show the total amount of potential liquidity available for the group in a going concern situation, taking into account the applicable central bank haircuts. In a crisis situation adverse market movements and legal transfer restrictions among group members can decrease this amount. Taking into account these effects, the initial counterbalancing capacity available at group level is reduced by additional haircuts and liquidity transfer constraints (e.g. legal lending limits). Negative figures are maturing positions of the counterbalancing capacity. Positive figures after 1 week are positions not immediately available as counterbalancing capacity.

#### Financial liabilities

Maturities of contractual undiscounted cash flows from financial liabilities as of 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015 respectively, were as follows:

#### Financial liabilities

| - manoral nasminos         |                  |                        |           |             |           |           |
|----------------------------|------------------|------------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| in EUR million             | Carrying amounts | Contractual cash flows | < 1 month | 1-12 months | 1-5 years | > 5 years |
| As of 31 December 2016     |                  |                        |           |             |           |           |
| Non-derivative liabilities | 179,821          | 184,429                | 95,548    | 35,032      | 37,448    | 16,402    |
| Deposits by banks          | 14,631           | 14,717                 | 7,015     | 1,951       | 4,601     | 1,151     |
| Customer deposits          | 137,939          | 138,750                | 87,632    | 28,755      | 18,978    | 3,385     |
| Debt securities in issue   | 21,153           | 23,927                 | 409       | 3,945       | 10,882    | 8,691     |
| Subordinated liabilities   | 6,098            | 7,036                  | 492       | 381         | 2,987     | 3,175     |
| Derivative liabilities     | 4,185            | 4,566                  | 282       | 1,182       | 2,387     | 714       |
| Contingent liabilities     | 0                | 27,484                 | 27,484    | 0           | 0         | 0         |
| Financial guarantees       | 0                | 20,908                 | 20,908    | 0           | 0         | 0         |
| Irrevocable commitments    | 0                | 6,577                  | 6,577     | 0           | 0         | 0         |
| Total                      | 184,005          | 216,479                | 123,314   | 36,215      | 39,835    | 17,116    |
| As of 31 December 2015     |                  |                        |           |             |           |           |
| Non-derivative liabilities | 171,714          | 175,495                | 82,046    | 37,374      | 36,419    | 19,656    |
| Deposits by banks          | 14,212           | 14,322                 | 6,826     | 1,942       | 4,176     | 1,378     |
| Customer deposits          | 127,797          | 128,449                | 74,623    | 29,694      | 19,115    | 5,016     |
| Debt securities in issue   | 23,947           | 25,832                 | 568       | 4,911       | 10,584    | 9,768     |
| Subordinated liabilities   | 5,758            | 6,892                  | 28        | 827         | 2,544     | 3,494     |
| Derivative liabilities     | 6,027            | 6,126                  | 424       | 1,597       | 3,018     | 1,087     |
| Contingent liabilities     | 0                | 25,415                 | 25,415    | 0           | 0         | 0         |
| Financial guarantees       | 0                | 19,126                 | 19,126    | 0           | 0         | 0         |
| Irrevocable commitments    | 0                | 6,288                  | 6,288     | 0           | 0         | 0         |
| Total                      | 177,741          | 207,036                | 107,884   | 38,971      | 39,438    | 20,743    |
|                            |                  |                        |           |             |           |           |

As of year-end 2016, the currency composition of the non-derivative liabilities consisted of approximately 72% EUR, 16% CZK, 4% RON, 4% USD and the rest 4% in other currencies.

Besides the contingent liabilities from unused credit lines and guarantees, material potential cash outflow is estimated from the collateralised derivative transactions for the stress testing, which amounted to EUR 474.1 million in the worst-case scenario as of 31 December 2016 (2015: EUR 667.4 million).

As of 31 December 2016, the volume of customer deposits due on demand amounted to EUR 77.0 billion (2015: EUR 64.6 billion). According to customer segments, the customer deposits are composed as follows: 68% private individuals, 15% large corporates, 9% small and medium-sized enterprises, 4% non-banking financial institutions and 4% public sector. The deposits by banks include the top five providers of funds.

#### Liquidity ratios

With the implementation of the CRR at the beginning of 2014, new liquidity ratios, the Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) and the Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) have been introduced as ratios relevant for reporting purposes. For the LCR, the European Commission released a delegated regulation (EU) 2015/61 of 10 October 2014, published in the Official Journal of the European Union on 17 January 2015, specifying details on the ratio and setting a binding minimum requirement for the ratio as of 1 October 2015. Since 30 September 2016 the LCR has to be reported according to the delegated regulation to the authorities. The LCR represents a ratio of highly liquid assets vis-à-vis net cash outflows over a 30 day time horizon. The minimum ratio has been set at 60% for 2015 (from 1 October), 70% for 2016, 80% for 2017 and 100% from 2018. The NSFR remains for the time being a reporting requirement only, with a binding minimum requirement potentially introduced from 2018. The NSFR represents a ratio of available stable funding vis-à-vis required stable funding within a 12 month time horizon. Both ratios have been implemented within Erste Group.

#### 44.7 Operational risk

# Definition and overview

In line with Article 4 Section 52 of regulation (EU) 575/2013 (CRR), Erste Group defines operational risk as the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems, or from external events, including legal risks. Both quantitative and qualitative methods are used to identify operational risks. Consistent with international practice, the responsibility for managing operational risk rests with the line management.

#### Methods and instruments employed

The quantitative measurement methods are based on internal loss experience data, which is collected across Erste Group using a standard methodology and entered into a central data pool. Additionally, in order to be able to model losses that have not occurred in the past but are nonetheless possible, scenarios and external data are also used. Erste Group sources external data from a leading non-profit risk-loss data consortium.

Erste Group received regulatory approval for the Advanced Measurement Approach (AMA) in 2009. AMA is a sophisticated approach to measuring operational risk. Pursuant to AMA, the required capital is calculated using an internal VaR model, taking into account internal data, external data, scenario analysis, business environment and internal risk control factors. In 2011, Erste Group received approval to use insurance contracts for mitigation within the AMA pursuant to Article 323 CRR.

# Methods and instruments of risk mitigation

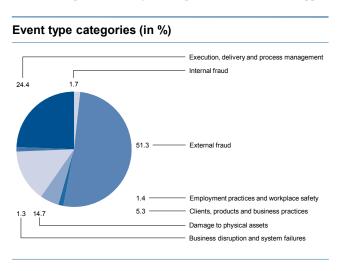
In addition to quantitative methods, qualitative methods are also used to determine operational risk, such as risk assessment surveys. The results and suggestions for risk control in these surveys, which are conducted by experts, are reported to the line management and thus help to reduce operational risks. Furthermore, to ensure early detection of changes in risk potential that may lead to losses, Erste Group periodically assesses a number of key risk indicators like, system availability, staff turnover, or customer complaints. Erste Group uses a group-wide insurance programme, which, since its establishment in 2004, has reduced the cost of meeting Erste Group's traditional property insurance needs and made it possible to buy additional insurance for previously uninsured bank-specific risks. This programme uses a captive reinsurance entity as a vehicle to share losses within the group and access the external market. The quantitative and qualitative methods used, together with the insurance strategy and the modelling approaches described above, form the operational risk framework of Erste Group. Information on operational risk is periodically communicated to the management board via various reports, including the quarterly top management reports, which describe the recent loss history, loss development, qualitative information from risk assessments and key risk indicators as well as the operational VaR for Erste Group.

#### Distribution of operational risk events

Detailed below is the percentage composition by type of event of operational risk sources as defined by Article 324 CRR. The observation period is from 1 January 2012 to 31 December 2016.

The event type categories are as follows:

- \_ internal fraud: Losses due to acts of a type intended to defraud, misappropriate property or circumvent regulations, the law or company policy, excluding diversity or discrimination events that involve at least one internal party.
- \_ external fraud: Losses due to acts by a third party of a type intended to defraud, misappropriate property or circumvent the law.
- \_ employment practices and workplace safety: Losses arising from acts inconsistent with employment, health or safety laws or agreements, from payment of personal injury claims, or from diversity or discrimination events.
- \_ clients, products and business practices: Losses arising from unintentional or negligent failure to meet a professional obligation to specific clients (including fiduciary and suitability requirements) or from the nature or design of a product.
- \_ damage to physical assets: Losses arising from loss of or damage to physical assets caused by natural disaster or other events.
- \_ business disruption and system failures: Losses arising from disruption of business or system failures.
- \_ execution, delivery and process management: Losses from failed transaction processing or process management. Losses pertaining to relationships with trading counterparties and vendors or suppliers.



#### 45. Hedge accounting

The interest rate risk of the banking book is managed by Group ALM. Preference in managing interest rate risk is given to using bonds, loans or derivatives, with hedge accounting for derivatives usually applied in accordance with IFRS. The main guideline for interest rate risk positioning is the Group Interest Rate Risk Strategy that is approved by the Group ALCO for the relevant time period.

Fair value hedges are employed to reduce interest rate risk of issued bonds, purchased securities, loans or deposits on the Erste Group balance sheet. In general, Erste Group policy is to swap all substantial fixed or structured issued bonds to floating items and as such to manage the targeted interest rate risk profile by other balance sheet items. Interest rate swaps are the most common instruments used for fair value hedges. Concerning loans, purchased securities and securities in issuance, fair value is also hedged by means of cross-currency swaps, swaptions, caps, floors and other types of derivative instruments.

In the second quarter of 2016 Erste Group has terminated all its EUR denominated IFRS cash flow hedge relationships (total notional of the hedged items: EUR 2.8 bn, residual maturity: slightly above 4 years) on the balance sheets of Austrian subsidiaries. The decision for the early termination has been driven by the expected hedge inefficiency coming from the floored interest rate (set at zero) on client loans. The termination value of the cash flow hedges, which is amortized through net interest income over the residual maturity, was EUR 48.9 million. As of 31 December 2016 the notional amount of the remaining hedged items in cash flow hedges on Group level amounts to EUR 988 million. The majority of the hedged cash flows are likely to occur within the next five years and will then be recognised in the consolidated income statement.

In the reporting period, EUR 31.6 million (2015: EUR 38.8 million) was taken from the cash flow hedge reserve and recognised as income in the consolidated income statement; while EUR 18.2 million (2015: EUR 11.4 million) was recognised directly in other comprehensive income. Inefficiency from cash flow hedges amounting to EUR 27.4 million (2015: EUR 0.1 million) is reported in the net trading result. This was mainly caused by the zero percent interest rate floor in the hedged client loans until the early termination of the respective cash flow hedges.

Fair value hedges in 2016 resulted in losses of EUR 17.8 million (2015: losses of EUR 366.1 million) on hedging instruments and gains of EUR 3.3 million on hedged items (2015: gains of EUR 359.6 million).

Fair values of hedging instruments are disclosed in the following table:

|                                       | Dec 15              | Dec 15              |                     | 3                   |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| in EUR million                        | Positive fair value | Negative fair value | Positive fair value | Negative fair value |
| Hedging instrument - fair value hedge | 2,108               | 601                 | 1,980               | 586                 |
| Hedging instrument - cash flow hedge  | 161                 | 12                  | 14                  | 3                   |

#### 46. Fair value of financial instruments

All financial instruments are measured at fair value on recurring basis.

# Financial instruments carried at fair value

The measurement of fair value at Erste Group is based primarily on external sources of data (stock market prices or broker quotes in highly liquid market segments). Financial instruments for which the fair value is determined on the basis of quoted market prices are mainly listed securities and derivatives as well as liquid OTC bonds.

#### Description of valuation models and parameters

Erste Group uses valuation models that have been tested internally and for which the valuation parameters (such as interest rates, exchange rates, volatilities and credit spreads) have been determined independently. In case of a negative interest rate environment Erste Group uses models which are able to deal sufficiently with the presented market conditions. Consequently, such negative interest rates do not restrict the valuation models.

**Securities.** For plain vanilla (fixed and floating) debt securities the fair value is calculated by discounting the future cash-flows using a discounting curve depending on the interest rate for the respective issuance currency and a spread adjustment. The spread adjustment is usually derived from the credit spread curve of the issuer. If no issuer curve is available the spread is derived from a proxy instrument and adjusted for differences in the risk profile of the instruments. If no close proxy is available, the spread adjustment is estimated using other

information, including estimation of the credit spread based on internal ratings and PDs or management judgment. Techniques for equity securities may also include models based on earnings multiples. For more complex debt securities (e.g. including option-like features such as callable, cap/floor, index-linked) the fair value is determined using combinations of discounted cash-flow models and more sophisticated modeling techniques including methods described for OTC-derivatives. The fair value of financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss under the fair value option is determined in consistency with similar instruments held as assets. The spread adjustment for Erste Group's own credit risk is derived from buy-back levels of own issuances.

**OTC-derivative financial instruments.** Derivative instruments traded in liquid markets (e.g. interest rate swaps and options, foreign exchange forward and options, options on listed securities and indices, credit default swaps and commodity swaps) are valued by using standard valuation models. These models include discounting cash flow models, option models of the Black-Scholes- and Hull-White-type as well as hazard rate models. Models are calibrated on quoted market data (including implied volatilities). Valuation models for more complex instruments also use Monte-Carlo-techniques. For instruments in less liquid markets, data obtained from less frequent transactions or extrapolation techniques are used.

Erste Group values derivatives at mid-market levels. To reflect the potential bid-ask-spread of the relevant positions an adjustment based on market liquidity is performed. The adjustment parameters depend on product type, currency, maturity and notional size. Parameters are reviewed on a regular basis or in case of significant market moves. Netting is not applied when determining the bid-ask-spread adjustments.

Credit value adjustments (CVA) for counterparty risk and debit value adjustments (DVA) for own default credit risk are applied to OTC derivatives. For the CVA the adjustment is driven by the expected positive exposure of all derivatives and the credit quality of the counterparty. DVA is driven by the expected negative exposure and Erste Group's credit quality. Erste Group has implemented an approach, where the modeling of the expected exposure is based on option replication strategies. For products where an option replication is not feasible the exposure is computed with Monte-Carlo simulation techniques. One of the two modeling approaches is considered for the most relevant portfolios and products. The methodology for the remaining entities and products is determined by market value plus add-on considerations. The probability of default by counterparties that are not traded in an active market is determined from internal PDs mapped to a basket of liquid titles present in the central European market. Market based valuation concepts are incorporated for this. Counterparties with liquid bond or CDS markets are valued by the respective single-name market based PD derived from the prices. Erste Group's probability of default has been derived from the buy-back levels of Erste Group's issuances. Netting has only been considered for a few counterparties where the impact was material. In these cases, netting has been applied for both CVA and DVA. For counterparties with CSA-agreements in place no CVA was taken into account for all cases with immaterial threshold amounts.

According to the described methodology the accumulated CVA-adjustments amounts to EUR 26 million (2015: EUR 43.9 million) and the total DVA-adjustment amounts to EUR 8.2 million (2015: EUR 12.0 million).

#### Validation and control

The responsibility for valuation of financial instruments measured at fair value is independent of the trading units. In addition, Erste Group has implemented an independent validation function in order to ensure separation between units responsible for model development, fair value measurement and validation. The aim of independent model validation is to evaluate model risks arising from the models' theoretical foundation, the appropriateness of input data (market data) and model calibration.

# Fair value hierarchy

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value are categorized under the three levels of the IFRS fair value hierarchy.

# Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy

The fair value of financial instruments assigned to Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy is determined based on quoted prices in active markets for identical financial assets and liabilities. More particular, the evaluated fair value can qualify as Level 1 if transactions occur with sufficient frequency, volume and pricing consistency on an ongoing basis.

These include exchange traded derivatives (futures, options), shares, government bonds as well as other bonds and funds, which are traded in highly liquid and active markets.

#### Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy

In case a market quote is used for valuation but due to restricted liquidity the market does not qualify as active (derived from available market liquidity indicators) the instrument is classified as Level 2. If no market prices are available the fair value is measured by using valuation models which are based on observable market data. If all the significant inputs in the valuation model are observable the instru-

ment is classified as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. For level 2 valuations typically yield curves, credit spreads and implied volatilities are used as observable market parameters.

These include OTC derivatives, less liquid shares, bonds and funds as well as collateralized debt obligations (CDO) and own issues.

# Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy

In some cases, the fair value can be determined neither on the basis of sufficiently frequent quoted market prices nor of valuation models that rely entirely on observable market data. In these cases individual valuation parameters not observable in the market are estimated on the basis of reasonable assumptions. If any unobservable input in the valuation model is significant or the price quote used is updated infrequently the instrument is classified as Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. For Level 3 valuations besides observable parameters typically credit spreads derived from internally calculated historical probability of default (PD) and loss given default (LGD) measures are used as unobservable parameters.

These include shares and funds not quoted, illiquid bonds as well as illiquid asset backed securities (ABS) and collateralized debt obligations (CDO) as well as loans, participations, own issues and deposits.

A reclassification from Level 1 into Level 2 or Level 3 as well as vice versa will be performed if the financial instrument does no longer meet the criteria described above for the respective level.

The following table shows the classification of financial instruments carried at fair value with respect to levels of the fair value hierarchy.

|   |         |         |         | <del>.</del> |         |         |         |        |
|---|---------|---------|---------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|--------|
|   |         | Dec 18  | 5       |              | Dec 16  |         |         |        |
| in EUR million  | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total        | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total  |
| Assets  |         |         |         |              |         |         |         |        |
| Financial assets - held for trading                     | 2,801   | 5,768   | 150     | 8,719        | 2,335   | 5,477   | 138     | 7,950  |
| Derivatives   | 2       | 5,158   | 143     | 5,303        | 3       | 4,376   | 96      | 4,475  |
| Other trading assets                                    | 2,798   | 611     | 7       | 3,416        | 2,332   | 1,102   | 42      | 3,476  |
| Financial assets - at fair value through profit or loss | 221     | 88      | 50      | 359          | 385     | 66      | 28      | 480    |
| Financial assets - available for sale                   | 17,759  | 2,306   | 627     | 20,692       | 16,774  | 2,208   | 867     | 19,850 |
| Derivatives - hedge accounting                          | 0       | 2,191   | 0       | 2,191        | 0       | 1,424   | 0       | 1,424  |
| Assets held for sale                                    | 0       | 0       | 0       | 0            | 0       | 0       | 0       | 0      |
| Total assets  | 20,780  | 10,353  | 827     | 31,961       | 19,494  | 9,176   | 1,034   | 29,704 |
| Liabilities   |         |         |         |              |         |         |         |        |
| Financial liabilities - held for trading                | 363     | 5,503   | 1       | 5,867        | 378     | 4,382   | 1       | 4,762  |
| Derivatives   | 14      | 5,418   | 1       | 5,434        | 13      | 4,171   | 1       | 4,185  |
| Other trading liabilities                               | 349     | 85      | 0       | 434          | 366     | 211     | 0       | 577    |
| Financial liabilities -                                 |         |         |         |              |         |         |         |        |
| at fair value through profit or loss                    | 0       | 1,907   | 0       | 1,907        | 0       | 1,673   | 90      | 1,763  |
| Deposits from customers                                 | 0       | 149     | 0       | 149          | 0       | 74      | 0       | 74     |
| Debt securities issued                                  | 0       | 1,758   | 0       | 1,758        | 0       | 1,599   | 90      | 1,689  |
| Other financial liabilities                             | 0       | 0       | 0       | 0            | 0       | 0       | 0       | 0      |
| Derivatives - hedge accounting                          | 0       | 593     | 0       | 593          | 0       | 472     | 0       | 473    |
| Total liabilities                                       | 363     | 8,002   | 1       | 8,367        | 378     | 6,528   | 91      | 6,997  |

The chosen method for the allocation of positions to levels is the following: all the levels and level changes are reflected at the end of the reporting period.

# Valuation process for financial instruments categorised as Level 3

The valuation of financial instruments categorised as Level 3 involves one or more significant inputs that are not directly observable on the market. Additional price verification steps need to be done. These may include reviewing relevant historical data and benchmarking for similar transactions, among others. This involves estimation and expert judgment.

#### Changes in volumes of Level 1 and Level 2

The following table shows the changes in volumes of Level 1 and Level 2 of financial instruments carried at fair value in the balance sheet.

|  | Dec 15                                | Dec 16  |         |         |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| in EUR million                                 | Level 1                               | Level 2 | Level 1 | Level 2 |
| Securities                                     | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |         | •       |         |
| Net transfer from Level 1                      | 0                                     | -839    | 0       | 247     |
| Net transfer from Level 2                      | 839                                   | 0       | -247    | 0       |
| Net transfer from Level 3                      | -6                                    | -58     | -23     | -208    |
| Purchases/sales/expiries/changes in fair value | 617                                   | -2,363  | -1,017  | 333     |
| Changes in derivatives                         | 1                                     | -2,565  | 1       | -1,549  |
| Total year-to-date change                      | 1,451                                 | -5,825  | -1,286  | -1,177  |

**Movements in 2016.** The total amount of Level 1 financial assets decreased by EUR 1,286 million. The change in volume of Level 1 securities (decreased by EUR 1,287 million) was determined on the one hand by matured or sold assets in the amount of EUR 4,519 million and on the other hand by new investments in the amount of EUR 3,639 million. The decrease in volume for securities that were allocated to Level 1 at both reporting dates (2016 and 2015) amounted to EUR 130 million (due to partial purchases and sales and fair value changes caused by market movements). Due to improved market liquidity, assets in the amount of EUR 325 million could be reclassified from Level 2 to Level 1. This applied mainly to securities issued by financial institutions (EUR 256 million), but also to securities issued by governments (EUR 53 million) and other corporates (EUR 16 million). Due to lower market activity and change to modelled fair value, securities in total of EUR 571 million have been moved from Level 1 to Level 2. This applies mainly to securities issued by other corporates (EUR 337 million), financial institutions (EUR 140 million) and as well as securities issued by governments (EUR 94 million). Level 1 instruments in the amount of EUR 23 million were reclassified to Level 3. The remaining decrease in the amount of EUR 8 million was due to partial sales and fair value changes of reclassified instruments.

**Movements in 2015.** The total amount of Level 1 financial assets increased by EUR 1,451 million. The change in volume of Level 1 securities (increase by EUR 1,450 million) was determined on the one hand by matured or sold assets in the amount of EUR 2,693 million and on the other hand by new investments in the amount of EUR 2,869 million. The increase in volume for securities that were allocated to Level 1 at both reporting dates (2015 and 2014) amounted to EUR 542 million (due to partial purchases and sales and fair value changes caused by market movements). Due to improved market liquidity, assets in the amount of EUR 1,039 million could be reclassified from Level 2 to Level 1. This applied mainly to securities issued by financial institutions (EUR 703 million), but also to securities issued by governments (EUR 63 million) and other corporates (EUR 273 million). Due to lower market activity and change to modelled fair value, securities in total of EUR 200 million have been moved from Level 1 to Level 2. This applies mainly to securities issued by financial institutions (2015: EUR 74 million) and other corporates (EUR 65 million) as well as securities issued by governments (EUR 61 million). Level 1 instruments in the amount of EUR 6 million were reclassified to Level 3. The remaining decrease in the amount of EUR 101 million was due to partial sales and fair value changes of reclassified instruments.

No significant liabilities measured at fair value are reported in Level 3.

The reclassifications between Level 1 and Level 2, broken down to measurement categories and instruments, are shown below.

| in EUR million  | From Level 1<br>to Level 2<br>in 2015 | From Level 1<br>to Level 2<br>in 2016 |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Financial assets - available for sale                   | 176                                   | 484                                   |
| Bonds   | 175                                   | 421                                   |
| Funds   | 0                                     | 46                                    |
| Other   | 0                                     | 16                                    |
| Stocks  | 1                                     | 1                                     |
| Financial assets - at fair value through profit or loss | 1                                     | 8                                     |
| Funds   | 0                                     | 8                                     |
| Bonds   | 1                                     | 0                                     |
| Financial assets - held for trading                     | 23                                    | 79                                    |
| Bonds   | 23                                    | 79                                    |
| Funds   | 0                                     | 0                                     |
| Other   | 0                                     | 0                                     |
| Stocks  | 0                                     | 0                                     |
| Total   | 200                                   | 571                                   |

| in EUR million   | From Level 2<br>to Level 1<br>in 2015 | From Level 2<br>to Level 1<br>in 2016 |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Financial assets - available for sale                            | 782                                   | 293                                   |
| Bonds  | 361                                   | 151                                   |
| Funds  | 342                                   | 138                                   |
| Other  | 12                                    | 0                                     |
| Stocks   | 65                                    | 4                                     |
| Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss | 78                                    | 7                                     |
| Bonds  | 0                                     | 6                                     |
| Funds  | 78                                    | 1                                     |
| Financial assets - held for trading                              | 179                                   | 25                                    |
| Bonds  | 35                                    | 15                                    |
| Funds  | 1                                     | 9                                     |
| Other  | 0                                     | 0                                     |
| Stocks   | 143                                   | 0                                     |
| Total  | 1,039                                 | 325                                   |

**Movements in 2016.** The total value of Level 2 financial assets decreased between 2016 and 2015 by EUR 1,177 million. The Level 2 fair value change of securities and other receivables (up by EUR 372 million) can be explained for the most part by matured or sold positions in the amount of EUR 650 million and new investments in the amount of EUR 788 million. The reduction in volume for securities that have been allocated to Level 2 at both reporting dates 2016 and 2015 amounted to EUR 103 million.

Due to reduced market depth a total volume of EUR 571 million was reclassified from Level 1 to Level 2 in 2016. This applies mainly to securities issued by other corporates (EUR 337 million) and financial institutions (EUR 140 million) as well as securities issued by governments (EUR 94 million). Securities in the amount of EUR 325 million were reclassified from Level 2 to Level 1 for the reporting date. Due to the use of significant non-observable valuation parameters a total volume of EUR 243 million was reclassified from Level 2 to Level 3. Due to a change to valuation models with significant observable parameters a total volume of EUR 35 million was reclassified from Level 3 to Level 2. The remaining increase in the amount of EUR 34 million was due to partial sales and fair value changes of reclassified instruments. The holding of loans and advances which are measured at fair value increased by EUR 264 million in the current reporting period. The decrease on the asset side derivatives in Level 2 by EUR 1,549 million are caused by changes in market values and by netting effects.

On the liability side, as far as securities are concerned, there were no significant movements between the levels. Changes in the amounts were caused either by purchases, sales or changes in market value. The changes of derivatives were mainly caused by changes in the market value and netting effects.

**Movements in 2015.** The total value of Level 2 financial assets decreased between 2015 and 2014 by EUR 5,825 million. The Level 2 securities fair value change (down by EUR 3,260 million) can be explained for the most part by matured or sold positions in the amount of EUR 2,838 million and new investments in the amount of EUR 925 million. The reduction in volume for securities that have been allocated to Level 2 at both reporting dates 2015 and 2014 amounted to EUR 204 million (due to partial sales and purchases and fair value changes caused by market movements).

Due to reduced market depth a total volume of EUR 200 million was reclassified from Level 1 to Level 2 in 2015. As previously outlined, this applies mainly to bonds issued by financial institutions and other corporates. Securities in the amount of EUR 1,039 million were reclassified from Level 2 to Level 1 for the reporting date. Due to the use of significant non-observable valuation parameters a total volume of EUR 151 million was reclassified from Level 2 to Level 3. Participations as well as securities issues by financial institutions are affected by this reclassification. Due to a change to valuation models with significant observable parameters a total volume of EUR 94 million was reclassified from Level 3 to Level 2. As a consequence of the sale of assets which were held for sale the Level 2 position decreased by EUR 53 million. The remaining decrease in the amount of EUR 193 million was due to partial sales and fair value changes of reclassified instruments. The decrease on the asset side derivatives in Level 2 by EUR 2,565 million are caused by changes in market values and by netting effects.

On the liability side, as far as securities are concerned, there were no significant movements between the levels. Changes in the amounts were caused either by purchases, sales or changes in market value. The changes of derivatives were mainly caused by changes in the market value and netting effects.

#### Movements in Level 3 of financial instruments carried at fair value

The following tables show the development of fair value of financial instruments in the Level 3 category.

| in EUR million  | As of  | Gain/loss<br>in profit or<br>loss | Gain/loss<br>in other<br>compre-<br>hensive<br>income |     | Sales | Settlements | Additions<br>to the<br>group | Disposals<br>out of the<br>group | Transfers<br>into<br>Level 3 | Transfers<br>out of<br>Level 3 | Currency<br>translation | As of  |
|---|--------|-----------------------------------|---|-----|-------|-------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|--------|
| Assets  | Dec 15 |                                   |   |     |       |             |                              |                                  |                              |                                |                         | Dec 16 |
| Financial assets - held for trading                           | 150    | -21                               | 0   | 30  | -23   | -4          | 0                            | 0                                | 87                           | -81                            | 0                       | 138    |
| Derivatives   | 143    | -21                               | 0   | 1   | 0     | -2          | 0                            | 0                                | 33                           | -58                            | 0                       | 96     |
| Other trading assets  | 7      | 0                                 | 0   | 29  | -22   | -2          | 0                            | 0                                | 54                           | -24                            | 0                       | 42     |
| Financial assets -<br>at fair value through<br>profit or loss | 50     | -1                                | 0   | 4   | -4    | -6          | 0                            | 0                                | 0                            | -14                            | 0                       | 28     |
| Financial assets - available-for-sale                         | 627    | 2                                 | 12  | 262 | -216  | -193        | 0                            | 0                                | 438                          | -64                            | 0                       | 867    |
| Derivatives - hedge accounting                                | 0      | 0                                 | 0   | 0   | 0     | 0           | 0                            | 0                                | 0                            | 0                              | 0                       | 0      |
| Total assets  | 827    | -20                               | 12  | 295 | -243  | -203        | 0                            | 0                                | 525                          | -160                           | 0                       | 1,034  |
|   |        |                                   |   |     |       |             |                              |                                  |                              |                                |                         |        |
| Assets  | Dec 14 |                                   | •   |     |       |             |                              |                                  |                              | •                              |                         | Dec 15 |
| Financial assets -  |        |                                   |   |     |       |             |                              |                                  |                              |                                |                         |        |
| held for trading  | 130    | 20                                | 0   | 7   | -1    | -3          | 0                            | 0                                | 15                           | -19                            | 1                       | 150    |
| Derivatives   | 124    | 21                                | 0   | 4   | 0     | -2          | 0                            | 0                                | 14                           | -19                            | 1                       | 143    |
| Other trading assets  | 6      | -1                                | 0   | 2   | -1    | 0           | 0                            | 0                                | 1                            | 0                              | 0                       | 7      |
| Financial assets -<br>at fair value through                   |        |                                   |   |     |       |             |                              |                                  |                              |                                |                         |        |
| profit or loss  | 39     | -2                                | 0   | 0   | -10   | 0           | 0                            | 0                                | 22                           | 0                              | 0                       | 50     |
| Financial assets - available-for-sale                         | 428    | -5                                | 114   | 58  | -5    | -100        | 0                            | -1                               | 337                          | -199                           | 0                       | 627    |
| Derivatives - hedge accounting                                | 6      | -3                                | 0   | 0   | 0     | 0           | 0                            | 0                                | 0                            | -3                             | 0                       | 0      |
| Total assets  | 603    | 11                                | 114   | 65  | -16   | -102        | 0                            | -1                               | 374                          | -222                           | 1                       | 827    |
|   |        |                                   |   |     |       |             |                              |                                  |                              |                                |                         |        |

The profit or loss of Level 3 financial instruments classified as 'Financial assets – held for trading', 'Financial assets – at fair value through profit or loss' and 'Derivatives – hedge accounting' is disclosed in the income statement line item 'Net trading and fair value result'. Profit or loss from derecognition of 'Financial assets – available for sale' is shown in the income statement line item 'Gains/Losses from financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value through profit or loss, net'. Impairments of 'Financial assets – available for sale' is disclosed in the line item 'Net impairment loss on financial assets'. Gains or losses in other comprehensive income of Level 3 financial instruments disclosed in the balance sheet line item 'Financial assets – available for sale' are reported directly in equity under 'Available for sale reserve'.

**Movements in 2016.** The reclassification of securities to Level 3 was caused by a decrease in market liquidity and was based on an indepth analysis of broker quotes. In addition to the assessment of the parameters used for the fair value determination, the external market values of securitizations were subject to an internal validation process, which is based on observable market inputs. Based on the described analysis securities in the amount of EUR 243 million were reclassified from Level 2 to Level 3. The change is coming from securities issued by financial institutions (EUR 152 million), securities from corporates (EUR 53 million) and securities from sovereigns in the amount of EUR 39 million. On the other hand securities in the amount of EUR 35 million were reclassified from Level 3 to Level 2. Thereof EUR 19 million are securities issued by financial institutions and EUR 16 million are securities issued by sovereigns. Out of Level 1 EUR 23 million were reclassified to Level 3. The additional change in Level 3 positions was on the one hand caused by an decrease in derivative exposure of EUR 47 million and on the other hand by a decrease caused by the purchase, sale and market value change of securities in the amount of EUR 23 million.

The change in Level 3 debt securities issued on the liabilities side is caused by purchases of EUR 35 million on the one hand and EUR 55 million on the other hand.

**Movements in 2015.** The reclassification of securities to Level 3 was caused by a decrease in market liquidity and was based on an indepth analysis of broker quotes. In addition to the assessment of the parameters used for the fair value determination, the external market values of securitizations were subject to an internal validation process, which is based on observable market inputs. Based on the described analysis securities in the amount of EUR 151 million were reclassified from Level 2 to Level 3. The change is coming from secu-

rities issued by corporates (EUR 68 million), securities from financial institutions (EUR 58 million) and securities from sovereigns in the amount of EUR 25 million. On the other hand securities in the amount of EUR 94 million were reclassified from Level 3 to Level 2. Thereof EUR 46 million are securities issued by corporates, EUR 35 million from financial institutions and EUR 13 million are securities issued by sovereigns. Out of Level 1 EUR 6 million were reclassified to Level 3. The additional increase in Level 3 positions was on the one hand caused by an increase in derivative exposure of EUR 20 million and on the other hand caused by the purchase, sale and market value change of securities in the amount of EUR 140 million.

The sale of the shares in VISA Europe to VISA Inc. was effectuated according to plan in the second quarter of 2016. The initial offer of VISA Inc. from November 2015 included a cash payment, VISA Inc preferred shares and a potential earn-out-payment in the year 2020. In the course of the fair valuation of the VISA shares as of 31 December 2015, all parts of the offer were taken into account. In May 2016 the offer was adjusted, whereas the earn-out-payments was replaced by a future payments 3 years after closing. This adjustment resulted in an additional increase of the fair value via other comprehensive income. The sales price of EUR 139 million comprising cash payment, VISA Inc preferred shares and future payments was considered as a Level 3 sale.

As of 31 December 2016, the fair valuation of VISA Inc preferred shares was based on reasonable assumptions and estimations and was consequently classified in Level 3. The shares cannot be sold before a minimum holding period of 12 years and are limited to certain conditions which my restrict the conversion of preferred shares into tradeable VISA Inc shares. Based on these limiting conditions the fair value of the preferred shares was capped based on assumptions compared to free tradeable VISA Inc. class A common shares.

Gains or losses on Level 3 instruments held at the reporting period's end and which are included in profit or loss are as follow.

|  | Gain / loss in profit or loss |        |  |  |
|--|-------------------------------|--------|--|--|
| in EUR million   | Dec 15                        | Dec 16 |  |  |
| Assets   |                               |        |  |  |
| Financial assets - held for trading                              | 22.2                          | -5.0   |  |  |
| Derivatives  | 22.5                          | -7.0   |  |  |
| Other trading assets   | -0.3                          | 2.0    |  |  |
| Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss | -1.6                          | -3.2   |  |  |
| Derivatives hedge accounting                                     | -2.7                          | 0.0    |  |  |
| Total  | 17.9                          | -8.2   |  |  |

For Level 3 financial assets classified as 'available for sale', impairments in the amount of EUR -1.5 million were recorded. For financial liabilities measured at fair value in the Level 3 category the evaluation change posted via income statement during the year amounts up to EUR -1.5 million.

The volume of Level 3 financial assets can be allocated to the following two categories:

- \_ Market values of derivatives where the credit value adjustment (CVA) has a material impact and is calculated based on unobservable parameters (i.e. internal estimates of PDs and LGDs).
- \_ Illiquid bonds, shares and funds not quoted in an active market where either valuation models with non-observable parameters have been used (e.g. credit spreads) or broker quotes have been used that cannot be allocated to Level 1 or Level 2.

# Unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis for Level 3 measurements

In case the fair value of a financial asset is retrieved from input parameters which are not observable in the market, those parameters can be retrieved from a range of alternative parameters. For the preparation of the balance sheet the parameters where chosen to reflect the market situation at the reporting date.

The range of unobservable valuation parameters used in Level 3 measurements is shown in the following table.

| Financial assets                     | Type of instrument              | Fair value | Valuation technique                | Significant unobservable inputs | Range of unobservable inputs (weighted average) |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| As of 31 December 2016               | Type or monument                |            | - Landanon tooquo                  |                                 | (o.gou urorugo)                                 |
| AS OF ST December 2010               |                                 |            |                                    |                                 | 0.700/_4000/                                    |
|                                      |                                 |            | Discounted cash flow and option    | DD                              | 0.78% -100%                                     |
|                                      |                                 |            | models with CVA adjustment         | PD                              | (8.0%)  |
| Positive fair value of derivatives   | Forwards, swaps, options        | 95.8       | based on potential future exposure | LGD                             | 60%   |
| Financial assets -                   |                                 |            |                                    |                                 | 0.1% -1.5%                                      |
| at fair value through profit or loss | Fixed and variable coupon bonds | 3.4        | Discounted cash flow               | Credit Spread                   | (0.4%)  |
| Financial assets -                   |                                 |            |                                    |                                 | 0.1% -5.3%                                      |
| available for sale                   | Fixed and variable coupon bonds | 149.4      | Discounted cash flow               | Credit Spread                   | (1.8%)  |
| As of 31 December 2015               |                                 |            |                                    |                                 |   |
|                                      |                                 |            | Discounted cash flow and option    |                                 | 0.96% -100%                                     |
|                                      |                                 |            | models with CVA adjustment         | PD                              | (11.7%)   |
| Positive fair value of derivatives   | Forwards, swaps, options        | 142.9      | based on potential future exposure | LGD                             | 60%   |
| Financial assets -                   |                                 |            |                                    |                                 | 0.1% -1.5%                                      |
| at fair value through profit or loss | Fixed and variable coupon bonds | 10.9       | Discounted cash flow               | Credit Spread                   | (0.4%)  |
| Financial assets -                   | •                               |            |                                    |                                 | 0.1% -9.9%                                      |
| available for sale                   | Fixed and variable coupon bonds | 270.9      | Discounted cash flow               | Credit Spread                   | (2.2%)  |

The following table shows the sensitivity analysis using reasonably possible alternatives per product type.

|                            | Dec 15        | <b>i</b>           | Dec 16   | 6        |
|----------------------------|---------------|--------------------|----------|----------|
|                            | Fair value ch | Fair value changes |          |          |
| EUR million                | Positive      | Negative           | Positive | Negative |
| Derivatives                | 10.5          | -8.8               | 5.4      | -5.3     |
| Income statement           | 10.5          | -8.8               | 5.4      | -5.3     |
| Other comprehensive income | 0.0           | 0.0                | 0.0      | 0.0      |
| Debt securities            | 13.5          | -18.0              | 29.5     | -39.4    |
| Income statement           | 0.6           | -0.8               | 1.7      | -2.3     |
| Other comprehensive income | 12.9          | -17.2              | 27.9     | -37.1    |
| Equity instruments         | 9.9           | -19.7              | 9.8      | -19.5    |
| Income statement           | 1.1           | -2.3               | 0.4      | -0.8     |
| Other comprehensive income | 8.7           | -17.4              | 9.4      | -18.7    |
| Total                      | 33.8          | -46.5              | 44.7     | -64.2    |
| Income statement           | 12.2          | -11.9              | 7.5      | -8.3     |
| Other comprehensive income | 21.6          | -34.7              | 37.2     | -55.9    |

In estimating these impacts, mainly changes in credit spreads (for bonds), PDs, LGDs (for CVA of derivatives) and market values of comparable equities were considered. An increase (decrease) of spreads, PDs and LGDs result in a decrease (increase) of the corresponding market values. Positive correlation effects between PDs and LGDs were not taken into account in the sensitivity analysis.

The following ranges of reasonably possible alternatives of the unobservable inputs were considered in the sensitivity analysis table:

- \_ for debt securities range of credit spreads between +100 basis points and -75 basis points,
- \_ for equity related instruments the price range between -10% and +5%,
- \_ for CVA on derivatives PDs rating upgrade/downgrade by one notch, as well as the change of LGD by -5% and +10%.

#### Financial instruments not carried at fair value with fair value disclosed in the notes

The following table shows fair values and the fair value hierarchy of financial instruments for which fair value is disclosed in the notes.

| Dec 16                                       |                 |            |         |         |         |
|--|-----------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|
| in EUR million                               | Carrying amount | Fair value | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Assets                                       |                 |            |         |         |         |
| Cash and cash balances                       | 18,353          | 18,353     | 0       | 0       | 0       |
| Financial assets - held to maturity          | 19,270          | 20,918     | 19,886  | 945     | 86      |
| Loans and receivables to credit institutions | 3,469           | 3,489      | 0       | 174     | 3,315   |
| Loans and receivables to customers           | 130,654         | 132,855    | 0       | 54      | 132,800 |
| Liabilities                                  |                 |            |         |         |         |
| Deposits from banks                          | 14,631          | 14,622     | 0       | 0       | 14,622  |
| Deposits from customers                      | 137,939         | 138,165    | 0       | 0       | 138,165 |
| Debt securities issued                       | 25,503          | 27,010     | 2,659   | 22,651  | 1,701   |
| Other financial liabilities                  | 836             | 820        | 0       | 0       | 820     |
| Financial guarantees and commitments         |                 |            |         |         |         |
| Financial guarantees                         | n/a             | -92        | 0       | 0       | -92     |
| Irrevocable commitments                      | n/a             | -124       | 0       | 0       | -124    |

| Dec 15                                       |                 |            |         |         |         |
|--|-----------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|
| in EUR million                               | Carrying amount | Fair value | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Assets                                       |                 |            |         |         |         |
| Cash and cash balances                       | 12,350          | 12,350     | 0       | 0       | 0       |
| Financial assets - held to maturity          | 17,701          | 19,514     | 18,539  | 920     | 56      |
| Loans and receivables to credit institutions | 4,805           | 4,881      | 0       | 173     | 4,708   |
| Loans and receivables to customers           | 125,897         | 129,000    | 0       | 154     | 128,846 |
| Liabilities                                  |                 |            |         |         |         |
| Deposits from banks                          | 14,212          | 14,493     | 0       | 0       | 14,493  |
| Deposits from customers                      | 127,797         | 128,719    | 0       | 0       | 128,719 |
| Debt securities issued                       | 27,896          | 29,238     | 9,326   | 19,338  | 573     |
| Other financial liabilities                  | 882             | 825        | 0       | 0       | 825     |
| Financial guarantees and commitments         |                 |            |         |         |         |
| Financial guarantees                         | n/a             | -14        | 0       | 0       | -14     |
| Irrevocable commitments                      | n/a             | -25        | 0       | 0       | -25     |
|  |                 |            |         |         |         |

The fair value of loans and advances to customers and credit institutions has been calculated by discounting future cash flows while taking into consideration interest and credit spread effects. The interest rate impact is based on the movements of market rates, while credit spread changes are derived from PDs and LGDs used for internal risk calculations. For the calculation of fair value loans and advances were grouped into homogeneous portfolios based on rating method, rating grade, maturity and the country where they were granted.

The fair values of financial assets held to maturity are either taken directly from the market or they are determined by directly observable input parameters (i.e. yield curves).

The fair value of deposits and other liabilities, measured at amortised cost, is estimated by taking into account the current interest rate environment, as well as the own credit spreads. These positions are assigned to the Level 3 category. For liabilities without contractual maturities (e.g. demand deposits), the carrying amount represents the minimum of their fair value.

The fair value of issued securities and subordinated liabilities measured at amortized cost is based on market prices or on observable market parameters, if these are available. For issued securities where the fair value cannot be retrieved from quoted market prices, the fair value is calculated by discounting the future cash flows. The spread adjustment for Erste Group's own credit risk is derived from buy-back levels of own issuances. Moreover optionality is taken into account when calculating the fair value.

The fair value of off-balance sheet liabilities (i.e. financial guarantees and unused loan commitments) is estimated with the help of regulatory credit conversion factors. The resulting loan equivalents are treated like other on-balance sheet assets. The difference between the calculated market value and the notional amount of the hypothetical loan equivalents represents the fair value of these contingent liabilities. In case of the total market value being higher than the notional amount of the hypothetical loan equivalents the fair value of these contingent liabilities is presented with a negative sign.

#### 47. Fair values of non-financial assets

The following table shows fair values and fair value hierarchy of non-financial instruments.

| Dec 16  |                                       |            |         |         |         |
|---|---------------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|---------|
| in EUR million  | Carrying amount                       | Fair value | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Assets whose fair value is disclosed in the notes         |                                       |            |         |         |         |
| Investment property                                       | 899                                   | 907        | 0       | 300     | 607     |
| Assets whose fair value is presented in the balance sheet |                                       |            |         |         |         |
| Assets held for sale                                      | 104                                   | 119        | 0       | 65      | 54      |
|   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |            |         |         |         |
| Dec 15  |                                       |            |         |         |         |
| in EUR million  | Carrying amount                       | Fair value | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| Assets whose fair value is disclosed in the notes         |                                       | •          | •       | •       |         |
| Investment property                                       | 539                                   | 607        | 1       | 326     | 280     |
| Assets whose fair value is presented in the balance sheet |                                       |            |         |         |         |
| Assets held for sale                                      | 194                                   | 218        | 0       | 57      | 161     |

Investment property is measured at fair value on recurring basis. Assets held for sale are measured at fair value on non-recurring basis when their carrying amount is impaired down to fair value less costs to sell.

The fair values of non-financial assets are determined by experts with recognised and relevant professional qualification.

Fair values of non-financial assets owned by Erste Group through Austrian companies which are located in developed and active real estate markets such as Austria, Czech Republic and Slovakia are based on valuation reports relying essentially on observable market inputs (such as selling price per square meter charged in recent market observable transactions for similar assets). Such measurements are disclosed as Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. If fair values of non-financial assets result from valuation models using expected future rental income method they are presented in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

For non-financial assets owned by Erste Group through subsidiaries located in CEE countries the valuations are carried out mainly using the comparative and investment methods. Assessment is made on the basis of a comparison and analysis of appropriate comparable investment and rental transactions, together with evidence of demand within the vicinity of the relevant property. The characteristics of such similar transactions are then applied to the asset, taking into account size, location, terms, covenant and other material factors. Such measurements are presented in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The book value related to investment property for which no disclosure according to IFRS 13 is required amounts to EUR 124 million as of 31 December 2016. The corresponding fair value amounts to EUR 128 million.

The book value related to assets held for sale for which no disclosure according to IFRS 13 is required amounts to EUR 83 million as of 31 December 2016. The corresponding fair value amounts to EUR 100 million.

# 48. Financial instruments per category according to IAS 39

| Dec 16                          |                       | Cate             | gory of fina | ncial instrume           | ents               |  |                        |  |  |          |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|--------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--|------------------------|--|--|----------|
| in EUR million                  | Loans and receivables | Held to maturity | Trading      | Designated at fair value | Available for sale | Financial<br>liabilities at<br>amortised<br>cost | Other financial assets | Derivatives<br>designated<br>as hedging<br>instruments | Finance<br>lease<br>according<br>to IAS 17 | Total    |
| ASSETS                          | •                     | •                |              | •                        |                    |  |                        | *  |  |          |
| Cash and cash balances          | 14,614                | 0                | 0            | 0                        | 0                  | 0  | 3,738                  | 0  | 0  | 18,353   |
| Loans and receivables           |                       |                  |              |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  |          |
| to credit institutions          | 3,469                 | 0                | 0            | 0                        | 0                  | 0  | 0                      | 0  | 0  | 3,469    |
| Loans and receivables           |                       |                  |              |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  |          |
| to customers                    | 126,804               | 0                | 0            | 0                        | 0                  | 0  | 0                      | 0  | 3,850                                      | 130,654  |
| Derivatives -                   |                       |                  |              |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  |          |
| hedge accounting                | 0                     | 0                | 0            | 0                        | 0                  | 0  | 0                      | 1,424  | 0  | 1,424    |
| Financial assets -              |                       |                  |              |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  |          |
| held for trading                | 268                   | 0                | 7,683        | 0                        | 0                  | 0  | 0                      | 0  | 0  | 7,950    |
| Financial assets - at fair      |                       |                  |              |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  |          |
| value through profit or loss    | 0                     | 0                | 0            | 480                      | 0                  | 0  | 0                      | 0  | 0  | 480      |
| Financial assets -              |                       | _                | _            | _                        |                    |  | _                      | _  | _  |          |
| available for sale              | 0                     | 0                | 0            | 0                        | 19,886             | 0  | 0                      | 0  | 0  | 19,886   |
| Financial assets -              | •                     | 40.070           |              |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  | 40.070   |
| held to maturity                | 0                     | 19,270           | 0            | 0                        | 0                  | 0  | 0                      | 0  | 0  | 19,270   |
| Total financial assets          | 145,156               | 19,270           | 7,683        | 480                      | 19,886             | 0  | 3,738                  | 1,424  | 3,850                                      | 201,487  |
| Net gains/ losses recognized    |                       |                  |              |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  |          |
| through profit or loss          | -184                  | -1               | 119          | -2                       | 147                | 0  | 0                      | 13   | 0  | 92       |
| Net gains/ losses               |                       |                  |              |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  |          |
| recognized through OCI          | 0                     | 0                | 0            | 0                        | -5                 | 0  | 0                      | 0  | 0  | -5       |
| LIABILITIES                     |                       | •                |              | •                        |                    |  |                        | •  |  |          |
| Financial liabilities -         |                       |                  |              |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  |          |
| held for trading                | 0                     | 0                | -4,762       | 0                        | 0                  | 0  | 0                      | 0  | 0  | -4,762   |
| Financial liabilities - at fair |                       |                  |              |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  |          |
| value through profit or loss    | 0                     | 0                | 0            | -1,763                   | 0                  | 0  | 0                      | 0  | 0  | -1,763   |
| Financial liabilities           |                       |                  |              |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  |          |
| measured at amortised cost      | 0                     | 0                | 0            | 0                        | 0                  | -178,909   | 0                      | 0  | 0  | -178,909 |
| Derivatives -                   |                       |                  |              |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  |          |
| hedge accounting                | 0                     | 0                | 0            | 0                        | 0                  | 0  | 0                      | -473   | 0  | -473     |
| Total financial liabilities     | 0                     | 0                | -4,762       | -1,763                   | 0                  | -178,909   | 0                      | -473   | 0  | -185,906 |
| Net gains / losses recognized   | 1                     |                  |              |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  |          |
| through profit or loss          | . 0                   | 0                | 41           | -9                       | 0                  | -12  | 0                      | 0  | 0  | 20       |

Net gains/losses recognised through profit or loss include impairments.

| Dec 15   |                       | Category of financial instruments |         |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  |          |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|--------------------------|--------------------|--|------------------------|--|--|----------|
| in EUR million                                   | Loans and receivables | Held to maturity                  | Trading | Designated at fair value | Available for sale | Financial<br>liabilities at<br>amortised<br>cost | Other financial assets | Derivatives<br>designated<br>as hedging<br>instruments | Finance<br>lease<br>according<br>to IAS 17 | Total    |
| ASSETS   | •                     | •                                 |         |                          |                    | •  |                        | •  | •  |          |
| Cash and cash balances                           | 9,556                 | 0                                 | 0       | 0                        | 0                  | 0  | 2,794                  | 0  | 0  | 12,350   |
| Loans and receivables                            |                       |                                   |         |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  |          |
| to credit institutions                           | 4,805                 | 0                                 | 0       | 0                        | 0                  | 0  | 0                      | 0  | 0  | 4,805    |
| Loans and receivables                            | 122,146               | 0                                 | 0       | 0                        | 0                  | 0  | 0                      | 0  | 3,751                                      | 405.007  |
| to customers                                     | 122,146               | U                                 | U       | U                        | U                  | U  | U                      | U  | 3,751                                      | 125,897  |
| Derivatives - hedge accounting                   | 0                     | 0                                 | 0       | 0                        | 0                  | 0  | 0                      | 2.191  | 0  | 2,191    |
| Financial assets -                               | 0                     |                                   | U       | 0                        | U                  | 0  | 0                      | 2,101  | 0  | 2,101    |
| held for trading                                 | 4                     | 0                                 | 8,716   | 0                        | 0                  | 0  | 0                      | 0  | 0  | 8,719    |
| Financial assets - at fair                       |                       |                                   | ,       |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  |          |
| value through profit or loss                     | 0                     | 0                                 | 0       | 359                      | 0                  | 0  | 0                      | 0  | 0  | 359      |
| Financial assets -                               |                       |                                   |         |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  |          |
| available for sale                               | 0                     | 0                                 | 0       | 0                        | 20,763             | 0  | 0                      | 0  | 0  | 20,763   |
| Financial assets -                               | •                     | 17.701                            |         | •                        |                    | •  |                        | •  | •  | 47.704   |
| held to maturity                                 | 0                     | 17,701                            | 0       | 0                        | 0                  | 0  | 0                      | 0  | 0  | 17,701   |
| Total financial assets                           | 136,511               | 17,701                            | 8,716   | 359                      | 20,763             | 0  | 2,794                  | 2,191  | 3,751                                      | 192,785  |
| Net gains/ losses recognized                     |                       |                                   |         |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  |          |
| through profit or loss                           | -668                  | 1                                 | 37      | 0                        | 22                 | 0  | 0                      | -6   | 0  | -615     |
| Net gains/ losses                                | •                     | •                                 |         | •                        |                    | •  |                        | •  | •  |          |
| recognized through OCI                           | 0                     | 0                                 | 0       | 0                        | -32                | 0  | 0                      | 0  | 0  | -32      |
| LIABILITIES                                      |                       |                                   |         |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  |          |
| Financial liabilities -                          |                       |                                   |         |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  |          |
| held for trading                                 | 0                     | 0                                 | -5,867  | 0                        | 0                  | 0  | 0                      | 0  | 0  | -5,867   |
| Financial liabilities - at fair                  |                       |                                   |         |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  |          |
| value through profit or loss                     | 0                     | 0                                 | 0       | -1,907                   | 0                  | 0  | 0                      | 0  | 0  | -1,907   |
| Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost | 0                     | 0                                 | 0       | 0                        | 0                  | -170,787   | 0                      | 0  | 0  | -170,787 |
| Derivatives -                                    |                       |                                   |         |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  |          |
| hedge accounting                                 | 0                     | 0                                 | 0       | 0                        | 0                  | 0  | 0                      | -593   | 0  | -593     |
| Total financial liabilities                      | 0                     | 0                                 | -5,867  | -1,907                   | 0                  | -170,787   | 0                      | -593   | 0  | -179,154 |
| Net gains/ losses recognized                     | t                     |                                   |         |                          |                    |  |                        |  |  |          |
| through profit or loss                           | 0                     | 0                                 | 37      | 32                       | 0                  | 17   | 0                      | 0  | 0  | -86      |

Net gains/losses recognised through profit or loss include impairments.

# 49. Audit fees and tax consultancy fees

The following table contains fundamental audit fees and tax fees charged by the auditors (of Erste Group Bank AG and subsidiaries; the auditors primarily being Sparkassen-Prüfungsverband, Ernst & Young and Deloitte) in the financial years 2016 and 2015:

| in EUR million                                    | ec 15 | Dec 16 |
|---|-------|--------|
| Audit fees  | 15.7  | 15.3   |
| Other services involving the issuance of a report | 3.3   | 2.7    |
| Tax consultancy fees                              | 3.9   | 2.9    |
| Other services                                    | 5.3   | 17.3   |
| Total   | 28.1  | 38.2   |

For auditing services provided by the Group's auditors EUR 7.9 million (2015: EUR 9.1 million) was paid by Erste Group. The Group's auditors also performed tax consultancy for Erste Group with a value of EUR 0.9 million (2015: EUR 1.0 million).

# 50. Contingent liabilities

To meet the financial needs of customers, the bank enters into various irrevocable commitments and contingent liabilities. Even though these obligations may not be recognised on the balance sheet, they do involve credit risk and are therefore part of the overall risk of the Bank (see Note 44.5 Credit risk).

# Legal proceedings

Erste Group Bank and some of its subsidiaries are involved in legal disputes, most of which have arisen in the course of ordinary banking business. These proceedings are not expected to have a significant negative impact on the financial position or profitability of Erste Group or Erste Group Bank. Erste Group is also subject to the following ongoing proceedings, some of which, if adversely adjudicated, may have a significant impact on the financial position or profitability of Erste Group or Erste Group Bank:

# Consumer protection claims

Several banking subsidiaries of Erste Group have been named in their respective jurisdictions as defendants in a number of lawsuits and in regulatory proceedings, filed by individual customers, regulatory authorities or consumer protection agencies and associations. Some of the lawsuits are class actions. The lawsuits mainly relate to allegations that certain contractual provisions, particularly in respect of consumer loans, violate mandatory consumer protection laws and regulations and that certain fees charged to customers in the past must be repaid. The allegations relate to the enforceability of certain fees as well as of contractual provisions for the adjustment of interest rates and currencies. In some jurisdictions the legal risks in connection with loans granted in the past to consumers are also increased by the enactment of politically motivated laws impacting existing lending relationships, which may result in repayment obligations towards customers, and a level of unpredictability of judicial decisions beyond the level of uncertainty generally imminent in court proceedings. The following consumer protection issues are deemed particularly noteworthy:

In Romania, BCR is, besides being a defendant in a substantial number of individual law suits filed by consumers, among several local banks pursued by the consumer protection authority for alleged abusive clauses pertaining to pre-2010 lending practices. In connection therewith, BCR is currently a defendant in individual litigation claims filed by the local consumer protection authority, in each case on behalf of a single or several borrowers. None of these cases has so far been finally decided by the courts. If one of these cases on the validity of certain clauses becomes adversely adjudicated, this may have the impact of invalidating such clauses also in similar agreements of BCR with other consumers.

In Hungary, foreign currency loan related invalidity lawsuits by consumers against banks, including EBH, have been suspended by the regulations of the 2014 consumer loan law. After the completion of the settlement and the refund process with the customers concerned with the litigation, only a part of the proceedings has been continued so far. However, there is a steady tendency of consumers initiating further court cases after and irrespective of the settlement process completed fully in line with the 2014 consumer loan regulations. In the new statements of claim frequently legal issues are raised which have not been affected and resolved by the 2014 consumer loan regulations. It is expected that EBH will remain a defendant in a number of these litigations and that consumers will continue and initiate further court cases, creating a high level of legal uncertainty. Given, that in one of these lawsuits a preliminary ruling of the European Court of Justice ('ECJ') has been initiated by the local court, it is anticipated that several other pending lawsuits will be suspended until the ECJ adopts its preliminary ruling. Furthermore, in case the ECJ's ruling would be favorable for the plaintiffs, this might lead to an increase of the number of pending lawsuits against EBH.

In Croatia, the Supreme Court of Croatia, in a proceeding initiated by a local consumer protection association against several banks, among them EBC, declared in 2015 that FX clauses in loan agreements with consumers are valid but contractual provisions permitting unilateral change of the variable interest rates in CHF denominated consumer loans, used by the majority of banks until 2008, are null and void. In late 2016, the Croatian Constitutional Court rescinded the part of the Supreme Court decision relating to the validity of FX clauses. Although the validity of the FX clauses remains unchanged, the Supreme Court has been ordered to amend its decision as it allegedly violated the constitutional right to fair trial by not providing sufficient explanation for its decision regarding FX clauses. The outcome of such further judicial review is highly unpredictable and so is its impact, if any, on legal disputes with individual clients related to CHF denominated loan agreements in light of the laws enacted in 2015 that forced banks to accept requests from clients that are consumers or individual professionals to convert their CHF denominated loans into EUR with retroactive effect.

In Austria, several legal proceedings are pending between banks and a consumer organization and individual consumers on the consequences of a reference rate (such as the EURIBOR) being negative on the variable interest rate in lendings to consumers. In essence these disputes are about whether in case of the reference rate being negative the respective bank is allowed to request that the borrower pays interest at a minimum rate, or rather, instead of receiving any interest, might have to make a payment to its borrower for the respective

interest period (in cases in which the negative reference rate is decreasing the margin and in a worst case even resulting in a negative interest rate). Based on analysis of their legal position for their lendings in EUR, which are mostly refinanced by savings deposits of consumers for which it has to pay interest at least in a positive amount, EBOe and savings banks take the view that they are entitled to floor the interest rate in their lendings to consumers in EUR at the agreed margin. Until now there is no established judicial guidance on the consequences of a negative reference rate on lendings to consumers with a variable interest rate. Only with respect to savings deposits, some years ago the Supreme Court dealt with the potential impact of negative interest and ruled that saving accounts must earn some positive interest for the consumer. EBOe and savings banks might be negatively impacted by a court holding which in the situation of a negative reference rate in certain situations practically forces banks, for the respective interest period and/or the past, to make payments to its borrowers.

# Corporate Bond investors's prospectus claims

Since 2014 a number of investors in corporate bonds, issued by a large Austrian construction group in the years 2010, 2011 and 2012, have filed claims with the courts of Vienna against Austrian banks, among them Erste Group Bank, requesting compensation for their losses as bond-holders following the bankruptcy of the issuer in 2013. The plaintiffs argue in essence that the defendant banks, who acted as joint-lead managers in the issuing of the respective bond, already knew of the insolvency status of the issuer at such time and should be liable for the issuing prospectus failing to state this. Erste Group Bank, together with a second Austrian bank, acted as joint-lead manager of the bond issuance in 2011. Erste Group Bank rejects the claims.

#### BCR Banca pentru Locuinte dispute

In 2015, the Romanian Court of Accounts ('CoA') conducted an audit review in BCR Banca Pentru Locuinte ('BpL') in order to assess whether the credit institution has allocated the state subsidies to its clients in accordance with the applicable legal provisions. Following the review, the CoA claims that several deficiencies were identified and that conditions for state subsidies have not been met. BpL did not accept the position taken by the CoA and initiated a contestation process which is currently ongoing. The obligation of repayment of subsidies under the CoA decision has been temporary suspended through an injunction granted to the credit institution in the court of first instance.

# 51. Analysis of remaining maturities

This table contains information about the expected remaining maturities of assets and liabilities:

| in EUR million  | Dec 15   |          | Dec 16   |          |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|
|   | < 1 year | > 1 year | < 1 year | > 1 year |
| Cash and cash balances  | 12,350   | 0        | 18,353   | 0        |
| Financial assets - held for trading                                   | 2,217    | 6,502    | 2,668    | 5,283    |
| Derivatives   | 1,035    | 4,268    | 1,011    | 3,463    |
| Other trading assets  | 1,182    | 2,234    | 1,657    | 1,819    |
| Financial assets - designated at fair value through profit or loss    | 53       | 306      | 55       | 425      |
| Financial assets - available-for-sale                                 | 2,487    | 18,275   | 2,963    | 16,922   |
| Financial assets - held to maturity                                   | 1,769    | 15,932   | 2,086    | 17,184   |
| Loans and receivables to credit institutions                          | 4,196    | 609      | 3,238    | 232      |
| Loans and receivables to customers                                    | 21,416   | 104,480  | 23,500   | 107,155  |
| Derivatives - hedge accounting  | 280      | 1,911    | 214      | 1,211    |
| Property and equipment  | 0        | 2,402    | 0        | 2,477    |
| Investment properties   | 0        | 753      | 0        | 1,023    |
| Intangible assets   | 0        | 1,465    | 0        | 1,390    |
| Investments in associates and joint ventures                          | 0        | 167      | 0        | 193      |
| Current tax assets  | 119      | 0        | 124      | 0        |
| Deferred tax assets   | 0        | 310      | 0        | 234      |
| Assets held for sale  | 526      | 0        | 279      | 0        |
| Other assets  | 989      | 228      | 809      | 211      |
| TOTAL ASSETS  | 46,403   | 153,340  | 54,288   | 153,939  |
| Finanacial liabilities - held for trading                             | 1,203    | 4,665    | 1,084    | 3,677    |
| Derivatives   | 1,193    | 4,241    | 918      | 3,266    |
| Other trading liabilities   | 10       | 423      | 166      | 411      |
| Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss | 239      | 1,668    | 343      | 1,420    |
| Deposits from banks   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        |
| Deposits from customers   | 134      | 15       | 74       | 0        |
| Debt securities issued  | 105      | 1,653    | 269      | 1,420    |
| Other financial liabilities   | 0        | 0        | 0        | 0        |
| Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost                      | 99,750   | 71,036   | 117,923  | 60,986   |
| Deposits from banks   | 9,910    | 4,302    | 9,994    | 4,638    |
| Deposits from customers   | 84,511   | 43,286   | 103,154  | 34,785   |
| Debt securities issued  | 4,464    | 23,432   | 3,948    | 21,554   |
| Other financial liabilities   | 866      | 16       | 827      | 9        |
| Derivatives - hedge accounting  | 48       | 545      | 132      | 340      |
| Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged items                       | 98       | 868      | 95       | 847      |
| Provisions  | 245      | 1,491    | 169      | 1,533    |
| Current tax liabilities   | 90       | 0        | 66       | 0        |
| Deferred tax liabilities  | 0        | 96       | 0        | 68       |
| Liabilities associated with assets held for sale                      | 578      | 0        | 5        | 0        |
| Other liabilities   | 1,939    | 378      | 1,926    | 1,010    |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES   | 104,189  | 80,747   | 121,744  | 69,881   |

# 52. Own funds and capital requirements

#### Own funds and capital requirements

Among others, Erste Group fulfils hereinafter the disclosure requirements according to the Capital Requirements Regulation (CRR), in detail Articles 436 (b) – (e) CRR and Articles 437 (1) (a), (d), (e) and (f) CRR. References to chapters refer to the financial statements.

# **Regulatory Requirements**

Since 1 January 2014, Erste Group has been calculating the regulatory capital and the regulatory capital requirements according to Basel 3. The requirements were implemented within the EU by the Capital Requirements Regulation (CRR) and the Capital Requirement Directive (CRD IV). The CRD IV was enacted in national law in the Austrian Banking Act (ABA). Erste Group applies these rules and calculates the capital ratios according to Basel 3, taking into consideration the Austrian transitional provisions which are defined in the CRR Suplementary Regulation (CRR'Begleitverordnung'), published by the Austrian regulator. Starting with 1 October 2016 the European Regulation of the European Central Bank on the exercise of options and discretions available in Union law entered into force, which is applied by Erste Group as well.

All requirements as defined in the CRR, the ABA and in technical standards issued by the European Banking Authority (EBA) are fully applied by Erste Group for regulatory purposes and for the disclosure of regulatory information.

#### **Accounting Principles**

The financial and regulatory figures published by Erste Group are based on IFRS. Eligible capital components are derived from the balance sheet and income statement which were prepared in accordance with IFRS. Adjustments to the accounting figures are considered due to the different definitions in the scopes of consolidation. Further details are explained in the section 'Regulatory scope of consolidation'. The uniform closing date of the consolidated regulatory figures of Erste Group is the 31 December of the respective year.

# Comparison of consolidation for accounting purposes and regulatory purposes

Disclosure requirements: Article 436 (b) CRR

#### **Scope of Consolidation**

Further details regarding the IFRS scope of consolidation are disclosed in chapter 'B. Significant accounting policies' under the section 'scope of consolidation'.

The regulatory scope of consolidation is used as a synonym for the scope of consolidation that follows the regulatory requirements for consolidation as defined by the CRR and the ABA, which introduces the requirements of the CRD IV into national law.

#### Regulatory scope of consolidation

The regulatory scope of consolidation is defined in Part One, Title II, chapter 2, Section 3 of the CRR. The definition of entities to be consolidated for regulatory purposes are mainly defined in Article 4 (1) (3) and (16) to (27) CRR in conjunction with the Articles 18 and 19 CRR and Article 30 ABA. Based on the relevant sections in Article 4 CRR, entities to be consolidated are determined based on the business activity of the relevant entities.

# Main differences between the IFRS- and the regulatory scope of consolidation based on the different requirements as defined in IFRS and CRR as well as the ABA

- Based on the CRR and ABA, mainly credit institutions pursuant to Article 4 (1) (1) CRR, investment firms pursuant to Article 4 (1) (2) CRR, ancillary services undertakings pursuant to Article 4 (1) (18) CRR and financial institutions pursuant to Article 4 (1) (26) CRR have to be considered within the regulatory scope of consolidation. On the contrary under IFRS all controlled entities, irrespectively of their business purpose, have to be consolidated.
- Exclusion of entities from the regulatory scope of consolidation can be applied based on Article 19 CRR. According to Article 19 (1) CRR, entities can be excluded from the regulatory scope if their total assets and off-balance sheet items are less than the lower amount of either EUR 10 million or 1% of the total amount and off-balance sheet items of the parent company. Erste Group applies Article 19 (1) CRR.
- According to Article 19 (2) CRR, entities can also be excluded if the limits defined in Article 19 (1) CRR are exceeded, but are not relevant for regulatory purposes. Exclusion of entities based on Article 19 (2) CRR needs the prior approval of the competent authorities. For entities that exceed the limits as defined in Article 19 (1) CRR by insignificant amounts, Erste Group applies Article 19 (2) CRR and follows the requirements for the approval process as defined within this article. Erste Group does not apply Article 19 (1) and (2) CRR for credit institutions and investment firms.

# **Consolidation methods**

### Main differences between the IFRS- and the regulatory consolidation method, considering regulatory adjustments

For the calculation of consolidated own funds, Erste Group generally applies the same consolidation methods as used for accounting purposes. The difference relates to Article 18 (4) CRR only, which requires proportional consolidation of entities and financial institutions managed by an undertaking included in the consolidation together with one or more undertakings not included in the consolidation, where the liability of those undertakings is limited to the share of the equity held by the institution. Based on Article 18 (4) CRR, Erste Group applies proportional consolidation for two entities.

# Consideration of consolidation methods for the calculation of consolidated own funds according to the CRR

The amounts used for the calculation of the own funds derive from the balance sheet according to IFRS. The amounts that are used as the basis for the calculation of own funds are recalculated based on the definition of the regulatory scope of consolidation according to the CRR. The difference between the IFRS balance sheet and the regulatory balance sheet arises from the different scopes of consolidation (see table regarding balance sheet reconciliation). Amounts that relate to the own shares as well as to the minority interests in fully consolidated entities are therefore determined based on the regulatory scope of consolidation according to CRR. Minority interests are calculated based on the requirements as defined in Articles 81 to 88 CRR. Minority interests that relate to entities other than credit institutions are excluded from the own funds. Minority interests that relate to credit institutions are limited to capital requirements that relate to the minority interests in the relevant credit institutions. Erste Group applies Article 84 CRR. According to Austrian transitional provisions, 60% of the non-eligible minorities have to be excluded from consolidated own funds in 2016. As Erste Group applies the Austrian transitional provisions on group-level this percentage has been applied to the exclusion of minority interests in own funds as of 31 December 2016. Amounts that relate to minority interests in other comprehensive income are neither included in the consolidated own funds of Erste Group according to the final CRR provisions nor during the transitional period.

# Consideration of non-consolidated financial sector entities and deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability arising from temporary differences within the calculation of consolidated common equity tier 1 of Erste Group

Carrying amounts representing the investments in financial sector entities as defined in Article 4 (27) CRR that are not fully consolidated or considered by using the at equity method for regulatory purposes have to be deducted from the own funds based on the requirements as defined in Articles 36 (1) (h), 45 and 46 CRR for non-significant investments and Articles 36 (1) (i) CRR, Article 43, 45, 47 and 48 CRR for significant investments. For these purposes, non-significant investments are defined as investments in financial sector entities in which the participation is equal to or less than 10% of common equity tier 1 (CET1) of the relevant financial sector entities, while significant investments are defined as investments that are above 10% of the CET1 of the relevant financial sector entities. To determine the participation in the relevant financial sector entities, these participations are calculated based on the direct, indirect and synthetic holdings in the relevant entities.

According to Article 46 (1) (a) CRR, holdings in non-significant investments have to be deducted only if the total amount for such investments, including additional tier 1 items according to Article 56 (c) and 59 CRR and tier 2 items according to Article 66 (c) and 70 CRR, exceeds a defined threshold of 10% in relation to CET1 of the reporting institution. The deduction shall be applied to the amount that exceeds the 10% threshold. Amounts that are equal to or less than 10% of the CET1 of the reporting institution are considered with the applicable risk weights according part 3, title II, chapter 2 respectively chapter 3 and if necessary according to the requirements of part 3, title IV within the Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs) based on the requirements according to Article 46 (4) CRR.

For the deduction of significant investments in the CET1 of financial sector entities, a threshold is defined in Article 48 (2) CRR. According to Article 48 (2) CRR, significant investments in the CET1 of financial sector entities have to be deducted only if they exceed 10% of the CET1 of the reporting institution. If the 10% threshold is exceeded, the deduction is limited to the amount by which the defined threshold is exceeded. The remaining amount has to be considered within the calculation of the RWAs. The risk weight (RW) is defined at 250% according to Article 48 (4) CRR.

In addition to the aforementioned threshold, a combined threshold for the deduction of significant investments according to Article 36 (1) (i) CRR and for deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability and arise from temporary differences according to Article 36 (1) (c) CRR as well as according to Article 38 CRR is defined in Article 48 (2) CRR. The combined threshold according to Article 48 (2) CRR is defined at 17.65% of the CET1 of the reporting institution. If the threshold is exceeded, the exceeding amount has to be deducted from the CET1 of the reporting institution. The remaining amount has to be considered within the RWAs. A 250% RW shall be applied for the amount not exceeding the 17.65% threshold according to Article 48 (4) CRR.

Beside the 17.65% combined threshold, a 10% threshold related to the CET1 capital of the reporting institution is applied for deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability and arise from temporary differences according to Article 48 (3) CRR. In case the amount for de-

ferred tax assets that rely on future profitability and which arise from temporary differences exceeds the threshold of 10% of CET1 of the reporting institution the exceeding amount has to be deducted from the CET1 of the reporting institution. The amount that is equal to or less than the threshold as defined in Article 48 (3) CRR has to be considered within the calculation of RWAs with a 250% RW according to Article 48 (4) CRR.

At the reporting date, Erste Group did not exceed any of the aforementioned thresholds. Hence, direct, indirect and synthetic investments in financial sector entities were not deducted from the consolidated own funds of Erste Group and therefore are considered in RWAs.

# Threshold calculations according to Articles 46 and 48 CRR

| in EUR million Dec 15  | Dec 16 |
|--|--------|
| Non-significant investments in financial sector entities   |        |
| Threshold (10% of CET1) 1,228  | 1,326  |
| Holdings in CET1 –238  | -150   |
| Holdings in AT1 -15  | -16    |
| Holdings in T2 –455  | -395   |
| Distance to threshold 520  | 765    |
| Significant investments in financial sector entities   |        |
| Threshold (10% of CET1) 1,228  | 1,326  |
| Holdings in CET1 –254  | -306   |
| Distance to threshold 974  | 1,019  |
| Deferred tax assets  |        |
| Threshold (10% of CET1) 1,228  | 1,326  |
| Deferred tax assets that are dependent on future profitability and arise from temporary differences -209   | -157   |
| Distance to threshold 1,019  | 1,168  |
| Combined threshold for deferred tax assets and significant investments   |        |
| Threshold (17.65% of CET1) 2,168   | 2,340  |
| Deferred tax assets that are dependent on future profitability and arise from temporary differences and CET1 instruments of financial sector entities where the institution has a significant investment  -464 | -463   |
| Distance to threshold 1,704  | 1,876  |

# Presentation of the scope of consolidation

# Number of entities within the different scopes of consolidation

| Dec 16  | IFRS |        | CRR  |              |            |        |  |
|---|------|--------|------|--------------|------------|--------|--|
|   | Full | Equity | Full | Proportional | De Minimis | Equity |  |
| Credit institutions   | 67   | 2      | 67   | 1            | 0          | 1      |  |
| Financial institutions, financial holding companies and mixed financial holding companies | 214  | 35     | 211  | 1            | 43         | 17     |  |
| Ancillary service undertakings, investment firms and asset management companies           | 78   | 1      | 50   | 0            | 57         | 1      |  |
| Others  | 89   | 13     | 0    | 0            | 0          | 0      |  |

| Dec 15  | IFRS |        |      | CRR          |            |        |  |  |
|---|------|--------|------|--------------|------------|--------|--|--|
|   | Full | Equity | Full | Proportional | De Minimis | Equity |  |  |
| Credit institutions   | 67   | 2      | 67   | 1            | 0          | 1      |  |  |
| Financial institutions, financial holding companies and mixed financial holding companies | 238  | 34     | 233  | 1            | 48         | 15     |  |  |
| Ancillary service undertakings, investment firms and                                      |      |        |      |              |            |        |  |  |
| asset management companies  | 80   | 1      | 52   | 0            | 54         | 1      |  |  |
| Others  | 111  | 15     | 0    | 0            | 0          | 0      |  |  |

As of 31 December 2016 the number of companies consolidated according to IFRS was 499. The number of companies consolidated according to regulatory capital requirements, except those entities which are covered by Article 19 (1) and (2) CRR was 349.

# Changes within the fully consolidated entities within the regulatory scope of consolidation

|   | Dec 15 | New | Deconsolidated | Merged | Reclassification | Dec 16 |
|---|--------|-----|----------------|--------|------------------|--------|
| Credit institutions                                 | 67     | 1   | 1              | 0      | 0                | 67     |
| Austria   | 52     | 0   | 0              | 0      | 0                | 52     |
| CEE   | 14     | 1   | 0              | 0      | 0                | 15     |
| Other   | 1      | 0   | 1              | 0      | 0                | 0      |
| Financial institutions, financial holding companies |        |     |                |        |                  |        |
| and mixed financial holding companies               | 233    | 4   | 14             | 12     | 0                | 211    |
| Austria   | 148    | 1   | 6              | 10     | 0                | 133    |
| CEE   | 65     | 1   | 6              | 1      | 0                | 59     |
| Other   | 20     | 2   | 2              | 1      | 0                | 19     |
| Ancillary service undertakings, investment firms    |        |     |                |        |                  |        |
| and asset management companies                      | 52     | 2   | 2              | 2      | 0                | 50     |
| Austria   | 20     | 2   | 0              | 1      | 0                | 21     |
| CEE   | 27     | 0   | 1              | 1      | 0                | 25     |
| Other   | 5      | 0   | 1              | 0      | 0                | 4      |

|   | Dec 14 | New | Deconsolidated | Merged | Reclassification | Dec 15 |
|---|--------|-----|----------------|--------|------------------|--------|
| Credit institutions                                 | 67     | 0   | 0              | 0      | 0                | 67     |
| Austria   | 52     | 0   | 0              | 0      | 0                | 52     |
| CEE   | 14     | 0   | 0              | 0      | 0                | 14     |
| Other   | 1      | 0   | 0              | 0      | 0                | 1      |
| Financial institutions, financial holding companies |        |     |                |        |                  |        |
| and mixed financial holding companies               | 244    | 7   | 9              | 9      | 0                | 233    |
| Austria   | 155    | 2   | 1              | 8      | 0                | 148    |
| CEE   | 74     | 0   | 8              | 1      | 0                | 65     |
| Other   | 15     | 5   | 0              | 0      | 0                | 20     |
| Ancillary service undertakings, investment firms    |        |     |                |        |                  |        |
| and asset management companies                      | 52     | 4   | 2              | 2      | 0                | 52     |
| Austria   | 19     | 2   | 0              | 1      | 0                | 20     |
| CEE   | 28     | 2   | 2              | 1      | 0                | 27     |
| Other   | 5      | 0   | 0              | 0      | 0                | 5      |

# Impediments to the transfer of own funds

Disclosure requirement: Article 436 (c) CRR

Currently there are no restrictions or significant impediments to the transfer of financial funds or regulatory capital known for Erste Group. Further details are disclosed in chapter 'B. Significant accounting policies'.

# Total capital shortfall of all subsidiaries not included in the consolidation

Disclosure requirement: Article 436 (d) (e) CRR

As of 31 December 2016, there was no capital shortfall at any of the companies included in Erste Group's consolidation.

# Own funds

Own funds according to CRR consist of common equity tier 1 (CET1), additional tier 1 (AT1) and tier 2 (T2). In order to determine the capital ratios, each respective capital component – after application of all regulatory deductions and filters – is considered in relation to the total risk.

The items of own funds as disclosed are also used for internal capital management purpose. Erste Group fulfilled the capital requirements.

The regulatory minimum capital ratios including the regulatory buffers amount to 5.4% for CET1 (4.5% CET1, +0.625% capital conservation buffer, +0.25% buffer for systemic vulnerability and for systemic concentration risk and +0.003% countercyclical capital buffer), 6.9% for tier 1 capital (sum of CET1 and AT1) and 8.9% for total own funds as of 31 December 2016.

In addition to minimum capital ratios and capital buffer requirements, institutions also have to fulfil capital requirements determined in the Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process (SREP). As a result of the 2015 SREP performed by the European Central Bank (ECB),

Erste Group on a consolidated level is required to meet a transitional common equity tier 1 (CET1) ratio of 9.5% as of 1 January 2016. This minimum CET1 ratio of 9.5% includes Pillar 1, Pillar 2 as well as capital conservation buffer requirements and countercyclical capital buffer requirements, but excludes the 0.25% systemic vulnerability and for systemic concentration risk.

Capital buffer requirements are set out in sections 23 (capital conservation buffer), 23a (countercyclical buffer), 23b (Global Systemic Important Institution (G-SII) buffer), 23c (Other Systemic Important Institution (O-SII) buffer) and 23d (systemic risk buffer) of the ABA and further specified in the regulation of the Financial Market Authority (FMA) on the establishment and recognition of the countercyclical buffer rate in accordance with section 23a para 3 ABA, on the establishment of the systemic risk buffer in accordance with section 23d para 3 ABA as well as on the detailed definition of the bases of calculation in accordance with section 23a para 3 clause 1 ABA and section 24 para 2 ABA (capital buffers regulation). All capital buffers have to be met entirely with CET1 capital and relate, accept the countercyclical buffer, to total risk.

Sections 23, 23a, 23b and 23c ABA as well as the capital buffers regulation entered into force on 1 January 2016. The capital buffers regulation was amended on 23 May 2016 to include requirements for O-SII buffers. As of the reporting date 31 December 2016, Erste Group has to fulfil the following capital buffer requirements.

According to section 23 para 1 ABA, Erste Group has to establish a capital conservation buffer in the amount of 2.5%.

The transitional provisions for capital conservation buffers are regulated in section 103q para 11 ABA as follows

- \_ For the period from 1 January 2016 until 31 December 2016 by way of derogation from the requirements under section 23 ABA the capital buffer requirement for the capital conservation buffer amounts to 0.625%;
- \_ For the period from 1 January 2017 until 31 December 2017 by way of derogation from the requirements under section 23 ABA, the capital buffer requirement for the capital conservation buffer amounts to 1.25%;
- \_ For the period from 1 January 2018 until 31 December 2018 by way of derogation from the requirements under section 23 ABA, the capital buffer requirement for the capital conservation buffer amounts to 1.875%.

According to section 23a ABA the capital buffer requirement for the countercyclical capital buffer is regulated in section 4 capital buffers regulation as follows

- \_ The institution specific requirement for the countercyclical buffer in accordance with section 23a para 1 ABA results from the weighted average of the rates of the countercyclical capital buffer that apply in the jurisdictions where significant credit risk positions are situated in accordance with section 5 of the credit institution, multiplied by the total amount of risk in accordance with Art. 92 (3), of the Regulation (EU) no. 575/2013
- \_ For the calculation of the weighted average according to para 1 capital buffer requirement, the countercyclical buffer quota for the national area as defined by the respective authority is multiplied with the result out of the comparison of the capital requirement related to significant credit risk positions within the national area and the total capital requirement as defined within Part 3, Title II and IV of Regulation (EU) no. 575/2013.
- \_ Starting from 1 January 2016 is for the purposes of section 23a para 3 clause 2 ABA the capital buffer rate for the home country allocated, significant credit risk positions 0%.
- If the competent authority of another member state or a third country for the national legal area determines a rate of over 2.5% for the purposes of para 1 for significant credit risk positions in this legal area, a rate of 2.5% has to be applied.
- \_ If the responsible third country authority establishes a national buffer rate, this rate is valid twelve months after the date on which the relevant third country authority has announced a change in the buffer rate.

The transitional provisions for the countercyclical buffer are regulated in section 103q para 11 ABA as follows

- \_ For the period from 1 January 2016 until 31 December 2016 by way of derogation from the requirements under section 23a ABA the capital buffer requirement for the countercyclical buffer amounts to a maximum of 0.625%;
- \_ For the period from 1 January 2017 until 31 December 2017 by way of derogation from the requirements under section 23a ABA, the capital buffer requirement for the countercyclical buffer amounts to a maximum of 1.25%;
- \_ For the period from 1 January 2018 until 31 December 2018 by way of derogation from the requirements under section 23a ABA, the capital buffer requirement for the countercyclical buffer amounts to a maximum of 1.875%.

Erste Group is not obliged to establish a G-SII buffer in line with section 23b ABA. According to Section 7b of the capital buffers regulation, Erste Group has to establish an O-SII buffer under section 23c ABA in the amount of 2%. However, Erste Group is only required to hold the higher of the O-SII and the systemic risk buffer under section 23d ABA. As the size of the O-SII buffer as well as the transitional arrangements for its introduction are identical to the provisions for the systemic risk buffer as set out below, no additional buffer requirements arise for Erste Group.

With respect to the systemic risk buffer under section 23d ABA, the capital buffers regulation specifies

- \_ According to section 7 para 1 (2) capital buffers regulation, Erste Group has to establish a capital buffer for systemic vulnerability in the amount of 1%.
- \_ According to section 7 para 2 (1) capital buffers regulation, Erste Group has to establish a capital buffer for the systemic concentration risk in the amount of 1%.

In accordance with section 10 capital buffers regulation the buffer rates for systemic vulnerability and for systemic concentration risk respectively are phased in according to the schedule below

- from 1 January to 31 December 2016 with 0.25%,
- from 1 January to 31 December 2017 with 0.5%,
- from 1 January to 31 December 2018 with 1%.

The Austrian savings banks are included as subsidiaries in Erste Group's regulatory scope of consolidation based on the cross-guarantee contract of the 'Haftungsverbund'. Furthermore, Erste Group Bank AG together with the savings banks forms an institutional protection scheme (IPS) according to Article 113 (7) CRR. Disclosure requirements for the institutional protection scheme according to Article 113 (7) e CRR are met by the publication of the consolidated financial statements, which cover all entities included in the institutional protection scheme.

# Capital structure according to EU directive 575/2013 (CRR)

| in EUR million         Article pursuant to CRR         Phased-in           Common equity tier 1 capital (CET1)         26 (1) (a) (b), 27 to 30, 36         2,336           Capital instruments eligible as CET1         (1) (f), 42         2,336           Own CET1 instruments         36 (1) (f), 42         -72           Retained earnings         26 (1) (c), 26 (2)         8,811           Accumulated other comprehensive income         4 (1) (100), 26 (1) (d)         -190           Minority interest recognised in CET1         4 (1) (120) 84         3,395           Transitional adjustments due to additional minority interests         479, 480         57           Prudential filter: cash flow hedge reserve         33 (1) (a)         -97           Prudential filter: cumulative gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities         33 (1) (b)         -38           Prudential filter: fair value gains and losses arising from the institution's own credit risk related to derivative liabilities         33 (1) (c), 33 (2)         -9           Value adjustments due to the requirements for prudent valuation         34, 105         -112           Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised gains (40%)         468         -571           Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised losses (40%)         467         0           Securitizations with a risk weight of1,250% </th <th>2,336 -72 8,811 -190 3,395 0 -97 -38 -9 -112 -238 0 0 -771 -657</th> <th>2,336 -35 9,518 -276 3,581 72 -88 -57 -8 -90 -346 43 -29</th> <th>2,336 -35 9,518 -276 3,581 -0 -88 -57 -8 -90</th>  | 2,336 -72 8,811 -190 3,395 0 -97 -38 -9 -112 -238 0 0 -771 -657                   | 2,336 -35 9,518 -276 3,581 72 -88 -57 -8 -90 -346 43 -29                            | 2,336 -35 9,518 -276 3,581 -0 -88 -57 -8 -90                  |
|--|---|---|---|
| Capital instruments eligible as CET1   | -72 8,811 -190 3,395 0 -97 -38 -9 -112 -238 0 0 -771                              | -35<br>9,518<br>-276<br>3,581<br>72<br>-88<br>-57<br>-8<br>-90<br>-346<br>43<br>-29 | -35<br>9,518<br>-276<br>3,581<br>0<br>-88<br>-57<br>-8<br>-90 |
| Capital instruments eligible as CET1         (1) (f), 42         2,336           Own CET1 instruments         36 (1) (f), 42         -72           Retained earnings         26 (1) (c), 26 (2)         8,811           Accumulated other comprehensive income         4 (1) (100), 26 (1) (d)         -190           Minority interest recognised in CET1         4 (1) (120) 84         3,395           Transitional adjustments due to additional minority interests         479, 480         57           Prudential filter: cash flow hedge reserve         33 (1) (a)         -97           Prudential filter: cumulative gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities         33 (1) (b)         -38           Prudential filter: fair value gains and losses arising from the institution's own credit risk related to derivative liabilities         33 (1) (c), 33 (2)         -9           Value adjustments due to the requirements for prudent valuation         34, 105         -112           Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised gains (40%)         468         -571           Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised losses (40%)         467         0           Securitizations with a risk weight of1,250%         36 (1) (k)         0           Goodwill         4 (1) (113), 36 (1) (b), 37         -771   | -72 8,811 -190 3,395 0 -97 -38 -9 -112 -238 0 0 -771                              | -35<br>9,518<br>-276<br>3,581<br>72<br>-88<br>-57<br>-8<br>-90<br>-346<br>43<br>-29 | -35<br>9,518<br>-276<br>3,581<br>(<br>-88<br>-57<br>-8        |
| Own CET1 instruments         36 (1) (f), 42         -72           Retained earnings         26 (1) (c), 26 (2)         8,811           Accumulated other comprehensive income         4 (1) (100), 26 (1) (d)         -190           Minority interest recognised in CET1         4 (1) (120) 84         3,395           Transitional adjustments due to additional minority interests         479, 480         57           Prudential filter: cash flow hedge reserve         33 (1) (a)         -97           Prudential filter: cumulative gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities         33 (1) (b)         -38           Prudential filter: fair value gains and losses arising from the institution's own credit risk related to derivative liabilities         33 (1) (c), 33 (2)         -9           Value adjustments due to the requirements for prudent valuation         34, 105         -112           Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised gains (40%)         468         -571           Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised losses (40%)         467         0           Securitizations with a risk weight of1,250%         36 (1) (k)         0           Goodwill         4 (1) (113), 36 (1) (b), 37         -771  | -72 8,811 -190 3,395 0 -97 -38 -9 -112 -238 0 0 -771                              | -35<br>9,518<br>-276<br>3,581<br>72<br>-88<br>-57<br>-8<br>-90<br>-346<br>43<br>-29 | -35<br>9,518<br>-276<br>3,581<br>0<br>-88<br>-57<br>-8<br>-90 |
| Retained earnings         26 (1) (c), 26 (2)         8,811           Accumulated other comprehensive income         4 (1) (100), 26 (1) (d)         -190           Minority interest recognised in CET1         4 (1) (120) 84         3,395           Transitional adjustments due to additional minority interests         479, 480         57           Prudential filter: cash flow hedge reserve         33 (1) (a)         -97           Prudential filter: cumulative gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities         33 (1) (b)         -38           Prudential filter: fair value gains and losses arising from the institution's own credit risk related to derivative liabilities         33 (1) (c), 33 (2)         -9           Value adjustments due to the requirements for prudent valuation         34, 105         -112           Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised gains (40%)         468         -571           Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised losses (40%)         467         0           Securitizations with a risk weight of1,250%         36 (1) (k)         0           Goodwill         4 (1) (113), 36 (1) (b), 37         -771  | 8,811<br>-190<br>3,395<br>0<br>-97<br>-38<br>-9<br>-112<br>-238<br>0<br>0<br>-771 | 9,518 -276 3,581 72 -88 -57 -8 -90 -346 43 -29                                      | 9,518<br>-276<br>3,581<br>(<br>-88<br>-57<br>-8               |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income 4 (1) (100), 26 (1) (d) -190  Minority interest recognised in CET1 4 (1) (120) 84 3,395  Transitional adjustments due to additional minority interests 479, 480 57  Prudential filter: cash flow hedge reserve 33 (1) (a) -97  Prudential filter: cumulative gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities 33 (1) (b) -38  Prudential filter: fair value gains and losses arising from the institution's own credit risk related to derivative liabilities 33 (1) (c), 33 (2) -9  Value adjustments due to the requirements for prudent valuation 34, 105 -112  Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised gains (40%) 468 -571  Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised losses (40%) 467 0  Securitizations with a risk weight of1,250% 36 (1) (k) 0  Goodwill 4 (1) (113), 36 (1) (b), 37 -771   | -190 3,395 0 -97 -38 -9 -112 -238 0 0 -771  | -276 3,581 72 -88 -57 -8 -90 -346 43 -29  | -276<br>3,581<br>0<br>-88<br>-57<br>-8                        |
| Minority interest recognised in CET1 4 (1) (120) 84 3,395  Transitional adjustments due to additional minority interests 479, 480 57  Prudential filter: cash flow hedge reserve 33 (1) (a) -97  Prudential filter: cumulative gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities 33 (1) (b) -38  Prudential filter: fair value gains and losses arising from the institution's own credit risk related to derivative liabilities 33 (1) (c), 33 (2) -9  Value adjustments due to the requirements for prudent valuation 34, 105 -112  Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised gains (40%) 468 -571  Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised losses (40%) 467 0  Securitizations with a risk weight of1,250% 36 (1) (k) 0  Goodwill 4 (1) (113), 36 (1) (b), 37 -771  | 3,395<br>0<br>-97<br>-38<br>-9<br>-112<br>-238<br>0<br>0<br>-771                  | 3,581<br>72<br>-88<br>-57<br>-8<br>-90<br>-346<br>43<br>-29                         | 3,581<br>(<br>-88<br>-57<br>-6<br>-90                         |
| Transitional adjustments due to additional minority interests 479, 480 57  Prudential filter: cash flow hedge reserve 33 (1) (a) -97  Prudential filter: cumulative gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities 33 (1) (b) -38  Prudential filter: fair value gains and losses arising from the institution's own credit risk related to derivative liabilities 33 (1) (c), 33 (2) -9  Value adjustments due to the requirements for prudent valuation 34, 105 -112  Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised gains (40%) 468 -571  Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised losses (40%) 467 0  Securitizations with a risk weight of1,250% 36 (1) (k) 0  Goodwill 4 (1) (113), 36 (1) (b), 37 -771   | 0<br>-97<br>-38<br>-9<br>-112<br>-238<br>0<br>0<br>-771                           | 72<br>-88<br>-57<br>-8<br>-90<br>-346<br>43<br>-29                                  | -57<br>-88<br>-57<br>-8<br>-90                                |
| Prudential filter: cash flow hedge reserve 33 (1) (a) -97  Prudential filter: cumulative gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities 33 (1) (b) -38  Prudential filter: fair value gains and losses arising from the institution's own credit risk related to derivative liabilities 33 (1) (c), 33 (2) -9  Value adjustments due to the requirements for prudent valuation 34, 105 -112  Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised gains (40%) 468 -571  Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised losses (40%) 467 0  Securitizations with a risk weight of1,250% 36 (1) (k) 0  Goodwill 4 (1) (113), 36 (1) (b), 37 -771  | -97 -38 -9 -112 -238 0 0 -771   | -88 -57 -8 -90 -346 43 -29  | -88<br>-57<br>-8<br>-90                                       |
| Prudential filter: cumulative gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities 33 (1) (b) -38  Prudential filter: fair value gains and losses arising from the institution's own credit risk related to derivative liabilities 33 (1) (c), 33 (2) -9  Value adjustments due to the requirements for prudent valuation 34, 105 -112  Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised gains (40%) 468 -571  Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised losses (40%) 467 0  Securitizations with a risk weight of1,250% 36 (1) (k) 0  Goodwill 4 (1) (113), 36 (1) (b), 37 -771   | -38 -9 -112 -238 0 0 -771   | -57 -8 -90 -346 43 -29  | -57<br>-8<br>-90  |
| on fair valued liabilities     33 (1) (b)     -38       Prudential filter: fair value gains and losses arising from the institution's own credit risk related to derivative liabilities     33 (1) (c), 33 (2)     -9       Value adjustments due to the requirements for prudent valuation     34, 105     -112       Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised gains (40%)     468     -571       Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised losses (40%)     467     0       Securitizations with a risk weight of1,250%     36 (1) (k)     0       Goodwill     4 (1) (113), 36 (1) (b), 37     -771  | -9 -112 -238 0 0 -771   | -8<br>-90<br>-346<br>43<br>-29  | -8<br>-90<br>0  |
| credit risk related to derivative liabilities33 (1) (c), 33 (2)-9Value adjustments due to the requirements for prudent valuation34, 105-112Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised gains (40%)468-571Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised losses (40%)4670Securitizations with a risk weight of1,250%36 (1) (k)0Goodwill4 (1) (113), 36 (1) (b), 37-771   | -112<br>-238<br>0<br>0<br>-771  | -90<br>-346<br>43<br>-29  | -90<br>0  |
| Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised gains (40%)468-571Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised losses (40%)4670Securitizations with a risk weight of1,250%36 (1) (k)0Goodwill4 (1) (113), 36 (1) (b), 37-771  | -238<br>0<br>0<br>-771  | -346<br>43<br>-29   | 0   |
| Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised losses (40%)         467         0           Securitizations with a risk weight of1,250%         36 (1) (k)         0           Goodwill         4 (1) (113), 36 (1) (b), 37         -771  | 0<br>0<br>-771  | 43<br>-29   |   |
| Securitizations with a risk weight of1,250%         36 (1) (k)         0           Goodwill         4 (1) (113), 36 (1) (b), 37         -771   | 0<br>-771   | -29   | 0   |
| Securitizations with a risk weight of1,250%         36 (1) (k)         0           Goodwill         4 (1) (113), 36 (1) (b), 37         -771   | -771  |   | U   |
| Goodwill 4 (1) (113), 36 (1) (b), 37 -771  |   |   | -29   |
| \(\frac{1}{1} \cdot \frac{1}{1} \cdot \frac{1} \cdot \frac{1}{1} \cdot \frac{1}{1} \cdot \frac{1}{1} \ |   | -709  | -709  |
| Other intangible assets 4 (1) (115), 36 (1) (b), 37(a) -657  |   | -646  | -646  |
| Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability and do not arise from temporary  |   |   | 0.0   |
| differences net of associated tax liabilities 36 (1) (c), 38 –93   | -93   | -74   | -74   |
| IRB shortfall of credit risk adjustments to expected losses 36 (1) (d), 40, 158, 159 – 220   | -220  | -168  | -168  |
| Other transitional adjustments CET1 469 to 472, 478, 481 1,030   | 0   | 659   | C   |
| Goodwill (40%) 462   | 0   | 284   | (   |
| Other intangible assets (40%)  | 0   | 258   | (   |
| IRB shortfall of provisions to expected losses (40%)   | 0   | 67  | (   |
| Deferred tax assets allocated up to December 2013, that rely on future   | 0   | <u> </u>  |   |
| profitability and do not arise from temporary differences net of associated tax liabilities (80%) 42   | 0   | 33  | (   |
| Deferred tax assets allocated on or after January 2014 that rely on future profitability and do not arise from temporary differences net of associated tax   |   |   |   |
| liabilities (40%) 0  | 0   | 13  | (   |
| Own CET1 instruments (40%) 36 (1) (f) 0  | 0   | 3   | C   |
| Excess of deduction from AT1 items over AT1 36 (1) (j) -663  | 0   | -82   | (   |
| Common equity tier 1 capital (CET1) 50 12,136  | 12,045  | 13,602  | 13,256  |
| Additional tier 1 capital (AT1)  |   |   |   |
| Capital instruments eligible as AT1 51 (a), 52 to 54, 56 (a), 57 0   | 0   | 497   | 497   |
| Own AT1 instruments 52 (1) (b), 56 (a), 57 -4  | 0   | -2  | -2  |
| Instruments issued by subsidiaries that are given recognition in AT1 85, 86 1  | 1   | 2   | 2   |
| 483 (4) (5), 484 to 487,         Transitional adjustments due to grandfathered AT1 instruments       489, 491       263  | 0   | 0   | (   |
| AT1 instruments of financial sector entities where the institution has a significant   |   |   |   |
| investment 4 (1) (27), 56 (d), 59, 79 0  | 0   | 0   | (   |
| Other transitional adjustments AT1         474, 475, 478, 481         -923   | 0   | -579  | (   |
| Goodwill (40%) -462  | 0   | -284  | (   |
| Other intangibles (40%) – 394  | 0   | -258  | (   |
| IRB shortfall of provisions to expected losses (20%) —66   | 0   | -34   | (   |
| Own CET1 instruments (40%) 36 (1) (f) 0  | 0   | -3  | (   |
| Excess of deduction from AT1 items over AT1 36 (1) (j) 663   | 0   | 82  | (   |
| Additional tier 1 capital (AT1) 61 0   | 1   | 0   | 49  |
| Tier 1 capital - total amount of common equity tier 1 (CET1) and additional tier 1 (AT1) 25 12,136   | 12,046  | 13,602  | 13,75   |

The table will be continued on the subsequent page.

#### Continuation of the table

| Continuation of the table  |  |           |        |           |        |
|--|--|-----------|--------|-----------|--------|
|  |  | Dec 1     | 5      | Dec 16    |        |
| in EUR million   | Article pursuant to CRR                | Phased-in | Final  | Phased-in | Final  |
| Tier 1 capital -   | •                                      |           |        | Ť         |        |
| total amount of common equity tier 1 (CET1) and additional tier 1 (AT1)                            | 25                                     |           |        |           |        |
| Tier 2 capital (T2)  |  |           |        |           |        |
| Capital instruments and subordinated loans eligible as T2  | 62 (a), 63 to 65, 66 (a), 67           | 4,649     | 4,649  | 4,580     | 4,580  |
| Own T2 instruments   | 63 (b) (i), 66 (a), 67                 | -50       | -50    | -58       | -58    |
| Instruments issued by subsidiaries recognised in T2  | 87, 88                                 | 233       | 233    | 217       | 217    |
| Transitional adjustments due to additional recognition in T2 of instruments issued by subsidiaries | 480                                    | 191       | 0      | 128       | 0      |
| Transitional adjustments due to grandfathered T2 instruments and subordinated loans                | 483 (6) (7), 484, 486,<br>488,490, 491 | 67        | 0      | 0         | 0      |
| IRB excess of provisions over expected losses eligible   | 62 (d)                                 | 408       | 408    | 402       | 402    |
| Standardised approach general credit risk adjustments  | 62 (c)                                 | 0         | 0      | 0         | 0      |
| Other transitional adjustments to T2   | 476, 477, 478, 481                     | -66       | 0      | -34       | 0      |
| IRB shortfall of provisions to expected losses (20%)   |  | -66       | 0      | -34       | 0      |
| T2 instruments of financial sector entities where the institution has a significant                | 4 (1) (27), 66 (d), 68, 69,            |           |        |           |        |
| investment   | 79                                     | -0.4      | 0      | -0.6      | -0.6   |
| Tier 2 capital (T2)  | 71                                     | 5,431     | 5,239  | 5,234     | 5,140  |
| Total own funds  | 4 (1) (118) and 72                     | 17,566    | 17,284 | 18,836    | 18,893 |
| Capital requirement  | 92 (3), 95, 96, 98                     | 7,864     | 8,023  | 8,145     | 8,291  |
| CET1 capital ratio   | 92 (2) (a)                             | 12.3%     | 12.0%  | 13.4%     | 12.8%  |
| Tier 1 capital ratio   | 92 (2) (b)                             | 12.3%     | 12.0%  | 13.4%     | 13.3%  |
| Total capital ratio  | 92 (2) (c)                             | 17.9%     | 17.2%  | 18.5%     | 18.2%  |
|  |  |           |        |           |        |

Retained earnings include EUR 786 million of total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the parent.

Minority interest recognised in CET1 includes EUR 143 million of total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests.

The capital structure table above summarises the final draft of EBA's implementing technical standards on disclosure for own funds, which were published in the Official Journal of the European Union on 20 December 2013. Positions, which are not relevant for Erste Group are not disclosed. The full EBA ITS are shown further back. Basel 3 final figures (fully loaded) are calculated based on the current requirements according to CRR. In the position 'Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealized gains and losses (40%)' a haircut of 25% was considered on not realized gains in the Basel 3 final scenario in the past. Starting with the first quarter of 2016 Erste Group does not apply this prudent approach, which was going beyond the regulatory requirements, any more. At year-end Erste Group makes use of the option and deducts securitizations with a risk weight of 1250% from regulatory own funds and does not consider this position in risk weighted assets any more.

Changes are possible due to final Regulatory Technical Standards (RTS) that are not yet available.

The percentage rates of the transitional provisions refer to the current year. For 2015 the following percentages applied for CET1: Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised gains (60%) and losses (0%); Other transitional adjustments – goodwill, intangible assets, IRB shortfall of provisions to expected losses (60%) and deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability and do not arise from temporary differences net of associated tax liabilities (90%); on AT1 the following percentages applied: Other transitional adjustments – goodwill and other intangible assets (60%) and IRB shortfall of provisions to expected losses (30%); on tier 2 Other transitional adjustments for IRB shortfall of provisions to expected losses of 30% applied.

The consolidated financial statements have not been reviewed and noticed by the supervisory board and the financial statements of Erste Group Bank AG have not been reviewed by the supervisory board yet.

Likewise financial statements of single entities within the group have not been noticed by the supervisory board yet. In addition, no resolution on the appropriation of the profit has yet been made by the general meeting of the single entity.

Erste Group Bank AG (EGB) has the indication that the supervisor will require from EGB to reflect a future RWA increase on consolidated level of EGB in the context of the planned roll-out of IRB in BCR, whereas this increase will become effective already in the first half of 2017, this is before the rollout will take place (presumably in the second half of 2018). This RWA increase front-loads the expected difference in RWA between the treatments of exposures in Standardised Approach compared to the treatments in IRB. The impact on the CET1 ratio will be less than 30 bps.

Furthermore internal models adopted to compute credit RWA in Pillar 1 and respective validations have been assessed by the competent authorities. These models are planned to be made subject to a revision in the near future with the specific view of addressing identified findings and incorporating regulatory changes.

In the context of these assessments EGB has been informed about supervisory measures, whereas details of these measures are not fully known yet to EGB and depend on the concrete supervisory specification. Such measures could lead to a further net increase of RWA in 2017 impacting the CET1 ratio by less than 15 bps.

With a CET1 ratio as of year-end 2016 of 13.4% on consolidated level, Erste Group Bank AG is robustly capitalized to absorb such a potential RWA increase.

### Risk structure according to EU directive 575/2013 (CRR)

|  | •                              | Dec '  | 15                              | Dec 16   |                                       |  |
|--|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| in EUR million                                   | Article pursuant to CRR        | Total risk<br>(calculation<br>base, phased-in) | Capital requirement (phased-in) | Total risk<br>(calculation<br>base, phased-in) | Capital<br>requirement<br>(phased-in) |  |
| Total Risk Exposure Amount                       | 92 (3), 95, 96, 98             | 98,300   | 7,864                           | 101,809  | 8,145                                 |  |
| Risk weighted assets (credit risk)               | 92 (3) (a) (f)                 | 83,445   | 6,676                           | 81,915   | 6,553                                 |  |
| Standardised approach                            |                                | 15,528   | 1,242                           | 14,998   | 1,200                                 |  |
| IRB approach                                     |                                | 67,917   | 5,433                           | 66,918   | 5,353                                 |  |
| Settlement Risk                                  | 92 (3) (c) (ii), 92 (4) (b)    | 0  | 0                               | 0  | 0                                     |  |
|  | 92 (3) (b) (i) and (c) (i) and | t  |                                 |  |                                       |  |
| Trading book, foreign FX risk and commodity risk | (iii), 92 (4) (b)              | 2,847  | 228                             | 3,612  | 289                                   |  |
| Operational Risk                                 | 92 (3) (e), 92 (4) (b)         | 10,755   | 860                             | 15,140   | 1,211                                 |  |
| Exposure for CVA                                 | 92 (3) (d)                     | 1,252  | 100                             | 1,141  | 91                                    |  |
| Other exposure amounts (incl. Basel 1 floor)     | 3, 458, 459, 500               | 0  | 0                               | 0  | 0                                     |  |
|  |                                |  |                                 |  |                                       |  |

|  |  | Dec 1                                      | 15                                | Dec 16                                     |                                   |  |
|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| in EUR million                                   | Article pursuant to CRR                          | Total risk<br>(calculation<br>base, final) | Capital<br>requirement<br>(final) | Total risk<br>(calculation<br>base, final) | Capital<br>requirement<br>(final) |  |
| Total Risk Exposure Amount                       | 92 (3), 95, 96, 98                               | 100,281                                    | 8,023                             | 103,639                                    | 8,291                             |  |
| Risk weighted assets (credit risk)               | 92 (3) (a) (f)                                   | 85,427                                     | 6,834                             | 83,746                                     | 6,700                             |  |
| Standardised approach                            |  | 15,528                                     | 1,242                             | 14,998                                     | 1,200                             |  |
| IRB approach                                     |  | 69,899                                     | 5,592                             | 68,748                                     | 5,500                             |  |
| Settlement Risk                                  | 92 (3) (c) (ii), 92 (4) (b)                      | 0  | 0                                 | 0  | 0                                 |  |
| Trading book, foreign FX risk and commodity risk | 92 (3) (b) (i) and (c) (i) and (iii), 92 (4) (b) | 2,847                                      | 228                               | 3,612                                      | 289                               |  |
| Operational Risk                                 | 92 (3) (e), 92 (4) (b)                           | 10,755                                     | 860                               | 15,140                                     | 1,211                             |  |
| Exposure for CVA                                 | 92 (3) (d)                                       | 1,252                                      | 100                               | 1,141                                      | 91                                |  |
| Other exposure amounts (incl. Basel 1 floor)     | 3, 458, 459, 500                                 | 0  | 0                                 | 0  | 0                                 |  |

#### Own funds reconciliation

For the disclosure of own funds, Erste Group follows the requirements according to Article 437 CRR as well as the requirements defined in the Implementing Technical Standards (EU) No 1423/2013, which were published in the Official Journal of the European Union on 20 December 2013.

Based on the requirements defined by the EBA in the Implementing Technical Standards, the following information must be provided:

- A full reconciliation of CET1 items additional tier 1 (AT1) items, tier 2 (T2) items, regulatory adjustments and deductions applied pursuant to Articles 32 36, 56, 66 and 79 to the own funds of the institution's balance sheet in accordance with Article 437 (1) (a) CRR (see the following tables: Balance sheet, Total equity, Intangible assets, Deferred taxes, Subordinated liabilities and additional Tier 1 issuances).
- A table designed by the EBA in order to show the capital structure of regulatory capital. The table includes details on the capital structure of Erste Group including the capital components as well as any regulatory deductions and prudential filters. Disclosures in this table cover the disclosure requirements as defined in Article 437 (1) (d) CRR, separate disclosure of the nature and amounts of each prudential filter applied pursuant to Articles 32 to 35 CRR, each deduction according to Articles 47, 48, 56, 66 and 79 CRR as well as items not deducted in accordance with Articles 47, 48, 56, 66 and 79 CRR.

The tables in the following sections may contain rounding differences.

## **Balance sheet reconciliation**

Disclosure requirement: Article 437 (1) (a) CRR

The table below represents the difference between the IFRS - and the regulatory scope of consolidation. Details regarding the number of entities within the different scopes of consolidation are disclosed in the aforementioned 'Presentation of the scope of consolidation' table.

## **Balance Sheet**

|  |         | Dec 15        |         | Dec 16  |               |         |  |
|--|---------|---------------|---------|---------|---------------|---------|--|
|  | -       | Effects -     |         |         | Effects -     |         |  |
|  |         | scope of      |         |         | scope of      |         |  |
| in EUR million   | IFRS    | consolidation | CRR     | IFRS    | consolidation | CRR     |  |
| Assets   |         |               |         |         |               |         |  |
| Cash and cash balances                                       | 12,350  | -35           | 12,315  | 18,353  | -6            | 18,347  |  |
| Financial assets - held for trading                          | 8,719   | 6             | 8,725   | 7,950   | -2            | 7,949   |  |
| Derivatives  | 5,303   | 6             | 5,309   | 4,475   | 2             | 4,477   |  |
| Other trading assets   | 3,416   | 0             | 3,416   | 3,476   | -4            | 3,471   |  |
| Financial assets - at fair value through profit or loss      | 359     | -40           | 319     | 480     | -58           | 422     |  |
| Financial assets - available for sale                        | 20,763  | -525          | 20,237  | 19,886  | -463          | 19,423  |  |
| Financial assets - held to maturity                          | 17,701  | -1            | 17,700  | 19,270  | -1            | 19,269  |  |
| Loans and receivables to credit institutions                 | 4,805   | -52           | 4,753   | 3,469   | -13           | 3,457   |  |
| Loans and receivables to customers                           | 125,897 | 413           | 126,309 | 130,654 | 513           | 131,167 |  |
| Derivatives - hedge accounting                               | 2,191   | 0             | 2,191   | 1,424   | 0             | 1,424   |  |
| Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged items              | 0       | 0             | 0       | 0       | 0             | 0       |  |
| Property and equipment                                       | 2,402   | -98           | 2,304   | 2,477   | -100          | 2,377   |  |
| Investment properties  | 753     | 172           | 925     | 1,023   | -247          | 776     |  |
| Intangible assets  | 1,465   | -10           | 1,454   | 1,390   | -8            | 1,383   |  |
| Investments in associates and joint ventures                 | 167     | -22           | 145     | 193     | -23           | 170     |  |
| Current tax assets   | 119     | -1            | 118     | 124     | 0             | 124     |  |
| Deferred tax assets  | 310     | -8            | 303     | 234     | -3            | 231     |  |
| Assets held for sale   | 526     | -215          | 311     | 279     | -125          | 154     |  |
| Other assets   | 1,217   | 211           | 1,428   | 1,020   | 112           | 1,132   |  |
| Total assets   | 199,743 | -205          | 199,539 | 208,227 | -422          | 207,805 |  |
|  |         |               |         |         |               |         |  |
| Liabilities and equity                                       |         |               |         |         |               |         |  |
| Financial liabilities - held for trading                     | 5,867   | 1             | 5,869   | 4,762   | 4             | 4,766   |  |
| Derivatives  | 5,434   | 0             | 5,434   | 4,185   | 3             | 4,187   |  |
| Other trading liabilities                                    | 434     | 1             | 434     | 577     | 1             | 578     |  |
| Financial liabilities - at fair value through profit or loss | 1,907   | 0             | 1,907   | 1,763   | 0             | 1,763   |  |
| Deposits from banks  | 0       | 0             | 0       | 0       | 0             | 0       |  |
| Deposits from customers                                      | 149     | 0             | 149     | 74      | 0             | 74      |  |
| Debt securities issued                                       | 1,758   | 0             | 1,758   | 1,689   | 0             | 1,689   |  |
| Other financial liabilities                                  | 0       | 0             | 0       | 0       | 0             | 0       |  |
| Financial liabilities measured at amortised costs            | 170,787 | -252          | 170,535 | 178,909 | -281          | 178,628 |  |
| Deposits from banks  | 14,212  | 303           | 14,515  | 14,631  | 178           | 14,809  |  |
| Deposits from customers                                      | 127,797 | 167           | 127,964 | 137,939 | 158           | 138,097 |  |
| Debt securities issued                                       | 27,896  | -140          | 27,756  | 25,503  | -80           | 25,423  |  |
| Other financial liabilities                                  | 882     | -581          | 301     | 836     | -538          | 298     |  |
| Derivatives - hedge accounting                               | 593     | 0             | 593     | 473     | 0             | 473     |  |
| Changes in fair value of portfolio hedged items              | 966     | 0             | 966     | 942     | 0             | 942     |  |
| Provisions   | 1,736   | 0             | 1.736   | 1.702   | -8            | 1.694   |  |
| Current tax liabilities                                      | 90      | -2            | 88      | 66      | -2            | 63      |  |
| Deferred tax liabilities                                     | 96      |               | 87      | 68      | -9            | 59      |  |
| Liabilities associated with assets held for sale             | 578     | 0             | 578     | 5       | -5            | 0       |  |
| Other liabilities  | 2,317   | 100           | 2,416   | 2,936   | -24           | 2,912   |  |
| Total equity   | 14,807  | -42           | 14,765  | 16,602  | -96           | 16,506  |  |
| Equity attributable to non-controlling interests             | 3,802   | 4             | 3,806   | 4,142   | 2             | 4,144   |  |
| Equity attributable to owners of the parent                  | 11.005  | -47           | 10,959  | 12,460  |               | 12,362  |  |
| Total liabilities and equity                                 | 199,743 | -205          | 199,539 | 208,227 | -422          | 207,805 |  |

The following tables represent, as far as possible, a reconciliation between the IFRS balance sheet items to the items of CET1, AT1 and T2, as well as information on the regulatory adjustments arising from correction items in accordance with Articles 32 to 35 CRR and the deductions according to Articles 36, 56, 66 and 79 CRR.

The last column contains a letter that sets the derived amount from IFRS figures with the appropriate eligible amount of own funds presentation during the transitional provisions in conjunction.

**Total equity** 

|   |        |  |        | Dec 16          |                        |           |  |
|---|--------|--|--------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------|--|
| in EUR million  | IFRS   | Effects -<br>scope of<br>consolidation | CRR    | IPS adjustments | Regulatory adjustments | Own funds | Own funds<br>disclosure table -<br>reference |
| Subscribed capital                                      | 860    | 0                                      | 860    | 0               | 0                      | 860       | ·  |
| Capital reserve   | 1,478  | 0                                      | 1,478  | 0               | -2                     | 1,476     |  |
| Capital instruments and the related                     |        |  |        |                 |                        |           |  |
| share premium accounts                                  | 2,338  | 0                                      | 2,338  | 0               | -2                     | 2,336     | а  |
| Retained earnings                                       | 10,090 | -94                                    | 9,995  | 0               | -477                   | 9,518     | b  |
| Other comprehensive income (OCI)                        | -464   | -4                                     | -468   | 263             | -70                    | -276      | С  |
| Cash flow hedge reserve                                 | 107    | 0                                      | 107    | 2               | -22                    | 88        | g  |
| Available for sale reserve                              | 632    | -1                                     | 631    | 410             | -235                   | 806       |  |
| thereof 40% prudential filter according to 467 CRR      |        |  |        |                 |                        | 43        | i  |
| thereof 40% prudential filter according to 468 CRR      |        |  |        |                 |                        | -346      | h  |
| Currency translation                                    | -734   | -4                                     | -738   | 0               | -20                    | -757      |  |
| Remeasurement of net liability of defined pension plans | -357   | 0                                      | -357   | -149            | 101                    | -405      |  |
| Deferred tax  | -112   | 0                                      | -112   | 0               | 112                    | 0         |  |
| Other   | 0      | 0                                      | 0      | 0               | -7                     | -7        |  |
| Equity attributable to the owners of                    |        |  |        |                 |                        |           |  |
| the parent  | 11,963 | <b>- 98</b>                            | 11,865 | 263             | - 550                  | 11,578    |  |
| Additional tier 1 (AT1)                                 | 497    | 0                                      | 497    | 0               | -497                   | 0         |  |
| Equity attributable to non-controlling interests        | 4,142  | 2                                      | 4,144  | -193            | -298                   | 3,653     | d  |
| Total equity  | 16,602 | -96                                    | 16,506 | 70              | -1,344                 | 15,231    |  |

|  |        |  |        | Dec 15             |                        |           |  |
|--|--------|--|--------|--------------------|------------------------|-----------|--|
| in EUR million   | IFRS   | Effects -<br>scope of<br>consolidation | CRR    | IPS<br>adjustments | Regulatory adjustments | Own funds | Own funds<br>disclosure table -<br>reference |
| Subscribed capital   | 860    | 0                                      | 860    | 0                  | 0                      | 860       | •  |
| Capital reserve  | 1,478  | 0                                      | 1,478  | 0                  | -2                     | 1,476     |  |
| Capital instruments and the related share premium accounts | 2.337  | 0                                      | 2,337  | 0                  | -2                     | 2,336     | а  |
| Retained earnings  | 9,071  | -44                                    | 9,026  | 0                  | -215                   | 8,811     | b  |
| Other comprehensive income (OCI)                           | -403   | -3                                     | -405   | 188                | 28                     | -190      | С  |
| Cash flow hedge reserve                                    | 115    | 1                                      | 115    | 6                  | -24                    | 97        | g  |
| Available for sale reserve                                 | 688    | -1                                     | 687    | 306                | -157                   | 835       |  |
| thereof 60% prudential filter according to 467 CRR         |        |  |        |                    |                        | 0         |  |
| thereof 60% prudential filter according to 468 CRR         |        |  |        |                    |                        | -571      | h  |
| Currency translation                                       | -759   | -2                                     | -761   | -20                | 28                     | -753      |  |
| Remeasurement of net liability of defined pension plans    | -334   | 0                                      | -334   | -104               | 77                     | -361      |  |
| Deferred tax   | -112   | 0                                      | -112   | 0                  | 112                    | 0         |  |
| Other  | 0      | 0                                      | 0      | 0                  | -7                     | -7        |  |
| Equity attributable to the owners of                       |        |  |        |                    |                        |           |  |
| the parent   | 11,005 | -47                                    | 10,959 | 188                | -188                   | 10,958    |  |
| Additional tier 1 (AT1)                                    | 0      | 0                                      | 0      | 0                  | 0                      | 0         |  |
| Equity attributable to non-controlling interests           | 3,802  | 4                                      | 3,806  | -188               | -166                   | 3,452     | d  |
| Total equity   | 14,807 | -42                                    | 14,765 | 0                  | -354                   | 14,410    |  |

IPS adjustments include the amounts for entities that are consolidated due to the Institutional Protections Scheme according to Article 113 (7) CRR. Further details regarding the development of IFRS equity are disclosed under section III Group Statement of Changes in Total Equity.

## Intangible assets

|  |       | Dec 16                                 |       |                        |           |  |  |  |
|--|-------|--|-------|------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| in EUR million   | IFRS  | Effects -<br>scope of<br>consolidation | CRR   | Regulatory adjustments | Own funds | Own funds disclosure table - reference |  |  |
| Intangible assets  | 1,390 | -8                                     | 1,383 | -27                    | 1,355     | •                                      |  |  |
| 60% deductible from CET1 acc. to transitional provisions |       |  |       |                        | 813       | е                                      |  |  |
| 40% deductible from AT1 acc. to transitional provisions  |       |  |       |                        | 542       | k                                      |  |  |
| Intangible assets  | 1,390 | -8                                     | 1,383 | -27                    | 1,355     |  |  |  |

|  |       | Dec 15                                 |       |                        |           |  |  |  |
|--|-------|--|-------|------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| in EUR million   | IFRS  | Effects -<br>scope of<br>consolidation | CRR   | Regulatory adjustments | Own funds | Own funds<br>disclosure table -<br>reference |  |  |
| Intangible assets  | 1,465 | -10                                    | 1,454 | -26                    | 1,428     |  |  |  |
| 40% deductible from CET1 acc. to transitional provisions |       |  |       |                        | 571       | е  |  |  |
| 60% deductible from AT1 acc. to transitional provisions  |       |  |       |                        | 857       | j  |  |  |
| Intangible assets  | 1,465 | -10                                    | 1,454 | -26                    | 1,428     |  |  |  |

Details regarding the development of intangible assets are disclosed under Note 27 Intangible assets.

# **Deferred Taxes**

|   |      |  | Dec | : 16                   |           |  |
|---|------|--|-----|------------------------|-----------|--|
| in EUR million  | IFRS | Effects -<br>scope of<br>consolidation | CRR | Regulatory adjustments | Own funds | Own funds<br>disclosure table -<br>reference |
| Deferred tax assets (DTA) that rely on future profitability and do not arise from temporary differences net of associated tax liabilities | 74   | 0                                      | 74  | -46                    | 28        | f  |
| Related DTA allocated on or after Jan 14 for which 60% CET1 deduction is required according to CRR transitional provisions                |      |  | 33  | -13                    | 20        |  |
| Related DTA allocated up to Dec 13 for which 20% deduction from CET1 is required according to CRR transitional provisions                 |      |  | 41  | -33                    | 8         |  |
| Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability and arise from temporary differences  | 160  | -3                                     | 157 | -157                   | 0         |  |
| Deferred tax assets   | 234  | -3                                     | 231 | -203                   | 28        |  |

|   | Dec 15 |  |     |                        |           |  |  |
|---|--------|--|-----|------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| in EUR million  | IFRS   | Effects -<br>scope of<br>consolidation | CRR | Regulatory adjustments | Own funds | Own funds<br>disclosure table -<br>reference |  |
| Deferred tax assets (DTA) that rely on future profitability and do not arise from temporary differences net of associated tax liabilities | 93     | 0                                      | 93  | -42                    | 51        | f  |  |
| Related DTA allocated on or after Jan 14 for which 100% deduction is required according to CRR transitional provisions                    |        |  | 47  | 0                      | 47        |  |  |
| Related DTA allocated up to Dec 13 for which 10% deduction from CET1 is required according to CRR transitional provisions                 |        |  | 46  | -42                    | 5         |  |  |
| Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability and   |        |  |     |                        |           |  |  |
| arise from temporary differences  | 217    | -7                                     | 209 | -209                   | 0         |  |  |
| Deferred tax assets   | 310    | -8                                     | 303 | -251                   | 51        |  |  |

Details regarding deferred tax assets are disclosed under Note 28 Tax assets and liabilities.

Based on the threshold definition according to Article 48 CRR deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability and arise from temporary differences are not deductible for Erste Group at year-end 2016. In accordance with Article 48 (4) CRR the non-deductible amount is risk weighted with 250% and considered within the credit risk.

#### Subordinated liabilities and additional tier 1 issuances

|   |       |  | Dec   | 16                     |           |  |  |
|---|-------|--|-------|------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| in EUR million  | IFRS  | Effects -<br>scope of<br>consolidation | CRR   | Regulatory adjustments | Own funds | Own funds<br>disclosure table -<br>reference |  |
| Subordinated issues, deposits and supplementary capital   | 6,310 | 3                                      | 6,313 | -1,446                 | 4,866     | •  |  |
| Tier 2 capital instruments (including related share premium) issued by the parent company                                 |       |  |       |                        | 4,522     | 1  |  |
| Qualifying own funds instruments included in consolidated tier 2 capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties |       |  |       |                        | 345       | m  |  |
| thereof instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase-out   |       |  |       |                        | 128       | n  |  |
| Addition tier 1 (AT1) issuances   | 499   | 0                                      | 499   | -2                     | 497       | j  |  |
| Hybrid issues   | 0     | 0                                      | 0     | 0                      | 0         |  |  |
| Subordinated liabilities  | 6,809 | 3                                      | 6,812 | -1,448                 | 5,364     |  |  |

|   |       |  | Dec   | 15                     |           |  |
|---|-------|--|-------|------------------------|-----------|--|
| in EUR million  | IFRS  | Effects -<br>scope of<br>consolidation | CRR   | Regulatory adjustments | Own funds | Own funds<br>disclosure table -<br>reference |
| Subordinated issues, deposits and supplementary capital   | 6,053 | 2                                      | 6,055 | -915                   | 5,140     |  |
| Tier 2 capital instruments (including related share premium) issued by the parent company                                 |       |  |       |                        | 4,649     | k  |
| Qualifying own funds instruments included in consolidated tier 2 capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties |       |  |       |                        | 491       |  |
| thereof instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase-out   |       |  |       |                        | 258       | m  |
| Addition tier 1 (AT1) issuances   | 0     | 0                                      | 0     | 0                      | 0         |  |
| Hybrid issues   | 354   | 4                                      | 358   | -95                    | 263       | i  |
| Subordinated liabilities  | 6,407 | 5                                      | 6,412 | -1,010                 | 5,402     |  |

Details regarding subordinated liabilities are disclosed under Note 32 Financial liabilities-at fair value through profit or loss and Note 33 Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost. EUR 212 million subordinated debt in form of deposits are included in the balance sheet position Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost and are not explicitly shown in Note 33. Details for AT1 issuances can be found under section III Group Statement of Changes in Total Equity. Furthermore, EUR 2 million AT1 from Bausparkasse are considered.

## **Transitional provisions**

The Transitional Provisions which are applied by Erste Group, are based on CRR-Supplementary Regulation according to BGBl II Nr. 425/2013, and the regulation of the European Central Bank on the exercise of options and discretions, ECB/2016/4

#### Own funds template during the transitional period

Disclosure requirements: Art. 437 (1) (d) (e) CRR

Erste Group does not consider Art. 437 (1) (f) CRR for the calculation of consolidated own funds.

The table below presents the composition of the regulatory capital during the transitional period based on the Implementing Technical Standards on the disclosure of own funds published in the Official Journal of the EU.

In column (A), the current amount, which considers all the transitional requirements, is disclosed. Column (C) discloses the residual amount, implying full CRR implementation. Column (D) provides information of data comparable figures related to IFRS equity, intangible assets, deferred tax assets and subordinated liabilities as previously displayed.

| in I | EUR million   | (A)<br>Dec 16 | (B)<br>Regulation (EU)<br>No 575/2013<br>article reference                 | (C) Amounts subject to pre-regulation (EU) No 575/2013 treatment or prescribed residual amount of regulation (EU) 575/2013 | (D)<br>Reference to<br>reconciliation<br>tables |
|------|---|---------------|--|--|---|
| 1    | Capital instruments and the related share premium accounts  | 2,336         | 26 (1), 27, 28, 29,<br>EBA list 26 (3)                                     | 0  | а   |
|      | of which: ordinary shares   | 2,336         | EBA list 26 (3)  | 0  | а   |
| 2    | Retained earnings   | 9.518         | 26 (1) (c)   | 0  | b   |
| -    | Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves, to include  |               | - ( ) (-)  |  |   |
| 3    | unrealised gains and losses under the applicable accounting standards)  | -276          | 26 (1)   | 0  | С   |
| 3a   | Funds for general banking risk  | 0             | 26 (1) (f)   | 0  |   |
| 4    | Amount of qualifying items referred to in article 484 (3) and the related share premium accounts subject to phase out from CET1   | 0             | 486 (2)  | 0  |   |
|      | Public sector capital injections grandfathered until Jan 18   | 0             | 483 (2)  | 0  |   |
| 5    | Minority interests (amount allowed in consolidated CET1)  | 3,653         | 84, 479, 480   | -72  | d   |
| 5a   | Independently reviewed interim profits net of any foreseeable charge or dividend  | 0             | 26 (2)   | 0  |   |
| 6    | CET1 capital before regulatory adjustments  | 15,232        |  | -72  |   |
| Com  | mon equity tier 1 (CET1): regulatory adjustments  |               |  |  |   |
| 7    | Additional value adjustments (negative amount)  | -90           | 34, 105  | 0  |   |
| 8    | Intangible assets (net of related tax liability) (negative amount)  | -813          | 36 (1) (b), 37, 472 (4)  | -542   | e, k  |
| 9    | Empty set in the EU   |               |  |  |   |
| 10   | Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability where the conditions in article 38 (3) are met) (negative amount)  | -28           | 36 (1) (c), 38, 472 (5)  | -46  | f   |
| 11   | Fair value reserves related to gains or losses on cash flow hedges  | -88           | 33 (a)   | 0  | g   |
| 12   | Negative amounts resulting from the calculation of expected loss amounts  | -101          | 36 (1) (d), 40, 159,<br>472 (6)  | -67  |   |
| 13   | Any increase in equity that results from securitised assets (negative amount)   | 0             | 32 (1)   | 0  |   |
| 14   | Gains or losses on liabilities valued at fair value resulting from changes in own credit standing   | -65           | 33 (b)   | 0  |   |
| 15   | Defined-benefit pension fund assets (negative amount)   | 0             | 36 (1) (e), 41, 472 (7)  | 0  |   |
| 16   | Direct and indirect holdings by an institution of own CET1 instruments<br>(negative amount)   | -31           | 36 (1) (f), 42, 472 (8)  | -3   |   |
| 17   | Holdings of the CET1 instruments of financial sector entities where those entities have reciprocal cross holdings with the institution designed to inflate artificially the own funds of the institution (negative amount)  | 0             | 36 (1) (g), 44, 472 (9)  | 0  |   |
| 18   | Direct and, indirect holdings by the institution of the CET1 instruments of financial sector entities where the institution does not have a significant investment in those entities (amount above 10% threshold and net of eligible short positions) (negative amount) | 0             | 36 (1) (h), 43, 45,<br>46, 49 (2) (3), 79,<br>472 (10)                     | 0  |   |
| 19   | Direct and indirect holdings by the institution of the CET1 instruments of financial sector entities where the institution has a significant investment in those entities (amount above 10% threshold and net of eligible short positions) (negative amount)            | 0             | 36 (1) (i), 43, 45, 47,<br>48 (1) (b), 49 (1) to<br>(3), 79, 470, 472 (11) | 0  |   |
| 20   | Empty set in the EU   |               |  |  |   |
| 20a  | Exposure amount of the following items which qualify for a RW of 1,250%, where the institution opts for the deduction alternative   | -29           | 36 (1) (k)   | 0  |   |
| 20b  | of which: qualifying holdings outside the financial sector (negative amount)  | 0             | 36 (1) (k) (i), 89 to 91   | 0  |   |
| 20c  | of which: securitisation positions (negative amount)  | -29           | 36 (1) (k) (ii), 243 (1)<br>(b), 244 (1) (b), 258                          | 0  |   |
| 20d  | of which: free deliveries (negative amount)   | 0             | 36 (1) (k) (iii), 379 (3)  | 0  |   |

|       |  |               | •  |  |   |
|-------|--|---------------|--|--|---|
| in El | JR million   | (A)<br>Dec 16 | (B)<br>Regulation (EU)<br>No 575/2013<br>article reference | (C)<br>Amounts subject<br>to pre-regulation<br>(EU) No 575/2013<br>treatment or<br>prescribed<br>residual amount<br>of regulation<br>(EU) 575/2013 | (D)<br>Reference to<br>reconciliation<br>tables |
|       | Deferred tax assets arising from temporary difference (amount above 10 %   |               |  |  |   |
| 21    | threshold, net of related tax liability where the conditions in article 38 (3) are met) (negative amount)  | 0             | 36 (1) (c), 38, 48 (1)<br>(a), 470, 472 (5)                | 0  |   |
| 22    | Amount exceeding the 15% threshold (negative amount)   | 0             | 48 (1)   | 0  |   |
| 23    | of which: direct and indirect holdings by the institution of the CET1 instruments of financial sector entities where the institution has a significant investment in those entities  | 0             | 36 (1) (i), 48 (1) (b),<br>470, 472 (11)                   | 0  |   |
| 24    | Empty set in the EU  |               |  |  |   |
| 25    | of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences   | 0             | 36 (1) (c), 38, 48 (1)<br>(a), 470, 472 (5)                | 0  |   |
| 25a   | Losses for the current financial year (negative amount)  | 0             | 36 (1) (a), 472 (3)  | 0  |   |
| 25b   | Foreseeable tax charges relating to CET1 items (negative amount)   | 0             | 36 (1) (I)   | 0  |   |
| 26    | Regulatory adjustments applied to common equity tier 1 in respect of amounts subject to pre-CRR treatment  | 0             |  | 0  |   |
| 20-   | Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised gains and losses pursuant to articles  | -302          |  | 302  |   |
| 20a   | 467 and 468 of which: unrealised losses  | -302<br>43    | 467  | -43  | i   |
|       | of which: unrealised losses  | -346          | 467  | 346  | <u>ı</u>  |
|       | Amount to be deducted from or added to common equity tier 1 capital with regard  | -340          | 400  | 340  |   |
| 26b   | to additional filters and deductions required pre CRR  Qualifying AT1 deductions that exceeds the AT1 capital of the institution   | 0             | 481  | 0  |   |
| 27    | (negative amount)  | -82           | 36 (1) (j)   | 82   |   |
| 28    | Total regulatory adjustments to common equity tier 1 (CET1)  | -1,629        |  | -275   |   |
| 29    | CET1 capital   | 13,602        |  | -346   |   |
|       | tional tier 1 (AT1) capital: instruments   |               |  |  |   |
| 30    | Capital instruments and the related share premium accounts   | 497           | 51, 52   | 0  |   |
| 31    | of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards   | 497           | 01,02  | 0  |   |
| 32    | of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards  | 0             |  | 0  |   |
| -     | Amount of qualifying items referred to in article 484 (4) and the related share  |               |  |  |   |
| 33    | premium accounts subject to phase out from AT1   | 0             | 486 (3)  | 0  |   |
| -     | Public sector capital injections grandfathered until Jan 18  | 0             | 483 (3)  | 0  |   |
| 34    | Qualifying tier 1 capital included in consolidated AT1 capital (including minority interests not included in row 5) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties   | 2             | 85, 86, 480  | 0  |   |
| 35    | of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase-out  | 0             | 486 (3)  | 0  |   |
| 36    | AT1 capital before regulatory adjustments  | 499           |  | 0  | j   |
| Addi  | tional tier 1 (AT1) capital: regulatory adjustments  |               |  |  |   |
| 37    | Direct and indirect holdings by an institution of own AT1 instruments (negative amount)  | -2            | 52 (1) (b), 56 (a), 57,<br>475 (2)                         | 0  | j   |
| 38    | Holdings of the AT1 instruments of financial sector entities where those entities have reciprocal cross holdings with the institution designed to inflate artificially the own funds of the institution (negative amount)                            | 0             | 56 (b), 58, 475 (3)  | 0  |   |
|       | Direct and indirect holdings by the institution of the AT1 instruments of financial sector entities where the institution does not have a significant investment in those entities (amount above 10% threshold and net of eligible short positions)  |               | 56 (c), 59, 60, 79,  |  |   |
| 39    | (negative amount)  | 0             | 475 (4)  | 0  |   |
| 40    | Direct and indirect holdings by the institution AT1 instruments of financial sector entities where the institution has a significant investment in those entities (amount above 10% threshold and net of eligible short positions) (negative amount) | 0             | 56 (d), 59, 79, 475 (4)                                    | 0  |   |

| in El      | JR million  | (A)<br>Dec 16 | (B)<br>Regulation (EU)<br>No 575/2013<br>article reference           | (C) Amounts subject to pre-regulation (EU) No 575/2013 treatment or prescribed residual amount of regulation (EU) 575/2013 | (D)<br>Reference to<br>reconciliation<br>tables |
|------------|---|---------------|--|--|---|
| 41         | Regulatory adjustments applied to AT1 in respect of amounts subject to pre-CRR treatment and transitional treatments subject to phase-out as prescribed in Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 (i.e. CRR residual amounts)  | 0             |  | 0  |   |
| 41         | Regulation (EO) No 575/2015 (i.e. CRR residual amounts)   | U             | 472, 472(3)(a), 472  | U  |   |
| <u>41a</u> | 3   | -579          | (4), 472 (6), 472 (8)<br>(a), 472 (9), 472 (10)<br>(a), 472 (11) (a) | 579  |   |
|            | of which: material net interim loss   | 0             |  | 0  |   |
|            | of which: intangible assets   | -542          |  | 542  | k   |
|            | of which: shortfall of provisions to expected loss  | -34           |  | 34   |   |
|            | of which: own CET1 Instruments  | -3            |  | 3  |   |
| 41b        | Residual amounts deducted from AT1 capital with regard to deduction from T2 capital during the transitional period pursuant to article 475 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013   | 0             | 477, 477 (3),<br>477 (4) (a)   |  |   |
|            | of which: reciprocal cross holdings in T2 instruments   | 0             |  | 0  |   |
|            | of which: direct holdings of non-significant investments in the capital of other financial sector entities  | 0             |  | 0  |   |
| 41c        | Amount to be deducted from or added to AT1 with regard to additional filters and deductions required pre-CRR  | 0             | 467, 468, 481  | 0  |   |
|            | of which: possible filter to unrealised losses  | 0             | 467  | 0  |   |
|            | of which: possible filter to unrealised gains   | 0             | 468  | 0  |   |
| 42         | Qualifying T2 deductions that exceed the T2 capital of the institution<br>(negative amount)   | 0             | 56 (e)   | 0  |   |
| 43         | Total regulatory adjustments to additional tier 1 (AT1) capital   | -580          |  | 579  |   |
| 44         | Additional tier 1 (AT1) capital   | 0             |  | 497  |   |
| 45         | Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1)  | 13,602        |  | 151  |   |
| Tier       | 2 (T2) capital: instruments and provisions  |               |  |  |   |
| 46         | Capital instruments and the related share premium accounts  | 4,580         | 62, 63   | 0  | <u> </u>  |
| 47         | Amount of qualifying items referred to in article 484 (5) and the related share premium accounts subject to phase out from T2   | 0             | 486 (4)  | 0  |   |
|            | Public sector capital injections grandfathered until Jan 18   | 0             | 483 (4)  | 0  |   |
| 48         | Qualifying own funds instruments included in consolidated T2 capital (including minority interests and AT1 instruments not included in rows 5 or 34) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties   | 345           | 87, 88, 480  | -128   | m   |
| 49         | of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase-out   | 128           | 486 (4)  | -128   | n   |
| 50         | Credit risk adjustments   | 402           | 62 (c) (d)   | 0  | <del></del>                                     |
| 51         | Tier 2 (T2) capital before regulatory adjustments   | 5,326         | 02 (0) (u)   | -128   |   |
| _          | apital: regulatory adjustments  | 5,525         |  |  |   |
|            | Direct and indirect holdings by an institution of own T2 instruments and  |               | 63 (b) (i), 66 (a), 67,  |  |   |
| 52         | subordinated loans (negative amount)  | -58           | 477 (2)  | 0  | <u> </u>  |
| 53         | Holdings of the T2 instruments and subordinated loans of financial sector entities where those entities have reciprocal cross holdings with the institution designed to inflate artificially the own funds of the institution (negative amount)                           | 0             | 66 (b), 68, 477 (3)  | 0  |   |
| 54         | Direct and indirect holdings of the T2 instruments and subordinated loans of financial sector entities where the institution does not have a significant investment in those entities (amount above 10 % threshold and net of eligible short positions) (negative amount) | 0             | 66 (c), 69, 70, 79,<br>477 (4)                                       | 0  |   |
|            | of which: new holdings not subject to transitional arrangements   | 0             | 411 (4)  | 0  |   |
| 54a        | of which: holdings existing before 1 January 2013 and subject to transitional arrangements  | 0             |  | 0  |   |
| טדט        | unungomonio   | U             |  | 0  | <del></del>                                     |

| Community of the work  |  |               |   |  |   |
|--|--|---------------|---|--|---|
| in EUR million   |  | (A)<br>Dec 16 | (B)<br>Regulation (EU)<br>No 575/2013<br>article reference                                  | (C)<br>Amounts subject<br>to pre-regulation<br>(EU) No 575/2013<br>treatment or<br>prescribed<br>residual amount<br>of regulation<br>(EU) 575/2013 | (D)<br>Reference to<br>reconciliation<br>tables |
| Direct and indirect holdings by the insitution subordinated loans of financial sector entities investment in those entities (net of eligible st  | where the institution has a significant                                | -0.6          | 66 (d), 69, 79, 477 (4)   | 0  |   |
| Regulatory adjustments applied to T2 in resp<br>treatment and transitional treatments subject<br>Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 (i.e. CRR residual)   | ect of amounts subject to pre-CRR to phase out as prescribed in        | 0             | (-),,,,,,,,,,   | 0  |   |
| Residual amounts deducted from T2 with reg<br>56a the transitional period pursuant to article 472  | ard to deduction from CET1 during                                      | -34           | 472, 472(3)(a), 472<br>(4), 472 (6), 472 (8)<br>(a), 472 (9), 472 (10)<br>(a), 472 (11) (a) | 34   |   |
| of which: shortfall of provisions to expected I  | oss  | -34           | 472 (6)   | 34   |   |
| of which: non-significant investments  |  | 0             | 472 (10)  | 0  |   |
| Residual amounts deducted from T2 with reg<br>56b transitional period pursuant to article 475 of   |  | 0             | 475, 475 (2) (a), 475<br>(3), 475 (4) (a)   | 0  |   |
| of which: reciprocal cross holdings in AT1 in  | struments  | 0             |   | 0  |   |
| of which: direct holdings of non-significant in financial sector entities  | vestments in the capital of other                                      | 0             |   | 0  |   |
| Amount to be deducted from or added to T2  | capital with regard to additional filters                              |               |   |  |   |
| 56c and deductions required pre-CRR  |  | 0             | 467, 468, 481   | 0  |   |
| of which possible filter to unrealised losses  |  | 0             | 467   | 0  |   |
| of which: possible filter to unrealised gains  |  | 0             | 468   | 0  |   |
| 57 Total regulatory adjustments to tier 2 (T2)   | capital  | -92           |   | 34   |   |
| 58 Tier 2 (T2) capital   |  | 5,234         |   | -94  |   |
| 59 Total capital (TC = T1 + T2)  |  | 18,836        |   | 57   |   |
| Risk weighted assets in respect of amounts transitional treatments subject to phase out a No 575/2013 (i.e. CRR residual amount)   |  | 0             |   | 0  |   |
| of which: items not deducted from CET1 (Re<br>amounts) (items to be detailed line by line, e<br>future profitability net of related tax liability, in  | g. deferred tax assets that rely on                                    | 0             | 472, 472 (5), 472 (8)<br>(b), 472 (10) (b),<br>472 (11) (b)                                 | 0  |   |
| of which: items not deducted from AT1 items residual amounts) (items to be detailed line to T2 instruments, direct holdings of non-significancial sector entities, etc.)   | y line, e.g. reciprocal cross holdings in                              | 0             | 475, 475 (2) (b), 475<br>(2) (c), 475 (4) (b)   | 0  |   |
| of which: items not deducted from T2 items (<br>amounts) (items to be detailed line by line, e<br>instruments, indirect holdings of non-significated<br>financial sector entities, indirect holdings of states of the sector entities, etc.) | g. indirect holdings of own T2 ant investments in the capital of other | 0             | 477, 477 (2) (b), 477 (2) (c), 477 (4) (b)  | 0  |   |
| 60 Total risk-weighted assets  |  | 101,809       |   | 1,831  |   |
| Capital ratios and buffers   |  |               |   |  |   |
| 61 Common equity tier 1 (as a percentage of ris  | k exposure amount)   | 13.4%         | 92 (2) (a), 465   | -0.6%  |   |
| 62 Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk exposure amo  | •  | 13.4%         | 92 (2) (b), 465   | -0.1%  |   |
| 63 Total capital (as a percentage of risk exposu   | re amount)   | 18.5%         | 92 (2) (c)  | -0.3%  |   |

| in El | JR million  | (A)<br>Dec 16 | (B)<br>Regulation (EU)<br>No 575/2013<br>article reference                             | (C) Amounts subject to pre-regulation (EU) No 575/2013 treatment or prescribed residual amount of regulation (EU) 575/2013 | (D)<br>Reference to<br>reconciliation<br>tables |
|-------|---|---------------|--|--|---|
|       | Institution specific buffer requirement (CET1 requirement in accordance with article  |               |  |  |   |
|       | 92 (1) (a) plus capital conservation and countercyclical buffer requirements plus a systemic risk buffer, plus systemically important institution buffer expressed as a   |               |  |  |   |
| 64    | percentage of risk exposure amount)   | 0.878%        | CRD 128, 129, 130  | 0  |   |
| 65    | of which: capital conservation buffer requirement   | 0.625%        |  | 0  |   |
| 66    | of which: countercyclical buffer requirement  | 0.003%        |  | 0  |   |
| 67    | of which: systemic risk buffer requirement  | 0.25%         |  | 0  |   |
| 67a   | of which: Global Systemically Important Institution (G-SII) or Other Systemically Important Institution (O-SII) buffer  | 0.25%         | CRD 131  | 0  |   |
|       | Common equity tier 1 available to meet buffers  |               |  |  |   |
| 68    | (as a percentage of risk exposure amount)   | 3.0%          | CRD 128  | 0  |   |
| 69    | [non-relevant in EU regulation]   |               |  |  |   |
| 70    | [non-relevant in EU regulation]   |               |  |  |   |
| 71    | [non-relevant in EU regulation]   |               |  |  |   |
| Amo   | unts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk-weighting)   |               |  |  |   |
| 72    | Direct and indirect holdings of the capital of financial sector entities where the institution does not have a significant investment in those entities (amount below 10% threshold and net of eligible short positions)                  | 561           | 36 (1) (h), 45, 46,<br>472 (10)<br>56 (c), 59, 60, 475 (4),<br>66 (c), 69, 70, 477 (4) | 0  |   |
| 73    | Direct and indirect holdings by the intitution of the CET1 instruments of financial sector entities where the institution has a significant investment in those entities (amount below 10% threshold and net of eligible short positions) | 306           | 36 (1) (i), 45, 48,<br>470, 472 (11)   | 0  |   |
| 74    | Empty set in the EU   |               | , ,  |  |   |
| 75    | Deferred tax assets arising from temporary difference (amount below 10 % threshold, net of related tax liability where the conditions in Article 38 (3) are met)  | 157           | 36 (1) (c), 38, 48,<br>470, 472 (5)  | 0  |   |
| App   | icable caps on the inclusion of provisions in tier 2  |               |  |  |   |
| 76    | Credit risk adjustments included in T2 in respect of exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to the application of the cap)   | 0             | 62   | 0  |   |
| 77    | Cap on inclusion of credit risk adjustments in T2 under standardised approach   | 187           | 62   | 0  |   |
| 78    | Credit risk adjustments included in T2 in respect of exposures subject to internal rating-based approach (prior to the application of the cap)  | 587           | 62   | 0  |   |
| 79    | Cap for inclusion of credit risk adjustments in T2 under internal ratings-based approach  | 402           | 62   | 0  |   |
|       | tal instruments subject to phase-out arrangements<br>applicable between January 2013 and January 2022)  |               |  |  |   |
| 80    | Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase-out arrangements   | 60%           | 484 (3), 486 (2) & (5)   | 0  |   |
| 81    | Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)   | 0             | 484 (3), 486 (2) & (5)   | 0  |   |
| 82    | Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase-out arrangements  | 60%           | 484 (4), 486 (3) & (5)   | 0  |   |
| U.E   | Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap   | 0076          | 107 (T), 700 (U) & (U)   | U  |   |
| 83    | (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)  | 0             | 484 (4), 486 (3) & (5)   | 0  |   |
| 84    | Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase-out arrangements   | 60%           | 484 (5), 486 (4) & (5)   | 0  |   |
| 85    | Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)   |               | 484 (5), 486 (4) & (5)   | 0  |   |

# Regulatory capital during the transitional period – 2015

|          |  |               |  | (C)   |                          |
|----------|--|---------------|--|---|--------------------------|
|          |  |               | (B)<br>Regulation (EU)                                 | Amounts subject<br>to pre-regulation<br>(EU) No 575/2013<br>treatment or<br>prescribed<br>residual amount | (D)<br>Reference to      |
| in EUR ı | million  | (A)<br>Dec 15 | No 575/2013 article reference                          | of regulation<br>(EU) 575/2013  | reconciliation<br>tables |
| 1 Ca     | apital instruments and the related share premium accounts  | 2,336         | 26 (1), 27, 28, 29,<br>EBA list 26 (3)                 | 0   | а                        |
| of       | which: ordinary shares   | 2,336         | EBA list 26 (3)  | 0   | а                        |
| 2 Re     | etained earnings   | 8,811         | 26 (1) (c)   | 0   | b                        |
|          | ccumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves, to include<br>realised gains and losses under the applicable accounting standards)  | -190          | 26 (1)   | 0   | С                        |
| 3a Fu    | unds for general banking risk  | 0             | 26 (1) (f)   | 0   |                          |
|          | mount of qualifying items referred to in article 484 (3) and the related share<br>emium accounts subject to phase out from CET1  | 0             | 486 (2)  | 0   |                          |
| Pι       | ublic sector capital injections grandfathered until Jan 18   | 0             | 483 (2)  | 0   |                          |
| 5 Mi     | inority interests (amount allowed in consolidated CET1)  | 3,452         | 84, 479, 480   | -57   | d                        |
| 5a Inc   | dependently reviewed interim profits net of any foreseeable charge or dividend   | 0             | 26 (2)   | 0   |                          |
| 6 CE     | T1 capital before regulatory adjustments   | 14,410        |  | -57   |                          |
| Commo    | n equity tier 1 (CET1): regulatory adjustments   |               | •  | •   |                          |
| 7 Ac     | dditional value adjustments (negative amount)  | -112          | 34, 105  | 0   |                          |
| 8 Int    | tangible assets (net of related tax liability) (negative amount)   | -571          | 36 (1) (b), 37, 472 (4)                                | -857  | е                        |
| 9 Er     | mpty set in the EU   |               |  |   |                          |
| tei      | eferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from mporary differences (net of related tax liability where the conditions in article 38 ) are met) (negative amount)  | -51           | 36 (1) (c), 38, 472 (5)                                | -42   | f                        |
|          | air value reserves related to gains or losses on cash flow hedges  | -97           | 33 (a)   | 0   | g                        |
|          | an value received related to gains or leaded on each new heages  |               | 36 (1) (d), 40, 159,                                   |   | 9                        |
| 12 Ne    | egative amounts resulting from the calculation of expected loss amounts  | -88           | 472 (6)  | -132  |                          |
| 13 Ar    | ny increase in equity that results from securitised assets (negative amount)   | 0             | 32 (1)   | 0   |                          |
|          | ains or losses on liabilities valued at fair value resulting from changes in own edit standing   | -47           | 33 (b)   | 0   |                          |
| 15 De    | efined-benefit pension fund assets (negative amount)   | 0             | 36 (1) (e), 41, 472 (7)                                | 0   |                          |
| Di       | rect and indirect holdings by an institution of own CET1 instruments   |               | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,                |   |                          |
| 16 (n    | egative amount)  | -72           | 36 (1) (f), 42, 472 (8)                                | 0   |                          |
| ha       | oldings of the CET1 instruments of financial sector entities where those entities are reciprocal cross holdings with the institution designed to inflate artificially the vn funds of the institution (negative amount)  | 0             | 36 (1) (g), 44, 472 (9)                                | 0   |                          |
| se<br>en | rect and indirect holdings by the institution of the CET1 instruments of financial actor entities where the institution does not have a significant investment in those utilities (amount above 10% threshold and net of eligible short positions) egative amount) | 0             | 36 (1) (h), 43, 45,<br>46, 49 (2) (3), 79,<br>472 (10) | 0   |                          |
| se       | rect and indirect holdings by the institution of the CET1 instruments of financial<br>actor entities where the institution has a significant investment in those entities  |               | 36 (1) (i), 43, 45, 47,<br>48 (1) (b), 49 (1) to       | _   |                          |
| 20 Er    | mount above 10% threshold and net of eligible short positions) (negative amount) npty set in the EU  | 0             | (3), 79, 470, 472 (11)                                 | 0   |                          |
|          | rosure amount of the following items which qualify for a RW of 1,250%, where e institution opts for the deduction alternative  | 0             | 36 (1) (k)   | 0   |                          |
| 20b of   | which: qualifying holdings outside the financial sector (negative amount)  | 0             | 36 (1) (k) (i), 89 to 91                               | 0   |                          |
|          |  | -             | 36 (1) (k) (ii), 243 (1) (b), 244 (1) (b), 258         | 0   |                          |
| 20c of   | which: securitisation positions (negative amount)  | 0             | (D), 244 (T) (D), 230                                  | · ·   |                          |

| 001  | induction of the table   |               |   |  |                       |
|--|--|---------------|---|--|-----------------------|
|  |  |               | (B)<br>Regulation (EU)                      | (C)<br>Amounts subject<br>to pre-regulation<br>(EU) No 575/2013<br>treatment or<br>prescribed<br>residual amount | (D)<br>Reference to   |
| in El  | JR million   | (A)<br>Dec 15 | No 575/2013 article reference               | of regulation<br>(EU) 575/2013   | reconciliation tables |
|  | Deferred tax assets arising from temporary difference (amount above 10 %   |               |   | ( 2) 2 2 2   |                       |
| 21   | threshold, net of related tax liability where the conditions in article 38 (3) are met) (negative amount)  | 0             | 36 (1) (c), 38, 48 (1)<br>(a), 470, 472 (5) | 0  |                       |
| 22   | Amount exceeding the 15% threshold (negative amount)   | 0             | 48 (1)                                      | 0  |                       |
|  | of which: direct and indirect holdings by the institution of the CET1 instruments of   |               | ( )   | 0  |                       |
| 23   | financial sector entities where the institution has a significant investment in those entities   | 0             | 36 (1) (i), 48 (1) (b),<br>470, 472 (11)    | 0  |                       |
| 24   | Empty set in the EU  |               |   |  |                       |
| 25   | of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences   | 0             | 36 (1) (c), 38, 48 (1) (a), 470, 472 (5)    | 0  |                       |
| 25a  | Losses for the current financial year (negative amount)  | 0             | 36 (1) (a), 472 (3)                         | 0  |                       |
| 25b  | Foreseeable tax charges relating to CET1 items (negative amount)   | 0             | 36 (1) (a), 472 (5)                         | 0  |                       |
| 230  | Regulatory adjustments applied to common equity tier 1 in respect of amounts   | 0             | 30 (1) (1)                                  | 0  |                       |
| 26   | subject to pre-CRR treatment   | 0             |   | 0  |                       |
| 26a  | Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised gains and losses pursuant to articles 467 and 468  | -571          |   | 333  |                       |
|  | of which: unrealised losses  | 0             | 467   | 0  |                       |
|  | of which: unrealised gains   | -571          | 468   | 333  | h                     |
| 26b  | Amount to be deducted from or added to common equity tier 1 capital with regard to additional filters and deductions required pre CRR                                    | 0             | 481   | 0  |                       |
| 27   | Qualifying AT1 deductions that exceeds the AT1 capital of the institution (negative amount)  | -663          | 36 (1) (j)                                  | 663  |                       |
| 28   | Total regulatory adjustments to common equity tier 1 (CET1)  | -2,274        |   | -34  |                       |
| 29   | CET1 capital   | 12,136        |   | -91  |                       |
| Add  | tional tier 1 (AT1) capital: instruments   |               | •   |  |                       |
| 30   | Capital instruments and the related share premium accounts   | 0             | 51, 52                                      | 0  |                       |
| 31   | of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards   | 0             |   | 0  |                       |
| 32   | of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards  | 0             |   | 0  |                       |
|  | Amount of qualifying items referred to in article 484 (4) and the related share  |               |   |  |                       |
| 33   | premium accounts subject to phase out from AT1   | 263           | 486 (3)                                     | -263   | i                     |
|  | Public sector capital injections grandfathered until Jan 18  | 0             | 483 (3)                                     | 0  |                       |
| 34   | Qualifying Tier 1 capital included in consolidated AT1 capital (including minority interests not included in row 5) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties     | 1             | 85, 86, 480                                 | 0  |                       |
| 35   | of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase-out  | 0             | 486 (3)                                     | 0  |                       |
| 36   | AT1 capital before regulatory adjustments  | 264           |   | -263   |                       |
| Add  | tional tier 1 (AT1) capital: regulatory adjustments  |               | •   | •  |                       |
| 37   | Direct and indirect holdings by an institution of own AT1 instruments (negative amount)  | -4            | 52 (1) (b), 56 (a), 57,<br>475 (2)          | 4  |                       |
| <u>.                                    </u> | Holdings of the AT1 instruments of financial sector entities where those entities  |               | 110(2)                                      | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |                       |
| 38   | have reciprocal cross holdings with the institution designed to inflate artificially the own funds of the institution (negative amount)                                  | 0             | 56 (b), 58, 475 (3)                         | 0  |                       |
| 50   | Holdings of the AT1 instruments of financial sector entities where the institution   | U             | JU (D), JU, 413 (J)                         | U  |                       |
|  | does not have a significant investment in those entities (amount above 10%   |               | 56 (c), 59, 60, 79,                         |  |                       |
| 39   | threshold and net of eligible short positions) (negative amount)   | 0             | 475 (4)                                     | 0  |                       |
|  | Direct and indirect holdings by the institution of the AT1 instruments of financial sector entities where the institution has a significant investment in those entities |               | ,   |  |                       |
| 40   | (amount above 10% threshold and net of eligible short positions) (negative amount)   | 0             | 56 (d), 59, 79, 475 (4)                     | 0  |                       |
|  |  |               |   |  |                       |

| Con   | tinuation of the table  |               |  |  |   |
|-------|---|---------------|--|--|---|
| in El | JR million  | (A)<br>Dec 15 | (B)<br>Regulation (EU)<br>No 575/2013<br>article reference             | (C) Amounts subject to pre-regulation (EU) No 575/2013 treatment or prescribed residual amount of regulation (EU) 575/2013 | (D)<br>Reference to<br>reconciliation<br>tables |
|       | Regulatory adjustments applied to AT1 in respect of amounts subject to pre-CRR treatment and transitional treatments subject to phase-out as prescribed in  |               |  |  |   |
| 41    | Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 (i.e. CRR residual amounts)   | 0             | 470 470(0)(-) 470  | 0  |   |
|       | Residual amounts deducted from AT1 with regard to deduction from CET1 during  |               | 472, 472(3)(a), 472<br>(4), 472 (6), 472 (8)<br>(a), 472 (9), 472 (10) |  |   |
| 41a   |   | -923          | (a), 472 (11) (a)  | 923  |   |
|       | of which: material net interim loss   | 0             |  | 0  |   |
|       | of which: intangible assets   | -857          |  | 857  | J   |
|       | of which: shortfall of provisions to expected loss  | -66           |  | 66   |   |
| 41b   | Residual amounts deducted from AT1 capital with regard to deduction from T2 capital during the transitional period pursuant to article 475 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013   | 0             | 477, 477 (3),<br>477 (4) (a)   |  |   |
|       | of which: reciprocal cross holdings in T2 instruments   | 0             | (.) (2)  | 0  |   |
|       | of which: direct holdings of non-significant investments in the capital of other financial sector entities  | 0             |  | 0  |   |
| 41c   | Amount to be deducted from or added to AT1 with regard to additional filters and deductions required pre- CRR   | 0             | 467, 468, 481  | 0  |   |
|       | of which: possible filter to unrealised losses  | 0             | 467  | 0  |   |
|       | of which: possible filter to unrealised gains   | 0             | 468  | 0  |   |
| 42    | Qualifying T2 deductions that exceed the T2 capital of the institution (negative amount)  | 0             | 56 (e)   | 0  |   |
| 43    | Total regulatory adjustments to additional tier 1 (AT1) capital   | -927          |  | 927  |   |
| 44    | Additional tier 1 (AT1) capital   | 0             |  | 1  |   |
| 45    | Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1)  | 12.136        |  | -90  |   |
|       | 2 (T2) capital: instruments and provisions  |               |  | <del> </del>   |   |
| 46    | Capital instruments and the related share premium accounts  | 4.649         | 62, 63   | 0  | k   |
| 47    | Amount of qualifying items referred to in article 484 (5) and the related share premium accounts subject to phase out from T2   | 0             | 486 (4)  | 0  |   |
|       | Public sector capital injections grandfathered until Jan 18  Qualifying own funds instruments included in consolidated T2 capital (including minority interests and AT1 instruments not included in rows 5 or 34)                               | 0             | 483 (4)  | 0  |   |
| 48    | issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties  | 491           | 87, 88, 480  | -258   | 1   |
| 49    | of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase-out   | 258           | 486 (4)  | -258   | m   |
| 50    | Credit risk adjustments   | 408           | 62 (c) (d)   | 0  |   |
| 51    | Tier 2 (T2) capital before regulatory adjustment  | 5.547         |  | -258   |   |
| T2 ca | apital: regulatory adjustments  |               |  |  |   |
| 52    | Direct and indirect holdings by an institution of own T2 instruments and subordinated loans (negative amount)   | -50           | 63 (b) (i), 66 (a), 67,<br>477 (2)                                     | 0  |   |
| 53    | Holdings of the T2 instruments and subordinated loans of financial sector entities where those entities have reciprocal cross holdings with the institution designed to inflate artificially the own funds of the institution (negative amount) | 0             | 66 (b), 68, 477 (3)  | 0  |   |
|       | Direct and indirect holdings by the institution of the T2 instruments and subordinated loans of financial sector entities where the institution does not have a   |               | ( ), (-)   |  |   |
|       | significant investment in those entities (amount above 10 % threshold and net of  |               | 66 (c), 69, 70, 79,  |  |   |
| 54    | eligible short positions) (negative amount)   | 0             | 477 (4)  | 0  |   |
| 54a   | of which: new holdings not subject to transitional arrangements   | 0             |  | 0  |   |
| 54b   | of which: holdings existing before 1 January 2013 and subject to transitional arrangements  | 0             |  | 0  |   |

# Continuation of the table

| Com   | induction of the table  |               |  |  |   |
|-------|---|---------------|--|--|---|
| in EU | R million   | (A)<br>Dec 15 | (B)<br>Regulation (EU)<br>No 575/2013<br>article reference       | (C) Amounts subject to pre-regulation (EU) No 575/2013 treatment or prescribed residual amount of regulation (EU) 575/2013 | (D)<br>Reference to<br>reconciliation<br>tables |
| 55    | Direct and indirect holdings by the institution of the T2 instruments and subordinated loans of financial sector entities where the institution has a significant investment in those entities (net of eligible short positions) (negative amounts)   | -0.4          | 66 (d), 69, 79, 477 (4)  | 0  |   |
| 56    | Regulatory adjustments applied to T2 in respect of amounts subject to pre-CRR treatment and transitional treatments subject to phase out as prescribed in Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 (i.e. CRR residual amounts)   | 0             |  | 0  |   |
|       | Residual amounts deducted from T2 with regard to deduction from CET1 during   |               | 472, 472(3)(a), 472<br>(4), 472 (6), 472<br>(8)(a), 472 (9), 472 |  |   |
|       | the transitional period pursuant to article 472 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013  | -66           | (10) (a), 472 (11) (a)   | 66   |   |
|       | of which: shortfall of provisions to expected loss  | -66           | 472 (6)  | 66<br>0  |   |
| 56b   | of which: non-significant investments  Residual amounts deducted from T2 with regard to deduction from AT1 during the transitional period pursuant to article 475 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013  | 0             | 476 (10)<br>475, 475 (2) (a),<br>475 (3), 475 (4) (a)            | 0  |   |
|       | of which: reciprocal cross holdings in AT1 instruments  | 0             |  | 0  |   |
|       | of which: direct holdings of non-significant investments in the capital of other financial sector entities  | 0             |  | 0  |   |
|       | Amount to be deducted from or added to T2 with regard to additional filters and   |               |  |  |   |
| 56c   | deductions required pre-CRR   | 0             | 467, 468, 481  | 0  |   |
|       | of which possible filter to unrealised losses   | 0             | 467  | 0  |   |
|       | of which: possible filter to unrealised gains   | 0             | 468  | 0  |   |
|       | Total regulatory adjustments to tier 2 (T2) capital   | -116          |  | 66   |   |
|       | Tier 2 (T2) capital   | 5,431         |  | -192   |   |
| 59    | Total capital (TC = T1 + T2)  | 17,566        |  | -282   |   |
| 59a   | Risk weighted assets in respect of amounts subject to pre-CRR treatment and transitional treatments subject to phase out as prescribed in Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 (i.e. CRR residual amount)  | 0             |  | 0  |   |
|       | of which: items not deducted from CET1 (Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 residual amounts) (items to be detailed line by line, e.g. deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability net of related tax liability, indirect holdings of own CET1, etc.)   | 0             | 472, 472 (5), 472 (8)<br>(b), 472 (10) (b),<br>472 (11) (b)      | 0  |   |
|       | of which: items not deducted from AT1 items (Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 residual amounts) (items to be detailed line by line, e.g. reciprocal cross holdings in T2 instruments, direct holdings of non-significant investments in the capital of other financial sector entities, etc.)  | 0             | 475, 475 (2) (b), 475<br>(2) (c), 475 (4) (b)                    | 0  |   |
|       | of which: items not deducted from T2 items (Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 residual amounts) (items to be detailed line by line, e.g. indirect holdings of own T2 instruments, indirect holdings of non-significant investments in the capital of other financial sector entities, indirect holdings of significant investments in the capital of other financial sector entities, etc.) | 0             | 477, 477 (2) (b), 477 (2) (c), 477 (4) (b)                       | 0  |   |
| 60    | Total risk-weighted assets  | 98,300        |  | 1,982  |   |
| Capit | al ratios and buffers   |               |  |  |   |
|       | Common equity tier 1 (as a percentage of risk exposure amount)  | 12.3%         | 92 (2) (a), 465  | -0.3%  |   |
| 61    | common equity for 1 (as a persontage of not exposure amount)  |               |  |  |   |
|       | Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk exposure amount)  | 12.3%         | 92 (2) (b), 465  | -0.3%  |   |

| COL  | tilluation of the table   |                        |  |  |   |
|------|---|------------------------|--|--|---|
| in E | JR million  | (A)<br>Dec 15          | (B)<br>Regulation (EU)<br>No 575/2013<br>article reference             | (C)<br>Amounts subject<br>to pre-regulation<br>(EU) No 575/2013<br>treatment or<br>prescribed<br>residual amount<br>of regulation<br>(EU) 575/2013 | (D)<br>Reference to<br>reconciliation<br>tables |
|      | Institution specific buffer requirement (CET1 requirement in accordance with article  |                        |  |  |   |
|      | 92 (1) (a) plus capital conservation and countercyclical buffer requirements plus a   |                        |  |  |   |
| 64   | systemic risk buffer, plus systemically important institution buffer expressed as a<br>percentage of total risk exposure amount)  | not yet<br>implemented | CRD 128, 129, 130  | 0  |   |
| 04   | percentage of total risk exposure amount)   | not yet                | CRD 126, 129, 130  | 0  |   |
| 65   | of which: capital conservation buffer requirement   | implemented            |  | 0  |   |
|      |   | not yet                |  |  |   |
| 66   | of which: countercyclical buffer requirement  | implemented            |  | 0  |   |
|      | ,   | not yet                |  |  |   |
| 67   | of which: systemic risk buffer requirement  | implemented            |  | 0  |   |
|      | of which: global Systemically Important Institution (G-SII) or Other Systemically   | not yet                |  |  |   |
| 67a  | Important Institution (O-SII) buffer  | implemented            | CRD 131  | 0  |   |
|      | Common equity tier 1 available to meet buffers  | not yet                |  |  |   |
| 68   | (as a percentage of risk exposure amount)   | implemented            | CRD 128  | 0  |   |
| 69   | [non-relevant in EU regulation]   |                        |  |  |   |
| 70   | [non-relevant in EU regulation]   |                        |  |  |   |
| 71   | [non-relevant in EU regulation]   |                        |  |  |   |
| Amo  | unts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk-weighting)   |                        |  |  |   |
|      | Direct and indirect holdings of the capital of financial sector entities where the institution does not have a significant investment in those entities (amount below   |                        | 36 (1) (h), 45, 46, 472<br>(10)56 (c), 59, 60,<br>475 (4), 66 (c), 69, |  |   |
| 72   | 10% threshold and net of eligible short positions)  | 709                    | 70, 477 (4)  | 0  |   |
| 73   | Direct and indirect holdings of the CET1 instruments of financial sector entities where the institution has a significant investment in those entities (amount below 10% threshold and net of eligible short positions) | 254                    | 36 (1) (i), 45, 48,<br>470, 472 (11)                                   | 0  |   |
| 74   | Empty set in the EU   |                        |  | 0  |   |
|      | Deferred tax assets arising from temporary difference (amount below 10 $\%$   |                        | 36 (1) (c), 38, 48,  |  |   |
| 75   | threshold, net of related tax liability where the conditions in article 38 (3) are met)   | 209                    | 470, 472 (5)   | 0  |   |
| App  | licable caps on the inclusion of provisions in tier 2   |                        |  |  |   |
|      | Credit risk adjustments included in T2 in respect of exposures subject to   | _                      |  | _  |   |
| 76   | standardised approach (prior to the application of the cap)   | 0                      | 62   | 0  |   |
| 77   | Cap on inclusion of credit risk adjustments in T2 under standardised approach   | 0                      | 62   | 0  |   |
| 78   | Credit risk adjustments included in T2 in respect of exposures subject to internal rating-based approach (prior to the application of the cap)  | 676                    | 62   | 0  |   |
| 79   | Cap for inclusion of credit risk adjustments in T2 under internal ratings-based approach  | 408                    | 62   | 0  |   |
| (onl | tal instruments subject to phase-out arrangements<br>v applicable between January 2013 and January 2022)  |                        |  |  |   |
| 80   | Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase-out arrangements   | 70%                    | 484 (3), 486 (2) & (5)   | 0  |   |
| 81   | Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)   | 0                      | 484 (3), 486 (2) & (5)   | 0  |   |
| 82   | Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase-out arrangements  | 70%                    | 484 (4), 486 (3) & (5)   | 0  |   |
|      | Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap   |                        |  |  |   |
| 83   | (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)  | 96                     | 484 (4), 486 (3) & (5)   | 0  |   |
| 84   | Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase-out arrangements   | 70%                    | 484 (5), 486 (4) & (5)   | 0  |   |
| 85   | Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)   | 0                      | 484 (5), 486 (4) & (5)   | 0  |   |
|      |   |                        |  |  |   |

# Own funds development

| own funds development  | <del></del> |        |
|--|-------------|--------|
| in EUR million   | Dec 15      | Dec 16 |
| Common equity tier 1 (CET1) development, transitional provisions                   |             |        |
| CET1 as of the previous period   | 10,623      | 12,136 |
| Development in retained earnings   | 682         | 707    |
| Profit   | 933         | 1,261  |
| Planned dividends  | -215        | -474   |
| Other developments   | -36         | -80    |
| Development in accumulated other comprehensive income                              | 135         | -86    |
| Development actuarial gains and losses   | 67          | -44    |
| Development CFH reserve  | -21         | -9     |
| Development AFS reserve  | -8          | -29    |
| Development fx translation   | 97          | -4     |
| Development minority interest  | 271         | 201    |
| Profit   | 300         | 292    |
| Non eligible profit  | -101        | -149   |
| Other developments   | 72          | 58     |
| thereof effect of change in transitional provisions                                | -13         | 14     |
| Development prudential filters   | 466         | 282    |
| Development in filter on unrealised gains out of AFS portfolio                     | 421         | 226    |
| thereof effect of change in transitional provisions in unrealised gains            | 397         | 190    |
| Development in filter on unrealised losses out of AFS portfolio                    | 0           | 43     |
| thereof effect of change in transitional provisions in unrealised losses           | 0           | 43     |
| Development in filter on CFH reserve   | 21          | 9      |
| Development in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities and derivatives          | 23          | -18    |
| Development in prudent valuation   | 1           | 22     |
| Development in regulatory deductions   | -41         | 363    |
| Intangible assets  | -286        | -242   |
| thereof effect of change in transitional provisions in intangible assets           | -283        | -286   |
| IRB shortfall  | -38         | -13    |
| thereof effect of change in transitional provisions in IRB shortfall               | -27         | -44    |
| Own instruments  | 10          | 41     |
| DTAs that rely on future profitability and do not arise from temporary differences | -7          | 24     |
| thereof effect of change in transitional provisions in DTA                         | -7          | 14     |
| Securitizations (riskweight 1,250%)  | 0           | -29    |
| Development in excess deductions from AT1 items                                    | 281         | 582    |
| Changes in CET1  | 1,513       | 1,467  |
| CET1 as of end of period   | 12,136      | 13,602 |
| Additional tier 1 (AT1) development, transitional provisions                       | ,           | .,     |
| AT1 as of previous period  | 0           | 0      |
| AT1 instruments of the previous period   | 296         | 260    |
| Development of AT1 instruments   | -36         | 238    |
| In Erste Group Bank AG   | 0           | 141    |
| In subsidiaries of Erste Group Bank AG   | 1           | 1      |
| Development in grandfathered AT1 instruments                                       | -37         | 96     |
| Regulatory deductions of previous period   | -1.240      | -923   |
| Development in regulatory deductions   | 317         | 344    |
| Intangible assets  | 283         | 315    |
| thereof effect of change in transitional provisions in intangible assets           | 283         | 286    |
| IRB shortfall  | 34          | 32     |
| thereof effects of change in transitional provisions in IRB shortfall              | 25          | 22     |
| Own instruments in CET1  | 0           | -3     |
| thereof effect of change in transitional own instruments in CET1                   | 0           | -3     |
| Changes in AT1   | 281         | 582    |
| Shortfall deduction in AT1   | 663         | 82     |
| AT1 as of end of period  | 0           | 0      |
| ao arana ar parisa   | •           | 0      |

# Continuation of the table

| Continuation of the more   |             |        |
|--|-------------|--------|
| in EUR million   | Dec 15      | Dec 16 |
| Tier 2 (T2) development, transitional provisions                                   |             |        |
| T2 as of previous period   | 5,216       | 5,431  |
| New issues/ phase out of T2 instruments  | 317         | -148   |
| In Erste Group Bank AG   | 452         | -69    |
| In subsidiaries of Erste Group Bank AG   | -99         | -16    |
| Effect of change in transitional provisions  | -36         | -63    |
| Development in grandfathered AT1 instruments                                       | 20          | -67    |
| Development in IRB excess and credit risk adjustments in the standardised approach | <b>–178</b> | -6     |
| Development in IRB excess  | -2          | -6     |
| Development in SA credit risk adjustments  | <b>–176</b> | 0      |
| Changes in regulatory deduction  | 55          | 24     |
| Development in own instruments   | 21          | -8     |
| Development in IRB shortfall   | 34          | 32     |
| thereof effect of change in transitional provisions in IRB shortfall               | 25          | 22     |
| Changes in T2  | 215         | -197   |
| T2 as of end of period   | 5,431       | 5,234  |
| Total own funds  | 17,566      | 18,836 |

### 53. Events after the balance sheet date

There are no significant events after the balance sheet date.

### 54. Country by country reporting

Starting with 2014 Erste Group publishes information about Group's country by country activities as required by Article 89 of the EU Capital Requirements Directive IV.

| Dec 16          | Operating        | Pre-tax result             | Taxes on |            |
|-----------------|------------------|----------------------------|----------|------------|
| in EUR million  | Operating income | from continuing operations | income   | Taxes paid |
| Austria         | 2,922            | 328                        | -131     | -167       |
| Croatia         | 414              | 139                        | -40      | -8         |
| Czech Republic  | 1,375            | 674                        | -130     | -135       |
| Hungary         | 346              | 151                        | -12      | -12        |
| Romania         | 685              | 311                        | -29      | -9         |
| Serbia          | 72               | 26                         | -1       | 0          |
| Slovakia        | 628              | 245                        | -74      | -75        |
| Other locations | 249              | 76                         | 3        | -2         |
| Total           | 6,691            | 1,950                      | -414     | -408       |

| Dec 15          |                  | Pre-tax result             | _                  |            |
|-----------------|------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|------------|
| in EUR million  | Operating income | from continuing operations | Taxes on<br>income | Taxes paid |
| Austria         | 2,838            | 406                        | -146               | -89        |
| Croatia         | 466              | -29                        | 21                 | -21        |
| Czech Republic  | 1,409            | 660                        | -136               | -135       |
| Hungary         | 365              | -27                        | -13                | -11        |
| Romania         | 755              | 311                        | -21                | -12        |
| Serbia          | 71               | 17                         | 0                  | 0          |
| Slovakia        | 611              | 241                        | -64                | -84        |
| Other locations | 257              | 59                         | -4                 | -3         |
| Total           | 6,772            | 1,639                      | -364               | -355       |

For information regarding the relevant country of residence of each fully consolidated entity refer to Note 54 Details of the companies wholly or partly owned by Erste Group as of 31 December 2016.

For the periods reported above, Erste Group did not receive any kind of public or state subsidies.

Information about the geographical split of the average number of headcounts employed in Erste Group throughout 2016 is disclosed in Note 6 General administrative expenses.

# 55. Details of the companies wholly or partly owned by Erste Group as of 31 December 2016

The table below presents material, fully consolidated subsidiaries, investments in associates accounted for at equity and other investments.

|  |                                 | Interest of Erste Gr | oun in %     |
|--|---------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| Company name, registered office  |                                 | Dec 15               | Dec 16       |
| Fully consolidated subsidiaries  |                                 |                      |              |
| Credit institutions  |                                 |                      |              |
| Allgemeine Sparkasse Oberösterreich Bankaktiengesellschaft                                 | Linz                            | 39.8                 | 39.8         |
| Banca Comerciala Romana Chisinau S.A.  | Chişinău                        | 93.6                 | 93.6         |
| Banca Comerciala Romana SA Banka Sparkasse d.d.  | Bucharest<br>Ljubljana          | 93.6<br>28.0         | 93.6<br>28.0 |
| Bankhaus Krentschker & Co. Aktiengesellschaft  | Graz                            | 25.0                 | 25.0         |
| Bausparkasse der österreichischen Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft                            | Vienna                          | 95.0                 | 95.0         |
| BCR Banca pentru Locuinte SA   | Bucharest                       | 93.9                 | 93.9         |
| Ceska sporitelna, a.s.   | Prague                          | 99.0                 | 99.0         |
| Die Zweite Wiener Vereins-Sparcasse  | Vienna                          | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Dornbirner Sparkasse Bank AG   | Dornbirn                        | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Erste & Steiermärkische Bank d.d. ERSTE BANK AD PODGORICA                                  | Rijeka<br>Podgorica             | 69.3<br>69.3         | 69.3<br>69.3 |
| ERSTE BANK AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO, NOVI SAD   | Novi Sad                        | 80.5                 | 80.5         |
| Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG   | Vienna                          | 100.0                | 100.0        |
| Erste Bank Hungary Zrt   | Budapest                        | 100.0                | 100.0        |
| Erste Group Bank AG  | Vienna                          | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| ERSTE Jelzálogbank Zártkörüen Müködö Részvénytársaság                                      | Budapest                        | 0.0                  | 100.0        |
| Erste Lakas-Takarekpenztar Zartkoruen Mukodo Reszvenytarsasag                              | Budapest                        | 99.8                 | 100.0        |
| Kärntner Sparkasse Aktiengesellschaft KREMSER BANK UND SPARKASSEN AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT       | Klagenfurt<br>Krems a. d. Donau | 25.0                 | 25.0         |
| Lienzer Sparkasse AG   | Lienz                           | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| s Wohnbaubank AG   | Vienna                          | 90.8                 | 91.5         |
| Salzburger Sparkasse Bank Aktiengesellschaft   | Salzburg                        | 98.7                 | 98.7         |
| Slovenska sporitelna, a. s.  | Bratislava                      | 100.0                | 100.0        |
| Sparkasse Baden  | Baden                           | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Bank dd Bosna i Hercegovina  | Sarajevo                        | 24.3                 | 24.3         |
| SPARKASSE BANK MAKEDONIJA AD SKOPJE Sparkasse Bludenz Bank AG                              | Skopje<br>Bludenz               | 24.9                 | 24.9         |
| Sparkasse Bregenz Bank Aktiengesellschaft  | Bregenz                         | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse der Gemeinde Egg   | Egg                             | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse der Stadt Amstetten AG   | Amstetten                       | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse der Stadt Feldkirch  | Feldkirch                       | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse der Stadt Kitzbühel  | Kitzbühel                       | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Eferding-Peuerbach-Waizenkirchen   | Eferding                        | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Feldkirchen/Kärnten SPARKASSE FRANKENMARKT AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT                    | Feldkirchen<br>Frankenmarkt     | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Hainburg-Bruck-Neusiedl Aktiengesellschaft                                       | Hainburg a. d. Donau            | 75.0                 | 75.0         |
| Sparkasse Haugsdorf  | Haugsdorf                       | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Herzogenburg-Neulengbach Bank Aktiengesellschaft                                 | Herzogenburg                    | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Horn-Ravelsbach-Kirchberg Aktiengesellschaft                                     | Horn                            | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Imst AG  | Imst                            | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Korneuburg AG  | Korneuburg                      | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Kufstein, Tiroler Sparkasse von 1877  Sparkasse Lambach Bank Aktionspacillaghaft | Kufstein                        | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Lambach Bank Aktiengesellschaft Sparkasse Langenlois                             | Lambach<br>Langenlois           | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Mittersill Bank AG   | Mittersill                      | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Mühlviertel-West Bank Aktiengesellschaft   | Rohrbach                        | 40.0                 | 40.0         |
| Sparkasse Mürzzuschlag Aktiengesellschaft  | Mürzzuschlag                    | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Neuhofen Bank Aktiengesellschaft   | Neuhofen                        | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Neunkirchen  | Neunkirchen                     | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| SPARKASSE NIEDERÖSTERREICH MITTE WEST AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT Sparkasse Pöllau AG               | St. Pölten<br>Pöllau            | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Pottenstein N.Ö.   | Pottenstein a.d. Triesting      | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Poysdorf AG  | Poysdorf                        | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Pregarten - Unterweißenbach AG   | Pregarten                       | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Rattenberg Bank AG   | Rattenberg                      | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Reutte AG  | Reutte                          | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Ried im Innkreis-Haag am Hausruck  | Ried im Innkreis                | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Salzkammergut AG Sparkasse Scheibbs AG   | Bad Ischl<br>Scheibbs           | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Schwaz AG  | Scheidds                        | 0.0                  | 0.0          |
| Sparkasse Voitsberg-Köflach Bankaktiengesellschaft   | Voitsberg                       | 5.0                  | 5.0          |
| Stavebni sporitelna Ceske sporitelny, a.s.   | Prague                          | 99.0                 | 99.0         |
|  | Graz                            | 25.0                 | 25.0         |
| Steiermärkische Bank und Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft                                     | Glaz                            |                      |              |
| Tiroler Sparkasse Bankaktiengesellschaft Innsbruck   | Innsbruck                       | 75.0                 | 75.0         |
|  |                                 |                      |              |

|   |                         | Interest of Erste G | roup in %      |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| Company name, registered office   | <del>-</del>            | Dec 15              | Dec 16         |
| Fully consolidated subsidiaries   |                         |                     |                |
| Financial institutions  | · · ·                   | •                   |                |
| 'DIE EVA' Grundstückverwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| 'Die Kärntner' Trust- Vermögensverwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H. & Co KG   | Klagenfurt              | 25.0                | 25.0           |
| 'Die Kärntner' Trust-Vermögensverwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  'Nare' Grundstücksverwertungs-Gesellschaft m.b.H. | Klagenfurt<br>Vienna    | 25.0<br>100.0       | 25.0<br>100.0  |
| 'SELIMMO' - Sparkasse Mühlviertel-West - DIE ERSTE Leasing - Immobilienvermietung GmbH                          | Rohrbach                | 69.4                | 69.4           |
| 5 HOTEL Ingatlanhasznosító Korlátolt Felelösségü Társaság   | Budapest                | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| Alea-Grundstückverwaltung Gesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| Altstadt Hotelbetriebs GmbH   | Vienna                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| AS-Alpha Grundstücksverwaltung Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                  | 39.8                | 39.8           |
| AVION-Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                  | 51.0                | 51.0           |
| AWEKA - Kapitalverwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H. BCR Leasing IFN SA  | Graz<br>Bucharest       | 25.0<br>93.6        | 25.0<br>93.6   |
| BCR Payments Services SRL   | Sibiu                   | 93.6                | 93.6           |
| BCR Pensii, Societate de Administrare a Fondurilor de Pensii Private SA   | Bucharest               | 93.6                | 93.6           |
| BOOTES-Immorent Grundverwertungs-Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| BTV-Beteiligungs-, Treuhand-, Vermögens-Verwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Klagenfurt              | 25.0                | 25.0           |
| C&C Atlantic Limited  | Dublin                  | 0.0                 | 100.0          |
| CEE Property Development Portfolio 2 a.s.   | Prague                  | 99.0                | 99.0           |
| CEE Property Development Portfolio B.V.   | Amsterdam               | 19.8                | 19.8           |
| Cinci-Immorent Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| CS Property Investment Limited  Czech and Slovak Property Fund B.V.   | Nicosia<br>Amsterdam    | 99.0<br>19.8        | 99.0<br>19.8   |
| Czech TOP Venture Fund B.V.   | Groesbeek               | 83.1                | 83.1           |
| DENAR-Immorent Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                  | 62.5                | 62.5           |
| DIE ERSTE Leasing Grundaufschließungs- und Immobilienvermietungsgesellschaft m.b.H.                             | Vienna                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| DIE ERSTE Leasing Grundbesitzgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| DIE ERSTE Leasing Grundstückverwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| DIE ERSTE Leasing Immobilien Vermietungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| DIE ERSTE Leasing Immobilienbesitzgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| DIE ERSTE Leasing Immobilienverwaltungs- und -vermietungsgesellschaft m.b.H.                                    | Vienna                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| DIE ERSTE Leasing Realitätenverwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna<br>Vienna        | 100.0               | 100.0<br>100.0 |
| DIE EVA - Liegenschaftsverwaltunggesellschaft m.b.H.  DIE EVA-Gebäudeleasinggesellschaft m.b.H.                 | Vienna                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| DIE EVA-Immobilienleasing und -erwerb Gesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| Drustvo za lizing nekretnina, vozila, plovila i masina 'S-Leasing' doo Podgorica                                | Podgorica               | 62.5                | 62.5           |
| EB Erste Bank Internationale Beteiligungen GmbH   | Vienna                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| EBB-Epsilon Holding GmbH  | Vienna                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| EB-Grundstücksbeteiligungen GmbH  | Vienna                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| EKZ-Immorent Vermietung GmbH  | Vienna                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| Epsilon Immorent s.r.o.   | Prague                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| Erste & Steiermärkische S-Leasing drustvo s ogranicenom odgovornoscu za leasing vozila i strojeva               | Zagreb                  | 47.1<br>100.0       | 47.1           |
| Erste Bank und Sparkassen Leasing GmbH ERSTE CARD CLUB d.o.o.   | Vienna<br>Zagreb        | 69.3                | 100.0<br>69.3  |
| ERSTE CARD poslovanje s kreditnimi karticami, d.o.o.  | Ljubljana               | 69.3                | 69.3           |
| ERSTE FACTORING d.o.o.  | Zagreb                  | 76.9                | 76.9           |
| Erste Group Immorent AG   | Vienna                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| Erste Group Immorent CR s.r.o.  | Prague                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| Erste Group Immorent International Holding GmbH   | Vienna                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| Erste Group Immorent Korlátolt Felelösségü Társaság   | Budapest                | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| ERSTE GROUP IMMORENT LEASING drustvo s ogranicenom odgovornoscu   | Zagreb                  | 92.5                | 92.5           |
| Erste Group Immorent Lízing Zártkörüen Müködö Részvénytársaság  | Budapest                | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| ERSTE GROUP IMMORENT POLSKA SPOLKA Z OGRANICZONA ODPOWIEDZIALNOSCIA ERSTE GROUP IMMORENT Real Estate srl        | Warsaw                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| Erste Group Immorent Slovensko s.r.o.   | Bucharest<br>Bratislava | 100.0               | 100.0<br>100.0 |
| ERSTE GROUP IMMORENT SRL  | Bucharest               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| Erste Lakaslizing Zrt.  | Budapest                | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| Erste Leasing, a.s.   | Znojmo                  | 99.0                | 99.0           |
| EVA-Immobilienvermietungs- und -verwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| Eva-Immobilienverwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| Eva-Realitätenverwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| F & S Leasing GmbH  | Klagenfurt              | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| Factoring Ceske sporitelny a.s.   | Prague                  | 99.0                | 99.0           |
| Gémeskút Ingatlanforgalmazó és Beruházó Kft.  GIPOLEASING Mobilianyarmietungsgesellschaft m.h.H.                | Budapest                | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| GIROLEASING-Mobilienvermietungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  GLADIATOR LEASING IRELAND LIMITED                           | Vienna<br>Dublin        | 62.5                | 62.5<br>100.0  |
| Gladiator Leasing limited  Gladiator Leasing Limited  | Pieta                   | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| GLL 1551 TA Limited   | Pieta                   | 0                   | 100.0          |
| GLL 29235 LIMITED   | Pieta                   | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| GLL A319 AS LIMITED   | Pieta                   | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| GLL A330 Limited  | Dublin                  | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| GLL CLASSIC 400 LIMITED   | Pieta                   | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| GLL Engine Leasing Limited  | Pieta                   | 100.0               | 100.0          |

|   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Interest of Erste G | roup in %     |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| Company name, registered office   |                                       | Dec 15              | Dec 16        |
| GLL MSN 038 / 043 LIMITED   | Pieta                                 | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| GLL MSN 2118 LIMITED  | Dublin                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| good bee credit IFN S.A.  | Bucharest                             | 60.0                | 60.0          |
| good.bee Holding GmbH Holding Card Service, s.r.o.  | Vienna<br>Prague                      | 60.0<br>0.0         | 99.3          |
| HORIZON YACHTING LIMITED  | Gibraltar                             | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Hotel- und Sportstätten Beteiligungs-, Errichtungs- und Betriebsgesellschaft m.b.H. Leasing KG                  | St. Pölten                            | 54.5                | 54.5          |
| Hotel- und Sportstätten-Beteiligungs-, Errichtungs- und Betriebsgesellschaft m.b.H.                             | Vienna                                | 38.0                | 38.0          |
| ILGES - Immobilien- und Leasing - Gesellschaft m.b.H.   | Rohrbach                              | 40.0                | 40.0          |
| ILION-IMMORENT Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 28.8                | 28.8          |
| IMMORENT - ANDROMEDA Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna<br>Vienna                      | 41.9<br>100.0       | 41.9<br>100.0 |
| Immorent - Immobilienleasing Gesellschaft m.b.H.  Immorent - Kagraner Grundstücksverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H. | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Immorent - Kappa Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Immorent - Weiko Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Immorent - Wörgler Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT ALFA leasing druzba, d.o.o.  | Ljubljana                             | 50.0                | 50.0          |
| IMMORENT DELTA, leasing druzba, d.o.o.  | Ljubljana                             | 50.0                | 50.0          |
| ImmoRent Einkaufszentren Verwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  IMMORENT EPSILON, leasing druzba, d.o.o.               | Vienna<br>Ljubljana                   | 100.0<br>50.0       | 100.0<br>50.0 |
| IMMORENT INPROX Budweis s.r.o.  | Prague                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT leasing nepremicnin d.o.o.   | Ljubljana                             | 44.9                | 47.4          |
| Immorent Lehrbauhöfeerrichtungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Immorent Oktatási Ingatlanhasznosító és Szolgáltató Kft.  | Budapest                              | 56.0                | 56.0          |
| Immorent Orange s.r.o.  | Prague                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT PPP Ingatlanhasznosító és Szolgáltató Korlátolt Felelösségü Társaság                                   | Budapest                              | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT PTC, s.r.o.  IMMORENT RIED GmbH  | Prague<br>Vienna                      | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT SPARKASSE ST.PÖLTEN Leasinggesellschaft m.b.H.   | St. Pölten                            | 50.0                | 50.0          |
| IMMORENT Térinvest Ingatlanhasznosító és Szolgáltató Korlátolt Felelösségü Társaság                             | Budapest                              | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT West Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT-ANUBIS Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT-ASTRA Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT-BRAUGEBÄUDE-Leasinggesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT-CHEMILEN Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H. Immorent-Clio-Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.         | Vienna<br>Vienna                      | 100.0<br>100.0      | 100.0         |
| Immorent-Gamma-Grundstücksverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Immorent-Gebäudeleasinggesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT-GREKO Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Immorent-Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT-JULIA Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT-KRABA Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna<br>Vienna                      | 90.0                | 90.0          |
| IMMORENT-LEANDER Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  Immorent-Lispa Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.        | Innsbruck                             | 51.0                | 51.0          |
| IMMORENT-MARCO Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT-MOMO Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT-MÖRE Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                                | 64.7                | 69.8          |
| Immorent-Mytho Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Innsbruck                             | 50.0                | 50.0          |
| IMMORENT-NERO Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT-Objektvermietungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  IMMORENT-OSIRIS Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.              | Vienna<br>Vienna                      | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT-PAN Grundverwertungsgeseilschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT-RAFI Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                                | 62.5                | 62.5          |
| IMMORENT-Raiffeisen Fachhochschule Errichtungs- und BetriebsgmbH  | Vienna                                | 55.0                | 55.0          |
| IMMORENT-RAMON Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 62.5                | 62.5          |
| IMMORENT-RASTA Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT-REMUS Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT-RIALTO Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H. IMMORENT-RIO Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.            | Vienna<br>Vienna                      | 100.0<br>55.0       | 100.0<br>55.0 |
| IMMORENT-RIO Grundverwertungsgeseilschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT-RONDO Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT-RUBIN Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT-SALVA Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT-SARI Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Immorent-Sigre Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Immorent-Smaragd Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H. Immorent-Steiko Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.        | Schwaz<br>Vienna                      | 0.0                 | 100.0         |
| Immorent-Theta-Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT-TRIAS Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 62.5                | 62.5          |
| IMMORENT-UTO Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Immorent-WBV Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Innsbruck                             | 50.0                | 50.0          |
| IMMORENT-WEBA Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                                | 75.0                | 75.0          |
| IMNA-Immorent Immobilienleasing GmbH  | Vienna                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Imobilia Kik s.r.o.   | Prague                                | 100.0               | 100.0         |

|  |  | Interest of Erste G | roup in %     |
|--|--|---------------------|---------------|
| Company name, registered office  |  | Dec 15              | Dec 16        |
| IMV 2004 Ingatlankezelö Korlátolt Felelösségü Társaság   | Budapest                                 | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Intermarket Bank AG  | Vienna                                   | 84.3                | 84.9          |
| IR Beteiligungsverwaltungsgesellschaft mbH   | Vienna                                   | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IR Domestic Project Development Holding GmbH   | Vienna                                   | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Jersey Holding (Malta) Limited  Jura GrundverwertungsgmbH  | Pieta<br>Graz                            | 100.0<br>25.0       | 100.0<br>25.0 |
| Kärntner Sparkasse Vermögensverwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Klagenfurt                               | 25.0                | 25.0          |
| KS-Beteiligungs- und Vermögens-Verwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Klagenfurt                               | 25.0                | 25.0          |
| Lassallestraße 7b Immobilienverwaltung GmbH  | Vienna                                   | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Lighthouse 449 Limited   | Pieta                                    | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| LogCap CR s.r.o.   | Prague                                   | 51.0                | 51.0          |
| LogCap Immorent Uno s.r.o.   | Bratislava                               | 51.0                | 51.0          |
| LogCap-IR Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                   | 51.0                | 51.0          |
| Mala Stepanska 17, s.r.o.  | Prague                                   | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| MEKLA Leasing Gesellschaft m.b.H.  MOPET CZ a.s.   | Vienna                                   | 100.0<br>99.0       | 100.0<br>99.0 |
| NAXOS-Immorent Immobilienleasing GmbH  | Prague Vienna                            | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| NÖ-Sparkassen Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                   | 2.5                 | 2.5           |
| Ölim-Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Graz                                     | 25.0                | 25.0          |
| OMEGA IMMORENT s.r.o.  | Prague                                   | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| OREST-Immorent Leasing GmbH  | Vienna                                   | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Österreichisches Volkswohnungswerk, Gemeinnützige Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung                  | Vienna                                   | 0.0                 | 0.0           |
| PAROS-Immorent Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                                   | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Pischeldorfer Straße 221 Liegenschaftsverwertungs GmbH   | Vienna                                   | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| PONOS-Immorent Immobilienleasing GmbH (vormals Technologiepark Niklasdorf)                               | Graz                                     | 62.5                | 62.5          |
| PREDUZECE ZA FINANSIJSKI LIZING S-LEASING DOO, BEOGRAD   | Belgrade                                 | 66.6                | 66.6          |
| RHEA-Immorent Holding GmbH s Autoleasing a.s.  | Vienna<br>Prague                         | 100.0<br>99.0       | 100.0<br>99.0 |
| s Autoleasing SK, s.r.o.   | Bratislava                               | 99.0                | 99.0          |
| S IMMORENT KAPPA drustvo s ogranicenom odgovornoscu za poslovanje nekretninama                           | Zagreb                                   | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| S IMMORENT OMIKRON drustvo s ogranicenom odgovornoscu za poslovanje nekretninama                         | Zagreb                                   | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| S Slovensko, spol. s r.o.  | Bratislava                               | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| SAL Liegenschaftsverwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                   | 64.2                | 69.3          |
| Salzburger Sparkasse Leasing Gesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                                   | 99.0                | 99.0          |
| SCIENTIA Immorent GmbH   | Vienna                                   | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| S-Factoring, faktoring druzba d.d.   | Ljubljana                                | 28.0                | 28.0          |
| Sieben-Tiroler-Sparkassen Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Kufstein                                 | 0.0                 | 0.0           |
| S-Leasing Gesellschaft m.b.H.  S-Leasing Immobilienvermietungsgesellschaft m.b.H.                        | Kirchdorf a. d. Krems<br>Wiener Neustadt | 64.9                | 69.9          |
| SOLIS-CIVITAS-IMMORENT GmbH  | Vienna                                   | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| SPARKASSE IMMORENT Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                                   | 99.0                | 99.0          |
| Sparkasse Kufstein Immobilien GmbH   | Kufstein                                 | 0.0                 | 0.0           |
| Sparkasse Leasing d.o.o., Sarajevo   | Sarajevo                                 | 24.6                | 24.6          |
| Sparkasse Leasing d.o.o., Skopje   | Skopje                                   | 25.0                | 25.0          |
| Sparkasse Leasing S,družba za financiranje d.o.o.  | Ljubljana                                | 28.0                | 28.0          |
| Sparkasse Mühlviertel-West Holding GmbH  | Rohrbach                                 | 40.0                | 40.0          |
| Sparkassen IT Holding AG   | Vienna                                   | 29.7                | 31.1          |
| SPARKASSEN LEASING druzba za financiranje d.o.o.   | Ljubljana                                | 50.0                | 50.0          |
| Sparkassen Leasing Süd GmbH Sparkassen Leasing Süd GmbH & Co KG  | Graz<br>Graz                             | 51.3<br>46.4        | 51.3<br>46.4  |
| Sparkassenbeteiligungs und Service AG für Oberösterreich und Salzburg                                    | Linz                                     | 69.3                | 69.3          |
| SPK - Immobilien- und Vermögensverwaltungs GmbH  | Graz                                     | 25.0                | 25.0          |
| S-RENT DOO BEOGRAD   | Belgrade                                 | 35.5                | 35.5          |
| Strabag Oktatási PPP Ingatlanhasznosító és Szolgáltató Korlátolt Felelösségü Társaság                    | Budapest                                 | 70.0                | 70.0          |
| Subholding Immorent GmbH   | Vienna                                   | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| SVJETILJKA drustvo s ogranicenom odgovornoscu za trgovinu i promet nekretninama                          | Zagreb                                   | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| TAURIS-Immorent Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                   | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Tempo Projekt Ingatlanhasznosító Korlátolt Felelösségü Társaság  | Budapest                                 | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| The Immorent s.r.o.  The utbree Immorent Crundy on yer tungs accelled by the H                           | Prague                                   | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Theuthras-Immorent Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H. THOR-Immorent Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H. | Graz<br>Vienna                           | 62.5<br>100.0       | 62.5<br>100.0 |
| TIPAL Immobilien GmbH in Liquidation   | Bozen                                    | 92.5                | 92.5          |
| UBG-Unternehmensbeteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                   | 0.0                 | 100.0         |
| VIA Immobilien Errichtungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                   | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Vorarlberger Sparkassen Beteiligungs GmbH  | Dornbirn                                 | 0.0                 | 0.0           |
| WIESTA-Immorent Immobilienleasing GmbH   | Vienna                                   | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| XENIA-Immorent Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                                   | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Zeta Immorent s.r.o.   | Prague                                   | 100.0               | 100.0         |
|  |  |                     |               |

|  |                      | Interest of Erste G | roup in %      |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| Company name, registered office  |                      | Dec 15              | Dec 16         |
| Other  |                      |                     |                |
| IMMORENT-STIKÖ Leasinggesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| IMMORENT Treuhand- und Vermögensverwaltunggesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| S-Invest Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  IMMORENT-HATHOR Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H   | Vienna<br>Vienna     | 70.0<br>62.5        | 70.0<br>62.5   |
| IGP Industrie und Gewerbepark Wörgl Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Kufstein             | 0.0                 | 0.0            |
| LEDA-Immorent Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna               | 64.9                | 69.9           |
| FUKO-Immorent Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| Immorent-Mobilienvermietungs-Gesellschaft m.b.H., Liegenschaftsverwaltung Penzing & Co KG  | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| IBF-Anlagenleasing 95 Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| 'SGL' Grundstücksverwaltungs- und Leasing Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| HT Immobilien Tau GmbH SK Immobilien Epsilon GmbH  | Vienna<br>Vienna     | 100.0<br>100.0      | 100.0          |
| HBM Immobilien Kamp GmbH   | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| HV Immobilien Hohenems GmbH  | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| HP Immobilien Psi GmbH   | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| HT Immobilien Theta GmbH   | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| AMICUS Immorent Kommunalleasing GmbH   | Graz                 | 63.3                | 63.3           |
| Dienstleistungszentrum Leoben GmbH   | Graz                 | 51.0                | 51.0           |
| ERSTE CAMPUS Immobilien GmbH & Co KG   | Vienna<br>Vienna     | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| Wirtschaftspark Siebenhirten Entwicklungs- und Errichtungs GmbH  LBG 61 LiegenschaftsverwaltungsgmbH   | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| QBC Management und Beteiligungen GmbH & Co KG  | Vienna               | 65.0                | 65.0           |
| HBF Eins Holding GmbH  | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| Wallgasse 15+17 Projektentwicklungs GmbH   | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| QBC Management und Beteiligungen GmbH  | Vienna               | 65.0                | 65.0           |
| DIE ERSTE Vermietungs GmbH   | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| SPARDAT - Bürohauserrichtungs- und Vermietungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| MCS 14 Projektentwicklung GmbH & Co KG   | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| SILO II LBG 57 – 59 Liegenschaftsverwertung GmbH & Co KG SILO DREI next LBG 57 Liegenschaftsverwertung GmbH & Co KG  | Vienna<br>Vienna     | 100.0<br>100.0      | 100.0<br>100.0 |
| IR CEE Project Development Holding GmbH  | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| Erste Asset Management GmbH  | Vienna               | 100.0               | 98.8           |
| ERSTE-SPARINVEST Kapitalanlagegesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna               | 86.5                | 86.0           |
| Asset Management Slovenskej sporitelne, správ. spol., a. s.  | Bratislava           | 100.0               | 98.8           |
| Sparkasse Oberösterreich Kapitalanlagegesellschaft m.b.H.  | Linz                 | 29.6                | 38.1           |
| Tirolinvest Kapitalanlagegesellschaft m.b.H.   | Innsbruck            | 77.9                | 77.7           |
| brokerjet Ceske sporitelny, a.s.   | Prague               | 99.0                | 99.0           |
| ERSTE Immobilien Kapitalanlagegesellschaft m.b.H.  Erste Securities Polska S.A.  | Vienna<br>Warsaw     | 74.2<br>100.0       | 74.3<br>100.0  |
| Erste Befektetesi Zrt.   | Budapest             | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| Erste Asset Management Ltd. (vm Erste Alapkezelo Zrt.)   | Budapest             | 100.0               | 98.8           |
| Procurement Services RO srl  | Bucharest            | 99.9                | 99.9           |
| Erste Asset Management d.o.o.  | Zagreb               | 100.0               | 98.8           |
| Erste Finance (Jersey) Limited IV  | St. Helier           | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| Erste Finance (Jersey) (6) Limited   | St. Helier           | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| Erste Capital Finance (Jersey) PCC   | St. Helier           | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| ERSTE GROUP IMMORENT LJUBLJANA, financne storitve, d.o.o.  | Ljubljana            | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| IMMORENT Alpha Ingatlanbérbeadó és Üzemeltető Karlátolt Felelősségű Társaság S IMMORENT ZETA drustvo s ogranicenom odgovornoscu za poslovanje nekretninama | Budapest<br>Zagreb   | 100.0<br>84.9       | 100.0<br>84.9  |
| Proxima IMMORENT s.r.o.  | Prague               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| Realia Consult Magyarország Beruházás Szervezési KFT   | Budapest             | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| IMMOKOR BUZIN drustvo s ogranicenom odgovornoscu za poslovanje nekretninama  | Zagreb               | 84.9                | 84.9           |
| IMMORENT Orion, s.r.o.   | Prague               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| IMMORENT Vega, s.r.o.  | Prague               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| S IMMORENT LAMBDA drustvo s ogranicenom odgovornoscu za poslovanje nekretninama  | Zagreb               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| ERSTE GROUP IMMORENT HRVATSKA drustvo s ogranicenom odgovornoscu za upravljanje  | Zagreb               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| IMMORENT Österreich GmbH   | Vienna<br>Vienna     | 100.0<br>90.8       | 100.0          |
| s Wohnbauträger GmbH Ceska sporitelna - penzijni spolecnost, a.s.  | Prague               | 99.0                | 91.5<br>99.0   |
| Erste Reinsurance S.A.   | Bertrange            | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| s REAL Immobilienvermittlung GmbH  | Vienna               | 96.1                | 100.0          |
| CPDP 2003 s.r.o.   | Prague               | 99.0                | 99.0           |
| 'Sparkassen-Haftungs Aktiengesellschaft'   | Vienna               | 43.2                | 61.0           |
| Real-Service für steirische Sparkassen, Realitätenvermittlungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Graz                 | 59.8                | 61.7           |
| Sparkassen-Real-Service für Kärnten und Osttirol Realitätenvermittlungs-Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Klagenfurt           | 55.6                | 57.6           |
| Real-Service für oberösterreichische Sparkassen Realitätenvermittlungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Linz                 | 62.6                | 68.9           |
| Sparkassen-Real-Service -Tirol Realitätenvermittlungs-Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Innsbruck            | 66.8<br>19.8        | 68.7<br>19.8   |
| BGA Czech, s.r.o. v likvidaci  LANED a.s.  | Prague<br>Bratislava | 19.8                | 19.8           |
| Beta-Immobilienvermietung GmbH   | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
| DIE ERSTE Immobilienvermietungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0          |
|  |                      | 82.2                | 72.7           |
| s IT Solutions AT Spardat GmbH   | Vienna               | 02.2                | 12.1           |

| Common positional effect   | _                     | Interest of Erste G |               |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| Company name, registered office  |                       | Dec 15              | Dec 16        |
| Erste Ingatlan Fejleszto, Hasznosito es Mernoki Kft. (vm. PB Risk Befektetesi es Szolgaltato Kft). s ServiceCenter GmbH (vm. CSSC)   | Budapest<br>Vienna    | 100.0<br>57.3       | 100.0<br>58.4 |
| s Wohnfinanzierung Beratungs GmbH  | Vienna                | 75.4                | 75.4          |
| OM Objektmanagement GmbH   | Vienna                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Erste Group Card Processor d.o.o. (vm.MBU)   | Zagreb                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| ÖCI-Unternehmensbeteiligungsgesellschaft.m.b.H.  | Vienna                | 99.6                | 99.6          |
| Procurement Services GmbH  | Vienna                | 99.9                | 99.9          |
| sDG Dienstleistungsgesellschaft mbH  EB-Restaurantsbetriebe Ges.m.b.H.   | Linz<br>Vienna        | 57.8<br>100.0       | 58.7<br>100.0 |
| S-Tourismusfonds Management GmbH   | Vienna                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Erste Finance (Delaware) LLC   | Wilmington            | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| ERSTE NEKRETNINE d.o.o. za poslovanje nekretninama   | Zagreb                | 69.3                | 69.3          |
| REICO investicni spolecnost Ceske sporitelny, a.s.   | Prague                | 99.0                | 99.0          |
| Bucharest Financial Plazza SRL   | Bucharest             | 93.6                | 93.6          |
| CPDP Prievozska a.s.   | Bratislava            | 99.0                | 99.0          |
| Realitra spolocnost Slovenskej sporitelne, a.s.  | Bratislava            | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| EBB Beteiligungen GmbH Procurement Services CZ s.r.o.  | Vienna<br>Prague      | 100.0<br>99.5       | 100.0<br>99.5 |
| Procurement Services SK, s.r.o.  | Bratislava            | 99.9                | 99.9          |
| Procurement Services HU Kft.   | Budapest              | 99.9                | 99.9          |
| Procurement Services HR d.o.o.   | Zagreb                | 99.9                | 99.9          |
| s IT Solutions CZ, s.r.o.  | Prague                | 99.0                | 99.0          |
| Erste Group IT HR društvo s ogranicenom odgovornošcu za usluge informacijskih tehnologija  | Bjelovar              | 93.9                | 75.4          |
| Erste Grantika Advisory, a.s.  | Brno                  | 99.0                | 99.0          |
| Euro Dotacie, a.s.   | Žilina                | 65.3                | 65.3          |
| CPP Lux S. 'ar.l.  | Luxembourg            | 19.8                | 19.8          |
| CP Praha s.r.o.  | Prague                | 19.8                | 19.8          |
| Flottenmanagement GmbH   | Vienna                | 51.0                | 51.0          |
| CPDP Logistics Park Kladno I a.s.  | Prague                | 99.0                | 99.0          |
| CPDP Logistics Park Kladno II a.s.  SAI Erste Asset Management S.A.  | Prague<br>Bucharest   | 99.0                | 99.0<br>98.8  |
| BCR Real Estate Management SRL   | Bucharest             | 93.6                | 93.6          |
| Sparkasse Kufstein Immobilien GmbH & Co KG   | Kufstein              | 0.0                 | 0.0           |
| sBAU Holding GmbH  | Vienna                | 95.0                | 100.0         |
| CIT ONE SRL  | Bucharest             | 93.6                | 93.6          |
| Sio Ingatlan Invest Kft.   | Budapest              | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| s ASG Sparkassen Abwicklungs- und Servicegesellschaft mbH  | Graz                  | 25.0                | 25.0          |
| Erste Campus Mobilien GmbH & Co KG   | Vienna                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| CS DO DOMU, A.S.   | Prague                | 99.0                | 99.0          |
| Suport Colect SRL  | Bucharest             | 93.6                | 93.6          |
| BCR Fleet Management SRL  Erste Securities Istanbul Menkul Degerler AS   | Bucharest<br>Istanbul | 93.6<br>100.0       | 93.6          |
| Erste Group Shared Services (EGSS), s.r.o.   | Hodonin               | 99.6                | 99.6          |
| BeeOne GmbH  | Vienna                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Sparkassen Real Vorarlberg Immobilienvermittlung GmbH  | Dornbirn              | 48.1                | 50.0          |
| Steiermärkische Verwaltungssparkasse Immobilien & Co KG  | Graz                  | 25.0                | 25.0          |
| Energie CS, a.s.   | Prague                | 99.0                | 99.0          |
| ERSTE IN-FORG Korlatolt felelossegu tarsasag   | Budapest              | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| VERNOSTNI PROGRAM IBOD, a.s.   | Prague                | 99.0                | 99.0          |
| Erste Group IT International GmbH  | Vienna                | 0.0                 | 99.9          |
| IZBOR NEKRETNINA D.O.O. ZA USLUGE  | Zagreb                | 0.0                 | 69.3          |
| Project Development Vest s.r.l   | Bucharest             | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| STRAULESTI PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT SRL Solaris Park Kft.  | Bucharest             | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Solaris City Kft.  | Budapest<br>Budapest  | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| IMMORENT SIGMA drustvo s ogranicenom odgovornoscu za poslovanje nekretninama   | Zagreb                | 62.5                | 62.5          |
| K1A Kft  | Budapest              | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Immorent Singidunum d.o.o.   | Belgrad               | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Immorent Omega d.o.o.  | Zagreb                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Invalidovna centrum a.s.   | Prague                | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Collat-real Korlátolt Felelösségü Társaság   | Budapest              | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Haftungsverbund GmbH   | Vienna                | 63.9                | 63.9          |
| Toplice Sveti Martin d.d.  | Saint Martin          | 87.8                | 99.2          |
| Sluzby SLSP, s.r.o.  | Bratislava            | 100.0               | 100.0         |
| Schauersberg Immobilien Gesellschaft m.b.H.  LIEGESA Immobilienvermietung CmhH Nfg OG  | Graz                  | 25.0                | 25.0          |
| LIEGESA Immobilienvermietung GmbH Nfg OG  BRS Büroreinigungsgesellschaft der Steiermärkischen Bank und Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft | Graz                  | 25.0                | 25.0          |
| Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Graz                  | 25.0                | 25.0          |
| KS-Immo Italia GmbH  | Klagenfurt            | 0.0                 | 25.0          |
| SK - Immobiliengesellschaft m.b.H.   | Krems a. d. Donau     | 0.0                 | 0.0           |
| Sparfinanz-, Vermögens-, Verwaltungs- und Beratungs- Gesellschaft m.b.H.   | Wiener Neustadt       | 0.0                 | 0.0           |
| S-Real, Realitätenvermittlungs- und -verwaltungs Gesellschaft m.b.H.   | Wiener Neustadt       | 0.0                 | 0.0           |
| ZWETTLER LEASING Gesellschaft m.b.H.   | Zwettl                | 0.0                 | 0.0           |
| Österreichische Sparkassenakademie GmbH  | Vienna                | 44.8                | 45.5          |

|   | _                                     | Interest of Erste G |              |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Company name, registered office   |                                       | Dec 15              | Dec 16       |
| IPS Fonds Gesellschaft bürgerlichen Rechts  | Vienna                                | 64.2                | 64.5         |
| KS - Dienstleistungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Klagenfurt                            | 25.0                | 25.0         |
| Immobilienverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  Sparkasse S d.o.o.  | Klagenfurt<br>Ljubljana               | 25.0<br>25.0        | 25.0<br>25.0 |
| Funds   | Ljubijana                             | 25.0                | 25.0         |
| Bee First Finance S.A. acting for and on behalf of its compartment Edelweiss 2013-1                         | Luxembourg                            | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| ESPA BOND DURATION SHIELD   | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| ESPA BOND EURO-RESERVA  | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| ESPA CORPORATE BASKET 2020  | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| K 3000  | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| PRO INVEST PLUS   | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| S CASHRESERVE   | Linz                                  | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| s RegionenFonds   | Linz                                  | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| SPARKASSEN 19 SPARKASSEN 2  | Vienna<br>Vienna                      | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| SPARKASSEN 21   | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| SPARKASSEN 26   | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| SPARKASSEN 4  | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| SPARKASSEN 5  | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| SPARKASSEN 8  | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| SPARKASSEN 9  | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| SPARRENT  | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| Equity method investments   |                                       |                     |              |
| Credit institutions   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | <u></u>             |              |
| SPAR-FINANZ BANK AG   | Salzburg                              | 50.0                | 50.0         |
| Prva stavebna sporitelna, a.s.  | Bratislava                            | 35.0                | 35.0         |
| Financial institutions  |                                       |                     |              |
| Adoria Grundstückvermietungs Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | St. Pölten                            | 24.5                | 24.5         |
| Aventin Grundstücksverwaltungs Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Horn                                  | 24.5                | 24.5         |
| CALDO Grundstücksverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                                | 31.2                | 31.2         |
| Epsilon - Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna<br>Vienna                      | 50.0<br>24.5        | 50.0<br>24.5 |
| Esquilin Grundstücksverwaltungs Gesellschaft m.b.H. Fondul de Garantare a Creditului Rural IFN SA           | Bucharest                             | 31.2                | 31.2         |
| FORIS Grundstückvermietungs Gesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                                | 24.5                | 24.5         |
| Global Payments s.r.o.  | Prague                                | 0.0                 | 48.6         |
| HOSPES-Grundstückverwaltungs Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | St. Pölten                            | 33.3                | 33.3         |
| Immorent-Hypo-Rent Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Innsbruck                             | 50.0                | 50.0         |
| LITUS Grundstückvermietungs Gesellschaft m.b.H.   | St. Pölten                            | 24.5                | 24.5         |
| MELIKERTES Raiffeisen-Mobilien-Leasing Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 20.0                | 20.0         |
| N.Ö. Gemeindegebäudeleasing Gesellschaft m.b.H. i.Liqu.   | Vienna                                | 33.4                | 33.4         |
| N.Ö. Kommunalgebäudeleasing Gesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                                | 28.4                | 28.4         |
| Neue Eisenstädter gemeinnützige Bau-, Wohn- und Siedlungsgesellschaft m.b.H.                                | Eisenstadt                            | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| NÖ Bürgschaften und Beteiligungen GmbH  | Vienna                                | 24.1                | 14.4         |
| NÖ-KL Kommunalgebäudeleasing Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 28.4                | 28.4         |
| O.Ö. Kommunalgebäude-Leasing Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Linz                                  | 40.0                | 40.0         |
| Quirinal Grundstücksverwaltungs Gesellschaft m.b.H.  Steirische Gemeindegebäude Leasing Gesellschaft m.b.H. | Vienna<br>Graz                        | 33.3<br>50.0        | 33.3<br>50.0 |
| Steirische Kommunalgebäudeleasing Gesellschaft m.b.H.   | Graz                                  | 50.0                | 50.0         |
| Steirische Leasing für Gebietskörperschaften Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Graz                                  | 50.0                | 50.0         |
| Steirische Leasing für öffentliche Bauten Gesellschaft m.b.H.   | Graz                                  | 50.0                | 50.0         |
| SUPRIA Raiffeisen-Immobilien-Leasing Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 50.0                | 50.0         |
| SWO Kommunalgebäudeleasing Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 50.0                | 50.0         |
| TKL V Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Innsbruck                             | 33.3                | 33.3         |
| TKL VIII Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Innsbruck                             | 33.3                | 33.3         |
| TRABITUS Grundstückvermietungs Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 25.0                | 25.0         |
| VALET-Grundstückverwaltungs Gesellschaft m.b.H.   | St. Pölten                            | 24.5                | 24.5         |
| VBV - Betriebliche Altersvorsorge AG  | Vienna                                | 26.9                | 27.1         |
| Viminal Grundstücksverwaltungs Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                                | 25.0                | 25.0         |
| VKL II Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Dornbirn                              | 33.3                | 33.3         |
| VKL III Gebäudeleasing-Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Dornbirn                              | 33.3                | 33.3         |
| VOLUNTAS Grundstückvermietungs Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | St. Pölten<br>Dornbirn                | 35.0<br>33.3        | 35.0<br>33.3 |
| Vorarlberger Kommunalgebäudeleasing Gesellschaft m.b.H.  Other  | DOMOIM                                | აა.ა                | 33.3         |
| APHRODITE Bauträger Aktiengesellschaft  | Vienna                                | 45.4                | 45.7         |
| Bio-Wärme Scheifling GmbH   | Scheifling                            | 49.0                | 49.0         |
| CII Central Investments Imobiliare SRL  | Bucharest                             | 47.0                | 47.0         |
| EBB-Gamma Holding GmbH  | Vienna                                | 49.0                | 49.0         |
| ERSTE d.o.o.  | Zagreb                                | 45.2                | 45.2         |
| Erste ÖSW Wohnbauträger GmbH  | Vienna                                | 45.7                | 46.1         |
| Garage Eisenstadt Betriebsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                                | 50.0                | 50.0         |
| Gelup GesmbH  | Vienna                                | 31.7                | 33.3         |
| Gemdat Niederösterreichische Gemeinde-Datenservice Gesellschaft m. b. H.                                    | Vicinia                               | 0.8                 | 00.0         |

| ·  |                         | Interest of Erste G | roup in %    |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Company name, registered office  | -                       | Dec 15              | Dec 16       |
| Hochkönig Bergbahnen GmbH  | Mühlbach                | 45.3                | 45.3         |
| Immobilien West GmbH   | Salzburg                | 49.3                | 49.3         |
| KWC Campus Errichtungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Klagenfurt              | 12.5                | 12.5         |
| Slovak Banking Credit Bureau, s.r.o.   | Bratislava              | 33.3                | 33.3         |
| TRGOVINSKI CENTAR ZADAR - FAZA 2 d.o.o.  Other investments   | Zadar                   | 50.0                | 50.0         |
| Credit institutions  |                         |                     |              |
| EUROAXIS BANK AD Moskva  | Moscow                  | 1.6                 | 1.6          |
| JUBMES BANKA AD BEOGRAD  | Belgrade                | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| Oesterreichische Kontrollbank Aktiengesellschaft   | Vienna                  | 12.9                | 12.9         |
| Open Joint Stock Company Commercial Bank 'Center Invest'   | Rostov-on-Don           | 9.1                 | 9.1          |
| Sparkasse Bank Malta Public Limited Company  | Sliema                  | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| Südtiroler Sparkasse AG Swedbank AB  | Bozen<br>Stockholm      | 0.1                 | 0.1          |
| Financial institutions   | Stockholili             | 0.1                 | 0.1          |
| 'Wohnungseigentum', Tiroler gemeinnützige Wohnbaugesellschaft m.b.H.   | Innsbruck               | 19.1                | 19.1         |
| 'Wohnungseigentümer' Gemeinnützige Wohnbaugesellschaft m.b.H.  | Mödling                 | 12.9                | 12.9         |
| AB Banka, a.s. v likvidaci   | Mlada Boleslav          | 4.4                 | 4.4          |
| ACP Financial Solutions GmbH   | Vienna                  | 75.0                | 75.0         |
| ARWAG Holding-Aktiengesellschaft   | Vienna                  | 19.2                | 19.2         |
| AS-WECO 4 Grundstückverwaltung Gesellschaft m.b.H.   | Salzburg                | 30.0                | 39.9         |
| BCR Asigurari de Viata Vienna Insurance Group SA BRB Burgenländische Risikokapital Beteiligungen AG  | Bucharest<br>Eisenstadt | 5.1<br>6.4          | 5.1<br>6.4   |
| C+R Projekt spol. s r.o.   | Prague                  | 100.0               | 100.0        |
| CaixaBank Electronic Money E.D.E., S.L.  | Barcelona               | 10.0                | 10.0         |
| Casa de Compensare Bucuresti SA  | Bucharest               | 0.3                 | 0.3          |
| CONATUS Grundstückvermietungs Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | St. Pölten              | 12.5                | 24.5         |
| CULINA Grundstücksvermietungs Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | St. Pölten              | 25.0                | 25.0         |
| Diners Club BH d.o.o. Sarajevo   | Sarajevo                | 69.3                | 69.3         |
| Diners Club Bulgaria AD  | Sofia                   | 3.6                 | 3.6          |
| Diners Club Russia DINESIA a.s.  | Moscow                  | 11.0                | 11.0         |
| DONAU Versicherung AG Vienna Insurance Group   | Prague<br>Vienna        | 99.0                | 99.0         |
| DRUŠTVO ZA KONSALTING I MENADŽMENT POSLOVE TRŽIŠTE NOVCA A.D. BEOGRAD (SAVSKI  | Vicilia                 | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| VENAC)   | Belgrad                 | 0.8                 | 0.8          |
| EBV-Leasing Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                  | 51.0                | 51.0         |
| EFH-Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                  | 50.0                | 50.0         |
| ERSTE OSIGURANJE VIENNA INSURANCE GROUP D.D.   | Zagreb                  | 3.5<br>5.0          | 3.5          |
| ERSTE Vienna Insurance Group Biztosito Zrt.  EWU Wohnbau Unternehmensbeteiligungs-Aktiengesellschaft   | Budapest<br>St. Pölten  | 12.8                | 12.8         |
| Fondul Roman de Garantare a Creditelor pentru Intreprinzatorii privati SA  | Bucharest               | 8.9                 | 8.9          |
| Garantiqa Hitelgarancia Zrt.   | Budapest                | 2.2                 | 1.5          |
| GEBAU-NIOBAU Gemeinnützige Baugesellschaft m.b.H.  | Maria Enzersdorf        | 12.2                | 12.2         |
| Gemeinnützige Bau- und Siedlungsgenossenschaft 'Waldviertel' registrierte Genossenschaft mit   |                         |                     |              |
| beschränkter Haftung   | Raabs a. d. Thaya       | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| Gemeinnützige Wohn- und Siedlungsgesellschaft Schönere Zukunft, Gesellschaft m.b.H.  Gemeinnützige Wohnungsgesellschaft 'Austria' Aktiengesellschaft | Vienna<br>Mödling       | 15.0<br>12.7        | 15.0<br>12.7 |
| GWG - Gemeinnützige Wohnungsgesellschaft der Stadt Linz GmbH   | Linz                    | 5.0                 | 5.0          |
| GWS Gemeinnützige Alpenländische Gesellschaft für Wohnungsbau und Siedlungswesen m.b.H.  | Graz                    | 7.5                 | 7.5          |
| I+R Projekt Fejlesztési Korlátolt Felelösségü Társaság   | Budapest                | 100.0               | 100.0        |
| K+R Projekt s.r.o.   | Prague                  | 100.0               | 100.0        |
| KERES-Immorent Immobilienleasing GmbH  | Vienna                  | 25.0                | 25.0         |
| Kisvallalkozas-fejlesztő Penzügyi Zrt.   | Budapest                | 1.1                 | 0.8          |
| LBH Liegenschafts- und Beteiligungsholding GmbH  | Innsbruck               | 75.0                | 75.0         |
| MIGRA Gemeinnützige Wohnungsges.m.b.H.   | Vienna                  | 19.8<br>40.0        | 19.8<br>40.0 |
| O.Ö. Kommunal-Immobilienleasing GmbH O.Ö. Leasing für Gebietskörperschaften Ges.m.b.H.   | Linz<br>Linz            | 33.3                | 33.3         |
| O.Ö. Leasing für öffentliche Bauten Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Linz                    | 33.3                | 33.3         |
| Oberösterreichische Kreditgarantiegesellschaft m.b.H.  | Linz                    | 4.5                 | 5.7          |
| Oberösterreichische Unternehmensbeteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Linz                    | 4.5                 | 5.6          |
| Objekt-Lease Grundstücksverwaltungs-Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                  | 50.0                | 50.0         |
| Old Byr Holding ehf.   | Reykjavik               | 0.0                 | 1.5          |
| Omniasig Vienna Insurance Group SA   | Bucharest               | 0.1                 | 0.1          |
| Österreichische Hotel- und Tourismusbank Gesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna                  | 18.8                | 18.8         |
| ÖSW Wohnbauvereinigung Gemeinnützige Gesellschaft m.b.H.  ÖWB Gemeinnützige Wohnungsaktiengesellschaft   | Salzburg<br>Salzburg    | 15.4<br>25.1        | 15.4<br>25.1 |
| ÖWGES Gemeinnützige Wohnbaugesellschaft m.b.H.   | Graz                    | 2.5                 | 2.5          |
| Poistovna Slovenskej sporitelne, a.s. Vienna Insurance Group   | Bratislava              | 5.0                 | 5.0          |
| Pojistovna Ceske sporitelny, a.s., Vienna Insurance Group  | Pardubice               | 4.9                 | 4.9          |
| REWE Magyarország Ingatlankezelő és - forgalmazó Korlátolt Felelőssegű Társaság  | Budapest                | 100.0               | 100.0        |
| S IMMOKO Holding GesmbH  | Korneuburg              | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| S IMMOKO Leasing GesmbH  | Korneuburg              | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| S Servis, s.r.o.   | Znojmo                  | 99.0                | 99.0         |

| Company name, registered office   Seaburg   150   15 |  | •                   | Interest of Erste G | roup in % |
|--|--|---------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| Sport Bestlandsregering Oriel   Stellationscape   Stellationscap | Company name, registered office  | =                   |                     |           |
| Seinbarteniang Cometh   Imensituation   Societte of Imensity   Soci | Salzburger Kreditgarantiegesellschaft m.b.H.   | Salzburg            | 18.0                | 18.0      |
| Societies de Transfer ee Fondrai de Deconitar Transferio SA   0.0   0. |  |                     |                     |           |
| Sparkassen Verbildungs Malta LUR   100   0.0   | <u>·</u>   |                     |                     |           |
| Sparksanck Versichening AC Vinena Insurance Group   Venna   5.0   4.0  |  |                     |                     |           |
| SPRONE   |  |                     |                     |           |
| FR Prode Frommable Froebeste Froeb | ·  |                     |                     |           |
| Timote Namural gebas but desiranty General bart in bil.   Innobacuk   33.3    | STUWO Gemeinnützige Studentenwohnbau Aktiengesellschaft  |                     | 50.3                |           |
|  | T+R Projekt Fejelsztési Korlátolt Felelösségü Társaság   | Budapest            | 100.0               | 100.0     |
| MELLI   Counderwentunggeselischaft nb H   Impabuck   33.3   33.2   32.2   TRL VII Cunderwentunggeselischaft nb H   Impabuck   28.4   28.2   TRL VII Cunderwentunggeselischaft nb H   28.0   28.0   28.0   Tribel movar dut   7.0   28.0   28.0   28.0   URDA Cundestuderwentunggeselischaft nb H   28.0   28.0   28.0   URDA Cundestuderwentunggeselischaft nb LH   28.0   28.0   28.0   28.0   URDA Cundestuderwentunggeselischaft nb LH   48.0   28.0   28.0   28.0   URDA Cundestuderwentunggeselischaft nb LH   48.0   28.0   28.0   28.0   28.0   URDA Cundestuderwentunggeselischaft für des Stadt Friesach Geselischaft nb LH   48.0   28.0    | · · ·  |                     |                     |           |
| TRL VI Cunuréwrentrungsgeselbschaft m.b.H.   |  |                     |                     |           |
| TKL VII Clausiful Countributeruntunggeseilschaft in b.H.         Zageb         8.6         2.5         3.3   |  |                     |                     |           |
| Traisite novem d.d.  |  |                     |                     |           |
| SPA   SPA  |  |                     |                     |           |
| VBV-1 Vostogelekaste AG         Werna         24,5         28,6           VRI. VI. Lessingsgeelschaft m b.H.         Dombtin         23,3         23,3           VII. VI. Lessingsgeelschaft m b.H.         Dombtin         23,3         23,3           VII. Vision microbiliteric Lessing peelselschaft m b.H.         Wieren Reustald in President of Statish (See Sta  |  |                     |                     |           |
| VKO, Vimmobilien Leasingpesellschaft m. D.H.         23.3         23.3           VKROS Wimmor Krüßtüngschafts von Beteiligungspank AG (vorm Kapital-Beteiligungs Aktiengesellschaft (vor Napital-Beteiligungs Aktiengesellschaft (vor Napital-Beteiligungs Aktiengesellschaft (vor Napital-Beteiligungs) (vor Nap  |  | Vienna              | 24.5                | 24.6      |
| WKBG Weiner Kreditürgschafts- und Beteiligungsbach AG (vorm Kapital-Beteiligungs Aktiengeseilschaft)         Wiener Neustadt         0         3 0           MN Wiener Neustadt Grinbh         Weiner Naustadt         0         3 19           Die Kämner - Förderungs- und Beteiligungsgeseilschaft für die Stadt Friesach Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Friesach         25.0         25.0           Die Kämner - Förderungsgeseilschaft für die Stadt sich eine Freihalt (Lingungsbeschaft für das Gurktal Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Gurk         25.0         25.0           Die Kämner - Förderungsgeseilschaft für die Stadt sich veit (Lingungsbeschaft für der Stadt sich veit (Lingungsbesc  |  | Dornbirn            | 23.3                | 33.3      |
| WIN Winner Neustachter Immobilencheasing Ges.m.b.H.   Wiener Neustacht   0.0   3.19  |  |                     |                     |           |
| Worthaufwestlitionsbank OmbH   |  |                     |                     |           |
| Disar  | <u> </u>   |                     |                     |           |
| Die Karntner - Förderungs- und Beteiligungsgesellschaft für die Statt Friesach Gesellschaft m.b.H.   |  | Vienna              | 0.0                 | 31.9      |
| De Karnher - Florderungsgesellschaft für das Guktal Gesellschaft m.b.H.   Cuke   Z5.0   Z5.0   Z5.0   Caston   Caston   St. Veit a. d. Clan   Z5.0   Z5.0  |  | Eriogoph            | 25.0                | 25.0      |
| De Karnherf-BTW-Beteilugungs-und Wirtschaftsforderungsgesellschaft für die Stadt St. Vellt a. d. Clan   25.0   2 |  |                     |                     |           |
| Gesellschaft m.D.H.         St. Vetla. d. Glan         25.0         25.0           Castoff Lowen Liegenschaftsverwaltung GmbH & Co., KG         676 (diskirch         0.0         0.0           Photovorlatik-Cemenischaftsverwaltung GmbH & Co., KG         676 (diskirch         0.0         0.0           SIMM Liegenschaftsverwartungsgesellschaft m.b.H.         Graz         25.0         25.0           SIMM Liegenschaftsverwartungsgesellschaft m.b.H.         Graz         25.0         25.0           SATRJEWO         Novo Sarajievo         24.5         25.0           SATRJEWO         Novo Sarajievo         24.5         24.5           TBG* Thermeanzentrum Geinberg Betriebsgesellschaft m.b.H.         Linz         1.1         1.5           TBG* Thermeazzentrum Geinberg Errichtungs-GmbH         Linz         1.0         0.0           Achter Stander Gerichtungs-GmbH         Linz         1.2         0.2   |  | Guik                | 20.0                | 20.0      |
| Cashbric Lowent Liegenschaftsverwaltung GmbH & Co., KG         Feldkrich         0.0         0.0           Politovicilairs. Geneinschaftsverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.         Graz         25.0         25.0           SPREMIUM Drustvo sa organicemon orgovormoscu za posredovanje i zastupanje u osiguranju d.o.         Creativa de la propositiva de la propositiv   |  | St. Veit a. d. Glan | 25.0                | 25.0      |
| Pictorovilatik-Cemeinschaftsanlager (ex Marktgemeinde Wolfurt   Graz 25.0 25.0 25.0  | 'Die Kärntner'-Förderungs- und Beteiligungsgesellschaft für den Bezirk Wolfsberg Gesellschaft m.b.H. | Wolfsberg           | 25.0                | 25.0      |
| SIMM Legenschaftsververungsgesellschaft m.b.H.         Graz         25.0         25.0           SPREMILIN Dixtusva sa ogranicenom odgovornoscu za posiredovanje i zastupanje u osiguranju d.o.         Novo Sardjero         24.5         24.5           SPREMILIN Dixtusva sa ogranicenom odgovornoscu za posiredovanje i zastupanje u osiguranju d.o.         Novo Sardjero         24.5         24.5           TBG' Thermerzentrum Geinberg Betriebsgeselischaft m.b.H.         Geinberg         1.1         1.5           THG Thermerzentrum Geinberg Betriebsgeselischaft m.b.H.         Jenbach         0.0         0.0           Achtundsechzigste Sachwert Rendite-Fonds Holland GmbH & Co KG         Hamburg         0.0         0.0           AD SPORTSKO POSLOVNI CENTAR MILLENNIUM VRŠAC         Vršac         0.2         0.2           AGCIONARSKO DRUSTVO DUNAV ZA PROIZVODNU TEKSTILUHI-I AMBALAZNIH PROIZVODA         Celarevo         4.7         4.7           AKCIONARSKO DRUSTVO DUNAV ZA PROIZVODNU DELOVA ZA MOTORE GARANT, FUTOG - U STECAJU         Novi Sad         1.1         1.1           AKCIONARSKO DRUSTVO ZA PROIZVODNU MABLOVA I PROVODNIKA NOVOSADSKA FABRIKA         Novi Sad         1.1         1.1           KABELA NOVI SAD         SAD         1.1         1.1         1.1           KABELA NOVI SAD         NOVI SAD         1.1         1.1         1.1           ALPENDORF B  | 'Gasthof Löwen' Liegenschaftsverwaltung GmbH & Co., KG   | Feldkirch           | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| S-PREMIUM Drustvo sa ogranicenom odgovomoscu za posredovanje i zastupanje u osiguranju d.o.o.   Novo Sarajevo   24.5   24.5   25.5    | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  | Wolfurt             |                     |           |
| Sarajevo         Novo Sarajevo         24.5 <td></td> <td>Graz</td> <td>25.0</td> <td>25.0</td>   |  | Graz                | 25.0                | 25.0      |
| TBC Thermenzentrum Geinberg Betriebsgesellschaft m.b.H.   Geinberg   1.1   1.5   |  | Nova Carainya       | 24.5                | 24.5      |
| THG Thermenzentrum Geinberg Errichtungs-GmbH         Linz         1.1         1.5           Achenseebahn-Aktiengesellischaft         Jenbach         0.0         0.0           Achtundsechzigste Sachwert Renditle-Fonds Holland GmbH & Co KG         Visäc         0.2         0.2           AD SPORTSKO POSICVNI CENTAR MILLENNIUM VRŠAC         Visäc         0.2         0.2           AGROPARSKO DRUŠTVO DUNAV ZA PROIZVODNJU TEKSTILNIH IAMBALAŽNIH PROIZVODA         Celarevo         4.7         4.7           CELAREVO - U STECAJU         Novi Sad         1.1         1.1           AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO PETAR DRAPŠIN NOVI SAD - U STECAJU         Novi Sad         1.1         1.1           AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO ZA PROIZVODNJU ELOVA ZA MOTORE GARANT, FUTOG - U STECAJU         Novi Sad         1.1         1.1           AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO ZA PROIZVODNJU KABLOVA I PROVODNIKA NOVOSADSKA FABRIKA         Novi Sad         1.1         1.1           KABELA NOVI SAD         ALIDA         Quenta         A. Japbach         0.0         0.0           ALPENDORF BERGBAHNEN AG         St. Johann         0.0         0.0           APEALIS Liegenschaftsmanagement GmbH         Linz         29.8         39.8           ARZITEHAUS GMUNDEN IMMOBILLEN GmbH         Beld Winsbacht         Linz         29.8         39.8           ASTE  |  |                     |                     |           |
| Achenseebahn-Aktiengesellschaft         Jenbach         0.0         0.0           Achtundsschzigste Sachwert Rendite-Fonds Holland GmbH & Co KG         Hamburg         0.0         0.0           ACHTUNGSENC POSLOVINI CENTAR MILLENNIUM VRŠAC         Vršac         0.2         0.2           AGRIPARIO STANDOR OR LINE VOD DIVAV ZA PROIZVODNJU TEKSTILNIH I AMBALAŽNIH PROIZVODA         Celarevo         4.7         4.7           AKCIONARSKO BRUŠTVO DETAR DRAPŠIN NOVI SAD - U STECAJU         Novi Sad         1.1         1.1           AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO ZA PROIZVODNJU BELOVA ZA MOTORE GARANT, FUTOG - U STECAJU         Futog         6.2         6.2         6.2           AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO ZA PROIZVODNJU KABLOVA I PROVODNIKA NOVOSADSKA FABRIKA         RABELA NOVI SAD         Novi Sad         1.1         1.1           Alpbacher Bergbahn Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Alpbacher Bergbahn Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Novi Sad         1.1         1.1           ALPENDORTE BERGBAHNEN AG         S. Johann         0.0         0.0           AREALIS Liegenschaftsmanagement GmbH         Vienna         50.0         50.0           AREZTEHAUS GMUNDEN IMMOBILIEN GmbH         Bad Winsbach           ASZEZISKO Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Linz         29.8         39.8           ASTRA BANKA AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO BEOGRAD - U STECAJU         Beigrad         0.0 <t< td=""><td>· · ·</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>  | · · ·  |                     |                     |           |
| Achtundschzigste Sachwert Rendite-Fonds Holland GmbH & Co KG         Hamburg         0.0         0.0           AD SPORTSKO POSLOVN CENTAR MILLENNIUM VRŠAC         Višac         0.2         0.2           Agragemeinschaft Kirchschläg         Kirchschläg         0.0         0.0           AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTYO DUNAV ZA PROIZVODNJU EEKSTILNIH I AMBALAŽNIH PROIZVODA         Celarevo         4.7         4.7           AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTYO PETAR DRAPŠIN NOVI SAD - U STECAJU         Novi Sad         1.1         1.1           AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTYO ZA PROIZVODNJU DELOVA ZA MOTORE GARANT, FUTOG - U STECAJU         Futog         6.2         6.2           AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTYO ZA PROIZVODNJU KABLOVA I PROVODNIKA NOVOSADSKA FABRIKA         Novi Sad         1.1         1.1           ARJBEAL NOVI SAD         SL. Johann         0.0         0.0           ALPENDORF BERGBAHNEN AG         SL. Johann         0.0         0.0           AREALIS Liegenschaftsmanagement GmbH         Butwinsbach-         1.0         0.0           AREZIEHAUS GMUNDEN IMMOBILIEN GmbH         Butwinsbach-         1.0         0.0           ASTEZEHAUS GEWING GEGERBAD - U STECAJU         Belgrad         0.0         0.0           ASTEZABING Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Linz         29.8         39.8           ASTERA BANKA AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO BEOGRAD - U STECAJU   |  |                     |                     |           |
| Agrargemeinschaft Kirchschlag         Kirchschlag         0.0         0.0           AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO DUNAV ZA PROIZVODNJU TEKSTILNIH I AMBALAŽNIH PROIZVODA         Celarevo         4.7         4.7           AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO PETAR DRAPŠIN NOVI SAD - U STECAJU         Novi Sad         1.1         1.1           AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO ZA PROIZVODNJU DELOVA ZA MOTORE GARANT, FUTOG - U STECAJU         Futog         6.2         6.2           AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO ZA PROIZVODNJU KABLOVA I PROVODNIKA NOVOSADSKA FABRIKA         Novi Sad         1.1         1.1           ABELA NOVI SAD         Novi Sad         0.1         0.0         0.0           ALPENDORF BERGBAHNEN AG         St. Johann         0.0         0.0           AFEALIS Liegenschaftsmanagement GmbH         Vienna         50.0         50.0           AREALIS Liegenschaftsmanagement GmbH         Neydharting         0.0         0.0           ASILSASING Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Bad Wimsbach         -           ARZITHAUS GMUNDEN IMMOBILIEN GmbH         Neydharting         0.0         0.0           ASILFA BANKA AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO BEOGRAD - U STECAJU         Belgrad         0.0         0.0           ASIVER DG Grundstückverwaltung Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Leoben         24.9         24.9           AUSTION Ernwicklungs-GmbH         Leoben  |  |                     | 0.0                 |           |
| AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO DUNAV ZA PROIZVODNJU TEKSTILNIH I AMBALAŽNIH PROIZVODA         Celarevo         4,7         4,7           CELAREVO - U STECAJU         Novi Sad         1,1         1,1           AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO PETAR DRAPŠIN NOVI SAD - U STECAJU         Novi Sad         1,1         1,1           AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO ZA PROIZVODNJU DELOVA ZA MOTORE GARANT, FUTOG - U STECAJU         Futog         6,2         6,2           KABELA NOVI SAD         Novi Sad         1,1         1,1           KABELA NOVI SAD         Alpbach         0,0         0,0           ALPENDORF BERGBAHNEN AG         SL Johann         0,0         0,0           APENDORF BERGBAHNEN AG         SL Johann         0,0         0,0           AREALIS Liegenschaffsmanagement GmbH         Icina         29,8         39,8           ARZTEHAUS GMUNDEN IMMOBILIEN GmbH         Bad Wirmsbach-         1         0,0         0,0           AS LEASING Geselischaft m.b.H.         Linz         29,8         39,8           ASTRA BANKA AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO BEOGRAD - U STECAJU         Beigrad         0,0         0,0           AS-WECO Grandstickkeverialung Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Linz         29,8         39,8           Austrian Reporting Services GmbH         Vienna         14,3         14,3           AUVIS   | AD SPORTSKO POSLOVNI CENTAR MILLENNIUM VRŠAC   | Vršac               | 0.2                 | 0.2       |
| CELAREVO - U STECAJU         Celarevo         4.7         4.7           AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO PETAR DRAPŠIN NOVI SAD - U STECAJU         Novi Sad         1.1         1.1           AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO ZA PROIZVODNJU DELOVA ZA MOTORE GARANT, FUTOG - U STECAJU         Futog         6.2         6.2           AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO ZA PROIZVODNJU KABLOVA I PROVODNIKA NOVOSADSKA FABRIKA         Novi Sad         1.1         1.1           ARDELA NOVI SAD         Novi Sad         1.1         1.1           Alpbacher Bergbahn Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Alpbach         0.0         0.0           ALPENDORF BERGBAHNEN AG         S. Johann         0.0         0.0           AREALIS Liegenschaftsmanagement GmbH         Vienna         5.0         5.0           ARZIEHAUS GMUNDEN IMMOBILIEN GmbH         Bad Wimsbach         1.1         29.8         39.8           ASILASING Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Linz         29.8         39.8           ASILASING AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO BEOGRAD - U STECAJU         Belgrad         0.0         0.0           AS-WECO Grundstückverwaltung Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Leoba         24.9         24.9           AUVISION Entwicklungs-Greiber GmbH         Leoba         24.9         24.9           AUVISION Entwicklungs-Greiber GmbH         Leoba         24.9         24.9   | Agrargemeinschaft Kirchschlag  | Kirchschlag         | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO PETAR DRAPŠIN NOVI SAD - U STECAJU   |  | 0.1                 |                     |           |
| AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO ZA PROIZVODNJU KABLOVA I PROVDNIKA NOVOSADSKA FABRIKA KABELA NOVI SAD         Futog         6.2         6.2           AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO ZA PROIZVODNJU KABLOVA I PROVDNIKA NOVOSADSKA FABRIKA KABELA NOVI SAD         Novi Sad         1.1         1.1           AlpBach OVI SAD         Novi Sad         1.1         1.1           Alpbacher Bergbahn Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Alpbach         0.0         0.0           ALPENDORF BERGBAHNEN AG         St. Johann         0.0         50.0           ARZELIS Liegenschaftsmanagement GmbH         Vienna         50.0         50.0           Argentum Immobilienverwertungs Ges.m.b.H.         Linz         29.8         39.8           ARZETHAUS GMUNDEN IMMOBILLEN GmbH         Neydharting         0.0         0.0           AS LEASING Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Linz         29.8         39.8           ASTRA BANKA AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO BEOGRAD - U STECAJU         Belgrad         0.0         0.0           AS-WECO Grundstückverwaltung Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Linz         29.8         39.8           Austrian Reporting Services GmbH         Leoben         24.9         24.9           AUVISION Entwicklungs-CmbH         Leoben         24.9         24.9           AWEKA-Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.         Vienna         25.0         25.0   | -  |                     |                     |           |
| AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO ZA PROIZVODNJU KABLOVA I PROVODNIKA NOVOSADSKA FABRIKA KABELA NOVI SAD   Novi Sad   1.1   1.1   Alpbacher Bergbahn Gesellschaft m.b.H.   Alpbach   0.0   0.0   ALPENDORF BERGBAHNEN AG   St. Johann   0.0   0.0   AREALIS Liegenschaftsmanagement GmbH   Vienna   50.0   50.0   AREALIS Liegenschaftsmanagement GmbH   Vienna   50.0   50.0   AREALIS Liegenschaftsmanagement GmbH   Vienna   50.0   50.0   AREALIS Liegenschaftsmanagement GmbH   Vienna   50.0   0.0   AREALIS Liegenschaftsmanagement GmbH   Neidharting   0.0   0.0   AREALIS GMUNDEN IMMOBILIEN GmbH   Neidharting   0.0   0.0   AS LEASING Gesellschaft m.b.H.   Linz   29.8   39.8   ASTRA BANKA AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO BEOGRAD - U STECAJU   Belgrad   0.0   0.0   AS WECO Grundstückverwaltung Gesellschaft m.b.H.   Linz   29.8   39.8   Austrian Reporting Services GmbH   Vienna   14.3   14.3   AU-VISION Entwicklungs-GmbH   Leoben   24.9   24.9   AWEKA-Betelligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   Vienna   25.0   25.0   aws Gründerfonds Equity Invest GmbH & Co KG   Vienna   49.0   49.0   Bad Talzmannsdorf - Thermal- und Freizeitzentrum Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung & Co KG   Bad Tatzmannsdorf   0.9   0.9   Bader - Betriebs - Gesellschaft m.b.H.   Kautzen   0.0   0.0   Beogradska Berza, Akcionarsko Drustvo Beograd   Belgrade   12.6   12.6   Beogradska Berza, Akcionarsko Drustvo Beograd   Belgrade   12.6   12.6   Beogradska Berza, Akcionarsko Drustvo Beograd   Belgrade   12.6   12.6   Berg- und Schilift Schwaz-Pill Gesellschaft m.b.H.   Kautzen   0.0   0.0   Berg- und Schilift Schwaz-Pill Gesellschaft m.b.H.   Westendorf   0.0   0.0   Berg- und Schilift Schwaz-Pill Gesellschaft m.b.H.   Westendorf   0.0   0.0   Berg- bahnen Oetz Gesellschaft |  |                     |                     |           |
| KABELA NOVI SAD         Novi Sad         1.1         1.1           Alpbacher Bergebahn Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Alpbacher Bergebahn Gesellschaft m.b.H.         0.0         0.0           ALPENDORF BERGBAHNEN AG         \$t. Johann         5.0         5.0           AREALIS Liegenschaftsmanagement GmbH         Vienna         5.0         3.0           Argentum Immobilienverwertungs Ges m.b.H.         Bad Wimshach-         BBAW Wimshach-         8.0         0.0           ÄRZTEHAUS GMUNDEN IMMOBILIEN GmbH         Neydharting         0.0         0.0           AS LEASING Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Linz         2.9.8         39.8           ASTRA BANKA KCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO BEOGRAD - U STECAJU         Belgrad         0.0         0.0           AS-WECO Grundstückverwaltung Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Linz         29.8         39.8           AU-VISION Entwicklungs-GmbH         Leoben         14.3         14.3           AU-VISION Entwicklungs-GmbH         Leoben         14.9         24.9           AWEKA-Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.         Vienna         25.0         25.0           aws Gründerfonds Equity Invest GmbH & Co KG         Bad Tatzmannsdorf         19.0         19.0           Bader - Betriebs - Gesellschaft m.b.H. der Stadt Schladming & Co Kommanditgesellschaft         Schladming <td< td=""><td></td><td>Fullog</td><td>0.2</td><td>0.2</td></td<>   |  | Fullog              | 0.2                 | 0.2       |
| ALPENDORF BERGBAHNEN AG  |  | Novi Sad            | 1.1                 | 1.1       |
| AREALIS Liegenschaftsmanagement GmbH         Vienna         50.0         50.0           Argentum Immobilienverwertungs Ges.m.b.H.         Linz         29.8         39.8           ÄRZTEHAUS GMUNDEN IMMOBILIEN GmbH         Bad Wimsbachter Neysharting         0.0         0.0           AS LEASING Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Linz         29.8         39.8           ASTRA BANKA AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO BEOGRAD - U STECAJU         Belgrad         0.0         0.0           AS-WECO Grundstückverwaltung Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Linz         29.8         39.8           Austrian Reporting Services GmbH         Vienna         14.3         14.3           AU-VISION Entwicklungs-GmbH         Leoben         24.9         24.9           AWEKA-Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.         Vienna         25.0         25.0           aws Gründerfonds Equity Invest GmbH & Co KG         Vienna         25.0         25.0           Bader - Betriebs - Gesellschaft m.b.H. der Stadt Schladming & Co Kommanditgesellschaft         Schlad         10.9         0.9           Bader - Betriebs - Gesellschaft m.b.H. der Stadt Schladming & Co Kommanditgesellschaft         Schladming         0.0         0.0           Beogradska Berza, Akcionarsko Drustvo Beograd         Beigrade         12.6         12.6           Bergabhn Aktiengesellschaft m.b.H.   | Alpbacher Bergbahn Gesellschaft m.b.H.   | Alpbach             | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Argentum Immobilienverwertungs Ges.m.b.H.         Linz         29.8         39.8           ÄRZTEHAUS GMUNDEN IMMOBILIEN GmbH         Bad Wimsbacht Neydharting         0.0         0.0           AS LEASING Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Linz         29.8         39.8           ASTRA BANKA AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO BEOGRAD - U STECAJU         Belgrad         0.0         0.0           AS-WECO Grundstückverwaltung Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Linz         29.8         39.8           Austrian Reporting Services GmbH         Vienna         14.3         14.3           AU-VISION Entwicklungs-GmbH         Leoben         24.9         24.9           AWEKA-Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.         Vienna         25.0         25.0           Bad Tatzmannsdorf - Thermal- und Freizeitzentrum Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung & Co KG         Bad Tatzmannsdorf         0.9         0.9           Bäder - Betriebs - Gesellschaft m.b.H. der Stadt Schladming & Co Kommanditgesellschaft         Schladming         0.0         0.0           Bäuerliches Blockheizkraftwerk reg. Gen. m.b.H.         Kautzen         0.0         0.0           Beegradska Berza, Akcionarsko Drustvo Beograd         Belgrade         12.6         12.6           Berg- und Schilift Schwaz-Pill Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Schwaz         0.0         0.0           Bergbahn Lofer Gm   | ALPENDORF BERGBAHNEN AG  | St. Johann          | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| ARZTEHAUS GMUNDEN IMMOBILIEN GmbH         Bad Wimsbach-Neydharting         0.0         0.0           AS LEASING Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Linz         29.8         39.8           ASTRA BANKA AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO BEOGRAD - U STECAJU         Belgrad         0.0         0.0           AS-WECO Grundstückverwaltung Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Linz         29.8         39.8           Austrian Reporting Services GmbH         Vienna         14.3         14.3           AU-VISION Entwicklungs-GmbH         Leoben         24.9         24.9           AWEKA-Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.         Vienna         25.0         25.0           aws Gründerfonds Equity Invest GmbH & Co KG         Vienna         49.0         49.0           Bad Tatzmannsdorf - Thermal- und Freizeitzentrum Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung & Co KG         Bad Tatzmannsdorf         0.9         0.9           Bader - Betriebs - Gesellschaft m.b.H. der Stadt Schladming & Co Kommanditgesellschaft         Schladming         0.0         0.0           Beuerliches Blockheizkraftwerk reg. Gen.m.b.H.         Kautzen         0.0         0.0           Beogradska Berza, Akcionarsko Drustvo Beograd         Belgrade         12.6         12.6           Berg- und Schliff Schwaz-Pill Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Schwaz         0.0         0.0           Bergbahn Lofer G   | AREALIS Liegenschaftsmanagement GmbH   | Vienna              | 50.0                | 50.0      |
| ARZTEHAUS GMUNDEN IMMOBILIEN GmbH         Neydharting         0.0         0.0           AS LEASING Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Linz         29.8         39.8           ASTRA BANKA AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO BEOGRAD - U STECAJU         Belgrad         0.0         0.0           AS-WECO Grundstückverwaltung Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Linz         29.8         39.8           Austrian Reporting Services GmbH         Vienna         14.3         14.3           AU-VISION Entwicklungs-GmbH         Leoben         24.9         24.9           AWEKA-Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.         Vienna         25.0         25.0           AWEKA-Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.         Vienna         25.0         25.0           aws Gründerfonds Equity Invest GmbH & Co KG         Vienna         49.0         49.0           Bad Tatzmannsdorf - Thermal- und Freizeitzentrum Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung & Co KG         Bad Tatzmannsdorf         0.9         0.9           Bäder - Betriebs - Gesellschaft m.b.H. der Stadt Schladming & Co Kommanditgesellschaft         Schladming         0.0         0.0           Beogradska Berza, Akcionarsko Drustvo Beograd         Belgrade         12.6         12.6         12.6           Berg- und Schlifft Schwaz-Pill Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Schwaz Gesellschaft Kitzbühel         0.0         0.0  | Argentum Immobilienverwertungs Ges.m.b.H.  |                     | 29.8                | 39.8      |
| AS LEASING Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Linz         29.8         39.8           ASTRA BANKA AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO BEOGRAD - U STECAJU         Belgrad         0.0         0.0           AS-WECO Grundstückverwaltung Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Linz         29.8         39.8           Austrian Reporting Services GmbH         Vienna         14.3         14.3           AU-VISION Entwicklungs-GmbH         Leoben         24.9         24.9           AWEKA-Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.         Vienna         25.0         25.0           aws Gründerfonds Equity Invest GmbH & Co KG         Vienna         49.0         49.0           Bad Tatzmannsdorf - Thermal- und Freizeitzentrum Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung & Co KG         Bad Tatzmannsdorf         0.9         0.9           Bäder - Betriebs - Gesellschaft m.b.H. der Stadt Schladming & Co Kommanditgesellschaft         Schladming         0.0         0.0           Bäuerliches Blockheizkraftwerk reg. Gen.m.b.H.         Kautzen         0.0         0.0           Beogradska Berza, Akcionarsko Drustvo Beograd         Belgrade         12.6         12.6           Berg- und Schilift Schwaz-Pill Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Schwaz         0.0         0.0           Bergbahn Lofer GmbH         Lofer         7.8         7.8           Bergbahnen Oetz Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | ÄDZTELALIS CMUNDEN IMMODILIEN CONNU  |                     | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| ASTRA BANKA AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO BEOGRAD - U STECAJU         Belgrad         0.0         0.0           AS-WECO Grundstückvenwaltung Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Linz         29.8         39.8           Austrian Reporting Services GmbH         Vienna         14.3         14.3           Au-VISION Entwicklungs-GmbH         Leoben         24.9         24.9           AWEKA-Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.         Vienna         25.0         25.0           aws Gründerfonds Equity Invest GmbH & Co KG         Vienna         49.0         49.0           Bad Tatzmannsdorf - Thermal- und Freizeitzentrum Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung & Co KG         Bad Tatzmannsdorf         0.9         0.9           Bäder - Betriebs - Gesellschaft m.b.H. der Stadt Schladming & Co Kommanditgesellschaft         Schladming         0.0         0.0           Bäderiches Blockheizkraftwerk reg. Gen.m.b.H.         Kautzen         0.0         0.0         0.0           Beerg- und Schillift Schwaz-Pill Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Schwaz         0.0         0.0           Bergbahn Aktiengesellschaft Kitzbühel         Kitzbühel         0.0         0.0           Bergbahnen Oetz Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Oetz         0.0         0.0           Bergbahnen Westendorf Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Westendorf         0.0         0.0           Bergb  |  |                     |                     |           |
| AS-WECO Grundstückverwaltung Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Linz         29.8         39.8           Austrian Reporting Services GmbH         Vienna         14.3         14.3           AU-VISION Entwicklungs-GmbH         Leoben         24.9         24.9           AWEKA-Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.         Vienna         25.0         25.0           aws Gründerfonds Equity Invest GmbH & Co KG         Vienna         49.0         49.0           Bad Tatzmannsdorf - Thermal- und Freizeitzentrum Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung & Co KG         Bad Tatzmannsdorf         0.9         0.9           Bäder - Betriebs - Gesellschaft m.b.H. der Stadt Schladming & Co Kommanditgesellschaft         Schladming         0.0         0.0           Beugrach se Brzza, Akcionarsko Drustvo Beograd         Belgrade         12.6         12.6           Berg- und Schlift Schwaz-Pill Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Schwaz         0.0         0.0           Bergbahn Aktiengesellschaft Kitzbühel         Kitzbühel         0.0         0.0           Bergbahn Lofer GmbH         Lofer         7.8         7.8           Bergbahnen Westendorf Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Westendorf         0.0         0.0           Bergbahnen Westendorf Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Westendorf         0.0         0.0           Bergbahnen Westendorf Gesellschaft m.b.H.   |  |                     |                     |           |
| Austrian Reporting Services GmbH         Vienna         14.3         14.3           AU-VISION Entwicklungs-GmbH         Leoben         24.9         24.9           AWEKA-Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.         Vienna         25.0         25.0           aws Gründerfonds Equity Invest GmbH & Co KG         Vienna         49.0         49.0           Bad Tatzmannsdorf - Thermal- und Freizeitzentrum Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung & Co KG         Bad Tatzmannsdorf         0.9         0.9           Bäder - Betriebs - Gesellschaft m.b.H. der Stadt Schladming & Co Kommanditgesellschaft         Schladming         0.0         0.0           Bäuerliches Blockheizkraftwerk reg. Gen.m.b.H.         Kautzen         0.0         0.0           Beogradska Berza, Akcionarsko Drustvo Beograd         Belgrade         12.6         12.6           Berg- und Schliift Schwaz-Pill Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Schwaz         0.0         0.0           Bergbahn Aktiengesellschaft Kitzbühel         Kitzbühel         0.0         0.0           Bergbahn Lofer GmbH         Lofer         7.8         7.8           Bergbahnen Oetz Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Oetz         0.0         0.0           Bergbahnen Westendorf Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Westendorf         0.0         0.0           Bergbahnen Westendorf Gesellschaft m.b.H.         W  |  |                     |                     |           |
| AU-VISION Entwicklungs-GmbH         Leoben         24.9         24.9           AWEKA-Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.         Vienna         25.0         25.0           aws Gründerfonds Equity Invest GmbH & Co KG         Vienna         49.0         49.0           Bad Tatzmannsdorf - Thermal- und Freizeitzentrum Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung & Co KG         Bad Tatzmannsdorf         0.9         0.9           Bäder - Betriebs - Gesellschaft m.b.H. der Stadt Schladming & Co Kommanditgesellschaft         Schladming         0.0         0.0           Bäuerliches Blockheizkraftwerk reg. Gen.m.b.H.         Kautzen         0.0         0.0           Beogradska Berza, Akcionarsko Drustvo Beograd         Belgrade         12.6         12.6           Berg- und Schlifft Schwaz-Pill Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Schwaz         0.0         0.0           Bergbahn Aktiengesellschaft Kitzbühel         Kitzbühel         0.0         0.0           Bergbahn Lofer GmbH         Lofer         7.8         7.8           Bergbahnen Westendorf Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Westendorf         0.0         0.0           Betriebliche Altersvorsorge - Software Engineering GmbH         Vienna         24.2         24.4           BGM - IMMORENT Aktiengesellschaft & Co KG         Vienna         0.0         0.0           Biomasse Heizwerk Zürs GmbH </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>  |  |                     |                     |           |
| aws Gründerfonds Equity Invest GmbH & Co KG  Bad Tatzmannsdorf - Thermal- und Freizeitzentrum Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung & Co KG  Bad Tatzmannsdorf - Thermal- und Freizeitzentrum Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung & Co KG  Bäder - Betriebs - Gesellschaft m.b.H. der Stadt Schladming & Co Kommanditgesellschaft  Schladming  0.0 0.0  Bäuerliches Blockheizkraftwerk reg. Gen.m.b.H.  Kautzen 0.0 0.0  Beogradska Berza, Akcionarsko Drustvo Beograd Belgrade 12.6 12.6  Berg- und Schilft Schwaz-Pill Gesellschaft m.b.H.  Schwaz 0.0 0.0  Bergbahn Aktiengesellschaft Kitzbühel Kitzbühel 0.0 0.0  Bergbahn Lofer GmbH Lofer 7.8 7.8  Bergbahnen Westendorf Gesellschaft m.b.H.  Westendorf 0.0 0.0  Bergbahnen Westendorf Gesellschaft m.b.H.  Westendorf 0.0 0.0  Bergbahnen Westendorf Gesellschaft m.b.H.  Berdiebliche Altersvorsorge - Software Engineering GmbH  Schwaz 0.0 0.0  Bögenrohstoffgenossenschaft Kamptal und Umgebung registrierte Genossenschaft mit beschränkter Haftung Biomasse Heizwerk Zürs GmbH  Zürs 0.0 0.0 0.0  Biomasse Heizwerk Zürs GmbH 2 2 24.8  Bucharest 18.2 18.2   |  | Leoben              | 24.9                | 24.9      |
| Bad Tatzmannsdorf - Thermal- und Freizeitzentrum Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung & Co KG Bad Tatzmannsdorf Bäder - Betriebs - Gesellschaft m.b.H. der Stadt Schladming & Co Kommanditgesellschaft Schladming 0.0 0.0 Bäuerliches Blockheizkraftwerk reg. Gen.m.b.H. Kautzen 0.0 0.0 Beogradska Berza, Akcionarsko Drustvo Beograd Belgrade Berg- und Schliift Schwaz-Pill Gesellschaft m.b.H. Schwaz 0.0 0.0 Bergbahn Aktiengesellschaft Kitzbühel Kitzbühel Cotz 0.0 0.0 Bergbahn Lofer GmbH Lofer 7.8 7.8 Bergbahnen Westendorf Gesellschaft m.b.H. Westendorf 0.0 0.0 Bergbahnen Westendorf Gesellschaft m.b.H. Westendorf 0.0 0.0 Bergbahnen Westendorf Gesellschaft m.b.H. Betriebliche Altersvorsorge - Software Engineering GmbH Wienna 24.2 24.4 BGM - IMMORENT Aktiengesellschaft Kamptal und Umgebung registrierte Genossenschaft mit beschränkter Haftung Maiersch 0.0 0.0 Biomasse Heizwerk Zürs GmbH Zürs 0.0 0.0 Biroul de credit SA Bucharest 18.2 18.2   | AWEKA-Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna              | 25.0                | 25.0      |
| Bäder - Betriebs - Gesellschaft m.b.H. der Stadt Schladming & Co KommanditgesellschaftSchladming0.00.0Bäuerliches Blockheizkraftwerk reg. Gen.m.b.H.Kautzen0.00.0Beogradska Berza, Akcionarsko Drustvo BeogradBelgrade12.612.6Berg- und Schilift Schwaz-Pill Gesellschaft m.b.H.Schwaz0.00.0Bergbahn Aktiengesellschaft KitzbühelKitzbühel0.00.0Bergbahn Lofer GmbHLofer7.87.8Bergbahnen Oetz Gesellschaft m.b.H.Oetz0.00.0Bergbahnen Westendorf Gesellschaft m.b.H.Westendorf0.00.0Betriebliche Altersvorsorge - Software Engineering GmbHVienna24.224.4BGM - IMMORENT Aktiengesellschaft & Co KGVienna0.00.0Biogenrohstoffgenossenschaft Kamptal und Umgebung registrierte Genossenschaft mit beschränkterMaiersch0.00.0HaftungMaiersch0.00.0Biomasse Heizwerk Zürs GmbHZürs0.00.0Biroul de credit SABucharest18.218.2   |  |                     |                     |           |
| Bäuerliches Blockheizkraftwerk reg. Gen.m.b.H.         Kautzen         0.0         0.0           Beogradska Berza, Akcionarsko Drustvo Beograd         Belgrade         12.6         12.6           Berg- und Schilift Schwaz-Pill Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Schwaz         0.0         0.0           Bergbahn Aktiengesellschaft Kitzbühel         Kitzbühel         0.0         0.0           Bergbahn Lofer GmbH         Lofer         7.8         7.8           Bergbahnen Oetz Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Oetz         0.0         0.0           Betriebliche Altersvorsorge - Software Engineering GmbH         Westendorf         0.0         0.0           Betriebliche Altersvorsorge - Software Engineering GmbH         Vienna         24.2         24.4           BGM - IMMORENT Aktiengesellschaft & Co KG         Vienna         0.0         0.0           Biogenrohstoffgenossenschaft Kamptal und Umgebung registrierte Genossenschaft mit beschränkter         Haftung         Maiersch         0.0         0.0           Biomasse Heizwerk Zürs GmbH         Zürs         0.0         0.0           Biroul de credit SA         Bucharest         18.2         18.2   | -  |                     |                     |           |
| Beogradska Berza, Akcionarsko Drustvo Beograd         Belgrade         12.6         12.6           Berg- und Schillift Schwaz-Pill Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Schwaz         0.0         0.0           Bergbahn Aktiengesellschaft Kitzbühel         Kitzbühel         0.0         0.0           Bergbahn Lofer GmbH         Lofer         7.8         7.8           Bergbahnen Oetz Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Oetz         0.0         0.0           Betriebliche Altersvorsorge - Software Engineering GmbH         Westendorf         0.0         0.0           BEGM - IMMORENT Aktiengesellschaft & Co KG         Vienna         24.2         24.4           Biogenrohstoffgenossenschaft Kamptal und Umgebung registrierte Genossenschaft mit beschränkter         Maiersch         0.0         0.0           Biomasse Heizwerk Zürs GmbH         Zürs         0.0         0.0           Biroul de credit SA         Bucharest         18.2         18.2   | ·  |                     |                     |           |
| Berg- und Schillift Schwaz-Pill Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Schwaz         0.0         0.0           Bergbahn Aktiengesellschaft Kitzbühel         Kitzbühel         0.0         0.0           Bergbahn Lofer GmbH         Lofer         7.8         7.8           Bergbahnen Oetz Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Oetz         0.0         0.0           Bergbahnen Westendorf Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Westendorf         0.0         0.0           Betriebliche Altersvorsorge - Software Engineering GmbH         Vienna         24.2         24.4           BGM - IMMORENT Aktiengesellschaft & Co KG         Vienna         0.0         0.0           Biogenrohstoffgenossenschaft Kamptal und Umgebung registrierte Genossenschaft mit beschränkter         Maiersch         0.0         0.0           Biomasse Heizwerk Zürs GmbH         Zürs         0.0         0.0           Biroul de credit SA         Bucharest         18.2         18.2  | •  |                     |                     |           |
| Bergbahn Aktiengesellschaft Kitzbühel         Kitzbühel         0.0         0.0           Bergbahn Lofer GmbH         Lofer         7.8         7.8           Bergbahnen Oetz Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Oetz         0.0         0.0           Bergbahnen Westendorf Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Westendorf         0.0         0.0           Betriebliche Altersvorsorge - Software Engineering GmbH         Vienna         24.2         24.4           BGM - IMMORENT Aktiengesellschaft & Co KG         Vienna         0.0         0.0           Biogenrohstoffgenossenschaft Kamptal und Umgebung registrierte Genossenschaft mit beschränkter         Maiersch         0.0         0.0           Biomasse Heizwerk Zürs GmbH         Zürs         0.0         0.0           Biroul de credit SA         Bucharest         18.2         18.2   |  |                     |                     |           |
| Bergbahn Lofer GmbH         Lofer         7.8         7.8           Bergbahnen Oetz Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Oetz         0.0         0.0           Bergbahnen Westendorf Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Westendorf         0.0         0.0           Betriebliche Altersvorsorge - Software Engineering GmbH         Vienna         24.2         24.4           BGM - IMMORENT Aktiengesellschaft & Co KG         Vienna         0.0         0.0           Biogenrohstoffgenossenschaft Kamptal und Umgebung registrierte Genossenschaft mit beschränkter         Maiersch         0.0         0.0           Biomasse Heizwerk Zürs GmbH         Zürs         0.0         0.0           Biroul de credit SA         Bucharest         18.2         18.2   |  |                     |                     |           |
| Bergbahnen Oetz Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Oetz         0.0         0.0           Bergbahnen Westendorf Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Westendorf         0.0         0.0           Betriebliche Altersvorsorge - Software Engineering GmbH         Vienna         24.2         24.4           BGM - IMMORENT Aktiengesellschaft & Co KG         Vienna         0.0         0.0           Biogenrohstoffgenossenschaft Kamptal und Umgebung registrierte Genossenschaft mit beschränkter         Maiersch         0.0         0.0           Biomasse Heizwerk Zürs GmbH         Zürs         0.0         0.0           Biroul de credit SA         Bucharest         18.2         18.2   |  |                     |                     |           |
| Bergbahnen Westendorf Gesellschaft m.b.H.         Westendorf         0.0         0.0           Betriebliche Altersvorsorge - Software Engineering GmbH         Vienna         24.2         24.4           BGM - IMMORENT Aktiengesellschaft & Co KG         Vienna         0.0         0.0           Biogenrohstoffgenossenschaft Kamptal und Umgebung registrierte Genossenschaft mit beschränkter         Maiersch         0.0         0.0           Biomasse Heizwerk Zürs GmbH         Zürs         0.0         0.0           Biroul de credit SA         Bucharest         18.2         18.2  | ·  |                     |                     |           |
| BGM - IMMORENT Aktiengesellschaft & Co KG Vienna 0.0 0.0  Biogenrohstoffgenossenschaft Kamptal und Umgebung registrierte Genossenschaft mit beschränkter Haftung Maiersch 0.0 0.0  Biomasse Heizwerk Zürs GmbH Zürs 0.0 0.0  Biroul de credit SA Bucharest 18.2 18.2   | · — *  |                     |                     |           |
| Biogenrohstoffgenossenschaft Kamptal und Umgebung registrierte Genossenschaft mit beschränkter Haftung Maiersch 0.0 0.0 Biomasse Heizwerk Zürs GmbH Zürs 0.0 0.0 Biroul de credit SA Bucharest 18.2 18.2   | Betriebliche Altersvorsorge - Software Engineering GmbH  | Vienna              | 24.2                | 24.4      |
| Haftung         Maiersch         0.0         0.0           Biomasse Heizwerk Zürs GmbH         Zürs         0.0         0.0           Biroul de credit SA         Bucharest         18.2         18.2  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  | Vienna              | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Biomasse Heizwerk Zürs GmbH         Zürs         0.0         0.0           Biroul de credit SA         Bucharest         18.2         18.2   |  | 8.4. *              | 2.2                 | 2.5       |
| Biroul de credit SA Bucharest 18.2 18.2  |  |                     |                     |           |
|  |  |                     |                     |           |
|  | Biroul de Credit SRL   | Chişinău            | 6.3                 | 6.3       |

|   | •                                 | Interest of Erste G | roup in %    |
|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Company name, registered office   |                                   | Dec 15              | Dec 16       |
| Brauerei Murau eGen   | Murau                             | 0.6                 | 0.6          |
| Bregenz Tourismus & Stadtmarketing GmbH   | Bregenz                           | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| Budapesti Értéktozsde Zártköruen Muködo Részvénytársaság Burza cennych papierov v Bratislave, a.s.  | Budapest<br>Bratislava            | 0.0<br>3.9          | 1.6<br>3.9   |
| Business Capital for Romania - Opportunity Fund Coöperatief UA  | Amsterdam                         | 77.4                | 77.4         |
| C.I.M. Beteiligungen 1998 GmbH  | Vienna                            | 41.1                | 41.1         |
| C.I.M. Verwaltung und Beteiligungen 1999 GmbH   | Vienna                            | 26.7                | 26.7         |
| Camelot Informatik und Consulting Gesellschaft.m.b.H.   | Villach                           | 4.1                 | 3.6          |
| Camping- und Freizeitanlagen Betriebsgesellschaft m.b.H.  CAMPUS 02 Fachhochschule der Wirtschaft GmbH  | St. Pölten                        | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| Cargo-Center-Graz Betriebsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Graz<br>Werndorf                  | 3.8<br>1.6          | 3.8<br>1.6   |
| Cargo-Center-Graz Betriebsgesellschaft m.b.H. & Co KG   | Werndorf                          | 1.6                 | 1.6          |
| Carlyle Europe Partners, L.P. (in Liquidation)  | Vale                              | 0.6                 | 0.6          |
| Casa Romana de Compensatie Sibiu  | Sibiu                             | 0.4                 | 0.4          |
| CBCB-Czech Banking Credit Bureau, a.s.  | Prague                            | 19.8                | 19.8         |
| CEESEG Aktiengesellschaft   | Vienna                            | 12.6                | 11.8         |
| CITY REAL Immobilienbeteiligungs- und Verwaltungsgesellschaft mbH & Co KG CITY REAL Immobilienbeteiligungs- und Verwaltungsgesellschaft mbH in Liqu.        | Graz<br>Graz                      | 25.8<br>25.0        | 25.8<br>25.0 |
| Dachstein Tourismus AG  | Gosau                             | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| DC TRAVEL d.o.o. putnicka agancija  | Zagreb                            | 69.3                | 69.3         |
| Die Kärntner Sparkasse - Förderungsgesellschaft für den Bezirk Hermagor Gesellschaft m.b.H.   | Hermagor                          | 25.0                | 25.0         |
| Dolomitencenter Verwaltungs GmbH  | Lienz                             | 50.0                | 50.0         |
| Dolomitengolf Osttirol GmbH   | Lavant                            | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| Dornbirner Seilbahn GmbH  | Dornbirn<br>Vienna                | 0.0                 | 100.0        |
| EBB-Delta Holding GmbH EBB-Zeta Holding GmbH  | Vienna                            | 100.0               | 100.0        |
| EBSPK-Handelsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna                            | 29.7                | 31.1         |
| EC Energie Center Lipizzanerheimat GmbH   | Bärnbach                          | 0.1                 | 0.1          |
| Egg Investment GmbH   | Egg                               | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| E-H Liegenschaftsverwaltungs-GmbH   | Etsdorf am Kamp                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| Einlagensicherung der Banken und Bankiers GmbH  | Vienna                            | 0.3                 | 0.3          |
| ELAG Immobilien AG Energie AG Oberösterreich  | Linz<br>Linz                      | 1.4<br>0.2          | 1.9<br>0.2   |
| Erste alpenländische Volksbrauerei Schladming registrierte Genossenschaft mit beschränkter Haftung  | Schladming                        | 0.1                 | 0.1          |
| Erste Asset Management Deutschland GmbH   | Zorneding                         | 100.0               | 98.8         |
| Erste Campus Mobilien GmbH  | Vienna                            | 100.0               | 100.0        |
| Erste Corporate Finance, a.s.   | Prague                            | 99.0                | 99.0         |
| ERSTE Immobilien Alpha 'WE-Objekte' GmbH & Co KG  | Vienna                            | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| ERSTE Immobilien Alpha APS 85 GmbH & Co KG ERSTE Immobilien Alpha Brünner Straße 124 Liegenschaftsverwaltung GmbH & Co KG                                   | Vienna<br>Vienna                  | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| ERSTE Immobilien Alpha Eggenberger Gürtel GmbH & Co KG  | Graz                              | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| ERSTE Immobilien Alpha GmbH   | Vienna                            | 0.0                 | 74.3         |
| ERSTE Immobilien Alpha Monte Laa GmbH & Co. KG  | Vienna                            | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| ERSTE Immobilien Alpha W175 GmbH & Co KG  | Vienna                            | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| ERSTE Immobilien Aspernbrückengasse 2 GmbH & Co KG  | Vienna                            | 0.1                 | 0.1          |
| ERSTE Immobilien Beta GmbH  | Vienna                            | 0.0                 | 74.3         |
| ERSTE Immobilien Beta GS 131 GmbH & Co KG ERSTE Immobilien Gamma GmbH   | Vienna<br>Vienna                  | 0.0                 | 74.3         |
| ESB Holding GmbH  | Vienna                            | 69.3                | 100.0        |
| EUROPEAN INVESTMENT FUND  | Luxembourg                        | 0.1                 | 0.1          |
| FINAG D.D. INDUSTRIJA GRADJEVNOG MATERIJALA BANKRUPTCY  | Garesnica                         | 18.2                | 18.2         |
| Finanzpartner GmbH  | Vienna                            | 50.0                | 50.0         |
| FINTEC-Finanzierungsberatungs- und Handelsgesellschaft m.b.H. in Liqu.  | Vienna                            | 25.0                | 25.0         |
| FOTEC Forschungs- und Technologietransfer GmbH Freizeitpark Zell GmbH   | Wiener Neustadt<br>Zell am Ziller | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| Freizeitzentrum Zillertal GmbH  | Fügen                             | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| Fund of Excellence Förderungs GmbH  | Vienna                            | 49.0                | 49.0         |
| FWG-Fernwärmeversorgung Engelbrechts registrierte Genossenschaft mit beschränkter Haftung   | Kautzen                           | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| FWG-Fernwärmeversorgung Raabs a.d. Thaya registrierte Genossenschaft mit beschränkter Haftung   | Raabs a. d. Thaya                 | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| Gasteiner Bergbahnen Aktiengesellschaft   | Bad Hofgastein                    | 13.2                | 13.2         |
| GELDSERVICE AUSTRIA Logistik für Wertgestionierung und Transportkoordination G.m.b.H.  GEMDAT Oberösterreichische Gemeinde-Datenservice Gesellschaft m.b.H. | Vienna<br>Linz                    | 0.9<br>8.5          | 1.0          |
| GEMDAT Oberösterreichische Gemeinde-Datenservice Gesellschaft m.b.H. & Co.KG  | Linz                              | 9.5                 | 11.9         |
| Gerlitzen - Kanzelbahn - Touristik Gesellschaft m.b.H.&Co KG  | Sattendorf                        | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| Gewerbe- und Dienstleistungspark der Stadtgemeinde Bad Radkersburg Kommanditgesellschaft  | Bad Radkersburg                   | 12.5                | 12.5         |
| Gladiator Aircraft Management Limited   | Pieta                             | 0.0                 | 100.0        |
| Golf Ressort Kremstal GmbH  | Kematen a. d. Krems               | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| Golf Ressort Kremstal GmbH & Co. KG.  | Kematen a. d. Krems               | 0.0                 | 0.0          |

|  |                      | Interest of Erste G | roup in % |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| Company name, registered office  | -                    | Dec 15              | Dec 16    |
| Golfclub Bludenz-Braz GmbH   | Bludenz - Braz       | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Golfclub Brand GmbH  | Brand bei Bludenz    | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Golfclub Pfarrkirchen im Mühlviertel GesmbH  | Pfarrkirchen         | 0.2                 | 0.2       |
| Golfplatz Hohe Salve - Brixental Errichtergesellschaft m.b.H. & Co KG  | Westendorf           | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Golfresort Haugschlag GmbH & Co KG   | Haugschlag           | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Großarler Bergbahnen Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung & Co. KG.   | Großarl              | 0.5                 | 0.5       |
| GW St. Pölten Integrative Betriebe GmbH  | St.Pölten-Hart       | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| GXT Vermögensverwaltung GmbH & Co KG   | Vienna               | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| GZ-Finanz Leasing Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0     |
| HAPIMAG AG Harkin Limited  | Baar<br>Dublin       | 0.0                 | 100.0     |
| Harrys Hotel Home Wien Millenium GmbH  | Innsbruck            | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Hauser Kaibling Seilbahn- und Liftgesellschaft m.b.H. & Co. KG.  | Haus im Ennstal      | 0.4                 | 0.4       |
| HDL Fiecht GmbH  | Vomp                 | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Health and Fitness International Holdings N.V.   | Willemstad           | 3.5                 | 3.5       |
| Heiltherme Bad Waltersdorf GmbH  | Bad Waltersdorf      | 4.5                 | 4.5       |
| Heiltherme Bad Waltersdorf GmbH & Co KG  | Bad Waltersdorf      | 4.1                 | 4.1       |
| Hinterstoder-Wurzeralm Bergbahnen Aktiengesellschaft   | Hinterstoder         | 0.3                 | 0.4       |
| HOLDING RUDARSKO METALURŠKO HEMIJSKI KOMBINAT TREPCA AD ZVECAN - U<br>RESTRUKTUIRANJU                          | Zvecan               | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Hollawind - Windkraftanlagenerrichtungs- und Betreibergesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung                    | Göllersdorf          | 25.0                | 25.0      |
| Hotel Chesa Monte GmbH   | Fiss                 | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Hotel Corvinus Gesellschaft m.b.H. & Co KG   | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0     |
| Hrvatski olimpijski centar Bjelolosica d.o.o. (Kroatisches Olympiazentrum) in bankruptcy                       | Jesenak              | 1.2                 | 1.2       |
| Hrvatski registar obveza po kreditima d.o.o. (HROK)  | Zagreb               | 7.3                 | 7.3       |
| HV-Veranstaltungsservice GmbH  | St. Lorenzen         | 100.0               | 100.0     |
| ILGES - Liegenschaftsverwaltung G.m.b.H.   | Rohrbach             | 40.0                | 40.0      |
| IMMO Primum GmbH   | St. Pölten<br>Vienna | 0.0                 | 100.0     |
| IMMORENT S-Immobilienmanagement GesmbH Immorent-Hackinger Grundverwertungsgesellschaft m.b.H.                  | Vienna               | 10.0                | 10.0      |
| IMS Nanofabrication AG   | Vienna               | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Informativni centar Bjelovar d.o.o.  | Bjelovar             | 1.4                 | 1.4       |
| Investicniweb s.r.o.   | Prague               | 99.0                | 99.0      |
| JADRAN dionicko drustvo za hotelijerstvo i turizam   | Crikvenica           | 3.4                 | 3.4       |
| JAVNO SKLADIŠTE SLOBODNA CARINSKA ZONA NOVI SAD AD NOVI SAD  | Novi Sad             | 5.2                 | 5.2       |
| JUGOALAT-JAL AD NOVI SAD   | Novi Sad             | 5.0                 | 5.0       |
| Kaiser-Ebersdorfer Straße 8 GmbH & Co  | Vienna               | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Kapruner Freizeitzentrum Betriebs GmbH   | Kaprun               | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Kapruner Promotion und Lifte GmbH  | Kaprun               | 6.4                 | 6.4       |
| Kitzbüheler Anzeiger Gesellschaft m.b.H.   | Kitzbühel            | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Kleinkraftwerke-Betriebsgesellschaft m.b.H.  Kommanditgesellschaft MS 'SANTA LORENA' Offen Reederei GmbH & Co. | Vienna<br>Hamburg    | 100.0               | 0.0       |
| Kommanditgesellschaft MS 'SANTA LUCIANA' Offen Reederei GmbH & Co.   | Hamburg              | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Kraftwerksmanagement GmbH  | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0     |
| Kreco Realitäten Aktiengesellschaft  | Vienna               | 19.7                | 19.7      |
| Kreditni Biro Sisbon d.o.o.  | Ljubljana            | 1.6                 | 1.6       |
| 'KULSKI ŠTOFOVI' FABRIKA ZA PROIZVODNJU VUNENIH TKANINA I PREDIVA AKCIONARSKO<br>DRUŠTVO IZ KULE - U STECAJU   | Kula                 | 6.1                 | 6.1       |
| Kurzentrum 'Landsknechte' Bad Schönau Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Bad Schönau          | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| ländleticket marketing gmbh  | Dornbirn             | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Landzeit Restaurant Angath GmbH  | St. Valentin         | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Langenloiser Liegenschaftsverwaltungs-Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Langenlois           | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Lantech Innovationszentrum GesmbH  | Landeck              | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Latifundium Holding Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0     |
| Lebens.Resort & Gesundheitszentrum GmbH  | Ottenschlag          | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Lebensquell Bad Zell Gesundheits- und Wellnesszentrum GmbH & Co KG   | Bad Zell             | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Lienzer-Bergbahnen-Aktiengesellschaft  | Gaimberg             | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Liezener Bezirksnachrichten Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Liezen               | 1.1<br>0.0          | 1.1       |
| LOCO 597 Investment GmbH  Logistik Center Leoben GmbH  | Egg<br>Leoben        | 14.0                | 14.0      |
| Luitpoldpark-Hotel Betriebs- und Vermietungsgesellschaft mbH   | Füssen               | 75.0                | 75.0      |
| LV Holding GmbH  | Linz, Donau          | 28.5                | 35.7      |
| M Schön Wohnen Immorent GmbH   | Vienna               | 100.0               | 100.0     |
| Maiskogel Betriebs AG  | Kaprun               | 0.6                 | 0.6       |
| Maissauer Amethyst GmbH  | Maissau              | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| MAJEVICA HOLDING AKCIONARSKO DRUŠTVO, BACKA PALANKA  | Bacčka Palanka       | 5.2                 | 5.2       |
| Marktgemeinde Bad Mitterndorf Thermalquelle Erschließungsges. m.b.H.   | Bad Mitterndorf      | 0.6                 | 0.6       |
| MasterCard Incorporated  | Purchase, NY         | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Mayer Immobilien Korlátolt Felelosségu Társaság  | Budapest             | 0.0                 | 100.0     |
| Mayer Interplan Korlátolt Felelosségu Társaság   | Budapest             | 0.0                 | 100.0     |

|   | <del>.</del>        | Interest of Erste G | roup in % |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| Company name, registered office   | -                   | Dec 15              | Dec 16    |
| Mayer Property Alpha d.o.o.   | Zagreb              | 100.0               | 100.0     |
| Mayer Property Beta d.o.o.  | Zagreb              | 100.0               | 100.0     |
| Mayrhofner Bergbahnen Aktiengesellschaft  | Mayrhofen           | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| MCG Graz e.gen.   | Graz                | 1.4                 | 1.4       |
| Medimurske novine d.o.o., Cakovec nema fin. Izvjesca bankrupt   | Cakovec             | 4.9                 | 4.9       |
| MEG-Liegenschaftsverwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Vienna              | 100.0               | 100.0     |
| Mittersiller Golf- und Freizeitanlagen Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Mittersill          | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| MPC Rendite-Fonds Leben plus spezial III GmbH & Co KG MUNDO FM & S GmbH                               | Quickborn<br>Vienna | 0.0                 | 100.0     |
| Murauer WM Halle Betriebsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Murau               | 3.1                 | 3.1       |
| Musikkonservatoriumserrichtungs- und vermietungsgesellschaft m.b.H.                                   | St. Pölten          | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Natursee und Freizeitpark Wechselland GmbH  | Pinggau             | 0.4                 | 0.4       |
| Natursee und Freizeitpark Wechselland GmbH & Co KG in Liqu.   | Pinggau             | 0.1                 | 0.1       |
| Neo Investment B.V.   | Amsterdam           | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Neubruck Immobilien GmbH  | St. Anton           | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Neuhofner Bauträger GmbH  | Neuhofen            | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Newstin, a.s.   | Prague              | 17.6                | 17.6      |
| Oberpinzgauer Fremdenverkehrsförderungs- und Bergbahnen AG  | Neukirchen          | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Obertilliacher Bergbahnen-Gesellschaft m.b.H.   | Obertilliach        | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Öhlknecht-Hof Errichtungs- und Verwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Horn                | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| ÖKO-Heizkraftwerk GmbH  | Pöllau              | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| ÖKO-Heizkraftwerk GmbH & Co KG  | Pöllau<br>Linz      | 0.0<br>6.3          | 7.8       |
| OÖ HightechFonds GmbH OÖ Science-Center Wels Errichtungs-GmbH   | Wels                | 0.7                 | 0.9       |
| Ortswärme Fügen GmbH  | Fügen               | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Österreichische Wertpapierdaten Service GmbH  | Vienna              | 32.5                | 32.5      |
| Osttiroler Wirtschaftspark GesmbH   | Lienz               | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| ÖVW Bauträger GmbH  | Vienna              | 100.0               | 100.0     |
| PANORAMABAHN KITZBÜHELER-ALPEN GMBH   | Hollersbach         | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Planai - Hochwurzen - Bahnen Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Schladming          | 0.7                 | 0.7       |
| Planung und Errichtung von Kleinkraftwerken Aktiengesellschaft  | Vienna              | 82.9                | 98.9      |
| POSLOVNO UDRUŽENJE DAVAOCA LIZINGA 'ALCS' BEOGRAD   | Belgrad             | 8.3                 | 8.3       |
| PREDUZECE ZA PRUŽANJE CONSULTING USLUGA BANCOR CONSULTING GROUP DOO NOVI SAD                          | Novi Sad            | 2.6                 | 2.6       |
| PRIVREDNO DRUŠTVO ZA PROIZVODNJU I PRERADU CELIKA ŽELEZARA SMEDEREVO DOO                              |                     |                     |           |
| SMEDEREVO   | Smederevo           | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Prvni certifikacni autorita, a.s.   | Prague              | 23.0                | 23.0      |
| PSA Payment Services Austria GmbH   | Vienna              | 18.4                | 18.4      |
| Radio Osttirol GesmbH  RADIO VRŠAC DRUŠTVO SA OGRANICENOM ODGOVORNOŠCU U MEŠOVITOJ SVOJINI, VRŠAC - U | Lienz               | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| STECAJU   | Vršac               | 6.4                 | 6.4       |
| Rätikon-Center Errichtungs- und Betriebsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Bludenz             | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Realitäten und Wohnungsservice Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Köflach             | 4.8                 | 4.8       |
| Realitni spolecnost Ceske sporitelny, a.s.  | Prague              | 99.0                | 99.0      |
| REGIONALNA AGENCIJA ZA RAZVOJ MALIH I SREDNJIH PREDUZECA ALMA MONS D.O.O.                             | Novi Sad            | 3.3                 | 3.3       |
| RIBA D.D.   | Garesnica           | 17.1                | 17.1      |
| Riesneralm - Bergbahnen Gesellschaft m.b.H. & Co. KG.   | Donnersbach         | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| ROMANIAN EQUITY PARTNERS COÖPERATIEF U.A.   | Amsterdam           | 77.4                | 77.4      |
| RTG Tiefgaragenerrichtungs und -vermietungs GmbH  | Graz                | 25.0                | 25.0      |
| RVG Czech, s.r.o.   | Prague              | 19.8                | 19.8      |
| RVS, a.s.   | Bratislava          | 8.9                 | 8.9       |
| S - Leasing und Vermögensverwaltung - Gesellschaft m.b.H.   | Peuerbach           | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| S IMMO AG SALIX-Grundstückserwerbs Ges.m.b.H.   | Vienna              | 10.7<br>50.0        | 10.7      |
| SALZBURG INNENSTADT, Vereinigung zur Förderung selbständiger Unternehmer der Salzburger Innenstadt,   | Eisenstadt          | 50.0                | 50.0      |
| registrierte Genossenschaft mit beschränkter Haftung  | Salzburg            | 2.0                 | 2.0       |
| S-AMC1 DOOEL Skopje   | Skopje              | 25.0                | 24.9      |
| Schweighofer Gesellschaft m.b.H. & Co KG  | Friedersbach        | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| S-City Center Wirtschaftsgütervermietungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Wiener Neustadt     | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| S-Commerz Beratungs- und Handelsgesesellschaft m.b.H.   | Neunkirchen         | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| SEG Sport Event GmbH  | Hohenems            | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Seniorenresidenz 'Am Steinberg' GmbH  | Graz                | 25.0                | 25.0      |
| Senningerfeld Projektenwicklungs und Verwertungs GmbH   | Bramberg            | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| S-Finanzservice Gesellschaft m.b.H.   | Baden bei Wien      | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| SILO DREI Beteiligungsverwaltungs GmbH & Co KG  | Vienna              | 0.0                 | 100.0     |
| SILO ZWEI Beteiligungsverwaltungs GmbH & Co KG  | Vienna              | 0.0                 | 100.0     |
| Silvrettaseilbahn Aktiengesellschaft  | Ischgl              | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| SK 1 Properties s.r.o.  | Bratislava          | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| SK 2 Properties s.r.o. Skilifte Unken - Heutal Gesellschaft m.b.H. & Co KG                            | Bratislava<br>Unken | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Skillife Unken Heutal Gesellschaft m.b.H. & Co KG Skillifte Unken Heutal Gesellschaft m.b.H.          | Unken               | 2.2                 | 2.2       |
| SM-Immobiliengesellschaft m.b.H.  | Melk                | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Cm minosing rigoscinotinat m.b.n.   | IVICIN              | 0.0                 | 0.0       |

|  | •                             | Interest of Erets (        | Proup in 9/ |
|--|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|
| Company name, registered office  | -                             | Interest of Erste 0 Dec 15 | Dec 16      |
| sMS Marktservice für Sparkassen GmbH   | Krems                         | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| SN Immobilienprojekt GmbH  | St.Pölten                     | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| Society for Worldwide Interbank Financial Telecommunication scrl   | La Hulpe                      | 0.2                        | 0.2         |
| Sparkasse Amstetten Service- und Verwaltungsgesellschaft m. b. H.  | Amstetten                     | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| Sparkasse Bludenz Beteiligungsgesellschaft mbH   | Bludenz                       | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| Sparkasse Bludenz Immobilenverwaltungsgesellschaft mbH Sparkasse Imst Immobilienverwaltung GmbH                                | Bludenz                       | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| Sparkasse Imst Immobilienverwaltung GmbH & Co KG   | Imst                          | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| Sparkasse Lambach Versicherungsmakler GmbH   | Lambach                       | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| Sparkasse Nekretnine d.o.o.  | Sarajevo                      | 26.4                       | 26.5        |
| Sparkasse Niederösterreich Mitte West Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | St. Pölten                    | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| Sparkasse Niederösterreich Mitte West Immobilien GmbH  | St. Pölten                    | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| Sparkasse Niederösterreich Mitte West Stadtentwicklungs GmbH Sparkasse Reutte Liegenschaftsverwertungs GmbH                    | St. Pölten<br>Reutte          | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| Sparkassen - Betriebsgesellschaft mbH.   | Linz                          | 29.8                       | 39.7        |
| Sparkassen Bankbeteiligungs GmbH   | Dornbirn                      | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| Sparkassen Beteiligungs GmbH & Co KG   | Vienna                        | 13.1                       | 8.2         |
| Sparkassen Facility Management GmbH  | Innsbruck                     | 75.0                       | 75.0        |
| Sparkassengarage Imst Errichtungs- und Betriebs GmbH   | Imst                          | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| Sparkassengarage Imst Errichtungs- und Betriebs GmbH & Co KG  SPES Bildungs- u. Studiengesellschaft m.b.H.& Co KG              | Imst Schlierbach              | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| SPKB Beteiligungs- und Verwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.  | Bregenz                       | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| Sport- und Freizeitanlagen Gesellschaft m.b.H.   | Schwanenstadt                 | 9.8                        | 13.1        |
| SREDISNJE KLIRINSKO DEPOZITARNO DRUSTVO D.D.(CENTRAL DEPOZITORY & CLEARING   |                               |                            |             |
| COMPANY Inc.)  | Zagreb                        | 0.2                        | 0.1         |
| Stadtgemeinde Weiz - Wirtschaftsentwicklung KG   | Weiz                          | 0.5                        | 0.5         |
| Stadtmarketing-Ternitz Gmbh Sternstein Sessellift Gesellschaft m.b.H.  | Ternitz<br>Bad Leonfelden     | 0.0<br>7.2                 | 7.2         |
| Stoderzinken - Liftgesellschaft m.b.H. & Co. KG.   | Gröbming                      | 0.4                        | 0.4         |
| Studiengesellschaft für Zusammenarbeit im Zahlungsverkehr (STUZZA) G.m.b.H.  | Vienna                        | 10.7                       | 10.7        |
| SZG-Dienstleistungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Salzburg                      | 98.7                       | 98.7        |
| Tannheimer Bergbahnen GmbH & Co KG   | Tannheim                      | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| Tauern SPA World Betriebs- Gmbh & Co KG  | Kaprun                        | 9.8                        | 9.8         |
| Tauern SPA World Betriebs-GmbH   | Kaprun                        | 12.0                       | 12.0        |
| Tauern SPA World Errichtungs- GmbH & Co KG   | Kaprun<br>Kaprun              | 9.8                        | 9.8         |
| Tauern SPA World Errichtungs-GmbH  TDZ Technologie- und Dienstleistungszentrum Donau-Böhmerwald Bezirk Rohrbach GmbH.          | Neufelden                     | 1.0                        | 1.0         |
| TECH21 Bürohaus und Gewerbehof Errichtungs- und Betriebsgesellschaft mbH & Co KG   | Vienna                        | 0.1                        | 0.1         |
| Technologie- und Dienstleistungszentrum Ennstal GmbH   | Reichraming                   | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| TECHNOLOGIE- und GRÜNDERPARK ROSENTAL GmbH   | Rosental                      | 0.3                        | 0.3         |
| Technologie- und Innovationszentrum Kirchdorf GmbH   | Schlierbach                   | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| Technologie- und Marketing Center Frohnleiten GmbH   | Frohnleiten                   | 2.5                        | 2.5         |
| Technologiezentrum Deutschlandsberg GmbH Technologiezentrum Freistadt-Mühlviertel-Errichtungs- und Betriebsgesellschaft m.b.H. | Deutschlandsberg<br>Freistadt | 7.3<br>1.2                 | 7.3         |
| Technologiezentrum Inneres Salzkammergut GmbH  | Bad Ischl                     | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| Technologiezentrum Kapfenberg Vermietungs-GmbH   | Kapfenberg                    | 6.0                        | 6.0         |
| Technologiezentrum Perg GmbH   | Perg                          | 1.1                        | 1.5         |
| Technologiezentrum Salzkammergut GmbH  | Gmunden                       | 0.5                        | 0.6         |
| Technologiezentrum Salzkammergut-Bezirk Vöcklabruck GmbH   | Attnang-Puchheim              | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| Techno-Z Ried Technologiezentrum GmbH  | Ried im Innkreis              | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| Tennis-Center Hofkirchen i. M. GmbH TGZ Technologie- und Gründerzentrum Schärding GmbH   | Hofkirchen<br>Schärding       | 7.3                        | 7.3         |
| Thermalquelle Loipersdorf Gesellschaft m.b.H. & Co KG  | Loipersdorf                   | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| Therme Wien Ges.m.b.H.   | Vienna                        | 15.0                       | 15.0        |
| Therme Wien GmbH & Co KG   | Vienna                        | 15.0                       | 15.0        |
| Tiefgarage Anger, Gesellschaft m.b.H. & Co. KG.  | Lech                          | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| TIRO Bauträger GmbH  | Innsbruck                     | 75.0                       | 75.0        |
| Tispa Liegenschaftsverwaltungsgesellschaft mbH in Liquidation  | Füssen                        | 75.0                       | 75.0        |
| TIZ Landl - Grieskirchen GmbH TONDACH GLEINSTÄTTEN AG  | Grieskirchen<br>Gleinstätten  | 0.0<br>9.6                 | 9.6         |
| Tourismus- u. Freizeitanlagen GmbH   | Hinterstoder                  | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| TPK-18 Sp. z o.o.  | Warsaw                        | 100.0                      | 100.0       |
| Transformovany fond penzijniho pripojisteni se statnim prispevkem Ceska sporitelna - penzijni spolecnost, a.s.                 | Prague                        | 0.0                        | 0.0         |
| Trencin Retail Park 1 a.s. v likvidácii  | Bratislava                    | 19.8                       | 19.8        |
| Trencin Retail Park 2 a.s. v likvidácii  | Bratislava                    | 19.8                       | 19.8        |
| TSG EDV-Terminal-Service Ges.m.b.H.  | Vienna                        | 0.1                        | 0.1         |
| Unzmarkter Kleinkraftwerk-Aktiengesellschaft  Valtecia Achizitii S.R.L.  | Vienna<br>Bucharest           | 83.2<br>100.0              | 99.3        |
| Vasudvar Hotel Kft.  | Budapest                      | 100.0                      | 100.0       |
|  | Бааарозі                      | 100.0                      | 150.0       |

|   | _                        | Interest of Erste G |              |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Company name, registered office   |                          | Dec 15              | Dec 16       |
| VBV - Asset Service GmbH  | Vienna                   | 26.9                | 27.1         |
| VBV - Consult Beratung für betriebliche Vorsorge GmbH                                       | Vienna                   | 26.9                | 27.1         |
| VBV - Pensionsservice-Center GmbH  VBV-Pensionskasse Aktiengesellschaft                     | Vienna                   | 26.9                | 27.1         |
| VERMREAL Liegenschaftserwerbs- und -betriebs GmbH   | Vienna<br>Vienna         | 26.9<br>25.6        | 27.1<br>25.6 |
| VISA INC.   | Wilmington               | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| VMG Versicherungsmakler GmbH  | Vienna                   | 5.0                 | 5.0          |
| Waldviertler Leasing s.r.o.   | Jindrřichuův Hradec      | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| Wärmeversorgungsgenossenschaft Tamsweg registrierte Genossenschaft mit beschränkter Haftung | Tamsweg                  | 0.3                 | 0.3          |
| Wassergenossenschaft Mayrhofen  | Mayrhofen                | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| WBV Beteiligungs- und Vermögensverwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.                               | Feldkirch                | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| WEB Windenergie AG  | Pfaffenschlag            | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| WECO Treuhandverwaltung Gesellschaft m.b.H. Weißsee-Gletscherwelt GmbH                      | Salzburg<br>Uttendorf    | 49.3                | 49.3         |
| WEST CONSULT Bauten- und Beteiligungsverwaltung GmbH  | Salzburg                 | 49.3                | 49.3         |
| WEVA - Veranlagungs- und Beteiligungsgesellschaft m.b.H.                                    | Linz                     | 29.8                | 39.8         |
| Wien 3420 Aspern Development AG   | Vienna                   | 23.2                | 24.5         |
| WIEPA-Vermögensverwaltungsgesellschaft m.b.H.   | Dornbirn                 | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| Wirtschaftspark Kleinregion Fehring Errichtungs- und Betriebsgesellschaft m.b.H.            | Fehring                  | 2.0                 | 2.0          |
| Zagreb Stock Exchange, Inc.   | Zagreb                   | 2.3                 | 2.3          |
| Zelina Centar d.o.o.  | Saint Helena             | 100.0               | 100.0        |
| Zweite Beteiligungsgesellschaft Reefer-Flottenfonds mbH & Co KG                             | Hamburg                  | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| Funds   | \ P                      | 2.2                 | • • •        |
| 1776 CLO I., LTD_106781   | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| A & P-FONDS A 105 Sub 3   | Vienna<br>Vienna         | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| A 200   | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| ACA CLO, Ltd. 23697   | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| ACCESSION MEZZANINE CAPITAL II LP   | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| Akciovy Mix FF  | Prague                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| Alpha Diversified 1   | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| Alpha Diversified 2   | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| Alpha Diversified 3   | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| AM SLSP Activne portfolio   | Bratislava               | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| AM SLSP Bankovy fond pravidelnych vynosov, o.p.f.   | Bratislava               | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| AM SLSP Euro bond fund  | Bratislava               | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| AM SLSP Euro Plus Fund AM SLSP Fond maximalizovanych vynosov, o.p.f.                        | Bratislava Bratislava    | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| AM SLSP Forth maximalizovariyen vyriosov, o.p.n.  AM SLSP Globalny akciovy fond, o.p.f.     | Bratislava               | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| AM SLSP Institucionalny I1, s.p.f.  | Bratislava               | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| AM SLSP Institucionalny I2, o.p.f.  | Bratislava               | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| AM SLSP Private fund of regular revenues  | Bratislava               | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| AM SLSP Private money market fund   | Bratislava               | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| AM SLSP Privatny fond pravidelnych vynosov 2, o.p.f.  | Bratislava               | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| AM SLSP Privatny P11, o.p.f.  | Bratislava               | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| AM SLSP Real estate fund  | Bratislava               | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| AM SLSP SIP Aktiv, o.p.f.   | Bratislava               | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| AM SLSP SIP Balans, o.p.f.  | Bratislava               | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| AM SLSP SIP Clasik  AM SLSP Svetove akcie, o.p.f.   | Bratislava<br>Bratislava | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| APF - Seg. ESPA   | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| APIDOS CDO V 23788  | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| APIDOS QUATTRO CDO_107847   | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| ARGUS CAPITAL PARTNERS II   | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| AUBURN0441_403250   | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| AUSTROMUENDELRENT   | Linz                     | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| AUSTRORENT  | Linz                     | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| AVOCA 0724_414332   | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| AVOCA04/20_403394   | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| AVOCA05/21_404723<br>AXA  | Vienna<br>Vienna         | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| AXA IM-US   | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| B COMBIREN  | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| B DANUBIA   | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| B EM-MARKE  | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| B EUR-RENT  | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| B MORTGAGE  | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| B MUENDELR  | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| B US-CORPO  | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| BABSON MIDMARKET_108225   | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| BABSON0620_408715   | Vienna                   | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
|   |                          | 0.0                 | 0.0          |
| BAWAG 35, Segment 4   | Linz<br>Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0          |

| Company name, registered Office         Dec 19           BlockRost Serior Income Series Corp. IV, 23754         Verma         0.0           BlockRost Serior Income Series Corp. IV, 23754         Verma         0.0           Bridgeport CLOIL Ltd. JA083         Verma         0.0           Bridgeport CLOIL Ltd. JA083         Verma         0.0           BRIDGEPORT CLOIL TV, 105444         Verma         0.0           Cullious Deal Partieses CDD Fund, Ltd. JA0559         Verma         0.0           Cullious Deal Partieses CDD Fund, Ltd. JA0559         Verma         0.0           CARLANCER SERVISION         Verma         0.0           CARLANCER DAY CONTROL         Verma         0.0           CARLANCE BLANCER CLO LTD, 1077904         Verma         0.0           CARLANCE BLANCER CLO LTD, 1077904         Verma         0.0           CARLANCE BLANCER CLO LTD, 1077904         Verma         0.0           CELFERDZIA JAMES         Verma         0.0 </th <th></th> <th>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</th> <th>Interest of Erste G</th> <th>roup in %</th>   |   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Interest of Erste G | roup in % |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| BlackNook Senter (moore Selence Cop. N. 23974   Vienna   | Company name, registered office               | -                                     |                     | Dec 16    |
| Black Rost Serior Income Serior Corp. Y_24091   Verna   0.0  | BD EURO-TR                                    | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Bridgeport CLO   L. Liu, 2,2483  | BlackRock Senior Income Series Corp. IV_23754 | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| BIDICEPORT CLO LTD_060848  | BlackRock Senior Income Series Corp. V_24091  | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Calidous Debt Partiners COD Fund, Ltd., 23839         Venna         0.0           CARA VEZ ARNAGE, 108233         Visena         0.0           CARIL VE ARNAGE, 108233         Visena         0.0           CARIL VE ARNAGE, 108233         Visena         0.0           Carlyke High Yeld Partners X. Ltd. 28838         Visena         0.0           CERVIL HIGH LANGER COL LTD. 10704         Visena         0.0           CECW Hille and Vesosige         Visena         0.0           CECTARIZE, AND COLLINGER         Visena         0.0           CERTIFICATIONY FOND         Program         0.0           CERTIFICATIONY FOND         Visena         0.0           COLUMBUS NOVA CLO LTD. 107797         Visena         0.0           COLUMBUS NOVA CLO LTD. 107797         Visena         0.0           COLUMBUS NOVA CLO LTD. 107797         Visena         0.0           CS DULLIOPISCOY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2017         Visena         0.0           CS LOUROPISCOY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2017         Progue         0.0           CS fond zivet, cyku 2009 FF         Progue         0.0           CS fond zivet, cyku 2009 FF         Progue         0.0           CS fond zivet, cyku 2009 FF         Progue         0.0           CS fond zivet, c  | - · · -                                       |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| CAMARY 177   191159  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| CART VER ANNOSE, 108233 CART VER DATIONAL, 107474 Venna 0.0 CARTYLE BATYLONAL, 107474 Venna 0.0 CARTYLE BATYLONAL, 107474 Venna 0.0 CARTYLE MARY CART VER COLL 10, 107984 Venna 0.0 CEDW Hirth und Voronge CELFIDZ, 414813  OCCURRIES NOVA CLO LTD. 107797 Vienna 0.0 CES FLUND CERT FLUND Vorona CES FLUND  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| CART. VEC BAYTONA, 107474  OARLY High Yirelig Patriers X, Lid., 28380  Verne O.  CARLY K, MCLAREN C, OL TD, 107904  CRIT Y, Worsonge Verne O.  CELF0521, 1494240  Verne O.  CELF0521, 1494240  Verne O.  CELF0521, 1494241  Verne O.  CELF0722, 149431  Verne O.  CELF0722, 149431  Verne O.  CELF0722, 149431  Verne O.  CERTIFIEAT TOVY FOND  Verne O.  COLUMBUS NOVA CLO LTD_107797  Verne O.  CS DULHOPISOVY FOND PERSPECTIVNICH TRUHU 2017  Verne O.  CS Cond zivic, vidu 2000 FF  Prague O.  CS ford zivic, vidu 2000 FF  Prague O.  CS ford zivic, vidu 2000 FF  Prague O.  CS ford zivic, vidu 2000 FF  Prague O.  CS NEROVITOSTIN FOND  Debt securities CV ANS THV_403002  Verne O.  CS NEROVITOSTIN FOND  Debt securities CV ANS THV_403002  Verne O.  Debt securities CV ANS THV ANS THV ANS THV ANS THV ANS THV ANS THV |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| Carryle High Yield Partners X, LLL, 23838  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| CART.YEL MCLAREN CLO LTD_107694  CRETIFICATION (10 visosoge Venna 0.0 CELF05621_404240  CELF05621_404240  CELF05621_404240  CERTIFICATION (10 visosoge 0.0 visosoge 0.0 visosoge 0.0 cELF05621_404240  CERTIFICATION (10 visosoge 0.0 visosoge 0.0 visosoge 0.0 cELF05621_404240  CERTIFICATION (10 visosoge 0.0 visosoge 0.0 visosoge 0.0 cERTIFICATION (10 visosoge 0.0 cERTIFICAT |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| CEDM HIR und Vorsorge         Wenna         0.0           CELFORS21_A014013         Wenna         0.0           CELFORS23_A014013         Wenna         0.0           CELFORS23_A014013         Wenna         0.0           CIS FUND         Wenna         0.0           CIS FUND         Wenna         0.0           COLUMBIUS NOVA CLO LTD_107797         Wenna         0.0           CONTRESTOME CLO_108118         Wenna         0.0           CONTRESTOME CLO_108118         Wenna         0.0           CS EDULHOPINS CVY POND PERSPERITYNICH TRUHU 2017         Prague         0.0           CS ford sixed, cyblu 2020 FF         Prague         0.0           CS ford sixed, cyblu 2020 FF         Prague         0.0           CS korporatini duhopisovy OPF         Prague         0.0           CS korporatini Gulbropisovy OPF         Prague         0.0           CS korporatini Gulbropisovy OPF         Prague         0.0           DAKEX         Venna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW, 4950867         Venna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW, 4950867         Venna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW, 4941733         Venna         0.0           Debt securities  | , , ,   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| CELF0921 490240         Wenna         0.0           CELF0723 448133         Wenna         0.0           CERTIFIKATOYY FOND         Prague         0.0           COLUMBUS NOVA CLO LTD_107797         Wenna         0.0           CONDENESTROME COL, 108118         Wenna         0.0           CONDENESTROME COL, 108118         Wenna         0.0           CS DULI/OPISOYY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2017         Wenna         0.0           CS Cond zwix, chylu 2039 FF         Frague         0.0           CS fond zwix, chylu 2039 FF         Frague         0.0           CS NEMOVITOSTHI FOND         Wenna         0.0           DAXEX         Wenna         0.0           Debt securities OF ASI HW, 405045         Wenna         0.0           Debt securities OF ASI HW, 405087         Wenna         0.0           DELPHIN TREND CLOBAL         Wenna         0.0           DELPHIN TREND CLOBAL         Wenna         0.0   | <u>-</u>                                      |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| CELFOYZA 414813         Wenna         0.0           CERTIFIKATOWY FOND         Prague         0.0           CIS FUND         Wenna         0.0           COLUMBUS NOVA CLO LTD_107797         Wenna         0.0           CORNERSTONE CLO_10818         Wenna         0.0           CORNERSTONE CLO_10818         Wenna         0.0           CS EDULHOPIS CVY POND PERSPERTIVINICH TRUHU 2017         Prague         0.0           CS KORD VINC LONG 2020 FF         Prague         0.0           DAXEX         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF ASI HW, 4505067         Vienna         0.0  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| CERTIFIKATOVY FOND         Prague         0.0           COLUMBUS NOVA CLO LTD, 107797         Vienna         0.0           CORNERSTORE CLO, 108118         Vienna         0.0           CORNERSTORE CLO, 108118         Vienna         0.0           CORNERSTORE CLO, 108118         Vienna         0.0           CS DILUYOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2017         Vienna         0.0           CS FOND WILL 2009 FF         Prague         0.0           CS FOND WILL 2009 FF         Prague         0.0           CS NEMOVITOSTNI FOND         Vienna         0.0           DAXEX         Vienna         0.0           DEAL SCA         Vienna         0.0           DEB securities OF ARS HW, 405802         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF ARS HW, 405807         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF ARS HW, 405807         Vienna         0.0           DELPHIN TREND GLOBAL  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| CIS FUND         Verna         0.0           COLUMBUS NOVA CLO LTD_107797         Verna         0.0           CORNERSTONE CLO_108118         Verna         0.0           CS 50nd 2vot. Cyklu 2020 FF         Phague         0.0           CS 10nd 2vot. Cyklu 2020 FF         Verna         0.0           DAXEX         Verna         0.0           Debt securities OF ASI FM, 402045         Verna         0.0           Debt securities OF ASI FM, 402067         Verna         0.0 <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td>  | -   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| COLUMBUS NOVA CI, OLID., 107797         Venna         0.0           CORNERSTONE CLO, 108118         Venna         0.0           CS DLUHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2017         Venna         0.0           CS Fond 2014, CMU 2009 FF         Prique         0.0           CS Fond 2014, CMU 2009 FF         Prique         0.0           CS NEW CONTROL WARD STATE CONTROL         Venna         0.0           CS NEW CONTROL WARD STATE CONTROL         Venna         0.0           CS NEW CONTROL WARD STATE CONTROL WARD STA  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| CORNERSTONE CLO_108118         Vienna         0.0           CS DULH/OPISOV POND PERSPETIT/NICH TRUHU 2017         Vienna         0.0           CS Ford zivit, CVRU 2020 FF         Prague         0.0           CS Ford zivit, CVRU 2020 FF         Prague         0.0           CS Korporabilit diffusorisory OFF         Prague         0.0           DAXEX         Vienna         0.0           Debt Securities OF ARS HW_40245         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF ARS HW_403667         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF ARS HW_405667         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF ARS HW_414753         Vienna         0.0           Delp Hint TREND GLOBAL         Vienna         0.0           DELP HINT TREND GLOBAL         Vienna         0.0           DELP HINT TREND GLOBAL         Vienna         0.0           DUNDUS SYM COD_107499         Vienna         0.0           DEVDEN XVI CDD_107499         Vienna         0.0           Dynamicky Mix         FF         Pra  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| CS DILUIPORSOWY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2017         Vienna         0.0           CS fond aivet, cyklu 2020 FF         Prague         0.0           CS fond aivet, cyklu 2020 FF         Prague         0.0           CS forpariant cliphopsery OPF         Prague         0.0           CS NEMOVITOSTNI FOND         Vienna         0.0           DAVEX         Vienna         0.0           Debt Securities OF ARS HW, 402045         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF ARS HW, 402045         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF ARS HW, 402045         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF ARS HW, 402046         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF ARS HW, 402047         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF ARS HW, 402048         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF ARS HW, 402047         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF ARS HW, 402048         Vienna         0.0           DEVERITION TO GO TURD VIENT AINT AINT AINT AINT AINT AINT AINT AI   | <del>_</del>                                  |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| CS fond zivit. cyklu 2030 FF         Prague         0.0           CS korporatini dilungiosory OPF         Prague         0.0           CS NEMOVITOSTNI FOND         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW_402045         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW_403062         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW_403062         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW_403062         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW_414783         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW_414783         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW_414783         Vienna         0.0           Discovery Fund         Vienna         0.0           Discovery Fund         Vienna         0.0           Discovery Fund         Vienna         0.0           DINAPINE XIA TERRATIONES         Vienna         0.0           DAYDEA XIA COLO (17409         Vienna         0.0           Dynamicky Mix FF         Prague         0.0           E 4         Vienna         0.0           E 7         Vienna         0.0           E 7         Vienna         0.0           E ALTERNAT         Vienna         <  | <del>_</del>                                  | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| CS fond zivit. cyklu 2030 FF         Prague         0.0           CS korporatini dilungiosory OPF         Prague         0.0           CS NEMOVITOSTNI FOND         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW_402045         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW_403062         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW_403062         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW_403062         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW_414783         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW_414783         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW_414783         Vienna         0.0           Discovery Fund         Vienna         0.0           Discovery Fund         Vienna         0.0           Discovery Fund         Vienna         0.0           DINAPINE XIA TERRATIONES         Vienna         0.0           DAYDEA XIA COLO (17409         Vienna         0.0           Dynamicky Mix FF         Prague         0.0           E 4         Vienna         0.0           E 7         Vienna         0.0           E 7         Vienna         0.0           E ALTERNAT         Vienna         <  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| CS korporatini dulnopisory OPF         Prague         0.0           CS NEMOVITOSTNI FOND         Vienna         0.0           DAXEX         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AS HW, 402045         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AS HW, 405067         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AS HW, 405067         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AS HW, 414753         Vienna         0.0           DELPHIN TREND GLOBAL         Vienna         0.0           DELPHIN TREND GLOBAL         Vienna         0.0           DELPHIN TREND GLOBAL         Vienna         0.0           DIAN STAR-FONDS         Prague         0.0           DONAU STAR-FONDS         Vienna         0.0           DRYDEN XVI CDD, 107409         Vienna         0.0           DRYDEN XVI CDD, 107409         Vienna         0.0           E 2016         Vienna         0.0           E 2 4         Vienna         0.0           E 5         Vienna         0.0           E 6         Vienna         0.0           E ALTERNAT         Vienna         0.0           E ALTERNAT         Vienna         0.0           E ASTLAND CLO, LTD, 107714 </td <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td>   | •   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| CS NEMOVITOSINI FOND         Vienna         0.0           DAXEX         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW, 402045         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW, 405667         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW, 405667         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW, 414753         Vienna         0.0           Debt Securities OF AIS HW, 414753         Vienna         0.0           Discovery Fund         Vienna         0.0           DINJUSTATION OF THE AIR STANCE         Vienna         0.0           DEVEDEN XI COLO (17409         Vienna         0.0           E4         Vienna         0.0           E4         Vienna         0.0           E4         Vienna         0.0           E77         Vienna         0.0           E77         Vienna         0.0           E77         Vienna   | •   |                                       | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Debt securities OF AIS HW, 403802         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW, 403802         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW, 403807         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW, 403807         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW, 414753         Vienna         0.0           DISCOVERY FUND         Vienna         0.0           DISCOVERY FUND         Vienna         0.0           DISCOVERY FUND         Vienna         0.0           DONAU STAR-FONDS         Vienna         0.0           DONAU STAR-FONDS         Vienna         0.0           DATYON KY LOD, 107409         Vienna         0.0           Dynamicky Mix FF         Prague         0.0           E 2016         Vienna         0.0           E 2 4         Vienna         0.0           E 5         Vienna         0.0           E 77         Vienna         0.0           E ALTERNAT         Vienna         0.0           E ALTERNAT         Vienna         0.0           E ASTLAND CLO, LTD, 107714         Vienna         0.0           E ASTLAND CLO, LTD, 23853         Vienna         0.0           ECM-Rentein Intern  | CS NEMOVITOSTNÍ FOND                          |                                       | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Debt securities OF AIS HW, 403602         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW, 414753         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AIS HW, 414753         Vienna         0.0           DELPHIN TREND GLOBAL         Vienna         0.0           DILNOpisovy Fund         Vienna         0.0           DILNOpisovy Fund         Prague         0.0           DILNOPISOV STARFONDS         Vienna         0.0           DENYDEN XVI CDO, 107409         Vienna         0.0           DEYDEN XVI CDO, 107409         Vienna         0.0           E 261         Vienna         0.0           E 5         Prague         0.0           E 5         Vienna         0.0           E 77         Vienna         0.0           E ALTERNAT         Vienna         0.0           E ASTLAND CLO, LTD_107714         Vienna         0.0           E 4         Vienna         0.0           E 261         Vienna         0.0           E 27         Vienna         0.0           E 27         Vienna         0.0           E 27         Vienna         0.0           E 281         Vienna         0.0           E 281   | DAXEX   | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Debt securities OF AISH WL, 414753         Vienna         0.0           Debt securities OF AISH WL, 414753         Vienna         0.0           DELPHIN TREND GLOBAL         Vienna         0.0           DILAPIS VIENNA         Vienna         0.0           DILAPIS VIENNA         Vienna         0.0           DINADIS VIENNA         Vienna         0.0           DONAU STAR-FONDS         Vienna         0.0           DRYDEN XI CDO, 107409         Vienna         0.0           Dynamicky Mix FF         Prague         0.0           E 2016         Vienna         0.0           E 4         Vienna         0.0           E 5         Vienna         0.0           E 7         Vienna         0.0           E 7         Vienna         0.0           E 7         Vienna         0.0           E ASTLAND CLO, LTD 107714         Vienna         0.0           EASTLAND CLO, LTD 107714         Vienna         0.0           ECM-Renten International         Vienna         0.0           ECM-Renten International         Vienna         0.0           ECA-KOMMER 7         Vienna         0.0           EKA-KOMMER 18         Vienna         0.0 </td <td>Debt securities OF AfS HW_402045</td> <td>Vienna</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td>   | Debt securities OF AfS HW_402045              | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Debt Securities OF AISH W_414753         Vienna         0.0           DELEPHIN TREND GLOBAL         Vienna         0.0           DISCOVEY FUND         Vienna         0.0           DISCOVEY FUND         Vienna         0.0           DISCOVEY FUND         Vienna         0.0           DONAU STAR-FONDS         Vienna         0.0           DEYDEN XVI CDO_107409         Vienna         0.0           DYPARIMEN MIX FF         Prague         0.0           E 2016         Vienna         0.0           E 4         Vienna         0.0           E 5         Vienna         0.0           E 77         Vienna         0.0           E 77         Vienna         0.0           E ALTERNAT         Vienna         0.0           E ALTERNAT         Vienna         0.0           E ANTIAN D CLO, LTD_107714         Vienna         0.0           E ASTLAND CLO, LTD_107714         Vienna         0.0           E 6 STAL SCALL         Vienna         0.0           E 6 STAL SCALL         Vienna         0.0           E 6 CONDAS DORIS         Vienna         0.0           E 6 CONTAL SCALL         Vienna         0.0           E 6 C  |   | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| DELPHIN TREND GLOBAL         Vienna         0.0           Discovery Fund         Vienna         0.0           Discovery Fund         Vienna         0.0           DINAD STAR-FONDS         Vienna         0.0           DRYDEN XIV DOD, 107409         Vienna         0.0           DPARDEN XIV DOD, 107409         Vienna         0.0           DEYDEN XIV DOD, 107409         Vienna         0.0           E 2016         Vienna         0.0           E 4         Vienna         0.0           E 5         Vienna         0.0           E 77         Vienna         0.0           E ALTERNAT         Vienna         0.0           E ALTERNAT         Vienna         0.0           E ASTLAND CLO, LTD_107714         Vienna         0.0           E ASTLAND CLO, LTD_407714         Vienna         0.0           E CM-Renten International         Vienna         0.0           E CM-Renten International         Vienna         0.0           E COLD J S LIZ, 23853         Vienna         0.0           E KA 1         Vienna         0.0           E KA 2         Vienna         0.0           E KO-Renten International         Vienna         0.0 <td>Debt securities OF AfS HW_405667</td> <td>Vienna</td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0.0</td>   | Debt securities OF AfS HW_405667              | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Discovery Fund         Yenna         0.0           Diuhapisovy fond         Prague         0.0           DONAU STAR-FONDS         Venna         0.0           DRYDER XVI CDO_107409         Venna         0.0           Dynamicky Mix FF         Prague         0.0           E 2016         Venna         0.0           E 4         Venna         0.0           E 5         Vienna         0.0           E 77         Venna         0.0           E ALTERNAT         Venna         0.0           EAMI 1         Vienna         0.0           EASTLAND CLO_LID_107714         Venna         0.0           EASTLAND CLO_LID_307714         Venna         0.0           Eaton Vance CDO IX Ltd, 23853         Venna         0.0           Ecology Bond         Venna         0.0           EOL-Renten International         Venna         0.0           EKA-Kommerz 14         Venna         0.0           EKA-Kommerz 14         Venna         0.0           EKA-Kommerz 14         Venna         0.0           EYA-Kommerz 14         Venna         0.0           EYA-Kommerz 14         Venna         0.0           EKA-Kommerz 15  | Debt securities OF AfS HW_414753              | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Dubopisvory fond         Prague         0.0           DONAU STAR-FONDS         Vienna         0.0           DRYDEN XVI CDO_107409         Vienna         0.0           Dynamicky Mix FF         Prague         0.0           E 2016         Wenna         0.0           E 4         Wenna         0.0           E 5         Wenna         0.0           E 77         Venna         0.0           E ALTERNAT         Venna         0.0           E ALTERNAT         Venna         0.0           E ASTIAND CLO, LTD_107714         Venna         0.0           EASTIAND CLO, LTD_107714         Venna         0.0           ECM Renien International         Vienna         0.0           ECM Renien International         Venna         0.0           ECM Renien International         Vienna         0.0           ECM Schammerz 14         Venna         0.0           EKA 1         Venna         0.0           EKA-KOMMERZ 16         Venna         0.0           ENSTE ABSZOLUT HOZAWU KOTVENY ALP         Budapest         0.0           ENSTE ABSZOLUT HOZAWU KOTVENY ALAP         Budapest         0.0           Erste ADRIATIC E GUITY         Zagreb <th< td=""><td>DELPHIN TREND GLOBAL</td><td>Vienna</td><td>0.0</td><td>0.0</td></th<>  | DELPHIN TREND GLOBAL                          | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| DONAUS TAR-FONDS         Wenna         0.0           DRYDEN XVI CDQ_1074099         Vienna         0.0           Dynamicky Mix FF         Prague         0.0           E 2016         Vienna         0.0           E 4         Wenna         0.0           E 5         Vienna         0.0           E 77         Vienna         0.0           EALTERNAT         Vienna         0.0           EAM 1         Vienna         0.0           EASTLAND CLO, LTD_107714         Vienna         0.0           EASTLAND CLO, LTD_107714         Vienna         0.0           EASTLAND CLO, LTD_107714         Vienna         0.0           ECM-Renten International         Vienna         0.0           ECM-Renten International         Vienna         0.0           ECM-ACHMER 2         Vienna         0.0           EKA-1         Vienna         0.0           EKA-KOMMER 2         Vienna         0.0           EKA-KOMMER 2         Vienna         0.0           EKA-KOMMER 2         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE ABSZOLUT HOZAMU KÖTVENY ALAP         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ABSZOLUT HOZAMU KÖTVENY ALAP         Budapest         0.0     <   | Discovery Fund                                | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| DRYDEN XVI CDO_107409         Vienna         0.0           Dynamicky Mix FF         Prague         0.0           E 2016         Vienna         0.0           E 4         Vienna         0.0           E 5         Vienna         0.0           E 77         Vienna         0.0           E 77         Vienna         0.0           E ALTERNAT         Vienna         0.0           E ALTERNAT         Vienna         0.0           E ALTERNAT         Vienna         0.0           E ASTILAND CLO, LTD_107714         Vienna         0.0           E CALTERNAT         Vienna         0.0           E CALTERNAT         Vienna         0.0           E CALTERNAT         Vienna         0.0           E KA CAMMER A         Vienna         0.0           E KA-KOMMER A         Vienna         0.0           E KOA CAMMER A         Vienna         0.0           E KOA CAMMER A         Vienna         0.0           E KOA CAMER A  | Dluhopisovy fond                              | Prague                                | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Dynamicky Mix FF         Prague         0.0           E 2016         Vienna         0.0           E 4         Vienna         0.0           E 5         Vienna         0.0           E 77         Vienna         0.0           E AL TERNAT         Vienna         0.0           EAM 1         Vienna         0.0           EAST LAND CLO, LTD_107714         Vienna         0.0           Eaton Vance CDO IX Ltd_23853         Vienna         0.0           ECM-Renten International         Vienna         0.0           Ecology Bond         Vienna         0.0           EKA-L 1         Vienna         0.0           EKA-L 1         Vienna         0.0           EKA-L 1         Vienna         0.0           EKA-Kommerz 14         Vienna         0.0           EKA-Kommerz 14         Vienna         0.0           EK Coporate Fonds SRI         Vienna         0.0           EK Coporate Fonds SRI         Vienna         0.0           EK SZOLUT HOZAMU KÖTVENY ALAP         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ABSZOLUT HOZAMU KÖTVENY ALAP         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ADRITIC EQUITY         Zagreb         0.0 <tr< td=""><td>DONAU STAR-FONDS</td><td>Vienna</td><td>0.0</td><td>0.0</td></tr<>   | DONAU STAR-FONDS                              | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| E 2016   Vienna  | DRYDEN XVI CDO_107409                         | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| E 4         Vienna         0.0           E 5         Vienna         0.0           E 77         Vienna         0.0           E ALTERNAT         Vienna         0.0           EAM 1         Vienna         0.0           EAM 1         Vienna         0.0           EASTLAND CLO, LTD_107714         Vienna         0.0           Eaton Vance CDO IX Ltd_23853         Vienna         0.0           ECM-Renten International         Vienna         0.0           ECM-Renten International         Vienna         0.0           ECM-Renten International         Vienna         0.0           EKA-Kommerz 14         Vienna         0.0           EKA-Kommerz 14         Vienna         0.0           EKA-Kommerz 14         Vienna         0.0           EKA-Kommerz 18         Vienna         0.0           EKA-Kommerz 19         Vienna         0.0           Erste ADRIATIC BOND         Zagreb         0.0           Er  | Dynamicky Mix FF                              | Prague                                | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| E 5         Vienna         0.0           E 7T         Vienna         0.0           E ALTERNAT         Vienna         0.0           E AM 1         Vienna         0.0           E ASTLAND CLO, LTD_107714         Vienna         0.0           E STOL VAID CO, LTD_107714         Vienna         0.0           E CARRENE International         Vienna         0.0           E COLORY BOND         Vienna         0.0           E CARLOMERZ 14         Vienna         0.0           E KA-K-KOMMERZ 14         Vienna         0.0           E KA-K-COMMERZ 14         Vienna         0.0           E KA-K-COMMERZ 14         Vienna         0.0           E KA-K-COMMERZ 15         Vienna         0.0           E KA-K-COMMERZ 16         Vienna         0.0           E KA-K-COMMERZ 16         Vienna         0.0           E KA-K-COMMERZ 18         Vienna         0.0           E KSTE BADZOLUT HOZAMU KÖTVENY ALAP         Budapest         0.0           E RSTE E BADRIATIC BOND         Zagreb  | E 2016  | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| E 77         Vienna         0.0           E ALTERNAT         Vienna         0.0           EAM I         Vienna         0.0           E ASTLAND CLO, LTD_107714         Vienna         0.0           Eaton Vance CDO IX Ltd_23853         Vienna         0.0           ECM-Renten International         Vienna         0.0           ECM-Renten International         Vienna         0.0           ECM-Renten International         Vienna         0.0           EKA-L Vienna         0.0         0           EKA-Kommer. 14         Vienna         0.0           EKA-Kommer. 14         Vienna         0.0           EKA-Kommer. 16         Vienna         0.0           EKA-Kommer. 17         Vienna         0.0           EKA-Kommer. 18         Vienna         0.0           EKA-Kommer. 19         Vienna         0.0           EKA-Kommer. 19         Vienna         0.0           EKA-Kommer. 19         Vienna         0.0           EKA-Kommer. 19         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ABSZOLUT HOZAMU KÖTVENY ALAP         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ABSZOLUT HOZAMU KÖTVENY ALAP         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ABSZOLUT HOZAMU KÖTVENY AL  | E 4   | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| EALTERNAT         Vienna         0.0           EAM1         Vienna         0.0           EASTLAND CLO, LTD_107714         Vienna         0.0           EASTLAND CLO, LTD_107714         Vienna         0.0           ECM-Renten International         Vienna         0.0           ECM-Renten International         Vienna         0.0           ECOlogy Bond         Vienna         0.0           EKA-1         Vienna         0.0           EKA-KOMMERZ 14         Vienna         0.0           EKA-KOMMERZ 16         Vienna         0.0           EKA-KOMMERZ 16         Vienna         0.0           EKA-KOMMERZ 16         Vienna         0.0           ERS ADSOULT HOZAMU EXOZAILANDA         0.0           ERSTE ADSZOULT HOZAMU KOTVENY ALAP         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ABSZOULT HOZAMU KOTVENY ALAP         Budapest         0.0           Erste ADRIATIC BOND         Zagreb         0.0           Erste ADRIATIC EQUITY         Zagreb         0.0           ERSTE ALPOK TOKEVEDETT PENZPIACI BEFEKTETESI ALAP         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE Balanced RON         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG         Vienna         0.0  | E 5   | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| EAM1         Vienna         0.0           EASTLAND CLO, LTD_107714         Vienna         0.0           ECHO YADRO COO IX Ltd, 23853         Vienna         0.0           ECM-Renten International         Vienna         0.0           ECM-Renten International         Vienna         0.0           ECM-Renten International         Vienna         0.0           EKA 1         Vienna         0.0           EKA 1         Vienna         0.0           EKA-KOMMERZ 14         Vienna         0.0           EKA-KOMMERZ 16         Vienna         0.0           EKA-KOMMERZ 16         Vienna         0.0           EKA-KOMMERZ 16         Vienna         0.0           EKA CADMATTA 10         Vienna         0.0           EKA EXEXULT HOZAMU KÖT VENY ALAP         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ABSZOLUT HOZAMU KÖT VENY ALAP         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ALPOK INGATLAN ALAPOK ALAPJA         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ALPOK INGATLAN ALAPOK ALAPJA         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE BAILOR TO KOKEVEDETT PENZPIACI BEFEKTETESI ALAP         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGIN  | E77   | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| EASTLAND CLO, LTD_107714         Vienna         0.0           Eaton Vance CDO IX Ltd_23853         Vienna         0.0           CCM-Renten International         Vienna         0.0           Ecology Bond         Vienna         0.0           EKA-1         Vienna         0.0           EKA-KOMMERZ 14         Vienna         0.0           EKA-KOMMERZ 16         Vienna         0.0           EM Corporate Fonds SRI         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE ABSZOLUT HOZAMU KÖTVENY ALAP         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ABSZOLUT HOZAMU KÖTVENY ALAP         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ADRIATIC BOND         Zagreb         0.0           ERSTE ALPOK TÖKEVEDETT PENZPIACI BEFEKTETESI ALAP         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ALPOK TÖKEVEDETT PENZPIACI BEFEKTETESI ALAP         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE Balanced RON         Bucharest         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING M  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| Eaton Vance CDO IX Ltd_23853         Vienna         0.0           ECM-Renten International         Vienna         0.0           Ecology Bond         Vienna         0.0           EKA 1         Vienna         0.0           EKA Kommerz 14         Vienna         0.0           EKA-KOMMERZ 16         Vienna         0.0           EKA-KOMMERZ 16         Vienna         0.0           EKA Corporate Fonds SRI         Vienna         0.0           Erste Abszolut Hozamu Esközallakocios Alapok Alapja         Budapest         0.0           Erste ADRIATIC BOND         Zagreb         0.0           Erste ADRIATIC BOND         Zagreb         0.0           Erste ADRIATIC EQUITY         Zagreb         0.0           ERSTE ALPOK INGATLAN ALAPOK ALAPJA         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ALPOK TÖKEVEDETT PENZPIACI BEFEKTETESI ALAP         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| ECM-Renten International         Vienna         0.0           Ecology Bond         Vienna         0.0           EKA 1         Vienna         0.0           EKA-Kommerz 14         Vienna         0.0           EKA-KOMMERZ 16         Vienna         0.0           EM Corporate Fonds SRI         Vienna         0.0           Erste Abszolut Hozamu Esközallakocios Alapok Alapja         Budapest         0.0           Erste ADRIATIC BOND         Zagreb         0.0           Erste ADRIATIC EQUITY         Zagreb         0.0           ERSTE ALPOK INGATLAN ALAPOK ALAPJA         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ALPOK TOKEVEDETT PENZPIACI BEFEKTETESI ALAP         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE Balanced RON         Bucharest         0.0           ERSTE BONDE EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0  | · -   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| Ecology Bond         Vienna         0.0           EKA 1         Vienna         0.0           EKA-KOmmerz 14         Vienna         0.0           EKA-KOMMERZ 16         Vienna         0.0           EKA-KOMMERZ 16         Vienna         0.0           EM Corporate Fonds SRI         Vienna         0.0           Erste Abszolut Hozamu Esközallakocios Alapok Alapja         Budapest         0.0           Erste ABSZOLUT HOZAMU KÖTVENY ALAP         Budapest         0.0           Erste ADRIATIC BOND         Zagreb         0.0           Erste ADRIATIC EQUITY         Zagreb         0.0           ERSTE ALPOK INGALAN ALAPOK ALAPJA         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ALPOK TÖKEVEDETT PENZPIACI BEFEKTETESI ALAP         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE BALPOK TÖKEVEDETT PENZPIACI BEFEKTETESI ALAP         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0  | <u>-</u>                                      |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| EKA 1         Vienna         0.0           EKA-Kommerz 14         Vienna         0.0           EKA-KOMMERZ 16         Vienna         0.0           EM Corporate Fonds SRI         Vienna         0.0           Erste Abszolut Hozamu Esközallakocios Alapok Alapja         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ABSZOLUT HOZAMU KÖTVENY ALAP         Budapest         0.0           Erste ADRIATIC BOND         Zagreb         0.0           Erste ADRIATIC EQUITY         Zagreb         0.0           ERSTE ALPOK INGATLAN ALAPOK ALAPJA         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ALPOK TÖKEVEDETT PENZPIACI BEFEKTETESI ALAP         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vi   |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| EKA-KOMMERZ 16         Vienna         0.0           EKA-KOMMERZ 16         Vienna         0.0           EMC Corporate Fonds SRI         Vienna         0.0           Erste Abszolut Hozamu Esközallakocios Alapok Alapja         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ABSZOLUT HOZAMU KÖTVENY ALAP         Budapest         0.0           Erste ADRIATIC BOND         Zagreb         0.0           Erste ADRIATIC EQUITY         Zagreb         0.0           ERSTE ALPOK INGATLAN ALAPOK ALAPJA         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ALPOK TÖKEVEDETT PENZPIACI BEFEKTETESI ALAP         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE Balanced RON         Bucharest         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE BOH Flexible Romania EUR  | Ecology Bond                                  | Vienna                                | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| EKA-KOMMERZ 16         Vienna         0.0           EM Corporate Fonds SRI         Vienna         0.0           Erste Abszolut Hozamu Esközallakocios Alapok Alapja         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ABSZOLUT HOZAMU KÖTVENY ALAP         Budapest         0.0           Erste ABRIATIC BOND         Zagreb         0.0           Erste ADRIATIC EQUITY         Zagreb         0.0           ERSTE ALPOK INGATLAN ALAPOK ALAPJA         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ALPOK TÖKEVEDETT PENZPIACI BEFEKTETESI ALAP         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE BAID EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Bucharest         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Bucharest         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Bucharest         0.0 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td>  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| EM Corporate Fonds SRI         Vienna         0.0           Erste Abszolut Hozamu Esközallakocios Alapok Alapja         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ABSZOLUT HOZAMU KÖTVENY ALAP         Budapest         0.0           Erste ADRIATIC BOND         Zagreb         0.0           Erste ADRIATIC EQUITY         Zagreb         0.0           ERSTE ALPOK INGATLAN ALAPOK ALAPJA         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ALPOK TÖKEVEDETT PENZPIACI BEFEKTETESI ALAP         Buchapest         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Bucharest         0.0           ERSTE BOND FIlexible Romania EUR         Bucharest         0.0           ERSTE BOND FIlexible Romania EUR         Bucharest         0.0           ERSTE DULHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2020         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE DULHAR PENZPIACI ALAP/td>         Budapest         0.0   |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| Erste Abszolut Hozamu Esközallakocios Alapok Alapja Budapest 0.0 ERSTE ABSZOLUT HOZAMU KÖTVENY ALAP Budapest 0.0 Erste ADRIATIC BOND Zagreb 0.0 Erste ADRIATIC EQUITY Zagreb 0.0 ERSTE ALPOK INGATLAN ALAPOK ALAPJA Budapest 0.0 ERSTE ALPOK INGATLAN ALAPOK ALAPJA Budapest 0.0 ERSTE ALPOK TÖKEVEDETT PENZPIACI BEFEKTETESI ALAP Budapest 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE Vienna 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE Wienna 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE Wienna 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG Vienna 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG EUR) Vienna 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Vienna 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Vienna 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Vienna 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Vienna 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Vienna 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Vienna 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Vienna 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Vienna 0.0 ERSTE DUHAPERSING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Budapest 0.0 ERSTE DUHAPERSING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Vienna 0.0 ERSTE DUHAPERSING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Budapest 0.0 ERSTE DUHAPERSING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Vienna 0.0 ERSTE DUHAPERSING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Budapest 0.0 ERSTE DUHAPERSING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Budapest 0.0 ERSTE DUHAPERSING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Budapest 0.0 ERSTE DPM NEMZETKÖZI KÖTVENY ALAPOK ALAPJA Budapest 0.0 ERSTE DPM NEMZETKÖZI KÖTVENY ALAPOK ALAPJA Budapest 0.0 ERSTE DPM NEMZETKÖZI KÖTVENY ALAPOK ALAPJA Budapest 0.0 ERSTE EQUITY Romania Bucharest 0.0 ERSTE EQUITY Romania Bucharest 0.0 ERSTE EQUITY Romania Bucharest 0.0   |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| ERSTE ABSZOLUT HOZAMU KÖTVENY ALAP Erste ADRIATIC BOND Erste ADRIATIC EQUITY Zagreb 0.0 Erste ADRIATIC EQUITY Zagreb 0.0 ERSTE ALPOK INGATLAN ALAPOK ALAPJA Budapest 0.0 ERSTE ALPOK TÖKEVEDETT PENZPIACI BEFEKTETESI ALAP Budapest 0.0 ERSTE BIalanced RON Bucharest 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE Vienna 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Vienna 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Vienna 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Bucharest 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Bucharest 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Bucharest 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Bucharest 0.0 ERSTE DUHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2020 Vienna 0.0 ERSTE DUHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2020 Vienna 0.0 ERSTE DPM Globalis Reszveny Alapok Alapja Budapest 0.0 ERSTE DPM NEMZETKÖZI KÖTVENY ALAPOK ALAPJA Budapest 0.0 ERSTE DPM Nyiltvegu Alternativ Alapok Alapja Budapest 0.0 ERSTE EDM Nyiltvegu Alternativ Alapok Alapja Budapest 0.0 ERSTE EQUITY Romania Bucharest 0.0 ERSTE EQUITY Romania Budapest 0.0 ERSTE EQUITY Romania  | ·   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| Erste ADRIATIC BOND         Zagreb         0.0           Erste ADRIATIC EQUITY         Zagreb         0.0           ERSTE ALPOK INGATLAN ALAPOK ALAPJA         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE ALPOK TÖKEVEDETT PENZPIACI BEFEKTETESI ALAP         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE Balanced RON         Bucharest         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE         Vienna         0.0           Erste Bond Emerging Markets Corporate HUF Alapok Alapja         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           Erste Bond Flexible Romania EUR         Bucharest         0.0           Erste DUHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2020         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE DPM Globalis Reszveny Alapok Alapja         Budapest  | 1 11  |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| Erste ADRIATIC EQUITY  ERSTE ALPOK INGATLAN ALAPOK ALAPJA  Budapest  0.0  ERSTE ALPOK TÖKEVEDETT PENZPIACI BEFEKTETESI ALAP  Budapest  0.0  ERSTE Balanced RON  Bucharrest  0.0  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE  Fiste Bond Emerging Markets Corporate HUF Alapok Alapja  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)  Vienna  0.0  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)  Vienna  0.0  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)  Vienna  0.0  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)  Bucharest  0.0  ERSTE BOND Flexible Romania EUR  Bucharest  0.0  ERSTE DLUHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2020  Vienna  0.0  ERSTE DULHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2020  ERSTE DPM Globalis Reszveny Alapok Alapja  Budapest  0.0  ERSTE DPM Globalis Reszveny Alapok Alapja  Budapest  0.0  ERSTE DPM NEMZETKÖZI KÖTVENY ALAPOK ALAPJA  Budapest  0.0  Erste DPM Nyiltvegu Alternativ Alapok Alapja  Budapest  0.0  ERSTE EURO INGATLAN ALAP  Budapest  0.0  ERSTE EURO INGATLAN ALAP  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| ERSTE ALPOK INGATLAN ALAPOK ALAPJA Budapest 0.0 ERSTE ALPOK TÖKEVEDETT PENZPIACI BEFEKTETESI ALAP Budapest 0.0 ERSTE Balanced RON Bucharest 0.0 ERSTE BonD EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE Vienna 0.0 Erste Bond Emerging Markets Corporate HUF Alapok Alapja Budapest 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG Vienna 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG Vienna 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Vienna 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Vienna 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Bucharest 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Vienna 0.0 ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Bucharest 0.0 ERSTE DUHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2020 Vienna 0.0 ERSTE DUHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2020 Budapest 0.0 ERSTE DPM Globalis Reszveny Alapok Alapja Budapest 0.0 Erste DPM NEMZETKÖZI KÖTVENY ALAPOK ALAPJA Budapest 0.0 Erste DPM NEMZETKÖZI KÖTVENY ALAPOK ALAPJA Budapest 0.0 Erste ELITE Zagreb 0.0 ERSTE ELITE Zagreb 0.0 ERSTE ELITE EURO INGATLAN ALAP  |   | -                                     |                     | 0.0       |
| ERSTE ALPOK TÖKEVEDETT PENZPIACI BEFEKTETESI ALAP  ERSTE Balanced RON  Bucharest  0.0  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE  Vienna  0.0  Erste Bond Emerging Markets Corporate HUF Alapok Alapja  Budapest  0.0  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)  Vienna  0.0  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)  Vienna  0.0  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)  Vienna  0.0  ERSTE BOND Flexible Romania EUR  Bucharest  0.0  ERSTE Bond Flexible RON  Bucharest  0.0  ERSTE DLUHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2020  Vienna  0.0  ERSTE DOLLAR PENZPIACI ALAP  Budapest  0.0  ERSTE DPM Globalis Reszveny Alapok Alapja  Budapest  0.0  ERSTE DPM NEMZETKÖZI KÖTVENY ALAPOK ALAPJA  Budapest  0.0  Erste DPM Nyiltvegu Alternativ Alapok Alapja  Budapest  0.0  ERSTE ELITE  Zagreb  0.0  ERSTE EQUIty Romania  Bucharest  0.0  ERSTE EURO INGATLAN ALAP  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| ERSTE Balanced RON  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE  Vienna  0.0  Erste Bond Emerging Markets Corporate HUF Alapok Alapja  Budapest  0.0  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG  RESTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)  Vienna  0.0  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)  Vienna  0.0  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)  Vienna  0.0  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)  Bucharest  0.0  ERSTE Bond Flexible Romania EUR  Bucharest  0.0  Erste Bond Flexible RON  Bucharest  0.0  ERSTE DLUHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2020  Vienna  0.0  ERSTE DULLAR PENZPIACI ALAP  Budapest  0.0  Erste DPM Globalis Reszveny Alapok Alapja  Budapest  0.0  ERSTE DPM NEMZETKÖZI KÖTVENY ALAPOK ALAPJA  Budapest  0.0  Erste DPM Nyiltvegu Alternativ Alapok Alapja  Budapest  0.0  Erste ELITE  Zagreb  0.0  ERSTE EQuity Romania  Bucharest  0.0  ERSTE EURO INGATLAN ALAP   |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE Vienna 0.0  Erste Bond Emerging Markets Corporate HUF Alapok Alapja Budapest 0.0  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG Vienna 0.0  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Vienna 0.0  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Vienna 0.0  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Vienna 0.0  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR) Bucharest 0.0  ERSTE BOND Flexible ROM Bucharest 0.0  Erste Bond Flexible RON Bucharest 0.0  ERSTE DLUHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2020 Vienna 0.0  ERSTE DLUHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2020 Budapest 0.0  Erste DPM Globalis Reszveny Alapok Alapja Budapest 0.0  ERSTE DPM NEMZETKÖZI KÖTVENY ALAPOK ALAPJA Budapest 0.0  Erste DPM Nyiltvegu Alternativ Alapok Alapja Budapest 0.0  Erste ELITE Zagreb 0.0  ERSTE EQUIty Romania Bucharest 0.0  ERSTE EURO INGATLAN ALAP   |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| Erste Bond Emerging Markets Corporate HUF Alapok Alapja  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)  Bucharest  0.0  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)  ERSTE DUHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2020  ERSTE DUHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2020  ERSTE DUHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2020  ERSTE DPM Globalis Reszveny Alapok Alapja  Budapest  0.0  ERSTE DPM NEMZETKÖZI KÖTVENY ALAPOK ALAPJA  Budapest  0.0  Erste DPM Nyiltvegu Alternativ Alapok Alapja  Budapest  0.0  ERSTE ELITE  Zagreb  0.0  ERSTE EQUIty Romania  Bucharest  0.0  ERSTE EURO INGATLAN ALAP   |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG UR)  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)  Bucharest  0.0  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)  Bucharest  0.0  ERSTE DUHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2020  Vienna  0.0  ERSTE DUHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2020  Budapest  0.0  ERSTE DPM Globalis Reszveny Alapok Alapja  Budapest  0.0  ERSTE DPM NEMZETKÖZI KÖTVENY ALAPOK ALAPJA  Budapest  0.0  Erste DPM Nyiltvegu Alternativ Alapok Alapja  Budapest  0.0  ERSTE ELITE  Zagreb  0.0  ERSTE EQUIty Romania  Bucharest  0.0  ERSTE EURO INGATLAN ALAP   |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)  ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)  ERSTE Bond Flexible Romania EUR  Bucharest  0.0  Erste Bond Flexible RON  Bucharest  0.0  ERSTE DLUHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2020  Vienna  0.0  ERSTE DOLLAR PENZPIACI ALAP  Budapest  0.0  Erste DPM Globalis Reszveny Alapok Alapja  Budapest  0.0  ERSTE DPM NEMZETKÖZI KÖTVENY ALAPOK ALAPJA  Budapest  0.0  Erste DPM Nyiltvegu Alternativ Alapok Alapja  Budapest  0.0  Erste ELITE  Zagreb  0.0  ERSTE EQUIty Romania  Bucharest  0.0  ERSTE EURO INGATLAN ALAP  Budapest  0.0   |   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |                     | 0.0       |
| ERSTE BOND EMERGING MARKETS CORPORATE IG (EUR)         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE Bond Flexible Romania EUR         Bucharest         0.0           Erste Bond Flexible RON         Bucharest         0.0           ERSTE DLUHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2020         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE DOLLAR PENZPIACI ALAP         Budapest         0.0           Erste DPM Globalis Reszveny Alapok Alapja         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE DPM NEMZETKÖZI KÖTVENY ALAPOK ALAPJA         Budapest         0.0           Erste DPM Nyiltvegu Alternativ Alapok Alapja         Budapest         0.0           Erste ELITE         Zagreb         0.0           ERSTE Equity Romania         Bucharest         0.0           ERSTE EURO INGATLAN ALAP         Budapest         0.0  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| ERSTE Bond Flexible Romania EUR         Bucharest         0.0           Erste Bond Flexible RON         Bucharest         0.0           ERSTE DLUHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2020         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE DOLLAR PENZPIACI ALAP         Budapest         0.0           Erste DPM Globalis Reszveny Alapok Alapja         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE DPM NEMZETKÖZI KÖTVENY ALAPOK ALAPJA         Budapest         0.0           Erste DPM Nyiltvegu Alternativ Alapok Alapja         Budapest         0.0           Erste ELITE         Zagreb         0.0           ERSTE Equity Romania         Bucharest         0.0           ERSTE EURO INGATLAN ALAP         Budapest         0.0  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| Erste Bond Flexible RON         Bucharest         0.0           ERSTE DLUHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2020         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE DOLLAR PENZPIACI ALAP         Budapest         0.0           Erste DPM Globalis Reszveny Alapok Alapja         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE DPM NEMZETKÖZI KÖTVENY ALAPOK ALAPJA         Budapest         0.0           Erste DPM Nyiltvegu Alternativ Alapok Alapja         Budapest         0.0           Erste ELITE         Zagreb         0.0           ERSTE Equity Romania         Bucharest         0.0           ERSTE EURO INGATLAN ALAP         Budapest         0.0  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| ERSTE DLUHOPISOVY FOND PERSPEKTIVNICH TRUHU 2020         Vienna         0.0           ERSTE DOLLAR PENZPIACI ALAP         Budapest         0.0           Erste DPM Globalis Reszveny Alapok Alapja         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE DPM NEMZETKÖZI KÖTVENY ALAPOK ALAPJA         Budapest         0.0           Erste DPM Nyiltvegu Alternativ Alapok Alapja         Budapest         0.0           Erste ELITE         Zagreb         0.0           ERSTE Equity Romania         Bucharest         0.0           ERSTE EURO INGATLAN ALAP         Budapest         0.0  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| ERSTE DOLLAR PENZPIACI ALAP         Budapest         0.0           Erste DPM Globalis Reszveny Alapok Alapja         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE DPM NEMZETKÖZI KÖTVENY ALAPOK ALAPJA         Budapest         0.0           Erste DPM Nyiltvegu Alternativ Alapok Alapja         Budapest         0.0           Erste ELITE         Zagreb         0.0           ERSTE Equity Romania         Bucharest         0.0           ERSTE EURO INGATLAN ALAP         Budapest         0.0  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| Erste DPM Globalis Reszveny Alapok Alapja         Budapest         0.0           ERSTE DPM NEMZETKÖZI KÖTVENY ALAPOK ALAPJA         Budapest         0.0           Erste DPM Nyiltvegu Alternativ Alapok Alapja         Budapest         0.0           Erste ELITE         Zagreb         0.0           ERSTE Equity Romania         Bucharest         0.0           ERSTE EURO INGATLAN ALAP         Budapest         0.0   |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| ERSTE DPM NEMZETKÖZI KÖTVENY ALAPOK ALAPJA         Budapest         0.0           Erste DPM Nyiltvegu Alternativ Alapok Alapja         Budapest         0.0           Erste ELITE         Zagreb         0.0           ERSTE Equity Romania         Bucharest         0.0           ERSTE EURO INGATLAN ALAP         Budapest         0.0  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| Erste DPM Nyiltvegu Alternativ Alapok Alapja         Budapest         0.0           Erste ELITE         Zagreb         0.0           ERSTE Equity Romania         Bucharest         0.0           ERSTE EURO INGATLAN ALAP         Budapest         0.0  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| Erste ELITE         Zagreb         0.0           ERSTE Equity Romania         Bucharest         0.0           ERSTE EURO INGATLAN ALAP         Budapest         0.0  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| ERSTE Equity Romania Bucharest 0.0 ERSTE EURO INGATLAN ALAP Budapest 0.0   |   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |                     | 0.0       |
| ERSTE EURO INGATLAN ALAP Budapest 0.0  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
|  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| ERSTE EURO PENZPIACI ALAP Budapest 0.0   | ERSTE EURO PENZPIACI ALAP                     |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| Erste EURO-MONEY Zagreb 0.0  |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |
| Erste Europai Reszveny Befektetesi Alap Budapest 0.0   |   |                                       |                     | 0.0       |

|   |                    | Interest of Erste G | up in % |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|---------|
| Company name, registered office   | -                  | Dec 15              | Dec 16  |
| Erste EXCLUSIVE   | Zagreb             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE HAZAI INDEXKÖVETÖ RESZVENY ALAP   | Budapest           | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE IMMOBILIENFONDS   | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE INGATLAN ALAP ERSTE INTERINVEST G1  | Budapest           | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| Erste Korvett Kötveny Alapok Alapja   | Vienna<br>Budapest | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE KOS FIREMNICH DLUHOPISU 2016 II   | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE KÖZEP-EUROPAI RESZVENY ALAP   | Budapest           | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE MEGTAKARITASI ALAPOK ALAPJA   | Budapest           | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE MEGTAKARITASI PLUSZ ALAPOK ALAPJA   | Budapest           | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| Erste MONEY   | Zagreb             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| Erste Money Market RON  | Bucharest          | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| Erste Nyiltvegu Abszolut Hozamu Alternativ Alapok Alapja ERSTE RESPONSIBLE BALANCED | Budapest<br>Vienna | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE RESPONSIBLE BOND  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE RESPONSIBLE BOND EMERGING CORPORATE   | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE RESPONSIBLE BOND EURO CORPORATE   | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE RESPONSIBLE BOND GLOBAL IMPACT  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE RESPONSIBLE MICROFINANCE  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE RESPONSIBLE RESERVE   | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE RESPONSIBLE STOCK AMERICA   | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE RESPONSIBLE STOCK EUROPE  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE RESPONSIBLE STOCK GLOBAL ERSTE RESPONSIBLE STOCK GLOBAL CZK                   | Vienna<br>Vienna   | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE RÖVID KÖTVENY ALAP  | Budapest           | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| Erste Stock Global HUF Alapok Alapja  | Budapest           | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE TÖKEVEDETT KAMATOPTIMUM ALAP  | Budapest           | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE TÖKEVEDETT LIKVIDITASI ALAP   | Budapest           | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE TÖKEVEDETT PENZPIACI ALAP   | Budapest           | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE TOTAL RETURN FIXED INCOME   | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE WWF STOCK ENVIRONMENT   | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ERSTE XL KÖTVENY ALAP   | Budapest           | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ES 1  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA ALPHA 1  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA ALPHA 2  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA ALTERNATIVE GLOBAL-MARKETS ESPA BEST OF AMERICA                                | Vienna<br>Vienna   | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA BEST OF EUROPE   | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA BEST OF WORLD  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA BOND COMBIRENT   | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA BOND CORPORATE BB  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA BOND DANUBIA   | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA BOND DOLLAR  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA BOND DOLLAR-CORPORATE  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA BOND EMERGING-MARKETS  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA BOND EURO-CORPORATE  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA BOND EURO-MÜNDELRENT   | Vienna<br>Vienna   | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA BOND EUROPE-HIGH YIELD   | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA BOND EURO-RENT   | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA BOND EURO-TREND  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA BOND INFLATION-LINKED  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA BOND INTERNATIONAL   | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA BOND LOCAL EMERGING  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA BOND MORTGAGE  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA BOND ORIENT EXPRESS 2017   | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA BOND ORIENT EXPRESS 2017 CZK   | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA BOND RISING MARKETS ESPA BOND USA-CORPORATE                                    | Vienna<br>Vienna   | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA BOND USA-HIGH YIELD  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA CESKY FOND FIRMENICH DLUHOPISU   | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA CESKY FOND STATNICH DLUHOPISU  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA CORPORATE PLUS BASKET 2016   | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA CORPORATE PLUS BASKET 2017   | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA CORPORATE PLUS BASKET 2017 II  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA D-A-CH Fonds   | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA GLOBAL INCOME  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA PORTFOLIO BALANCED 10  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA PORTFOLIO BALANCED 50  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA PORTFOLIO BALANCED 50 ESPA PORTFOLIO BOND EUROPE                               | Vienna<br>Vienna   | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA PORTFOLIO TARGET   | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
| ESPA RESERVE CORPORATE  | Vienna             | 0.0                 | 0.0     |
|   |                    |                     |         |

|  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Interest of Erste Gr | oun in % |
|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------|----------|
| Company name, registered office                              | -                                     | Dec 15               | Dec 16   |
| ESPA RESERVE DOLLAR  | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA RESERVE EURO  | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA RESERVE EURO MÜNDEL                                     | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA RESERVE EURO PLUS                                       | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA RESERVE SYSTEM-PLUS ESPA RETURN SYSTEM                  | Vienna<br>Vienna                      | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA RETURN SYSTEM-EXTRA                                     | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA RISING CORPORATE BOND BASKET 2017                       | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA SELECT BOND   | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA SELECT BOND DYNAMIC                                     | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA SELECT INVEST   | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA SELECT MED  | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA STOCK ASIA INFRASTRUCTURE                               | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA STOCK ASIA-PACIFIC PROPERTY ESPA STOCK BIOTEC           | Vienna<br>Vienna                      | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA STOCK COMMODITIES                                       | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA STOCK EUROPE  | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA STOCK EUROPE-EMERGING                                   | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA STOCK EUROPE-PROPERTY                                   | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA STOCK GLOBAL  | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA STOCK GLOBAL-EMERGING MARKETS                           | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA STOCK ISTANBUL  | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA STOCK JAPAN ESPA STOCK RISING-MARKETS                   | Vienna<br>Vienna                      | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA STOCK RUSSIA  | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA STOCK TECHNO  | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA STOCK VIENNA  | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA TARGET  | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA VORSORGE CLASSIC/06-07                                  | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ESPA VORSORGE CLASSIC/08-09                                  | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| F 2011 Global Invest   | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| fair-finance bond FAIRWAY LOAN FUNDING_106997                | Vienna<br>Vienna                      | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| FDO 02/33 400139   | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp_18739                        | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| Federal National Mortgage Association_16485                  | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| Flagship CLO VI_23952  | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| Fond 2005  | Prague                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| Fond rizenych vynosu   | Prague                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| Fond Statnich dluhopisu OPF                                  | Prague                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| FOOTHILL CLO I, LTD_107425<br>FRANKLIN CLO V 106831          | Vienna<br>Vienna                      | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| FRANKLIN CLO VI B NOTES 107995                               | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| Franklin Templeton International Services S.A.               | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| FRESE PRIVATSTIFTUNG   | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| FTC GIDEON I   | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| G.SACHS  | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| GALAXY VII CLO LTD_107086                                    | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| Galaxy VIII CLO, Ltd23770                                    | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| GALAXY0719_414221<br>GF 130                                  | Vienna<br>Vienna                      | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| GLO.GROWTH   | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| GLOBAL STOCKS FF   | Prague                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| Goldman Sachs Asset Management International                 | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| Grant Grove CLO, Ltd23747                                    | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| GREAT 0638_409365  | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| GREENS CREEK FUNDING_107896                                  | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| GUTENBERG CUD  | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| GUTENBERG RIH HALCYON STRUCTURED 107953                      | Vienna<br>Vienna                      | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| HARBOURM22_409077  | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| HARV.0621_406284   | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| HENDEPF  | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| HEWETTS 18_409389  | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| HI-Bremen 9-Global Laufzeitportfolio 2017-SFonds             | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| HIGH YIELD DLUHOPISOVY                                       | Prague                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| Immobilienspezialfonds 01                                    | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| INNOVA/4 LP  | Vienna                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| Institucionalni akciovy FF INTERNATIONALE AKTIENFONDSAUSWAHL | Prague<br>Vienna                      | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ISCS Globalni akciovy FF                                     | Prague                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ISCS IPF 10  | Prague                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
| ISCS IPF 35  | Prague                                | 0.0                  | 0.0      |
|  | -                                     |                      |          |

| Company name, registered office         Cents           ISCS MIP**** 20         Prague         0.0           ISCS OPTIMAM         Prague         0.0           ISCS OPTIMAM         Prague         0.0           ISCS Prinatiny portfolio dynamicke clubrophy         Prague         0.0           ISCS SYMEAN DOWN DESCRIPTION (INCIDENT)         Prague         0.0           ISCS SYMEAN DOWN DESCRIPTION (INCIDENT)         Prague         0.0           ISCS SYMEAN DOWN DESCRIPTION (INCIDENT)         Prague         0.0           ISCS SYMEAN (I   |  | •      | Interest of Erste G | roup in % |
|--|--|--------|---------------------|-----------|
| SES BIFF 3 0   | Company name, registered office                | -      | Dec 15              | Dec 16    |
| ISSS Primary in proficio dynamicae diuhopiey   Piague   0.0  | ISCS MPF 10                                    | Prague | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| ISCS Privatin portions dynamical enthopiny   Piague   0.0   ISCS Privatin portions bonzervative discontent of the program   Piague   0.0   ISCS Vyazzany Mix FF   Piague   0.0   ISCS Vyazzany Mix FF   Piague   0.0   ISCS Vyazzany Mix FF   Venna   0.0   ISCS Vyazzany Mi   | ISCS MPF 30                                    | Prague | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| ISCS Private profito konzervative duhopisy   Pague   0 0   | ISCS OPTIMUM                                   | Prague | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| SCS Vywareny Max FF  | ISCS Privatni portfolio dynamicke dluhopisy    |        |                     | 0.0       |
| SHARES   Verna   |  | Prague |                     | 0.0       |
| JASPER CLO LTD_107813  |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| JUBILEZEA 41544  |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| JUMENTUS   Menna   |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| K 1000  K 1200  K 1200 |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| K 12000 K 1815   |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| K 1851 Vienna 0.0 K 2000 Vienna 0.0 K 2000 Vienna 0.0 K 2000 Vienna 0.0 K 2001 Vienna 0.0 K 2011 Vienna 0.0 K 2011 Vienna 0.0 K 2011 Vienna 0.0 K 2051 Vienna 0.0 K 406 Vienna 0.0 K 408 Vienna 0.0 K 408 Vienna 0.0 K 408 Vienna 0.0 K 645 Vienna 0.0 K 646 Vienna 0.0 K 645 Vienna 0.0 K 645 Vienna 0.0 K 646 Vienna 0.0 K 646 Vienna 0.0 K 646 Vienna 0.0 K 647 Vienna 0.0 K 648 Vienna 0.0 L 647 Vienna 0.0 K 648 Vienna 0.0 L 647 Vienna 0.0 L 648 Vienna 0 |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| K 200  K 2009  K 2009  K 2009  K 2009  K 2009  K 2011  K 2011  K 2020  |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| K 2000         Vienna         0.0           K 2011         Vienna         0.0           K 2011         Vienna         0.0           K 305         Vienna         0.0           K 408         Vienna         0.0           K 649         Vienna         0.0           K 645         Vienna         0.0           K 647         Vienna         0.0           KOMMERZ 13         Vienna         0.0           KOMMERZ 15         Vienna         0.0           KONZERVATIVNI MIX FF         Vienna         0.0           KONZERVATIVNI MIX FF         Prague         0.0           KV 2007         Vienna         0.0           LARITUBE CLO ILO LO TLO 168142         Vienna         0.0           LATITUBE CLO ILD TLO 168217         Vienna         0.0           LATITUBE CLO ILD TLO 1682187         Vienna         0.0           LEEKOG 37, 406292         Vienna         0.0           LEEKOG 37, 406292         Vienna         0.0           LEEKOG 37, 406292         Vienna         0.0           LEOP 6722, 414790         Vienna         0.0           LEOF 70722, 414790         Vienna         0.0           LEOF 70722, 414790 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td>  |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| K 2009   |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| K 2011 K 505 K 506 Vienna 0.0 K 508 K 508 Vienna 0.0 K 508 K 512 Vienna 0.0 K 548 K 512 Vienna 0.0 K 548 K 52 Vienna 0.0 K 548 K 541 Vienna 0.0 K 548 K 542 Vienna 0.0 K 548 K 545 Vienna 0.0 K 548 K 548 Vienna 0.0 K 548 K 748 Vienna 0.0 K 748 K 748 Vienna 0.0 L 648 K 748 Vienna 0.0 L 648 |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| K 550 K 500 K 510  |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| K 409 K 1912 K 1912 K 1913 K 1914 K 1912 K 1914 K 1912 K 1914 K 1912 K 1914 K 1 |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| K 412 K 945 K 946  |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| K 545 KOMMERZ 13 Vienna 0.0 KOMMERZ 15 Vienna 0.0 KOMMERZ 17 Vienna 0.0 KV 2007 Vienna 0.0 LV 2007 Vienna 0.0 LA V 2007 Vienna 0.0 LANDMARK VIII CLO LTD_ 108142 Vienna 0.0 LEKYO-871 408052 Vienna 0.0 LEKYO-871 408052 Vienna 0.0 LECYO-8723_414780 Vienna 0.0 LECYO-8723_414780 Vienna 0.0 LECYO-8723_414780 Vienna 0.0 LIKYDITNI FOND Prague 0.0 LIKYDITNI FOND Prague 0.0 LIKYDITNI FOND Vienna 0.0 LIKYDITNI FOND Vienna 0.0 LIKYDITNI FOND Vienna 0.0 Lyon Capital Management V Ltd_ 23812 Vienna 0.0 Lyon Capital Management V Ltd_ 24018 Vienna 0.0 MACELLANSR, 285641 Vienna 0.0 MACELLANSR, 285644 Vienna 0.0 MALINOT22, 414522 Vienna 0.0 MALINOT22, 414522 Vienna 0.0 MANYPORT CLO LTD_ 107288 Vienna 0.0 MAYPORT CLO LT |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| KOMMERZ 15         Vienna         0.0           KOMMERZ 15         Vienna         0.0           KOMMERZ 17         Vienna         0.0           KOMZERVATIVNI MIX FF         Vienna         0.0           KONZERVATIVNI MIX FF         Vienna         0.0           Landmark IX CDO, Ltd. 23903         Vienna         0.0           Landmark IX CDO, Ltd. 23903         Vienna         0.0           LATTIVIDE CLO I LTD. 108142         Vienna         0.0           LATTIVIDE CLO I LTD. 108217         Vienna         0.0           LEKKOS 74. 00202         Vienna         0.0           LEKKOS 74. 00202         Vienna         0.0           LICHTDOINT CLO LTD. SERIES 2006-5A_107748         Vienna         0.0           LUGHTDINIT FOND         Prague         0.0           Long TermPLUS-Spezial         Vienna         0.0           Lyon Capital Management V Ltd. 23812         Vienna         0.0           Lyon Capital Management V Ltd. 24018         Vienna         0.0           MAGELLANSE, 826641         Vienna         0.0           MAS-LISO-FONDS         Vienna         0.0           MAS-LISO-FONDS         Vienna         0.0           MAS-LISO-FONDS         Vienna         0.0<  |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| KOMMERZ 15         Wenna         0.0           KOMZERVATIVNI MIX FF         Yenna         0.0           KONZERVATIVNI MIX FF         Prague         0.0           KONZERVATIVNI MIX FF         Yenna         0.0           Venna         0.0         0.0           Landmark IX CDO, Ltd., 23903         Venna         0.0           LANDMARK VIII CLO LTD, 108142         Venna         0.0           LATITUDE CLO IL ITD, 108035         Venna         0.0           LATITUDE CLO IL ITD, 108035         Venna         0.0           LECPO-872, 414780         Venna         0.0           LECPO-872, 414780         Venna         0.0           LECPO-872, 414780         Venna         0.0           LIKVIDITNI FOND         Prague         0.0           LIKVIDITNI FOND         Prague         0.0           LIKVIDITNI FOND         Venna         0.0           Lyon Capilal Management V Ltd., 23812         Venna         0.0           Lyon Capilal Management V Ltd., 24018         Venna         0.0           MAGELLAN3E, 828641         Venna         0.0           MALINO723, 414922         Venna         0.0           MASCIALAVS, BURRANGE VENDAR         Venna         0.0      <  |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| KOMMERZ 17         Venna         0.0           KONZERVATIVNI MIX FF         Prague         0.0           KV 2007         Venna         0.0           KV 2007         Venna         0.0           LANDMARK WILLO LTD_108142         Venna         0.0           LATITUDE CLO I LTD_108217         Venna         0.0           LATITUDE CLO I LTD_108035         Venna         0.0           LEEK06-37_406292         Venna         0.0           LEEV0F0723_414780         Venna         0.0           LIGHTPOINT CLO LTD_SERIES 2006-6A_107748         Venna         0.0           LIGHTPOINT CLO LTD_SERIES 2006-6A_107748         Venna         0.0           LIGHTPOINT CLO LTD_23812         Venna         0.0           LIGHTPOINT CLO LTD_23812         Venna         0.0           LIGHTPOINT CLO LTD_23824         Venna         0.0           LIVON Capital Management VLId_23812         Venna         0.0           LIVON CAPITAL MARAGEMENT CLO LTD_2382         Venna         0.0           MALINOTZS 314322         Venna         0.0           MAPPORT CLO LTD_107288         Venna         0.0           MAFTER LANS_SEZEGH         Venna         0.0           MAFTER LANS_SEZEGH         Venna   |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| KONZERVATIVNI MIX FF         Prague         0.0           KOY 2007         Vienna         0.0           Landmark IX CDO, Ltd_23903         Vienna         0.0           LANDMARK VIII CLO LTD_108142         Vienna         0.0           LANTHUBE CLO IL ILTD_108035         Vienna         0.0           LATTIVIDE CLO IL ILTD_108035         Vienna         0.0           LECK06-37_406292         Vienna         0.0           LECPO-17723_414780         Vienna         0.0           LICHTPOINT CLO LTD SERIES 2006-8A_107748         Vienna         0.0           LIKYIDITNI FOND         Prague         0.0           MAGELLANSa (28041         Vienna         0.0           MAGELLANSa (28041         Vienna         0.0           MALINOTZ3 414922         Vienna         0.0           MAZ-PORT CLO LTD_107288         Vienna         0.0           MAYPORT CLO LTD_107288         Vienna         0.0           MMCTHAL FUND         Vienna         0.0   |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| Venna  |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| Landmark IX CDO, Ltd, 23903   Vienna   |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| LANDMARK VIII CLO LTD 108142 Venna 0.0 LATITUDE CLO I LTD 108217 Venna 0.0 LATITUDE CLO I LTD 108217 Venna 0.0 LEKK06-37_406292 Venna 0.0 LEKK06-37_406292 Venna 0.0 LECHOP 07723 414780 Venna 0.0 LICHTPOINT CLO LTD SERIES 2006-5A_107748 Venna 0.0 LICHTPOINT CLO LTD SERIES 2006-5A_107748 Venna 0.0 LICHTPOINT CLO LTD SERIES 2006-5A_107748 Venna 0.0 Long TermPLUS-Spezial Venna 0.0 Lyon Capital Management V Ltd_23812 Venna 0.0 Lyon Capital Management V Ltd_24018 Venna 0.0 Lyon Capital Management V Ltd_24018 Venna 0.0 MAGELLAN36_828641 Venna 0.0 MAGELLAN36_828641 Venna 0.0 MAS-USD-FONDS Venna 0.0 MAS-USD-FONDS Venna 0.0 MAS-USD-FONDS Venna 0.0 MMAYPORT CLO LTD_107288 Venna 0.0 MidTermPLUS-Spezial Venna 0.0 MidTermPLUS-Spezial Venna 0.0 MidTermPLUS-Spezial Venna 0.0 MidTermPLUS-Spezial Venna 0.0 Mid (2421 SFK Kirchberg) Venna 0.0 NA (1622 SFK Kirchberg) Venna 0.0 NA (1624 SFK Kirchberg) Venna 0.0 NA (2436 AVS B) Venna 0.0 NA (2436 AVS B) Venna 0.0 NA (2436 AVS B) Venna 0.0 NA (2432 ERSA3) Venna 0.0 NA (2432 ERSA3) Venna 0.0 NA (2432 ERSA4) Venna 0.0 NA (2432 ERSA5) Venna 0.0 NA (14322 ERSA5) Venna |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| LATTIUDE CLO ILTD 108217 LATTIUDE CLO ILTD 108035 Vienna 0.0 LEEK06-37_406292 Venna 0.0 LECK06-37_406292 Venna 0.0 LECKO6-37_406292 Venna 0.0 LECHOPOT723_414780 Venna 0.0 LECHTPOINT CL DLTD SERIES 2006-5A_107748 Venna 0.0 LIKVIDITNI FOND Prague 0.0 LIKVIDITNI FOND Prague 0.0 LongTermPLUS-Spezial Venna 0.0 LongTermPLUS-Spezial Venna 0.0 Lyon Capital Management VI Ltd_23812 Venna 0.0 Lyon Capital Management VI Ltd_24018 Venna 0.0 MACELLANS 826641 Venna 0.0 MALINO723_414922 Venna 0.0 MALINO723_414922 Venna 0.0 MALINO723_414922 Venna 0.0 MALINO723_414922 Venna 0.0 MAYPORT CLO LTD_107288 Venna 0.0 MAYPORT CLO LTD_107288 Venna 0.0 MAYPORT CLO LTD_107288 Venna 0.0 MATERMPLUS-Spezial Venna 0.0 MATERMPLUS-Spezial Venna 0.0 MATERMPLUS-Spezial Venna 0.0 MOTAL FUND Venna 0.0 MUTAL FUND Venna 0.0 MUTAL FUND Venna 0.0 MAL (1021 SPK Kirchberg) Venna 0.0 NA (1021 SPK Kirchberg) Venna 0.0 NA (1021 SPK Kirchberg) Venna 0.0 NA (1221 SPK Kirchberg) Venna 0.0 NA (1222 SPK Mare) Venna 0.0 NA (1225 SPK Mare) Venna 0.0 NA (1225 SPK Mare) Venna 0.0 NA (1226 SPK Mare) Venna 0.0 NA (1227 SPK Kirchberg) V | <del> </del>                                   |        |                     | 0.0       |
| LATTIUDE CLO II LTD_108035   Vienna  |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| LEEK0s.37.408202         Vienna         0.0           LEGO-07/23_414780         Vienna         0.0           LIGHTPOINT CLO LTD.SERIES 2006-5A_107748         Vienna         0.0           LIKVIDITMI FOND         Prague         0.0           Long TermPLUS-Spezial         Vienna         0.0           Lyon Capital Management V Ltd23812         Vienna         0.0           Lyon Capital Management V Ltd24018         Vienna         0.0           MALINOT/23_414922         Vienna         0.0           MAYPORT CLO LTD. 107268         Vienna         0.0           MAYPORT CLO LTD. 107268         Vienna         0.0           MO MS EM.         Vienna         0.0           MUTUAL FUND         Vienna         0.0           MUTUAL FUND         Vienna         0.0           NA (1023 SPK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           NA (1227 SPK Koreeburg)         Vienna         0.0           NA (1222 SPK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           NA (1622 SPK Imst)         Vienna   |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| LEOP D7/23_414780         Vienna         0.0           LIGHTPOINT CLO LTD.SERIES 2006-5A_107748         Vienna         0.0           LIRVIDITNI FOND         Prague         0.0           Long TermPLUS-Spezial         Vienna         0.0           Lyon Capital Management VI Ltd_23812         Vienna         0.0           Lyon Capital Management VI Ltd_24018         Vienna         0.0           MAGELLANSE, 826641         Vienna         0.0           MALINO7723_414922         Vienna         0.0           MAS-USD-FONDS         Vienna         0.0           MAS-USD-FONDS         Vienna         0.0           MAYPORT CLO LTD_107268         Vienna         0.0           MGTERMPLUS-Spezial         Vienna         0.0           MC NIS EM         Vienna         0.0           MC NIS EM         Vienna         0.0           MC 1003 Holding - NY)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1203 Holding - NY)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1227 SPK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1227 SPK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1227 SPK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1222 SPK Kirchberg)         Vienna <td< td=""><td><del>-</del></td><td></td><td></td><td>0.0</td></td<>   | <del>-</del>                                   |        |                     | 0.0       |
| LIGHTPOINT CLO LTD.SERIES 2006-5A_107748         Vienna         0.0           LIKVIDITNI FOND         Prague         0.0           Long TermPLUS-Spezial         Vienna         0.0           Lyon Capital Management V Ltd., 23812         Vienna         0.0           Lyon Capital Management V Ltd., 24018         Vienna         0.0           MACBLLANS6, 828641         Vienna         0.0           MALINO723, 414922         Vienna         0.0           MAYPORT CLO LTD_107268         Vienna         0.0           MAYPORT CLO LTD_107268         Vienna         0.0           MGTERMPLUS-Spezial         Vienna         0.0           MUTUAL FUND         Vienna         0.0           MUTUAL FUND         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1203 Shotking - NY)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1212 SFK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1222 SFK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1502 SFK Imst)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1502 SFK Imst)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1502 SFK Imst)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA3)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA2)         Vienna  | <del>-</del>                                   |        |                     | 0.0       |
| LIKUDITNI FOND         Prague         0.0           LongTermPLUS-Spezial         Vienna         0.0           Lyon Capital Management V Ltd_23812         Vienna         0.0           Lyon Capital Management V Ltd_24018         Vienna         0.0           MAGELLANSI, 826641         Vienna         0.0           MALIN07/23, 414922         Vienna         0.0           MAS-USD-FONDS         Vienna         0.0           MAFDRT CLO LTD_107288         Vienna         0.0           MdTermPLUS-Spezial         Vienna         0.0           MG MS EM.         Vienna         0.0           MG MS EM.         Vienna         0.0           MVA (1030 Holding - NY)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1212 FK K Kroberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1227 SPK K Kroberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1227 SPK K Kroberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1242 FK SK Kroberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (2416 AVS B)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (2422 EKSA)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 EKSA)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 EKSA)         Vienna         0.0   | <del>-</del>                                   |        |                     | 0.0       |
| LongTermPLUS-Spezial         Vienna         0.0           Lyon Capital Management V Ltd_24018         Vienna         0.0           MAGELLAN36_826641         Vienna         0.0           MAGELLAN36_826641         Vienna         0.0           MAS-USD-FONDS         Vienna         0.0           MAS-USD-FONDS         Vienna         0.0           MAYPORT CLO LTD_107268         Vienna         0.0           MIGTERMPLUS-Spezial         Vienna         0.0           MG MS EM.         Vienna         0.0           MUTUAL FUND         Vienna         0.0           NIA (1021 SPK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           NIA (1221 SPK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           NIA (1222 SPK Kornebubrg)         Vienna <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0.0</td></td<>   |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| Lyon Capital Management V Ltd23812         Vienna         0.0           Lyon Capital Management V Ltd24018         Vienna         0.0           MAGELLANS8_826641         Vienna         0.0           MALIN07/23_414922         Vienna         0.0           MAS-USD-FONDS         Vienna         0.0           MAYPORT CLO LTD_107268         Vienna         0.0           MidTermPLUS-Spezial         Vienna         0.0           MG MS EM.         Vienna         0.0           MUTUAL FUND         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1221 SPK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1221 SPK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1221 SPK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1222 SPK Korneuburg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (2416 AVS B)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (2416 AVS B)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA1)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA2)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA3)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA4)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA4)         Vienna         0.0   |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| Lyon Capital Management VI Ltd., 24018         Vienna         0.0           MAGELLANSe, 282641         Vienna         0.0           MAGELLANSE, 268641         Vienna         0.0           MAS-USD, FONDS         Vienna         0.0           MAS-USD, FONDS         Vienna         0.0           MidTermPLUS-Spezial         Vienna         0.0           MG MS EM.         Vienna         0.0           MUTUAL FUND         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1003 Holding - NY)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1202 FN Kirichberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1222 SPK Korneburg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1222 SPK Korneburg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1302 SPK Imst)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1403 SPK Imst)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA1)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA2)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA3)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA3)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA4)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA3)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERS  |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| MAGELLAN36 826641         Vienna         0.0           MALINO7/23_414922         Vienna         0.0           MAS-USD-FONDS         Vienna         0.0           MAYPORT CLO LTD_107268         Vienna         0.0           MGTermPLUS-Spezial         Vienna         0.0           MC MS EM.         Vienna         0.0           MUTUAL FUND         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1030 Holding - NY)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1212 FK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (122 FSK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1212 FK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (122 FSK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1212 FK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (122 FSK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (122 FK SK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (122 FK SK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 FK SK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 FK SK SK)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 FK SK SK)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 FK SK SK)         Vienna         0.0   |  | Vienna | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| MALIN07/23_414922         Vienna         0.0           MAS-USD-FONDS         Vienna         0.0           MAYPORT CLO LTD_107288         Vienna         0.0           MidTemPLUS-Spezial         Vienna         0.0           MQ MS EM.         Vienna         0.0           MUTUAL FUND         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1003 Holding - NY)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1221 SPK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1222 SPK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1227 SPK Korneuburg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1227 SPK Korneuburg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1227 SPK Korneuburg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1222 SPK Mast)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (2422 SPK Mast)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA4)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA3)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA4)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERS  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·          |        |                     | 0.0       |
| MAS-USD-FONDS         Vienna         0.0           MAYPORT CLO LTD_107268         Vienna         0.0           MidTermPLUS-Spezial         Vienna         0.0           MQ MS EM.         Vienna         0.0           MUTUAL FUND         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1023 Holding - NY)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1221 SPK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1222 FSK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1227 SPK Korneuburg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3425 FSK Isst)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA1)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA2)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA3)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA4)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA4)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA4)         Vienna         0.0           NOR/LB AM 97, Subfonds ESPA         Vienna         0.0           Nord/LB AM 97, Subfonds ESPA         Vienna         0.0           NORTHWOODS CAPITAL VI, 106658         Vienna         0.0           Ocean Traits CLO, 23648         Vienna         0.0  |  | Vienna | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| MidTermPLUS-Spezial         Vienna         0.0           MQ MS EM.         Vienna         0.0           MUTUAL FUND         Vienna         0.0           NIA (1003 Holding - NY)         Vienna         0.0           NIA (1221 SPK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           NIA (1227 SPK Korneuburg)         Vienna         0.0           NIA (1202 SPK Imst)         Vienna         0.0           NIA (2416 AVS B)         Vienna         0.0           NIA (3422 ERSA1)         Vienna         0.0           NIA (3422 ERSA2)         Vienna         0.0           NIA (3422 ERSA3)         Vienna         0.0           NIA (3422 ERSA4)         Vienna         0.0           NORILL BAM 97, Subfonds ESPA         Vienna         0.0           NORILL BAM 97, Subfonds ESPA         Vienna         0.0           NORTHWOODS CAPITAL VI_106658         Vienna         0.0           PARAOT.39_414601         Vienna         0.0           PARAGONAL_406190         Vienna         0.0           PERPOT.3a  |  | Vienna | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| MQ MS EM.         Vienna         0.0           MUTUAL FUND         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1030 Holding - NY)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1221 SPK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1221 SPK Korneuburg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (2160 SPK Imst)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (2416 AVS B)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA1)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA2)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA3)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA3)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA4)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA3)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA4)         Vienna         0.0           NOG*/LB AM P.* Subfonds ESPA         Vienna         0.0           NORTHWOODS CAPITAL VI_106658  | MAYPORT CLO LTD_107268                         |        | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| MUTUAL FUND         Vienna         0.0           NIA (1003 Holding - NY)         Vienna         0.0           NIA (1221 SPK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           NIA (1227 SPK Korneuburg)         Vienna         0.0           NIA (1502 SPK Imst)         Vienna         0.0           NIA (2416 AVS B)         Vienna         0.0           NIA (3422 ERSA1)         Vienna         0.0           NIA (3422 ERSA2)         Vienna         0.0           NIA (3422 ERSA3)         Vienna         0.0           NIA (3422 ERSA4)         Vienna         0.0           NAUTIQUE FUNDING_106724         Vienna         0.0           NAUTIQUE FUNDING_106724         Vienna         0.0           Nord/LB AM 97, Subfonds ESPA         Vienna         0.0           Nord/LB AM Eurorenten 1         Vienna         0.0           NORTHWOODS CAPITAL VI_106658         Vienna         0.0           Ocean Trails CLO_23648         Vienna         0.0           PARAG7-39_414601         Vienna         0.0           PARAG0N41_406190         Vienna         0.0           PERPO7-38_40794         Vienna         0.0           PERPO7-38_40794         Vienna         0.0   | MidTermPLUS-Spezial                            | Vienna | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| N/A (1003 Holding - NY)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1221 SPK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1227 SPK Korneuburg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1502 SPK Imst)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (2416 AVS B)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA1)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA2)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA3)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA4)         Vienna         0.0           NOrd/LB AM BUTOrenten 1         Vienna         0.0           NORTHWOODS CAPITAL Vi_106658         Vienna         0.0           Ocean Trails CLO_23648         Vienna         0.0           PARAO7-39_4  | MQ MS EM.                                      | Vienna | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| N/A (1221 SPK Kirchberg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1227 SPK Korneuburg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (2160 SPK Imst)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (2416 AVS B)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA1)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA2)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA3)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA4)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA3)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA4)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA4)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA3)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA4)         Vienna         0.0           Nord/LB AM Eurorenten 1         Vienna         0.0           Nord/LB AM Eurorenten 1         Vienna         0.0           Ocean Trails CLO _23648         Vienna         0.0           PARAO7-39_414601  | MUTUAL FUND                                    | Vienna | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| N/A (1227 SPK Korneuburg)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (1502 SPK Imst)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (2416 AVS B)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA1)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA2)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA3)         Vienna         0.0           N/A (3422 ERSA4)         Vienna         0.0           NAUTIQUE FUNDING_106724         Vienna         0.0           Nord/LB AM 97, Subfonds ESPA         Vienna         0.0           NORTHWOODS CAPITAL VI_106658         Vienna         0.0           Ocean Trails CLO_23648         Vienna         0.0           PARAGON41_406190         Vienna         0.0           PBMP EQUITY RESEARCH         Vienna         0.0           PERP07-38_409794         Vienna         0.0           PF BOND A         Vienna         0.0           PI TOPRENT         Vienna         0.0           PI SUIN GLOBAL         Vienna         0.0           PIUS OPF         Vienna         0.0           POISTOVNA 1         Vienna         0.0           PRB-VM         Vienna         0.0   | N/A (1003 Holding - NY)                        | Vienna | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| N/A (1502 SPK Imst)       Vienna       0.0         N/A (2416 AVS B)       Vienna       0.0         N/A (3422 ERSA1)       Vienna       0.0         N/A (3422 ERSA2)       Vienna       0.0         N/A (3422 ERSA3)       Vienna       0.0         N/A (3422 ERSA4)       Vienna       0.0         NAUTIQUE FUNDING_106724       Vienna       0.0         Nord/LB AM 97, Subfonds ESPA       Vienna       0.0         NORTHWOODS CAPITAL VI_106658       Vienna       0.0         Ocean Trails CLO_23648       Vienna       0.0         PARAGO-39_414601       Vienna       0.0         PARAGON41_406190       Vienna       0.0         PBMP EQUITY RESEARCH       Vienna       0.0         PERPO7-38_409794       Vienna       0.0         PF BOND A       Vienna       0.0         PI TOPRENT       Vienna       0.0         PI TOPRENT       Vienna       0.0         PIZ BUIN GLOBAL       Vienna       0.0         POISTOVNA 1       Vienna       0.0         PRB-VM       Vienna       0.0   | N/A (1221 SPK Kirchberg)                       | Vienna | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| N/A (2416 AVS B)       Vienna       0.0         N/A (3422 ERSA1)       Vienna       0.0         N/A (3422 ERSA2)       Vienna       0.0         N/A (3422 ERSA3)       Vienna       0.0         N/A (3422 ERSA4)       Vienna       0.0         NAUTIQUE FUNDING_106724       Vienna       0.0         Nord/LB AM 97, Subfonds ESPA       Vienna       0.0         Nord/LB AM Eurorenten 1       Vienna       0.0         NORTHWOODS CAPITAL VI_106658       Vienna       0.0         Ocean Trails CLO_23648       Vienna       0.0         PARA07-39_414601       Vienna       0.0         PARAGON41_406190       Vienna       0.0         PBMP EQUITY RESEARCH       Vienna       0.0         PERP07-38_409794       Vienna       0.0         PF BOND A       Vienna       0.0         PI TOPRENT       Vienna       0.0         PIZ BUIN GLOBAL       Vienna       0.0         PUS OPF       Vienna       0.0         POISTOVNA 1       Vienna       0.0         PRB-VM       Vienna       0.0  | N/A (1227 SPK Korneuburg)                      | Vienna | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| N/A (3422 ERSA1)       Vienna       0.0         N/A (3422 ERSA2)       Vienna       0.0         N/A (3422 ERSA3)       Vienna       0.0         N/A (3422 ERSA4)       Vienna       0.0         NAUTIQUE FUNDING_106724       Vienna       0.0         Nord/LB AM 97, Subfonds ESPA       Vienna       0.0         Nord/LB AM Eurorenten 1       Vienna       0.0         NORTHWOODS CAPITAL VI_106658       Vienna       0.0         Ocean Trails CLO_23648       Vienna       0.0         PARA07-39_414601       Vienna       0.0         PARAGON41_406190       Vienna       0.0         PBMP EQUITY RESEARCH       Vienna       0.0         PERP07-38_409794       Vienna       0.0         PF BOND A       Vienna       0.0         PI TOPRENT       Vienna       0.0         PIZ BUIN GLOBAL       Vienna       0.0         PLUS OPF       Vienna       0.0         POISTOVNA 1       Vienna       0.0         PRB-VM       Vienna       0.0   | N/A (1502 SPK Imst)                            | Vienna | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| N/A (3422 ERSA2)       Vienna       0.0         N/A (3422 ERSA3)       Vienna       0.0         N/A (3422 ERSA4)       Vienna       0.0         NAUTIQUE FUNDING_106724       Vienna       0.0         Nord/LB AM 97, Subfonds ESPA       Vienna       0.0         Nord/LB AM Eurorenten 1       Vienna       0.0         NORTHWOODS CAPITAL VI_106658       Vienna       0.0         Ocean Trails CLO_23648       Vienna       0.0         PARA07-39_414601       Vienna       0.0         PARAGON41_406190       Vienna       0.0         PBMP EQUITY RESEARCH       Vienna       0.0         PERP07-38_409794       Vienna       0.0         PF BOND A       Vienna       0.0         PI TOPRENT       Vienna       0.0         PIZ BUIN GLOBAL       Vienna       0.0         PLUS OPF       Vienna       0.0         POISTOVNA 1       Vienna       0.0         PRB-VM       Vienna       0.0   | N/A (2416 AVS B)                               | Vienna | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| N/A (3422 ERSA3)       Vienna       0.0         N/A (3422 ERSA4)       Vienna       0.0         NAUTIQUE FUNDING_106724       Vienna       0.0         Nord/LB AM 97, Subfonds ESPA       Vienna       0.0         Nord/LB AM Eurorenten 1       Vienna       0.0         NORTHWOODS CAPITAL VI_106658       Vienna       0.0         Ocean Trails CLO_23648       Vienna       0.0         PARA07-39_414601       Vienna       0.0         PARAGON41_406190       Vienna       0.0         PBMP EQUITY RESEARCH       Vienna       0.0         PERP07-38_409794       Vienna       0.0         PF BOND A       Vienna       0.0         PI TOPRENT       Vienna       0.0         PIZ BUIN GLOBAL       Vienna       0.0         PLUS OPF       Vienna       0.0         POISTOVNA 1       Vienna       0.0         PRB-VM       Vienna       0.0   | N/A (3422 ERSA1)                               | Vienna | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| N/A (3422 ERSA4)       Vienna       0.0         NAUTIQUE FUNDING_106724       Vienna       0.0         Nord/LB AM 97, Subfonds ESPA       Vienna       0.0         Nord/LB AM Eurorenten 1       Vienna       0.0         NORTHWOODS CAPITAL VI_106658       Vienna       0.0         Ocean Trails CLO_23648       Vienna       0.0         PARAO7-39_414601       Vienna       0.0         PARAGON41_406190       Vienna       0.0         PBMP EQUITY RESEARCH       Vienna       0.0         PERP07-38_409794       Vienna       0.0         PF BOND A       Vienna       0.0         PI TOPRENT       Vienna       0.0         PIZ BUIN GLOBAL       Vienna       0.0         PLUS OPF       Vienna       0.0         POISTOVNA 1       Vienna       0.0         PRB-VM       Vienna       0.0   | N/A (3422 ERSA2)                               | Vienna | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| NAUTIQUE FUNDING_106724       Vienna       0.0         Nord/LB AM 97, Subfonds ESPA       Vienna       0.0         Nord/LB AM Eurorenten 1       Vienna       0.0         NORTHWOODS CAPITAL VI_106658       Vienna       0.0         Ocean Trails CLO_23648       Vienna       0.0         PARAO7-39_414601       Vienna       0.0         PARAGON41_406190       Vienna       0.0         PBMP EQUITY RESEARCH       Vienna       0.0         PERP07-38_409794       Vienna       0.0         PF BOND A       Vienna       0.0         PI TOPRENT       Vienna       0.0         PIZ BUIN GLOBAL       Vienna       0.0         PLUS OPF       Vienna       0.0         POISTOVNA 1       Vienna       0.0         PRB-VM       Vienna       0.0   | N/A (3422 ERSA3)                               | Vienna | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Nord/LB AM 97, Subfonds ESPA         Vienna         0.0           Nord/LB AM Eurorenten 1         Vienna         0.0           NORTHWOODS CAPITAL VI_106658         Vienna         0.0           Ocean Trails CLO_23648         Vienna         0.0           PARA07-39_414601         Vienna         0.0           PBMP EQUITY RESEARCH         Vienna         0.0           PERP07-38_409794         Vienna         0.0           PF BOND A         Vienna         0.0           PI TOPRENT         Vienna         0.0           PIZ BUIN GLOBAL         Vienna         0.0           PLUS OPF         Vienna         0.0           POISTOVNA 1         Vienna         0.0           PRB-VM         Vienna         0.0  | N/A (3422 ERSA4)                               | Vienna | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| Nord/LB AM Eurorenten 1         Vienna         0.0           NORTHWOODS CAPITAL VI_106658         Vienna         0.0           Ocean Trails CLO_23648         Vienna         0.0           PARA07-39_414601         Vienna         0.0           PARAGON41_406190         Vienna         0.0           PBMP EQUITY RESEARCH         Vienna         0.0           PERP07-38_409794         Vienna         0.0           PF BOND A         Vienna         0.0           PI TOPRENT         Vienna         0.0           PIZ BUIN GLOBAL         Vienna         0.0           PLUS OPF         Vienna         0.0           POISTOVNA 1         Vienna         0.0           PRB-VM         Vienna         0.0  | NAUTIQUE FUNDING_106724                        | Vienna | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| NORTHWOODS CAPITAL VI_106658       Vienna       0.0         Ocean Trails CLO_23648       Vienna       0.0         PARA07-39_414601       Vienna       0.0         PARAGON41_406190       Vienna       0.0         PBMP EQUITY RESEARCH       Vienna       0.0         PERP07-38_409794       Vienna       0.0         PF BOND A       Vienna       0.0         PI TOPRENT       Vienna       0.0         PIZ BUIN GLOBAL       Vienna       0.0         PLUS OPF       Vienna       0.0         POISTOVNA 1       Vienna       0.0         PRB-VM       Vienna       0.0   | -  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| Ocean Trails CLO_23648       Vienna       0.0         PARA07-39_414601       Vienna       0.0         PARAGON41_406190       Vienna       0.0         PBMP EQUITY RESEARCH       Vienna       0.0         PERP07-38_409794       Vienna       0.0         PF BOND A       Vienna       0.0         PI TOPRENT       Vienna       0.0         PIZ BUIN GLOBAL       Vienna       0.0         PLUS OPF       Vienna       0.0         POISTOVNA 1       Vienna       0.0         PRB-VM       Vienna       0.0   |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| PARAO7-39_414601       Vienna       0.0         PARAGON41_406190       Vienna       0.0         PBMP EQUITY RESEARCH       Vienna       0.0         PERP07-38_409794       Vienna       0.0         PF BOND A       Vienna       0.0         PI TOPRENT       Vienna       0.0         PIZ BUIN GLOBAL       Vienna       0.0         PLUS OPF       Vienna       0.0         POISTOVNA 1       Vienna       0.0         PRB-VM       Vienna       0.0   | <del>-</del>                                   |        |                     | 0.0       |
| PARAGON41_406190       Vienna       0.0         PBMP EQUITY RESEARCH       Vienna       0.0         PERP07-38_409794       Vienna       0.0         PF BOND A       Vienna       0.0         PI TOPRENT       Vienna       0.0         PIZ BUIN GLOBAL       Vienna       0.0         PLUS OPF       Vienna       0.0         POISTOVNA 1       Vienna       0.0         PRB-VM       Vienna       0.0   | -  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| PBMP EQUITY RESEARCH         Vienna         0.0           PERP07-38_409794         Vienna         0.0           PF BOND A         Vienna         0.0           PI TOPRENT         Vienna         0.0           PIZ BUIN GLOBAL         Vienna         0.0           PLUS OPF         Vienna         0.0           POISTOVNA 1         Vienna         0.0           PRB-VM         Vienna         0.0   |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| PERP07-38_409794         Vienna         0.0           PF BOND A         Vienna         0.0           PI TOPRENT         Vienna         0.0           PIZ BUIN GLOBAL         Vienna         0.0           PLUS OPF         Vienna         0.0           POISTOVNA 1         Vienna         0.0           PRB-VM         Vienna         0.0   | <del>-</del>                                   |        |                     | 0.0       |
| PF BOND A         Vienna         0.0           PI TOPRENT         Vienna         0.0           PIZ BUIN GLOBAL         Vienna         0.0           PLUS OPF         Vienna         0.0           POISTOVNA 1         Vienna         0.0           PRB-VM         Vienna         0.0   |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| PI TOPRENT         Vienna         0.0           PIZ BUIN GLOBAL         Vienna         0.0           PLUS OPF         Vienna         0.0           POISTOVNA 1         Vienna         0.0           PRB-VM         Vienna         0.0  |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| PIZ BUIN GLOBAL         Vienna         0.0           PLUS OPF         Vienna         0.0           POISTOVNA 1         Vienna         0.0           PRB-VM         Vienna         0.0  |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| PLUS OPF         Vienna         0.0           POISTOVNA 1         Vienna         0.0           PRB-VM         Vienna         0.0   |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| POISTOVNA 1         Vienna         0.0           PRB-VM         Vienna         0.0   |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| PRB-VM Vienna 0.0  |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
|  |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| PremiumPLUS BONDPLUS Vienna 0.0  |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
|  | PremiumPLUS BONDPLUS                           | Vienna | 0.0                 | 0.0       |
| PremiumPLUS LONGTERMPLUS Vienna 0.0  |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| PremiumPLUS MIDTERMPLUS Vienna 0.0   |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| PRIVATE BANKING MANAGEMENT PROGRAM-BOND Vienna 0.0   |  |        |                     | 0.0       |
| PRIVATE BANKING MANAGEMENT PROGRAM-REAL ESTATE Vienna 0.0  | PRIVATE BANKING MANAGEMENT PROGRAM-REAL ESTATE | Vienna | 0.0                 | 0.0       |

|   |                  | Interest of Erste G |        |
|---|------------------|---------------------|--------|
| Company name, registered office         |                  | Dec 15              | Dec 16 |
| Privatni portfolio AR AKCIE             | Prague           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| Privatni portfolio AR ALTERNATIVNI INV. | Prague           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| Privatni portfolio AR REALITY           | Prague           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| PRO INVEST AKTIV                        | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| QIMCO BALKAN EQUITY                     | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| R42                                     | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| RAGS - Global Fixed Income IV           | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| RESPONSIBLE CORPORATE BASKET 2017 RT 2  | Vienna<br>Vienna | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| RT 3                                    | Vienna           | 0.0                 |        |
| RT 4                                    | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| RT ACT.GLOBAL TREND                     | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| RT Donau                                | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| RT Liquid Euro Plus                     | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| RT OPTIMUM                              | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| RT ÖSTERR.AKTIENF.                      | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| RT OSTEUROPA AKTIEN                     | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| RT Panorama Fonds                       | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| RT PIF DYNAMISCH                        | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| RT PIF TRAD                             | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| RT VIF VERS                             | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| RT VORSORGE                             | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| RT Vorsorgeinvest Aktienfonds           | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| RT ZUKUNFTSVORSAF                       | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| S DOUBLESTOCK                           | Linz             | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| S EMERGING                              | Linz             | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| s Europe                                | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| S GENERATION                            | Linz             | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| s High-Fix 16                           | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| s High-Fix 20                           | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| s Kapital-Fix 04/2020                   | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| s Kapital-Fix 08/2019                   | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| s Kapital-Fix 12/2019                   | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| s Lebens-Aktienfonds                    | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| s Zukunft Aktien 1                      | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| s Zukunft Renten 1                      | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SAFE                                    | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SAGR05-56 412016                        | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SALZBURGER SPARKASSE BOND EUROLAND      | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SALZBURGER SPARKASSE SELECT DACHFONDS   | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SALZBURGER SPARKASSE SELECT TREND       | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SAM A1                                  | Linz             | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SAM-PF 1                                | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SAM-PF 2                                | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SAM-PF 3                                | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SAN GABRIEL CLO I 107664                | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SATURN CLO, LTD Class A2_107755         | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SEL.BOND T                              | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SERLES 1                                | Innsbruck        | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SF29                                    | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SHASTA CLO I LTD 107383                 | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SILVERADO CLO 2006-II, LTD 23606        | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| Silvretta Massiv Strategiefonds         | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SK 1000                                 | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SLM Student Loan Trust 25197            | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SLM Student Loan Trust 25205            | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SLM Student Loan Trust 25213            | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SLM Student Loan Trust 25221            | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| Smiseny fond                            | Prague           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| smn Investment Services Ltd.            | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SPARDA VORS PLU                         | Innsbruck        | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SPARDA-RENT                             | Innsbruck        | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SPARTRUST 1804                          | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| SPARTRUST 2107                          | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| S-PENSIONSVORSORGE-OOE                  | Linz             | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| Sporobond                               | Prague           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| Sporoinvest                             | Prague           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| Sporotrend                              | Prague           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| s-Sozialkapitalfonds                    | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
| STONE TOWER CLO 107771                  | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
|   |                  |                     |        |
| Stoney Lane Funding Ltd23846            | Vienna           | 0.0                 | 0.0    |
|   | Vienna<br>Vienna | 0.0                 | 0.0    |

|  |                        | Interest of Erste C | Group in % |
|--|------------------------|---------------------|------------|
| Company name, registered office  |                        | Dec 15              | Dec 16     |
| sWaldviertel Bond  | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| T 1750<br>T 1751   | Vienna Vienna          | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| T 1851   | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| T 1852   | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| T 1900   | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| TIROLDYNAMIK   | Innsbruck              | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| TIROLEFFEKT  | Innsbruck              | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| TIROLIMPULS  | Innsbruck              | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| TIROLKAPITAL TIROLPENSION  | Innsbruck<br>Innsbruck | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| TIROLRENT  | Innsbruck              | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| TIROLRESERVE   | Innsbruck              | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| TIROLVISION AKTIEN   | Innsbruck              | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| TIWAG-Vorsorge-Fonds II  | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| TOP STOCKS   | Prague                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| TOP STRATEGIE alternative  | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| TOP STRATEGIE bond   | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| TOP STRATEGIE classic TOP STRATEGIE dynamic  | Vienna<br>Vienna       | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| TOP-Fonds I 'Der Stabile' der Stmk. Sparkasse  | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| TOP-Fonds II 'Der Flexible' der Stmk. Sparkasse  | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| TOP-Fonds III 'Der Aktive' der Stmk. Sparkasse   | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| TOP-Fonds IV 'Der Planende' der Stmk. Sparkasse  | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| TOP-Fonds V 'Der Offensive' der Stmk. Sparkasse  | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| Trendbond  | Prague                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| TRIMARAN CLO V_108159  | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| TYROLBOND INTERNATIONAL UL Dynamicky   | Innsbruck<br>Vienna    | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| UL Konzervativni   | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| VAD INKA   | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| VBV Emerging Markets Corporate   | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| VBV VK Aktiendachfonds   | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| VBV VK HTM Fonds 1   | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| VBV VK Rentendachfonds   | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| VENTURE VIII CDO, LIMITED_107862   | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| VIENNASTOCK VITESSE CLO LTD106898  | Linz<br>Vienna         | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| VORSORGE HTM PORTFOLIO 2   | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| VORSORGE HTM PORTFOLIO 3   | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| VOYA Investment Management IV_24042  | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| VYVAZENY MIX FF  | Prague                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| WE TOP DYNAMIC   | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| Westbrook CLO, Ltd23671  | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| Westchester CLO, Ltd23960 WFF Masterfonds  | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| WSTV ESPA dynamisch  | Vienna Vienna          | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| WSTV ESPA Garantie   | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| WSTV ESPA Garantie II  | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| WSTV ESPA progressiv   | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| WSTV ESPA traditionell   | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| XT Bond EUR  | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| XT EUROPA  | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| XT USA YI active spezial   | Vienna<br>Vienna       | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| YOU INVEST active  | Prague                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| YOU INVEST Active EUR  | Bucharest              | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| YOU INVEST Active RON  | Bucharest              | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| YOU INVEST balanced  | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| YOU INVEST Balanced EUR  | Bucharest              | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| YOU INVEST Balanced RON  | Bucharest              | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| YOU INVEST DINAMIKUS ALAPOK ALAPIA   | Budapest               | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| YOU INVEST DINAMIKUS EUR ALAPOK ALAPJA YOU INVEST KIEGYENSULYOZOTT ALAPOK ALAPJA         | Budapest<br>Budapest   | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| YOU INVEST KIEGYENSULYOZOTT ALAPOK ALAPJA  YOU INVEST KIEGYENSULYOZOTT EUR ALAPOK ALAPJA | Budapest Budapest      | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| YOU INVEST INTESTERIOR TO JOHN ALAI SA YOU INVEST progressive                            | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| YOU INVEST solid   | Vienna                 | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| YOU INVEST Solid EUR   | Bucharest              | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| YOU INVEST SOLID RON   | Bucharest              | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| YOU INVEST STABIL ALAPOK ALAPJA  | Budapest               | 0.0                 | 0.0        |
| YOU INVEST STABIL EUR ALAPOK ALAPJA  | Budapest               | 0.0                 | 0.0        |

# **Glossary**

#### Book value per share

Total equity attributable to owners of the parent of a public company, excluding participation capital, divided by the number of shares outstanding (excluding treasury shares).

#### Cash return on equity

Also referred to as cash ROE. Calculated as return on equity, but excluding the impact of non-cash items on net profit/loss for the year attributable to owners of the parent such as goodwill impairment and amortisation of customer relationships.

#### Cash earnings per share

Calculated as earnings per share based on net profit/loss for the year attributable to owners of the parent, adjusted for dividends on participation capital, excluding goodwill impairments and amortisation of customer relationships.

#### CEE (Central and Eastern Europe)

Encompasses the new member states of the EU that joined in 2004 and 2007, the CIS countries, states that evolved from the former Yugoslavia, as well as Albania.

#### Common equity ratio (CET 1 ratio)

Common equity tier 1 capital (CET1) according to article 50 CRR of the institution expressed as a percentage of the total risk amount according to article 92 (3) CRR.

#### Cost/income ratio

General administrative expenses as a percentage of operating income.

#### Dividend vield

Dividend payment of the financial year as a percentage of the year-end closing price or the most recent price of the share.

# Earnings per share

Net profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent adjusted for dividends of participation capital, divided by average shares outstanding.

## Equity Ratio (T 1 ratio)

Tier 1 capital according to article 25 CRR of the institution expressed as a percentage of the total risk amount according to article 92 (3) CRR.

#### Interest-bearing assets

Total assets less cash, derivative financial instruments, tangible and intangible assets, tax assets, assets held for sale and other assets.

#### Net interest margin

Net interest income as a percentage of average interest-bearing assets, calculated on a monthly basis.

#### Operating expenses

The total of personnel expenses, other administrative expenses and depreciation and amortization (general administrative expenses).

#### Operating income

Consists of net interest income, net commission income and trading result.

#### Operating result

Operating income less operating expenses (i.e. general administrative expenses).

#### Price/earnings ratio

Closing share price of the financial year divided by earnings per share. Usually used for valuation comparisons.

#### Market capitalisation

Overall value of a company calculated by multiplying the share price by the number of shares outstanding.

#### Non financial risk

Non financial risks contain reputational and operational risks. Operational risks are losses that occur as a result from failure of internal processes, human failure or system failure. This can also include external events.

#### Non-performing exposure (NPE) coverage ratio

Risk provisions for the credit risk exposure as a percentage of the non-performing credit risk exposure.

#### Non-performing exposure (NPE) ratio

Non-performing credit risk exposure as a percentage of total credit risk exposure.

#### Non-performing loans (NPL) coverage ratio

Risk provisions for loans and advances to customers as a percentage of non-performing loans and advances to customers.

#### Non-performing loans (NPL) ratio

Non-performing loans and advances to customers as a percentage of total loans and advances to customers.

#### Non-performing loans (NPL) total coverage ratio

Risk provisions and collateral for non-performing loans and advances to customers as a percentage of non-performing loans and advances to customers.

#### Return on equity

Also referred to as ROE. Net profit/loss for the year attributable to owners of the parent, as a percentage of average equity. The average equity is calculated based upon the equity outstanding as of the close of each of the 12 months during the year.

#### Return on equity excluding intangible assets

Also referred to as ROTE. Net profit/loss for the year attributable to owners of the parent, as a percentage of average equity excluding intangible assets. The average equity is calculated based upon the equity outstanding as of the close of each of the 12 months during the year.

## Risk Appetite Statement (RAS)

The RAS is a strategic document, which concludes the maximum risk an organization is willing to take in order to reach any given target.

#### Risk categories

Risk categories are based on internal customer ratings and are used for classification of the bank's assets and contingent credit liabilities. Erste Group applies internal rating systems, which for private individuals comprise eight rating grades for non-defaulted customers and one rating grade for customers in default. For all other customer segments, the Group uses thirteen rating grades for non-defaulted customers and one rating grade for defaulted customers.

# Risk category - low risk

Typically regional customers with well-established and rather long-standing relationships with Erste Group or large, internationally recognised customers. Strong and good financial positions and no foreseeable financial difficulties. Retail clients with long relationships with the bank, or clients with wide product pool use. No late payments currently or in the most recent 12 months. New business is generally done with clients in this risk category.

## Risk category – management attention

Vulnerable non-retail clients, that may have overdue payments or defaults in their credit history or may encounter debt repayment difficulties in the medium term. Retail clients with limited savings or possible payment problems in the past triggering early collection reminders. These clients typically have good recent histories and no current delinquencies.

# Risk category – substandard

The borrower is vulnerable to negative financial and economic developments. Such loans are managed in specialised risk management departments.

#### Risk category - non-performing

One or more of the default criteria under Basel 2 are met: full repayment unlikely, interest or principal payments on a material exposure more than 90 days past due, restructuring resulting in a loss to the lender, realisation of a loan loss, or initiation of bankruptcy proceedings.

#### Share capital

Total equity attributable to owners of the parent of a company, subscribed to by the shareholders at par.

#### Tax rate

Taxes on income/loss as a percentage of pre-tax profit from continuing operations.

# Total capital ratio

Total own funds according to article 72 CRR of the institution expressed as a percentage of the total risk amount according to article 92 (3) CRR.

#### Total shareholder return

Annual performance of an investment in Erste Group Bank AG shares including all income streams (e.g. dividend for the year plus or minus gain or loss in the share price from the beginning to the end of the year).

# Vienna, 28 February 2017

# The Management Board

Andreas Treichl mp
Chairman

Peter Bosek mp
Member

Petr Brávek mp
Member

Member

Willibald Cernko mp
Member

Gernot Mittendorfer mp
Member

Member

Jozef Síkela mp
Member

# AUDITORS REPORT (REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS)

#### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Opinion

Sparkassen-Prüfungsverband and Ernst & Young Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft m.b.H. have audited the consolidated financial statements of Erste Group Bank AG, Vienna (the Company), and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2016, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the financial year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements comply with legal requirements and give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position as at December 31, 2016, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows of the Group for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the EU and the additional requirements under section 245a UGB and section 59a BWG.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Austrian Generally Accepted Auditing Standards. Those standards require the application of the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with laws and regulations applicable in Austria, and we have fulfilled our other professional responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

In the following we describe the key audit matters from our perspective:

# 1. Impairment of Loan Loss Provision

# Our Description:

To account for the risk of losses in credit portfolios, risk provisions are made in the form of impairment allowances for loans and advances. These represent management's best estimate of incurred losses in the credit portfolio at the reporting date. Due to the underlying assumptions and estimations, the calculation of impairment allowances are of considerable discretionary nature.

As laid out in the internal guidelines on the building of credit risk loss provisions of Erste Group, one of three different methods to determine the amount of impairment provisions is applied:

- \_ For loans and advances, that are assessed as individually significant, impairment provisions are determined individually.
- \_ For loans and allowances with similar risk profile, that are assessed as individually not significant, impairment provisions are calculated using statistical models.
- \_ For losses that have been incurred at the reporting date but have not been identified by the bank, as well as for defaulted receivables where no impairment is expected, risk provisions are assessed on a portfolio basis. These collectively assessed risk provisions are calculated using models based on probabilities of default and loss given default as well as loss identification periods between the impairment event occurring and an impairment being recognized by the bank.

Specific loan loss provisions are calculated using the Discounted-Cash-Flow method. Thereby, the expected cash flows, as well as the expected recoveries from liquidation of collateral are estimated. The estimations take place on an individual basis (for significant loans and advances) or based on a collective assessment (rule based approach for non-significant loans and advances).

For further details we refer to Note 44.4.

In any case the calculation of impairment allowances for loans and advances represents an estimation, which is substantially determined by the identification of impairment events and the estimation of provisioning requirements. Due to the importance of these elements for the financial statements, we laid special focus on both of the above.

#### How we addressed the matters in the context of our audit:

To assess the adequacy of impairments, we reviewed the key processes and models in credit risk management, as well as a sample of loans

On the level of Erste Group Bank AG and major subsidiaries, we identified and tested key controls in the credit process, especially the key controls in the credit approval process, in the ongoing monitoring and in the early warning process of potentially non-performing borrowers.

We examined the internal control system in the area of credit risk management, especially regarding the correct application of rating models and collateral valuation.

To assess the reliability of the implemented models for the determination of collective provisions, we referred to the following elements of the internal control system:

- \_ the backward looking comparison of statistically estimated risk provisions with realized losses (backtesting),
- \_ the ongoing monitoring and the regular validation of IRB-models and parameters,
- the assessment of the adequacy of implemented collateral recovery rates and
- the annual re-estimation based on updated time series.

The results of the analyses mentioned above are regularly brought to the attention of the responsible management in the context of meetings of the Holding Model Committee resp. the Group Enterprise-wide Risk Management Committee, where decisions on possibly necessary recalibrations or model changes are made.

We regularly analyzed the results of the above mentioned committees, retraced the provided analyses on backtesting and re-estimations and critically assessed the performed model- and parameter validations. Our credit risk specialists examined the reliability of the estimations of material regulatory models that are also used for collective provisioning, based on fundamental model characteristics.

We examined the adequacy of individual provisions based on a sample of test cases. For these loans we critically evaluated the estimated cash flows that are expected from redemptions and collateral, to assess the adequacy of risk provisions in the financial statements.

Apart from the adherence to internal guidelines referring to rating and collateral assignment, we examined whether major impairment events were fully identified.

For this, we tested loans and advances that had not been identified by management as defaulted, to form our own assessment as to whether events with major impact on the repayment capability of the borrower had occurred.

# 2. Valuation of Financial Instruments

#### Our Description:

Beside observable market prices, Erste Group Bank AG uses various valuation techniques in order to determine fair values. Valuation techniques also play a key role in the determination of hedged risk in hedge accounting.

The selection and approval of valuation models and data feeds as well as the related management judgment is a critical feature for the quality of the fair values. The valuation of securities and derivatives, which are valued at fair value, is connected to significant measurement uncertainty given the complexity of valuation models and the significance of the judgments and estimates made by management.

Regarding the book value of securities and derivatives held at fair value and the allocation to the fair value levels we refer to note 46. A description of the applied valuation methods and models can also be found in note 46.

The valuation of the Group's securities and derivatives held at fair value in the financial statements was a key area of focus of our audit given the significant share of securities and derivatives presented at their fair value in the financial statements and the degree of measurement uncertainty.

# How we addressed the matters in the context of our audit:

We tested the design and operating effectiveness of selected controls in the Group's financial instrument valuation processes.

We examined the model validation and approval processes. Our audit work also included testing a sample of the underlying valuation models and the assumptions used in those models.

We compared the market values of securities to independent market data. We drew a sample out of the securities, for which independent market data was not available or for which the difference between independent market data and the market values used by Erste Group exceeded a certain threshold. For this sample we assessed and challenged the fair values based on the information about model inputs and market data provided by Erste Group. Based on this information we also assessed the fair value level allocation and their compliance with internal criteria.

Furthermore we have revalued a sample of securities and derivatives using independent models and compared the results to the Group's valuations and investigated any significant differences.

We have examined the collateral disputes, gains and losses on closing out of derivative deals and other documents, which could provide evidence about the appropriateness of the group's valuations.

#### 3. Deferred Tax

#### Our Description:

Deferred income taxes, above all deferred tax assets, are a material item in Erste Group's consolidated group's financial statements. The significant amounts of tax losses carry forwards and deductible temporary differences, available to the tax group parent entity Erste Group Bank AG and the Austrian tax group respectively lead to a substantial potential of deferred tax assets, hence including recognition and impairment issues as the result of related impairment tests.

For the purpose of these impairment tests management judgement is required to assess the recoverability of the deferred tax balance, in particular to forecast future taxable income which are associated with a relatively high degree of uncertainty. The assumptions are determinded by expected future market or economic conditions. In addition to that, with regard to the Austrian tax group, due to the obligatory netting if deferred tax assets and liabilities, a consolidated approach is required in this assessment. Moreover, consolidation postings, which have to be attributed properly to the tax group entities, have to be considered, thus leading to a high overall complexity in the deferred tax position.

In the course of the computation of the respective balance sheet items, a number of manual computation steps and adjustments has to be performed, thus giving reason for our conclusion to have identified deferred income taxes as a key audit matter.

Regarding deferred tax assets, we refer to Note 28. The tax rate reconciliation which is materially driven by deferred taxes, is part of the presentation made in Note 10.

#### How we addressed the matters in the context of our audit:

We have involved our tax specialists in our audit procedures relating to deferred tax assets.

We reviewed the process of the determination of the deferred tax assets.

We compared the forecasts on which the tax planning is based, for all material cash generating units within the Austrian tax group with the budgets submitted to the supervisory board. We have analysed the main drivers for the future development included in the business plan in order to determine the appropriateness of the projections.

We have also verified the treatment of the differences between IFRS and tax law in the planning of future taxable income and assessed whether the deferred tax assets may be recoverable before the tax loss carry forwards expire. Moreover, we have analysed whether the consolidation postings had been properly attributed to the balance sheet items and whether they have been considered appropriately in the respective impairment tests.

We also assessed the adequacy of disclosures made regarding deferred income taxes and related assumptions.

#### 4. IT Systems

#### Our Description:

Erste Group Bank AG is highly dependent on its complex IT-infrastructure for the financial as well as regulatory reporting. Reliability on IT-Systems that support corresponding financial and regulatory reporting processes is an essential factor to ensure completeness and correctness of processed as well as reported data.

#### How we addressed the matters in the context of our audit:

Within our audit procedures we tested the reliability of the automated systems and processes relevant to our audit. For this purpose we have made use of our own IT audit team. Our procedures included the evaluation of the design and the operating effectiveness for relevant IT general controls as well as selected IT application controls embedded in the IT-processes, respectively IT-applications.

In detail we assessed the appropriateness of IT-processes and implemented controls regarding logical and physical access protection (system security, user and authorization management, physical security of data center infrastructure), software change procedures and IT operations (data backup, incident management).

Where we considered implemented controls not to be effective, we performed additional adequate substantive audit procedures.

#### Responsibilities of Management and the Audit Committee for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the EU, the additional requirements under section 59a BWG, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The audit committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Austrian Generally Accepted Auditing Standards, which require the application of the ISAs, will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

The scope of the audit does not include assurance on the future viability of the Group or on the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted or will conduct the affairs of the Group.

As part of an audit in accordance with Austrian Generally Accepted Auditing Standards, which require the application of the ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

# We also:

- \_ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- \_ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated and separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- \_ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that give a true and fair view.
- \_ We obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.]

We communicate with the audit committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the audit committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the audit committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the [consolidated] financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a

matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

## **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

### REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED MANAGEMENT REPORT

Pursuant to statutory provisions, the consolidated management report is to be audited as to whether it is consistent with the consolidated financial statements and whether it has been prepared in accordance with the applicable legal requirements.

Management is responsible for the preparation of the [consolidated] management report in accordance with the Austrian Commercial Code.

We conducted our audit in accordance with laws and regulations applicable with respect to the consolidated management report.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated management report are prepared in accordance with the applicable legal requirements, includes appropriate disclosures according to section 243a UGB and is consistent with the consolidated financial statements.

#### Statement

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Group and its environment obtained in the course of our audit of the consolidate financial statements, we have not identified material misstatements in the consolidated management report.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information contain all information in the annual report but does not include the consolidated financial statements, the management report and our auditor's report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of the auditor's report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.]

#### **Engagement Partner**

The engagement partners responsible for the audit are Gerhard Margetich and Ernst Schönhuber.

Vienna, 28 February 2017

# Sparkassen-Prüfungsverband Prüfungsstelle

Gerhard Margetich Certified Accountant Herwig Hierzer Certified Accountant

Ernst & Young Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft m.b.H.

Helmut Maukner Certified Accountant Ernst Schönhuber Certified Accountant

This report is a translation of the original report in German, which is solely valid.

Publication or sharing with third parties of the group financial statements together with our auditor's opinion is only allowed if the financial statements and the management report are identical with the audited version. This audit opinion is only applicable to the German and complete financial statements with the management report. Section 281 paragraph 2 UGB (Austrian Company Code) applies to alternated versions.

# STATEMENT OF ALL MEMBERS OF THE MANAGEMENT BOARD

We confirm that to the best of our knowledge the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the Group as required by the applicable accounting standards and that the Group management report gives a true and fair view of the development and performance of the business and the position of the Group, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties to which the Group is exposed.

Vienna, 28 February 2017

The Management Board

Andreas Treichl mp

Chairman Peter Bosek mp

Member

Petr Brávek mp

Member Willibald Cernko mp

Member

Gernot Mittendorfer mp

Member Jozef Síkela mp

Member

# **Your Notes**

# **Your Notes**

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To read the QR codes you need a smartphone or a tablet equipped with a camera and a QR code app (free to download). Line up your device with the QR code until the app recognises the code.

#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION:

We have prepared this annual report with the greatest possible care and have thoroughly checked the data presented in it. However, we cannot rule out errors associated with rounding, transmission, typesetting or printing. The English version of the annual report is a translation.

This report contains forward-looking statements. These statements are based on current estimates, assumptions and projections of Erste Group Bank AG and currently available public information. They are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain known and yet unknown risks and uncertainties and are based upon assumptions as to future events that may not prove to be accurate. Many factors could cause the actual results or performance to be materially different from those that may be expressed or implied by such statements. Erste Group Bank AG does not assume any obligation to update the forward-looking statements contained in this report.



Erste Group Bank AG
Financial Statements 2016



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# I. Balance sheet of Erste Group Bank AG as of 31 December 2016

| in EUR or in EUR thousand   | Dec 16            | Dec 15     |
|---|-------------------|------------|
| Assets  |                   |            |
| 1. Cash in hand, balances with central banks  | 5,817,493,481.65  | 1,829,728  |
| 2. Treasury bills and other bills eligible for refinancing with central banks               | 5,538,705,722.71  | 5,536,142  |
| a) treasury bills and similar securities  | 5,538,705,722.71  | 5,536,142  |
| b) other bills eligible for refinancing with central banks                                  | 0.00              | 0          |
| 3. Loans and advances to credit institutions  | 15,897,965,727.14 | 18,236,022 |
| a) repayable on demand  | 2,031,235,728.97  | 2,746,268  |
| b) other loans and advances   | 13,866,729,998.17 | 15,489,754 |
| 4. Loans and advances to customers  | 13,683,902,030.50 | 13,712,778 |
| 5. Debt securities and other fixed-income securities  | 5,184,851,659.89  | 6,004,837  |
| a) issued by public bodies  | 1,638,498,579.59  | 2,002,923  |
| b) issued by other borrowers  | 3,546,353,080.30  | 4,001,914  |
| of which: own debt securities   | 1,119,475,848.47  | 904,291    |
| 6. Shares and other variable-yield securities   | 945,051,097.66    | 1,115,018  |
| 7. Participating interests  | 205,196,401.84    | 205,641    |
| of which: in credit institutions  | 64,036,247.01     | 64,036     |
| 8. Shares in affiliated companies   | 6,077,613,905.03  | 5,654,810  |
| of which: in credit institutions  | 5,554,579,434.16  | 4,962,222  |
| 9. Intangible fixed assets  | 38,929,608.18     | 83,796     |
| 10. Tangible fixed assets   | 28,199,766.93     | 19,324     |
| of which: land and buildings used by the credit institution for its own business operations | 6,725,171.26      | 10,347     |
| 11. Shares in a controlling company   | 0.00              | 0          |
| of which: par value   | 0.00              | 0          |
| 12. Other assets  | 6,286,913,494.19  | 7,594,872  |
| 13. Subscribed capital called but not paid  | 0.00              | 0          |
| 14. Prepayments and accrued income  | 315,965,049.48    | 333,812    |
| 15. Deferred tax assets   | 7,804,474.29      | 24,869     |
| Total assets  | 60,028,592,419.49 | 60,351,651 |
| Off-balance sheet items   |                   |            |
| 1. Foreign assets   | 34,436,818,887.87 | 37,418,407 |

| in EUR or in EUR thousand  | Dec 16            | Dec 15     |
|--|-------------------|------------|
| Liabilities and equity   |                   |            |
| 1. Liabilities to credit institutions  | 20,866,153,882.20 | 19,698,992 |
| a) repayable on demand   | 4,826,655,076.69  | 4,229,981  |
| b) with agreed maturity dates or periods of notice   | 16,039,498,805.51 | 15,469,011 |
| 2. Liabilities to customers (non-banks)  | 4,482,165,353.11  | 4,252,603  |
| a) savings deposits  | 0.00              | 0          |
| aa) repayable on demand  | 0.00              | 0          |
| bb) with agreed maturity dates or periods of notice  | 0.00              | 0          |
| b) other liabilities   | 4,482,165,353.11  | 4,252,603  |
| aa) repayable on demand  | 3,204,477,442.66  | 2,770,341  |
| bb) with agreed maturity dates or periods of notice  | 1,277,687,910.45  | 1,482,263  |
| 3. Securitised liabilities   | 15,254,139,202.66 | 17,417,121 |
| a) debt securities issued  | 11,502,853,632.92 | 13,571,205 |
| b) other securitised liabilities   | 3,751,285,569.74  | 3,845,915  |
| 4. Other liabilities   | 6,217,144,730.58  | 7,426,410  |
| 5. Accruals and deferred income  | 278,574,034.20    | 273,186    |
| 6. Provisions  | 512,265,257.58    | 526,234    |
| a) provisions for severance payments   | 0.00              | 0          |
| b) provisions for pensions   | 296,745,542.34    | 307,912    |
| c) provisions for taxes  | 40,990,070.87     | 17,929     |
| d) other   | 174,529,644.37    | 200,392    |
| 6a. Special fund for general banking risks   | 0.00              | 0          |
| 7. Tier 2 capital pursuant to Part 2 Title I Chapter 4 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013                        | 5,249,746,519.52  | 4,994,766  |
| 8. Additional Tier 1 capital pursuant to Part 2 Title I Chapter 3 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013             | 509,508,928.57    | 0          |
| of which: Compulsory convertible bonds pursuant to § 26 Austrian Banking Act (BWG)                           | 0.00              | 0          |
| 8b Instruments without a vote pursuant to § 26a Austrian Banking Act (BWG)                                   | 0.00              | 0          |
| 9. Subscribed capital  | 859,600,000.00    | 859,600    |
| 10. Capital reserves   | 1,627,019,510.67  | 1,627,020  |
| a) committed   | 1,627,019,510.67  | 1,627,020  |
| b) uncommitted   | 0.00              | 0          |
| 11. Retained earnings  | 2,891,475,000.40  | 2,209,820  |
| a) statutory reserve   | 1,537,900,000.00  | 1,537,900  |
| b) reserves provided for by the articles   | 0.00              | 0          |
| c) other reserves  | 1,320,576,152.30  | 629,622    |
| d) other restricted reserves   | 32,998,848.10     | 42,299     |
| 12. Reserve pursuant to section 57 -5 of Austrian Banking Act (BWG)  | 851,000,000.00    | 851,000    |
| 13. Net profit or loss for the year  | 429,800,000.00    | 214,900    |
| Total Liabilities and equity   | 60,028,592,419.49 | 60,351,651 |
| Total Liabilities and equity   | 00,020,332,413.43 | 00,331,031 |
| Off-balance sheet items  |                   |            |
| 1. Contingent liabilities of which   | 4,436,939,506.58  | 4,816,805  |
| a) acceptances and endorsements  | 0.00              | 0          |
| b) guarantees and assets pledged as collateral security  | 3,995,993,277.38  | 4,180,588  |
| c) credit derivatives  | 440,946,229.20    | 636,216    |
| 2. Commitments   | 7,839,225,934.09  | 7,078,400  |
| of which: commitments arising from repurchase agreements   | 0.00              | 0          |
| 3. Liabilities arising out of fiduciary activities   | 159,004.50        | 189        |
| 4. Own funds pursuant to Part 2 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013   | 11,233,216,467.98 | 10,036,583 |
| of which: Tier 2 capital pursuant to Part 2 Title I Chapter 4 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013                 | 4,635,940,888.04  | 4,704,216  |
| Own funds requirements pursuant to Art 92 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of which: capital required pursuant | 1,000,040,000.04  | 7,707,210  |
| to Art 92 -1 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013  | 32,586,434,693.19 | 31,549,571 |
| a) Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio  | 18.76%            | 16.90%     |
| b) Tier 1 capital ratio  | 20.25%            | 16.90%     |
| c) Total capital ratio   | 34.47%            | 31.81%     |
| 6. Foreign liabilities   | 13,278,715,150.99 | 13,933,553 |
|  |                   |            |

# II. Income statement of Erste Group Bank AG for the year ended 31 December 2016

| in EUR or in EUR thousand  | 1-12 16          | 1-12 15   |
|--|------------------|-----------|
| Interest and similar income  | 842,076,332.24   | 1,027,539 |
| of which: from fixed-income securities   | 301,683,846.06   | 324,055   |
| 2. Interest and similar expenses   | -529,985,730.53  | -598,831  |
| I. NET INTEREST INCOME   | 312,090,601.71   | 428,709   |
| 3. Income from securities and participating interests  | 1,043,542,317.63 | 675,819   |
| a) income from shares, other ownership interests and variable-yield securities   | 60,162,277.58    | 7,130     |
| b) income from participating interests   | 17,127,157.21    | 14,009    |
| c) income from shares in affiliated companies  | 966,252,882.84   | 654,680   |
| 4. Commissions income  | 140,981,182.03   | 159,534   |
| 5. Commissions expenses  | -113,694,849.54  | -127,761  |
| 6. Net profit or loss on financial operations  | 1,283,229.36     | 26,022    |
| 7. Other operating income  | 218,245,354.98   | 166,309   |
| II. OPERATING INCOME   | 1,602,447,836.17 | 1,328,632 |
| 8. General administrative expenses   | -573,368,346.13  | -458,493  |
| a) staff costs   | -285,173,881.52  | -245,077  |
| aa) wages and salaries   | -202,585,979.26  | -204,798  |
| bb) expenses for statutory social security contributions and compulsory contributions related to wages and salaries  | -43,200,896.48   | -41,905   |
| cc) other social expenses  | -3,171,062.81    | -2,577    |
| dd) expenses for pensions and assistance   | -15,466,502.02   | -13,858   |
| ee) release / allocation to the provision of pensions  | -9,319,445.55    | 19,561    |
| ff) expenses for severance payments and contributions to severnace and retirement funds  | -11,429,995.40   | -1,500    |
| b) other administrative expenses   | -288,194,464.61  | -213,415  |
| 9. Value adjustments in respect of assets items 9 and 10   | -51,459,254.27   | -26,545   |
| 10. Other operating expenses   | -26,578,905.37   | -35,052   |
| III. OPERATING EXPENSES  |                  | -520,089  |
| IV. OPERATING RESULT   | -651,406,505.77  | 808,543   |
|  | 951,041,330.40   | 000,543   |
| 11. Value adjustments of loans and advances and allocations to provisions for contingent liabilities, commitments and<br>securities held in the financial current assets | -260,406,643.40  | -409,787  |
| 12. Value re-adjustments of loans and advances and provisions for contingent liabilities, commitments and securities held in   | -200,400,040.40  | -405,707  |
| the financial current assets   | 261,839,997.51   | 270,781   |
| 13. Value adjustments of transferable securities held as financial fixed assets, participating interests and shares in affiliated  |                  |           |
| companies  | -11,951,846.89   | -19,851   |
| 14. Value re-adjustments of transferable securities held as financial fixed assets, participating interests and shares in  |                  |           |
| affiliated companies   | 393,915,413.26   | 237,284   |
| V. PROFIT OR LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES   | 1,334,438,250.88 | 886,971   |
| 15. Extraordinary income   | 0.00             | 0         |
| of which: withdrawals from the special fund for general banking risks  | 0.00             | 0         |
| 16. Extraordinary expenses   | 0.00             | 0         |
| of which: allocation to the special fund for general banking risks   | 0.00             | 0         |
| 17. Extraordinary result (sub-total of items 15 and 16)  | 0.00             | 0         |
| 18. Tax on profit or loss  | 56,084,004.59    | 85,987    |
| 19. Other taxes not reported under item 18   | -222,731,005.28  | -100,219  |
| 19a. Result from mergers   | -56,336,525.10   | 0         |
| VI. PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR AFTER TAX  | 1,111,454,725.09 | 872,739   |
| 20. Changes in reserves  | -681,654,725.09  | -657,839  |
| of which: allocation to liability reserve pursuant to section 23 -6 of the Austrian Banking Act (BWG)  | 0.00             | 0         |
| of which: reversal of liability reserve pursuant to section 23 -6 of the Austrian Banking Act (BWG)  | 0.00             | 0         |
| VII. PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR AFTER DISTRIBUTION ON CAPITAL   | 429,800,000.00   | 214,900   |
| 21. Profit brought forward from previous year  | 0.00             | 0         |
| 22. Profit transferred on the basis of profit transfer agreement   | 0.00             | 0         |
| VIII. PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR  | 429,800,000.00   | 214,900   |
| VIII. TROTH OR EGGO FOR THE FEAR   | 423,000,000.00   | 214,300   |

# III. Notes to the financial statements 2016

#### A. GENERAL INFORMATION

Erste Group Bank AG is listed on the Vienna Stock Exchange. It is also quoted on the Prague Stock Exchange (since October 2002) and on the Bucharest Stock Exchange (since February 2008). Erste Group Bank AG is registered in the company register at the Commercial Court of Vienna under FN 33209m. Its registered office is at Am Belvedere 1, 1100 Vienna.

The financial statements 2016 of Erste Group Bank AG have been prepared in royalty with the regulations of the Commercial Code (Unternehmensgesetzbuch, UGB) and in conjunction with the applicable provisions of the Austrian Banking Act (Bankwesengesetz, BWG). Statements and explanations resulting from the changes in the applicable accounting standards [Austrian Financial Reporting Amendments Act 2014 (Rechnungslegungs-Änderungsgesetz 2014 (RÄG 2014)), Austrian Financial Reporting Amendments Accompanying Act 2015 (Rechnungslegungsänderungs-Begleitgesetz 2015 (RÄ-BG 2015)), Amendment Act 2015 (Abgabenänderungsgesetz 2015 (AbgÄG 2015)), Audit of Financial Statements Amendment Act 2016 (Abschlussprüfungsrechts-Änderungsgesetz 2016 (APRÄG 2016)) and Financial Market Money Laundering Act 2016 (FM-GwG 2016)] can be found in Chapter B (Notes on Accounting and Measurement Methods).

Pursuant to section 59a Austrian Banking Act (BWG), Erste Group Bank AG prepared the consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) on the same balance sheet date.

Erste Group Bank AG – as nearly all Austrian savings banks – is a member of the Haftungsverbund Savings Banks Group.

The Savings Banks Group defines itself as an association of independent, regionally established savings banks which aims to strengthen its market position by strengthening common product development, harmonising its market appearance and advertising concepts, pursuing a common risk policy and engaging in co-ordinated liquidity management while applying common controlling standards.

In addition, the purpose of this association is:

- \_ to identify any business issues of its member banks at an early stage and to provide effective assistance to its members in the resolution of business issues this can range from offering technical assistance or giving guarantees to provide borrowed or qualifying capital:
- \_ to provide customers with a deposit guarantee system that goes beyond the legal deposit guarantee requirement (sections 93 et seq. Austrian Banking Act), which merely protects certain types of customer deposits, by creating a suitable obligation to service the liabilities of other participating savings banks if the need arises.

Haftungsverbund GmbH is responsible for implementing such measures and analysing the business situation of every member bank of Haftungsverbund. Overall, the participating savings banks hold a maximum stake of 49% (assuming all savings banks participate) in Haftungsverbund GmbH and Erste Group Bank AG always holds a minimum stake of 51%.

As required by the Austrian Banking Act (BWG), individual members of Haftungsverbund may need to provide assistance to other members (by giving liquidity assistance, granting loans or guarantees and providing equity capital, for instance), and, in the case of insolvency (section 93 (3) no. 1 Austrian Banking Act), to service the guaranteed customer deposits of a Haftungsverbund member. The extent of the individual payments to be made by individual Haftungsverbund members where needed is subject to an individual and general limit. Any contributions made by Haftungsverbund members under the statutory deposit guarantee system pursuant to sections 93 et seq. Austrian Banking Act (BWG) are likewise counted in. The corresponding amounts are determined by Haftungsgesellschaft and communicated to members liable for contributions.

In 2013, collaboration with the savings banks was further strengthened by way of a further agreement. The purpose of the agreement concluded in 2013 and effective as of 1 January 2014 is not only to broaden the regulatory options available to Erste Group Bank AG but also to ensure compliance with point 127 of Article 4 (1) CRR and Article 113 (7) CRR with a view to allowing recognition of minority interests at a consolidated level in acc. with Article 84 (6) CRR. Savings banks that are party to the agreement concluded in 2013 to further include Allgemeine Sparkasse Oberösterreich, which, together with the other members of the Haftungsverbund, forms an institutional protection scheme as defined under Article 113 (7) CRR. Owing to the new legal and supervisory requirements, the maximum limits for support mechanisms of the individual members were raised and an ex-ante-fund was set up. Payments to the ex-ante-fund are made on a quarterly basis over a period of 10 years.

In the financial statements, the payments by the individual members are recognised as participating interest in IPS GesbR – which has been charged with managing the ex-ante-fund. In addition, a reserve has been created, which, as agreed under the contractual provisions, constitutes an other restricted reserve. These appropriated retained earnings may be released only if the ex-ante-fund is used due to a case of loss. Internally, this reserve may therefore not be used to cover a loss and, at member level, it does not qualify as own funds under the definition of CRR; on a consolidated level, however, the ex-ante-fund qualifies as own funds.

#### Ongoing legal cases

Erste Group Bank AG is party to lawsuits that, for the most part, are relating to ordinary banking business. The outcome of these proceedings is not expected to have a significant negative impact on the financial position and profitability of Erste Group Bank AG. Erste Group Bank AG is currently also involved in the following legal case:

Corporate Bond investors' prospectus claims: Starting with 2014, a number of investors in corporate bonds, issued by a large Austrian construction group in the years 2010, 2011 and 2012, filed claims with courts in Vienna against Austrian banks, among them Erste Group Bank AG, requesting compensation for their losses as bond-holders following the bankruptcy of the issuer in 2013. The plaintiffs argue, in essence, that the defendant banks, which acted as joint-lead managers in the issuing of the respective bond, already knew of the issuer's insolvency status at that time and should be liable for the failure of the issuing prospectus to state this. Erste Group Bank AG, together with a second Austrian bank, acted as joint-lead manager of the bond issue in 2011. Erste Group Bank AG rejects the claims.

#### **Disclosure**

Erste Group Bank AG uses the Internet as the medium for publishing disclosures under Article 434 of the Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms (Capital Requirements Regulation - CRR). Details are available on the website of Erste Group Bank AG at www.erstegroup.com/ir. Relevant disclosures are included in the annual report in the section 'reports' or published as separate documents in the section 'regulatory disclosure'.

#### Size according to section 221 Commercial Code (UGB)

Pursuant to section 221 (3) in connection with section 198a Commercial Code (UGB), the legal regulations for large companies are valid for the financial year ending 31 December 2016.

#### **B. NOTES ON ACCOUNTING AND MEASUREMENT METHODS**

#### Generally accepted accounting principles

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and according to the standard principle that the financial statements should give a fair and accurate view of the company's financial position, income and expenses. The principle of individual measurement was applied in assessing the company's assets and liabilities, and the assumption was that the company would continue to operate (going concern). In applying the principle of prudence, the particularities of the banking business were taken into account.

#### Receivables and liabilities in foreign currency

Receivables and liabilities in foreign currency were measured at the ECB reference rates applicable at the balance sheet date. The currencies for which ECB did not publish a reference rate were recognised at the mid rate for foreign currencies of Erste Group Bank AG. Foreign exchange forward transactions and FX swaps were rated at the forward currency rate.

#### Participating interests and shares in affiliated companies

Interests and shares in affiliated companies were recognised at the cost of acquisition. Where permanent impairments resulted from sustained losses or other circumstances, devaluations were recognised accordingly. Where the reasons for an impairment ceased to exist, a write-up was required in the amount of the value increase but capped with costs of acquisition. Where available, the carrying amount is determined based on recent transactions, market quotations or appraisals. The value is determined using a discounted cash flow model (DCF model), which incorporates the specifics of the banking business and its regulatory environment. In determining the value, the present value of future earnings distributable to shareholders is calculated. The estimation of future earnings distributable to shareholders is based on financial plans as agreed by the management while taking into account the fulfilment of the respective regulatory capital requirements. The planning period is five years. Any earnings forecast beyond the planning period are derived on the basis of the last year of the planning period and a long-term growth rate. The present value of such perpetual earnings growing at a stable rate (referred to as terminal value) takes into consideration macroeconomic parameters and economically sustainable cash flows.

#### **Securities**

Depending on their classification, securities (debt securities and other fixed-income securities, shares and other variable-yield securities) are held either as trading assets, current assets or financial assets. According to the classification they are measured as specified below:

- \_ trading assets at market value, even when acquisition costs are exceeded;
- \_ current assets at acquisition cost or at the lower market value (strict application of valuation rule "whichever is lowest out of market value or acquisition costs") respectively bonds admitted to trading on stock exchanges at market values;
- \_ fixed assets at acquisition cost and where permanent impairment can be presumed, at the lower market value (discretionary application of the valuation rule "whichever is lowest out of market value or acquisition costs").

Securities in the trading portfolio and bonds allocated to trading on stock exchanges in the current asset portfolio were measured at market value pursuant to section 207 Commercial Code (UGB) and section 56 (5) Austrian Banking Act (BWG). For bonds and other fixed-income securities, the difference between acquisition cost and redemption value was amortised pro rata temporis pursuant to section 56 (2) Austrian Banking Act (BWG) or recognised as income pro rata temporis over the residual time to maturity until redemption in accordance with section 56 (3) Austrian Banking Act (BWG). Sustained depreciation was written off pursuant to section 204 (2) Commercial Code at the lower present value as of the balance sheet date.

Securities were allocated to trading assets, current assets or to financial assets in accordance with the organisational policies adopted by the management board. The fair value, or market price, is the price that can be achieved by selling a financial instrument, or the price payable for its purchase, in an active market. Where available, market prices were used for asset valuation. Valuation methods, especially the present value method, were used for assets without market prices.

## Loans and advances to credit institutions and customers, bills of exchange and other assets

Loans and advances to credit institutions and customers, bills of exchange and other assets were measured in accordance with section 207 Commercial Code (UGB). Appropriate value adjustments were made to account for recognisable risk. Write-ups were made from the reversal of value adjustments. Loans were measured in consideration of statistical risk factors while provisions were made where applicable in the form of portfolio provisions. Loans and advances to customers in high-risk countries were assessed conservatively giving due consideration to the opinion of the Expert Senate for Commercial Law and Auditing (Fachsenat für Handelsrecht und Revision) of the Chamber of Chartered Public Accountants and Tax Consultants (Kammer der Wirtschaftstreuhänder).

#### Intangible and tangible assets

Intangible and tangible assets were measured at purchase or production cost less depreciation and impairment. Straight-line depreciation was applied as scheduled. The useful life is 25 to 50 years for buildings and 5 to 20 years for fixtures and fittings; the amortisation period for intangible assets is 4 to 15 years. Low-value assets were fully written off in the year of acquisition.

#### Securitised and subordinated liabilities

Securitised and subordinated liabilities were recognised in the balance sheet at their settlement values or the pro rata annual values (zero coupon bonds).

#### Issuing costs - premiums and discounts on issues

Issuing costs for securities were expensed immediately; premiums and discounts on issues were amortised over the term of the securities.

#### **Provisions**

#### Defined benefit plan

Defined benefit plans of Erste Group AG comprise provisions for pension, severance and jubilee benefits. Defined pension plans now only apply to retired employees. In past years, the pension obligations for active employees were transferred to VBV-Betriebliche Altersvorsorge AG. Remaining with Erste Group Bank AG is a defined-benefit obligation for entitlements of former employees who had already retired by 31 December 1998 before the pension reform took effect, and for those former employees who did not retire until 1999 but continued to be entitled to a direct pension from Erste Group Bank AG under individual agreements. Entitlements to resulting survivor pensions also remained with the Erste Group Bank AG. Severance entitlements continue to be applicable for employees whose employment contract with Erste Group Bank AG commenced prior to 1 January 2003. Severance pay is a one-off payment which employees are entitled to when their employment is terminated. Entitlement to this severance pay arises after three years of employment. Defined benefit plans include jubilee benefits. The amount of jubilee benefits (payments for long-term service/loyalty to the company) is determined by the length of employment with the employer. The entitlement to jubilee benefits is established by a collective agreement, which defines both the conditions and amount of the entitlement. Obligations under defined benefit plans for employees are determined using the projected unit credit method. Future obligations are determined based on actuarial reports. The calculation takes into account not only the known salaries, pensions and entitlements to future pension payments but also salary and pension increases expected in the future.

## Tax provisions and other provisions

Unless the amounts were small, provisions were set aside on a best estimate basis. Tax provisions and other provisions with a term of more than a year were discounted at a customary market interest rate of corporate bonds with an AA rating as at the closing day. Depending on the applicable remaining duration, interest rates between 0.0% and 0.521% were applied.

## Assets held in trust

Recoverable trust assets were declared off-balance sheet in accordance with section 48 (1) Austrian Banking Act (BWG).

## **Derivative business**

Derivatives in a hedge-relation under AFRAC are treated as a functional unit, thus the Clean Price neither of the derivative nor of the hedged item is part of the balance sheet. The presentation of trading book derivatives on balance sheet is done for the single confirmation priced mark-to-market. Recognition-of-loss principal is applied for derivatives in banking book outside of a hedge-relation under AFRAC. The negative Clean Price is represented in the form of a provision affecting income statement. Interest income and expense is accrued.

For calculating the market values, credit value adjustment (CVA) for assets in trading and banking book, and debit value adjustment (DVA) were taken into account only for assets in the banking book.

#### Securities lending and repurchase transactions

In repurchase agreements / securities lending transactions, the assets assigned are still recognised in the balance sheet. A liability is presented against the pledgee in the amount received for the transfer. In reverse repurchase agreements / securities lending transactions, the assets taken over are not part of the balance sheet. The amount owed by the pledgor is recognised as a receivable in the amount paid for the transfer. The Erste Group Bank AG has repurchase agreements / securities lending transactions with the commitment to return the securities.

#### Changes in accounting and measurement methods

Due to modifications to the law concerning accounting principles (for changes concerning individual laws see point III.A), the following changes to accounting methods took place:

Attachment 2 concerning Article I § 43 of the Austrian Banking Act (BWG) was changed. The purpose of the changes was to bring the breakdown of the balance sheet for companies with balance sheet accounting according to the Austrian Banking Act (BWG) into line with the new accounting standards.

The disclosure of untaxed reserves and with it liabilities item 14 were removed without replacement. Untaxed reserves in the amount of EUR 5,133,000.00 were added in the application of § 906 (31) of the Austrian Commercial Code (UGB) as retained earnings.

Due to changes to the law (RÄG 2014), it is no longer allowed to include and disclose own shares as assets on the assets side. In point of fact, balancing within one's own equity is conducted in accordance with § 229 of the Commercial Code (UGB) nF. The description of asset item 11 of Attachment 2 concerning Article I § 43 of the Austrian Banking Act (BWG idF FM-GwG 2016) was shortened because of the content-related changes to the law.

Following the clarification given by the authorities in 2016, the disclosure of capital requirements according to Article 922 of the Capital Requirements Regulation (CRR) was adapted in the financial statements accordingly. Correspondingly, the overall risk value according to Article 92 Section 3 CRR as well as the ratios actually achieved in relation to common equity Tier 1 capital, Tier 1 capital and total capital are now displayed under 5. Capital Requirements Regulation according to Article 92 of EU Regulation No. 575/2013. The previous year's figures were amended accordingly.

On the balance sheet date, there was a deferred tax asset surplus of EUR 7,804,474.29 from the first time application in the reporting year of the asset-liability approach. The disclosure is made in asset item 15 deferred tax assets, which was added in Attachment 2 concerning Article I § 43 of the Austrian Banking Act (BWG). Calculation took place considering AFRAC statement 30 Deferred Taxes in the annual financial statement (September 2016). All deferred taxes were encompassed in the calculation of profit and loss. The accounting choice on the distribution of differing amounts at the beginning of the fiscal year in accordance with interim regulation § 906 Paragraphs 33 and 34 of the Commercial Code (UGB) was not exercised. On the contrary, the accounting choice on the recognition of tax losses was exercised. There were no deferred tax liability from the profit and loss calculation resulting from the first time application of § 198 Paragraph 10 Z 2 of the Commercial Code (UGB).

On 1. January 2016 an effect in the value of EUR 586,467.63 resulted from the first time application of the discounting of other reserves with a remaining duration of more than a year. The transition effect was shown as revenue pursuant to provisions in the calculation of profit and loss. The accounting choice on distribution according to Section 906 Paragraph 34 of the Commercial Code (UGB) was not exercised. Deferred taxes resulting from various discount rates were taken into consideration.

Due to a change in the Austrian Investment Fund Act, there is no longer an accrual of dividends from investment funds. Interest accrual from investment funds can only take place if there is a legal right to the distribution of interest and this right is attributable to that fiscal year.

Based on legal, organisational and technical necessity, Erste Group Bank AG decided to change to the effective interest rate method according to the Commercial Code (UGB) when calculating the interest earned in credit transactions. The application of the effective interest rate method to existing business meant deviating from previous accounting practice. This change was made with reference to Section 201 (3) of the Commercial Code (UGB), according to which derogation from the principle of the consistency of valuation is allowed under certain circumstances. An example of such a special circumstance is the necessity to simplify the IT structure within the Erste Group Bank AG due to growing regulatory challenges.

As a result of these changes, one-off charges and fees with interest-like characteristics are no longer to be recognised in profit or loss at the start of the loan agreement, but are rather to be included as income similar to interest in the calculation of the effective interest rate. Balance sheet recognition of the credit claim at the beginning of the term is in the amount of the nominal value adapted in accordance with the one-off payment (payment amount). The allocation of the difference to the contractually agreed repayment amount of receivables is recognised over the term on the basis of expected cash flows. The applicable change to the differing amount is recognised as profit or loss in the interest revenue.

The first application of this accounting method resulted in a negative one-off effect in the value of EUR 22.1 million, which is reflected in profit and loss as a reduction of the operational results in the financial year 2016. In balance sheet terms, the receivables are therefore reduced by the same amount.

In the course of the harmonisation of UGB and IFRS in 2016, the statement of interest expenses for performance-linked pension plans and interest earnings from plan assets was adapted according to the specifications of the EBA, which led to a transfer from personnel to interest expenses. This resulted in a negative impact on the interest result of EUR 7,072,769.77; in 2015, personnel expenses were shown at EUR 7,048,660.92.

As a result of adaptations to the contractual basis in the reporting year, certain software development expenses now qualify as production, meaning that the concrete prohibition of the activation of self-produced intangible assets according to Section 197 (2) of the Commercial Code (UGB) applies.

#### Summarizing overview

Untaxed reserves: the previous year's item was removed without replacement and regrouped as retained earnings

Other reserves: the item declined by EUR 586,467.63 due to the discounting obligation; disclosure was made under the items in which the initial reserves were listed in the profit and loss statement

#### Effective interest method:

- Loans and advances to customers /credit institutions: reduction of the book values by EUR 22,129,238.40 to EUR 31,926,670,990.12
- \_ Fee/Interest result:
  - One-off effect: reduction of fees payable in the previous years in the amount of EUR 24,025,342.52 (of which EUR 6,462,885.62 fee result and EUR 17,562,456,90 interest result)
  - \_ Current year: due to the change of method, fees in the value EUR 10,287,771.72 (of which EUR 7,835,573.47 fee result and EUR 2,452,198.25 interest result) were not recognised in profit or loss, but recognised in the advances to customers.
- \_ Interest income: increase in the amount of EUR 12,183,875.84 due to the release of accruals

Due to the described changes in the accounting methods, the comparability of the previous year's figures is limited.

# C. NOTES ON THE BALANCE SHEET AND INCOME STATEMENT

Unless otherwise indicated, amounts for the reporting year are stated in Euros, for the previous year in thousand Euros. The tables in this report may contain rounding differences.

# 1. Maturity structure of loans and advances as well as liabilities to credit institutions and customers (by residual time to maturity)

#### Loans and advances

| in EUR or in EUR thousand                 | Dec 16            | Dec 15     |
|---|-------------------|------------|
| Loans and advances to credit institutions | 15,897,965,727.14 | 18,236,022 |
| payable on demand                         | 2,031,235,728.97  | 2,746,268  |
| 0-3 months                                | 4,020,899,257.95  | 4,576,689  |
| 3-12 months                               | 2,987,196,253.40  | 3,287,873  |
| 1-5 years                                 | 6,206,113,795.67  | 6,522,462  |
| >5 years                                  | 652,520,691.15    | 1,102,729  |
| Loans and advances to customers           | 13,683,902,030.50 | 13,712,778 |
| payable on demand                         | 512,865,786.52    | 450,036    |
| 0-3 months                                | 456,808,105.36    | 1,196,170  |
| 3-12 months                               | 1,677,681,040.57  | 1,589,298  |
| 1-5 years                                 | 6,280,887,020.64  | 5,484,224  |
| >5 years                                  | 4,755,660,077.41  | 4,993,051  |

# Liabilities

| in EUR or in EUR thousand            | Dec 16            | Dec 15     |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|------------|
| Liabilities to credit institutions   | 20,866,153,882.20 | 19,698,992 |
| payable on demand                    | 4,826,655,076.69  | 4,229,981  |
| 0-3 months                           | 12,288,366,278.55 | 12,179,643 |
| 3-12 months                          | 830,600,832.63    | 1,101,398  |
| 1-5 years                            | 2,640,421,233.47  | 1,573,778  |
| >5 years                             | 280,110,460.86    | 614,192    |
| Liabilities to customers (non-banks) | 4,482,165,353.11  | 4,252,603  |
| Savings deposits                     | 0.00              | 0          |
| Other Liabilities                    | 4,482,165,353.11  | 4,252,603  |
| payable on demand                    | 3,204,477,442.56  | 2,770,341  |
| 0-3 months                           | 733,355,334.14    | 893,507    |
| 3-12 months                          | 50,692,576.41     | 44,569     |
| 1-5 years                            | 141,340,000.00    | 178,086    |
| >5 years                             | 352,300,000.00    | 366,100    |
| Securitised liabilities              | 15,254,139,202.66 | 17,417,121 |
| payable on demand                    | 0.00              | 0          |
| 0-3 months                           | 974,992,633.59    | 544,899    |
| 3-12 months                          | 1,190,355,032.98  | 2,779,607  |
| 1-5 years                            | 7,005,875,959.23  | 6,559,143  |
| >5 years                             | 6,082,915,576.86  | 7,533,472  |

# 2. Debt securities due within one year

Purchased debt securities worth EUR 2,843,171,793.90 (prior year: EUR 2,357,119 thousand) and issued debt securities worth EUR 2,622,549,540.54 (prior year: EUR 3,324,506 thousand) are scheduled to mature in the year following 31 December 2016.

# 3. Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies

| in EUR or in EUR thousand | Dec 16            | Dec 15     |
|---------------------------|-------------------|------------|
| Assets                    | 13,070,413,122.81 | 14,540,081 |
| Liabilities               | 10,288,304,422.83 | 9,632,323  |

# 4. Loans and advances as well as liabilities to affiliated companies and companies in which participating interests are held

| in EUR or in EUR thousand   | Loans and advances to affiliated companies |            | Loans and advances to participating interests |        |
|---|--|------------|---|--------|
|   | Dec 16                                     | Dec 15     | Dec 16  | Dec 15 |
| Loans and advances to credit institutions   | 14,161,207,483.56                          | 15,190,719 | 398,973.86                                    | 709    |
| Loans and advances to customers   | 2,972,039,148.78                           | 3,677,599  | 0.00  | 0      |
| Debt securities and other fixed-income securities (incl. securitised loans and advances to credit institutions) | 1,324,658,859.69                           | 1,477,454  | 344.522.70                                    | 0      |
| Shares and other variable-yield securities  | 751,179,302.02                             | 725,421    | 29,888,196.27                                 | 0      |

Among these, the most important companies are:

Loans and advances to affiliated companies:

- \_ Česká Spořitelna a.s., Praha
- Banca Comercială Română S.A., Bukarest
- \_ Erste Bank der Oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG, Wien
- \_ Steiermärkische Bank und Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft, Graz

|                                      | Liabilities to affiliated companies |            | Liabilities to participating interests |        |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|--|--------|
| in EUR or in EUR thousand            | Dec 16                              | Dec 15     | Dec 16                                 | Dec 15 |
| Liabilities to credit institutions   | 12,076,995,824.68                   | 12,328,951 | 243,760.61                             | 19     |
| Liabilities to customers (non-banks) | 215,772,040.51                      | 238,746    | 7,571.88                               | 0      |

Liabilities to affiliated companies:

- \_ Erste Bank der Oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG, Wien
- \_ Oesterreichische Kontrollbank AG, Wien
- \_ Steiermärkische Bank und Sparkassen Aktiengesellschaft, Graz
- \_ Allgemeine Sparkasse Oberösterreich Bank AG, Linz

Business with affiliated companies is conducted at armth's length.

#### 5. Subordinated assets

| in EUR or in EUR thousand                          | Dec 16           | Dec 15    |
|--|------------------|-----------|
| Loans and advances to credit institutions, thereof | 1,259,360,732.50 | 1,585,883 |
| to affiliated companies                            | 1,215,692,153.60 | 1,564,994 |
| to companies with participating interests          | 0.00             | 0         |
| Loans and advances to customers, thereof           | 71,469,770.16    | 48,145    |
| to affiliated companies                            | 5,639,791.66     | 5,500     |
| to companies with participating interests          | 570,481.75       | 570       |
| Shares and other fixed-income securities, thereof  | 154,179,550.70   | 502,992   |
| to affiliated companies                            | 0.00             | 5,262     |
| to companies with participating interests          | 0.00             | 0         |

# 6. Fiduciary business

No fiduciary business without any right of disposal was disclosed as of the balance sheet date.

#### 7. Securities

#### Breakdown of securities admitted to trading on stock exchange

| pursuant to section 64 -1 no. 10 Austrian Banking Act (BWG) | Listed           |           | Not listed       |           |
|---|------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|
| in EUR or in EUR thousand                                   | Dec 16           | Dec 15    | Dec 16           | Dec 15    |
| Debt securities and other fixed-income securities           | 5,100,756,938.61 | 5,823,278 | 84,094,721.29    | 181,559   |
| Shares and other variable-yield securities                  | 152,218,501.91   | 330,747   | 792,832,595.75   | 784,271   |
| Participating interests                                     | 55,173,398.63    | 55,173    | 0.00             | 0         |
| Shares in affiliated companies                              | 0.00             | 0         | 0.00             | 0         |
| Total   | 5,308,148,839.15 | 6,209,199 | 876,927,317.04   | 965,831   |
| pursuant to section 64 -1 no. 11 Austrian Banking Act (BWG) | Fixed assets     |           | Current assets   |           |
| in EUR or in EUR thousand                                   | Dec 16           | Dec 15    | Dec 16           | Dec 15    |
| Debt securities and other fixed-income securities           | 2,845,636,746.25 | 3,195,151 | 2,339,214,913.65 | 2,809,687 |

Allocation pursuant to section 64 (1) no. 11 Austrian Banking Act (BWG) was carried out in accordance with the organisational policies adopted by the management board, with positions being included under fixed assets that are held for strategic purposes of liquidity. As of 31 December 2016, the difference to the redemption value resulting from the pro rata write-downs pursuant to section 56 (2) Austrian Banking Act (BWG) amounts to EUR 133,895,176.21 (prior year: EUR 176,024 thousand), whereas the difference to the redemption value from the pro-rata write-ups pursuant to section 56 (3) Austrian Banking Act (BWG) amounts to EUR 24,459,255.22 (prior year: EUR 23,977 thousand).

795,250,898.10

3,640,887,644.35

779,441

3,974,592

149,800,199.56

2,489,015,113.21

335,577

3,145,264

#### Repurchase agreements

Shares and other variable-yield securities

Total

The carrying amount of the assets subject to sale and repurchase agreements amounts to EUR 1,415,747,456.17 on the balance sheet date (prior year: EUR 520,753 thousand).

#### Differences of the securities listed for trade on the stock exchange not held as financial fixed assets

The difference between the higher market value on the balance sheet date and the cost of purchase pursuant to section 56 (5) Austrian Banking Act (BWG) amounts to EUR 24,701,643.52 (prior year: EUR 19,025 thousand).

## Breakdown of debt securities and other fixed-income securities

| in EUR or in EUR thousand            | Dec 16           | Dec 15    |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|-----------|
| Issued by public-sector issuers      | 1,638,498,579.59 | 2,002,923 |
| Own issues                           | 1,119,475,848.47 | 904,291   |
| Bonds - domestic credit institutions | 158,735,786.36   | 266,348   |
| Bonds - foreign credit institutions  | 1,193,948,827.14 | 1,098,948 |
| Mortgage and municipal securities    | 403,157,243.04   | 451,355   |
| Convertible bonds                    | 4,758,885.98     | 28,380    |
| Other bonds                          | 666,276,489.31   | 1,252,594 |
| Total                                | 5,184,851,659.89 | 6,004,837 |
|                                      |                  |           |

# 8. Trading book

Erste Group Bank AG kept a trading book pursuant to Art. 102 CRR throughout the financial year. As of 31 December 2016, the securities portfolio assigned to the trading book was EUR 2,738,846,317.57 (prior year: EUR 3,210,977 thousand). Money market instruments worth EUR 11,715,004,436.99 (prior year: EUR 12,761,231 thousand) were assigned to the trading book as of 31 December 2016.

The volume of other financial instruments included in the trading book had a par value of EUR 208,254,368,059.35 as of 31 December 2016 (prior year: EUR 219,516,738 thousand):

|                           | Long position      |             | Short position    |            | Total              |             |
|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|
| in EUR or in EUR thousand | Dec 16             | Dec 15      | Dec 16            | Dec 15     | Dec 16             | Dec 15      |
| Options                   | 2,514,366,744.56   | 2,629,279   | 2,083,022,049.83  | 2,137,607  | 4,597,388,794.39   | 4,766,886   |
| Caps and floors           | 13,479,568,294.57  | 16,365,874  | 14,561,305,085.51 | 18,544,108 | 28,040,873,380.08  | 34,909,982  |
| Currency swaps            | 51,033,965,943.69  | 49,979,936  | 0.00              | 0          | 51,033,965,943.69  | 49,979,936  |
| Interest rate swaps       | 122,147,816,653.49 | 127,613,660 | 0.00              | 0          | 122,147,816,653.49 | 127,613,660 |
| Fwd rate agreem.          | 410,971,613.10     | 111,017     | 389,516,702.70    | 100,000    | 800,488,315.80     | 211,017     |
| Financial futures         | 300,764,859.23     | 284,473     | 81,388,999.12     | 214,720    | 382,153,858.35     | 499,193     |
| Loan derivatives          | 207,302,068.11     | 260,126     | 493,046,229.16    | 636,216    | 700,348,297.27     | 896,342     |
| Commodity derivatives     | 163,078,070.50     | 225,553     | 0.00              | 0          | 163,078,070.50     | 225,553     |
| Other                     | 388,254,745.78     | 414,170     | 0.00              | 0          | 388,254,745.78     | 414,170     |
| Total                     | 190,646,088,993.03 | 197,884,087 | 17,608,279,066.32 | 21,632,652 | 208,254,368,059.35 | 219,516,739 |

Trades with two legs are represented solely as long position.

All information concerning the trading book in terms of Article 102 CRR solely concern external transactions.

In the table the nominal values for options (mainly caps) with a fair value of zero are included for the first time. The amounts of the comparative period 2015 have been adjusted accordingly.

# 9. Participating interests and shares in affiliated companies

The amounts for equity and income are denominated in euro and, as a rule, are derived from the IFRS financial statements prepared to consolidate the consolidated financial statements according to uniform Group guidelines. The share indicated below represents direct and indirect shares.

# Holdings as of 31 December 2016

| 10:amigo do 0.0.2000                                   |               |                  |                  |                    |  |
|--|---------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|--|
| Company name, registered office                        | Interest in % | Equity           | Result           | Balance sheet date |  |
| Credit institutions                                    | •             | •                |                  |                    |  |
| Banca Comercială Română S.A., Bucharest                | 93.58         | 1,527,892,447.00 | 198,188,506.00   | 31.12.2016         |  |
| Banka Sparkasse d.d., Ljubljana                        | 4.00          | 102,725,419.00   | 9,328,717.00     | 31.12.2016         |  |
| Česká Spořitelna a.s., Prague                          | 98.97         | 4,291,198,864.00 | 536,647,425.00   | 31.12.2016         |  |
| Erste & Steiermärkische Bank d.d., Rijeka              | 59.02         | 890,055,914.00   | 83,162,632.00    | 31.12.2016         |  |
| ERSTE BANK AD NOVI SAD, Novi Sad                       | 74.00         | 146,726,038.00   | 16,772,821.00    | 31.12.2016         |  |
| Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG, Vienna | 100.00        | 1,482,242,237.00 | 134,449,585.00   | 31.12.2016         |  |
| Erste Bank Hungary Zrt, Budapest                       | 85.00         | 872,504,849.00   | 134,144,718.00   | 31.12.2016         |  |
| Prva stavebna sporitelna, a.s., Bratislava             | 25.02         | 232,528,198.00   | 16,849,293.28    | 30.11.2016         |  |
| Slovenska sporitelna, a. s., Bratislava                | 100.00        | 1,533,368,819.00 | 212,220,747.00   | 31.12.2016         |  |
| SPAR-FINANZ BANK AG, Salzburg                          | 50.00         | 4,238,409.01     | 247,130.56       | 31.12.2016         |  |
| Swedbank AB, Sundbyberg                                | 0.07          | 8,100,706,621.30 | 1,409,159,905.78 | 31.12.2015         |  |
| Financial institutions                                 |               |                  |                  |                    |  |
| C&C Atlantic Limited, Dublin                           | 100.00        | 605,673.00       | 576,781.00       | 31.12.2016         |  |
| ERSTE FACTORING d.o.o., Zagreb                         | 25.00         | 52,114,596.00    | 10,670,754.00    | 31.12.2016         |  |
| Erste Group Immorent AG, Vienna                        | 100.00        | 310,526,936.00   | 535,118.00       | 31.12.2016         |  |
| S Slovensko, spol. s r.o., Bratislava                  | 100.00        | 10,096,598.00    | 2,603,335.00     | 31.12.2016         |  |
| Sparkassen IT Holding AG, Vienna                       | 0.00          | 2,772,086.00     | 364,017.00       | 31.12.2016         |  |
| TIPAL Immobilien GmbH in Liquidation, Bozen            | 70.00         | 60,166.00        | -2,720,055.00    | 31.12.2016         |  |
| VBV - Betriebliche Altersvorsorge AG, Vienna           | 23.93         | 53,954,019.00    | 5,440,000.00     | 31.12.2016         |  |
|  |               |                  |                  |                    |  |

| Company name, registered office  | Interest in % | Equity           | Result         | Balance sheet date |
|--|---------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| Other holdings   |               |                  |                |                    |
| EB Erste Bank Internationale Beteiligungen GmbH, Vienna                        | 100.00        | 33,556,596.00    | -10,459,232.00 | 31.12.2016         |
| "Sparkassen-Haftungs Aktiengesellschaft", Vienna                               | 12.51         | 169,698.00       | -140,454.00    | 31.12.2016         |
| BeeOne GmbH, Vienna  | 100.00        | 5,781,626.00     | 321,474.00     | 31.12.2016         |
| EB-Restaurantsbetriebe Ges.m.b.H., Vienna                                      | 100.00        | -846,801.00      | -2,074,819.00  | 31.12.2016         |
| Erste Finance (Delaware) LLC, Wilmington                                       | 100.00        | 47,164.00        | -5,171.00      | 31.12.2016         |
| Erste Group Card Processor d.o.o. (vm.MBU), Zagreb                             | 100.00        | 19,047,452.00    | 1,080,316.00   | 31.12.2016         |
| Erste Group IT International GmbH, Vienna                                      | 99.80         | 4,689,395.00     | -9,837,277.00  | 31.12.2016         |
| Erste Group Services GmbH , Vienna   | 100.00        | 306,642.00       | 203,887.00     | 31.12.2016         |
| Erste Group Shared Services (EGSS), s.r.o., Hodonin                            | 60.00         | 314,058.00       | -58,965.00     | 31.12.2016         |
| Haftungsverbund GmbH, Vienna   | 0.97          | 526,604.00       | 6,680.00       | 31.12.2016         |
| IPS Fonds Gesellschaft bürgerlichen Rechts, Vienna                             | 33.59         | 76,355,204.00    | 1,355,438.00   | 31.12.2016         |
| ÖCI-Unternehmensbeteiligungsgesellschaft.m.b.H., Vienna                        | 60.00         | 113,058.00       | -2,220.00      | 31.12.2016         |
| OM Objektmanagement GmbH, Vienna   | 100.00        | 86,338,929.00    | 1,724,675.00   | 31.12.2016         |
| Procurement Services GmbH , Vienna   | 99.80         | 1,294,767.00     | 173,318.00     | 31.12.2016         |
| s IT Solutions AT Spardat GmbH , Vienna  | 60.40         | 5,168,688.00     | -1,122,535.00  | 31.12.2016         |
| Austrian Reporting Services GmbH, Vienna                                       | 14.00         | 41,948.47        | 771.99         | 31.12.2015         |
| GELDSERVICE AUSTRIA Logistik für Wertgestionierung und                         |               |                  |                |                    |
| Transportkoordination G.m.b.H., Vienna   | 0.20          | 6,971,487.72     | 953,856.45     | 31.12.2015         |
| Harkin Limited, Dublin   | 100.00        | 1,250,000.00     | 0.00           | 31.12.2015         |
| Österreichische Wertpapierdaten Service GmbH, Vienna                           | 32.30         | 72,065.03        | 6,701.22       | 31.12.2015         |
| Society for Worldwide Interbank Financial Telecommunication scrl, La Hulpe     | 0.14          | 291,333,374.00   | 65,185,124.00  | 31.12.2015         |
| Valtecia Achizitii S.R.L., Bucharest   | 100.00        | -3,512,172.73    | -92,558.70     | 31.12.2015         |
| aws Gründerfonds Equity Invest GmbH & Co KG, Vienna                            | 48.95         | 2,071,332.58     | -193,913.57    | 31.12.2015         |
| Business Capital for Romania - Opportunity Fund Coöperatief UA, Amsterdam      | 77.38         | 14,552,164.00    | -612,870.00    | 31.12.2015         |
| CEESEG Aktiengesellschaft, Vienna  | 11.30         | 370,175,594.93   | 27,975,764.44  | 31.12.2015         |
| ERSTE d.o.o. , Zagreb  | 10.79         | 14,445,879.41    | 2,615,020.45   | 31.12.2016         |
| ERSTE GROUP IMMORENT LJUBLJANA, financne storitve, d.o.o., Ljubljana           | 25.00         | 159,869.00       | -294,502.00    | 31.12.2016         |
| ESB Holding GmbH, Vienna   | 100.00        | 26,384.25        | -8,615.75      | 31.12.2015         |
| EUROPEAN INVESTMENT FUND, Luxembourg   | 0.11          | 1,854,258,748.00 | 140,718,835.00 | 31.12.2015         |
| FINTEC-Finanzierungsberatungs- und Handelsgesellschaft m.b.H. in Liqu., Vienna | 25.00         | 1,219,862.81     | 1,128,916.92   | 30.06.2015         |
| ROMANIAN EQUITY PARTNERS COÖPERATIEF U.A., Amsterdam                           | 77.38         | 14,892,212.00    | -472,719.00    | 31.12.2015         |
| S IMMO AG, Vienna  | 10.21         | 401,647,466.45   | -2,105,798.90  | 31.12.2015         |
| Therme Wien Ges.m.b.H., Vienna   | 15.00         | 35,338.42        | -475.10        | 31.12.2015         |
| Therme Wien GmbH & Co KG , Vienna  | 15.00         | 30,547,628.50    | 175,771.61     | 31.12.2015         |
| TPK-18 Sp. z o.o., Warszawa  | 100.00        | 1,003,169.10     | 681,179.20     | 31.12.2015         |
| Zelina Centar d.o.o., Sveta Helena   | 100.00        | -21,514,724.92   | -2,363,871.93  | 31.12.2015         |
| Erste Asset Management GmbH, Vienna  | 98.84         | 84,543,343.00    | 20,529,939.00  | 31.12.2016         |
| DONAU Versicherung AG Vienna Insurance Group, Vienna                           | 0.76          | 57,331,124.80    | 0.00           | 31.12.2015         |
| Erste Reinsurance S.A., Leudelange   | 100.00        | 37,976,106.00    | 225,719.00     | 31.12.2016         |
| Sparkassen Versicherung AG Vienna Insurance Group, Vienna                      | 5.00          | 487,583,166.59   | 29,407,723.29  | 31.12.2015         |
| Erste Securities Istanbul Menkul Degerler AS, Sisli, Istanbul                  | 99.99         | 1,255,867.00     | -1,142,174.00  | 31.12.2016         |

As of 11 August 2016, the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) and Corvinus Nemzetközi Befektetési Zártkörüen Müködö Részvénytársaság (Corvinus) each acquired 15% of the shares in Erste Bank Hungary Zrt. (EBH) from Erste Group Bank AG. For the transfer of the shares, Erste Group Bank AG received an amount converted to EUR 250 million. At the same time, callput option agreements were entered into for the acquisition of 30% of the shares between Erste Group Bank AG and the EBRD and with Corvinus. Due to the different structures of these option agreements, 15% of the shares that were sold to the EBRD are still included as investments in affiliated companies in the Erste Group Bank AG's annual financial report at the same time a financial liability in the value of the expected exercise price is accounted for. For the remaining part (Corvinus), the put-call agreements were recognised off-balance sheet.

#### 10. Fixed assets

The carrying amount of developed land was EUR 509,327.35 as of 31 December 2016 (prior year: EUR 509 thousand). The carrying amount as of 31 December 2016 did not include leased assets. For the next financial year, Erste Group Bank AG will have expenses from the use of tangible assets not disclosed in the balance sheet (rental and leasing contracts) of a total of EUR 19,566,378.00 (prior year: EUR 21,953 thousand), and of a total of EUR 93,668,162.00 for the next five financial years (prior year: EUR 113,332 thousand). Intangible fixed assets include assets with a value of EUR 12,796,073.00 (prior year: EUR 40,344 thousand) that have been acquired from an affiliated company. During the reporting year, no assets were acquired (prior year: EUR 20,380 thousand).

# Statement of changes in fixed and long-term assets 2016

## At cost

|                            | As of             |                  |                  |                  | Currency       | As of             |
|----------------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| in EUR                     | 1 January 2016    | Additions        | Disposals        | Reclassification | translation    | 31 December 2016  |
| Participating interests    | 270,856,760.96    | 1,696,128.39     | 4,662,602.86     | 0.00             | 0.00           | 267,890,286.49    |
| Shares in affiliated       |                   |                  |                  |                  |                |                   |
| companies                  | 10,531,380,583.23 | 634,516,747.41   | 684,770,617.33   | 0.00             | 0.00           | 10,481,126,713.31 |
| Intangible assets          | 238,147,410.52    | 6,006,598.15     | 88,783.56        | -1,565,433.90    | 5,337.51       | 242,505,128.72    |
| Tangible assets            | 71,647,823.57     | 10,127,719.59    | 15,423,440.96    | 1,565,433.90     | -402,243.04    | 67,515,293.06     |
| Securities                 | 10,579,253,636.53 | 1,462,265,650.51 | 2,442,333,784.00 | 0.00             | 293,750,272.89 | 9,892,935,775.93  |
| Treasury bills and similar |                   |                  |                  |                  |                |                   |
| securities                 | 4,897,764,496.10  | 712,820,882.66   | 890,375,253.07   | 0.00             | 2,015,147.17   | 4,722,225,272.86  |
| Loans and advances to      |                   |                  |                  |                  |                |                   |
| credit institutions        | 1,324,189,761.30  | 147,982,838.14   | 354,225,483.64   | -7,358,960.73    | 104,036,410.07 | 1,214,624,565.14  |
| Loans and advances to      |                   |                  |                  |                  |                |                   |
| customers                  | 314,168,401.69    | 50,748,029.10    | 180,906,297.78   | 242,748,284.27   | -4,843,624.62  | 421,914,792.66    |
| Bonds and other fixed-     |                   |                  |                  |                  |                |                   |
| income securities          | 3,263,772,239.57  | 545,016,293.71   | 1,011,606,881.64 | -250,396,823.54  | 192,542,340.27 | 2,739,327,168.37  |
| Shares and other non-      |                   |                  |                  |                  |                |                   |
| fixed-income securities    | 779,358,737.87    | 5,697,606.90     | 5,219,867.87     | 15,007,500.00    | 0.00           | 794,843,976.90    |
| Total                      | 21,691,286,214.81 | 2,114,612,844.05 | 3,147,279,228.71 | 0.00             | 293,353,367.36 | 20,951,973,197.51 |

# **Accumulated depreciation**

|                            | Accumulated write ups / downs |                |                | Accumulated write ups / downs |                | Accumulated write ups / downs |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|
|                            | As of                         |                |                | Additions /                   | Currency       | As of                         |
| in EUR                     | 1 January 2016                | Write-ups      | Write-downs    | Disposals                     | translation    | 31 December 2016              |
| Participating interests    | 65,215,441.29                 | 1,382,923.01   | 1,322,617.73   | 2,461,251.36                  | 0.00           | 62,693,884.65                 |
| Shares in affiliated       |                               |                |                |                               |                |                               |
| companies                  | 4,876,570,401.56              | 383,358,009.48 | 8,632,979.29   | 98,332,563.09                 | 0.00           | 4,403,512,808.28              |
| Intangible assets          | 154,351,101.61                | 0.00           | 49,222,325.27  | 3,732.00                      | 5,825.66       | 203,575,520.54                |
| Tangible assets            | 52,323,572.58                 | 0.00           | 2,236,929.00   | 15,107,251.35                 | -137,724.10    | 39,315,526.13                 |
| Securities                 | 223,690,306.79                | 7,047,232.49   | 53,843,648.20  | -161,828,732.97               | -42,091,661.65 | 66,566,327.88                 |
| Treasury bills and similar |                               |                |                |                               |                |                               |
| securities                 | 163,155,064.53                | 3,539,473.32   | 48,497,452.44  | -25,157,773.54                | 0.00           | 182,955,270.11                |
| Loans and advances to      |                               |                |                |                               |                |                               |
| credit institutions        | -10,210,085.91                | 1,537,401.37   | 14,697.67      | -2,248.49                     | -8,888.94      | -11,743,927.04                |
| Loans and advances to      |                               |                |                |                               |                |                               |
| customers                  | 2,206,322.95                  | 44,356.49      | 1,189,084.19   | -1,148,847.95                 | -14,451.46     | 2,187,751.24                  |
| Bonds and other fixed-     |                               |                |                |                               |                |                               |
| income securities          | 68,621,693.96                 | 1,516,698.43   | 4,140,991.94   | -135,603,511.45               | -42,068,321.25 | -106,425,845.23               |
| Shares and other non-      |                               |                |                |                               |                |                               |
| fixed-income securities    | -82,688.74                    | 409,302.88     | 1,421.96       | 83,648.46                     | 0.00           | -406,921.20                   |
| Total                      | 5,372,150,823.83              | 391,788,164.98 | 115,258,499.49 | -45,923,935.17                | -42,223,560.09 | 4,775,664,067.48              |

As the securities are admitted to trading on a market which is not recognised, securities in the item "Bonds and other fixed-income securities" were moved to "Loans and advances to customers" in 2016.

The at cost values relate to EUR 35,669.54 in addition to participating interests and EUR 318,379,155.90, respectively, of shares in affiliated companies from the merger with Erste Bank Beteiligungen GmbH. EUR 379,593,550.50 result from the disposal of Erste Bank Beteiligungen GmbH by merger with Erste Group Bank AG EUR 64,438,500.18 are included in accumulated write downs as disposals from the merger with Erste Bank Beteiligungen GmbH.

## **Carrying amount**

|  | *                 |                   |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
|  | As of             | As of             |
| in EUR                                       | 31 December 2016  | 1 January 2016    |
| Participating interests                      | 205,196,401.84    | 205,641,319.67    |
| Shares in affiliated companies               | 6,077,613,905.03  | 5,654,810,181.67  |
| Intangible assets                            | 38,929,608.18     | 83,796,308.91     |
| Tangible assets                              | 28,199,766.93     | 19,324,250.99     |
| Securities                                   | 9,826,369,448.05  | 10,355,563,329.74 |
| Treasury bills and similar securities        | 4,539,270,002.75  | 4,734,609,431.57  |
| Loans and advances to credit institutions    | 1,226,368,492.18  | 1,334,399,847.21  |
| Loans and advances to customers              | 419,727,041.42    | 311,962,078.74    |
| Bonds and other fixed-income securities      | 2,845,753,013.60  | 3,195,150,545.61  |
| Shares and other non-fixed-income securities | 795,250,898.10    | 779,441,426.61    |
| Total  | 16,176,309,130.03 | 16,319,135,390.98 |

#### 11. Other assets

|   | •                |           |
|---|------------------|-----------|
| in EUR or in EUR thousand   | Dec 16           | Dec 15    |
| Securities transactions   | 8,825,694.89     | 7,099     |
| Derivatives   | 6,003,236,078.11 | 7,328,788 |
| Accrued income  | 8,203,478.90     | 9,126     |
| Receivables from participating interests and affiliated companies | 126,339,765.38   | 105,619   |
| Other payments and settlements                                    | 140,308,476.91   | 144,241   |
| Other assets  | 6,286,913,494.19 | 7,594,872 |

The decrease in the balance sheet value of derivatives results from the application of balance sheet netting for business that was transferred to the London Clearing House (LCH) in 2016. The active deferred taxes are no longer included in this item, but rather as a separate item on the balance sheet.

#### 12. Accrued and deferred items

Prepayments and accrued income decreased to EUR 315,965,049.48 as of 31 December 2016 (prior year: EUR 333,812 thousand). Of these, EUR 107,093,248.02 (prior year: EUR 117,394 thousand) were accruals in connection with derivative instruments and EUR 82,622,949.33 (prior year: EUR 94,426 thousand) were prepayments on commissions.

# 13. Deferred Tax Assets

Deferred tax assets in the amount of EUR 7,804,474.29 (prior year: EUR 24,869 thousand) are the result of the recognition of losses carried forward and the difference between the book values at the branches New York and Hong Kong, as sufficient future taxable profits are expected in the forecast for the next 5 years. There is no asset recognised for deferred taxes from temporary differences in the Erste Group Bank AG for the Austrian part of the corporation tax group, as this was already activated in the annual financial reports of several group members.

# 14. Securitised liabilities

| in EUR or in EUR thousand                    | Dec 16            | Dec 15     |
|--|-------------------|------------|
| Covered loans and bank bonds                 | 0.00              | 0          |
| Non-covered loans and bank bonds             | 7,172,930,150.45  | 9,074,747  |
| Mortgage and municipal bonds                 | 7,869,482,213.11  | 8,224,567  |
| Certificates of deposit and commercial paper | 211,726,839.10    | 117,807    |
| Securitised liabilities                      | 15,254,139,202.66 | 17,417,121 |

#### 15. Other liabilities

| in EUR or in EUR thousand         | Dec 16           | Dec 15    |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|-----------|
| Securities transactions           | 6,774,402.07     | 3,259     |
| Derivatives                       | 5,359,528,691.66 | 6,819,479 |
| Accrued income                    | 3,117,646.48     | 4,444     |
| Other liabilities and settlements | 847,723,990.37   | 599,227   |
| Other liabilities                 | 6,217,144,730.58 | 7,426,410 |

The decrease in the balance sheet value of derivatives results from the application of balance sheet netting for business that was transferred to the London Clearing House (LCH) in 2016.

#### 16. Provisions

| in EUR or in EUR thousand  | Dec 16         | Dec 15  |
|--|----------------|---------|
| Provisions for pensions  | 296,745,542.34 | 307,912 |
| Provisions for taxation  | 40,990,070.87  | 17,929  |
| Provisions for contingent liabilities  | 46,661,168.74  | 54,120  |
| Provisions for negative market values of open derivatives without any hedge relationship | 22,485,423.41  | 26,351  |
| Other  | 105,383,052.22 | 119,922 |
| Provisions   | 512,265,257.58 | 526,234 |
|  |                |         |

#### Assumptions for the actuarial calculation of pension entitlements

|                                       | Dec 16 | Dec 15 |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Interest rate                         | 1.80%  | 2.45%  |
| Expected increase in pension benefits | 1.50%  | 1.70%  |

The expected retirement age for each employee was individually calculated. The currently applicable legislation specifiying a gradual rise of the retirement age for men and women to 65 was taken into consideration.

# Assumptions for the actuarial calculation of severance entitlements and jubilee benefits

|   | Dec 16 | Dec 15 |
|---|--------|--------|
| Interest rate   | 1.80%  | 2.45%  |
| Average salary rise (including career trend and collective agreement trend) | 2.40%  | 2.60%  |

The obligations were calculated in accordance with the Pagler & Pagler mortality table "AVÖ 2008 P – Rechnungsgrundlagen für die Pensionsversicherung".

Severance obligations have been outsourced to Sparkassen Versicherung Aktiengesellschaft since 2007. At the beginning of this year, jubilee benefits obligations were also outsourced to Sparkassen Versicherung Aktiengesellschaft. Severance entitlements measured in accordance with commercial law and based on the above parameters amount to EUR 44,209,797.73 (prior year: 43,889 thousand), respectively EUR 12,023,623.21 for jubilee benefits obligations, and are posted as a contingent liability off-balance sheet. The credit intended for the performance of outsourced severance entitlements with the insurer as of 31 December 2016 amounted to EUR 43,977,013.17 (prior year: 47,358 thousand) and the amount defined for jubilee benefits obligations is EUR 12,023,622.98.

The outsourcing of severance/jubilee benefits entitlements to S-Versicherung AG has not resulted in any change to employee claims against Erste Group Bank AG, which continues to be liable for the severance entitlements of eligible employees.

#### 17. Subordinated liabilities

Subordinated debt (subordinated liabilities and supplementary capital) amounted to EUR 6,025,081,612.55 (prior year: EUR 5,615,173 thousand) as of 31 December 2016. No subordinated liability taken by Erste Group Bank AG during the reporting year (including supplementary capital) was above the 10% limit for total subordinated liabilities. The terms of all other subordinated liabilities are in compliance with the requirements set forth in section 63 CRR.

Movements in total subordinated liabilities were as follows:

| in EUR or in EUR thousand  | 1-12 16          | 1-12 15   |
|--|------------------|-----------|
| Opening balance  | 5,615,173,107.51 | 4,962,984 |
| Increase due to new issues   | 718,510,109.50   | 599,438   |
| Decrease due to maturity   | -363,184,000.00  | -86,962   |
| Decrease due to partial extinguishment   | 0.00             | -1,200    |
| Increase in carrying amount of zero coupon bonds due to valuation price fluctuations | 54,582,395.54    | 140,914   |
| Closing balance  | 6,025,081,612.55 | 5,615,173 |

At the balance sheet date, the bank held no own issues from subordinated liabilities that were not allocated to trading on stock exchanges on the asset side. In 2016, Erste Group Bank AG as expenses for subordinated liabilities and supplementary capital were EUR 265,536,123.75 (prior year: EUR 212,792 thousand). The term "subordinated" is defined in sections 45 (4) and 51 (9) Austrian Banking Act (BWG).

# 18. Tier 2 capital pursuant to Part 2 Title I Chapter 4 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013

On the balance sheet date, Erste Group Bank AG held subordinated own capital, including deferred interest, with a carrying value of EUR 22,060,081.08 (prior year: EUR 20,071 thousand).

#### 19. Additional core capital

On 2 June 2016 Erste Group Bank AG issued additional core capital (additional tier 1 bonds) in the amount of EUR 500 million. This is reported under liabilities item 8 Additional Tier 1 Capital pursuant to Part 2 Title I Chapter 3 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013. Article 52 (1) lit n CRR provides for the loss absorbency of financial instruments of additional core capital (write-down or conversion).

A trigger event for the write-off or conversion of additional core capital is deemed to occur according to Article 54 Section 1 lit a CRR if the core capital ratio of the issuer falls below 5.125% or below another higher value defined by the issuer. In 2016, there were no write-downs.

# 20. Subscribed capital

Subscribed capital on 31 December 2016 was EUR 859,600,000.00 (prior year: EUR 859,600 thousand), represented by 429,800,000 voting bearer shares (ordinary shares). Erste Group Bank AG held no own shares on the balance sheet date.

# 21. Authorised and conditional capital as of 31 December 2016

#### **Authorised capital**

According to clause 5 of the Articles of Association, the management board is authorised to increase the registered capital of the Company until 21 May 2019 subject to the supervisory board's consent - also in several tranches - by an amount of up to EUR 171,800,000.00 by issuing up to 85,900,000 voting no-par value bearer shares in return for contributions in cash and/or in kind, with the issue price and issuing conditions being determined by the management board subject to supervisory board's consent.

Furthermore, the management board is authorised to fully or partly exclude the shareholders' statutory subscription right subject to supervisory board's consent (exclusion of the subscription right):

- \_ if the capital increase is in return for a cash contribution and the shares issued to the exclusion of the subscription right of the shareholders, taken together, do not exceed EUR 43,000,000.00; and/or
- \_ if the capital increase is in return for contributions in kind.

These two measures may also be combined. However, the aggregate pro rata amount of registered capital represented by shares for which the shareholders' subscription rights are excluded under the referenced authorisation, together with the pro rata amount of registered capital attributable to shares issued to creditors of convertible bonds, which had been issued and sold after the beginning of 21 May 2014, in order to grant conversion or subscription rights or fulfil obligations must not exceed the amount of EUR 171,800,000.00.

#### **Conditional Capital**

Pursuant to clause 6.3 of the Articles of Association, conditional capital based on the management board resolutions in 2002 and 2010 with a nominal value of EUR 21,923,264.00 persists, which can be consumed by issuing up to 10,961,632 ordinary bearer shares or ordinary registered shares with an issue price of at least EUR 2.00 per share against cash contribution and by excluding the subscription rights of the current shareholders. This conditional capital serves to grant share options to the employees, managers and management board members of the Company or an affiliated company. According to clause 6.4 of the Articles of Association, the company has additional conditional capital of EUR 124,700,000.00 from the issuance of up to 62,350,000 ordinary bearer shares. This conditional capital serves to grant conversion or subscription rights to investors of convertible bonds.

## **Authorized conditional capital**

According to clause 7 of the Articles of Association no authorisation currently exists to grant conditional capital.

## 22. Major shareholders

As of 31 December 2016, DIE ERSTE oesterreichische Spar-Casse Privatstiftung ("Privatstiftung"), a foundation, controls together with its partners to shareholder agreements approximately 29.46% of the shares in Erste Group Bank AG and is with 15.37% controlling shareholder. The Privatstiftung is holding 6.63% of the shares directly, the indirect participation of the Privatstiftung amounts to 8.74 % of the shares held by Sparkassen Beteiligungs GmbH & Co KG, which is an affiliated company of the Privatstiftung. 1.09% are held directly by Austrian savings banks respectively saving banks foundations acting together with the Privatstiftung and affiliated with Erste Group Bank AG through the Haftungsverbund. 9.92% of the subscribed capital is controlled by the Privatstiftung on the basis of a shareholder agreement with CaixaBank S.A. 3.08% are held by other partners to other shareholder agreements.

In 2016 (for the fiscal year 2015), a dividend in the amount of EUR 23,755,978.00 (prior year: EUR 0.00) was paid for the investment of the Privatstiftung in the Erste Group Bank AG. The purpose of the Privatstiftung, to be achieved notably by way of holding interests in Erste Group Bank AG, is to support social, scientific, cultural as well as charitable institutions and to promote the guiding principles of the savings bank philosophy. As of 31 December 2016, Bernhard Spalt (chairman), Richard Wolf, Boris Marte and Franz Portisch were appointed as board members. The Privatstiftung's supervisory board had eight members at the end of 2016, two of whom also serve as members of the supervisory board of Erste Group Bank AG. In accordance with clause 15.1 of the Articles of Association, and for the time in which the Privatstiftung assumes liability for all current and future debts in the event of their default on payment, it is entitled, pursuant to section 92 (9) Austrian Banking Act, to nominate up to one-third of the supervisory board members for election at the annual general meeting. So far, the Privatstiftung has not exercised this right.

As at 31 December 2016 AG, Erste Group Bank AG had accounts receivables - mainly from accrued interest on derivatives - with respect to the Privatstiftung in the amount of EUR 1,722,228.43 (prior year: EUR 6,293 thousand) and liabilities - primarily from accrued interest on derivatives - amounting to EUR 952,640.31 (prior year: EUR 1,952 thousand). In addition, standard derivative transactions for hedging purposes were in place between Erste Group Bank AG and the Privatstiftung at year-end, namely interest-rate swaps for a notional amount of EUR 103,000,000.00 (prior year: EUR 278,000 thousand). Like last year, there were no foreign currency swaps. In addition, the Privatstiftung held bonds of Erste Group Bank AG in the amount of EUR 9,345,505.42 (prior year: EUR 9,481 thousand) and Erste Group Bank AG held debts evidenced by certificates issued by the Privatstiftung in the amount of EUR 324,720.74 (prior year: EUR 2,925 thousand). In 2016, the interest income of Erste Group Bank AG from these derivative transactions and from bonds held amounted to EUR 6,086,270.14 (prior year: EUR 11,692 thousand) for the reporting period while interest expenses amounted to EUR 3,852,865.57 (prior year: EUR 7,937 thousand).

As of 31 December 2016, CaixaBank S.A., which is based in Barcelona, Spain, held a total of 42,634,248 Erste Group Bank AG shares (prior year: 42,634,248 shares), which is equivalent to 9.92% (prior year: 9.92%) of the subscribed capital of Erste Group Bank AG. At the end of October 2016, Mr Gonzalo Gortázar Rotaeche (CEO of the CaixaBank S.A.) resigned his mandate on the supervisory board of Erste Group Bank AG, as he accepted a mandate at Banco Português de Investimento in Portugal. In the view of the Portuguese National Bank, he would have exceeded the maximum number of allowed mandates if he had remained in the supervisory board at Erste Group Bank AG. The resulting vacant posistion will be appointed in the course of Erste Group Bank AG's next shareholders' meeting. In addition, the shareholders' agreement between CaixaBank S.A. and the Erste Foundation, which has been in effect since 2009, was renewed on 15 December 2014 (Preferred Partnership Agreement). By virtue of this agreement, CaixaBank S.A. joined the core shareholders, which include Erste Foundation as well as the savings banks, their foundations as well as Wiener Städtische Wechselseitige Versicherungsverein – Vermögensverwaltung – Vienna Insurance Group. As member of this syndicate, CaixaBank S.A. has the right to nominate a

second supervisory board member in the course of the shareholders' meeting. For their involvement in Erste Group Bank AG, CaixaBank S.A. received a dividend in the amount of EUR 21,317,124.00 (prior year: EUR 0.00) in 2016 (for the fiscal year 2015).

Provisions concerning the appointment and dismissal of management board and the supervisory board members that do not result from statutory law concern clause 15.4 of the Articles of Association, according to which a majority of three quarters of valid votes cast and a majority of three quarters of the subscribed capital existing at the time of resolution are required to decide on the revocation of supervisory board members.

The Articles of Association contain no restrictions in respect of voting rights or the transfer of shares.

Clause 19.9 of the Articles of Association (amendments to the Articles of Association) contain provisions that do not follow directly from statutory law: amendments of the Articles of Association, in so far as they do not alter the purpose of the company, may be passed with a simple majority of votes cast and a simple majority of the subscribed capital represented at the annual general meeting considering the resolution. Where higher majority votes are required by individual provisions of the Articles of Association, these provisions can only be amended with the same higher majority vote. Furthermore, clause 19.9 of the Articles of Association may only be amended with a majority of three-quarters of votes cast and with a majority of three-quarters of the subscribed capital represented at the meeting considering the resolution.

#### 23. Reserves

In 2016, the reserves of Erste Group Bank AG developed as follows:

|  | As of            |                  | As of            | •               |                | As of            |
|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------|
| in EUR                                   | Dec 15           | Reclassification | Dec 15           | Allocations (+) | Releases (-)   | Dec 16           |
| Capital reserves                         | 1,627,019,510.67 | 0.00             | 1,627,019,510.67 | 0.00            | 0.00           | 1,627,019,510.67 |
| committed                                | 1,627,019,510.67 | 0.00             | 1,627,019,510.67 | 0.00            | 0.00           | 1,627,019,510.67 |
| uncommitted                              | 0.00             | 0.00             | 0.00             | 0.00            | 0.00           | 0.00             |
| for own shares and shares in a           |                  |                  |                  |                 |                |                  |
| controlling company                      | 0.00             | 0.00             | 0.00             | 0.00            | 0.00           | 0.00             |
| Retained earnings                        | 2,204,687,275.31 | 5,133,000.00     | 2,209,820,275.31 | 706,523,725.09  | -24,869,000.00 | 2,891,475,000.40 |
| statutory reserve                        | 1,537,900,000.00 | 0.00             | 1,537,900,000.00 | 0.00            | 0.00           | 1,537,900,000.00 |
| reserves provided for by the articles    | 0.00             | 0.00             | 0.00             | 0.00            | 0.00           | 0.00             |
| other reserves                           | 624,488,712.43   | 5,133,000.00     | 629,621,712.43   | 690,954,439.87  | 0.00           | 1,320,576,152.30 |
| other restricted reserves                | 42,298,562.88    | 0.00             | 42,298,562.88    | 15,569,285.22   | -24,869,000.00 | 32,998,848.10    |
| Reserve pursuant to section 23 -6 of the |                  |                  |                  |                 |                |                  |
| Austrian Banking Act (BWG)               | 851,000,000.00   | 0.00             | 851,000,000.00   | 0.00            | 0.00           | 851,000,000.00   |
| Untaxed reserves                         | 5,133,000.00     | -5,133,000.00    | 0.00             | 0.00            | 0.00           | 0.00             |
| valuation reserve resulting from         |                  |                  |                  |                 |                |                  |
| special depreciation                     | 5,133,000.00     | -5,133,000.00    | 0.00             | 0.00            | 0.00           | 0.00             |
| other untaxed reserves                   | 0.00             | 0.00             | 0.00             | 0.00            | 0.00           | 0.00             |

In the course of RÄG 2014, § 205 UGB was deleted and according to transitional regulations, existing untaxed reserves were to be related in retained earnings and any included deferred taxes as passive deferred taxes. As untaxed reserves result from non-taxable valuation reserves from participations at Erste Group Bank AG, there was no reclassification to deferred taxes, but rather the total untaxed reserves were transferred to the other reserves.

The distribution block for deferred tax assets pursuant to § 235 (2) UGB is taken into account by allocating other retained earnings reserves. The allocation of other restricted retained earnings amounting to EUR 7,764,810.93 (prior year: EUR 8,482 thousand) relates to the ex-ante-fund (see Note 24), EUR 5,527,263.79 relates to the deferred tax assets of the New York branch and EUR 2,277,210.50 refers to the deferred taxes of the Hong Kong branch (prior year – domestic: EUR 24.869 thousand). The reversal of retained earnings entirely concerns domestic deferred taxes.

# 24. Recovery & Resolution Fund, deposit guarantee fund, IPS fund

# Recovery & Resolution Fund

EU directive 2014/59/EU (Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive, BRRD) was transposed into Austrian law via the Austrian Banking Restructuring and Resolution Act (BaSAG). BaSAG became effective on 1 January 2015. The law governs a number of aspects, including

the creation of financing mechanisms for the resolution of credit institutions that provide for the annual payment of contributions by banks to a joint European recovery and resolution fund (Single Resolution Fund, SRF).

BaSAG defines the target level of the Austrian Recovery & Resolution Fund and the contribution payable by the Austrian credit institutions. The law requires that, the Recovery & Resolution Fund be endowed with at least 1% of the secured deposits of all credit institutions authorised in Austria by 31 December 2024. Therefore, the fund shall be set up over a period of 10 years and, to the extent practicable, contributions will be equally distributed over the entire period.

The contributions to be made by the credit institutions are calculated as a ratio of their respective liabilities (exclusive of own funds) less secured deposits to the aggregate liabilities (exclusive of own funds) less secured deposits of all institutions authorised in Austria, distributed over a period of 10 years. Furthermore, these contributions will be weighted in accordance with the risk profile of the credit institution. The amount payable as contribution is thus determined not only by the respective credit institution's unsecured liabilities but also significantly influenced by the unsecured liabilities held by all Austrian institutions and the risk weighting. The resolution authority is tasked with determining the risk weighting. In 2016, Erste Group Bank AG paid EUR 19,682,680.00 (prior year: EUR 19,281 thousand), which is included in the item other operating expenses.

#### Deposit guarantee fund

The deposit guarantee scheme, based on an EU directive (2014/49/EU), serves to protect customer deposits held at credit institutions. This EU directive was transposed into national law in Austria by way of the Act on Deposit Guarantee Schemes and Investor Compensation (ESAEG), and came into effect on 14 August 2015.

Every guarantee scheme has its own deposit guarantee fund consisting of available financial ressources amounting to no less than 0.8% of the sum total of covered deposits held at the member institutions (target level). This target level is to be achieved over a period of 10 years.

As long as the target level has not been reached, the guarantee schemes will require their member institutions to pay an annual contribution. The contributions payable by the member institutions are calculated on the basis of the volume of covered deposits (0.8% of the covered deposits distributed over a 10-year period) and determined in relation to the nature of the risks to which each relevant member institution is specifically exposed. The method used to determine the risk weighting must be approved by the FMA. In 2016, Erste Group Bank AG paid a total of EUR 34,716.99 (prior year: EUR 10 thousand), which is included in the item other administrative expenses.

# IPS fund (ex-ante-fund)

The IPS fund is an ex-ante-fund of Haftungsverbund's institutional guarantee system (IPS) that is intended to secure financial support to Haftungsverbund members facing economic difficulties. The IPS fund is a "Gesellschaft bürgerlichen Rechts" (IPS Fonds GesBR - a partnership under civil law) – the low-risk, readily available investment of the ex-ante-fund is recognised as a special asset. Shareholders with a stake in the assets are Erste Group Bank AG, Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG and all other savings banks that subscribe to the institutional guarantee system. Haftungsverbund GmbH is an active partner but not obliged to make a capital contribution.

The plan is to provide the ex-ante-fund with EUR 250 million over a period of 10 years, i.e. by 30 September 2024. Partners are obliged to pay EUR 25 million a year, payable in quarterly installments. Haftungsverbund GmbH is charged with determining the amount of the respective payment due. The schedule of contributions as defined in the second Supplementary Agreement has been set up both on the basis of the distribution key specified under sec. 7 (1) Agreement in Principle (total risk) and on the basis of the distribution key specified under sec. 12 (1) Agreement in Principle ("Amounts owed to customers" plus 50% of the item "Securitised liabilities"), in equal terms.

The contributions (deposits) are to be taken from the annual financial report, with other reserves being released where necessary. Erste Group Bank AG created a reserve of EUR 7,764,810.93 (prior year: EUR 8,482 thousand) in 2016, which corresponds to the amount of the contributions made (deposits).

## 25. Own funds and capital requirement

These unconsolidated financial statements of Erste Group Bank AG have yet to be approved by the supervisory board. Erste Group Bank AG is in compliance with the transitional provisions concerning capital requirements, market risk and credit risk set forth by Austria's accompanying CRR ordinance.

# Own funds

| Own funds  |                           |                   |                                       |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Capital structure according to EU regulation 575/2013 (CRR)  |                           | Basel 3           |                                       |
| in EUR or in EUR thousand  | Article pursuant to CRR   | Dec 16            | Dec 15                                |
| Common equity tier 1 capital (CET1)  |                           |                   |                                       |
|  | 26 (1) (a) (b), 27-30, 23 |                   |                                       |
| Capital instruments eligible as CET1   | (1) (f), 42               | 2,486,619,510.67  | 2,486,620                             |
| Own CET1 instruments   | 36 -1 (f), 42             | -5,504,540.83     | -7,703                                |
| Retained earnings  | 26 -1 (c), 26 -2          | 3,717,280,626.59  | 3,013,389                             |
| Interim loss   | 36 -1 (a)                 | 0.00              | 0                                     |
| Other reserves   | 4 -117, 26 -1 (e)         | 0.00              | 5,133                                 |
| Prudential filter: cash flow hedge reserve   | 33 -1 (a)                 | 0.00              | 0                                     |
| Prudential filter: cumulative gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities  | 33 -1 (b)                 | 0.00              | 0                                     |
| Prudential filter: fair value gains and losses arising from the institution's own credit risk related to derivative liabilities  | 33 -1 (c), 33 -2          | -8,234,124.00     | -10,277                               |
| Value adjustments due to the requirements for prudent valuation  | 34, 105                   | -52,456,284.31    | -63,160                               |
| Regulatory adjustments relating to unrealised gains and losses   | 467, 468                  | 0.00              | 0                                     |
| Other intangible assets  | 4 -115, 36 -1 (b), 37 (a) | -38,929,608.18    | -83,796                               |
| Deferred tax assets dependent upon future profitability and not temporary differences net of associated tax liabilities  | 36 -1 (c), 38             | 0.00              | 0                                     |
|  |                           | 0.00              | -11,196                               |
| IRB shortfall of credit risk adjustments to expected losses  | 36 -1 (d), 40, 158, 159   |                   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Other transitional adjustments CET1  | 469 to 472, 478, 481      | 15,571,843.27     | 56,995                                |
| Interim loss (40%)   |                           | 0.00              | 0                                     |
| Other intangibles (40%)  |                           | 15,571,843.27     | 50,278                                |
| IRB shortfall of provisions to expected losses (40%)   |                           | 0.00              | 6,718                                 |
| Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability and do not arise from temporary differences net of associated tax liabilities, which existed until December 2013 (80%) |                           | 0.00              | 0                                     |
| Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability and do not arise from temporary differences net of associated tax liabilities, which exists since January 2014 (40%)   |                           | 0.00              | 0                                     |
| Excess of deduction from AT1 items over AT1  | 36 -1 (j)                 | 0.00              | -53,637                               |
| Common equity tier 1 capital (CET1)  | 50                        | 6,114,347,423.21  | 5,332,368                             |
| Additional tier 1 capital (AT1)  |                           |                   |                                       |
| Capital instruments eligible as AT1  | 51 (a), 52-54, 56 (a), 57 | 500,000,000.00    | 0                                     |
| Own AT1 instruments  | 52 -1 (b), 56 (a), 57     | -1,500,000.00     | 0                                     |
| Instruments issued by subsidiaries that are given recognition in AT1   | 85, 86                    | 0.00              | 0                                     |
|  | 483 (4) (5), 484-487,     |                   |                                       |
| Transitional adjustments due to grandfathered AT1 instruments  | 489, 491                  | 0.00              | 0                                     |
| AT1 instruments of financial sector entities where the institution has a significant investment  | 4 -27, 56 (d), 59, 79     | 0.00              | 0                                     |
| Other transitional adjustments AT1   | 474, 475, 478, 481        | -15,571,843.27    | -53,637                               |
| Interim loss (40%)   |                           | 0.00              | 0                                     |
| Other intangibles (40%)  |                           | -15,571,843.27    | -50,278                               |
| IRB shortfall of provisions to expected losses (20%)   |                           | 0.00              | -3,359                                |
| Excess of deduction from AT1 items over AT1  | 36 -1 (j)                 | 0.00              | 53,637                                |
| Additional tier 1 capital (AT1)  | 61                        | 482,928,156.73    | 0                                     |
| Tier 1 capital - total amount of common equity tier 1 (CET1) and additional tier1 (AT1)  |                           | 6,597,275,579.94  | 5,332,368                             |
| Tier 2 capital (T2)  | •                         |                   |                                       |
| Capital instruments and subordinated loans eligible as T2  | 62 (a), 63-65, 66 (a), 67 | 4,550,775,356.19  | 4,632,002                             |
| Own T2 instruments   | 63 (b) (i), 66 (a), 67    | -51,554,764.51    | -68,089                               |
| Instruments issued by subsidiaries recognised in T2  | 87, 88                    | 0.00              | 0                                     |
| Transitional adjustments due to additional recognition in T2 of instruments issued by subsidiaries   | 480                       | 0.00              | 0                                     |
| Transitional adjustments and to additional recognition in 12 or medianisms leaded by case dames  | 483 -6 -7, 484, 486,      | 0.00              |                                       |
| Transitional adjustments due to grandfathered T2 instruments and subordinated loans  | 488, 490, 491             | 58,239,352.09     | 67,946                                |
| IRB excess of provisions over expected losses eligible   | 62 (d)                    | 78,480,944.27     | 75,715                                |
| Standardised approach general credit risk adjustments  | 62 (c)                    | 0.00              | 0                                     |
| Other transitional adjustments to tier 2 capital   | 476, 477, 478, 481        | 0.00              | -3,359                                |
| IRB shortfall of provisions to expected losses (20%)   | ,,, 101                   | 0.00              | -3,359                                |
| T2 instruments of financial sector entities where the institution has a significant investment   | 4 -27, 66 (d), 68, 69, 79 | 0.00              | 0                                     |
| Tier 2 capital (T2)  | 71                        | 4,635,940,888.04  | 4,704,216                             |
| Total own funds  |                           | 11,233,216,467.98 | 10,036,583                            |
|  | 02 2 05 06 00             | ·                 |                                       |
| Total Risk Exposure Amount   | 92 -3, 95, 96, 98         | 32,586,434,693.19 | 31,549,571                            |
| Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio   | 92 -2 (a)                 | 18.76%            | 16.90%                                |
| Tier 1 capital ratio   | 92 -2 (b)                 | 20.25%            | 16.90%                                |
| Solvency ratio   | 92 -2 (c)                 | 34.47%            | 31.81%                                |

# **Capital Requirement**

| Risk structure according to EU regulation 575/2013 (CRR) |                             | Dec 16  |                                 | Dec 15                        |                     |
|--|-----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| in EUR or in EUR thousand                                | Article pursuant to CRR     | Calculation base /<br>total risk<br>(phased-in) | Capital requirement (phased-in) | Calculation base / total risk | Capital requirement |
| Total Risk Exposure Amount                               | 92 -3, 95, 96, 98           | 32,586,434,693.19                               | 2,606,914,775.45                | 31,549,571                    | 2,523,966           |
| Risk weighted assets (credit risk)                       | 92 -3 (a) (f)               | 26,208,020,821.93                               | 2,096,641,665.75                | 27,195,334                    | 2,175,627           |
| Standardised approach                                    |                             | 13,127,863,443.66                               | 1,050,229,075.49                | 14,576,087                    | 1,166,087           |
| IRB approach   |                             | 13,080,157,378.27                               | 1,046,412,590.26                | 12,619,247                    | 1,009,540           |
| Settlement Risk  | -3 (c) (ii), 92 -4 (b)      | 53,874.00                                       | 4,309.92                        | 72                            | 6                   |
|  | 92 -3 (b) (i) und (iii), 92 |   |                                 |                               |                     |
| Trading book, foreign FX risk and commodity risk         | -4 (b)                      | 3,901,362,355.00                                | 312,108,988.40                  | 2,456,927                     | 196,554             |
| Operational Risk   | 92 -3 (e), 92 -4 (b)        | 1,330,596,387.38                                | 106,447,710.99                  | 909,033                       | 72,723              |
| Exposure for CVA   | 92 -3 (d)                   | 1,146,401,254.88                                | 91,712,100.39                   | 988,205                       | 79,056              |
| Other exposure amounts incl. Basel 1 floor               | 3, 458, 459, 500            | 0.00  | 0.00                            | 0                             | 0                   |

For the preparation of consolidated capital and consolidated capital requirements, reference is made to the respective statements in the consolidated financial statements 2016 of Erste Group.

# 26. List of assets pledged as collateral for liabilities (acc. to section 64 [1] no. 8 Austrian Banking Act)

| in EUR or in EUR thousand  | Dec 16           | Dec 15    | Liability description                                      | Balance sheet item |
|--|------------------|-----------|--|--------------------|
| Collateral pool for covered Erste Bank bonds                                     |                  |           |  |                    |
| Fixed-income securities  | 1,129,697,330.94 | 1,226,267 | Covered Erste Bank bonds                                   | Liability 3        |
| OeNB asset pool (tender)   |                  |           |  |                    |
| Credit claims  | 1,400,000,000.00 | 500,790   | Refinancing by OeNB / ECB                                  | Liability 1        |
| Pledge agreements  |                  |           |  |                    |
| Money market loan  | 520,749,000.00   | 563,000   | Guarantees and contingent liabilities pledge as collateral | d                  |
| Collateral for unregistered OTC derivatives                                      |                  |           |  |                    |
| Cash collateral  | 495,077,129.74   | 629,382   | Other liabilities  | Liability 4        |
| Securities collateral  | 8,362,584.00     | 13,660    | Other liabilities  | Liability 4        |
| Total  | 3,553,886,044.68 | 2,933,098 |  |                    |
| Collateral for exchange-traded derivatives                                       |                  |           |  |                    |
| Securities collateral  | 122,912,931.06   | 59,314    | UBS & EUREX margin requirement                             |                    |
| Cash collateral  | 9,485,740.81     | 0         | UBS margin requirement                                     |                    |
| Cash collateral  | 6,530.55         | 0         | Hungary margin requirement                                 |                    |
| Cash collateral  | 2,446,305.88     | 12,453    | Poland margin requirement                                  |                    |
| Total  | 134,851,508.30   | 71,767    |  |                    |
| Blocked securities account as collateral with<br>Österreichische Kontrollbank AG |                  |           |  |                    |
| Fixed-income securities  | 21,438,374.43    | 23,560    | Margin requirement   |                    |
| Collateral pool for municipal and mortgage bonds                                 |                  |           |  |                    |
| Loans and advances to customers  | 1,004,984,526.16 | 962,158   | Issued municipal and mortgage bonds                        | Liability 3        |
| Fixed-income securities  | 269,518,659.89   | 255,678   | Issued municipal and mortgage bonds                        | Liability 3        |
| Coverage for the pension provisions  |                  |           |  |                    |
| Pension provisions § 11 BPG  | 206,862,951.37   | 192,356   | Coverage for the pension provisions                        | Liability 6        |
| Total  | 1,502,804,511.85 | 1,433,753 |  |                    |
| Aggregate Total  | 5,191,542,064.83 | 4,438,618 |  |                    |

# 27. Total volume of unsettled derivatives

| Dec 16                                  |          | Time to            | maturity for notional a | amounts            |   |
|---|----------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---|
| in EUR                                  |          | < 1 years          | 1-5 years               | > 5 years          | Total                                   |
| Interest rate contracts                 |          | 71,679,464,286.07  | 157,376,728,360.78      | 109,292,022,453.30 | 338,348,215,100.15                      |
| OTC products                            |          |                    |                         |                    |   |
| Interest rate options                   | Purchase | 5,299,080,267.33   | 8,861,903,863.50        | 6,912,482,898.13   | 21,073,467,028.96                       |
|   | Sale     | 5,552,357,450.55   | 9,035,956,048.37        | 7,441,447,698.09   | 22,029,761,197.01                       |
| Interest rate swaps                     | Purchase | 30,011,581,149.53  | 69,741,678,037.64       | 47,467,001,648.79  | 147,220,260,835.96                      |
|   | Sale     | 30,011,772,468.57  | 69,737,190,411.27       | 47,471,090,208.29  | 147,220,053,088.13                      |
| FRAs                                    | Purchase | 410,971,613.10     | 0.00                    | 0.00               | 410,971,613.10                          |
|   | Sale     | 389,516,702.70     | 0.00                    | 0.00               | 389,516,702.70                          |
| Exchange-traded products                |          |                    |                         |                    |   |
| Futures                                 |          | 2,852,634.28       | 0.00                    | 0.00               | 2,852,634.28                            |
| Interest rate options                   |          | 1,332,000.00       | 0.00                    | 0.00               | 1,332,000.00                            |
| Currency contracts                      |          | 80,683,716,466.17  | 21,889,836,771.07       | 5,939,286,083.08   | 108,512,839,320.32                      |
| OTC products                            |          |                    |                         |                    |   |
| Currency options                        | Purchase | 1,499,843,340.17   | 160,812,268.56          | 215,392,929.75     | 1,876,048,538.48                        |
|   | Sale     | 1,487,588,527.36   | 97,870,674.92           | 215,485,031.42     | 1,800,944,233.70                        |
| Currency swaps                          | Purchase | 38,937,264,812.59  | 10,762,660,355.72       | 2,765,767,273.71   | 52,465,692,442.02                       |
|   | Sale     | 38,732,084,533.23  | 10,868,493,471.87       | 2,742,640,848.20   | 52,343,218,853.30                       |
| FRAs                                    | Purchase | 0.00               | 0.00                    | 0.00               | 0.0                                     |
|   | Sale     | 0.00               | 0.00                    | 0.00               | 0.0                                     |
| Exchange-traded products                |          |                    |                         |                    |   |
| Futures                                 |          | 26,935,252.82      | 0.00                    | 0.00               | 26,935,252.82                           |
| Currency options                        |          | 0.00               | 0.00                    | 0.00               | 0.00                                    |
| Securities related contracts            |          | 2,771,267,983.83   | 6,347,533,533.35        | 1,364,890,206.37   | 10,483,691,723.55                       |
| OTC products                            |          |                    |                         |                    |   |
| Equity options                          | Purchase | 391,176,880.64     | 1,750,086,769.33        | 498,610,282.15     | 2,639,873,932.12                        |
| <u>-</u>                                | Sale     | 295,648,053.78     | 817,774,458.86          | 507,121,296.08     | 1,620,543,808.72                        |
| Equity swaps                            | Purchase | 836,233,070.54     | 1,909,924,708.02        | 179,592,873.77     | 2,925,750,652.33                        |
|   | Sale     | 825,190,069.76     | 1,869,079,597.14        | 179,565,754.37     | 2,873,835,421.27                        |
| Exchange-traded products                |          | 040 555 000 44     |                         |                    | 010 555 000 11                          |
| Futures                                 |          | 319,555,989.11     | 0.00                    | 0.00               | 319,555,989.11                          |
| Equity options                          |          | 103,463,920.00     | 668,000.00              | 0.00               | 104,131,920.00                          |
| Commodity contracts                     |          | 338,361,498.16     | 4,442,680.00            | 0.00               | 342,804,178.16                          |
| OTC products  Commodity options         | Purchase | 1,924,429.15       | 1,649,560.00            | 0.00               | 3,573,989.15                            |
| Commodity options                       | Sale     | 1,924,429.15       | 1,781,120.00            | 0.00               | 3,705,549.15                            |
| Commodity swaps                         | Purchase | 163,078,070.50     | 506,000.00              | 0.00               | 163,584,070.50                          |
| Commodity swaps                         | Sale     | 138,624,587.22     | 506,000.00              | 0.00               | 139,130,587.22                          |
| Exchange-traded products                | Jaie     | 130,024,307.22     | 300,000.00              | 0.00               | 139, 130,307.22                         |
| Futures                                 |          | 32,809,982.14      | 0.00                    | 0.00               | 32,809,982.14                           |
| Commodity options                       |          | 0.00               | 0.00                    | 0.00               | 0.00                                    |
| Credit derivatives                      |          | 165,027,536.19     | 865,035,980.57          | 589,883,164.87     | 1,619,946,681.63                        |
| OTC products                            |          | 100,021,000.10     | 000,000,000.01          | 000,000,104.01     | 1,010,040,001.00                        |
| Credit default swaps                    | Purchase | 97,373,476.61      | 377,488,041.68          | 192,239,742.00     | 667,101,260.29                          |
| - Credit delidat emaps                  | Sale     | 67,654,059.58      | 487,547,938.89          | 397,643,422.87     | 952,845,421.34                          |
| Other                                   | Calc     | 262,700,000.00     | 638,457,515.90          | 1,753,741,361.20   | 2,654,898,877.10                        |
| OTC products                            |          |                    | 223, 707,010.00         | .,,,               | _,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, |
| Other options                           | Purchase | 20,000,000.00      | 73,280,643.19           | 0.00               | 93,280,643.19                           |
|   | Sale     | 24,700,000.00      | 86,085,875.19           | 0.00               | 110,785,875.19                          |
| Other swaps                             | Purchase | 122,500,000.00     | 267,545,498.76          | 1,078,870,680.60   | 1,468,916,179.36                        |
|   | Sale     | 95,500,000.00      | 211,545,498.76          | 674,870,680.60     | 981,916,179.36                          |
| Total                                   | Cale     | 155,900,537,770.42 | 187,122,034,841.67      | 118,939,823,268.82 | 461,962,395,880.91                      |
| Thereof OTC products in EUR thousand    |          | 155,413,588        | 187,121,367             | 118,939,823        | 461,474,778                             |
| Thereof exchange-traded products in EUR |          | 100,710,000        | 107, 121,007            | 110,303,023        | 701,717,170                             |
| thousand                                |          | 486,950            | 668                     | 0                  | 487,618                                 |
|   |          |                    |                         |                    | , , ,                                   |

The presentation of the nominal values is made without netting of transactions with the London Clearing House (LCH).

In the table the nominal values for options (mainly caps) with a fair value of zero are included for the first time. The amounts of the comparative period 2015 have been adjusted accordingly.

| Dec 15                           |          | Time to ma  | turity for notional amo | unts        |             |
|----------------------------------|----------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| in EUR thousand                  |          | < 1 years   | 1-5 years               | > 5 years   | Total       |
| Interest rate contracts          | •        | 73,490,354  | 164,022,022             | 132,139,391 | 369,651,768 |
| OTC products                     |          |             |                         |             |             |
| Interest rate options            | Purchase | 4,858,145   | 11,332,053              | 9,347,708   | 25,537,906  |
|                                  | Sale     | 5,643,304   | 11,885,160              | 10,045,309  | 27,573,773  |
| Interest rate swaps              | Purchase | 31,406,449  | 70,382,841              | 56,368,836  | 158,158,125 |
|                                  | Sale     | 31,413,450  | 70,371,969              | 56,377,539  | 158,162,958 |
| FRAs                             | Purchase | 111,017     | 0                       | 0           | 111,017     |
|                                  | Sale     | 50,000      | 50,000                  | 0           | 100,000     |
| Exchange-traded products         |          |             |                         |             |             |
| Futures                          |          | 3,916       | 0                       | 0           | 3,916       |
| Interest rate options            |          | 4,073       | 0                       | 0           | 4,073       |
| Currency contracts               |          | 80,429,117  | 20,995,556              | 6,932,460   | 108,357,133 |
| OTC products                     |          |             |                         |             |             |
| Currency options                 | Purchase | 1,647,659   | 192,606                 | 96,584      | 1,936,849   |
|                                  | Sale     | 1,581,809   | 163,873                 | 96,681      | 1,842,363   |
| Currency swaps                   | Purchase | 38,676,071  | 10,294,532              | 3,389,961   | 52,360,564  |
|                                  | Sale     | 38,504,000  | 10,344,545              | 3,349,233   | 52,197,777  |
| FRAs                             | Purchase | 0           | 0                       | 0           | 0           |
|                                  | Sale     | 0           | 0                       | 0           | 0           |
| Exchange-traded products         |          |             |                         |             |             |
| Futures                          |          | 19,579      | 0                       | 0           | 19,579      |
| Currency options                 |          | 0           | 0                       | 0           | 0           |
| Securities related contracts     |          | 2,455,933   | 6,787,116               | 949,855     | 10,192,905  |
| OTC products                     |          |             |                         |             |             |
| Equity options                   | Purchase | 330,634     | 1,723,327               | 400,894     | 2,454,855   |
|                                  | Sale     | 290,082     | 705,029                 | 290,460     | 1,285,571   |
| Equity swaps                     | Purchase | 621,433     | 2,162,527               | 129,259     | 2,913,219   |
|                                  | Sale     | 593,751     | 2,124,524               | 129,241     | 2,847,516   |
| Exchange-traded products         |          |             |                         |             |             |
| Futures                          |          | 454,114     | 0                       | 0           | 454,114     |
| Equity options                   |          | 165,920     | 71,710                  | 0           | 237,630     |
| Commodity contracts              |          | 622,997     | 52,166                  | 0           | 675,163     |
| OTC products                     |          |             |                         |             |             |
| Commodity options                | Purchase | 98,878      | 1,650                   | 0           | 100,527     |
|                                  | Sale     | 86,094      | 1,781                   | 0           | 87,875      |
| Commodity swaps                  | Purchase | 212,646     | 26,365                  | 0           | 239,011     |
|                                  | Sale     | 203,796     | 22,370                  | 0           | 226,166     |
| Exchange-traded products         |          |             |                         |             |             |
| Futures                          |          | 21,584      | 0                       | 0           | 21,584      |
| Commodity options                |          | 0           | 0                       | 0           | 0           |
| Credit derivatives               |          | 193,226     | 851,524                 | 743,546     | 1,788,297   |
| OTC products                     |          |             |                         |             |             |
| Credit default swaps             | Purchase | 73,752      | 394,699                 | 237,653     | 706,103     |
| <u></u>                          | Sale     | 119,474     | 456,826                 | 505,894     | 1,082,194   |
| Other                            |          | 59,121      | 864,533                 | 1,754,809   | 2,678,462   |
| OTC products                     |          |             | 22.224                  | •           | A= ===      |
| Other options                    | Purchase | 4,421       | 93,281                  | 0           | 97,702      |
| Others                           | Sale     | 14,700      | 96,086                  | 0           | 110,786     |
| Other swaps                      | Purchase | 20,000      | 376,633                 | 1,079,404   | 1,476,037   |
| T. A.I.                          | Sale     | 20,000      | 298,533                 | 675,404     | 993,937     |
| Total                            |          | 157,250,749 | 193,572,918             | 142,520,061 | 493,343,728 |
| Thereof OTC products             |          | 156,581,564 | 193,501,208             | 142,520,061 | 492,602,832 |
| Thereof exchange-traded products |          | 669,186     | 71,710                  | 0           | 740,896     |
|                                  |          | ,           |                         |             | •           |

# 28. Derivative financial instruments and fixed-asset financial instruments acc. to the Fair-Value Valuation Act (FVBG)

## **Derivative financial instruments**

| Dec 16                            | Notional           | amount             | Carrying amount  | Fair v           | alue              |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| in EUR                            | Purchase           | Sale               |                  | Positive         | Negative          |
| Interest rate contracts           | 168,706,307,935.10 | 169,641,907,165.06 | 430,013,337.68   | 6,245,204,300.63 | -5,228,295,990.35 |
| OTC products                      |                    |                    |                  |                  |                   |
| Interest rate options             | 21,073,467,028.96  | 22,029,761,197.01  | 112,567,542.22   | 1,214,666,439.46 | -1,085,171,481.55 |
| Interest rate swaps               | 147,220,260,835.97 | 147,220,053,088.14 | 315,710,173.39   | 5,024,934,720.50 | -4,139,256,990.20 |
| FRAs                              | 410,971,613.10     | 389,516,702.70     | 1,735,622.07     | 5,603,140.67     | -3,867,518.60     |
| Exchange-traded products          |                    |                    |                  |                  |                   |
| Futures                           | 698,457.07         | 2,154,177.21       | 0.00             | 0.00             | 0.00              |
| Interest rate options             | 910,000.00         | 422,000.00         | 0.00             | 0.00             | 0.00              |
| Currency contracts                | 54,341,740,980.50  | 54,171,098,339.82  | 88,448,785.15    | 335,635,814.91   | -226,935,114.35   |
| OTC products                      |                    |                    |                  |                  |                   |
| Currency options                  | 1,876,048,538.48   | 1,800,944,233.70   | 13,103,132.06    | 62,065,723.19    | -35,403,964.44    |
| Currency swaps                    | 52,465,692,442.02  | 52,343,218,853.30  | 75,345,653.09    | 273,570,091.72   | -191,531,149.91   |
| FRAs                              | 0.00               | 0.00               | 0.00             | 0.00             | 0.00              |
| Exchange-traded products          |                    |                    |                  |                  |                   |
| Futures                           | 0.00               | 26,935,252.82      | 0.00             | 0.00             | 0.00              |
| Currency options                  | 0.00               | 0.00               | 0.00             | 0.00             | 0.00              |
| Securities related contracts      | 5,874,297,885.55   | 4,609,393,838.00   | 79,123,925.73    | 283,083,183.22   | -192,137,370.95   |
| OTC products                      |                    |                    |                  |                  |                   |
| Equity options                    | 2,639,873,932.12   | 1,620,543,808.72   | 13,635,556.43    | 99,170,834.79    | -94,556,353.73    |
| Equity swaps                      | 2,925,750,652.33   | 2,873,835,421.27   | 66,396,328.42    | 182,908,102.60   | -95,668,812.27    |
| Exchange-traded products          |                    |                    |                  |                  |                   |
| Futures                           | 268,799,161.10     | 50,756,828.01      | 0.00             | 0.00             | 0.00              |
| Equity options                    | 39,874,140.00      | 64,257,780.00      | -907,959.12      | 1,004,245.83     | -1,912,204.95     |
| Commodity contracts               | 198,425,300.71     | 144,378,877.45     | 66,159.49        | 12,509,190.42    | -12,443,903.18    |
| OTC products                      |                    |                    |                  |                  |                   |
| Commodity options                 | 3,573,989.15       | 3,705,549.15       | 3,900.32         | 8,032.12         | -1,144.77         |
| Commodity swaps                   | 163,584,070.50     | 139,130,587.22     | 62,259.17        | 12,501,158.30    | -12,442,758.41    |
| Exchange-traded products          |                    |                    |                  |                  |                   |
| Futures                           | 31,267,241.06      | 1,542,741.08       | 0.00             | 0.00             | 0.00              |
| Commodity options                 | 0.00               | 0.00               | 0.00             | 0.00             | 0.00              |
| Credit derivatives                | 667,101,260.29     | 952,845,421.34     | -6,380,436.28    | 20,322,667.68    | -26,581,088.89    |
| OTC products                      |                    |                    |                  |                  |                   |
| Credit default options            | 0.00               | 0.00               | 0.00             | 0.00             | 0.00              |
| Credit default swaps              | 667,101,260.29     | 952,845,421.34     | -6,380,436.28    | 20,322,667.68    | -26,581,088.89    |
| Other                             | 1,562,196,822.55   | 1,092,702,054.55   | -36,643,640.64   | 90,764,137.96    | -67,578,630.99    |
| OTC products                      |                    |                    |                  |                  |                   |
| Other options                     | 93,280,643.19      | 110,785,875.19     | 24,240.17        | 627,253.81       | -313,628.40       |
| Other swaps                       | 1,468,916,179.36   | 981,916,179.36     | -36,667,880.81   | 90,136,884.15    | -67,265,002.59    |
| OTC products                      | 231,008,521,185.47 | 230,466,256,917.10 | 555,536,090.25   | 6,986,515,048.99 | -5,752,059,893.76 |
| Exchange-traded products          | 341,548,999.23     | 146,068,779.12     | -907,959.12      | 1,004,245.83     | -1,912,204.95     |
| Total                             | 231,350,070,184.70 | 230,612,325,696.22 | 554,628,131.13   | 6,987,519,294.82 | -5,753,972,098.71 |
| thereof external/internal deals   | •                  |                    |                  | •                |                   |
| external deals                    | 200,222,743,735.04 | 200,495,640,594.27 | 1,253,542,067.78 | 5,390,653,726.73 | -4,157,106,530.62 |
| internal deals                    | 31,127,326,449.66  | 30,116,685,101.95  | -698,913,936.65  | 1,596,865,568.09 | -1,596,865,568.09 |
| thereof trading book/banking book |                    |                    |                  |                  |                   |
| Trading Book                      | 204,289,751,626.68 | 204,614,219,784.19 | 482,995,462.88   | 5,348,063,278.67 | -4,865,067,815.79 |
| Banking Book                      | 27,060,318,558.01  | 25,998,105,912.03  | 71,632,668.25    | 1,639,456,016.15 | -888,904,282.92   |
| thereof hedges                    | 26,361,471,059.07  | 25,299,080,132.62  | 93,898,786.73    | 1,634,940,751.16 | -866,400,152.93   |

The presentation of the nominal values is made without netting of transactions with the London Clearing House (LCH).

The fair value of options was determined using accepted option pricing models. The valuation models used include models of the Black-Scholes class, binomial models, as well as Hull-White and BGM models.

In the table the nominal values for options (mainly caps) with a fair value of zero are included for the first time. The amounts of the comparative period 2015 have been adjusted accordingly.

| Negative -6,545,226 -1,264,544 -5,280,682 ( ( ( ( ( ( ( -180,334 -14,187 -166,147 |
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| -903,685<br>-891,725  |
| 333333333333333333333333333333333333333   |

The book values are presented in following balance sheet items:

| in EUR or in EUR thousand          | Dec 16           | Thereof internal trades | Dec 15    |
|------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| A12 Other assets                   | 5,658,441,808.90 | 542,349,839.80          | 6,729,349 |
| A14 Prepayments and accrued income | 109,276,466.20   | 107,395,764.50          | 110,930   |
| P04 Other liabilities              | 4,922,084,219.30 | 1,108,356,603.80        | 6,136,600 |
| P05 Accruals and deferred income   | 268,520,501.20   | 240,302,937.20          | 253,979   |
| P06 Provisions                     | 22,485,423.40    | 0.00                    | 26,351    |
| Total                              | 554,628,131.10   | -698,913,936.60         | 423,350   |

#### **Fixed-asset instruments**

In the following table the figures are without interest accruals.

|   | Dec 16           |                     |                |                 |  |
|---|------------------|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|--|
| in EUR  | Carrying amount  | Positive fair value | Hidden losses  | Hidden reserves |  |
| Treasury bills                                | 240,535,026.30   | 239,350,919.36      | -1,184,106.94  |                 |  |
|   | 4,202,577,120.30 | 4,542,340,008.55    |                | 339,762,888.25  |  |
| Loans and advances to credit institutions     | 511,817,596.15   | 495,945,113.15      | -15,872,483.00 |                 |  |
|   | 711,044,905.50   | 715,370,829.05      |                | 4,325,923.55    |  |
| Loans and advances to customers               | 313,195,437.01   | 307,922,685.15      | -5,272,751.86  |                 |  |
|   | 103,435,046.41   | 104,466,499.68      |                | 1,031,453.27    |  |
| Debt securities                               | 1,395,261,759.08 | 1,364,563,507.19    | -30,698,251.89 |                 |  |
|   | 1,427,716,234.24 | 1,517,891,037.85    |                | 90,174,803.61   |  |
| Shares  | 144,943,166.67   | 141,260,075.00      | -3,683,091.67  |                 |  |
|   | 644,610,124.53   | 652,175,708.50      |                | 7,565,583.97    |  |
| Financial instruments carried as fixed assets | 2,605,752,985.21 | 2,549,042,299.85    | -56,710,685.36 |                 |  |
|   | 7,089,383,430.98 | 7,532,244,083.63    |                | 442,860,652.65  |  |
|   |                  |                     |                |                 |  |

|   | Dec 15          |                     |               |                 |  |
|---|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|--|
| in EUR thousand                               | Carrying amount | Positive fair value | Hidden losses | Hidden reserves |  |
| Treasury bills                                | 51,243          | 50,865              | -379          |                 |  |
|   | 4,572,005       | 4,943,334           |               | 371,330         |  |
| Loans and advances to credit institutions     | 534,616         | 505,601             | -29,015       |                 |  |
|   | 797,950         | 806,412             |               | 8,462           |  |
| Loans and advances to customers               | 232,700         | 229,163             | -3,537        |                 |  |
|   | 56,487          | 57,373              |               | 885             |  |
| Debt securities                               | 1,332,272       | 1,298,971           | -33,300       |                 |  |
|   | 1,572,374       | 1,665,744           |               | 93,369          |  |
| Shares  | 759,370         | 749,759             | -9,611        |                 |  |
|   | 33,305          | 33,968              |               | 663             |  |
| Financial instruments carried as fixed assets | 2,910,201       | 2,834,359           | -75,842       |                 |  |
|   | 7,032,121       | 7,506,831           |               | 474,709         |  |

Assets were not impaired, since the impairment is not presumed to be permanent. The fair value is the amount that could be obtained in an active market through the sale of a financial instrument, or correspondingly the amount that would be payable for its purchase. Market prices were used to determine fair value where available. Where no market price was available, valuation models were used, particularly the net present value method.

#### 29. Market value for securities in inactive markets

Erste Group Bank AG calculates theoretical prices for securities in an inactive market. A market is assumed to be inactive when prices for the relevant security are formed only sporadically, there is only small-volume trading, or no current prices are available.

Of the securities allocated to trading on stock exchanges and valued to market price, theoretical prices were used for the following volumes:

In the following tables the figures are shown without interest accruals.

| Carrying amount of securities not marked on the basis of market prices in EUR          | Fair value on the basis of the price in the inactive market | Difference 2016 |
|--|---|-----------------|
| 1,369,615,932.81   | 1,371,067,913.94  | 1,451,981.13    |
| Carrying amount of securities not marked on the basis of market prices in EUR thousand | Fair value on the basis of the price in the inactive market | Difference 2015 |
| 965,036  | 962,841   | -2,195          |

## 30. Reclassification in securities positions

In 2016 no need for reclassification of security positions to the current asset portfolio occured.

#### 31. Hedging transactions

Erste Group Bank AG uses interest rate swaps, currency swaps and options to hedge against future cash flows or the market risk (interest rate, exchange rate and price risk) resulting from balance sheet assets (bonds, loans) and liabilities (own issues, promissory notes, loans) on an individual basis or as a group.

Derivatives are used as specified by the hedging strategy in accordance with the Commercial Code (UGB) to hedge the fair value of underlying transactions (e.g. by swapping fixed for variable interest payments) and cash streams (e.g. by swapping variable for fixed interest payments) thereby reducing the interest rate risk of Erste Group Bank AG to the level defined under the interest risk strategy.

As of 30.6.2016, all cash flow hedge relationships were terminated, as efficiency between the hedged risk of basic transactions and interest rate swaps could no longer be maintained due to the negative interest rate environment. A one-off positive result in the amount of EUR 99,490,975.80 was the result of the termination of the swaps, due to the swap compensation payments received. This is included in other operating income. The nominal volume of the terminated swap transactions amounted to EUR 1,500,000,000,000.00.

| in EUR                                 | Dec 16           | Dec 15           | Change          |
|--|------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Positive market value fair value hedge | 1,421,125,093.28 | 1,758,874,460.31 | -337,749,367.03 |
| Positive market value cash flow hedge  | 0.00             | 80,930,965.85    | -80,930,965.85  |
| Total positive market values           | 1,421,125,093.28 | 1,839,805,426.16 | -418,680,332.88 |
| Negative market value fair value hedge | -825,319,746.26  | -850,754,214.18  | 25,434,467.92   |
| Negative market value cash flow hedge  | 0.00             | 0.00             | 0.00            |
| Total negative market values           | -825,319,746.26  | -850,754,214.18  | 25,434,467.92   |

The market values are displayed based on clean prices. Where market values are negative, they represent off-balance-sheet losses from derivatives in a hedge relationship. As of 31 December 2016, fair value hedges were up to 2042. The negative market values (accrued interest not considered) of derivatives used to hedge against cash flows are not recognised in the annual financial statements because these cash flows are – with a level of probability of virgued certainty – offset by recognised counter cash-flows from the underlying transactions.

Effectiveness is basically measured using critical terms match.

#### 32. Consideration of CVA/DVA in derivative valuation

Credit value adjustments (CVA) for counterparty default risk and debit value adjustments (DVA) for own credit risk are carried out for all OTC derivatives. The CVA adjustment depends on the expected positive exposure and the counterparty's credit standing. DVA is determined by the expected negative exposure and by the credit quality of Erste Group Bank AG. For the major product classes, the procedure implemented at Erste Group Bank AG for the calculation of expected exposure is based on a model that relies on replicated options and on a Monte Carlo simulation, respectively. For several products, which cannot be represented using the above-mentioned procedure, exposure calculation is based on a market value method including add-on. The default probability of counterparties not actively traded in the market is calculated by adjusting the internal PDs using a basket of liquid issuers (active in the Central European market). This ensures that the valuation method integrates market-based information. Counterparties with liquid bond or CDS markets are assigned market-based probabilities of default that are directly derived from these instruments. The valuation parameters for Erste Group Bank AG are derived from the repurchase price for Erste Group Bank AG bonds. With collateralised derivatives, the effect of collateral received is considered and reduces the CVA amount accordingly. When determining exposure, netting effects are generally taken into account only for counterparties with whom the effect is material. In these cases, both CVAs and DVAs were netted. No CVA was recognised for counterparties fully backed by Credit support annex - agreements (CSA). However, where the thresholds were not equal to zero, CVAs/DVAs for these customers were calculated using a netting approach, with the respective threshold applying as the upper limit for simulated exposure. For customers with a unilateral CSA contract, only the respective shares were taken into account, i.e. no DVA was calculated if the bank pays but does not receive any collateral. Where collateral is paid but not received by the counterparty, the DVA is not computed, whereas the CVA continues to be calculated.

For portfolios that are marked-to-market, both a CVA and a DVA in the amount of EUR -13,884,825.00 (prior year: EUR -19,819 thousand) and EUR 8,234,124.00 (prior year: EUR 10,277 thousand), respectively, were recognised. In due application of the principle of prudence, a CVA in the amount of EUR -2,862,776.00 (prior year: EUR -4,973 thousand) was recognised for the banking book.

## 33. Risk provisions

Changes in risk provisions (loans and advances to credit institutions and to customers as well as contingent liabilities):

| in EUR or in EUR thousand | Dec 16          | Dec 15   |
|---------------------------|-----------------|----------|
| Opening balance           | 650,806,643.68  | 737,246  |
| Allocations               | 251,907,711.22  | 396,796  |
| Use                       | -262,474,568.99 | -257,788 |
| Releases                  | -218,815,692.97 | -232,223 |
| Reclassification          | -2,365,020.62   | 0        |
| Exchange rate changes     | 1,581,565.02    | 6,776    |
| Closing balance           | 420,640,637.34  | 650,807  |

#### 34. Contingent liabilities

Off balance liabilities has been recognised EUR 3,995,993,277.38 (prior year: EUR 4,180,588 thousand) as "Contingent liabilities" for guarantees and warranties relating to the provision of collateral. This includes a letter of comfort issued in 2015 by Erste Group Bank AG amounting to EUR 406,539,103.00 (prior year: EUR 423,989 thousand) on behalf of affiliated companies for these failure to meet their rental commitments. Furthermore, credit derivatives amounting to EUR 440,946,229.20 (prior year: EUR 636,216 thousand). The required provisions were subtracted from the contingent liabilities.

#### 35. Credit Risk

Credit risk in the amount of EUR 7,588,052,703.32 (prior year: EUR 6,916,450 thousand) for loan and guarantee commitments have not yet been exercised. These amounts are net of the appropriate provisions.

# 36. Gross income - regional breakdown

Gross income of Erste Group Bank AG was broken down as follows (according to the location of branches):

|  |                  | 1-12 16        |                  | 1-12 15   |         |           |  |
|--|------------------|----------------|------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|--|
| in EUR or in EUR thousand                          | Domestic         | Abroad         | Total            | Domestic  | Abroad  | Total     |  |
| Interest and similar income                        | 717,080,479.90   | 124,995,852.34 | 842,076,332.24   | 895,452   | 132,087 | 1,027,539 |  |
| Income from securities and participating interests | 1,043,177,676.71 | 364,640.92     | 1,043,542,317.63 | 675,220   | 600     | 675,819   |  |
| Commission income                                  | 139,347,961.57   | 1,633,220.46   | 140,981,182.03   | 157,735   | 1,799   | 159,534   |  |
| Net profit or loss on financial operations         | 1,175,863.52     | 107,365.84     | 1,283,229.36     | 26,062    | -41     | 26,022    |  |
| Other operating income                             | 212,486,688.74   | 5,758,666.24   | 218,245,354.98   | 158,506   | 7,803   | 166,309   |  |
| Gross income                                       | 2,113,268,670.44 | 132,859,745.80 | 2,246,128,416.24 | 1,912,975 | 142,249 | 2,055,224 |  |

#### 37. Net interest income

Erste Group Bank AG recognises negative interest charged on loans (assets) in the amount of EUR 52,016,391.89 (prior year: EUR 12,789 thousand) under interest and similar expenses and negative interest paid for deposits (liabilities) in the amount of EUR 24,523,229.05 (prior year: EUR 17,925 thousand) as interest and similar income.

## 38. Income from participating interests and shares in affiliated companies

Profits of affiliated companies resulting from subsidiaries that are considered a tax group with Erste Group Bank AG under the group taxation regulations of 2005 are recognised in the income statement of Erste Group Bank AG under income from participating interests and shares in affiliated companies amounting to EUR 332,913,238.02 in 2016 (prior year: EUR 93,658 thousand).

# 39. Other operating income

Other operating income in the amount of EUR 218,245,354.98 (prior year: EUR 166,309 thousand) includes income from personnel and administrative expenses passed along to affiliated companies in the amount of EUR 85,725,726.77 (prior year: EUR 80,063 thousand). In 2016, this item further included income in the amount of EUR 99,490,975.80 from termination of derivates from former cash flow hedge

relations (prior year: EUR 57,915 thousand from the release of the provision for the negative market values of derivatives in the banking book for internal trades that are not used for hedging purposes).

# 40. Personnel expenses

In terms of personnel expenses, expenses for severance payments and payments to severance-payment funds included expenses for severance payments in the amount of EUR 9,628,499.98 (prior year: income EUR 126 thousand).

## 41. Other administrative expenses

Other administrative expenses include fees paid for auditing and tax advisory services. The table below lists the fees charged by the annual auditors (these are mainly Sparkassen-Prüfungsverband and Ernst & Young):

| in EUR or in EUR thousand                          | 1-12 16      | 1-12 15 |
|--|--------------|---------|
| Fees charged for auditing the financial statements | 3,474,069.47 | 4,017   |
| Fees charged for audit-related services            | 455,124.04   | 2,321   |
| Fees charged for tax advisory services             | 1,165,620.52 | 796     |
| Other administrative expenses                      | 5,094,814.03 | 7,133   |

## 42. Other operating expenses

Other operating expenses of Erste Group Bank AG, which amounted to EUR 26,578,905.37 (prior year: EUR 35,052 thousand), essentially consisted of expenses for the Recovery & Resolution fund in the amount of EUR 19,682,680.00 (prior year: EUR 19,281 thousand). In addition, this item included insurance payments against operational risk in the amount of EUR 6,208,983.50 (prior year: EUR 6,702 thousand) in 2016.

# 43. Value adjustments as well as results from purchases and sales in respect of participating interests and shares in affiliated companies

In 2016 the balance of value adjustments in respect of participating interests and shares in affiliated companies amounted to positive EUR 374,785,335.47 (prior year: 201,186). This resulted primarily from write-ups of Banca Comercială Română S.A. amounting to EUR 321,498,711.21 and of Erste Bank Hungary Zrt.with EUR 48,700,000.00.

During the reporting year, impairment requirements for affiliated companies (subsidiaries that are considered a tax group with Erste Group Bank AG under the group taxation regulations of 2005) amounted to EUR 4,159,662.59 (prior year: EUR 33 thousand). The loss from sales for affiliated undertakings amounted to EUR 196,190.16 (prior year: EUR 0 thousand).

# 44. Taxes on profit and loss

The item tax on profit or loss, tax income amounted to EUR 56,084,004.59 (prior year: income EUR 85,987 thousand). Net income from taxes on profit or loss was EUR 90,073,699.80 (prior year: EUR 87,575 thousand) under the current tax allocation system, whereas tax expense from foreign taxes on income of previous years amounted to EUR 2,887,948.90 (prior year: income of EUR 870 thousand) according to section 9 Corporate Tax Act (Körperschaftssteuergesetz) on group taxation.

Since 2005, Erste Group Bank AG and its main domestic subsidiaries have formed a tax group in accordance with section 9 Corporate Tax Act, with Erste Group Bank AG as parent of the group ("Gruppenträger"). Group and tax equalisation agreements were concluded with all affiliated companies. Under these agreements, affiliated companies allocate amounts equivalent to the corporation tax on taxable profits to Erste Group Bank AG. Since tax losses from prior years are recorded and offset against their current tax liability by the affiliated companies themselves, there is no obligation to make tax allocation payments to Erste Group Bank AG. Moreover, Erste Group Bank AG undertakes to make compensatory payments for any tax losses utilised up to that point to any affiliated companies leaving the Group. Future tax liabilities resulting from these constellations were allocated to provisions if their realisation was probable. Against this backdrop, those provisions set aside for future obligations up to 2015 with a total volume of EUR 6,231,348.12 were reversed in 2016.

Foreign income tax and other foreign income-related taxes were EUR 1,222,870.17 (prior year: expenses of EUR 3,464 thousand).

#### 45. Other taxes

The item other taxes if not recognised in item 18 essentially includes the bank levy in the value of EUR 221,559,913.10 (prior year: EUR 98,796 thousand). In addition to the regular levy of the stability fee, Erste Group Bank AG had to make a special payment of EUR 138,270,367.00. For this payment, there is an option in § 5 StabAbgG to either make the payment in four quarters one each of the years 2017-2020, whereby the levy debt arises in the respective year, or to make a one-off payment by 31 January 2017. For the second of the two options, the levy arises in 2016, which Erste Group Bank AG opted for.

# 46. Result from mergers

As of 20 June 2016, Erste Bank Beteiligungen GmbH was merged with Erste Group Bank AG (up-stream-merger). As the investment book value of Erste Group Bank AG was higher than the balance of the acquired book values, the result was a book loss in the amount of EUR 56,336,525.10, which is stated in the special item Result from mergers.

## 47. Branches on a consolidated basis

| Business                                       |               | al lending to foreign banks,<br>panies and sovereign debtors |               | Institutional sales-<br>business |
|--|---------------|--|---------------|----------------------------------|
| Branches                                       | London        | New York   | Hong Kong     | Berlin, Stuttgart                |
| Country of domicile                            | Great Britain | USA  | China         | Germany                          |
| Net interest income in EUR                     | 25,812,493.53 | 56,262,019.91  | 14,214,230.80 | -1,723.43                        |
| Operating result in EUR                        | 32,197,146.10 | 57,300,359.35  | 13,855,402.28 | 4,723,328.00                     |
| Headcount                                      | 29            | 21   | 23            | 13                               |
| Profit or loss from ordinary activities in EUR | 9,259,459.95  | 44,169,107.01  | 6,261,569.45  | 187,342.53                       |
| Taxes on income in EUR                         | 0.00          | 8,391,445.79   | 714,610.57    | -40,875.15                       |
| Public benefits received                       | None          | None   | None          | None                             |

#### 48. Return on assets

Net profit for the year after tax before changes in reserves expressed in proportion to the average total assets was 1.8% in 2016 (prior year: 1.3%).

# 49. Events after balance sheet date

On 3 January 2017, Erste Group Bank AG signed the purchase agreement to acquire a 79.62% stake of Erste Bank der Oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG at Intermarket Bank AG. The transaction was still in January completed. No essential effects on the financial situation are expected.

## D. INFORMATION ON BOARD MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES

#### **Employees**

The average number of employees at Erste Group Bank AG (weighted, excluding employees on leave and management board members) was 2,022 during the financial year 2016 (prior year: 2,008).

In 2016, 211 employees (prior year: 226) worked at other companies against reimbursement of expenses. The reimbursement of costs of EUR 21,711,803.31 (prior year: 22,712 thousand) is included in other operating expenses.

#### **Board members**

Neither in 2016 nor in the previous year did Erste Group Bank AG grant loans to members of the board or supervisory board.

#### Management board members

Managing board remuneration is as follows:

#### **Fixed salaries**

| in EUR or in EUR thousand | 1-12 16      | 1-12 15 |
|---------------------------|--------------|---------|
| Andreas Treichl           | 1,475,000.12 | 1,335   |
| Peter Bosek               | 700,000.00   | 633     |
| Petr Brávek               | 700,000.00   | 495     |
| Andreas Gottschling       | 700,000.00   | 633     |
| Gernot Mittendorfer       | 700,000.00   | 633     |
| Jozef Síkela              | 700,000.00   | 633     |
| Total                     | 4,975,000.12 | 4,362   |

A management board position both in Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG (Erste Bank Oesterreich) and in Erste Group Bank AG was held by Peter Bosek until 31 January 2016. 50% of the costs indicated were thus reimbursed to Erste Bank Oesterreich.

Since the financial year 2010, the variable part of the management board's remuneration, including both cash payments and share-equivalents, is distributed over five years in accordance with legal requirements and is paid out only under certain conditions. Share equivalents are not exchange-traded shares but phantom shares that are paid out in cash after a one-year vesting period based on defined criteria.

In 2016, performance-linked remuneration and share-equivalents were paid out or vested for the financial year 2015 and for previous financial years. For the financial years 2014 and 2011 no performance-linked remuneration was paid out to board members.

#### **Performance linked remuneration**

|                     |                | 1-12                              | 16                 |                                   |                | 1-12                              | 15             |                                   |  |
|---------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|--|
|                     | for 2          | 2015                              | for previous years |                                   | for 2          | for 2014                          |                | for previous years                |  |
|                     | cash<br>in EUR | share-<br>equivalents<br>in units | cash<br>in EUR     | share-<br>equivalents<br>in units | cash<br>in EUR | share-<br>equivalents<br>in units | cash<br>in EUR | share-<br>equivalents<br>in units |  |
| Andreas Treichl     | 218,739.00     | 10,505                            | 156,824.71         | 6,953                             | 0.00           | 0                                 | 156,824.71     | 6,953                             |  |
| Peter Bosek         | 96,755.00      | 4,775                             | 0.00               | 0                                 | 0.00           | 0                                 | 0.00           | 0                                 |  |
| Petr Brávek         | 111,600.00     | 4,775                             | 0.00               | 0                                 | 0.00           | 0                                 | 0.00           | 0                                 |  |
| Andreas Gottschling | 118,424.00     | 5,094                             | 4,000.00           | 168                               | 0.00           | 0                                 | 4,000.00       | 168                               |  |
| Gernot Mittendorfer | 120,000.00     | 4,775                             | 27,200.00          | 1,424                             | 0.00           | 0                                 | 27,200.00      | 1,424                             |  |
| Jozef Síkela        | 102,024.00     | 4,775                             | 0.00               | 0                                 | 0.00           | 0                                 | 0.00           | 0                                 |  |
| Total               | 767,542.00     | 34,679                            | 188,024.71         | 8,545                             | 0.00           | 0                                 | 188,024.71     | 8,545                             |  |

Share-equivalents were valued at the average weighted daily share price of Erste Group Bank AG of the year 2016 (2015) in the amount of EUR 24.57 (EUR 25.13) per share.

#### Long-Term Incentive-Programme

A long-term incentive-programme (LTI), which was started on 1 January 2010, expired in 2015. The programme was based on changes in the share price of Erste Group Bank AG versus a group of peers and the Dow Jones Euro Stoxx Banks. In 2015, it did not result in any payment.

The item 'Other remuneration' comprises pension fund contributions, contribution to employee provision funds (for new-type severance payments) and remuneration in kind.

#### Other remuneration

| in EUR or in EUR thousand | 1-12 16      | 1-12 15 |
|---------------------------|--------------|---------|
| Andreas Treichl           | 1,132,363.04 | 1454    |
| Peter Bosek               | 132,446.96   | 84      |
| Petr Brávek               | 132,668.69   | 64      |
| Andreas Gottschling       | 164,159.51   | 157     |
| Gernot Mittendorfer       | 133,760.88   | 86      |
| Jozef Síkela              | 152,893.16   | 82      |
| Total                     | 1,848,292.24 | 1,928   |

In 2016, EUR 2,892,922.18 (prior year: EUR 3,140 thousand) was paid in cash and 8,390 share-equivalents (prior year: 8,390) were assigned to former members of the management bodies and their dependants.

## Principles governing the pension scheme for management board members

Members of the management board participate in the defined contribution pension plan of Erste Group Bank AG on the basis of the same principles as employees. For one member of the management board, compensatory payments have to be made to the pension fund in case the management board member's tenure ends before he or she reaches the age of 65 by no fault of the member.

## Principles governing vested benefits and entitlements of management board members in case of termination of the position

Regarding vested benefits and entitlements of management board members in the event of termination of their position, the standard legal severance benefit provisions of section 23 of the Austrian Salaried Employees Act (Angestelltengesetz) still apply to one member of the management board. All other members of the management board are not entitled to receive any severance benefits.

The remuneration granted to the management board members complies with the banking rules on management remuneration.

# **Supervisory board members**

The supervisory board consists of at least three and a maximum of twelve members elected in the annual general meeting. Unless the annual general meeting has determined a shorter term of the mandate for individual, several or all supervisory board members on the occasion of their appointment, the term of office of the members of the supervisory board ends at the close of the annual general meeting that resolves on the approvals of their actions for the fourth financial business year following their election; re-election is permitted. In addition, membership of the supervisory board ceases upon death, revocation, resignation or in the event of a defined impediment. Revocation requires a majority of three quarters of valid votes cast and a majority of three-quarters of the registered capital represented at the time of the resolution.

In 2016, the members of supervisory board of Erste Group Bank AG were paid EUR 907,400.00 (prior year: EUR 845 thousand) for their board function. The following members of the supervisory board received the following remuneration for their board function in fully consolidated subsidiaries of Erste Group Bank AG: Friedrich Rödler EUR 38,500.00 (prior year: EUR 39 thousand), Jan Homan EUR 15,100.00 (prior year: EUR 13 thousand), Gunter Griss EUR 55,000.00 (prior year: EUR 52 thousand), Maximilian Hardegg EUR 50,600.00 (prior year: EUR 40 thousand), Brian D. O'Neill EUR 45,688.00 (prior year: EUR 33 thousand), John James Stack EUR 81,975.00 (prior year: EUR 53 thousand). Erste Group Bank AG did not conclude other legal transactions with its members of the supervisory board.

# Breakdown of supervisory board remuneration

| in EUR                         | 1-12 16    | 1-12 15 |
|--------------------------------|------------|---------|
| Supervisory board compensation | 664,400.00 | 580     |
| Meeting fees                   | 243,000.00 | 265     |
| Total                          | 907,400.00 | 845     |

Pursuant to the decision passed at the annual general meeting of 11 May 2016, the supervisory board adopted in its constituent meeting the following remuneration structure for the financial year 2015:

| in EUR        | Number | Allowance per person | Total allowance |
|---------------|--------|----------------------|-----------------|
| Chairman      | 1      | 100,000.00           | 100,000.00      |
| Vice Chairmen | 2      | 75,000.00            | 150,000.00      |
| Members       | 9      | 50,000.00            | 450,000.00      |
| Total         | 12     |                      | 700,000.00      |

The tables below provide information on Erste Group Bank AG shares held by management board and supervisory board members as well as transactions carried out with Erste Group Bank AG shares (numbers of shares). The Erste Group Bank AG shares held by management board and supervisory board members, whose office term began or ended during the financial year, as at the date of inception or termination of their term in office were recognised as additions or disposals.

| Management to an all and a second a second and a second a | As of            | Autottet  | Discosolo | As of            |
|--|------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------|
| Management board member  | 31 December 2015 | Additions | Disposals | 31 December 2016 |
| Andreas Treichl  | 164,640          | 0         | 0         | 164,640          |
| Peter Bosek  | 1,000            | 0         | 0         | 1,000            |
| Petr Brávek  | 0                | 0         | 0         | 0                |
| Andreas Gottschling (until 31. December 2016)  | 0                | 0         | 0         | 0                |
| Gernot Mittendorfer  | 10,000           | 0         | 0         | 10,000           |
| Jozef Síkela   | 6,300            | 0         | 0         | 6,300            |

Supervisory board members did not receive any options on Erste Group Bank AG shares for exercising their office.

| Members of the supervisory board                   | As of<br>31 December 2015 | Additions | Disposals | As of 31 December 2016 |
|--|---------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------------|
| Friedrich Rödler                                   | 1,702                     | 0         | 0         | 1,702                  |
| Jan Homan  | 4,400                     | 0         | 0         | 4,400                  |
| Bettina Breiteneder                                | 0                         | 0         | 0         | 0                      |
| Elisabeth Bleyleben Koren                          | 10,140                    | 0         | 0         | 10,140                 |
| Gonzalo Gortázar Rotaeche (until 27. October 2016) | 0                         | 0         | 0         | 0                      |
| Gunter Griss                                       | 0                         | 0         | 0         | 0                      |
| Maximilian Hardegg                                 | 40                        | 0         | 0         | 40                     |
| Elisabeth Krainer Senger Weiss                     | 0                         | 0         | 0         | 0                      |
| Antonio Massanell Lavilla                          | 0                         | 0         | 0         | 0                      |
| Brian D. O'Neill                                   | 0                         | 0         | 0         | 0                      |
| Wilhelm Rasinger                                   | 18,303                    | 3,000     | 0         | 21,303                 |
| John James Stack                                   | 32,761                    | 0         | 0         | 32,761                 |
| Markus Haag  | 160                       | 0         | 0         | 160                    |
| Regina Haberhauer                                  | 188                       | 0         | 0         | 188                    |
| Andreas Lachs                                      | 52                        | 0         | 0         | 52                     |
| Barbara Pichler                                    | 281                       | 0         | 0         | 281                    |
| Jozef Pinter                                       | 0                         | 0         | 0         | 0                      |
| Karin Zeisel                                       | 35                        | 0         | 0         | 35                     |

Persons related to management board or supervisory board members held 3,366 Erste Group Bank AG shares as of 31 December 2016 (prior year: 3,366).

Expenses for severance payments and pensions for members of the management board and managers amounted to EUR 2,711,394.84 (prior year: EUR 1,619 thousand). Expenses for severance payments and pensions for other employees amounted to EUR 33,504,548.13 (prior year: EUR 5,822 thousand) pursuant to section 239 (2) Commercial Code (UGB) regarding management board and supervisory board members is disclosed separately in section 1 of the Appendix to the Notes.

# **E. APPROPRIATION OF PROFIT**

At the annual general meeting, the management board will propose to pay out a dividend of EUR 1.00 per share (prior year: 0.50).

# F. APPENDIX 1: MANAGEMENT BODIES OF ERSTE GROUP BANK AG AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2016

# **Supervisory board**

| Position              | Name                           | Year of birth | Occupation                         | Date of initial appointment | End of the curren period of office |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Chairman              | Friedrich Rödler               | 1950          | Auditor and tax advisor            | 4 May 2004                  | AGM 2019                           |
| 1st Vice Chairman     | Jan Homan                      | 1947          | General Manager, ret.              | 4 May 2004                  | AGM 2019                           |
| 2nd Vice Chairwoman   | Bettina Breiteneder            | 1970          | Entrepreneur                       | 4 May 2004                  | AGM 2019                           |
| Member                | Elisabeth Bleyleben-Koren      | 1948          | General Manager, ret.              | 21 May 2014                 | AGM 2019                           |
| Member                | Gonzalo Gortázar Rotaeche      | 1965          | CEO, CaixaBank                     | 12 May 2015                 | 27 October 2016                    |
| Member                | Gunter Griss                   | 1945          | Lawyer                             | 21 May 2014                 | AGM 2019                           |
| Member                | Maximilian Hardegg             | 1966          | Entrepreneur                       | 12 May 2015                 | AGM 2020                           |
| Member                | Elisabeth Krainer Senger-Weiss | 1972          | Lawyer                             | 21 May 2014                 | AGM 2019                           |
| Member                | Antonio Massanell Lavilla      | 1954          | Deputy Chairman, CaixaBank         | 12 May 2015                 | AGM 2020                           |
| Member                | Brian D. O'Neill               | 1953          | Senior Advisor, Lazard Frères & Co | 31 May 2007                 | AGM 2017                           |
| Member                | Wilhelm Rasinger               | 1948          | Consultant                         | 11 May 2005                 | AGM 2020                           |
| Member                | John James Stack               | 1946          | CEO, ret.                          | 31 May 2007                 | AGM 2017                           |
| Delegated by the empl | loyees' council                |               |                                    |                             |                                    |
| Member                | Markus Haag                    | 1980          |                                    | 21 November 2011            | until further notice               |
| Member                | Regina Haberhauer              | 1965          |                                    | 12 May 2015                 | until further notice               |
| Member                | Andreas Lachs                  | 1964          |                                    | 9 August 2008               | until further notice               |
| Member                | Barbara Pichler                | 1969          |                                    | 9 August 2008               | until further notice               |
| Member                | Jozef Pinter                   | 1974          |                                    | 25 June 2015                | until further notice               |
| Member                | Karin Zeisel                   | 1961          |                                    | 9 August 2008               | until further notice               |
|                       |                                |               |                                    |                             |                                    |

# Representatives of the supervisory authority

| Name                | Position  |  |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Wolfgang Bartsch    | State Commissioner  |  |
| Michael Kremser     | Deputy State Commissioner.  |  |
| Silvia Maca         | State Controller for Premium Reserve  |  |
| Erhard Moser        | Deputy State Controller for Premium Reserve                                       |  |
| Irene Kienzl        | Deputy trustee under the Mortgage Bank Act (Hypothekenbank- und Pfandbriefgesetz) |  |
| Thomas Schimetschek | Deputy trustee under the Mortgage Bank Act (Hypothekenbank- und Pfandbriefgesetz) |  |

# **Management board**

|                            | Year of birth | Date of initial appointment | End of current period of office |
|----------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Andreas Treichl (Chairman) | 1952          | 1 October 1994              | 30 June 2020                    |
| Peter Bosek                | 1968          | 1 January 2015              | 31 December 2020                |
| Petr Brávek                | 1961          | 1 April 2015                | 31 December 2020                |
| Willibald Cernko           | 1956          | 1 January 2017              | 31 December 2020                |
| Andreas Gottschling        | 1967          | 1 September 2013            | 31 December 2016                |
| Gernot Mittendorfer        | 1964          | 1 January 2011              | 30 December 2020                |
| Jozef Síkela               | 1967          | 1 January 2015              | 31 December 2020                |

# Vienna, 28 February 2017

# Management board

Andreas Treichl mp
Chairman

Peter Bosek mp
Member

Petr Brávek mp
Member

Willibald Cernko mp
Member

Gernot Mittendorfer mp
Member

Jozef Síkela mp
Member

# IV. Management Report

## **ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT**

In 2016, the global macroeconomic environment was particularly characterized by unexpected political events and elevated geopolitical uncertainty. Among these events, the new administration in the United States, the United Kingdom's decision to leave the European Union, increasing tension between the US and Russia, and the continued migration into Europe were the most significant ones. Despite their weakening indicators, emerging markets and developing economies continued to outgrow the advanced markets, mainly due to high growth in China and India. Russia and Brazil, however, remained in recession, particularly impacted by low commodity prices and a relatively weaker global trade. Among advanced economies, economic growth was less diverged. The United States and the euro area were supported by increasing consumption, favourable labour market developments and low inflation, but were not affected by the Brexit referendum. Inflation remained low mainly driven by bottoming commodity prices, notably the oil price which, after several years of decline, hit a 10-year low in the beginning of 2016. The British pound depreciated significantly following the vote in favour of the Brexit. The euro remained broadly unchanged against the US dollar while the Japanese yen appreciated in an environment of elevated political risk. Diverging monetary policies of the European Central Bank (ECB) and the US Federal Reserve (Fed) were also pivotal elements of shaping global macroeconomic developments. The ECB continued its expansionary monetary policy, while the Fed started to increase the base rate. Overall, global economic growth slowed down slightly from 3.2% in 2015 to 3.1% in 2016.

The United States' economy showed a gradual improvement throughout 2016 with a relatively slow start followed by increased activity later in the year. Although household consumption growth slowed down compared to the previous year, it still was one of the major drivers of economic growth. Consumption benefitted significantly from rising disposable income, low inflation, and favourable trends in the labour market. On the other hand, exports developed softer and investment activity was weaker. The United States' labour market proved to be resilient and the unemployment rate remained below 5% at the end of the year (source: IMF). Consequently, the Fed showed increasing optimism about the US economy and signalled interest rates would rise at a faster pace than previously projected, as it increased the base rate in December 2016. The central bank raised the federal-funds target rate by a quarter percentage point, to between 0.50% and 0.75% pointing to a strengthening labour market and inflation moving more rapidly toward targeted levels. Altogether, the US economy grew by 1.6% in 2016.<sup>1</sup>

The euro zone economy maintained its moderate growth. Economic performance again differed by country with Germany and Spain clearly outperforming Italy and France. Growth was mainly driven by investments and private consumption, which benefitted from a rise in real disposable income, improvement in employment, and low inflation. Despite the Brexit vote in June 2016, consumer confidence in the euro zone continued to improve. Exports were impacted by a weaker global trade but remained relatively resilient within the euro zone, but contributed to a lesser extent to economic growth. The euro zone economies showed increasing employment rates throughout the year. Unemployment, however, varied substantially among the member states, with southern countries having significantly higher rates than those in the north. Inflation in the euro area was very low in the first half of 2016 driven by falling energy prices, but it started to pick up gradually in the second half of the year. The ECB continued its expansionary monetary policy by cutting the base rate to zero and extending its bond purchase programme. Overall, real GDP growth in the euro zone economy was 1.7% in 2016.

The Austrian economy continued to perform satisfactorily. With EUR 39,700<sup>2</sup> GDP per capita the country remained one of the most prosperous economies in the euro zone characterised by its well-educated workforce, stable institutional frame-work and strong international competitiveness. Political stability prevailed, and Austria's traditionally strong SME sector achieved again a solid performance. Economic growth was to a large extent driven by increasing private consumption. Mainly low energy prices contributed to inflation remaining at low levels. Overall, tourism and the service industry showed a strong performance, and Austria's real GDP grew by 1.5% in 2016.<sup>3</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Source: IWF: http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/weo/2017/update/01/pdf/0117.pdf (Download am 21. Februar 2017), Page 7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Source: Statistik Austria: http://www.statistik.at/web\_de/statistiken/wirtschaft/volkswirtschaftliche\_gesamtrechnungen/index.html (Download am 21. Februar 2017), adjusted economic growth and inflation 2016

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Quelle: WIFO (Österreichisches Institut für Wirtschaftsforschung):

http://www.wifo.ac.at/jart/prj3/wifo/resources/person\_dokument/person\_dokument.jart?publikationsid=59271&mime\_type=application/pdf (Download am 21. Februar 2017),
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CEE economies continued to perform well. Growth was mainly driven by consumption which significantly benefitted from increasing real wages, declining unemployment rates (the Czech Republic and Hungary were among the countries showing the lowest unemployment rates in the euro zone) and low inflation. Net exports continued to increase in most CEE countries. The car industry remained an important factor, agriculture and tourism performed well, while investments declined due to a lower European Union funds' absorption rate. Positive labour market developments and competitive economies in the region supported current account balances. Public deficits across the region remained low. The main currencies of the region remained broadly stable against the euro, and the national banks of Hungary and Serbia cut the base rate further in 2016. Overall, CEE economies grew in 2016 between 2.0% in Hungary<sup>4</sup> and 4.8% in Romania.<sup>5</sup>

#### FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

# Explanatory notes on the balance sheet

**Total assets** remained almost unchanged, having declined by 0.5% from EUR 60.4 billion at the end of 2015 to 60.0 billion on 31 December 2016. The individual items developed as follows:

The most significant growth can be observed in **Cash in hand, balances with central banks**, which more than tripled from EUR 1.8 billion to EUR 5.8 billion as of 31.12.2016. **Expired treasury bills and other securities from public bodies held in assets** were compensated by acquisitions in the trading portfolio meaning that there was no change from the EUR 5.5 billion on 31.12.2015. **Loans and advances to credit institutions** decreased by 12.8% from EUR 18.2 billion in the previous year to EUR 15.9 billion. The decline primarily affected interbank business, but also affected non-marketable securities held as assets. Due to the fact that the decline in domestic customers was almost completely offset by an increase in customers abroad, **customer deposits** remained stable at EUR 13.7 billion in comparison to the end of 2015. **Debt securities** dropped by 13.7% from EUR 6.0 billion in the previous year to EUR 5.2 billion, whereby the greatest changes could be observed in securities held in fixed assets at the New York branch as well as in the trading portfolio in Austria. The carrying amounts of **participating interest and shares in affiliated companies** rose by 7.2% from EUR 5.9 billion to EUR 6.3 billion as of 31.12.2016, mainly as a consequence of write ups. **Other assets** in the amount of EUR 6.3 billion (prior year: EUR 7.6 billion) include approx. 95.0% derivatives, which decreased by 18.1% to EUR 6.0 billion by the end of 2016 in the application of balance sheet netting due to the partial transfer to the London Clearing House.

**Liabilities to credit institutions** increased by 5.9% to EUR 20.9 billion (prior year: EUR 19.7 billion) on the liabilities side, which can be attributed to an increased volume of repurchased agreements. In terms of **amounts owed to customers**, growth abroad overcompensated for domestic decline resulting in a 5.4% increase to EUR 4.5 billion at the end of 2016 (prior year 4.3 billion). As expired own issues were not replaced by new issues, **securitised liabilities** reduced by 12.4% to EUR 15.3 billion (prior year: EUR 17.4 billion). As a result of the issue of an additional tier 1 bond in June, **subordinated and additional tier capital** increased by 15.3% to EUR 5.8 billion (prior year: EUR 5.0 billion). **Other liabilities** of EUR 6.2 billion (prior year: EUR 7.4 billion) include approx. 85.0% derivatives, which decreased by 21.4% to EUR 5.4 billion by the end of 2016 due to the application of balance sheet netting due to the partial transfer to the London Clearing House.

After deduction and filtering as specified in the Capital Requirements Regulation (CRR), **Tier 1 capital** (CET 1, Basel 3, current) amounted to EUR 6.6 billion (prior year: EUR 5.3 billion); **Common equity tier 1 capital** (CET 1, Basel 3, current) amounted to EUR 6.1 billion (prior year: 5.3 billion). **Own funds** of Erste Group Bank AG pursuant to Part 2 of Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 (particularly Tier 1 and Tier 2 capital) amounted to EUR 11.2 billion on 31.12.2016 (prior year: EUR 10.0 billion). The **common equity tier 1 capital ratio** (CET 1, Basel 3, current) was 18.8% (prior year: 16.9%), whereas the **total capital ratio** (Basel 3, current) was 34.5% (prior year: 31.8%).

# **Details on earnings**

Erste Group Bank AG's **net interest income** reduced by 27.2% to EUR 312.1 million (prior year: 428.7 million), mostly due to sustained low current market interest rates and the continued reduction of NPLs. Excluding the adverse special effects on results in 2016 (change to the effective interest rate method EUR 7.8 million as well as a change in the method of accounting of interest for pension benefit obligations and plan assets EUR 7.1 million), the net interest income would amount to EUR 327.0 million in 2016, which would correspond to a decline of 23.7 %. In particular on account of the interest income from AT-1 issues of affiliated companies in the amount of EUR 50.7 million (prior year: 0 million) as well as the dividend of the Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG (affiliated company) which increased by EUR 250.0 million, the **income from securities and participating interests** rose to EUR 1,043.5 million (prior year: 0 million) as well as the dividend of the Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG (affiliated company) which increased by EUR 250.0 million, the **income from securities and participating interests** rose to EUR 1,043.5 million (prior year: 0 million) as well as the dividend of the Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG (affiliated company) which increased by EUR 250.0 million (prior year: 0 million) as well as the dividend of the Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG (affiliated company) which increased by EUR 250.0 million (prior year: 0 million) as well as the dividend of the Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG (affiliated company) which increased by EUR 250.0 million (prior year: 0 million) as well as the dividend of the Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG (affiliated company) which increased by EUR 250.0 million (prior year: 0 million) as well as the dividend of the Erste Bank der oesterreichischen Sparkassen AG (affiliated company) which increased by EUR 250.0 million (prior year: 0 million) as well as the dividend of the Erste Bank

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Source: Hungarian Central Statistical Office: http://www.ksh.hu/gyorstajekoztatok/#/en/document/gde1612 (Download am 21. Februar 2017), Seite 1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Source: National Institute of Statistics of Romania: <a href="http://www.insse.ro/cms/sites/default/files/com\_presa/com\_pdf/pib\_trim4e2016\_0.pdf">http://www.insse.ro/cms/sites/default/files/com\_presa/com\_pdf/pib\_trim4e2016\_0.pdf</a> (Download am 21. Februar 2017), Page 1

lion (prior year: 675.8 million). As growth in the securities business was unable to offset the decline in lending because of the change to the effective interest method, the balance of **fee and commission income and expenses** decreased by 14.1% to EUR 27.3 million (prior year: EUR 31.8 million). Excluding the negative special effects on results in 2016 in the amount of EUR 14.3 million, the net commission income would amount to EUR 41.6 million, which would mean an increase of 30.9%. **Net profit or loss on financial operations** decreased by 95.1% from EUR 26.0 million in the previous year to EUR 1.3 million. In the previous year, this item included one-time effects (realized gains from the sale of hedge fund positions), which did not recur in 2016. **Other operating income** increased by 31.2% from EUR 166.3 million to EUR 218.2 million. This resulted predominantly from the termination of all cash flow hedge relationships (see Annex chapter C note 31 "Hedging transactions"). Furthermore, this item mainly includes income from Group pass-through costs, which amounted to EUR 85.7 million (prior year: EUR 80.1 million). As a result, **operating income** rose by 20.6% to EUR 1,602.5 million in 2016 (prior year: EUR 1,328.6 million).

In addition to salaries (both fixed and variable) and social expenses, **personnel expenses** also include expenses for long-term employee provisions and pension fund contributions. Total personnel expenses increased by 16.4% to EUR 285.2 million (prior year: EUR 245.1 million). The actuarial losses from long-term employee provisions, which must be recognised in profit or loss, amounting to EUR 13.3 million (prior year: gain in the amount of EUR 30.7 million) had a negative impact.

The **number of employees** at Erste Group Bank AG (in full-time equivalents) went up by 1.2% and compares to the previous year as follows:

|                                   | As of<br>31 December 2016 | As of 31 December 2015 |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Domestic                          | 2.074,5                   | 2.041,8                |
| Foreign branches                  | 86,0                      | 93,0                   |
| London                            | 29,0                      | 34,0                   |
| New York                          | 21,0                      | 24,0                   |
| Hong Kong                         | 23,0                      | 22,0                   |
| Berlin, Stuttgart                 | 13,0                      | 13,0                   |
| Total                             | 2.160,5                   | 2.134,8                |
| thereof maternity/paternity leave | 129,4                     | 142,9                  |

Other administrative expenses increased particularly due to a rise in IT costs (changes to the basis of the contracts whereby entrepreneurial risk for the creation of services is now borne by the bank) and consulting fees by 35.0% to EUR 288.2 million (prior year: EUR 213.4 million). Depreciation and amortization on fixed assets and intangible assets almost doubled to EUR 51.5 million in 2016 from EUR 26.5 million in the previous year. This was caused by partial write-offs in the amount of EUR 29.3 million for software projects under construction for which no future benefit as assets in the balance sheet could be displayed due to the aforementioned reasons. Other operating expenses, including payment into the Recovery & Resolution Fund in the amount of EUR 19.7 million (prior year: 19.3 million), decreased from EUR 35.1 million in the financial year 2015 to EUR 26.6 million in 2016. As a consequence, operating expenses increased by 25.2% to EUR 651.4 million (prior year: EUR 520.1 million).

After deduction of all operating expenses from operating income, **net operating income** amounted to EUR 951.0 million in the financial year 2016 (prior year: EUR 808.5 million). At 40.7%, the **cost-income ratio** (operating expenses as a percentage of operating income) was above the prior year's figure of 39.1%.

The **required net allocation for loans and receivables** (including write-offs offset against income from written off loans) decreased significantly from EUR 168.4 million in the previous year to EUR 5.6 million in the current financial year, which is due to the improvement of portfolio quality. **Current securities** (valuation and gains) as well as the result and value adjustment positions on **participating interests and fixed-asset securities** was EUR 389.0 million in 2016 (prior year: EUR 246.8 million). Investment write-ups (primarily BCR), in particular, but also gains realised through the sale of securities, had a positive impact on income in the reporting year.

Accordingly, pre-tax profit for the year improved from EUR 887.0 million in the previous year to EUR 1.334,4 million in 2016.

**Taxes on profit or loss** declined by 34.8% to EUR 56.1 million (prior year: EUR 86.0 million). Due to the high proportion of tax-exempt income as well as the obligation of depreciating participation over 7 years, no Austrian corporate income tax was payable in the financial year 2016. The current tax loss carried forward increased in 2016. Due to the one-off special payment of EUR 138.3 million (see Annex chapter C note 45 "Other tax"), which was to be paid in 2016 in addition to banking levies in the amount of EUR 84.4 million (prior year: EUR 98.8 million), **other taxes** increased by 122.2% from EUR 100.2 million to EUR 222.7 million.

After consideration of the **changes in reserves** (see Annex chapter C note 23), which resulted in the net allocation of EUR 681.7 million (prior year: EUR 657.8 million), **profit or loss for the year after distribution on capital** was EUR 429.8 million, which is above the previous year's level of 214.9 million. Profit or loss amounted to EUR 429.8 million (prior year: EUR 214.9 million) in the financial year 2016.

## **OUTLOOK**

The anticipated solid macroeconomic development in the core markets Czech Republic, Slovakia, Hungary, Romania, Croatia, Serbia and Austria, the unchanged very positive assessment of the bank's risk profile and the significant reduction of banking tax in Austria should be supportive factors in achieving targets. On the other hand, the persistent low interest rate environment, and potential – and as yet unquantifiable – political risks might jeopardize this achievement.

In 2017, the positive development of the economy should be reflected in growth rates (real GDP growth) of about 3% in Erste Group Bank AG's CEE core markets. Unemployment rates should decline further – in the Czech Republic and in Hungary they are already among the lowest in the EU. Inflation is forecasted to remain low and strong competitive positions should again lead to current accounted surpluses. The fiscal situation and public debt levels are also projected to remain sound. In Austria, by contrast, growth is forecast to be less dynamic, at a rate of 1.5%. Unemployment is expected to stabilise in 2017 after rising in 2016. Overall, growth continues to be driven by domestic demand across all economies, even though exports are expected to make a positive contribution to growth in most countries. Against this background, Erste Group Bank AG expects mid-single digit net loan growth which should be sufficient to offset the margin pressure resulting from sovereign bond reinvestments in the ongoing low interest rate environment. The strong improvement in asset quality also has an adverse impact on net interest income. With every further reduction of the NPL portfolio – driven, on the one hand, by NPL sales but also by the improved portfolio quality – net interest income will decline on the back of the lower unwinding effect. Overall, Erste Group Bank AG expects that, at best, it will be able to keep net interest income stable in 2017. If the interest rate environment remains unchanged, a slight decline might also be possible, though.

The second key income component, net fee and commission income, is expected to remain at about the same level in 2017 as in the previous year. Some positive momentum should come from the anticipated rising loan demand and the dynamic economic environment. After a week year in 2016, the securities business should also improve again. The other income components are expected to remain flat, all in all, despite the volatility of the net trading. Operating income should hence remain stable in 2017 or decline marginally in the case of lower-than-expected loan growth. Due to the introduction of the effective interest rate method in lending business in 2016, there will also be a switch from the fees received in the net commission income to of higher interest rates in the next years.

As in 2016, operating expenses are expected to rise by 1-2% in 2017. This is mostly associated with investments necessary to secure Erste Group's future competitiveness and IT measures induced by regulatory requirements. Over the past few years, the regulatory authorities' main focus has been on data quality and availability of data. There is an increasing demand for more data and internationally standardised data due to the new role of the ECB as the supervisory authority and the Single Resolution Board as the resolution authority. Additionally, the length of time which is given to banks to deliver data is increasingly shortened. Projects were launched, particularly in the area of IT, in order to meet the demands of the increasing data quality and speed of delivery requirements (AUREP, IFRS 9, FINREP reports etc.). Regulatory challenges and the associated IT measures manifested themselves in increased costs in the fiscal year 2016. Work on these projects to simplify the IT structure will also continue over the next years, in order to meet the requirements in the future. In this regard, an important step was taken in this year, namely the change to the effective interest rate method and the corresponding adjustment to IFRS accounting. Further investments in product simplification, process standardisation or the group-wide implementation of the digital platform George underline the digital strategy. After its rollout in Austria, George will be launched in the Czech Republic, in Slovakia and Romania in 2017. Additional cost drivers include regulatory expenses related for example to the implementation of IFRS 9 from the beginning of 2018 or to preparations for AnaCredit, a Europe-wide bank loans dataset overseen by the ECB. The operating result is therefore projected to slightly decline in 2017.

Risk costs should again be a strong profit driver in 2017. While the low interest rate environment has a negative impact on net interest income, it does have a positive effect on risk costs which, unlike net interest income, benefit additionally from the reduction of NPLs. Significant positive development is expected to be seen in other taxes. Following the one-off payment of EUR 138.3 million to the Innovation Fund in 2016, banking tax in Austria is set to decrease significantly. As a result, this line item will improve subject to the occurrence of any unforeseen events.

#### **OWN SHARES**

| Month     | Purchase/Sale | Number  | Purchase price | Selling price | Par value in share capital |
|-----------|---------------|---------|----------------|---------------|----------------------------|
| January   | Purchase      | 96.750  | 2.536.569      |               | 193.500                    |
| January   | Sale          | 93.848  |                | 2.443.933     | 187.696                    |
| February  | Purchase      | 155.441 | 3.742.184      |               | 310.882                    |
| February  | Sale          | 366.810 |                | 8.768.101     | 733.620                    |
| March     | Purchase      | 271.668 | 6.773.182      |               | 543.336                    |
| March     | Sale          | 412.357 |                | 10.335.770    | 824.714                    |
| April     | Purchase      | 70.431  | 1.754.228      |               | 140.862                    |
| April     | Sale          | 146.509 |                | 3.635.938     | 293.018                    |
| May       | Purchase      | 332.300 | 8.866.102      |               | 664.600                    |
| May       | Sale          | 273.948 |                | 6.430.226     | 547.896                    |
| June      | Purchase      | 856.832 | 18.013.877     |               | 1.713.664                  |
| June      | Sale          | 814.051 |                | 16.986.033    | 1.628.102                  |
| July      | Purchase      | 185.323 | 3.688.216      |               | 370.646                    |
| July      | Sale          | 202.437 |                | 4.137.209     | 404.874                    |
| August    | Purchase      | 109.168 | 2.700.903      |               | 218.336                    |
| August    | Sale          | 70.904  |                | 1.725.683     | 141.808                    |
| September | Purchase      | 453.146 | 11.560.686     |               | 906.292                    |
| September | Sale          | 300.408 |                | 7.800.402     | 600.816                    |
| October   | Purchase      | 95.325  | 2.693.653      |               | 190.650                    |
| October   | Sale          | 115.385 |                | 3.220.426     | 230.770                    |
| November  | Purchase      | 242.363 | 6.497.754      |               | 484.726                    |
| November  | Sale          | 140.203 |                | 3.801.487     | 280.406                    |
| December  | Purchase      | 337.381 | 9.551.645      |               | 674.762                    |
| December  | Sale          | 285.451 |                | 7.991.123     | 570.902                    |

The primary purpose of the transactions was market making and hedging of ATX positions. As of 31 December 2016, other liabilities include a short position in Erste Bank shares amounting to 1,804,783 units with a carrying amount of EUR 50,218,086.98 (prior year: 1,788,600 units, carrying amount EUR 51,708,426.00), which is covered by repurchase agreements.

## RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

The business purpose of Erste Group Bank AG is to provide banking services. The production process of a bank is not comparable with research and development in industrial companies. Nevertheless, development projects concerning the banking business take place on a continuing basis.

## **BRANCHES**

Erste Group Bank AG maintains branches in London, New York, Hong Kong and Germany (Berlin and Stuttgart) that provide commercial lending to foreign banks, leasing companies and sovereign debtors as well as institutional sales. Since 2013, a Representative Office is registered in Ukraine. The Representative Office supports Erste Group Bank AG in managing a portfolio of prominent Ukrainian Large Corporates, particularly in agriculture and energy.

# CAPITAL, SHARE, VOTING AND CONTROL RIGHTS

# Investor information pursuant to section 243a (1) of the Austrian Commercial Code ("UGB")

With regard to the statutory disclosure requirements in the Management Report, special reference is made to the relevant information in the notes to the financial statements, in section C 22 ff.

As of 31 December 2016, Die Erste oesterreichische Spar-Casse Privatstiftung ("Privatstiftung"), a foundation, controlls together with its partners to shareholder agreements approx. 29.46% of the shares in Erste Group Bank AG and is with 15.37% controlling shareholder: The Privatstiftung is holding 6.63% of the shares directly, the indirect participation of the Privatstiftung amounts to 8.74% of the shares held by Sparkassen Beteiligungs GmbH & Co KG, which is an affiliated undertaking of the Privatstiftung. 1.09% are held directly by Austrian savings banks respectively saving banks foundations acting together with the Privatstiftung and affiliated with Erste Group Bank AG through the Haftungsverbund. 9.92% of the subscribed capital is controlled by the Privatstiftung on the basis of a shareholder agreement with Caixabank S.A. 3.08% are held by other partners to other shareholder agreements.

Furthermore, it should be noted that Erste Group Bank AG – just as nearly all Austrian savings banks – are members of the Haftungsverbund of Sparkassengruppe.

Sparkassengruppe sees itself as an association of independent, regionally established savings banks which aims to strengthen its market position by strengthening common product development, harmonising its market appearance and advertising concepts, pursuing a common risk policy, engaging in co-ordinated liquidity management and applying common controlling standards.

In addition, the purpose of this scheme is:

- \_ to identify any business issues of its member banks at an early stage and to provide effective assistance to its members in the resolution of business issues this can range from offering technical assistance or giving guarantees to providing borrowed or qualifying capital, and
- \_ to provide customers with a deposit guarantee system that goes beyond the legal deposit guarantee requirement (section 93 et seq. BWG) which only guarantees certain types of customer deposits by creating a suitable obligation to service the liabilities of other participating savings banks if the need arises.

Haftungsverbund GmbH is responsible for implementing such measures and analysing the business situation of every member bank of the Haftungsverbund. Overall, the participating savings banks hold a maximum stake of 49% (assuming all savings banks participate) in Haftungsverbund GmbH and Erste Group Bank AG always holds a minimum stake of 51%.

As required by the BWG, individual members of the Haftungsverbund may need to provide assistance to other members (by giving liquidity assistance, granting loans or guarantees and providing equity capital, for instance), and, in the case of section 93 (3) no. 1 BWG, to service the guaranteed customer deposits of a Haftungsverbund member. The scope of the individual services to be provided by individual Haftungsverbund members where needed are subject to an individual and general maximum limit. Any contributions made by Haftungsverbund members under the statutory deposit guarantee system pursuant to section 93 et seq. BWG are likewise counted in. The corresponding amounts are determined by Haftungsgesellschaft and communicated to members liable for contributions.

In 2013, collaboration with savings banks was further strengthened by way of an additional agreement. The purpose of the agreement concluded in 2013 and effective as of 1 January 2014 is not only to broaden the regulatory options available to Erste Group Bank AG but also to ensure compliance with point 127 of Article 4 (1) CRR and Article 113 (7) CRR with a view to allowing recognition to interests at consolidated level in acc. with Article 84 (6) CRR. Savings banks that are party to the agreement concluded in 2013 also include Allgemeine Sparkasse Oberösterreich, which forms an institutional protection scheme as defined under Article 113 (7) CRR with the other members of the Haftungsverbund. Owing to the new legal and supervisory requirements, the maximum limits for support mechanisms of the individual members were raised and an ex-ante-fund was set up. Payments to the ex-ante-fund are made on a quarterly basis over a period of 10 year.

In the financial statements, the payments by the individual members are recognised as participations in IPS GesbR — which has been charged with managing the ex-ante-fund. There was a shift in retained earnings from untied reserves to tied reserves. On the basis of the contractual provisions, these retained earnings represent a restricted reserve. These tied retained earnings may be released only if the exante-fund is used due to a contingency. Internally, this reserve may therefore not be used to cover a loss and, at member level, it does not qualify as capital under the definition of CRR; on a consolidated level, however, the ex-ante-fund qualifies as capital.

## Additional disclosures pursuant to section 243a (1) UGB

All restrictions on voting rights or the transfer of shares, even if they are included in agreements between shareholders, insofar as they are known to the management board pursuant to section 243a (1) no. 2 UGB:

In shareholder agreements Privatstiftung agreed with its partners the following: Concerning the appointment of the members of the supervisory board the partners are obliged to vote as required by Privatstiftung. The partners can dispose of shares according to a predefined sale procedure and can purchase shares only within the quotas agreed with Privatstiftung (of in total a maximum of 2% within 12 months); with this regulation an unwanted creeping-in according to the takeover law shall be prevented. In addition, the partners have committed themselves not to make a hostile takeover bid, nor to participate in a hostile takeover bid nor to act together with a hostile bidder in any other way.

The Articles of Association contain no restrictions in respect of voting rights or the transfer of shares.

Pursuant to section 243a (1) no. 6 UGB not directly prescribed by the law regarding the appointment and dismissal of members of management and supervisory boards as well as on the amendment of the Articles of Association:

#### This concerns:

- \_ Art. 15.1 of the Articles of Association, which provides that Privatstiftung will be granted the right to nominate up to one third of the members of the supervisory board to be elected by the shareholders' meeting, as long as Privatstiftung is liable or all present and future liabilities of the Company in the case of its insolvency pursuant to Section 92 (9) Banking Act and
- Art. 15.4 of the Articles of Association, which provides that a three-quarter majority of valid votes cast and a three-quarter majority of the subscribed capital represented at the meeting considering the proposal are required to pass a motion for removal of supervisory board members
- Art. 19.9 of the Articles of Association, which provides that the Articles of Association, in so far as they do not alter the business purpose, may be passed by simple majority of votes cast and simple majority of the subscribed capital represented at the meeting considering the amendment. Where higher majority votes are required by individual provisions of the Articles of Association, these provisions can only be amended with the same higher majority vote. Moreover, amendments to Art. 19.9 require a three-quarter majority of the votes cast and a three-quarter majority of the subscribed capital represented at the meeting considering the proposal.

Pursuant to section 243a (1) no. 7 UGB, members of the management board have the right to issue or repurchase shares, where such a right is not prescribed by statutory law:

As per decision of the annual general meeting of 12 May 2015:

- \_ the management board is entitled to purchase up to 10% of the subscribed capital in treasury shares for trading purposes according to section 65 (1) no. 7 Austrian Stock Corporation Act ("AktG"). However, the trading portfolio of these shares may not exceed 5% of the subscribed capital at the end of any calendar day. The consideration for the shares to be purchased must not be less than 50% of the closing price at the Vienna Stock Exchange on the last trading day prior to the purchase and must not exceed 20% of the closing price at the Vienna Stock Exchange on the last trading day prior to the purchase. This authorisation is valid for a period of 30 months, i.e. until 11 November 2017.
- the management board is entitled, pursuant to section 65 (1) no. 8 as well as (1a) and (1b) Stock Exchange Act and for a period of 30 months from the date of the resolution, i.e. until 11 November 2017, to acquire own shares of up to 10% of the subscribed capital, subject to approval by the supervisory board, with the option of making repeated use of the 10% limit, either at the stock exchange or over the counter, likewise to the exclusion of the shareholders' right to tender proportional payment. The authorisation may be exercised in whole or in part or in several instalments and in pursuit of one or several purposes. The market price per share must not be below EUR 2.00 or above EUR 120.00. Pursuant to section 65 (1b) in conjunction with sec. 171 Stock Corporation Act, the management board is authorised, from the date of the resolution, i.e. until 11 May 2020, on approval by the supervisory board, to sell or use the company's own shares, also by means other than the stock exchange or a public offering for any purpose allowed by the law, particularly as consideration for the acquisition and financing of the acquisition of companies, businesses, business divisions or shares in one or several businesses in Austria or abroad to the exclusion of the shareholders' proportional purchase option. The authorisation may be exercised in whole or in part or in several instalments and in pursuit of one or several purposes. The management board is authorised to redeem own shares subject to the supervisory board's approval without requiring the annual general meeting to adopt any further resolution.
- the management board is authorized until 28 June 2017, with the consent of the supervisory board, to issue convertible bonds, which have the conversion or subscription right for shares of the Company, observing or excluding the subscription rights of the shareholders. The terms and conditions may, in addition or instead of a conversion or subscription right, also provide for the mandatory conversion at the end of the term or at any other time. The issuance of the convertible bonds is limited to the extent that all conversion or subscription rights, and in case of a mandatory conversion stipulated in terms and conditions, the mandatory conversion, are covered by conditional capital. The issue amount, the terms and conditions of the issue of the convertible bonds and the exclusion of the subscription rights for the shareholders will be determined by the management board with the consent of the supervisory board.

All sales and purchases were carried out as authorised at the annual general meeting.

Significant agreements to which the company is party, and which become effective, are amended or are rendered ineffective when there is a change in the control of the company as a result of a takeover bid, as well as their effects [section 243a (1) no. 8 UGB]:

# Haftungsverbund

The agreement in principle of the Haftungsverbund provides for the possibility of early cancellation for good cause. Good cause allowing the respective other contracting parties to cancel the agreement is deemed to exist if

\_ one contracting party harms grossly the duties resulting from present agreement

- \_ the ownership structure of a party to the contract changes in such a way particularly by transfer or capital increase that one or more third parties from outside the savings bank sector directly and/or indirectly gain a majority of the equity capital or voting rights in the contracting party or
- \_ one contracting party resigns from savings bank sector irrespective of the reason.

The Haftungsverbund's agreement in principle and supplementary agreement expire if and as soon as any entity that is not a member of the savings bank sector association acquires more than 25 percent of the voting power or equity capital of Erste Group Bank AG in any manner whatsoever and a member savings bank notifies the Haftungsverbund's steering company and Erste Group Bank AG by registered letter within twelve weeks from the change of control that it intends to withdraw from the Haftungsverbund.

#### **Directors and Officers Insurance**

Changes in control

In the event that any of the following transactions or processes occur during the term of the insurance policy (each constituting a "change in control") in respect of the insured:

- \_ the insured ceases to exist as a result of a merger or consolidation, unless the merger or consolidation occurs between two insured parties, or
- another company, person or group of companies or persons acting in concert, who are not insured parties, acquire more than 50 % of the insured's outstanding equity or more than 50 % of its voting power (resulting in the right to control the voting power represented by the shares, and the right to appoint the management board members of the insured),

then the insurance cover under this policy remains in full force and effect for claims relating to unlawful acts committed or alleged to have been committed before this change in control took effect. However, no insurance cover is provided for claims relating to unlawful acts committed or allegedly committed after that time (unless the insured and insurer agree otherwise). The premium for this insurance cover is deemed to be completely earned.

In the event that a subsidiary ceases to be a subsidiary during the insurance period, the insurance cover under this policy shall remain in full force and effect for that entity for the remainder of the insurance period or (if applicable) until the end of the extended discovery period, but only in respect of claims brought against an insured in relation to unlawful acts committed or alleged to have been committed by the insured during the existence of this entity as a subsidiary. No insurance cover is provided for claims brought against an insured in relation to unlawful acts committed or allegedly committed after this entity ceased to exist.

#### Co-operation between Erste Group Bank AG and Vienna Insurance Group (VIG)

Erste Group Bank AG and Vienna Insurance Group AG Wiener Versicherung Gruppe ("VIG") are parties to a General Distribution Agreement concerning the framework of the cooperation of Erste Group Bank AG and VIG in Austria and CEE with respect to bank and insurance products. In case of a change of control of Erste Group Bank AG, VIG has the right to terminate the General Distribution Agreement, and in case of a change of control of VIG, Erste Group Bank AG has a reciprocal right. A change of control is defined, with respect to Erste Group Bank AG, as the acquisition of Erste Group Bank AG by any person other than DIE ERSTE oesterreichische Spar-Casse Privatstiftung or Austrian savings banks of 50% plus one share of Erste Group Bank AG's voting shares, and with respect to VIG, as the acquisition of VIG by any person other than Wiener Städtische Wechselseitiger Versicherungsverein - Vermögensverwaltung - Vienna Insurance Group of 50 % plus one share of VIG's voting shares. If VIG elects to terminate the General Distribution Agreement after a change of control of Erste Group Bank AG has occurred, it may choose to ask for a reduction of the original purchase price that it and its group companies have paid for the shares in the CEE insurance companies of Erste Group Bank AG. The rebate corresponds to the difference between the purchase price and the embedded value and is reduced to zero on a linear scale from March 2013 to March 2018.

Erste Group Bank AG and VIG are furthermore parties to an Asset Management Agreement, pursuant to which Erste Group Bank AG undertakes to manage certain parts of VIG's and its group companies' securities assets. In case of a change of control (as defined above), each party has a termination right. If Erste Group Bank AG elects to terminate the Asset Management Agreement following such a change of control of VIG, because the new controlling shareholders of VIG no longer support the Agreement, it may choose to ask for a full refund of the purchase price that it has paid for 95 % of Ringturm Kapitalanlagegesellschaft m.b.H., the asset management company performing the services under the Asset Management Agreement. The refund decreases on a linear scale down to zero from October 2013 to October 2018.

# INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM CONTROL RIGHTS FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING PROCEDURES

#### **Control environment**

The control environment provides the framework for the introduction, implementation and monitoring of ICS principles, procedures and sanctions. The management board of Erste Group Bank AG is responsible for the establishment, structure and application of an appropriate internal control and risk management system that meets the company's needs in its accounting procedures.

Holding & Treasury Accounting and Treasury Methodology department, which are part of the Group Accounting division, coordinate and verify the final accounts' compilation for Erste Group Bank AG. The assignment of powers, account responsibilities and the necessary control procedure are defined in the operating instructions.

#### Risk assessment

The main risk in the accounting procedures is that errors or deliberate action (fraud) prevent facts from adequately reflecting the company's financial position and performance. This is the case whenever the data provided in the financial statements and notes is essentially inconsistent with the correct figures, i.e. whenever, alone or in aggregate, they are apt to influence the decisions made by the addressees on the basis of the final accounts. Such decision may incur serious damage, such as financial loss, the imposition of sanctions by the banking supervisor or reputational harm.

#### Controls

The relevant units are obliged to comply with the accounting and measurement principles that are applicable for capturing, posting and accounting transactions and laid out in the operating instructions relating to the UGB and in the IFRS Account Manual.

The basic components of the internal control system (ICS) at Erste Group Bank AG are:

- \_ Controlling as a permanent financial/business analysis (e.g. comparison of target and actual data between Accounting and Controlling) and control of the company and/or individual corporate divisions.
- \_ Systemic, automatic control systems and measures in the formal procedure and structure e.g. programmed controls during data processing.
- \_ Principles of functional separation and the four-eye principle.
- \_ Internal Audit as a separate organisational unit is charged with monitoring all corporate divisions in an independent yet proximate manner, particularly with regard to the effectiveness of the internal control system. The functionality of the Internal Audit unit is monitored by quality assurance measures (self-assessments, peer reviews, external quality assessments) by the management board, the Audit Committee/supervisory Bbard and by external parties (e.g. bank auditor, bank supervisor).

#### Information and communication

The final accounts in accordance with Austrian Commercial Code (UGB) / Austrian Banking Act (BWG) are prepared in a standardised format and in compliance with the above described control measures. Before being passed on to the Audit Committee of the supervisory board, the financial statements to be published are submitted to the managers and the CFO for approval. During the year the UGB-result is presented to the responsible board member (CFO) on a quarterly basis.

Reporting is nearly fully automated using input systems and automatic interfaces. This warrants that the data for controlling, (segment) and earnings accounting as well as other evaluations are always up to date. The information used by the accounting department is derived from the same database and reconciled monthly for reporting. Close collaboration between Accounting and Controlling ensures that target and actual data are constantly compared, allowing for effective control and harmonization.

#### **Responsibilities of Internal Audit**

Internal Audit is in charge of auditing and evaluating all areas of the bank at appropriate intervals based on legally required and on risk oriented planned audits (according to the annual audit plan as approved by the management board and reported to the Audit Committee). Main focus of audit reviews is to monitor the functionality of the internal control system. Internal Audit reports its findings to the Group's management board and Audit Committee several times a year.

According to section 42 BWG, Internal Audit is a control body that is directly subordinate to the management board. It serves the exclusive purpose of ongoing and comprehensive reviews of the legal compliance, appropriateness and suitability of the banking business and banking operation. The mandate of Internal Audit is therefore to support the management board in its efforts to secure the bank's assets and promote economic and operational performance and thus in the management board's pursuit of its business and operating policy. The

activities of Internal Audit are governed in particular by the law, the guidelines and minimum standards of the supervisory authorities and by its charter. The charter is reviewed on a regular basis and whenever required, and adapted should the need arise.

#### **Audit activities of Internal Audit**

In its auditing activities, Internal Audit puts a special focus on:

- \_ operating and business areas of the bank;
- operating and business processes of the bank;
- internal bank standards (policies, guidelines, operating instructions), also with regard to their compliance and up-to-dateness;
- \_ audit areas stipulated by the law, as they inter alia result from the rules of the Austrian Banking Act (BWG) and the Capital Requirement Regulation (CRR).

## **RISK MANAGEMENT**

# Comments on the risk profile of Erste Group Bank AG

Based on Erste Group Bank AG's business strategy, the key risks are credit risk, market risk, interest rate risk in the banking book, liquidity risk, and non-financial risk. In addition, a risk materiality assessment is undertaken on an annual basis. It is ensured that all relevant material risks are covered by Erste Group Bank AG's control and risk management framework. This entails a set of different tools and governance to ensure adequate oversight of the overall risk profile and sound execution of the risk strategy, including appropriate monitoring and escalation of issues that could materially impact the risk profile of the group. The main types of risk can be summarised as follows:

- \_ *Credit risk:* is the risk of loss from the potential collapse of counterparties, particularly of borrowers in the conventional lending business, and any related credit losses.
- \_ *Market risk:* generally describes the risk of loss from unfavourable price changes in marketable and traded products, such as shares, fixed-income securities and derivatives, as well as from interest and foreign exchange volatility and fluctuations in raw material prices.
- \_ Interest rate risk in the banking book: is the risk of an adverse change in the fair value of financial instruments caused by a movement in market interest rates. This type of risk arises when mismatches exist between assets and liabilities, including derivatives, in respect of their maturities or of the timing of interest rate adjustments.
- \_ Liquidity risk: describes the risk of the bank's insufficient liquidity or inability to make funds available in a timely manner to service its debts
- \_ *Non financial risk:* includes reputational and operational risks. Operational risks are losses as a result of error or malfunction of internal procedures, humans and systems or external events.

# **Participation Risks**

Participation risks are risks of potential value losses from providing equity, as current-value write-offs, capital losses from sales, omissions of dividends or decline of hidden reserves as well liability risks from letters of comfort or capital payment commitments. The majority of direct and indirect participations fully consolidated in the group balance sheet and thus these risks are recorded ascertained. Consequently potential risks of investments are usually covered by other types of risks and correspondingly considered in their monitoring and control methods.

Participations were carried out mostly under the strategic considerations of retail banking, where own knowledge and expertise can been contributed. To participate more strongly in growth areas, there was an increasingly geographical diversification to the Central European markets. In order to reduce the political, legal and economic risks, the management focuses on countries within the EU or on potential EU candidate countries.

#### Risk management objectives and methods

It is a core function of every bank to take risks in a conscious and selective manner and to manage such risks professionally. Erste Group Bank AG's proactive risk policy and strategy aims at achieving balanced risk and return in order to generate a sustainable and adequate return on equity.

Erste Group Bank AG uses a risk management and control system that is forward-looking and tailored to its business and risk profile. It is based on a clear risk strategy that is consistent with the Group's business strategy and focused on early identification and management of risks and trends. In addition to meeting the internal goal of effective and efficient risk management, Erste Group Bank AG's risk management and control systems have been developed to fulfil external and, in particular, regulatory requirements.

For credit risk, by far the most important risk category, Erste Group Bank AG has been using the internal ratings-based (IRB) approach according to the Capital Requirements Regulation (CRR) since 2007 and adopts this approach also for the assessment of economic capital requirements according to Pillar 2. In addition, all related and required methods and processes of this advanced measurement approach are applied.

For a number of years, the capital requirement for the market risk exposure of the trading book has been assessed using the bank's own model.

In order to hedge the exposure to variability in the market risk (interest rate as well as exchange rate risks) resulting from balance sheet assets (bonds, loans) and liabilities (own issues, promissory notes, custody transactions) on an individual basis or as a group, Erste Group Bank AG uses interest rate swaps, currency swaps and options as hedging instruments. These hedging instruments are accounted for as valuation units together with the respective hedged item according to section 201 (2) Austrian Commercial Code (Unternehmensgesetzbuch – UGB).

The requirements for the generation of valuation units are fulfilled by the fair value hedge accounting processes which are applied at Erste Group Bank AG. Details on these processes are presented in the notes to the financial statement, section C 31. Since 2009, the equity capital for operational risk of Erste Group Bank AG is based on the advanced measurement approach (AMA).

In order to provide a comprehensive overview of current and future risk and the cover pools of the Bank, the bank's risk-bearing capacity is determined by the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP). The risk-bearing capacity provides regular updates on the risk profile and capital adequacy, furnishing a basis for defining and implementing any measures that may be necessary.

Erste Group defines its risk strategy and risk appetite (Risk Appetite Statement; RAS) through the annual strategic planning process to ensure appropriate alignment of risk, capital and performance targets. Strategic limits and principles are defined in the risk strategy for all kinds of risk on the basis of the RAS. These strategic limits and principles support the implementation of the mid to long-term risk strategy. Risk management governance ensures a thorough overview of all risk decisions as well as the proper implementation of the strategy. Risk reduction measures are carried out as part of the regular risk management process so that the group always operates within the defined risk appetite.

#### Risk management organization

Risk control and risk steering are performed based on the business strategy and the risk appetite approved by the management board. Together with the chief risk officers of the subsidiaries, the chief risk officer of Erste Group Bank AG (Group CRO) is responsible for implementation of and adherence to the risk control and risk management strategies across all risk types and business lines. Committees with explicit strategic and operative controlling functions have been set up to ensure the Bank's effective and optimal management. At the top of the risk committee hierarchy within Erste Group Bank AG is the Risk Management Committee. The Risk Management Committee of the supervisory board is responsible for granting approval in all those cases in which loans and exposures or large exposures reach an amount exceeding the approval authority of the management board according to the Credit Risk Approval Authority Regulations. Furthermore, it is charged with granting approval to large exposures pursuant to Article 392 CRR, if such a claim is equal or exceeds 10% of the eligible capital of a credit institution. Within the competence assigned to it, the Committee may grant advance approvals to the extent permitted by law. The management board and in particular, the Group CRO ensure the availability of appropriate infrastructure and staff as well as methods, standards and processes. The actual identification, measurement, assessment, approval, monitoring, steering and limit setting for the relevant risks are performed at the operating entity level within Erste Group Bank AG. At Group level, the management board is supported by several divisions established to perform operating risk control functions and exercise strategic risk management responsibilities. The following risk management functions report directly to the Group CRO:

- \_ Enterprise-wide Risk Management;
- \_ Group Credit & Market Risk Management;
- Group EGI Real Estate Risk Management;
- Group Risk Operating Office;
- Group Workout;
- Group Non Financial Risk;
- \_ Risk Methods and Models;
- $\_ \ Group \ Legal;$
- \_ Group Retail and SME Risk Management;
- \_ Group Validation;

Enterprise-wide Risk Management (ERM) enables an increased focus on holistic risk management and ensures comprehensive, cross-risk Group-wide risk portfolio steering. ERM drives key strategic cross-risk initiatives to establish greater cohesion between the risk strategy including the risk appetite, limit steering and operational execution.

Group Credit & Market Risk Management is the operative risk management function for medium-sized and large customers as well as for institutional clients and counterparties. This division ensures that only credit and market risk in line with the risk appetite, risk strategy and limits set by ERM are taken on the books of Erste Group Bank AG.

The Group EGI Real Estate Risk Management department is responsible primarily for the real estate risk policies, in particular for Commercial Real Estate and risk operations, and for the support of the continuous development of operative real estate credit risk management in Erste Group Bank AG.

Group Risk Operating Office provides the infrastructure and general management across all functions within the risk organisation and is responsible for the budget and staff of the entire CRO division. The division is responsible for consistent group-wide credit risk reporting standards and definitions, in particular, for internal and external regulatory reporting. Furthermore, the focus is on long-term improvements of the infrastructure and a careful project implementation. The division is also central point of information for future and current existing regulatory topics inside the CRO-division.

The Group Workout function has group-wide responsibility for clients allocated to the business segments Large Corporates, Commercial Real Estate and Other Corporate that are rated substandard or non-performing or are specifically defined as workout clients. It undertakes the direct workout management function for corporate workout clients of Erste Group Bank AG and additionally performs the (second line) risk management function for corporate workout clients of the subsidiaries exceeding local management's authorisation level.

Group Non Financial Risk (Group NFR) is responsible for the management of reputational and operational risks including compliance risks, IT and communication technology risks, conduct risks, model risks, and legal risks as well as security issues. These tasks support and protect the first line activities with special focus on the business areas.

The Risk Methods and Models division is responsible for specific aspects of the management of credit, market and liquidity risk, especially the modelling aspects. This area provides adequate risk measurement methodologies and tools as well as an appropriate framework for relevant risk policies and risk controls.

Group Legal is the central legal department of Erste Group Bank AG. This division provides legal support and counsel for the management board, the business units and the central functions, and mitigates legal risk. It also attends to legal sourcing and to dispute resolution and litigation.

Group Retail and SME Risk Management is responsible for steering Erste Group's retail lending portfolios. It defines the group-wide retail lending and analytical framework that serves as a basis for monitoring local banks' retail lending practices and for identifying potential adverse portfolio developments early on.

The objective of Group Validation is to comply with regulatory requirements to perform validations (initial and annual) of all models and methodologies (internal or external vendor) for credit ratings, scorecards, and risk parameters as well as models and methodologies for derivatives and securities valuation, asset liability management (ALM), and pricing and internal steering in Erste Group Bank AG.

With regard to further information and description of the principal financial and non-financial risks of the Erste Group Bank AG please refer to section C note 33 (Risk management) of these financial statements and for litigations to section A (Ongoing legal cases) of the notes to the financial statements as well as to section C note 34 (Contingent liabilities) to the unconsolidated financial statements.

# **CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY**

As one of the leading banks in Austria and the eastern part of the EU, Erste Group Bank AG has committed itself to strict ethical standards for all the activities it carries out in its markets. Almost 200 years ago, the very founding concept of Erste österreichische Spar-Casse already embraced the idea of contributing to the common good. It goes without saying that Erste Group Bank AG acts responsibly towards customers, employees, investors and communities.

All statements in this individual financial statement regarding the reporting of "non-financial" aspects/sustainability follow the criteria GRI G4 (Global Reporting Initiative – Version 4). At the beginning of 2016, the Group Sustainability office was founded in Erste Group Bank AG. This office brings together the activities and responsibilities for ecological sustainability, diversity, corporate volunteering and corporate social volunteering.

Erste Group Bank AG understands sponsoring to mean the voluntary promotion and support of institutes, initiatives and projects in the field of culture, the social domain and in education. The ExtraVALUE programme reflects the company's commitment to its social responsibility and to the values which the Erste Group Bank AG finds worthy of support.

## **Commitment to society**

#### **Social Activities**

Erste Group Bank AG's social commitment is marked by its long-term cooperation with local and international organisations. This focuses on combating poverty and unemployment. Since 2013 Erste Group Bank AG has been sponsoring Hilfswerk Österreich, one of the largest non-profit providers of health care, social and family services in Austria. Additionally, Erste Group Bank AG has also supported the aid organisation lobby.16, which works to protect the right to education of unaccompanied young refugees and give them access to education, employment and participation in social life.

## Arts and Culture

Erste Group Bank AG is dedicated to supporting an understanding of and appreciation for the arts and culture. One of the cornerstones of the activities is to enable young and socially disadvantaged people to find access to music, the performing and the applied arts. Promoting young talents is another focus of Erste Group Bank AG's arts and culture sponsorship programme. These activities are summarised in the *Mehr*WERT-Sponsoring programme (*ExtraVALUE-Programme*).

#### **Financial Education**

A good understanding of money and finance is of the utmost importance, because it enables individuals and households to improve and secure their economic situation. Financial ignorance limits social, economic and cultural life, which might become a risk to the individual but also creates problems for communities, countries and society in general. Erste Group Bank AG believes that knowledgeable and financially educated customers are more likely to make sound appropriate financial decisions. Financially secure individuals and families will contribute positively to communities and foster economic growth and development. Therefore, Erste Group Bank AG has been engaged in financial education activities for many years.

A new project is the *Financial Life Park* (FLiP), a museum and learning trail focusing on personal finance and basic economics. The main target group are school classes starting from primary school. The FLiP, located in the newly built Erste Campus in Vienna, Erste Group Bank AG's headquarters, has opened its doors in autumn 2016. Erste Group Bank AG also offers workshops in the fields of financial education and debt prevention, especially for younger people.

#### Corporate Volunteering

Erste Group Bank AG encourages its employees to show social commitment through various initiatives. Thus, the number of participants in the Time Bank initiative, which was launched in 2012 and in which employees dedicate some of their free time to social projects, is growing steadily.

# **Customers**

Erste Group Bank AG puts customers and their interests at the centre of its business activities. Only banks that understand the financial needs of their customers can offer the right solutions at the right time. Special attention is devoted to the quality of products and advisory services, as these are key factors for customer satisfaction and, therefore, for building up and maintaining long-term customer relations. The focus of Erste Group Bank AG is clearly on the relationship with the customer, not on the transaction.

Erste Group Bank AG believes that, despite technological progress, personal contact with customers remains important. This is why the modern branch network of Erste Group Bank AG remains a key element of its banking business. Customers of Erste Group Bank AG who require complex long-term financial services expect sound advice. The combination of digital channels and traditional sales approaches enables customer relationship managers to explore customer needs even more proactively.

Accessibility, transparency and comprehensibility of product information are top priorities. As a result, the range of multilingual consultation services is constantly expanding. Each branch in Austria features an ATM machine with braille and the number of barrier-free branches is increasing across the group.

## **Suppliers**

Erste Group Bank AG's suppliers must fulfil strict standards in order to preserve the sustainable business principles. Covering the entire supply chain, Erste Group Procurement is the sourcing and procurement company of Erste Group Bank AG. Its basic objective is to ensure clear and fair sourcing and procurement activities and contracts. In addition to governance issues such as trade ethics, conflicts of interest, bribery and stakeholder commitment, the supplier audit requires responses to questions on sustainability and social topics such as child labour, health and safety.

## **Employees**

Retaining experienced and committed employees is fundamental to the long-term success of every company. Erste Group – as one of the largest employers in the region – therefore aims to maintain its position as an employer of choice in Central and Eastern Europe. The appointment of a Group Diversity Manager underlines the importance of diversity for Erste Group.

In 2015, the management board of the Holding and the employees' council signed a company agreement on preventing discrimination and promoting respectful behaviour in the workplace. An Anti-Discrimination Officer was appointed at the end of 2015, who works with management on awareness and prevention and councils, advises and mediates in matters concerning harassment and discrimination. Further to that, Erste Group Bank AG signed the *Nestor Gold Charter* on generation management in October 2015.

Erste Group Bank AG regards supporting the development of its employees' professional and social skills as a top priority to ensure that the employees are well prepared to act professionally and in a socially responsible manner. The focus of the remuneration policy is set on an appropriate balance in rewarding the performance, competence and level of responsibility of the employees and keeping a sustainable personnel cost base. Erste Group Bank AG offers competitive, but not market leading, compensation packages. The remuneration system at Erste Group Bank AG is consistent, in line with the market and transparent. Remuneration models comply with the respective applicable international and national regulations.

Erste Group Bank AG is committed to a proactive approach towards helping its employees to identify and manage health risk. Therefore, a multi-professional team of occupational physicians, industrial psychologists and physiotherapists assists the employees in any matters of health and well-being.

In 2016, Erste Group Bank AG had 2.071 employees, of which 46.1% were women. The share of women in management positions as well as in the Board of Management minus in Erste Group Bank AG was around 23.1%.

| Staff indicators  | Dec 16 | Dec 15 |
|---|--------|--------|
| Average number of sick leave days per employee                | 6.3    | 6.1    |
| Share of femal staff  | 46.1%  | 46.6%  |
| Share of executive positions                                  | 1.9%   | 2.1%   |
| Other managerial positions                                    | 9.5%   | 9.3%   |
| Share of women in executive position                          | 23.1%  | 13.2%  |
| Share of women in other managerial positions                  | 27.4%  | 27.4%  |
| Share of part-time staff                                      | 20.0%  | 19.2%  |
| Share of female part-time staff from total part-tim workforce | 79.5%  | 81.7%  |

#### **Environment**

In order to improve its ecological footprint, Erste Group Bank AG takes measures to reduce its electricity consumption, heating energy consumption, use of copying paper and CO<sub>2</sub> emissions. In addition, criteria for the selection of heating energy and electricity providers focusing on renewable energy were implemented.

Between the end of 2015 and the middle of 2016, the relocation to the Erste Campus took place. In this building, great value was placed on the consideration of ecological criteria. District heating and cooling, geothermal energy and rain water for toilets were all put into use as well as the exclusive use of energy efficient LED lights. Erste Campus was named one of the most sustainable office buildings in Vienna at present by the Austrian Sustainable Building Council and presented with the DGNB platinum certificate.

#### **Corporate Governance**

Compliance with laws and international initiatives against bribery and corruption is a matter of fact. Erste Group Bank AG places particular emphasis on continuous training of employees. A particular point of focus is on the strict requirements regarding whether gifts may be accepted at all from customers, or where appropriate the size of the gift. Another such point is the whistleblowing office. The Erste Integrity Line promotes lawful and fair behaviour, enabling all employees to report suspicious events.

# **GLOSSARY**

#### **Operating Income**

Sum of excess interest, fee surplus, income from securities and participations, earnings from financial transactions and other operating income.

## **Operating Expenses**

Sum of personnel expenses, material expenses, amortization of intangible assets and tangible assets as well as other operating expenses.

# **Operating Result**

Operating result less operating expenses.

## **CEE (Central and Eastern Europe)**

English abbreviation also commonly used in German applied to the economic area of Central and Eastern Europe. Includes the new EU member states from expansion in 2004 and 2007 as well as the successor states to Yugoslavia and the Soviet Union and Albania.

## **Equity Ratio**

The total eligible own capital according to Article 72 CRR expressed in % of the total risk amount according to Article 92 (3) CRR.

## **Total Return on Capital**

The annual net profit before allocation to reserves divided by the average balance sheet total (average of the last 5 quarterly cut-off dates).

#### **Tier 1 Ratio**

Core Capital (CET1) according to Article 50 CRR expressed in % of the total risk amount according to Article 92 (3) CRR.

# **Core Capital Ratio**

Core Capital according to Article 25 CRR in % of the total risk amount according to Article 92(3) CRR.

#### Cost-Income Ratio

Administrative expenses and operating expenses as a % of the operating income.

# **Risk appetite Statement (RAS)**

The RAS is a strategic explanation that describes the maximum risk that a company is prepared to take to achieve its goals.

# Vienna, 28 February 2017

# Management board

Andreas Treichl mp
Chairman

Peter Bosek mp
Member

Petr Brávek mp
Member

Willibald Cernko mp
Member

Gernot Mittendorfer mp
Member

Jozef Síkela mp
Member

# V. Auditors' Report

## **REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## **Audit opinion**

Sparkassen-Prüfungsverband and Ernst & Young Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft m.b.H. - "we"- have audited the financial statements of Erste Group Bank AG, Vienna (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2016, and the statement of income, for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements comply with legal requirements and give a true and fair view of the financial position as at December 31 2016, and its financial performance of the Company for the year then ended in accordance with Austrian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

# **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Austrian Generally Accepted Auditing Standards. Those standards require the application of the International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with laws and regulations applicable in Austria, and we have fulfilled our other professional responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## **Key audit masters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon and did not give rise to any objections in the result of our audit. However, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

In the following we describe the key audit matters from our perspective:

# 1. Impairment of loan loss provision

# Our description:

To account for the risk of losses in credit portfolios, risk provisions are made in the form of impairment allowances for loans and advances. These represent management's best estimate of incurred losses in the credit portfolio at the reporting date. Due to the underlying assumptions and estimations, the calculation of impairment allowances is of considerable discretionary nature.

As laid out in the internal guidelines on the building of credit risk loss provisions of Erste Group Bank AG, one of three different methods to determine the amount of impairment provisions is applied:

- For loans and advances that are assessed as individually significant, impairment provisions are determined individually.
- \_ For loans and allowances with similar risk profile, that are assessed as individually not significant, impairment provisions are calculated using statistical models.
- For losses that have been incurred at the reporting date but have not been identified by the bank, as well as for defaulted receivables where no impairment is expected, risk provisions are assessed on a portfolio basis. These collectively assessed risk provisions are calculated using models based on probabilities of default and loss given default as well as loss identification periods between the impairment event occurring and an impairment being recognized by the bank.

Specific loan loss provisions are calculated using the Discounted-Cash-Flow method. Thereby, the expected cash flows, as well as the expected recoveries from liquidation of collateral are estimated. The estimations take place on an individual basis (for significant loans and advances) or based on a collective assessment (rule based approach for non-significant loans and advances).

For further details we refer to note C 33.

In any case the calculation of impairment allowances for loans and advances represents an estimation, which is substantially determined by the identification of impairment events and the estimation of provisioning requirements. Due to the importance of these elements for the financial statements, we laid special focus on both of the above.

#### How we adressed the matters in the context of the audit:

To assess the adequacy of impairments, we reviewed the key processes and models in credit risk management, as well as a sample of loans.

We identified and tested key controls in the credit process, especially the key controls in the credit approval process, in the ongoing monitoring and in the early warning process of potentially nonperforming borrowers.

We examined the internal control system in the area of credit risk management, especially regarding the correct application of rating models and collateral valuation.

To assess the reliability of the implemented models for the determination of collective provisions, we referred to the following elements of the internal control system:

- the backward looking comparison of statistically estimated risk provisions with realized losses (backtesting),
- the ongoing monitoring and the regular validation of IRB-models and parameters,
- the assessment of the adequacy of implemented collateral recovery rates and
- \_ the annual re-estimation based on updated time series.

The results of the analyses mentioned above are regularly brought to the attention of the responsible management in the context of meetings of the Holding Model Committee resp. the Group Enterprise-wide Risk Management Committee, where decisions on possibly necessary recalibrations or model changes are made.

We regularly analysed the reportings and decisions of the above mentioned committees, retraced the provided analyses on backtesting and re-estimations and critically assessed the performed model- and parameter validations. Our credit risk specialists examined the reliability of the estimations of material regulatory models that are also used for collective provisioning, based on fundamental model characteristics. We examined the adequacy of individual provisions based on a sample of test cases. For these loans we critically evaluated the estimated cash flows that are expected from redemptions and collateral, to assess the adequacy of risk provisions in the financial statements.

Apart from the adherence to internal guidelines referring to rating and collateral assignment, we examined whether major impairment events were fully identified. For this, we tested loans and advances that had not been identified as defaulted, to form our own assessment as to whether events with major impact on the repayment capability of the borrower had occurred.

# 2. Valuation of financial instruments (securities and derivatives)

#### Our description:

Beside observable market prices, Erste Group Bank AG uses various valuation techniques in order to determine fair values.

The selection and approval of valuation models and data feeds as well as the related management judgment is a critical feature for the quality of the fair values. The valuation of securities and derivatives, which are valued at fair value, is connected to significant measurement uncertainty given the complexity of valuation models and the significance of the judgments and estimates made by management.

Regarding the book value and fair value of securities and derivatives we refer to the information provided by the management in note C 28. A description of the applied valuation methods and models can also be found in notes C 28 and C 32.

The valuation of the Erste Group Bank AG's securities and derivatives held at fair value in the financial statements was a key area of focus of our audit given the significant share of securities and derivatives presented at their fair value in the financial statements and the degree of measurement uncertainty.

# How we adressed the matters in the context of the audit:

We tested the design and operating effectiveness of selected controls in the Erste Group Bank AG's financial instrument valuation processes.

We examined the model validation and approval processes. Our audit work also included testing a sample of the underlying valuation models and the assumptions used in those models.

We compared the market values of securities to independent market data. We drew a sample out of the securities, for which independent market data was not available or for which the difference between independent market data and market values used by Erste Group exceeded a certain threshold. For this sample we assessed and challenged the fair values based on the information about model inputs and market data provided by Erste Group Bank AG.

Furthermore we have revalued a sample of securities and derivatives using independent models and compared the results to the Erste Group Bank AG's valuations and investigated any significant differences.

We have examined the collateral disputes, gains and losses on closing out of derivative deals and other documents, which could provide evidence about the appropriateness of the Erste Group Bank AG's valuations.

#### 3. Deferred tax

## Our description:

Deferred income taxes, above all deferred tax assets, are a material matter in Erste Group's financial statements. The significant amounts of tax loss carry forwards and deductible temporary differences available to the tax group parent entity Erste Group Bank AG and the Austrian tax group respectively lead to a substantial potential of deferred tax assets, hence including recognition and impairment issues as the result of related impairment tests.

For the purpose of these impairment tests management judgement is required to assess the recoverability of the deferred tax balance, in particular to forecast future taxable income which is associated with a relatively high degree of uncertainty. The assumptions are determined by expected future market or economic conditions. In addition to that, with regard to the Austrian tax group, due to the obligatory netting of deferred tax assets and liabilities, a consolidated approach is required in this assessment. Moreover, consolidation postings, which have to be attributed properly to the tax group entities, have to be considered, thus leading to a high overall complexity in the deferred tax position.

Regarding deferred tax assets, we refer to the information provided by the management in note C 13.

## How we adressed the matters in the context of the audit:

We have involved our tax specialists in our audit procedures relating to deferred tax assets.

We reviewed the process of the determination and recognition of the deferred tax assets.

We compared the forecasts on which the tax planning is based, for all material group entities within the Austrian tax group with the budgets submitted to the supervisory board. We have analysed the main drivers for the future development included in the business plan in order to determine the appropriateness of the projections.

We have also verified the treatment of the differences between the planned results and the planned taxable results and assessed whether the deferred tax assets may be recoverable before the tax loss carry forwards expire.

We also assessed the adequacy of disclosures made regarding deferred income taxes and related assumptions.

# 4. IT systems

# Our description:

Erste Group Bank AG is highly dependent on its complex IT-infrastructure for the financial as well as regulatory reporting. Reliability on IT-systems that support corresponding financial and regulatory reporting processes is an essential factor to ensure completeness and correctness of processed as well as reported data.

#### How we adressed the matters in the context of the audit:

Within our audit procedures we tested the reliability of the automated systems and processes relevant to our audit. For this purpose we have made use of our own IT audit team. Our procedures included the evaluation of the design and the operating effectiveness for relevant IT general controls as well as selected IT application controls embedded in the IT-processes, respectively IT-applications.

In detail we assessed the appropriateness of IT-processes and implemented controls regarding logical and physical access protection (system security, user and authorization management, physical security of data center infrastructure), software change procedures and IT-operations (data backup, incident management).

In addition, we evaluated existing audit reports (ISAE 3402 reports or comparable) for significant outsourced services in accordance with applicable auditing standards.

Where we considered implemented controls not to be effective, we performed additional adequate substantive audit procedures.

# RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT AND THE AUDIT COMITEE FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Austrian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The audit committee is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## **AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Austrian Generally Accepted Auditing Standards, which require the application of the ISAs, will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Austrian Generally Accepted Auditing Standards, which require the application of the ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

#### We also

- \_ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- \_ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- \_ Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that give a true and fair view.

We communicate with the audit committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the audit committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the audit committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

# REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

#### Report on the audit of the management report

Pursuant to statutory provisions, the management report is to be audited as to whether it is consistent with the financial statements and whether it has been prepared in accordance with the applicable legal requirements.

Management is responsible for the preparation of the management report in accordance with the Austrian Commercial Code.

We conducted our audit in accordance with laws and regulations applicable with respect to the management report.

#### **Opinior**

In our opinion, the management report is prepared in accordance with the applicable legal requirements, includes appropriate disclosures according to section 243a UGB and is consistent with the financial statements.

#### Statement

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of our audit of the financial statements, we have not identified material misstatements in the management report.

#### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information contains all information in the annual report but does not include the financial statements, the management report and our auditor's report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of the auditor's report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

# **Engagement partners**

The engagement partners responsible for the audit are Gerhard Margetich (responsible Certified Accountant WTBG) and Ernst Schönhuber (responsible Certified Accountant WTBG).

# Vienna, 28 February 2017

# Austrian Savings Bank Auditing Association Audit Agency

(Bankprüfer)

**Gerhard Margetich mp**Certified Accountant

Herwig Hierzer mp Certified Accountant

Ernst & Young Wirtschaftsprüfungsgesellschaft m.b.H.

Helmut Maukner mp Certified Accountant Ernst Schönhuber mp Certified Accountant

This report is a translation of the original report in German, which is solely valid.

Publication of the financial statements together with our auditor's opinion may only be made if the financial statements and the management report are identical with the audited version attached to this report. Section 281 paragraph 2 UGB (Austrian Commercial Code) applies.

# VI. Statements of all members of the management board

We confirm to the best of our knowledge that the separate financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the parent company as required by the applicable accounting standards and that the management report gives a true and fair view of the development and performance of the business and the position of the company, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties the company faces.

Vienna, 28 February 2017

#### Management board

Andreas Treichl mp
Chairman

Peter Bosek mp
Member

Willibald Cernko mp
Member

Gernot Mittendorfer mp
Member

Jozef Síkela mp
Member